Webster's II

New College Dictionary



Houghton Mifflin Company
Boston • New York



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Illustrations azimuthal equidistant projection and sinusoidal projection © 1986 by The American Congress on Surveying and Mapping.

ISBN 0-395-96214-5

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Webster's II new college dictionary.
p. cm.
ISBN 0-395-70869-9 (alk. paper)
1. English language — Dictionaries. I. Webster's II new Riverside University dictionary
PE1628.W55164 1995
423 — dc20

95-5833 CIP

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Printed in the United States

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Signs and S



spoon-fed (spoon'fed') adj. 1. Fed with a spoon. 2. Overindulged. 3. Given no chance to act or think independently.

spoon-feed (spoon'fed') vt. -fed (-fed'), -feed-ing, -feeds. 1. To feed (another) with a spoon. 2. To treat (another) so as to discourage independence, as by overindulgence. 3. a. To inform or teach (another) in an oversimplified way. b. To provide (knowledge or information) in an oversimplified way.

spoon-ful (spoon'fool') n., pl. -fuls. The amount a spoon holds

spoon-ty also **spoon-ey** (spōo'ne) adi. -i-er, -i-est. I. Enamored in a silly or sentimental way. **2.** Feebly sentimental. **spoor** (spōo'n. [Afr. < MDu.] The track or trail of an animal, esp. a wild animal. -v. **spoored, spooring, spoors.** -vt. To track by following a spoor. -vi. To track an animal by its spoor.

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spor-mad·ic (spo-rad·f/k, spo-) also spo-rad·ical (-i-kəl) adj.

[Med. Lat. sporadicus < Gk. sporadikos, isolated < sporas, scattered.]

1. Occurring at irregular intervals: having no pattern or order. 2. Appearing singly or at widely scattered localities, as a plant. 3. Occurr

spo-ran-gi-um (spo-răn-jē-əm) n., pl. -gi-a (-jē-ə) [NLat.: spor(0)-+ Gk. angeion, vessel.] A spore-bearing structure in certain plants, as fungi, mosses, and ferns. —spo-ran'gi-al adj. spore (spôr, spôr) n. [NLat. spora < Gk., seed.] 1. An asexual, usu.

single-celled reproductive organ characteristic of nonflowering plants such as fungi, mosses, or ferns. 2. A microorganism, as a bacterium, in a dormant or resting state. —vi. spored, spor•ing, spores. To

produce spores. — spo-ra'ccous (spo-ra'shs, spo') adj.

spore case n. A structure containing spores: sporangium.

spo-ri-cide (spòr'i-sid', spōr'-) n. A spore-killing agent. — spo'ri-cid'al (-sid'l) adj.

spo-rif-er-ous (spo-rif-er-os, spō-, spō-) adj. Generating spores. sporo- or spor- pref. [< NLat. spora, spore < Gk., seed.] Spore

spo·ro·carp (spôr'ə-kärp', spōr'-) n. A multicellular structure in high spores are formed

sporto-yest (sport-a-sist', sport-) n. 1. A resting cell that produces asexual plant spores. 2. A protective case containing spores of certain protozoans. 3. A saclike larval stage in many trematode worms.

spo-ro-cyte (spôr'o-sīt', spor'-) n. A cell that produces haploid spores during meiosis.

spo-ro-gen-e-sis (spôr'ə-jën'i-sis, spôr'-) n. Production or formation of spores. —spo'ro-gen'ic (-jën'ik), spo-rog'e-nous (sparöj'ə-nəs, spô-) adj.

spo·ro·go·ni·um (spôr'ə-gō'nē-əm, spōr'-) n., pl. -ni·a (-nē-ə). A

spo-ro-go-nı-um (spor a-go'ne-am, spor -) n., pl. -ni-a (-nē-a). A structure in mosses that generates asexual spores.

spo-rog-o-ny (spo-rōg'a-nē, spō-) n. Production of spores resulting from sexual fusion of gametes prior to multiple fission, characteristic of certain protozoans. — spo'ro-gon'ie (spōr'a-gŏn'îk, spōr'-), spo-ro-phore (spōr'a-fōr', spōr'a-fōr') n. A spore-bearing structure, esp. in funzi.

ture, esp. in fungi.

spo•ro•phyll (spôr'ə-fil', spōr'-) n. A leaf or leaflike organ that

spo-ro-phyte (spôr'--fit', spôr'--) n. The spore-producing phase in plants that reproduce by metagenesis. —spo'ro-phyt'ic (-fit'ik) adi.

spo·ro·pol·len·in (spôr'ə-pŏl'ə-nĭn, spôr'-) n. A polymer that comprises the exine of spores and pollen grains.

-sporous suff. (< spooks) + ous.] Having a specified number or kind of spores <heterosporous>

spo-ro-zo-an (spôr'o-zô'an, spōr'-) n., pl. -zo-a (-zō'a) [< NLat. Sporozoa, class name : sporo- + Gk. zōia, pl. of zōion, animal.] Any of numerous parasitic protozoans of the class Sporozoa, many of which have complex reproductive processes. — spo ro·zo/an adi, spo-ro·zo-ite (spôr'a-zô/it/, spōr') n. (sporozoa(n) + itre.) A sporozoan that has been released from a spore and is ready to penetrate a

new host cell.

**spor*ran (spôr*on, spòr*-) n. [Sc. Gael. sporan < LLat. bursa, bag < Gk., leather.] A leather or fur pouch worn by Scottish Highlanders at the front of the kilt.



sporran

sport (sport, sport) n. [ME sporten, to amuse < disporten. see Dis-PORT. 1. An active pastime: RECREATION. 2. A specific diversion, usu involving physical exercise and having a set form and body of rules; GAME. 3. Mockery: jest. 4. One known for the manner of one's ac-GAME. 3. Mockety 1 Jest. 4. One known for the manner of ones acceptance of the rules of a game or of a difficult situation <a good sport> 5. Informal. One who lives a gay, extravagant life. 6. Genetics, An organism that shows a marked change from the parent stock; Martation 7. Archaic. Amorous dalliance. —v. sport-ed, sport-ing, sports. —vi. 1. To play or frolic. 2. To trifle or joke. 3. To mutate. —vt. To display or show off sported a large yellow hat> —adj. Of, sporting for sports. —in sport. In jest. relating to, or appropriate for sportex. — in sport. In jest. — sport/ful.ly adv. — sport/ful.ly adv. — sport/ful.ness n. sport-ing (sport/ful.sport/) adi. 1. Appropriate for or used in sports. Z. Marked by sportsmanship. 3. Of or having to do with gambling. — sport/ing-ly adv.

sporting chance n. Informal. An even chance for success.
sportive (spôr'tiv, spōr') adj. 1. Playful: frolicsome. 2. Relating to or interested in sports. 3. Obs. Amorous: wanton. —spor'tive. ly adv. -spor'tive ness n.

sports car n. A car equipped for racing, esp. an aerodynamically shaped one- or two-passenger vehicle having a low center of gravity, and steering and suspension designed for precise control at high speeds

sports-cast (sports/kast', sports'-) n. [SPORTS + (BROAD)CAST.] A television or radio broadcast of a sports event or of sports news.

-sports/cast/er n.

sports: man (sports' man, sports' -) n. 1. A man active in sports, 2. One who abides by the rules of a contest and accepts victory or defeat sports-man-ship (sports/mən-ship', sports'-) n. The qualities

and conduct befitting a sportsman or sportswoman.

sports medicine n. Medicine dealing with the diseases and inter-

ries resulting from sports participation.

sports·wear (sports' war', sports' ·) n. Comfortable, casual clothes.

sports·wom·an (sports' woom' an, sports' ·) n. 1. A woman active

in sports. 2. A woman who abides by the rules of a contest and accepts victory or defeat graciously. sports-writ-er (spôrts'n 'tar, spôrts'-) n. A writer about sports.

sport-y (spôr' tē, spôr'-) adj. -i-er, -i-est. Informal. 1. Appropri

sport y (spor' te, spor') ad. -i-er, -i-est. Informal. I. Appropriate to sport or participation in sports. 2. Casual in style <sporty pants> 3. Carefree: gay. -sport'i-ly adv. -sport'i-ness n. spor-u-late (spor'y-lat', spor') vi. -lat-ed, -lat-ing, -lates, [< NLat. sporula, small spore, dim. of spora, spore.] To produce or release spores. -spor'u-lat'tion n. spot (spot) n. [ME,] 1. A specific place with relatively small and delivery sporty or spore.]

spot (spot) n. [ME.] 1. A specific place with relatively small and definite limits. 2. a. A mark on a surface differing sharply in color from the surroundings, esp. a stain. b. A mark on a playing card indicating its value <a two-spot> 3. A position: location. 4. Informal. A troublesome situation. 5. A personal defect or injury, as in one's reputation. 6. pl. spots or spot. An edible marine fish, Leiostomus xanthurus of North American Atlantic waters, with a dark spot above each pectoral fin. 7. Chiefly Brit. A small amount: BIT <a spot of teaching a spot of the s 8. Informal. A spotlight. 9. A short presentation or commercial on 12of motivation of the distribution of the distr decorate with spots. 2. To place in a specific location. 3. To discem 4. To yield as a handicap in a sport < spotted their opponents 14 points. -vi. 1. To become marked with spots. 2. To make a stain: DISCOLOGIA
3. To locate targets from the air during combat or training missions. - adj. 1. Made, paid, or delivered at once <spot cash> 2. Presented between major radio or television programs <a spot commercial—hit the spot. Informal. To be exactly what is needed.—on the

spot. 1. Without delay or movement: at once. 2. At the scene of action. 3. Under pressure. — spot/ta-ble adj. spot check n. An inspection or investigation carried out at random or in a limited way.

or in a limited way.

spot-check (spot'chek') v. -checked, -check-ing, -checks.

vt. @ vi. To subject to or make a spot check.

spot-less (spot'lis) adj. 1. Entirely clean. 2. Free from blemish: INPECCABLE. -spot'less-ly adv. -spot'less-ness n.

spot-light (spot'lit') n. 1. a. A strong beam of light that illuminates
only a small area, used esp. to focus attention on a stage performer. b.

A lamp that produces such a light. 2. Public notoriety. 3. An artificial
light squess with a strongly forward heam as one acre. light source with a strongly focused beam, as on a car. —vt. —light ed or —lit (-lit), —light-ing, —lights. 1. To illuminate with a sport light. 2. To focus attention on.

spot price n. A commodity's market price.

spot-ted (spot't'd) adj. Marked or stained with spots.

spotted cranesbill n. The wild geranium.

spotted craneson n. The wing genations as typhus or Rocky Mountain spotted fever, caused by Rickettsiae, that is transmitted by ticks and mites and is characterized by skin eruptions, 2, 4a epidemic form of cerebrospinal meningitis.

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spotted sandpiper shore bird, Actitis mac spot-ter (spŏt'ər) n. 1 cates, and reports so lookout, b. Informal, A ployees, as in a bank. for a television or radio responsible for watchin prevent injury, as in gy a dry cleaner to remove spot.ty (spot.e) adj. spots: SPOTTED. 2. Inc ti-ly adv. —spot'ti-spot welding n. We areas by application of g weld-ing, -welds). spou-sal (spou'zəl, -s spousal equivalen habits and shares response tive of the same sex in maintain indefinitely spousal equivale snouse (spous, spouz) p.part. of spondere,
spous) spoused, spou spout (spout) v. spou -vi. 1. To gush forth a liquid continuously o tediously. -vt. 1. To pously and volubly. 3. (or pipe through which liquid. 3. Chiefly Brit. sprach-ge-fühl (shp cally correct or appropr sprag (sprag) n. [Perh. wedged beneath a wheel b. A pointed stake vehicle to prevent move sprain (spran) n. [Orig the ligaments of a join characterized by pain. sprained, sprain-in sprang (sprang) v. var. sprat (sprat) n. [Altera marine food fish, Clupe A fish, as a young herri sprawl (sprôl) v. spraw < OE sprēawlian.] — vi. out awkwardly. 2. To sp 2. Haghing of trisordered 2. Haghnazard growth or new housing on the out spray¹ (spra) n. [< MC moving in a mass of disjliquid discharged from a tainer: ATOMIZER. c. A dispensed from a contai ing, sprays. -vt. 1. lets. 2. To apply a spray iguid. 2. To apply a spray liquid. 2. To move in th spray l (spra) n. [ME.] berries. 2. Something respray gun n. A gunlik spread (spred) v. spree. OE spreadan.] – vt. 1. T. 2. To move farther apar over a surface in a layer wall with paint> 4. To struction.> 5. To caus spread the news> 6. a. food or a meal) on a tab wide area <The bad new layer 5. To become sepa semination, as of news. 2 or farmland. 3. The exte read : RANGE, 4. A clot he layered on bread or c newspaper with related r

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