## In The Matter Of:

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., LTD v. GODO Kaisha IP Bridge 1

Stanley R. Shanfield, Ph.D.
Vol. II
March 28, 2018

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IP Bridge Exhibit 2010
TSMC v. Codo Kaisha IP Bridge 1



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1	VOLUME: II PAGES: 187-447	1	APPEARANCES: (CONT'D)
2	EXHIBITS: 2001-2006	2	THE EMAIN (COLUMN)
3	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	3	
4	BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD	4	WOLF GREENFIELD & SACKS, P.C.
5	CASE NO. IPR2017-01841	5	<b>BY:</b> Joshua J. Miller, Esq.
6	PATENT 7,893,501	6	-and-
7		7	Richard F. Giunta, Esq.
8	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING )	8	600 Atlantic Avenue
9	CO., LTD, )	9	Boston, MA 02210-2206
10	Petitioner, )	10	617 646-8000
11	vs. )	11	Jmiller@wolfgreenfield.com
12	GODO KAISHA IP BRIDGE 1, )	12	Rgiunta@wolfgreenfield.com
13	Patent Owner. )	13	For the Patent Owner
14	)	14	
15	DEPOSITION OF STANLEY R.	15	
16	SHANFIELD, PhD, called as a witness by and on	16	
17	behalf of the Patent Owner, pursuant to the	17	
18	applicable provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil	18	
19	Procedure, before P. Jodi Ohnemus, RPR, RMR, CRR,	19	
20	CA-CSR #13192, NH-LSR #91, MA-CSR #123193, and	20	
21	Notary Public, within and for the Commonwealth of	21	
22	Massachusetts, at the offices of WilmerHale, 60	22	
23	State Street, Boston, Massachusetts, on Wednesday,	23	
24	March 28, 2018, commencing at 9:00 a.m.	24	
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1	APPEARANCES:	1	INDEX
2		2	
3	WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE	3	TESTIMONY OF: PAGE
4	AND DORR LLP	4	
5	BY: Michael H. Smith, Esq.	5	STANLEY R. SHANFIELD, PhD
6	-and-	6	
7	David Cavanaugh, Esq.	7	(Cont'd by Mr. Miller) 192, 440
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13	-and-	13	
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20	Hsinchu 30078, Taiwan		
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21		21	
22		22	
23		23	
24		24	



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		F	Page 191		Page 193
1		EXHIBITS		1	you did and which I did?
2	EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION	PAGE	1 2	Q. Yes.
3					A. Okay.
4	Exhibit 2001	US Patent 7,893,501	192	3	Q. Doctor Shanfield, getting started this
5	Exhibit 2002	US Patent 2002/0145156 A1	192	4	morning, is there anything that you want to change
6	Exhibit 2203	previously marked	194	5	or clarify in your prior testimony?
7	Exhibit 1005	previously marked	258	6 7	A. No.
8	Exhibit 1202	previously marked	286	8	Q. Since we started this deposition
9	Exhibit 2003	Hawley's Condensed Chemical	333	9	yesterday, have you discussed your deposition or
10		Dictionary excerpt		10	the subject matter of these proceedings with your
11	Exhibit 2202	previously marked	389	11	counsel?
12	Exhibit 1203	previously marked	391	12	A. No, I have not.
13	Exhibit 2004	US Patent 6,437,404	397	13	Q. Did you discuss the deposition or the
14	Exhibit 2005	diagram, figure 12	414	14	subject matter of these proceedings with your
15	Exhibit 2006	diagram, figure 12	431	15	counsel last night?
16				16	A. No.
17				17	Q. This morning?
18				18	A. No.
19				19	Q. I'm going to hand you what's marked
20				20	Exhibit 2202.
21				21	(Exhibit 2202, previously marked.)
22				22	Q. And, Doctor Shanfield, do you understand
23				23	that you're still under oath from yesterday's
24				24	deposition?
					T. C.
		F	Page 192		Page 194
	CTANLEY	D CHANGIELD DED boxis		_	A Vog I do understand that
1		R. SHANFIELD, PhD, having	ng	1	A. Yes, I do understand that.
2		ly been identified by		2	Q. Are you familiar with this reference, Doctor Shanfield?
3	_	tion of a driver's license,	MT 7	3	A. Yes. I am familiar with it.
4		oreviously sworn by the Notan s examined and testified as	ı y	4	Q. In what context are you familiar with this
5		continued interrogatories		5	reference?
6	BY MR. MILLI	_		6	A. I believe this is in the record of the
		rning, Doctor Shanfield.		7	
8	A. Good mo			8	proceedings to for the '501 patent and from the patent office.
9 10		LER: Before we get started,	2	10	Q. Did you review this reference in preparing
11	couple of house	_	а	11	your declaration?
12	_	I was going to put a deposition	n	12	A. I looked at it.
13		hibits that we annotated	11	13	Q. And do you have a specific memory about
14	yesterday	mores that we amorated		14	reviewing this reference?
15		TH: Okay.		15	A. Yes.
16		<b>LER:</b> Just so that when they	're	16	Q. What is that specific memory?
17		eparate one that kind of follo		17	A. I took a look at it. I didn't read it in
18		we mark the '501 patent with		18	depth, but I remember it.
19	2001 label.	mark are sor patent with		19	Q. I'm going to hand you Exhibit 2203.
20		001, US Patent 7,893,501.)		20	(Exhibit 2203, previously marked.)
21		LER: Let's mark the Igarash	i also	21	Q. Are you familiar with this reference,
	1,114, 1,111		,	1	Z. The Jose reministration with this following,

23

annotated with the 2002 label.

(Exhibit 2002, US Patent 2002/0145156 A1.)

A. It's clear in the record which annotation

22 Doctor Shanfield?

Q. In what context are you familiar with the

23 A. Yes.

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reference? 1

- 2 A. Same context.
- Q. Did you review this reference prior to 3
- filing your declaration?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. What claim construction standard did you 6
- use in your analysis? 7
  - A. (Witness reviews document.) So as I
- explain in paragraph 57 on page 29 of -- this is my
- declaration 1002, "I have applied the broadest 10
- reasonable interpretation standard." 11
- Q. What is your understanding of the broadest 12
- reasonable interpretation? 13
- A. Well, I want to point out, first of all, 14
- that my analysis actually is not even dependent on 15
- application of the broadest reasonable standard, 16
- because I believe the prior art teaches each claim 17
- limitation under any reasonable interpretation of 18
- 19 the claim terms.
- 20 Q. What do you mean when you say that your
- analysis is not even dependent on application of 21
- the broadest reasonable standard? 22
- A. It's the broadest reasonable 23
- interpretation, not standard, and the point being 24

- sentence, phrase, that is interpreted as -- you
- know, and what does it mean?

3 Broadest reasonable interpretation is the context of a document -- for example a '501 or a

set of claims -- of what's a reasonable 5

interpretation of those claims and kind of has the 6 7 collective interpretation requirement.

So I don't -- I can't convolve those -those two meanings.

Q. So a claim term can have a plain and 10 11 ordinary meaning; is that correct?

A. I think a claim term can have a plain and 12 13 ordinary meaning or a claim phrase or -- yes.

Q. Can the broadest reasonable interpretation of a claim term be narrower than the ordinary meaning of that claim term?

MR. SMITH: Objection.

A. Once again, there's two different concepts at play. So that isn't a sensible question, so I can't answer you.

Q. Could you explain why you think it's not a 21 sensible question. 22

23 A. I think I already did. I'll repeat 24 myself.

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- that the broadest reasonable interpretation, just as it suggests, is what someone of skill in the art 2
- would interpret a term in, you know, in the context 3
- of this '501 patent, or whatever document we're 4
- reviewing. 5
- Q. So I'm still not clear what it means when 6
- 7 you say that -- in paragraph 57, "My analysis is,
- therefore, not dependent on application of the
- broadest reasonable interpretation standard." 9
- A. Well, it's essentially what it says; that 10
- I -- I've used the broadest reasonable 11
- interpretation standard, but I've noticed that I 12
- don't -- wouldn't even have needed to use it. I 13
- could have taken any reasonable interpretation of
- the claim terms and still come to the same 15 conclusions. 16

But, nevertheless, I use broadest 17 reasonable interpretation standard in looking at 18 the claim terms. 19

20 Q. Can the broadest reasonable interpretation be narrower than the plain and ordinary meaning? 21

MR. SMITH: Objection.

A. I think you're comparing apples and 23

oranges. Plain and ordinary meaning applies to a

**Broadest reasonable interpretation** 

standard for the claim terms means I take it in the context of the specifications, of my view of what a

person of ordinary skill in the art would interpret 4

the language in the claims. A plain -- the plain 5 and ordinary meaning I generally use in a phrase --6

a -- some words that is specific to that phrase or 7

that -- those words that, as it -- you know, it

9 says it's the plain and ordinary meaning of those 10 words.

So it's -- it's not -- it's not the same as the broadest reasonable interpretation standard.

Q. Does a claim term have a broadest reasonable interpretation?

A. That's the standard I'm applying to the 15 claim terms. 16

Q. So did you identify what the broadest 17 reasonable interpretation for the claim terms is? 18

A. Could you repeat that question. 19 Did I? -- say it again. 20

Q. Does each claim term have a broadest 21 reasonable interpretation? 22

A. The broadest reasonable interpretation standard is a standard I apply to the claim terms



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- 1 based on the specification, what I think a person
- 2 of ordinary skill in the art at the time would have
- 3 viewed the -- or interpreted those claim terms. So
- 4 it's a standard that's being applied everywhere.
- O. So is there a broadest reasonable
- 6 interpretation for the claim terms?
  - A. Like I said, I'm applying the broadest
- 8 reasonable interpretation standard for the claim
- 9 terms. I'm maintaining that standard in my mind
- 10 and applying it.
- 11 Q. When you apply the broadest reasonable
- interpretation standard, can you have an
- interpretation that is broader than the ordinary
- 14 meaning?

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- MR. SMITH: Objection.
- 16 A. Once again, I think you're asking a
- 17 nonsensical question. I use the ordinary meaning
- 18 of claim terms in applying the broadest reasonable
- 19 interpretation standard. But I'm also reading the
- 20 specification, for example, in applying the
- 21 broadest reasonable interpretation standard.
- Q. In your opinion is there a broadest
- reasonable interpretation for the claim terms?
- A. Well, I would phrase it as in my opinion

- specification, for example.
- 2 Q. Do the usage of the terms in the
- specification change the plain and ordinary meaning
- 4 of the claim terms?
  - MR. SMITH: Objection.
  - A. Could you repeat that question.
- 7 Q. Does the usage of the terms in the
  - specification -- let me rephrase.

Does the usage of the claim terms in thespecification change the plain and ordinary meaningof the claim terms?

MR. SMITH: Objection.

- Q. Doctor Shanfield?
  - A. Uh-huh. I'm thinking about it.

15 I think there's always a context.

16 Obviously words can have more than one ordinary

meaning, but in -- in general it was clear to me

18 that -- what -- what the ordinary meaning was. In

applying the broadest reasonable interpretationstandard, however, I needed to understand the

21 specification and what the -- the point was in

22 the -- the teachings and what the context was that

23 was being discussed.

Q. Doctor Shanfield, I'm still not clear.

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- -- or essentially I've applied the broadest
- 2 reasonable interpretation standard to the claim
- 3 terms, and -- and my opinion about the -- the
- 4 challenge claims is based on that standard.
- 5 Q. In applying the broadest reasonable
- 6 interpretation standard, can you have a claim term
- 7 that is narrower than the plain and ordinary
- 8 meaning of the claim term?
- 9 **MR. SMITH:** Objection.
- 10 A. That's a not -- not a sensical question.
- 11 I'm using ordinary meaning of claim terms as part
- 12 of applying broadest reasonable interpretation, but
- 13 they're separate entities or separate acts. So
- ordinary meaning is part of how I apply the
- 15 broadest reasonable interpretation.
  - Q. What do you mean when you say that they
- are "separate entities or separate acts"?
- 18 A. I'd -- I'll withdraw that characterization
- and simply say that I'm applying -- or using
- 20 ordinary meaning of the claim terms as part of
- 21 applying broadest -- the broadest reasonable
- 22 interpretation standard.
- 23 Broadest reasonable interpretation
- 24 standard also requires that I read the

- Does the usage of the claim terms in the specification change the plain and ordinary meaning of the claim terms?
  - **MR. SMITH:** Objection.
- 5 A. Once again, I think you're asking almost a
- 6 tautology. The plain and ordinary meaning is the
- 7 plain and ordinary meaning, and whether it was in
- 8 the specification or in the claims. So I applied
- 9 claim and ordinary -- plain and ordinary meaning to
  - the -- the phrase or the sentence.
    - So your question is a tautology.
- Q. When you say "my analysis is, therefore,
- 13 not dependent on application of the broadest
- 14 reasonable interpretation standard," is that based
- on the fact that you applied the plain and ordinary
- 16 meaning?
- 17 A. Once again, you seem to be confusing
- 18 broadest reasonable interpretation standard and
- 19 plain and ordinary meaning. So your question isn't
- 20 meaningful to me.
- 21 Q. What is --
- 22 A. And I can re-explain the difference.
- Q. What is your understanding of the
  - 4 relationship between the broadest reasonable



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