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## PATENT SPECIFICATION

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### (54) A PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATION IN THE FORM OF A FOIL HAVING AN ACTIVE SUBSTANCE INCORPORATED THEREIN

We, SCHERING AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, a body corporate (71)organised according to the laws of Germany, of Berlin and Bergkamen, Germany, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

This invention is concerned with a pharmaceutical preparation in the form of a foil having an active substance incorporated therein, for internal and external

use.

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Belgian Specification No. 637,363 describes paper foils coated with active substances suitable for oral use. The foils consist of cellulose fibres insoluble in water and a water-soluble binding agent. As water-soluble binding agent there is preferably used sodium carboxymethyl-cellulose. The active substance may be applied to the paper foil by dropping onto it a solution of the active substance, by applied to the paper foil by dropping onto it a solution of the active substance, by spreading the solid active substance on the foil or by drawing the foil through a solution of the active substance. The discontinuous process of separately making the foil and applying the active substance has the disadvantage that the accuracy of the dosage is not very good, accuracy being of great importance as active substances are generally administered in small doses at the present time. Inaccuracies arise not only in applying the active substance, but also in the manufacture and pretreatment of the foil and owing to variations during storage of the foil material. Thus, for example, it has been found that in using foil drawing the foil material. Thus, for example, it has been found that in using foil drawing machines as prescribed in Belgian Specification No. 637,363 non-uniform layers of foil are formed, and that the foil shrinks during drying. However, it is easy to understand that with non-uniform material the take-up of active substance is also not uniform. Moreover, an active substance bound only on the surface can be partially removed during the handling of the foils, for example, during packing. The sodium carboxymethyl-cellulose used as binding agent becomes detached in the stomach and there is liberated carboxymethyl-cellulose, which includes some

of the active substance and liberates it only slowly or not at all. The present invention is based on the observation that foils having a constant thickness and a uniform distribution of active substance can be obtained by making foils having the active substance incorporated therein and using foil

formers that are soluble in water or certain organic solvents.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutical preparation in the form of a foil (as hereinafter defined), wherein the foil incorporates from a foil forming material or materials that is or are soluble in at least one of the following solvents:— water, aliphatic alcohols containing up to 6 carbon atoms, chlorinated aliphatic hydrogarbons containing up to 8 carbon atoms, aliphatic ketones aliphatic hydrocarbons containing up to 8 carbon atoms, chromated aliphatic hydrocarbons containing up to 8 carbon atoms, aliphatic ketones containing from 3 to 7 carbon atoms and mixtures of any two or more of these solvents. There are preferably used foil forming materials that are soluble in water. ethyl alcohol, isopropanol, acetone or methylene chloride, or in a mixture of any two or more of such solvents. Especially suitable are foil forming materials that are soluble both in water and in at least one of the organic solvent selected from aliphatic alcohols containing up to 6 carbon atoms, chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons containing up to 6 carbon atoms and aliphatic ketones containing

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5	(a continuous process) has the advantage that the active substance is homogeneously and uniformly distributed in the medicament carrier. By varying the concentration of the active substance in the carrier, the thickness of the foil and the area of the foil the unit dose can be varied in a very simple manner.  The pharmaceutical preparations of the invention may be in the form of a two-phase or multi-phase preparation wherein the foil contains different active ingredients and/or different concentrations of active ingredient in different sections or zones of the foil, and/or in which one or more sections or zones may	5
10	contain no active ingredient. Thus, foils can be made with a sheet in which different active substances and/or varying concentrations of active substance are incorporated side by side over the width of the web of foil. By means of a special doctor, which consists of two or more compartments, different solutions or suspensions can be drawn out without mixing to form a coherent sheet. The width	10
15	and thickness of the sheet is separately adjustable for each compartment. If desired, zones (strips) having different active substances or different concentrations are made visible by different dyestuffs. By drying the wet sheet there is obtained a foil, which by being divided in an appropriate way, for example, by perforation, yields units containing different active substances and/or	15
20	concentrations of active substance or units containing no active substance. Foils containing different active substances and/or different concentrations of active substance are required for making multi-phase preparations, for example, for making contraceptive preparations. The possibility of the spatial separation of active substances that are incompatible with one another in one foil unit improves the stability of the individual active substances. Foils for intravaginal application	20
25	may, for example, also be rolled round an ordinary commercial tampon.  The invention also provides a process for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical preparation in the form of a foil, wherein two or more solutions or suspensions are prepared each containing a different active ingredient and/or different concentrations of active ingredient and in which one or more solutions or	25
30	suspensions may contain no active ingredient, the solutions or suspensions are drawn on a suitable foil drawing apparatus having doctor means to give a sheet containing in different sections or zones of the sheet different active ingredients and/or different concentrations of active ingredient (including zero concentration), and the foil is appropriately divided by cutting, perforation or	30
35	other means to give a two-phase or multi-phase preparation in which unit dosage portions can be readily detached.  The following Examples 1 to 19 illustrate the invention; with the exception of Examples 5 and 15 the preparations described in the Examples are primarily suitable for oral administration.	35
40	Example 1.  Preparation for 1000 units:  0.25 gram of d-norgestrel,  0.05 gram of ethinyl-oestradiol and  0.84 gram of polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene polymer are dissolved in	40
45	95.00 grams of ethyl alcohol while stirring, and into this is introduced a powdered mixture of 16.93 grams of hydroxypropyl-cellulose and 16.93 grams of cellulose.	45
50	The suspension so obtained is drawn on a suitable foil drawing apparatus to a sheet having a thickness of 500 µm, and is then dried.  The composition of one unit:  0.25 mg of d-norgestrel  0.05 mg of ethinyl-oestradiol	50
55	0.84 mg of polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene polymer 16.93 mg of hydroxypropyl-cellulose 16.93 mg of cellulose 35.00 mg	55
60	One unit corresponds to an area of about 3 cm <sup>2</sup> . Appearance of the foil: white, paper-like. The dry foil has a thickness of about 170 $\mu$ m.	60





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