UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

NETAPP, INC., Petitioner,

v.

REALTIME DATA LLC, Patent Owner.

Case IPR2017-01660 Patent No. 7,161,506

PATENT OWNER'S PRELIMINARY RESPONSE



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		2.	Designating a compression algorithm based on the results of measuring a data block's compressibility is content dependent data compression, <i>not</i> using "a default data compression encoder."		
	C.	C. Because neither Hsu nor Franaszek teaches a "default data compression encoder" as required by limitation E, and there is no evidence that a POSA would arrive at a "default encoder" based on those references, no combination of the references can prevail.			
VII.	Petitioner's Ground 2 theory—Hsu in view of Sebastian—likewise fails				
	A.	coml art, a	Petition's only allegations regarding a motivation to bine are conclusory, rely on motivations to combine other and improperly incorporate by reference from the aration		



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EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit No.	Description
	Declaration of Kayvan B. Noroozi in Support of Motion for
2001	Admission <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>
	Business Confidential Settlement Agreement between
2002	Realtime Data and Rackspace US (filed Board Only)
2003	NOT USED
2004	NOT USED
2005	Transcript of Oral Deposition of Charles D. Creusere, August
2005	4, 2017, taken in IPR2017-00176 and IPR2017-00179
2006	NetApp's Invalidity Contentions, served in Case No. 6:16-CV-
2000	961 (E.D. Tex.) on January 24, 2017
2007	NetApp's Motion to Stay, filed in Case No. 6:16-CV-961
2007	(E.D. Tex.) on November 11, 2016
2008	NetApp's Reply in Support of its Motion to Stay, filed in Case
2008	No. 6:16-CV-961 (E.D. Tex.) on December 8, 2016
2009	Declaration of Kenneth A. Zeger, as submitted in <i>Dell Inc. et</i>
2009	al v. Realtime Data LLC, IPR2017-00176, Ex. 2004
	Declaration of Kenneth A. Zeger, as submitted in <i>Oracle</i>
2010	America, Inc. v. Realtime Data LLC, IPR2016-00373, Ex.
	2022
2011	Declaration of Kenneth A. Zeger, as submitted in <i>Teradata v</i> .
2011	Realtime Data LLC, IPR2017-00557, Ex. 2003

I. Introduction

NetApp asks the Board to institute *inter partes* review of the same claims already under review in two pending petitions, and based on the same or substantially the same prior art and arguments. Section IV, *infra*. The Board has recently rejected NetApp's attempts to burden the Board and Realtime with duplicative and tardy petitions that provide no potential benefit, and should do so again here. *Id*. There is no practical reason to institute a third, redundant petition.

NetApp's Petition is also internally redundant. The Petition presents four grounds, but does not distinguish between them or ascertain their strengths and weaknesses, as the Board has required. Section V, *infra*. Consistent with its precedents, the Board should deny institution in full on that basis as well. *Id*.

Moreover, all four grounds fail to make a *prima facie* showing of obviousness with respect to the same limitation of claim 105: limitation E.

Ground 1 relies on the combination of Hsu with Franaszek. Petitioner admits that Hsu does not teach limitation E. Pet. 21. And the testimony of *two* expert witnesses, one of which was adverse to Realtime, establishes that Franaszek also does not teach the limitation—refuting the Petition's allegations. Section VI.B, *infra*. Based on that record, the Petition does not establish a likelihood of prevailing as to Ground 1, and should not be instituted. Section VI.C, *infra*.



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