# The United States Pharmacopeia

TWENTIETH REVISION

Official from July 1, 1980

# The National Formulary

FIFTEENTH EDITION

Official from July 1, 1980

United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. 12601 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Md. 20852





# United States Pharmacopeia XX National Formulary XV OFFICIAL COPY J 63477

Official coupon

Do not remove

#### NOTICE AND WARNING

Concerning U.S. Patent or Trademark Rights

The inclusion in the Pharmacopeia or in the National Formulary of a monograph on any drug in respect to which patent or trademark rights may exist shall not be deemed, and is not intended as, a grant of, or authority to exercise, any right or privilege protected by such patent or trademark. All such rights and privileges are vested in the patent or trademark owner, and no other person may exercise the same without express permission, authority, or license secured from such patent or trademark owner.

Concerning Use of USP or NF Text

Attention is called to the fact that USP and NF text is fully copyrighted. Authors and others wishing to use portions of the text should request permission to do so from the Secretary of the USPC Board of Trustees.

Concerning Laws of Other Countries

In establishing the Pharmacopeial and National Formulary standards, the USP Committee of Revision does not attempt to take into account the laws of countries other than the United States of America desiring to enforce these standards within their jurisdictions.

© 1979 The United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. 12601 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Md. 20852

All rights reserved

ISSN 0195-7996 ISBN 0-912734-30-2 (cloth) 0-912734-31-0 (leather)

Typeset and printed by Mack Printing Company, Easton, Pa. 18042 Distributed by Mack Publishing Company, Easton, Pa. 18042



# The United States Pharmacopeia

## TWENTIETH REVISION

By authority of the United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc., meeting at Washington, D. C., March 22, 1975. Prepared by the Committee of Revision and published by the Board of Trustees

Official from July 1, 1980

United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. 12601 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Md. 20852





## Contents

## USP XX

People	Officers of the Convention Board of Trustees Resources Development Advisory Council USPC Headquarters Staff General Committee of Revision Executive Committee of Revision and Subcommittees Reference Standards Committee Advisory Panels Special Consultants Assistants during 1975–1980 Members of the United States	viii viii viii xli ix  x  x  x  xii xiii	General	see pa Gener Ger T App Mic Bio Cho Phy I Gener
	Pharmacopeial Convention	xiii	Reagents	Reage Indica I Soluti Bu
Preamble	Articles of Incorporation Constitution and Bylaws Abstract of Proceedings of the U. S. Pharmacopeial	xix xx		Co Tes Vo
	Convention, 1975	xxviii xxxi xxxiv	Tables	Conta
Admissions	Articles Admitted to USP XIX and NF XIV by Supplement New Admissions to the Official Compendia Changes in Official Titles Articles Included in USP XIX but Not Included in USP XX or in NF XV Articles Included in NF XIV but Not Included in NF XIV but Not Included in NF XV or in USP XX	xliii xliii l lii		Appr USP Aton Mole Alco Ther Equi
Notices	General Notices and Requirements	1	Appendix	Anti
Monographs	Official Monographs of USP	11	Index	Com

General	see page 859 for detailed contents	3
	General Tests and Assays General Requirements for	861
	Tests and Assays Apparatus for Tests and	861
	Assays	870
	Microbiological Tests	873
	Biological Tests and Assays	882
	Chemical Tests and Assays Physical Tests and	905
	Determinations	936 992
D 4		1041
Reagents	Reagents	1041
	Indicators and Indicator Test	1009
	Papers	1098 1100
	Solutions	1100
	Buffer Solutions	1101
	Colorimetric Solutions	1102
	Test Solutions Volumetric Solutions	1109
	Volumente Solutions	
т. П.		
Tables	Containers for Dispensing	1117
	Capsules and Tablets	1117
	Description and Relative	
	Solubility of USP and	1121
	NF Articles Approximate Solubilities of	1121
	USP and NF Articles	1160
	USP and NF Pharmaceutic	1100
	Ingredients, Listed by	
	Categories	1168
	Atomic Weights	1171
	Molecular Formulas and	
	Weights	1172
	Alcoholometric Table	1187
	Thermometric Equivalents	1188
	Equivalents of Weights and	
	Measures	1189
	Table of Metric-Apothecary	
	Approximate Dose	
	Equivalentsinside back	k cover
Appendix	Antibiotic Regulations	1273
Index	Combined Index to USP XX and NF XV	1401
	and Lat. War	1401



regardless of whether the values are expressed as percentages or as absolute numbers, are considered significant to the last digit shown.

Equivalence Statements in Titrimetric Procedures—The directions for titrimetric procedures conclude with a statement of the weight of the analyte that is equivalent to each ml of the standardized titrant. In such an equivalence statement, it is to be understood that the number of significant figures in the concentration of the titrant corresponds to the number of significant figures in the weight of the analyte. Blank corrections are to be made for all titrimetric assays, where appropriate (see Titrimetry (541)).

The limits specified in the monographs for Pharmacopeial articles are established with a view to the use of these articles as drugs, except where the monograph indicates that the article is intended for use in in-vitro diagnostic procedures or as a medical device. The use of the molecular formula for the active ingredient(s) named in defining the required strength of a Pharmacopeial article is intended to designate the chemical entity or entities having absolute (100 percent) purity.

The quantity of each ingredient used in preparing the dosage forms shall be equivalent to not less than 100 percent of the quantity called for in the formula or of

the amount declared on the label.

The tolerances and limits stated in the definitions in the monographs for Pharmacopeial articles allow for analytical error, for unavoidable variations in manufacturing and compounding, and for deterioration to an extent considered insignificant under practical conditions. Notwithstanding these tolerances, the objective of the Pharmacopeial standards for a dosage form or a finished device is to achieve a product whose strength is 100 percent of the quantity of the absolutely pure chemical entity or entities named on the label as the active ingredient(s).

The specified tolerances are based upon such attributes of quality as might be expected to characterize an article produced from suitable raw materials under recognized principles of good manufacturing prac-

tice.

The existence of compendial limits or tolerances does not constitute a basis for a claim that an official substance that more nearly approaches 100 percent purity "exceeds" the Pharmacopeial quality. Similarly, the fact that an article has been prepared to closer tolerances than those specified in the monograph does not constitute a basis for a claim that the article "exceeds" the Pharmacopeial requirements.

#### ALCOHOL

All statements of percentages of alcohol, such as under the heading, *Alcohol content*, refer to percentage, by volume, of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH at 15.56°. Where reference is made to "C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH," the chemical entity possessing absolute (100 percent) strength is intended.

Alcohol—Where "alcohol" is called for in formulas, tests, and assays, the monograph article Alcohol is to be used

Dehydrated Alcohol—Where "dehydrated alcohol" (absolute alcohol) is called for in tests and assays, the

reagent Dehydrated Alcohol (see in the section, Reagents, Indicators, and Solutions) is to be used.

Denatured Alcohol—In the manufacture of Pharmacopeial preparations in which alcohol is used only as a solvent and does not remain in the finished product, alcohol specially denatured by the addition of volatile substances, in accordance with federal statutes and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service, may be substituted but the preparations so made must be identical with those prepared by the processes given in the monographs and must conform to the Pharmacopeial standards set forth.

#### REAGENT STANDARDS

The proper conduct of the Pharmacopeial tests and assays and the reliability of the results depend, in part, upon the quality of the reagents used in the performance of the procedures. Unless otherwise specified, reagents are to be used that conform to the standards set forth in the current edition of Reagent Chemicals published by the American Chemical Society. Where such ACS reagent standards are not available or where for various reasons the required purity differs, compendial specifications for reagents of acceptable quality are provided. (See Reagents, Indicators, and Solutions.) Listing of these reagents, including the indicators and solutions employed as reagents, in no way implies that they have therapeutic utility; furthermore, any reference to USP in their labeling shall include also the term "reagent" or "reagent grade."

#### REFERENCE STANDARDS

USP Reference Standards and U. S. Reference Standards for antibiotics are authentic specimens that have been verified for suitability for use as comparison standards in compendial tests and assays. (See *USP Reference Standards* (11).)

Where first referred to in a monograph, the name of a USP Reference Standard is generally spelled out in full. However, where a USP Reference Standard is referred to thereafter in an assay or a test in this compendium, the words "Reference Standard" are abbre-

viated to "RS."

Where a test or an assay calls for the use of a compendial article, rather than a USP Reference Standard, as a material standard of reference, a substance meeting all of the requirements of the monograph for that article is to be used.

#### UNITS OF POTENCY

For those products for which it is necessary to express the potency in terms of units by reference to a suitable working standard (usually a USP Reference Standard), the individual monographs refer to USP Units of activity. Unless otherwise indicated, USP Units are equivalent to the corresponding international units, where such exist, and to the units of activity established by the Food and Drug Administration in the case of antibiotics and biological products.

#### INGREDIENTS AND PROCESSES

Pharmacopeial dosage forms and finished devices are prepared from ingredients that meet the requirements



# DOCKET

## Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

### **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

### **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

### **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

#### API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

#### **LAW FIRMS**

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

#### **E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS**

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

