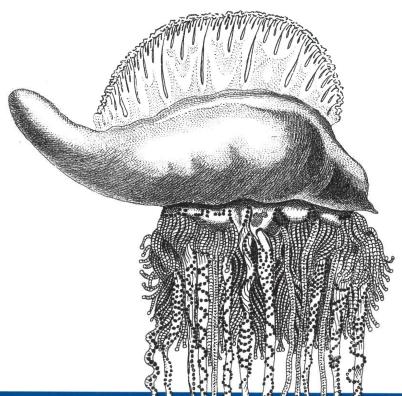
Building Thread-Safe Applications



Win32 Multithreaded Programming

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Aaron Cohen & Mike Woodring



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In this chapter:

- What Is Multithreaded Programming?
- Why Write a Multithreaded Program (Why Use Threads)?
- When Not to Use Threads
- Making the Transition to Multithreaded Programming

1

Introduction

If there be no great love in the beginning, yet heaven may decrease it upon better acquaintance, when we are married and have more occasion to know one another: I hope, upon familiarity will grow more contempt.

—William Shakespeare
The Merry Wives of Windsor

While multithreading has long been available on mainframes and workstations, it is a new capability for personal computers. Prior to the first release of Windows NT, 16-bit versions of the Microsoft Windows operating system provided only a crude form of multitasking known as *cooperative multitasking*. With cooperative multitasking, all programs needed to be "good citizens" and share the CPU with other programs to enable the user to run more than one program at the same time. Unfortunately, most software was not always so well behaved, and the result was that running more than one program at a time was often more trouble than it was worth. All this changed for the better with the 32-bit Windows operating systems, Windows NT and Windows 95, which support *preemptive multitasking* and multithreading. Applications can now be written pretty much as if they are the only program running on the system, and the operating system ensures that all of the programs share the CPU and behave themselves.

With the new multithreading capabilities came new challenges for programmers. Most PC programmers were raised on DOS and other simple operating systems. Making the transition to Win32 programming and taking full advantage of the advanced features of the 32-bit operating systems can be difficult. Programmers who have not had experience with more advanced systems may not have been exposed to even the basic concepts of multitasking and multithreading.



In order to provide good grounding for the reader, this chapter will explain what multithreading is, and why you would want to use it. Because multithreading is not a solution to every problem, we will then discuss situations in which you would not want to use multithreading. The chapter ends with an introduction to the basic mindset you must have in order to write correct multithreaded programs.

What Is Multithreaded Programming?

So what is multithreaded programming? Basically, multithreaded programming is implementing software so that two or more activities can be performed in parallel within the same application. This is accomplished by having each activity performed by its own thread. A thread is a path of execution through the software that has its own call stack and CPU state. Threads run within the context of a process, which defines an address space within which code and data exist, and threads execute. This is what most people think of when they refer to "multi-threaded programming," but there really is a lot more to programming in a multithreaded environment.

Good multithreaded programming involves more than simply creating additional threads. We can loosely divide the issues into two categories. The first issue involves writing your software to use multiple threads in a useful and efficient manner. Carefully written multithreaded programs should be superior to single threaded designs in terms of execution time, user responsiveness, architecture, or all three.

The second issue is awareness of the operating system's rules that govern the behavior of your program while it's running, as well as understanding how your program interacts—directly or indirectly—with other programs running at the same time. You need to understand not just how the operating system will treat your program, but how it will treat your program when other programs are running at the same time. Likewise, understanding the impact your program has on other programs trying to run at the same time is just as important.

Becoming knowledgeable and adept at both aspects of multithreaded programming will be crucial to your success as a programmer on Windows 95 and Windows NT. This book will cover both aspects of writing good multithreaded programs.

Why Write a Multithreaded Program (Why Use Threads)?

So why would you want to add extra threads to your programs? After all, you've been getting by just fine without support from Windows for incorporating



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