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Paper No. ___

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO., LTD, Petitioner,

v.

GODO KAISHA IP BRIDGE 1,

Patent Owner.

IPR2017-01841¹ Patent 7,893,501

PATENT OWNER'S SUR-REPLY PURSUANT TO JULY 20, 2018 ORDER (PAPER NO. 26)

¹ Case IPR2017-01842 has been consolidated with this proceeding.



APPENDIX LISTING OF EXHIBITS

Ebibi4	Dogovintion
Exhibit	Description Description Description
2001	Declaration of Joshua J. Miller in Support of Motion for Admission
2002	Pro Hac Vice
2002	Exhibit 2002 to the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2003	Exhibit 2003 to the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2004	Exhibit 2004 to the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2005	Exhibit 2005 to the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2006	Exhibit 2006 to the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2007	Declaration of Alexander D. Glew, Ph.D., P.E.
2008	Curriculum vitae of Alexander D. Glew, Ph.D., P.E.
2009	Transcript of the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield, Ph.D. (March 27,
	2018)
2010	Transcript of the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield, Ph.D. (March 28,
	2018)
2011	Excerpts from Webster's Third New International Dictionary (2002)
2012	Excerpts from Collins English Dictionary (2000)
2013	Excerpts from Chambers 21st Century Dictionary (2000)
2014	U.S. Patent No. 4,578,128 to Mundt et al. ("Mundt")
2015	Request for Continued Examination dated March 29, 2010, in U.S.
	Patent Application Serial No. 12/170,191
2016	U.S. Patent No. 6,437,404 ("Xiang")
2017	U.S. Patent No. 6,870,230 ("Matsuda")
2018	Office Action dated May 10, 2010, in U.S. Patent Application Serial
	No. 12/170,191
2019	U.S. Patent No. 3,390,022 ("Fa")
2020	Excerpts from McGraw-Hill Dictionary of Scientific and Technical
	Terms (2003)
2021	Deposition Exhibit 2001 from the Deposition of Stanley R. Shanfield
2022	Transcript of July 19, 2018 Conference Call
2023	Reserved
2024	Sur-reply Declaration of Alexander D. Glew



Petitioner cites new Exhibits 1025 ("Agata") and 1026 ("Rashed") to "support" its improper new argument that claim 1's requirement that "the MISFET includes: an active region" is met by modified Igarashi Fig. 12 because the region allegedly bounded by isolation purportedly is a *single* active region that includes multiple transistors. Reply, 12 ("an active region can include more than one transistor."). Petitioner's improper new argument fails for multiple reasons.

First, as Dr. Glew explains, Agata and Rashed each discloses a multi-transistor device and explicitly describes that larger "device" (not a transistor thereof) as "including" an active region bounded by isolation. Ex. 2024, ¶¶3-5; Agata at 5:9-18 ("sense amplifier includes ... [the] active region 2."); Rashed at 2:55-56 ("device includes a continuous active region."). Neither Agata nor Rashed refers to a MISFET (or other transistor) in the multi-transistor device as "includ[ing]: an active region" as required by claim 1. Id., ¶¶2-3. Thus, neither Agata, Rashed, nor any other evidence of record refutes Dr. Glew's testimony, which is supported by the '501 patent and extensive extrinsic evidence, that a MISFET that "includes an active region" as claimed requires that the active region be dedicated to that MISFET. Id., ¶¶6-7, 11; Ex. 2007 ¶¶ 67-75 (citing '501 patent extensively); Ex. 2007 ¶¶78-85 (citing Woerlee, Kang, Rabaey and Plummer).

Second, Petitioner's argument that "an active region can include more than one transistor" (Reply, 12) seeks to rewrite claim 1. Claim 1 does **not** recite the



active region as the larger whole that "includes" a transistor. It recites just the opposite – the "MISFET includes an active region." Having no answer for the argument and evidence in the POR that the claim language which recites that the "MISFET includes an active region" is what requires one-to-one correspondence between a MISFET and the active region it "includes" (POR at 67-74), the Petitioner ignores it entirely. Indeed, Petitioner offers nothing to rebut the evidence cited by Dr. Glew (Ex. 2007, ¶¶142-47) corroborating his testimony that the plain and ordinary meaning of "includes" "reference[s] a larger whole that 'contain[s]' a smaller component whereby the claim requires that 'the MISFET [] is the larger whole that 'includes' the entirety of the active region and not the other way around." *Id.*, ¶142.² A simple analogy reveals that Dr. Glew's testimony is manifestly correct, as the continental United States ("US") "includes" Virginia, but Virginia does not "include" the continental US because the continental US is the larger whole that encompasses areas (other states) that are not part of Virginia.

Petitioner's argument that "an active region can include more than one transistor" (Reply, 12) is misleading and irrelevant. *Id.*, ¶6. That the active region *of a multi-transistor* <u>device</u> in Agata and Rashed has multiple transistors does not support an assertion that any of those *transistors* "includes" the device's active



² Reply at 20-21 mischaracterizes Dr. Glew's deposition testimony. Ex. 2024, ¶10.

region. *Id.*, ¶¶6-7. Agata and Rashed say no such thing. To the contrary, they explicitly state that it is the larger "device," to which the active region is dedicated, that "includes" the active region. *Id.*, ¶¶3-5. Agata and Rashed *corroborate* Dr. Glew's testimony that a structure (whether a multi-transistor device in Agata and Rashed or a MISFET in the '501 patent) "includes" an active region only if the active region is dedicated to the structure that "includes" it. *Id.* ¶¶ 7-8. No evidence supports an assertion that any transistor in modified Igarashi Fig. 12 "includes" an active region encompassing other transistors. *Id.*, ¶¶6-7.

Third, Petitioner's assertion that "all functional MOSFET transistors have an active region" is wrong—an active region must be bounded by isolation and a transistor can be formed without isolation. *Id.* ¶ 9; POR at VI.A, VII.C.1.b. While a transistor must be formed in a region, the '501 patent is clear that that is a "formation region," and only if isolation is provided does the formation region include a smaller active region. Ex. 2024 ¶9; Ex. 1001 at 3:20-28, Fig. 1.

Fourth, Petitioner's assertions that interpreting "active region" to encompass multiple transistors is not "prohibited" or "precluded" (Reply at 6, 10, 12) not only ignore the claimed requirement that the "MISFET includes an active region," they also violate the black letter law cited in the POR at 26.

Dated: July 27, 2018

Respectfully submitted, Godo Kaisha IP Bridge 1 By /Richard Giunta / Richard F. Giunta, Reg. No. 36,149



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