# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Prior	Applicat	tion Art Unit: 1627	Prior Application Examiner:	Sarah PIHONAK
Com	missione	er: This is a request fo	r filing a	
pend	ing prior		33,283, filed February 18, 201	on under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) o 4, of Kazuyuki FUJIHARA for
1.		filed. The attached p filed February 18, 20 filed October 31, 20 No. 8,729,085, which No. PCT/JP2006/31 Patent Application N		Application No. 14/183,283, Application No. 11/919,678, 2014 as U.S. Patent
2.		Certification and Re	quest for Prioritized Examinat	ion under 37 C.F.R. § 1.102(e)
3.		A Preliminary Amen	dment is submitted herewith.	
4.	$\boxtimes$	A copy of a declarat submitted herewith.	ion submitted in prior Applicat	tion No. 14/183,283 is
5.	$\boxtimes$	An Application Data	Sheet is enclosed.	

Application No.: To be assigned Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02 Page 2 of 3

Basic Utility Application	Filing Fe	e			<del></del>	\$280	\$	280.00
Search Fee \$600							<del> </del>	600.00
Examination Fee	Examination Fee \$720							720.00
Prioritized Examination	Fee							
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Presentation of Mul	tiple Dep	. Claim(s)	l		<u> </u>	+ \$780		
Size Fee: Paper Filing Total Application Pages (specification, drawings, printed sequence or computer listing, preliminary amendment)  Additional Fee for Paper Filing (DELETE if filing new application via EFS Web - fee not required for EFS new application submissions)  Size Fee: EFS-Web Filing Total [X .75 - 100 ÷ 50 = [number]* x \$400								
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Processing Fee, except in provisional applications - \$140 For the Track I (Prioritized Examination) Program, the processing fee is required.								140.00
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TOTAL FEES DUE					******		\$	3,360.00

- 6. The fee of \$3,360.00 is submitted herewith.

Application No.: To be assigned Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02 Page 3 of 3

8.		The prior application is assigned of record to: SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD., by virtue of a change of name submission recorded in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) at Reel 033905, Frame 0778. The prior application was assigned to DAINIPPON SUMITOMO PHARMA CO., LTD. by virtue of an assignment from the inventor recorded in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) at Reel 020124, Frame 0821. A corrective assignment was recorded in the USPTO at Reel 021008, Frame 0209, to correct the address of the assignee.
9.	$\boxtimes$	The power of attorney in the prior application is to FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P., Customer No. 22,852.
10.	$\boxtimes$	Please address all correspondence to FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT and DUNNER, L.L.P., <b>Customer Number 22,852</b> .
11.		A new power of attorney is enclosed.
12.		Information Disclosure Statement is enclosed.
Februa and th is here	ation, in ary 18, 2 is applicaby requ	ION FOR EXTENSION. If any extension of time is necessary for the filing of this cluding any extension in parent Application No. 14/183,283, filed 2014, for the purpose of maintaining copendency between the parent application cation, and such extension has not otherwise been requested, such an extension tested, and the Commissioner is authorized to charge necessary fees for such an Deposit Account No. 06-0916.
		Respectfully submitted.

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: October 10, 2014

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#### **DESCRIPTION**

#### PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

# 5 TECHNICAL FIELD [0001]

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The present invention relates to an oral preparation with a good disintegration which comprises as an active ingredient N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone). More particularly, the present invention relates to a preparation for oral administration, particularly a tablet, comprising lurasidone as an active ingredient, which has an equivalent dissolution profile of the active ingredient even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied.

# BACKGROUND ART [0002]

Patent Document 1 discloses that a compound such as lurasidone can be orally administered and an oral preparation can be prepared by blending an active ingredient with a conventional carrier, excipient, binder, stabilizer and the like, but there is no disclosure of an oral preparation which shows a rapid dissolution and has an equivalent dissolution profile of the active ingredient even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied in the wide range, particularly an oral preparation with increased contents of the active ingredient which has a similar dissolution profile to that of multiple tablets with a lower content of the active ingredient per tablet.

For the purpose of securing the bioequivalence when

pharmaceutical preparations with different contents of the active ingredient were administered so as to be the same dose to each other, a guideline has been issued, i.e., "Guideline for Bioequivalence Studies of Oral Solid Dosage Forms with Different Content" (Notification No. 64 of the Evaluation and Licensing Division, Pharmaceutical and Food Safety Bureau, promulgated on February 14, 2000) by which it has been required that pharmaceutical preparations with different contents should have an equivalent dissolution profile in each test solution such as buffers of pH1.2, 3.0 to 5.0 and 6.8 (which correspond to the pH values of stomach, intestine and oral cavity, respectively), water, and saline.

[0004]

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Patent Document 2 discloses an oral preparation comprising lurasidone as an active ingredient, which shows a rapid dissolution and has an equivalent dissolution profile even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied, particularly an oral preparation with increased contents of the active ingredient which has an equivalent dissolution profile to that of multiple tablets with a lower content of the active ingredient per tablet and can release a slightly water-soluble active ingredient therefrom at a desired concentration.

[0005]

Patent Document 2 further discloses an oral preparation, particularly a tablet, which shows a rapid dissolution of the active ingredient even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied in the range of several mg to several tens of mg (e.g. in the range of 5 mg to 20 mg or in the range of 5 mg to 40 mg), and further has an equivalent dissolution profile in the same componential ratio. An oral preparation has been frequently required to be a preparation with higher contents of the active ingredient in order to get higher clinical effects, or a preparation which has an equivalent dissolution profile to

that of multiple tablets and can release the active ingredient therefrom at a desired concentration in wider ranges of contents in order to adjust clinical effects depending on conditions of patients. The art disclosed in Patent Document 2 may provide an oral preparation which has an equivalent dissolution profile in the range of 5 mg to 40 mg of lurasidone per tablet, as shown in Figure 1. However, as shown in Figure 2, when the content of the active ingredient per tablet was increased to double, i.e., 80 mg tablet, it could not have an equivalent dissolution profile. Hence, it remains in a state of administering multiple tablets at one time or using a tablet having a big size which is difficult to administer. Therefore, for such a slightly water-soluble active ingredient as lurasidone, it has been difficult to provide an oral preparation having an equivalent dissolution profile even in high content or in wider ranges of contents of the active ingredient.

15 [0006]

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In Patent Document 2, a water-soluble polymer binder includes starch, but there is no description about a pregelatinized starch therein. The pregelatinized starch is known to remarkably improve a disintegration and a dissolution of a pharmaceutical composition as described, for example, in Patent Document 3, but it is often used, typically, in 10% or less of contents as also described in Non-patent Document 1.

[0007]

Patent Document 1: J

JP2800953

25 Patent Document 2:

WO2002/024166

Patent Document 3:

JP2000-26292

Non-patent Document 1:

Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients,

2nd edition, 491, 1994, The Pharmaceutical Press

30 DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

# PROBLEMS TO BE RESOLVED BY THE INVENTION [0008]

The present invention is directed to provide an oral preparation comprising lurasidone as an active ingredient which shows a rapid dissolution and has an equivalent dissolution profile even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied in the wide range, particularly an oral preparation with increased contents of the active ingredient which has a similar dissolution profile to that of multiple tablets with a lower content of the active ingredient per tablet and can release the active ingredient therefrom at a desired concentration. [0009]

The present invention is directed to provide a preparation for oral administration which comprises as an active ingredient N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (hereinafter referred to as lurasidone), which has an equivalent dissolution profile of the active ingredient even though contents of the active ingredient therein are varied.

[0010]

MEANS OF SOLVING THE PROBLEMS

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The present inventors have intensively studied in order to solve the above problems and found to solve said problems by means of the following methods.

[0011]

- The present invention includes the following embodiments: [0012]
  - (1) An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of the formula (1):

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a pregelatinized starch, a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder.

- (2) An oral preparation which is prepared by granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.
- (3) An oral preparation which is prepared by granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.
- (4) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (3) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.
- (5) A method of granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.
  - (6) A method of granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.
  - (7) The method of granulation of (5) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.
  - (8) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
  - (9) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the

pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

- (10) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 45% (wt/wt).
- 5 (11) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
  - (12) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 10 to 160 mg.
- (13) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.
  - (14) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
  - (15) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose and the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

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- (16) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
- 20 (17) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
- (18) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
- (19) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the watersoluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is

incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).

- (20) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
- (21) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%.
- 10 (22) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein an average particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8 µm.
  - (23) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less.
  - (24) The oral preparation of any one of (1) to (4) wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt) and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.

# EFFECTS OF INVENTION

20 [0013]

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It has been confirmed in the art disclosed in Patent Document 2 that a pharmaceutical preparation with low contents of lurasidone up to 40 mg per tablet could provide an oral preparation having an equivalent dissolution profile. However, a pharmaceutical preparation with higher contents of lurasidone could not have an equivalent dissolution profile. Therefore, double amounts or more of the preparation with low contents should have been administered to a patient in need of high doses of lurasidone, which imposed increased burdens on the patient, and hence an improvement thereon has been required. The preparation of the present invention which comprises a pregelatinized starch can provide

an oral preparation with higher contents of lurasidone which imposes less of burdens on a patient. Additionally, the present invention can provide an oral preparation with high contents of lurasidone, and a preparation for oral administration which has an equivalent dissolution profile even though contents of lurasidone therein are varied. Moreover, the preparations are excellent for a long-term conservation.

# BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION [0014]

N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptane-dicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) refers to a compound of the following formula:

[0015]

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(see, for example, JP2800953). Lurasidone is known to exhibit a psychotropic effect, and it is useful as a therapeutic agent for schizophrenia, etc. Said compound is incorporated into the preparation, for example, in the range of 10 to 50% by weight, preferably in the range of 20 to 45% by weight, particularly in the range of 20 to 45% by weight on the basis of the total weight of a tablet. Additionally, the compound is preferably finely milled, for example, 90% by volume or more of particles have 27  $\mu$ m or less of particle size, and average particle size in a volume ratio (i.e. 50% by volume particle size) includes, for example, in the range of 0.1 to 8  $\mu$ m, preferably in the range of 1 to 4  $\mu$ m. The contents of lurasidone are 10 to 160 mg, preferably 20 to

120 mg, more preferably 40 to 120 mg per tablet. [0016]

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"pregelatinized starch" refers to those prepared by pregelatinizing various kinds of starch (e.g. corn starch, potato starch, wheat starch, rice starch, tapioca starch, etc.), and may include pregelatinized starch or partly pregelatinized starch described in Japanese Pharmaceutical Excipients. The pregelatinized starch has a pregelatinizing ratio, for example, in the range of 50 to 100%, preferably in the range of 50 to 95%, more preferably in the range of 80 to 95%. Additionally, the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of, for example, 40% or less, more preferably 30% or less. pregelatinized starch is typically used in a powder which average particle size is in the range of 1 to 1000 µm, preferably in the range of 1 to 500 µm, more preferably in the range of 10 to 100 µm. commercially available pregelatinized starch suitable for the present invention includes, for example, partly pregelatinized starch such as PCS (brand name, manufactured by Asahi Kasei Corporation) or Starch 1500 (brand name, manufactured by Colorcon, Inc.), etc. Among the above pregelatinized starch, partly pregelatinized starch such as PCS (brand name, manufactured by Asahi Kasei Corporation) is preferably used. A pregelatinizing ratio of partly pregelatinized starch is preferably in the range of 50 to 95%, more preferably in the range of 80 to 95%. The pregelatinized starch used in the present invention is in the range of 10% to 50%, preferably in the range of 10% to 40%, particularly in the range of 20% to 30% by weight of the preparation. [0017]

The "water-soluble excipient" includes, for example, mannitol, lactose, saccharose, sorbitol, D-sorbitol, erythritol, xylitol, etc. More preferable one includes mannitol and lactose. Further preferable one may include mannitol. Also, said water-soluble excipient may be used

alone, or two or more thereof may be used together. The water-soluble excipient is incorporated in an amount of, for example, the range of 30 to 80% by weight, preferably the range of 40 to 60% by weight on the basis of the total weight of a tablet. The average particle size of mannitol is, for example, in the range of 10 to 200  $\mu$ m. [0018]

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The "water-soluble polymer binder" includes, for example, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, etc. More preferable one includes hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone or polyvinyl alcohol. Said water-soluble polymer binder may be used alone, or two or more thereof may be used together. The water-soluble polymer binder is incorporated in an amount of, for example, the range of 0.5 to 10% by weight, preferably the range of 1 to 5% by weight on the basis of the total weight of a tablet.

The oral preparation in the form of a pharmaceutical composition of the present invention refers to a pharmaceutical preparation which is formulated into tablet, capsule, granule or fine granule. Said preparation may be formulated by a conventional method into tablet, capsule, granule or fine granule by using water-soluble excipient as well as water-insoluble excipient, binder, disintegrant, lubricant, etc. The following agents may be added thereto.

The "water-insoluble excipient" includes, for example, corn starch, crystalline cellulose, etc. Said water-insoluble excipient may be used alone, or two or more thereof may be used together.

[0020]

The "disintegrant" includes, for example, corn starch, crystalline cellulose, low substituted hydroxypropylcellulose, carmellose, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium,

carboxymethyl starch sodium, crospovidone, etc. Said disintegrant may be used alone, or two or more thereof may be used together. The disintegrant is used in an amount of, for example, the range of 0 to 10% by weight, preferably the range of 0.5 to 5% by weight on the basis of the total weight of a tablet.

[0021]

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The "lubricant" includes, for example, magnesium stearate, talc, polyethylene glycol, silica, hydrogenated vegetable oil, etc.

[0022]

The oral preparation of the present invention may be prepared according to a conventional method depending on a desired dosage form.

(1) Preparation of an aqueous solution of water-soluble polymer binder:

A water-soluble polymer binder is dissolved in purified water. The amount of the water-soluble polymer binder is, for example, in the range of 1 to 20% by weight, preferably in the range of 2 to 8% by weight of purified water.

(2) Preparation of granule comprising lurasidone:

To a fluid bed granulator are charged excipient including lurasidone, mannitol and partly pregelatinized starch, and disintegrant, and thereto is sprayed the water-soluble polymer binder prepared in the above process (1) to be granulated.

[0023]

The apparatus for granulation includes, for example, one classified into fluid bed granulation, high share granulation, roto fluid bed granulation, etc., but it is not limited thereto.

(3) Drying of granule:

The above-obtained granule is dried either under reduced pressure or atmospheric pressure. The drying is carried out so that the loss on dry measured by infrared moisture meter is, for example, within

3% by weight, preferably 1 to 2% by weight.

#### (4) Blending of lubricant:

To the granule dried in the above (3) is added lubricant to be mixed. For mixing, for example, a blending machine classified into diffusion mixers [Tumble] is used. Specifically, tumble blender, V blenders, double cone, bin tumble, etc. are used, but it is not limited thereto.

#### (5) Compression:

The above mixture is compressed to give a tablet.

#### 10 [0024]

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The apparatus for compression includes, for example, one classified into tablet press, etc. The compression hardness is selected, for example, from the range of 30 to 200N.

#### (6) Film-coating is optionally carried out:

The above-obtained tablet may be optionally subjected to film-coating, if necessary. The apparatus for coating includes, for example, one classified into a coating pan. Preferable one includes one classified by perforated coating system.

[0025]

The coating agent includes, for example, a mixture of base material (e.g. hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, hydropropylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, etc.) and plasticizer (e.g. polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, triacetin, triethyl citrate, glycerin, glycerin fatty acid ester, polyethylene glycol, etc.). If necessary, an additive such as titanium oxide may be also added therein. After film-coating, carnauba wax, etc. may be also added as polishing agent therein.

# (7) Drying:

The above-obtained tablet is dried. The drying is carried out

30 either under reduced pressure or atmospheric pressure so that the loss

on dry measured by infrared moisture meter is, for example, within 3% by weight, preferably 1 to 2% by weight.

[0026]

Examples of the present invention are illustrated below. Said examples are intended to exemplify the present invention but not to limit the present invention thereto.

#### **EXAMPLES**

Example 1

10 [0027]

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A. A film-coated tablet comprising 80 mg of lurasidone (Example 1)

Granules, uncoated tablets and FC tablets comprising the following components are sequentially prepared. The charging amounts shown in parentheses in the following description are an example for preparing the formulation shown in Example 1.

According to the preparation method, other examples may be also prepared in principle, provided that the charging amounts are needed to be changed depending on formulations.

[0028]

- 20 B. Preparation method
  - (1) Preparation of binding solution (5% aqueous hydroxypropyl methylcellulose solution):

Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (32 g) as water-soluble polymer binder was dissolved in purified water (608 g) to give binding solution.

25 (2) Granulation:

Lurasidone (320 g), mannitol (576 g), partly pregelatinized starch (320 g) and croscarmellose sodium (16 g) were charged to a fluid bed granulator (Multiplex MP-01/manufactured by Powrex Corporation), and the mixture was granulated by spray granulation under the following conditions using the binding solution prepared in the above (1)

to give granule powder. To the obtained granule powder was added magnesium stearate to give a granule for compression having a formulation (b) after mixing (40 rpm, 5 minutes). Magnesium stearate was mixed in amounts calculated from a formulation on the basis of yields of granule powder.

Conditions for granulation

Temperature for supplying air: 60°C

Airflow: 50 to 65 m<sup>3</sup>/hr Spray speed: 13 g/min

10 Diameter of spray nozzle: 1.2 mm

Spray pressure: 0.12MPa

Gun position: the middle stand

#### (3) Compression:

The granule for compression prepared in the above (2) was compressed by HT-AP12SS-II (manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd.) to give a tablet.

Pestle size: φ10 mm 14R Thickness: 4.20 to 4.30 mm Compression pressure: 10 KN

#### 20 (4) Coating:

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The uncoated tablet prepared in the above (3) were coated by using High Coater HCT30N (manufactured by Freund Industrial Co., Ltd.) under the following conditions so as to control amounts of the coat to 5 mg, and thereto was added carnauba wax after coating to give a film-coated tablet.

#### FC conditions

Temperature for supplying air: 80°C

Airflow: 0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/min

Rotation rate of pan: 25 rpm

30 Spray pressure: 0.15MPa

Liquid flow rate: 5 g/min

The preparation obtained in the above method was evaluated a quality thereof according to the following methods, and the present invention has been achieved on the basis of the knowledge obtained therein.

[0029]

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C. Quality evaluation

#### (1) Dissolution test

A manufactured preparation was subjected to the dissolution test according to the Japanese Pharmacopoeia, Dissolution test, Method 2. Measuring conditions are shown below.

Test solution: Diluted McIlvaine buffer, pH4.0

Rotation rate of paddle: 50 rpm

Test fluid: 900 ml

(2) Similarity of dissolution profiles

A similarity factor f2 shown in Scale-Up and Past-Approval Changes for Intermediate Release Products (SUPAC-IR) was used as an indicative for evaluating a similarity of dissolution profiles. The f2 value is calculated by the following equation. It was determined that each manufactured preparation had a similar dissolution profile in case that the f2 value calculated from dissolution ratio of each preparation by SUPAC-IR was in the range of  $50 \le f2 \le 100$ . Dissolution ratios at three time points such as 15 min, 30 min and 45 min after starting the test were used for a calculation of the f2 value.

25 [0030]

f2= 
$$50 \cdot LOG \left[ \frac{100}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Ti - Ri)^{2}}{n}}} \right]$$

Ti and Ri are the percent dissolved at each point. n is the number of points to be compared.

# (3) Size distribution

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A size distribution of lurasidone was measured according to a dry-spray method by Laser Diffraction Particle Size Analyzer (SLAD-3000/Shimadzu Corporation). Measuring conditions are shown below.

Amounts of sample: 2 g Air pressure: 0.4MPa or more Turntable rotation speed: 2

Parameter setting Environmental setting

Monitoring average: Measuring optimum range 16 1500 (Max): 700 Dark measuring average: (Min): rate 9600 Light intensity (CH-1) baud 2000 display Max: (bps): Previous blank: reading Blank measurable Max: 300 Printer: monochrome Blank measurable 20 variation range:

Refractive parameter

Standard refraction: 1.70-0.20i

Measuring conditions setting

Measuring average:1Dry permissible Min:300Measuring interval (sec):1Max:2500

Average: Granule range 64

for evaluation (Min):

Measured absorbance Granule range

range (Max):

0.1

for evaluation (Max):

(3.5)

(Min): 0.05 Start position of sensor usage: 1 Trigger mode: OFF

Trigger mode: OFF

Dry threshold: 300

[0031]

0.1

<Test 1>

In Examples 1, 2 and 3, tablets comprising specific pharmaceutical compositions comprising water-soluble excipient comprising 20 mg, 40 mg and 80 mg, respectively, of lurasidone per tablet, partly pregelatinized starch and water-soluble polymer binder were manufactured. In Comparative experiments 1 and 2, tablets comprising 40 mg and 80 mg, respectively, of lurasidone per tablet were manufactured on the basis of the formulation disclosed in Patent Document 2.

The manufactured preparations were subjected to the dissolution tests under conditions shown in (d) and (e), and similarities of dissolution profiles were evaluated. Additionally, preproductions in Comparative experiments 1 and 2 were shown in Test 8.

Results were shown in Tables 4 and 5. Temporal dissolution ratios in (d) were shown in Figures 2 and 3.

[0032]

(a) Formulations of granule powders [0033]

Table 1

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Unit: mg

Commonant	E	xample N	Compar. Ex. No.		
Component	1	2	3	1	2
Lurasidone	80	40	20	40	80
Mannitol	144	72	36	188	148
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	40	20	_	-
Croscarmellose sodium	4	2	1	16	16
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	4	2	10	10

[0034]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0035]

Table 2

Unit: mg

Component	]	Example No	Compar. Ex. No.		
Component	1	1	1	1	2
Granules in the above (a)	316	158	79	254	254
Lactose	-	-	-	62	62
Magnesium stearate	. 4	2	1	4	4

[0036]

#### (c) Formulations of FC tablets

# 5 [0037]

Table 3

Unit: mg

Commonant	E	xample No	Compar.Ex.No.		
Component	1	2	3	1	2
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	160	80	320	320
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	1.95	1.3	2.6	2.6
Titanium oxide	1	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.8
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	0.45	0.3	0.6	0.6
Carnauba wax	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.01	0.01

[0038]

# (d) Dissolution test in the system comprising 80 mg of lurasidone ineach vessel

Each film-coated tablet comprising 80 mg, 40 mg or 20 mg of lurasidone in the system comprising 80 mg of lurasidone in each vessel was subjected to the dissolution test, and a similarity of each dissolution profile was evaluated by f2 value.

# 15 [0039]

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As evidenced by Table 4, f2 values in Examples 2 and 3 showed similarities to Example 1, but f2 value in Comparative experiment 2 did not show a similarity to Comparative experiment 1. In other words, as evidenced by Table 4 and Figure 3, in Examples 1 to 3, f2 values which represented similarities of dissolution profiles were in the range of

50≤f2≤100, and preparations which showed similarities of dissolution profiles without depending on contents in tablets (unit strength) even in preparations with different contents were obtained. On the other hand, as evidenced by Table 4 and Figure 2, dissolution of the formulation disclosed in Patent Document 2 in Comparative experiment 2 was apparently slower than that of two tablets of preparations in Comparative experiment 1, and a similarity of dissolution profile was not shown as detailed in Test 8.

[0040]

#### 10 Table 4

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Similarity factor	E:	xample N	Compar.Ex. No.		
	1	2	3	1	2
f2	-	88	97	-	37

[0041]

(e) Dissolution test in the system comprising 40 mg of lurasidone in each vessel

Each film-coated tablet comprising 40 mg or 20 mg of lurasidone in the system comprising 40 mg of lurasidone in each vessel was subjected to the dissolution test, and a similarity of each dissolution profile was evaluated by using f2 values in the similar manner. [0042]

As evidenced by Table 5, f2 values in Example 3 and Comparative experiment 1 showed similarities to Example 2. In other words, f2 values were in the range of 50≤f2≤100 even in the system comprising 40 mg of lurasidone in each vessel, and similarities of dissolution profiles were shown without depending on contents in tablets (unit strength). [0043]

#### 25 Table 5

Similarity factor	Examp	ole No.	Compar. Ex. No.		
	2	3	1		
f2	- '	88	97		

[0044]

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<Test 2>

Preparations comprising a pharmaceutical composition comprising water-soluble excipient and water-soluble polymer binder and partly pregelatinized starch were prepared in Examples 1 and 4. Preparations comprising a pharmaceutical composition comprising water-soluble excipient and water-soluble polymer binder and corn starch which was non-pregelatinized starch were prepared in Comparative experiments 3, 4 and 5. Each preparation was subjected to the dissolution test, and a similarity of each dissolution profile was evaluated by f2 value. Results were shown in Table 9.

(a) Formulations of granule powders [0045]

Table 6

Unit: mg

Component	Exam	ole No.	Compar. Ex. No.			
Component	1	4	3	4	5	
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80	80	
Mannitol	144	176	108	108	-	
Lactose	-	-	_	-	108	
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	40		-	-	
Corn starch	-	-	40	40	40	
Croscarmellose sodium	4	8	16	16	16	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	12	10	10	10	

15 [0046]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0047]

Table 7

Unit: mg

Community	Exam	ole No.	Comparative Example No.			
Component	1	4	3	4	5	
Granules in the above (a)	316	316	254	254	254	
Mannitol	-		62	-	-	
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4	4	

[0048]

#### (c) Formulations of FC tablets

#### 5 [0049]

Table 8

Unit: mg

Commont	Examp	ole No.	Comparative Example No.			
Component	1	4	3	4	5	
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320	320	258	258	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	-	2.6	2.6	2.6	
Titanium oxide	1	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	-	0.6	0.6	0.6	

[0050]

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### (d) Dissolution test

As evidenced by Table 9, Example 4 showed a similarity to Example 1, but f2 values in Comparative experiments 3, 4 and 5 did not show similarities to Example 1. In other words, preparations containing corn starch in Comparative experiments 3, 4 and 5 showed different dissolution profiles and slow dissolutions compared to preparations containing partly pregelatinized starch in Examples 1 and 4.

[0051]

Table 9

Similarity factor	Exam	ole No.	Comparative Ex. No.			
	milarity factor 1		3	4	5	
f2	-	67	44	29	26	

[0052]

<Test 3>

Effects of blending quantities of partly pregelatinized starch in Examples 4, 5, 6 and 7 on dissolutions were evaluated. Results were shown in Table 13.

5 (a) Formulations of granule powders [0053]

Table 10

Unit: mg

Component	Example No.						
	1	4	5	6	7		
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80	80		
Mannitol	144	176	116	136	156		
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	40	100	80	60		
Croscarmellose sodium	4	8	8	8	8		
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	12	12	12	12		

[0054]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0055]

Table 11

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Unit: mg

Component		Example No.						
	1	4	5	6	7			
Granules in the above (a)	316	316	316	316	316			
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4	4			

[0056]

(c) Formulations of FC tablets

[0057]

Table 12

					Unit: mg		
Component	Example No.						
	1	4	5	6	7		
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320	320	320	320		
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	-	-	-	-		
Titanium oxide	1	-	-	-	-		
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	-	-	-	-		
Carnauba wax	0.01	-	-	-	-		

[0058]

#### (d) Dissolution test

As evidenced by Table 13, f2 values in Examples 4, 5, 6 and 7 showed similarities to Example 1. In other words, a preparation comprising a pharmaceutical composition comprising 10% wt/wt or more of partly pregelatinized starch in preparation components showed a rapid dissolution and a similar dissolution profile.

[0059]

#### 10 Table 13

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Similarity factor	Example No.						
Similarity factor	1	4	5	6	7		
f2	-	67	60	62	81		

[0060]

<Test 4>

In Comparative experiment 6, a tablet was tried to be prepared with containing water-soluble excipient and partly pregelatinized starch but without water-soluble polymer binder. However, in a compression step, components could not be compressed due to capping and sticking, and no similar dissolution profile or even tablet was obtained. In Examples 8, 9, 10 and 11, preparations comprising pharmaceutical compositions with different blending quantities of water-soluble excipient and partly pregelatinized starch and water-soluble polymer binder were prepared. Results were shown in Table 17.

(a) Formulations of granule powders

[0061]

Table 14

Unit: mg

Commont		Exa	Compar.Ex.No.			
Component	1	8	9	10	11	6
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80	80	80
Mannitol	144	136	138	140	142	148
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	80	80	80	80	80
Croscarmellose sodium	4	8	8	8	8	8
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	12	10	8	6	-

5 [0062]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0063]

Table 15

Unit: mg

Component		Ex	Compar. Ex. No.			
Component	1	8	9 '	10	11	6
Granules in the above (a)	316	316	316	316	316	316
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4	4	4

[0064]

10 (c) Formulations of FC tablets

[0065]

Table 16

Unit: mg

Component		Exa	Compar.Ex. No.			
·	1	8	9	10	11	6
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320	320	320	320	320
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	-	-	-	-	-
Titanium oxide	1	-	-	-	-	-
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	-	-	-	-	-
Carnauba wax	0.01	-	-	1	-	-

[0066]

(d) Dissolution test

As evidenced by Table 17, f2 values in Examples 8, 9, 10 and 11 showed similarities to Example 1. In other words, preparations comprising pharmaceutical compositions comprising water-soluble polymer binder in the range of 1.8% wt/wt to 3.8% wt/wt showed rapid dissolutions and similar dissolution profiles.

[0067]

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Table 17

Similarity factor	Example No.						
Similarity factor	1	8	9	10	11		
f2	-	77	81	73	73		

[0068]

<Test 5>

In Example 12, a preparation comprising a pharmaceutical composition comprising water-soluble polymer binder and partly pregelatinized starch was prepared by using lactose as water-soluble excipient. Results were shown in Table 21.

#### (a) Formulations of granule powders

#### 15 [0069]

Table 18

Unit: mg

			0 1111C. 1111B			
Component		Example No.				
Component	1	6	12			
Lurasidone	80	80	80			
Mannitol	144	136	-			
Lactose	-	-	136			
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	80	80			
Croscarmellose sodium	4	8	8			
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	12	12			

[0070]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0071]

Table 19

Unit: mg

Component	Example No.					
	1	6 .	12			
Granules in the above (a)	316	316	316			
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4			

[0072]

# (c) Formulations of FC tablets

[0073]

#### 5 Table 20

Unit: mg

Component	Example No.					
Component	1	6	12			
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320	320			
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	_	-			
Titanium oxide	1		-			
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	-	_			
Carnauba wax	0.01	-	-			

[0074]

#### (d) Dissolution test

As evidenced by Table 21, f2 values in Examples 6 and 12 showed similarities to Example 1. In other words, preparations containing mannitol and lactose as water-soluble excipient showed rapid dissolutions and similar dissolution profiles.

[0075]

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Table 21

Similarity factor	Example No.					
Similarity factor	1	6	12			
f2	-	62	66			

[0076]

#### 15 <Test 6>

In Examples 4, 13, 14 and 15, preparations comprising a specific pharmaceutical composition comprising water-soluble excipient and

water-soluble polymer binder and partly pregelatinized starch were prepared by using lurasidone bulk powders with different size distribution. Results were shown in Table 25.

### (a) Size distribution of lurasidone bulk powders

D50 % (50% particle size) represents a particle size at a point where an integrated distribution calculated on the basis of volume is 50%, and D90 % (90% particle size) represents a particle size at a point where an integrated distribution calculated on the basis of volume is 90% (under sieving).

# 10 [0077]

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Table 22

Unit: mg Example No. Size distribution 4 13 15 14 D10 % 0.5 0.9 1.0 1.5 Particle size D50 % 1.6 5.9 7.6 13.9 D90 % 4.7 17.5 26.9 58.3

[0078]

(b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0079]

#### 15 Table 23

				Unit: mg	
Component		Example No.			
Component	4	13	14	15	
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80	
Mannitol	176	144	144	144	
Partly pregelatinized starch	40	80	80	80	
Croscarmellose sodium	8	4	4	4	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	12	8	8	8	
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4	

[0080]

(c) Formulations of FC tablets [0081]

Table 24

Unit: mg

Component	Example No.				
Component	4	13	14	15	
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320	320	320	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	-	3.25	3.25	3.25	
Titanium oxide	-	1	1	1	
Polyethylene glycol 6000	-	0.75	0.75	0.75	
Carnauba wax	-	0.01	0.01	0.01	

[0082]

#### (d) Dissolution test

As evidenced by Table 25, f2 values in Examples 13, 14 and 15 showed similarities to Example 4. In other words, it was found that preparations prepared by using lurasidone bulk powders wherein 50% particle size is in the range of 1 to 8  $\mu$ m and 90% particle size is 27  $\mu$ m or less in size distribution showed similar dissolution profiles.

### 10 [0083]

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Table 25

Similarity factor	Example No.			
Similarity factor	4	13	14	15
f2	-	56	56	46

[0084]

<Test 7>

Preparations wherein contents of lurasidone per tablet were 10 mg and 40 mg were manufactured by using the art disclosed in Patent Document 2, and were subjected to examination if they could provide preparations for oral administration with equivalent dissolution profiles in the range of 10 mg to 40 mg of lurasidone contents per tablet as disclosed in the document 2. Results were shown in Figure 1.

#### 20 [0085]

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As evidenced by Figure 1, dissolution profiles of preparations with different contents of lurasidone obtained by the art disclosed in Patent

Document 2 were shown by f2 values, and tablets with 10 mg and 40 mg of lurasidone per tablet could provide preparations for oral administration with equivalent dissolution profiles as described in Patent Document 2.

# 5 (a) Formulations of granules [0086]

Table 26

Unit: mg Component 10 mg tablet 40 mg tablet Lurasidone 10 40 Mannitol 47 188 Croscarmellose sodium 4 16 Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2.5 10

# (b) Formulations of uncoated tablets[0087]

#### 10 Table 27

Unit: mg

Component	10 mg tablet	40 mg tablet
Granules in (a)	63.5	254
Lactose	15.5	62
Magnesium stearate	1	4

#### (c) Formulations of FC tablets

[8800]

Table 28

Unit: mg

Component	10 mg tablet	40 mg tablet
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	80	320
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	1.3	2.6
Titanium oxide	0.4	0.8
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.3	0.6
Carnauba wax	0.006	0.01

[0089]

15 <Test 8>

It could be confirmed that a preparation with up to 40 mg of lurasidone per tablet could provide an oral preparation with equivalent dissolution profile in the art disclosed in Patent Document 2. A preparation wherein contents of lurasidone were 80 mg per tablet without containing partly pregelatinized starch was manufactured herein according to the art disclosed in Patent Document 2. The preparation was prepared by doubling a content ratio of the active ingredient so that a tablet weight thereof was the same as 40 mg tablet, in order to avoid an increased strain on a patient associated with growth of tablets in size. Results of Comparative experiments 1 and 2 were shown in Table 4 and Figure 2.

As evidenced by Table 4 and Figure 2, 80 mg tablet with double content ratios of lurasidone without containing pregelatinized starch could not show equivalent dissolution to two tablets of 40 mg tablet as shown by f2 values in the art disclosed in Patent Document 2.

# (a) Formulations of granules

[0091]

[0090]

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Table 29

Unit: mg

Component	40 mg tablet	80 mg tablet
Lurasidone	40	80
Mannitol	188	148
Croscarmellose sodium	16	16
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	10	10

(b) Formulations of uncoated tablets[0092]

Table 30

Unit: mg

Component	40 mg tablet	80 mg tablet
Granules in (a)	254	254
Lactose	62	62
Magnesium stearate	4	4

#### (c) Formulations of FC tablets

[0093]

Table 31

Unit: mg

	40 mg tablet	80 mg tablet
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	320
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	2.6	2.6
Titanium oxide	0.8	0.8
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.6	0.6
Carnauba wax	0.01	0.01

5 [0094]

<Test 9>

Dissolutions of three kinds of preparations with different contents manufactured in Examples 1 to 3 of Test 1 were evaluated. Results were shown in Figure 3.

As evidenced by Figure 3, it was confirmed that preparations of the present invention which contained in the range of 20 mg to 80 mg of lurasidone per tablet showed equivalent dissolutions without depending on tablet contents (unit strength).

- (a) Formulations of granule powders
- 15 [0095]

Table 32

Unit: mg

Component	80 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
Lurasidone	80	40	20
Mannitol	144	72	36
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	40	20
Croscarmellose sodium	4	2	1
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	4	2

# (b) Formulations of granules for compression/uncoated tablets [0096]

Table 33

Unit: mg

Component	80 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
Granules in the above (a)	316	158	79
Lactose	-		-
Magnesium stearate	4	2	1

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### (c) Formulations of FC tablets

[0097]

Table 34

Unit: mg

Component	80 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
Uncoated tablets in the above (b)	320	160	80
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	3.25	1.95	1.3
Titanium oxide	1	0.6	0.4
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.75	0.45	0.3
Carnauba wax	0.01	0.006	0.004

[0098]

# 10 <Test 10>

Lurasidone 120 mg tablet preparations wherein each tablet weight was equal were prepared according to the art disclosed in the present invention as well as Patent Document 2, and dissolution profile of each preparation was evaluated.

#### (a) Experimental method

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Lurasidone 120 mg tablet preparations were manufactured according to the preparation method of the present invention as well as Preparation method 2 in Patent Document 2 (described hereinafter) (Table 35). These manufactured preparations were subjected to the dissolution test on partly changed conditions described in C. Quality evaluation (1) dissolution test in the Example in the present specification.

The dissolution test was carried out by changing pH4.0 to pH3.8 in pH of the test solution diluted McIlvaine buffer.
[0099]

### (b) Preparation method of the present invention

To a fluid bed granulator (Flow Coater FLF-30/manufactured by Freund Industrial Co., Ltd.) were charged lurasidone (8000 g), Dmannitol (14200 g), partly pregelatinized starch (8000 g) and croscarmellose sodium (400 g), and thereto was sprayed 5% hydroxypropyl methylcellulose solution previously prepared to be granulated on conditions that intake temperature was 80°C, intake airflow was 7 m<sup>3</sup>/min, spray liquid flow rate was 200 mL/min and atomizing airflow was 200 L/min. The obtained granule was dried in the granulator on conditions that drying temperature was 80°C and drying time was 10 minutes, and it was confirmed by a halogen moisture analyzer that the loss on dry was within 2%. The obtained granule was sized by using a sizing machine (Fiore F-0 type). Then, the sized granule (18000 g) and magnesium stearate (228 g) were blended together by using a blending machine (container size 110 L) on conditions that rotation rate was 20 rpm and blending time was 5 Finally, the obtained mixture was compressed at a minutes. compressing pressure of 12.5 kN by using a compression apparatus (HT-AP12SS-II/manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd.) to prepare a lurasidone 120 mg uncoated tablet. [0100]

### (c) Preparation method 2 in Patent Document 2

To a fluid bed granulator (Multiplex MP-01/manufactured by Powrex Corporation) were charged lurasidone (160 g), D-mannitol (296 g) and croscarmellose sodium (32 g), and thereto was sprayed 5% hydroxypropyl methylcellulose solution previously prepared to be granulated on conditions that temperature for supplying air was 60°C and granulating time was 45 minutes. The obtained granule was dried in the granulator on conditions that drying temperature was 80°C and drying time was 5 minutes, and it was confirmed by a halogen moisture analyzer that the loss on dry was within 1%. Then, the obtained granule (254 g) and lactose (62 g) were blended together by using a blending machine (manufactured by Tsutsui Rikagaku Kikai Co., Ltd.) on conditions that rotation rate was 40 rpm and blending time was 30 minutes. After that, the resulting mixture (316 g) and magnesium stearate (4 g) were blended together by using a blending machine (manufactured by Tsutsui Rikagaku Kikai Co., Ltd.) on conditions that rotation rate was 40 rpm and blending time was 5 minutes. Finally, the obtained mixture was compressed at a compressing pressure of 12.5 kN by using a compression apparatus (HT-AP12SS-II/manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd.) to prepare a lurasidone 120 mg uncoated tablet.

[0101]

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#### 25 (d) Results

Components of the manufactured preparations and results of the dissolution tests were shown below.

[0102]

Table 35

Components of tablets

034-15-120-1000	RP-03323-120-1000
(Disclosure of the present application)	(Disclosure of Patent Document 2)
120	120
213	222
120	-
6	24
-	93
15	15
6	6
480	480
	(Disclosure of the present application)  120 213 120 6 - 15 6

# Dissolution profile

Time (min)	Dissolution	on rate (%)
10	83	54
15	91	66
30	95	80
45	96	84
f2 value	_	37

As a result, it was confirmed that lurasidone 120 mg tablet manufactured according to the disclosure of the present application showed more rapid dissolution compared to lurasidone 120 mg tablet manufactured according to the disclosure of Patent Document 2. [0103]

### <Test 11>

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Applied content ranges of drug substance of the present invention were evaluated on the basis of dissolution profiles of preparations.

# (a) Experimental method

Lurasidone 80 mg tablets were manufactured according to the preparation method of the present invention (Table 36). These manufactured preparations were subjected to the dissolution test on conditions described in C. Quality evaluation (1) dissolution test in the Example in the present specification.

[0104]

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# (b) Preparation method

To a fluid bed granulator (Multiplex MP-01/manufactured by Powrex Corporation) were charged lurasidone, D-mannitol, partly pregelatinized starch and croscarmellose sodium, and thereto was sprayed 5% hydroxypropyl methylcellulose solution previously prepared to be granulated on conditions that temperature for supplying air was 60°C and granulating time was 45 minutes or 60 minutes. obtained granule was dried in the granulator on conditions that drying temperature was 80°C and drying time was 5 minutes, and it was confirmed by a halogen moisture analyzer that the loss on dry was within 2%. Then, the obtained granule and magnesium stearate were blended together by using a blending machine (manufactured by Tsutsui Rikagaku Kikai Co., Ltd.) on conditions that rotation rate was 40 rpm and blending time was 5 minutes. Finally, the obtained mixture was compressed at a compressing pressure of 10 kN by using a compression apparatus (HT-AP12SS-II/manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd.) to prepare a lurasidone 80 mg uncoated tablet. [0105]

# 20 (c) Results

Components of manufactured preparations and results of dissolution tests were shown below.

[0106]

Table 36

Formulations	034-15-80-1000	RP-03320	RP-03321	RP-03322
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80
Mannitol	142	104	67	30
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	80	80	80
Croscarmellose sodium	4	4	4	4
Hydroxyproplyl methylcellulose	10	8	6	4
Magnesium stearate	4	4	- 3	2
Total	320	280	240	200

Dissolution profile

Time (min)	Dissolution ratio (%)							
10	85	73	71	68				
15	89	80	80	81				
30	93	88	88	89				
45	94	90	91	91				
f2 value	-	60	60	63				

As a result, it could be confirmed that similar dissolution profiles were shown by components of preparations wherein lurasidone was contained in the range of 25 to 40%.

# 5 [0107]

### <Test 12>

Dissolution profiles of preparations were evaluated for the watersoluble polymer binders of the present invention.

# (a) Experimental method

Lurasidone 80 mg tablet was manufactured according to the preparation method of the present invention (Table 37). These manufactured preparations were subjected to the dissolution test on conditions described in C. Quality evaluation (1) dissolution test in Example in the present specification.

# 15 [0108]

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# (b) Preparation method

To a fluid bed granulator (Multiplex MP-01/manufactured by Powrex Corporation) were charged lurasidone (160 g), D-mannitol (284 g), partly pregelatinized starch (160 g) and croscarmellose sodium (8 g), and thereto was sprayed 5% water-soluble polymer binder solution previously prepared to be granulated on conditions that temperature for supplying air was 60°C and granulating time was 45 minutes. The obtained granule was dried in the granulator on conditions that drying temperature was 80°C and drying time was 5 minutes, and it was confirmed by a halogen moisture analyzer that the loss on dry was within 2%. Then, the obtained granule and magnesium stearate were blended together by using a blending machine (manufactured by Tsutsui Rikagaku Kikai Co., Ltd.) on conditions that rotation rate was 40 rpm and blending time was 5 minutes. Finally, the obtained mixture was compressed at a compressing pressure of 10 kN by using a compression apparatus (HT-AP12SS-II/manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd.) to prepare a lurasidone 80 mg uncoated tablet. [0109]

#### (c) Results

Components of manufactured preparations and results of dissolution tests were shown below.

[0110]

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Table 37

Formulations	034-15-80-1000	RP-03326	RP-03327	RP-03328
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80
Mannitol	142	142	142	142
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	80	80	80
Croscarmellose sodium	4	4	4	4
Hydroxyproplyl methylcellulose	10	-	-	-
Polyvinylalcohol	-	10	-	-
Polyvinylpyrrolidone	-	-	10	-
Hydroxypropylcellulose	-	-	-	10
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4
Total	320	320	320	320

Dissolution profile

Time (min)	Dissolution ratio (%)						
10	83	59	78	80			
15	91	76	82	87			
30	95	94	88	91			
45	96	96	90	92			
f2 value	-	53	56	69			

As a result, it was confirmed that preparations using as water-soluble polymer binder polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropylcellulose met the standard of "C. Quality evaluation (2) Similarity of dissolution profiles" in the present specification (similar dissolution profiles).

[0111]

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<Test 13>

Dissolution profiles of lurasidone 20, 40, 80 and 120 mg FC tablets prepared according to the art disclosed in the present invention were evaluated.

# (a) Experimental method

Lurasidone 20, 40, 80 and 120 mg FC tablets were manufactured according to the preparation method of the present invention (Table 38).

[0112]

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#### (b) Preparation method

To a fluid bed granulator (Flow Coater FLF-30/manufactured by Freund Industrial Co., Ltd.) were charged lurasidone (8000 g), Dmannitol (14200 g), partly pregelatinized starch (8000 g) and croscarmellose sodium (400 g), and thereto was sprayed 5% aqueous hydroxypropyl methylcellulose solution previously prepared to be granulated on conditions that intake temperature was 80°C, intake airflow was 7 m<sup>3</sup>/min, spray liquid flow rate was 200 mL/min and atomizing airflow was 200 L/min. After spraying, the obtained granule was dried on conditions that drying temperature was 80°C and drying time was 10 minutes, and it was confirmed by a halogen moisture analyzer that the loss on dry was within 2%. The obtained granule powders were sized by using a sizing machine (Fiore F-0 type/manufactured by Tokuju Corporation). Then, the sized granule powders (18000 g) and magnesium stearate (228 g) were blended together by using a blending machine (container size L/manufactured by Furukawa Altec Co., Ltd.) on conditions that rotation rate was 20 rpm and blending time was 5 minutes. obtained powder mixtures were compressed at a compressing pressure of about 10 kN by using a compression apparatus (CLEANPRESS Correct 12HUK/manufactured by Kikusui Seisakusho Ltd. for a lurasidone 20, 40 or 80 uncoated tablet, HT-AP12SS-II/manufactured by Hata Iron Works Co., Ltd. for a lurasidone 120 mg uncoated tablet) to prepare a lurasidone 20, 40, 80 or 120 mg uncoated tablet. Then, an uncoated tablet was coated on conditions that temperature for supplying air was 80°C, airflow was 0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/min, rotation rate of pan was 25 rpm, spray pressure was 0.15MPa and liquid flow rate was 5 g/min to give a lurasidone 20, 40, 80 or 120 mg FC tablet.

30 [0113]

(c) Dissolution test

Manufactured preparations were subjected to the dissolution test according to the Japanese Pharmacopoeia, Dissolution test, Method 2. Measuring conditions are shown below.

Test solution: Diluted McIlvaine buffer, pH3.8 and 4.0

Paddle rotation: 50 rpm

Test fluid: 900 ml

[0114]

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(d) Results

10 Components of manufactured preparations and results of dissolution tests were shown below.

[0115]

Table 38

Components of tablets

Prod	uct name	Lurasidone 20 mg FC tablet	Lurasidone 40 mg FC tablet	Lurasidone 80 mg FC tablet	Lurasidone 120 mg FC tablet
	ot No.	034-15-20	034-15-40	034-15-80	034-15-120.
Formulation	Lurasidone	20 mg	40 mg	80 mg	120 mg
	mannitol	35.5 mg	71 mg	142 mg	216mg
	Partly pregelatinized starch	20 mg	40 mg	80 mg	120 mg
	Croscarmellose		2 mg	4 mg	6 mg
	Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	2.5 mg	5 mg	10 mg	15 mg
	Magnesium stearate	1 mg	2 mg	4 mg	6 mg
	Subtotal	80 mg	160 mg	320 mg	480 mg
	Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	1.001 mg	1.690 mg	2.730 mg	1.100 mg
	Titanium oxide	0.308 mg	0.520 mg	0.840 mg	0.825 mg
	Macrogol 6000	0.231 mg	0.390 mg	0.630 mg	5.500 mg
	Carnauba wax	0.01 mg	0.01 mg	0.01 mg	0.01 mg
	Total	81.55 mg	162.61 mg	324.21 mg	485.51 mg

Dissolution profile									
Time (min)	Dissolution ratio (%)								
10	80	77	77	77					
15	91	90	88	92					
30	100	98	93	96					
45	101	100	94	97					
pH of test fluid	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8					

As a result, it was confirmed that lurasidone 20, 40, 80 and 120 mg FC tablets manufactured according to the disclosure of the present application showed rapid dissolutions.

5 [0116]

<Test 13>

Similarities of dissolution profiles were evaluated for 1 tablet of 40 mg FC tablet/2 tablets of 20 mg FC tablet, 1 tablet of 80 mg FC tablet/2

tablets of 40 mg FC tablet/4 tablets of 20 mg FC tablet, 1 tablet of 120 mg FC tablet/3 tablets of 40 mg FC tablet/6 tablets of 20 mg FC tablet.

# (a) Experimental method

Preparation method and test method were abbreviated because they were similar to dissolution profiles in Test 12.

[0117]

#### (b) Results

Dissolution profiles of manufactured preparations and similarities thereof were shown below.

# 10 [0118]

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Table 39

Tablet		40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet	80 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet	_	120 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
Number of tablets		1 tablet	2 tablets	1 tablet	2 tablets	4 tablets		1 tablet	3 tablets	6 tablets
Dissolution ratio (%)				Disso	lution rat	io (%)		Dissolu	ition ratio	(%)
	10	77	79	77	78	75	_	77	90	83
Time	15	90	90	88	86	84		92	94	90
(min)	30	98	98	93	91	90		96	97	94
	45	100	100	94	93	92		97	98	95
f2 value		! :	100		85	74		-	88	83

As a result, it was confirmed that all preparations met the standard of "C. Quality evaluation (2) Similarity of dissolution profiles" in the present specification.

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# INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

[0119]

The present invention allows to provide a preparation for oral administration with a good disintegration which comprises as an active ingredient N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptane-dicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone), which has an equivalent dissolution profile of the active ingredient even though contents of the

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active ingredient therein are varied.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0120]

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Figure 1 shows a comparison of dissolution profiles in preparations with different contents of lurasidone. Preparations wherein contents of lurasidone per tablet manufactured according to the art disclosed in Patent Document 2 were 10 mg (4 tablets) and 40 mg (1 tablet) were measured in dissolution profiles.

Figure 2 shows a comparison of dissolution profiles in preparations with different contents of lurasidone. Preparations wherein contents of lurasidone per tablet manufactured according to the art disclosed in Patent Document 2 were 40 mg (2 tablets) and 80 mg (1 tablet) were measured in dissolution profiles.

15 Figure 3 shows a comparison of dissolution profiles in preparations with different contents of lurasidone. Preparations wherein contents of lurasidone per tablet manufactured according to the present invention were 20 mg (4 tablets), 40 mg (2 tablets) and 80 mg (1 tablet) were measured in dissolution profiles.

#### **CLAIMS**

1. An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of the formula (1):

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a pregelatinized starch, a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder.

- 2. An oral preparation which is prepared by granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.
  - 3. An oral preparation which is prepared by granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.
  - 4. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.
- 5. A method of granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.
- A method of granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a
   water-soluble excipient by using a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.

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- 7. The method of granulation of claim 5 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.
- 8. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
- 9. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
- 10. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 45% (wt/wt).
  - 11. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
  - 12. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 10 to 160 mg.
- 15 13. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.
  - 14. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
- 15. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose and the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
  - 16. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
  - 17. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
- 30 18. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the

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water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).

- 5 19. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to 40% (wt/wt).
- 20. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
- 15 21. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%.
  - 22. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein an average particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8 µm.
  - 23. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less.
  - 24. The oral preparation of any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 20 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 25 to
- 25 40% (wt/wt) and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.

#### **ABSTRACT**

A preparation for oral administration comprising: a pregelatinized starch comprising N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]-heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) represented by the formula (1) as an active ingredient; a water-soluble excipient; and a water-soluble polymeric binder, the preparation exhibiting an invariant level of elution behavior even when the content of its active ingredient is varied.

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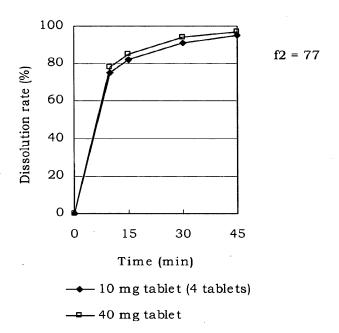
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Docket No.: 0020-5610PUS1

App No.: NEW Docket Inventor: Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
Title: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION
NEW SHEET

Sheet 1 of 3

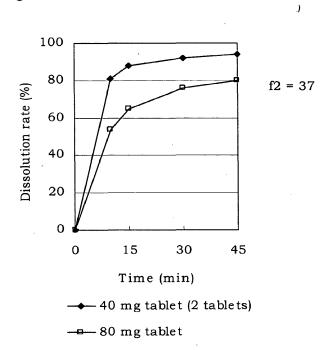
Figure 1



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Sheet 2 of 3

Figure 2



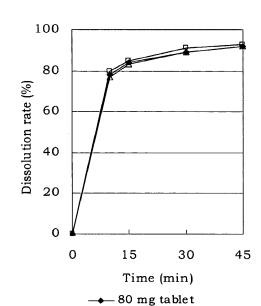
Docket No.: 0020-5610PUS1

App No.: NEW Docket Inventor: Kazuyuki FUJIHARA Title: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

**NEW SHEET** 

Sheet 3 of 3

Figure 3



-40 mg tablet (2 tablets) - 20 mg tablet (4 tablets)

f2 = 88 (2 tablets of 40 mg tablet for 80 mg tablet)

f2 = 97 (4 tablets of 20 mg tablet for 80 mg tablet)

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Appii				Applicatio	n Numl	oer			
Title of	f Invention PH	HARMACEUTICAL COM	ИРC	SITION					
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Appli	cation Type	Nonprovisional							
Subje	ct Matter	Utility							
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Application D	ala Sile	1.70	Application N	Application Number							
Title of Invention	PHARM	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION									
Prior Application	on Status	Patented					Rer	nove			
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Application Number	Country	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Access Code <sup>i</sup> (if applicable)
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# Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition **Applications**

This application (1) claims priority to or the benefit of an application filed before March 16, 2013 and (2) also
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NOTE: By providing this statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78, this application, with a filing date on or after March
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Title of Invention	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPO	SITION		
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City		OSAK	(A	State/Province		
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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76		Attorney Docket Number	05273.0147-02000	
Application Da	ita Sheet 37 CFK 1.76	Application Number		
Title of Invention	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION			

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  and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine
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  - A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
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  - 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
  - 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
  - 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

	ARATION FOR U		ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER	05273.0147-01000
D20.014	(37 CFR 1.63)	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	KAZUYUKI FUJIHARA	
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□ DECLARATION	74.42.00	☐ DECLARATION		
SUBMITTED WITH INITIAL		SUBMITTED AFTER INITIAL	APPLICATION NUMBER	UNASSIGNED
FILING	OR	FILING (SURCHARGE (37 CFR 1.16(F))	FILING DATE	UNASSIGNED
		REQUIRED	ART UNIT	
			EXAMINER NAME	UNASSIGNED
				UNASSIGNED
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		(Title of the Invention	1)	
Text]; (2) the application way name; and (4) I believe	was made or authorized to I am the original inventor	be made by me; (3) my re or an original joint inventor	nfirmation No), or PCT esidence and mailing address of a claimed invention in the e application, including the cla	are as stated below next to application.
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Residence Suzuka-shi, Mie-ken, Ja	pan			
Mailing Address c/o DAINIPPON SUMITO JP 541-8524	DMO PHARMA CO., LTD	., 6-8, DOSHO-MACHI 2-C	HOME, CHUO-KU, OSAKA	-SHI, OSAKA,

Page 1 of 2

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Legal Name of Second Inventor [Text]	Signature	Date
Residence [Text]		
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Legal Name of Third Inventor [Text]	Signature	Date
Residence [Text]		
Mailing Address [Text]		
Legal Name of Fourth Inventor [Text]	Signature	Date
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Page 2 of 2

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:					
Filing Date:					
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Ka	zuyuki FUJIHARA			
Filer: Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch					
Attorney Docket Number: 05273.0147-02000					
Filed as Large Entity					
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Utility application filing		1011	1	280	280
Utility Search Fee		1111	1	600	600
Utility Examination Fee		1311	1	720	720
Pages:					
Claims:					
Claims in Excess of 20		1202	15	80	1200
Independent claims in excess of 3		1201	1	420	420
Miscellaneous-Filing:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Late Filing Fee for Oath or Declaration	1051	1	140	140
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	3360

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	20390941				
Application Number:	14512189				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	5575				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA				
Customer Number:	22852				
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch				
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta				
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000				
Receipt Date:	10-OCT-2014				
Filing Date:					
Time Stamp:	18:18:56				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

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Payment was successfully received in RAM		\$3360				
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	Specificat	ion	1	44		
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5	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	39797	no	2	
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# National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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PATENT Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

n re Application of:			
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Parent Group Art Unit: 1627		
Application No.: 14/512,189	Parent Examiner: Sarah Pihonal		
Filed: October 10, 2014	) ) )  Confirmation No.:  5575		
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	) Commitmation No.: 5575 ) ) <u>VIA EFS-WEB</u>		
•			

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

# **PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Prior to the examination of the above application, please amend this application as follows:

Amendments to the Specification begin at page 2 of this paper.

Amendments to the Claims begin at page 3 of this paper.

Application No.: 14/512,189

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

# **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 1, line 1, insert the following new paragraph:

This is a continuation of prior Application No. 14/183,283, filed

February 18, 2014, which is a continuation of Application No. 11/919,678, filed

October 31, 2007, which issued on May 20, 2014, as U.S. Patent No. 8,729,085, which is a National Stage Entry of International Application No. PCT/JP2006/310571, filed May 26, 2006, which claims priority to Japanese Patent Application No. 2005-153508, filed May 26, 2005.

Application No.: 14/512,189 Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

# **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1-24. (Canceled).

25. (New) An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of the formula (1):

a pregelatinized starch, a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder; wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 45% (wt/wt), and the content of the pregelatinized starch in the preparation is 10 to 50% (wt/wt).

- 26. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is prepared by the process which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.
- 27. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is prepared by the process which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.

Application No.: 14/512,189 Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

28. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

- 29. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
- 30. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt).
- 31. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is one or more selected from the group of mannitol, lactose, saccharose, sorbitol, D-sorbitol, erythritol and xylitol.
- 32. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.
- 33. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of the water-soluble excipient per tablet is 30 to 60% (wt/wt).
- 34. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropylcellulose.
- 35. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of the water-soluble polymer binder per tablet is 0.5 to 10% (wt/wt).
- 36. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 10 to 160 mg.

37. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.

- 38. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 160 mg.
- 39. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
- 40. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt) and the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.
- 41. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.
- 42. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.
- 43. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%.
- 44. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a 50% by volume particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8  $\mu m$ .

45. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less.

- 46. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising a disintegrant wherein a content of the disintegrant per tablet is 0.5 to 5% (wt/wt).
- 47. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising a disintegrant wherein

a content of the disintegrant per tablet is 0.5 to 5% (wt/wt);

a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%;

the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation;

a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg;

a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%;

50% by volume particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8 µm;

the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less;

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, and a content of the water-soluble excipient per tablet is 30 to 60% (wt/wt);

the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropylcellulose; and

a content of the water-soluble polymer binder per tablet is 0.5 to 10% (wt/wt).

48. (New) The oral preparation of either one of claim 46 or 47, wherein the disintegrant is one or more selected from the group of com starch, crystalline cellulose, low substituted hydroxypropylcellulose, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, carboxymethyl starch sodium and crospovidone.

49. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a similarity factor f2 of each preparation is in the range of 50≤f2≤100 when a content of lurasidone per tablet changes over a range of 20 to 120 mg.

- 50. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising a lubricant, wherein a content of the lubricant per tablet is 1.0% (wt/wt) to 1.43% (wt/wt).
- 51. (New) The oral preparation of claim 50, wherein the lubricant is selected from the group of magnesium stearate, talc, polyethylene glycol, silica and hydrogenated vegetable oil.
- 52. (New) The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is a tablet.
- 53. (New) An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of the formula (1):

a pregelatinized starch, a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder, wherein the oral preparation contains 20 to 45% (wt/wt) of lurasidone, the oral preparation contains 20 mg to 120 mg of lurasidone, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the oral preparation, and the oral preparation exhibits an equivalent dissolution profile across the range of lurasidone per oral preparation.

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

54. (New) An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-

yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-

bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone), a pregelatinized starch,

a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder, wherein a content of

lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt),

the content of pregelatinized starch in the preparation is 10 to 40% (wt/wt),

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, and

the water-soluble polymer binder is one or more agents selected from the group

of hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone and

polyvinyl alcohol.

55. (New) An oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-

yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-

bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone), a pregelatinized starch,

a water-soluble excipient and a water-soluble polymer binder, and further comprises a

disintegrant and a lubricant, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to

40% (wt/wt),

the content of pregelatinized starch in the preparation is 10 to 30% (wt/wt),

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol,

the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, and

the oral preparation is a tablet.

56. (New) A method for preparing of the oral preparation of claim 25, wherein

the method comprises granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a

-8-

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.

57. (New) A method for preparing of the oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the method comprises granulation of a powder mixture which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.

- 58. (New) A method of treating psychosis, comprising administering the oral preparation of claim 25, to a patient suffering from psychosis.
- 59. (New) A method of treating schizophrenia, comprising administering the oral preparation of claim 25, to a patient suffering from schizophrenia.

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

# **REMARKS**

## I. Status of Claims

Following entry of the Amendment, claims 25-59 will be pending. Original claims 1-24 are canceled, and claims 25-59 are added herein. The specification, *e.g.*, ¶¶ [0040] to [0043], [0044], [0046], [0047], [0098], [0149] (formulations RP-03320 and RP-03322), and [0150] of U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2009/0143404 A1 ("the '404 publication"), which is the publication of the present application, and original claims 2-8, 10, 12-14, 35, and 36, provide written description support for the new claims. Specifically, the lower limit, i.e. 1.0%, of new claim 50 is calculated from formulation RP-03322 in Table 36 in paragraph [0149] of the '404 publication, where the formulation contains 2 mg of magnesium stearate and the total amount of the formulation is 200 mg (2 mg/200 mg x 100 = 1.0%); similarly, the upper limit, i.e. 1.43% of new claim 50, is calculated from formulation RP-03320 in Table 36 in paragraph [0149] of the '404 publication, where the formulation contains 4 mg of magnesium stearate and the total amount of the formulation contains 4 mg of magnesium stearate and the total amount of the formulation is 280 mg (4 mg/280 mg x 100 = 1.43%). Accordingly, no new matter is added by the amendments provided herein. Entry of the amendments is respectfully requested.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Preliminary

Amendment, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: October 14, 2014

By: Charle E Van Horn
Reg. No. 40,266
(202) 408-4000

Electronic Acl	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	20410225
Application Number:	14512189
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	5575
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
Customer Number:	22852
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000
Receipt Date:	14-OCT-2014
Filing Date:	
Time Stamp:	15:57:25
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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	Specification	2	2					
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Ľ	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b),	or (c))	N/A		N/A	_	N/A		
Ľ	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i),	or (m))	N/A		N/A		N/A		
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p),		N/A		N/A		N/A		
	TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i))		mir	nus 20 = *			X \$ =		
	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	m	inus 3 = *			X \$ =		
	APPLICATION SIZE 37 CFR 1.16(s))	of p for s frac	aper, the a	ation and drawing application size f y) for each additi of. See 35 U.S.C	ee due is \$310 ( onal 50 sheets c	\$155 or			
	MULTIPLE DEPEN	IDENT CLAIM PE	RESENT (3	7 CFR 1.16(j))					
* If t	he difference in colu	ımn 1 is less thar	n zero, ente	r "0" in column 2.			TOTAL		
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3		ART II		
ΙNΞ	10/14/2014	REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EX	TRA	RATE (\$)	ADDITIO	ONAL FEE (\$)
AMENDMENT	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 36	Minus	** 36	= 0		x \$80 =		0
EN	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 4	Minus	***4	= 0		× \$420 =		0
AM	Application S	ze Fee (37 CFR	1.16(s))						
	FIRST PRESEN	ITATION OF MULT	IPLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFF	R 1.16(j))				
							TOTAL ADD'L FEE		0
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3	)			
		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EX	TRA	RATE (\$)	ADDITIO	ONAL FEE (\$)
MENT	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=		X \$ =		
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=		X \$ =		
AMEN	Application S	ze Fee (37 CFR	1.16(s))						
A	FIRST PRESEN	ITATION OF MULT	IPLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFF	R 1.16(j))				
							TOTAL ADD'L FEE		
** If *** I	the entry in column the "Highest Numb f the "Highest Numb	er Previously Paid per Previously Pa	d For" IN TH	HIS SPACE is less HIS SPACE is less	than 20, enter "20" s than 3, enter "3".		LIE /BRENDA HINE		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

### MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM FEE CALCULATION SHEET Application Number Filing Date Substitute for Form PTO-1360 (For use with Form PTO/SB/06) Applicant(s) Kazuyuki FUJIHARA \* May be used for additional claims or amendments AFTER FIRST AMENDMENT AFTER SECOND AMENDMENT CLAIMS AS FILED Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Total Indep $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ Total Depend Total Claims



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.C. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.tapto.gov

APPLICATION	FILING or	GRP ART				
NUMBER	371(c) DATE	UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
14/512,189	10/10/2014	1615	4220	05273.0147-02000	35	4

**CONFIRMATION NO. 5575** 

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413



**FILING RECEIPT** 

Date Mailed: 10/20/2014

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Kazuyuki FUJIHARA, Suzuka-shi, JAPAN;

Applicant(s)

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD, Osaka, JAPAN

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 14/183,283 02/18/2014 which is a CON of 11/919,678 10/31/2007 PAT 8729085 which is a 371 of PCT/JP2006/310571 05/26/2006

**Foreign Applications** (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see <a href="http://www.uspto.gov">http://www.uspto.gov</a> for more information.)
JAPAN 2005-153508 05/26/2005

Permission to Access - A proper **Authorization to Permit Access to Application by Participating Offices** (PTO/SB/39 or its equivalent) has been received by the USPTO.

Request to Retrieve - This application either claims priority to one or more applications filed in an intellectual property Office that participates in the Priority Document Exchange (PDX) program or contains a proper **Request to Retrieve Electronic Priority Application(s)** (PTO/SB/38 or its equivalent). Consequently, the USPTO will attempt to electronically retrieve these priority documents.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 10/16/2014

page 1 of 3

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 14/512.189** 

Projected Publication Date: To Be Determined - pending completion of Corrected Papers

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

**Preliminary Class** 

424

Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications: No

# PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4258).

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# Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

# Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

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This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

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## **NOT GRANTED**

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

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	PATE	ENT APPLI		N FEE DE ute for Form		TION RECOR	D		tion or Docket Num 2,189	ber
	APPL	ICATION A			umn 2)	SMALL	ENTITY	OR	OTHER SMALL	
	FOR	NUMBE	R FILED	NUMBE	R EXTRA	RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)
	IC FEE FR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N	/A	١	I/A	N/A		1	N/A	280
	RCH FEE FR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N	/A	١	I/A	N/A		1	N/A	600
	MINATION FEE FR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N	/A	١	I/A	N/A		1	N/A	720
TOT	AL CLAIMS FR 1.16(i))	36	minus 20	)= *	16			OR	x 80 =	1280
	EPENDENT CLAIN FR 1.16(h))	<sup>1S</sup> 4	minus 3	= *	1			1	× 420 =	420
FEE	PLICATION SIZE E CFR 1.16(s))	\$310 (\$15) 50 sheets	paper, the 5 for smal or fraction	nd drawings e application si entity) for ea thereof. See CFR 1.16(s).	ze fee due is ch additional					0.00
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* If ti	ne difference in col	lumn 1 is less th	an zero, e	nter "0" in colur	nn 2.	TOTAL		1	TOTAL	4080
ENT A	Total	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT	Minus	HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA	RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)	]	RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)
ME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	•	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
AMENDMENT	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	х =		OR	х =	
AM	Application Size Fee	e (37 CFR 1.16(s))						]		
	FIRST PRESENTA	TION OF MULTIPL	E DEPEND	ENT CLAIM (37 (	DFR 1.16(j))			OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)			_		
NT B		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA	RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)
ME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	•	Minus	••	-	x =		OR	х =	
ENDMENT	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
AM	Application Size Fee	e (37 CFR 1.16(s))								
	FIRST PRESENTA	TION OF MULTIPE	E DEPEND	ENT CLAIM (37 (	CFR 1.16(j))			OR		
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# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address. COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1430 Aloxandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.tspib.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER 14/512,189

FILING OR 371(C) DATE 10/10/2014

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Kazuyuki FUJIHARA ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 05273.0147-02000

**CONFIRMATION NO. 5575 FORMALITIES LETTER** 

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413



Date Mailed: 10/20/2014

## NOTICE TO FILE CORRECTED APPLICATION PAPERS

# Filing Date Granted

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The application is informal since it does not comply with the regulations for the reason(s) indicated below. Applicant is given TWO MONTHS from the date of this Notice within which to correct the informalities indicated below. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Replacement drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.84 and 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required. The drawings submitted are not acceptable because:
  - The drawings must be reasonably free from erasures and must be free from alterations, overwriting, interlineations, folds, and copy marks. See Figure(s) 3.

Applicant is cautioned that correction of the above items may cause the specification and drawings page count to exceed 100 pages. If the specification and drawings exceed 100 pages, applicant will need to submit the required application size fee.

Replies must be received in the USPTO within the set time period or must include a proper Certificate of Mailing or Transmission under 37 CFR 1.8 with a mailing or transmission date within the set time period. For more information and a suggested format, see Form PTO/SB/92 and MPEP 512.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria VA 22313-1450

Registered users of EFS-Web may alternatively submit their reply to this notice via EFS-Web, including a copy of this Notice and selecting the document description "Applicant response to Pre-Exam Formalities Notice". <a href="https://sportal.uspto.gov/authenticate/AuthenticateUserLocalEPF.html">https://sportal.uspto.gov/authenticate/AuthenticateUserLocalEPF.html</a>

For more information about EFS-Web please call the USPTO Electronic Business Center at **1-866-217-9197** or visit our website at <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/ebc.">http://www.uspto.gov/ebc.</a>

If you are not using EFS-Web to submit your reply, you must include a copy of this notice.

/mgabre/		
Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571)	272-4000, or (571) 272-4200,	or 1-888-786-0101

### MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM FEE CALCULATION SHEET Application Number Filing Date Substitute for Form PTO-1360 (For use with Form PTO/SB/06) Applicant(s) Kazuyuki FUJIHARA \* May be used for additional claims or amendments AFTER FIRST AMENDMENT AFTER SECOND AMENDMENT CLAIMS AS FILED Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Indep Depend Total Indep $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ Total Depend Total Claims

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

	) ) <b>VIA EFS-WEB</b>
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	)
Filed: October 10, 2014	) ) )   Confirmation No.:  5575
Application No.: 14/512,189	) ) Examiner: <i>To Be Assigned</i> \
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1615
In re Application of:	) \

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

# INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicant brings to the attention of the Examiner the documents on the attached listing. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

The listed documents are of record in prior Application No. 14/183,283, filing date
February 18, 2014, upon which Applicant relies for the benefits provided in 35 U.S.C. § 120.
Accordingly copies are not enclosed.

Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making appropriate notations on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that each or all of the listed documents are material or constitute "prior art." If the Examiner applies any of the documents as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicant determines that the cited document(s) do not constitute

Attorney Docket No.: 05723.0147-02

"prior art" under United States law, Applicant reserves the right to present to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such documents.

Applicant further reserves the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed documents, should one or more of the documents be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: November 12, 2014

By: Jennifer R. Gupta Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257

(202) 408-4000

				C	omplete if Known
				Application Number	14/512,189
INF	ORMATION D	ISCLOSU	RF	Filing Date	October 10, 2014
	TEMENT BY			First Named Inventor	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
317	ALEMENT DI	AFFLICA	71.4 1	Art Unit	1615
	(Use as many sheets	as necessary)		Examiner Name	To Be Assigned
Sheet	1	of	2	Attorney Docket Number	05273.0147-02000

	U.S. PATENTS								
Examiner Initials			Issue or Publication Date	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where				
initiats	No.	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear				
		US-4,600,579	07-15-1986	Salpekar et al.					
		US-5,532,372	07-02-1996	Saji et al.					
		US-2004/0028741 A1	02-12-2004	Fujihara					

# Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS									
Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>				
		EP 1327440 A1	07-16-2003	Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited						
		JP 08-325146	12-10-1996	Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co. Ltd.		Abs				
		JP 2000-26292	01-25-2000	Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.		Abs				
		WO 2004/078173 A1	09-16-2004	Shionogi & Co., Ltd.		Abs				
		WO 01/76557 A1	10-18-2001	Sumitomo Pharma et al.						
		WO 02/24166 A1	03-28-2002	Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited		Abs				

	NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.					
		Request for Invalidation from invalidity proceedings in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation), August 5, 2012.	Yes				
		Bi Dianzhou, Pharmaceutics, Edition 4, Beijing: People's Medical Publishing House, February 2003.	Yes				
		"Application and Effect of Pregelatinized Starch in Tablets," Chinese Pharmaceutical Information, Vol.16, Issue 7, 2000, published in 2000	Yes				
		"Use of Pregelatinized Starch in Tablet Manufacturing," Chinese Pharmaceutical Journal, Vol. 29, Issue 4, April 1994, published in April 1994.	Yes				
		"Application of the Pregelatinized Starch in Capsules," Chinese Journal of Modern Applied Pharmacy, Vol. 8, Issue 1, February 1991, published in February 1991	Yes				
		"In Vitro Dissolution and Bioavailability of Acyclovir Capsules Formulated with Pregelatinized Starch," Chinese Journal of Pharmaceuticals, 1998, 29(5), published on May 20, 1998.	Yes				
		Dissolution of Drug Solid Preparation, "Factors Influencing Dissolution Rates," Wu Guangchen, Yue Zhiwei, People's Medical Publishing House, published in October 1994.	Yes				
		Reply Brief from invalidity proceedings in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation),	Yes				

				Complete if Known			
				Application Number	14/512,189		
INF	ORMATION D	ISCLOSU	IRE	Filing Date	October 10, 2014		
	TEMENT BY			First Named Inventor	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA		
317	(IEWENI DI	AFFLICE	VIA I	Art Unit	1615		
	(Use as many sheets	as necessary)		Examiner Name	To Be Assigned		
Sheet 2 of 2				Attorney Docket Number	05273.0147-02000		

NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS	
October 25, 2012.	
Examination Decision on the Request for Invalidation in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation), April 26, 2013.	Yes
EPO Communication dated Feb.1, 2012, with enclosed Supplemental Search Report, in EPO Appln. 11181100.6	
 Kibbe, Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, Chapter 7, pp. 528-530 (2000)	
Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, 2nd edition, Vol. 491, The Pharmaceutical Press, 1994.	
Chueshov, V. 1., et al., "Manufacturing Technologies of Drugs," Promyshlennaya Technologiya Lekarstv, Vol. 2, pp 10-11 (1999).	partial
Russian Official Action (2009).	partial
 Makino, T., et al., "Importance of Gelatinization Degree of Starch Past Binder in Hardness and Disintegration Time of Tablets," Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 43, No 3, pp 514-116 (1995).	

Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

# PTO Notes regarding this form:

- <sup>1</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional).
- <sup>2</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <u>www.uspto.gov</u> or MPEP 901.04.
- <sup>3</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3).
- <sup>4</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.
- <sup>5</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.
- <sup>6</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached. This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO:** Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Electronic Aci	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	20678644
Application Number:	14512189
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	5575
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
Customer Number:	22852
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000
Receipt Date:	12-NOV-2014
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014
Time Stamp:	16:49:24
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

# **Payment information:**

Submitted wit	h Payment		no				
File Listing	<b>;:</b>						
Document Number	Document Description		File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
1	Applicant Response to Pre-Exam Formalities Notice	Rs	ons To Not To File Corr App In Pp rs.pdf	35594 e7bdc6f3970a37da5fc30580a22f296e3db2 891d	no	1	
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2	Drawings-only black and white line	Replacement Sheets.pdf	1170033	no	3
2	drawings	періасетівтопесіз.риі	6b5a73caa9f21dd5795f96b815fb6566278e 198b	110	<b>.</b>
Warnings:					
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3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)	IDS-SB08.pdf	188837	no	5
J	Form (SB08)	123 3200.pai	a6a39daa6efb0aab9e858841e77c1d9b7fb bf09e	110	
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### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

## National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

# New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

3	) ) <u>VIA EFS-WEB</u>
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	) )
Filed: October 10, 2014	) ) )    Confirmation No.:  5575
Application No.: 14/512,189	) Examiner: <i>To Be Assigned</i>
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1615
In re Application of:	)

# **Mail Stop Missing Parts**

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

# **RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO FILE CORRECTED APPLICATION PAPERS**

In response to the Notice to File Corrected Application Papers mailed October 20, 2014, Applicant submits herewith Replacement Sheets consisting of clean drawings (3 sheets, Figures 1-3), in compliance with 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.84 and 1.121(d).

Please replace the drawings with the attached Replacement Sheets, grant any extensions of time required to enter this response, and charge any additional required fees to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

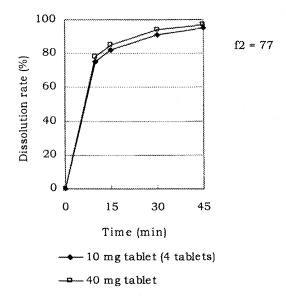
Dated: November 12, 2014

Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257 202-408-4000

REPLACEMENT SHEET
Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02
Application No. 14/512,189

Sheet 1 of 3

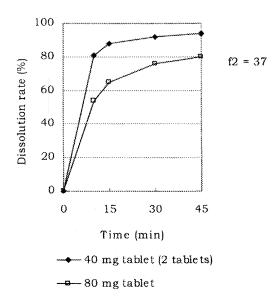
Figure 1



REPLACEMENT SHEET
Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02
Application No. 14/512,189

Sheet 2 of 3

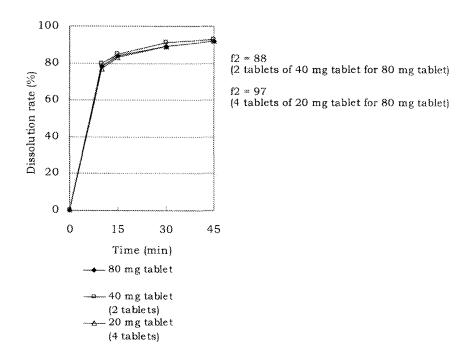
Figure 2



REPLACEMENT SHEET
Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02
Application No. 14/512,189

Sheet 3 of 3

Figure 3





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1	APPLICATION	FILING or	GRP ART				
	NUMBER	371(c) DATE	UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
	14/512,189	10/10/2014	1615	4220	05273.0147-02000	35	4

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413 CONFIRMATION NO. 5575
UPDATED FILING RECEIPT

Date Mailed: 11/20/2014

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Kazuyuki FUJIHARA, Suzuka-shi, JAPAN;

Applicant(s)

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD, Osaka, JAPAN

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 14/183,283 02/18/2014 PAT 8883794 which is a CON of 11/919,678 10/31/2007 PAT 8729085 which is a 371 of PCT/JP2006/310571 05/26/2006

**Foreign Applications** (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see <a href="http://www.uspto.gov">http://www.uspto.gov</a> for more information.)
JAPAN 2005-153508 05/26/2005

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If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 10/16/2014

page 1 of 3

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 14/512.189** 

Projected Publication Date: 02/26/2015

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

**Preliminary Class** 

424

Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications: No

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	PAT	ENT APPLI		ON FEE DE titute for Form		ION RECOR	D		tion or Docket Num 2,189	ber
	APP	LICATION A			umn 2)	SMALL	ENTITY	OR	OTHER SMALL	
	FOR	NUMBE	R FILE	NUMBE	R EXTRA	RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)
	IC FEE FR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N	/A	١	J/A	N/A		1	N/A	280
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	MINATION FEE FR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N	/A	١	J/A	N/A		1	N/A	720
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ME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	•	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
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# 日本国特許庁 JAPAN PATENT OFFICE

別紙添付の書類に記載されている事項は下記の出願書類に記載されている事項と同一であることを証明する。

This is to certify that the annexed is a true copy of the following application as filed with this Office.

出願年月日 Date of Application:

2005年 5月26日

出 願 番 号 Application Number: 特願2005-153508

バリ条約による外国への出願 に用いる優先権の主張の基礎 となる出願の国コードと出願 番号

JP2005-153508

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is

出 願 人
Applicant(s):

大日本住友製薬株式会社

2014年11月25日

特許庁長官 Commissioner, Japan Patent Office 伊藤



 【書類名】
 特許願

 【整理番号】
 133348

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【識別番号】 100121588

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 【氏名又は名称】
 五十部 穣

 【電話番号】
 06-6466-5214

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【予納台帳番号】 056546 【納付金額】 16,000円

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【物件名】 特許請求の範囲 1

 【物件名】
 明細書 1

 【物件名】
 図面 1

 【物件名】
 要約書 1

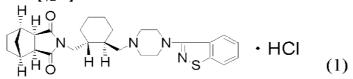
 【包括委任状番号】
 0205876

【書類名】特許請求の範囲

【請求項1】

式(1)

【化1】



で表されるN-[4- [4-(1,2-ベンズイソチアゾール-3-イル)-1-ピペラジニル]-(2R,3R)-2,3-テトラメチレンーブチル]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-ビシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(ルラシドン・塩酸塩)、アルファ化デンプン類、水溶性賦形剤、水溶性高分子結合剤を含有する経口製剤。

#### 【請求項2】

ルラシドン・塩酸塩、アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解した溶液を用いて造粒した経口製剤。

#### 【請求項3】

アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、ルラシドン・塩酸塩及び水溶性 高分子結合剤を溶解又は分散した液により、造粒した経口製剤。

#### 【請求項4】

水溶性賦形剤がマンニトールもしくは乳糖である請求項1~3いずれか記載の経口製剤。 【請求項5】

ルラシドン・塩酸塩、アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解した溶液を用いることにより造粒する方法。

#### 【請求項6】

アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、ルラシドン・塩酸塩及び水溶性 高分子結合剤を溶解又は分散した液を用いることにより造粒する方法。

#### 【請求項7】

水溶性賦形剤がマンニトールもしくは乳糖である請求項5記載の造粒方法。

#### 【請求項8】

アルファ化デンプン類の配合量が製剤重量に対して $10\sim50\%$  (wt/wt) である請求項1から4記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項9】

アルファ化デンプン類の配合量が製剤重量に対して $20\sim30\%$ (wt/wt)である請求項1から4記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項10】

製剤中のルラシドン・塩酸塩含有量が、 $20\sim40\%$ (wt/wt)である請求項1から 4いずれか記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項11】

ルラシドン・塩酸塩の1錠中の含量が、10~120mgである請求項1から4いずれか記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項12】

アルファ化デンプン類のアルファ化率が $50\sim95\%$ である請求項1から4いずれか記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項13】

ルラシドン・塩酸塩の平均粒子径が $0.1\sim8$   $\mu$  mである請求項1 から4 いずれか記載の経口製剤。

#### 【請求項14】

アルファ化デンプン類中の水可溶分が、20%以下である請求項1から4いずれか記載の

経口製剤

【書類名】明細書

【発明の名称】医薬品組成物

【技術分野】

[0001]

本発明は、N-[4-[4-(1,2-ベンズイソチアゾールー3-イル)-1-ピペラジニル]-(2R,3R)-2,3-テトラメチレンーブチル]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-ビシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(ルラシドン・塩酸塩)を有効成分とする崩壊性が良好な経口製剤に関する。詳しくはルラシドン・塩酸塩を有効成分とする経口製剤において、有効成分の含量が変動しても、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口投与用製剤、特に錠剤に関する。

#### 【背景技術】

#### [0002]

特許文献1には、ルラシドン・塩酸塩等の化合物について、経口的に投与することができること、また通常の担体・賦形剤・結合剤・安定剤等と有効成分とを配合することにより製造できることの記載はあるが、該有効成分の含量が広い範囲で異なっても速溶解性を示し、かつ、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口用の製剤、とくに有効成分の含量を増大した場合に低含量の製剤の複数錠と同様の溶出挙動を示す経口製剤に関する記載はない。

#### [0003]

含量が異なる製剤を同一用量服用したときの生物学的同等性を保証することを目的として医薬審第64号(平成12年2月14日公布)にて『含量が異なる経口固形製剤の生物学的同等性試験ガイドライン』が示され、含量が異なる製剤において、胃、腸および口腔内の各pH値に対応するpH1.2、3.0~5.0および6.8の緩衝液、水、生理食塩水などの各試験液で同等の溶出挙動を示すことが求められるようになった。

#### [0004]

ルラシドン・塩酸塩を有効成分とする薬剤について、該有効成分の含量が異なっても速 溶解性を示し、かつ、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口製剤、とくに有効成分の含量を増大した 場合に低含量の製剤の複数錠と同様の溶出挙動を示し、水難溶性の有効成分を所望の濃度 に放出し得る経口製剤については特許文献2に開示されている。

#### [0005]

#### [0006]

また、特許文献2には水溶性高分子結合剤としてデンプンが挙げられているが、アルファ化デンプンについての記載はない。アルファ化デンプンは、例えば、特許文献3に記載されているように、医薬品組成物の崩壊性及び溶出性が顕著に改善することが知られているが、医薬品に採用されることは必ずしも多くはない。崩壊剤として使用される場合、非特許文献1の中でも記述されるように通常、10%以下の含有量で用いられることが多い

[0007]

【特許文献1】特許第2800953

【特許文献2】WO2002/024166

【特許文献3】特開2000-26292

【非特許文献 1】Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, 2nd edition, 491, 199 4. The Pharmaceutical Press

#### 【発明の開示】

【発明が解決しようとする課題】

#### [0008]

本発明の目的は、ルラシドン・塩酸塩を有効成分とし、該有効成分の含量が広い範囲で 異なっても速溶解性を示し、かつ、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口用の製剤、とくに有効成分 の含量を増大した場合に低含量の製剤の複数錠と同様の溶出挙動を示し、有効成分を所望 の濃度に放出し得る経口製剤を提供することにある。

#### [0009]

N-[4-[4-(1,2-ベンズイソチアゾール-3-イル)-1-ピペラジニル]-(2R,3R)-2,3-テトラメチレンーブチル]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-ビシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(以下、ルラシドン・塩酸塩)を有効成分とする経口製剤において、有効成分の含量が変動しても、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口投与用製剤の提供することを目的とする。

#### 【課題を解決するための手段】

#### [0010]

本発明者らは、前記課題を解決するために鋭意検討したところ、以下の手段により当該課題を解決することを見いだすに至った。

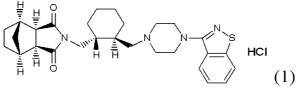
#### [0011]

すなわち、本発明は、以下の通りである。

#### (1) 式(1)

#### [0012]

#### 【化1】



で表されるN-[4-[4-(1,2-ベンズイソチアゾール-3-イル)-1-ピペラジニル]-(2R,3R)-2,3-テトラメチレンーブチル]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-ビシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(ルラシドン・塩酸塩)、アルファ化デンプン類、水溶性賦形剤、水溶性高分子結合剤を含有する経口製剤。

- (2) ルラシドン・塩酸塩、アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解した溶液を用いて造粒した経口製剤。
- (3) アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、ルラシドン・塩酸塩及び水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解又は分散した液により、造粒した経口製剤。
- (4) 水溶性賦形剤がマンニトールもしくは乳糖である(1)  $\sim$  (3) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (5) ルラシドン・塩酸塩、アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解した溶液を用いることにより造粒する方法。
- (6)アルファ化デンプン類及び水溶性賦形剤を含む混合末を、ルラシドン・塩酸塩及び水溶性高分子結合剤を溶解又は分散した液を用いることにより造粒する方法。
- (7) 水溶性賦形剤がマンニトールもしくは乳糖である(5) 記載の造粒方法。
- (8) アルファ化デンプン類の配合量が製剤重量に対して $10\sim50\%$  (wt/wt) である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。

- (9) アルファ化デンプン類の配合量が製剤重量に対して $20\sim30\%$  (wt/wt) である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (10) 製剤中のルラシドン・塩酸塩含有量が、 $20\sim40\%$  (wt/wt) である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (11) ルラシドン・塩酸塩の1錠中の含量が、10~120 mgである(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (12) アルファ化デンプン類のアルファ化率が $50\sim95\%$ である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (13) ルラシドン・塩酸塩の平均粒子径が $0.1 \sim 8 \mu \text{ m}$ である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤。
- (14) アルファ化デンプン類中の水可溶分が、20%以下である(1) から(4) いずれか記載の経口製剤

#### 【発明の効果】

#### [0013]

本発明によりルラシドン・塩酸塩を有効成分とする崩壊性が良好な経口製剤において、ルラシドン・塩酸塩を高含有量含む経口製剤の提供が、また有効成分の含量が変動しても同等の溶出挙動を示す経口投与用製剤を提供することが可能となった。また、配合変化を起こさず、長期保存性にも優れている。

#### 【発明を実施するための最良の形態】

#### [0014]

N-[4-[4-(1,2-ベンズイソチアゾール-3-イル)-1-ピペラジニル]-(2R,3R)-2,3-テトラメチレンーブチル]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-ビシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩 (ルラシドン・塩酸塩) は下記式:

#### 【0015】 【化2】

で示される化合物である(特許第 2800953 号参照)。ルラシドン・塩酸塩は向精神病作用を持つことが知られており、統合失調症等の治療薬として有効である。本化合物の配合量としては、錠剤全重量に基づいて、例えば、10~50 重量%の範囲、好ましくは 20~40 重量%の範囲から選択される。更に、微粉砕されていることが好ましく、例えば体積比 90% 以上の粒子が  $27\mu$  以下であり、体積比による平均粒子径としては例えば、 $0.1~8\mu$  のの範囲が挙げられる。好ましくは、 $1~6\mu$  のの範囲が挙げられる。1錠中に含まれるルラシドン・塩酸塩の含量としては、10-120 mg、好ましくは 20-80 mg が挙げられる。

#### [0016]

「アルファ化デンプン類」とは例えばトウモロコシデンプン、バレイショデンプン、コムギデンプン、コメデンプン、タピオカデンプン等各種デンプン類をアルファ化したものであり、このようなものとしては例えば医薬品添加物規格にあるアルファ化デンプン(英語名: Pregelatinized Starch)又は部分アルファ化デンプン(英語名: Partly Pregelatinized Starch)等を挙げることができる。アルファ化デンプン類のアルファ化率は、例えば50~100%、好ましくは50~95%、さらに好ましくは80~95%である。更に、アルファ化デンプン類中の水可溶分は、例えば20%以下、より好ましくは5%以下である。これらアルファ化デンプン類は、通常、平均粒径が1~1000μm、好ましくは1~500μm、さらに好ましくは10~100μmの粉末が用いられる。本発明に

適する市販のアルファ化デンプン類としては、例えばPCS(商品名、旭化成工業株式会社製)又はスターチ1500(商品名、カラコン)等の部分アルファ化デンプンが挙げられる。上記アルファ化デンプン類の中でも部分アルファ化デンプン、例えばPCS(商品名、旭化成工業株式会社製)が好ましく用いられる。部分アルファ化デンプンのアルファ化率は、好ましくは50~95%、さらに好ましくは80~95%である。本発明において用いられるアルファ化デンプン類は、製剤重量に対して10%以上50%以下であり、好ましくは10%以上30%以下であり、特に好ましくは、20%以上30%以下である

#### [0017]

「水溶性賦形剤」としては、例えばマンニトール、乳糖、白糖、ソルビトール、Dーソルビトール、エリスリトール、キシリトール等が挙げられる。より好ましいものとしてはマンニトール及び乳糖が挙げられる。さらに好ましくはマンニトールを挙げることができる。また、該水溶性賦形剤は、1種または同時に2種以上を使用することができる。水溶性賦形剤の配合量としては、錠剤全重量に基づいて、例えば、30~80重量%の範囲、好ましくは40~60重量%の範囲から選択される。また、マンニトールの平均粒子径としては、例えば10~200 $\mu$ mの範囲が挙げられる。

#### [0018]

「水溶性高分子結合剤」としては、例えば、ヒドロキシプロピルセルロース、ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース、ポリビニルピロリドン、ポリビニルアルコール等が挙げられる。より好ましいものとしては、ヒドロキシプロピルセルロース、ヒドロキシプロピル メチルセルロース、ポリビニルピロリドン、ポリビニルアルコールが挙げられる。該水溶性高分子結合剤は、これらの1種または同時に2種類以上を用いることができる。水溶性高分子結合剤の配合量としては錠剤全重量に基づいて、例えば、 $0.5\sim10$ 重量%の範囲、好ましくは $1\sim5$ 重量%の範囲から選択される。

本発明の医薬品組成物から成る経口製剤は、錠剤、カプセル剤、顆粒剤、細粒剤に製剤化されるものをいう。慣用手段によって、水溶性賦形剤に加えて非水溶性賦形剤、結合剤、崩壊剤、滑沢剤、等を使用して、錠剤、カプセル剤、顆粒剤、細粒剤に製剤化されるものであってもよい。また、以下のものを加えることもできる。

#### [0019]

「非水溶性賦形剤」としては、例えばコーンスターチ、結晶セルロース等が挙げられる。また、1種または同時に2種以上を使用することができる。

#### [0020]

「崩壊剤」としては、例えば、コーンスターチ、結晶セルロース、低置換度ヒドロキシプロビルセルロース、カルメロース、カルメロースカルシウム、カルメロースナトリウム、クロスカルメロースナトリウム、カルボキシメチルスターチナトリウム、クロスポピドン等が挙げられる。該崩壊剤は、1種または同時に2種以上を使用することができる。該崩壊剤の平均粒子径としては、例えば、5~75 $\mu$ mの範囲のものが挙げられ、好ましくは5~75 $\mu$ mの範囲の平均粒子径を有し、75 $\mu$ mを越える粒子が全体の5%以下であることが望ましい。崩壊剤の配合量としては、錠剤全重量に基づいて、例えば、0~10重量%の範囲、好ましくは0.5~5重量%の範囲が挙げられる。

#### [0021]

「滑沢剤」としては、例えばステアリン酸マグネシウム、タルク、ポリエチレングリコール、シリカ、硬化植物油等が挙げられる。

#### [0022]

本発明の経口製剤の調製は、所望の剤形により異なるが、常法にしたがって所望の剤形にすることができる。

#### (1)水溶性高分子結合剤の水溶液の調製:

水溶性高分子結合剤を精製水に溶解する。その際の温度としては、例えば、20°から 90°の範囲から選択され、好ましくは、20°から 70°の範囲から選択される。水溶性高分子結合剤の量としては、精製水の量に対し、例えば  $1\sim20$  重量%の範囲、好まし

くは2~8重量%の範囲から選択される。

#### (2)ルラシドン・塩酸塩含有造粒物の調製:

ルラシドン・塩酸塩、マンニトール、部分アルファ化デンプンを含む賦形剤および崩壊 剤を仕込んだ流動層造粒機に、上記(1)の工程で調製された水溶性高分子結合剤を散布し ながら造粒する。

#### [0023]

造粒装置としては、例えば、流動層造粒(Fluid Bed Granulation)、高速攪拌造粒(High share granulation)、転動型流動層造粒(Roto Fluid Bed Granulation)等に分類される造粒装置が挙げられる。但し、これらに限定されるものではない。

#### (3) 造粒物の乾燥:

上記造粒物を、減圧または常圧にて乾燥する。この乾燥は、赤外線水分計にて測定される乾燥減量値が、例えば、3重量%以内、好ましくは1~2重量%以内になるように行う

#### (4) 滑沢剤の配合:

上記(3)で乾燥した造粒物に滑沢剤を加えて混合する。混合は、例えば、攪拌ミキサー [タンブル] (Diffusion mixers [Tumble])に分類される混合機が用いられる。具体的には、タンブラーブレンダー(Tumble Blender)、Vブレンダー(V Blenders)、ダブルコーン(D ouble Cone)、ビンタンブラー(Bin Tumble)等が挙げられる。但し、これらに限定されるものではない。

#### (5)打錠:

上記混合物を打錠して錠剤を調製する。

#### [0024]

打錠装置としては、例えば、錠剤プレス(Tablet Press)に分類される打錠機等が挙げられる。打錠硬度としては、例えば $30\sim200$ N範囲から選択される。

#### (6)所望によりフィルムコーティングを施す:

上記錠剤には、必要に応じてフィルムコーティングしてもよい。コーティング装置としては、例えばコーティングパンに分類される装置が挙げられる。好ましくは、通気式コーティングシステム(Perforated Coating System)で分類される装置が挙げられる。

#### [0025]

コーティング剤としては、例えば、ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース、ヒドロキシプロピルセルロース、ポリビニルピロリドン、ポリビニルアルコール等の基剤と、例えば、ポリエチレングリコール、プロピレングリコール、トリアセチン、クエン酸トリエチル、グリセリン、グリセリン脂肪酸エステル、ポリエチレングリコール等の可塑剤を組み合わせたものが挙げられる。また、必要に応じて、酸化チタン等の添加剤を加え調製することもできる。また、フィルムコーティング後に、光沢化剤としてカルナバロウ等を加えることもできる。

#### (7)乾燥:

上記のようにして得られた錠剤を乾燥する。乾燥は減圧または常圧で行い、赤外線水分計にて測定される乾燥減量値が、例えば、3重量%以内、好ましくは $1\sim2$ 重量%以内になるように行う。

#### [0026]

以下に本発明の実施例を挙げるが、本実施例は本発明を説明するためのものであって、 本発明をなんら限定するものではない。

#### 【実施例1】

#### [0027]

A. ルラシドン・塩酸塩を80mg含有するフィルムコート錠(実施例1)

下記組成からなる顆粒、裸錠およびFC錠を順次調製する。尚、説明文中の括弧内に示す仕込み量は実施例1に示す処方の製剤を調製するための一例を示すものである。 原則としてこの製造方法に準じれば、その他に示す実施例についても調製できる。但し、 仕込み量は処方に基づき変更する必要がある。

[0028]

- B. 製造方法
- (1)結合液の調製 (5% ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース水溶液): 水溶性高分子結合剤のヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース(32g)を精製水(640g)に溶解し、これを結合液とした。
- (2)造粒:

ルラシドン・塩酸塩(320g)、マンニトール(576g)、部分アルファ化デンプン(320g)、クロスカルメロースナトリウム(16g)を流動層造粒機(マルチプレックスMP-01/パウレック製)に仕込み、上記(1)で調製した結合液を用いて、下記条件でスプレー造粒し造粒末を得た。得られた造粒末にステアリン酸マグネシウムを加えて混合後(40 r p m、5分)に、処方(b)を有する打錠用顆粒を得た。尚、ステアリン酸マグネシウムの仕込み量は造粒末の収量に基づき処方から算出される量を混合した。造粒条件

給気温度:60℃

風量: $50-65m^3/hr$ スプレー速度:13g/分スプレーノズル径:1.2mmスプレー圧力:0.12MPa

ガン位置:中段

(3)打錠:

上記(2)で調製した打錠用顆粒をHT-AP12SS-II(畑鉄工所)を用いて錠剤を成形した。

杵サイズ:φ10mm14R 厚み:4.20~4.30mm

打錠圧縮圧力:10KN

(4)コーティング:

上記(3)で調製した裸錠をハイコーターHCT30N(フロイント産業)で皮膜量が5mgになるように下記条件でコーティングを行い、コーティング後にカルナバロウを添加しフィルムコート錠を得た。

FC条件

給気温度 :80℃

風量 : 0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/分 パン回転数: 25 r p m スプレー圧: 0.15 M P a 液速 : 5 g/分

上述の方法により得られた製剤は以下の方法により品質を評価し、そこで得られた知見をもとに本発明を見出すに至った。

[0029]

- C. 品質評価
- (1) 溶出試験

日本薬局方溶出試験法第2法に従い、試作した製剤の溶出試験を実施した。以下に測定 条件を示す。

試験溶液:希釈マックイルベイン緩衝液(diluted McIlvaine buffer、pH4.0)

パドル回転数:50rpm

試験液:900m1

(2) 溶出プロファイルの類似性

溶出プロファイルの類似性を評価するための指標としてScale-Up and Past-Approval C hanges for Intermediate Release Products(SUPAC-IR)に示される類似因子f2を用いた。 f2は以下の式により算出される。SUPAC-IRにより各製剤の溶出率から算出されるf2値が 5 0  $\leq$  f2  $\leq$  1 0 0 の範囲にある場合、試作した各製剤は類似の溶出プロファイルであると判

定した。また、f2値の算出に当っては試験開始後15分、30分および45分の3ボイントの時点での溶出率を用いた。

【数1】

f2= 
$$5.0 \cdot LOG \left[ \frac{1.0.0}{\sqrt{1 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (Ti - Ri)^{2}}} \right]$$

Ti and Ri are the percent dissolved at each point. n is the number of points to be compared.

#### (3) 粒度分在

レーザー回折粒度分布測定装置(SLAD-3000/島津製作所)の乾式噴射法にてルラシドン・塩酸塩の粒度分布を測定した。以下に測定条件を示す。

試料量:2g

エアー圧: 0.4MPa以上

ターンテーブル回転スピード:2

パラメータ設定

環境設定

モニター平均回数:16 測定最適範囲(最大) :1500 暗測定平均回数 :2 (最小) :700

光強度表示最大値:2000 (CH-1) ボーレート(bps):9600

前回のブランク値: 読み込み ブランク測定許容最大値 : 300 プリンター: モノクロ ブランク測定許容変動範囲: 20

屈折率パラメーター

標準屈折率: 1.70-0.20i

測定条件設定

測定回数:1乾式許容最小値:300測定間隔(秒):1最大値:2500

平均回数:64 評価対象粒子範囲(最小値):0.1 測定吸光度範囲(最大値):0.1 評価対象粒子範囲(最大値):2000

(最小値):0.05 センサ使用開始位置:1

トリガーモード:OFF 乾式しきい:300

#### [0031]

#### <試験1>

実施例1、2,3で、1錠中にルラシドン・塩酸塩を20mg、40mgおよび80mg含有する水溶性賦形剤、部分アルファ化デンプンおよび水溶性高分子結合剤から成る特定の医薬品組成物を含む錠剤を試作した。また、比較例1、2で、特許文献2の開示処方に基づき1錠中にルラシドン・塩酸塩を40mgおよび80mg含有する錠剤を試作した

試作した製剤を(d)および(e)に示す条件で溶出試験を実施し、溶出プロファイルの類似性を評価した。なお、比較例1、2の試作については試験8にて示した。

結果は、表4,5に示した。なお、(d)については経時的な溶出率についても図2,3で示した。

[0032]

(a) 造粒末の処方

[0033]

単位: mg

成分	実施例番号			比較例番号		
	1	2	3	1	2	
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	40	20	40	80	
マンニトール	144	72	36	188	148	
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	40	20	-	-	
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	2	1	16	16	
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	4	2	10	10	

[0034]

(b)打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

[0035]

【表2】

単位:mg

					- I · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
成分	実施例番	実施例番号			比較例番号		
	1	1	1	1	2		
上記(a)の顆粒	316	158	79	254	254		
乳糖	-	-	_	62	62		
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	2	1	4	4		

[0036]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0037]

【表3】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号			比較例番号	
	1	2	3	1	2
上記(b)の裸錠	320	160	80	320	320
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3.25	1.95	1.3	2.6	2.6
酸化チタン	1	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.8
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0.75	0.45	0.3	0.6	0.6
カルナバロウ	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.01	0.01

[0038]

(d) 1ベッセル当りルラシドン・塩酸塩が80 mgとなる系での溶出試験 1ベッセル当りルラシドン・塩酸塩が80 mgとなる系でルラシドン・塩酸塩を80 mg 、40 mgおよび20 mgを含有する各フィルムコート錠の溶出試験を実施し、それぞれの溶出プロファイルの類似性を f 2 値により評価した。

#### [0039]

表4から明らかなように、実施例 2,3 の f 2 値は実施例1に対する類似性を示したが、比較例 2 の f 2 値は比較例1に対する類似性を示さなかった。即ち、表4,図 3 から明らかなように、実施例 1 乃至 3 は溶出プロファイルの類似性を示す f 2 値が 5 0  $\leq$  f 2  $\leq$  1 0 0 の範囲となり、含量の異なる製剤においても、錠剤の含量(力価)に依存することなく溶出プロファイルの類似性を示す製剤が得られた。一方、表4,図 2 から明らかにように、詳細を試験 8 に記載したが、特許文献 2 開示処方の比較例 2 は比較例 1 からなる製剤2 錠の溶出よりも明らかに遅く、溶出プロファイルの類似性は示さなかった。

[0040]

#### 【表4】

類似因子	実施例番号			比較例番号	
	1	2	3	1	2
f 2	_	8 8	9 7	_	3 7

#### [0041]

(e) 1 ベッセル当りルラシドン・塩酸塩が40 mgとなる系での溶出試験

1 ベッセル当りルラシドン・塩酸塩が40mgとなる系でルラシドン・塩酸塩を40mgおよび20mgを含有する各フィルムコート錠の溶出試験を実施し、それぞれの溶出プロファイルの類似性を同様にf2値を用いて評価した。

#### [0042]

表5から明らかなように、実施例3,比較例1のf2値は実施例2に対する類似性を示した。即ち、1ベッセル当りルラシドン・塩酸塩が40mgである系においても、f2値は50  $\leq$  f2  $\leq$  100の範囲となり、錠剤の含量(力価)に依存することなく溶出プロファイルの類似性が示された。

#### [0043]

#### 【表5】

類似因子	実施例番号 比較		
	2	3	1
f 2	_	8 8	9 7

#### [0044]

#### <試験2>

実施例1および4で、水溶性賦形剤と水溶性高分子結合剤および部分アルファ化デンプンから成る医薬品組成物を含む製剤を調製した。また、比較例3,4および5で、水溶性賦形剤と水溶性高分子結合剤およびアルファ化していないデンプンであるコーンスターチから成る医薬品組成物を含む製剤を調製した。各製剤の溶出試験を実施し、溶出プロファイルの類似性をf2値により評価した。結果は、表9に示した。

#### (a) 造粒末の処方

#### [0045]

#### 【表6】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号		比較例番号		
	1	4	3	4	5
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	80	80	80	80
マンニトール	144	176	108	108	_
乳糖	-	_	-	_	108
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	40	-	_	_
コーンスターチ	-	_	40	40	40
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	8	16	16	16
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	12	10	10	10

[0046]

(b)打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

[0047]

#### 【表7】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号		比較例番		
	1	4	3	4	5
上記(a)の顆粒	316	316	254	254	254
マンニトール	_	-	62	-	-
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	4	4	4	4

[0048]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0049]

【表8】

単位:mg

, , = 0					
成分	実施例番号		比較例番号		
	1	4	3	4	5
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320	320	258	258
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3, 25	-	2.6	2.6	2.6
酸化チタン	1	_	0.8	0.8	0.8
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0.75	_	0.6	0.6	0.6

#### [0050]

#### (d) 溶出試験

表9から明らかなように、実施例4は実施例1に対する類似性を示したが、比較例3、4、5のf2値は実施例1に対して類似性を示さなかった。即ち、比較例3,4および5のコーンスターチを含む製剤は、実施例1および4の部分アルファ化デンプンを含む製剤と比較して、溶出プロファイルが異なり、溶出の遅い製剤であった。

#### [0051]

【表9】

類似因子	実施例番号		比較例番号		
	1	4	3	4	5
f 2	_	6 7	4 4	2 9	2 6

#### [0052]

# <試験3>

実施例4, 5, 6, 7で、部分アルファ化デンプンの配合量の溶出性に及ぼす影響を評価した。結果は表13に示した。

#### (a) 造粒末の処方

[0053]

【表10】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号					
	1	4	5	6	7	
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	80	80	80	80	
マンニトール	144	176	116	136	156	
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	40	100	80	60	
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	8	8	8	8	
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	12	12	12	12	

#### [0054]

(b) 打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

【0055】 【表11】

単位: mg

	, , 0					
成分	実施例番号					
	1	4	5	6	7	
上記(a)の顆粒	316	316	316	316	316	
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	4	4	4	4	

[0056]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0057]

【表12】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号					
	1	4	5	6	7	
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320	320	320	320	
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3. 25	_	_	_	_	
酸化チタン	1	_	-	_	-	
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0. 75	_	_	_	-	
カルナバロウ	0.01	_	_	_	-	

#### [0058]

#### (d) 溶出試験

表13から明らかなように、実施例4、5、6、7のf2値は実施例1に対する類似性を示した。即ち、部分アルファ化デンプンを製剤組成中の10%wt/wt以上含有する医薬品組成物から成る製剤は、速溶解性を示し、かつ、類似の溶出プロファイルを示した。

## [0059]

# 【表13】

類似因子	実施例番号				
	1	4	5	6	7
f 2	_	6 7	6 0	6 2	8 1

#### [0060]

#### <試験4>

比較例6で、水溶性賦形剤と部分アルファ化デンプンを含むが、水溶性高分子結合剤を含まない錠剤の製剤化を試みたが、打錠工程において、キャッピングとスティッキングが発生し打錠できず、類似の溶出プロファイルを得るどころか錠剤すら得られなかった。実施例8,9,10および11で、水溶性賦形剤および部分アルファ化デンプンと水溶性高分子結合剤の配合量の異なる医薬品組成物を含む製剤を調製した。結果は、表17に示した。

#### (a) 造粒末の処方

[0061]

#### 【表14】

単位:mg

成分	実施例都	実施例番号				比較例番号		
	1	8	9	10	11	6		
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	80	80	80	80	80		
マンニトール	144	136	138	140	142	148		
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	80	80	80	80	80		
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	8	8	8	8	8		
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	12	10	8	6	_		

[0062]

(b)打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

[0063]

【表15】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号					比較例番号
	1	8	9	10	11	6
上記(a)の顆粒	316	316	316	316	316	316
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	4	4	4	4	4

[0064]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0065]

【表16】

単位:mg

成分	実施例	番号	比較例番号			
	1	8	9	10	11	6
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320	320	320	320	320
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3.25	_	_	_	_	_
酸化チタン	1	_	_	_	_	_
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0.75	-	_	_	_	_
カルナバロウ	0.01	_	-	-	_	_

[0066]

#### (d) 溶出試験

表 17 から明らかなように、実施例 8 、 9 、 10 、 11 の 12 値は実施例 1 に対する類似性を示した。即ち、水溶性高分子結合剤を 1 . 8 %wt/wtから 3 . 8 %wt/wtの範囲において含有する医薬品組成物から成る製剤は、速溶解性を示し、かつ、類似の溶出プロファイルを示した。

[0067]

【表17】

類似因子	実施例番号					
	1	8	9	10	11	
f 2	_	7 7	8 1	7 3	73	

[0068]

#### <試験5>

実施例12で、水溶性賦形剤として乳糖を用い、水溶性高分子結合剤および部分カルファー化デンプンから成る医薬品組成物を含む製剤を調製した。結果は、表21に示した。(a)造粒末の処方

【0069】 【表18】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号		
	1	6	12
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	80	80
マンニトール	144	136	_
乳糖	_	_	136
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	80	80
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	8	8
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	12	12

[0070]

(b) 打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

[0071]

【表19】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号			
	1	6	12	
上記(a)の顆粒	316	316	316	
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	4	4	

[0072]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0073]

【表20】

単位: m g

成分	実施例番号		
	1	6	12
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320	320
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3. 25	_	_
酸化チタン	1	_	_
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0.75	_	_
カルナバロウ	0.01	_	_

[0074]

#### (d) 溶出試験

表21から明らかなように、実施例6および12のf2値は実施例1に対する類似性を示した。即ち、水溶性賦形剤としてマンニトールおよび乳糖にて速溶解性を示し、かつ、類似の溶出プロファイルを示した。

[0075]

【表21】

類似因子	実施例番号		
	1	6	12
f 2	_	6 2	6 6

[0076]

#### <試験6>

実施例4,13,14および15で、粒度分布の異なるルラシドン・塩酸塩原末を用いて、水溶性賦形剤と水溶性高分子結合剤および部分アルファ化デンプンから成る特定の医

薬品組成物を含む製剤を調製した。結果は、表25に示した。

#### (a) ルラシドン・塩酸塩原末の粒度分布

D50 % (50%粒子径) とは体積基準により算出される積算分布が 50%となるポイントでの粒子径を示し、D90% (90%粒子径)とは、体積基準により算出される積算分布が 90% (ふるい下)となるポイントでの粒子径を表す。

【0077】 【表22】

単位:mg

粒度分布		実施例番	実施例番号				
		4	13	14	15		
粒子径	D10 %	0. 5	0. 9	1.0	1.5		
	D50 %	1.6	5. 9	7.6	13.9		
	D90 %	4. 7	17.5	26.9	58.3		

[0078]

(b) 打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

[0079]

【表23】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号				
	4	13	14	15	
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	80	80	80	
マンニトール	176	144	144	144	
部分アルファ化デンプン	40	80	80	80	
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	8	4	4	4	
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	12	8	8	8	
ステアリン酸マグネシウム	4	4	4	4	

[0080]

(c)FC錠の処方

[0081]

【表24】

単位:mg

成分	実施例番号				
	4	13	14	15	
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320	320	320	
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	-	3.25	3.25	3.25	
酸化チタン	-	1	1	1	
ポリエチレングリコール6000	_	0.75	0.75	0.75	
カルナバロウ	_	0.01	0.01	0.01	

[0082]

#### (d) 溶出試験

表 25 から明らかなように、実施例 13, 14、15 の 12 値は実施例 12 に対する類似性を示した。即ち、12 5 0 %粒子径が 12 6 12 0 %粒子径が 12 7 12 0 12 7 12 0

[0083]

#### 【表25】

類似因子	実施例番	号		
	4	13	14	15
f 2	_	5 6	5 6	4 6

#### [0084]

#### <試験7>

特許文献2の開示技術を用いて1錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩の含有量が10mgと40mgとなる製剤を試作し、開示文献2の通り、1錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩含量が10mgから40mgまでは同等の溶出挙動を示す経口製剤を提供できるかどうか検証した。結果は、図1に示した。

#### [0085]

図1から明らかなように、特許文献2の開示技術により得られるルラシドン・塩酸塩を異なる含有量を有する製剤の溶出プロファイルは、f2の値から明らかなように、1錠中にルラシドン・塩酸塩を10mg含有する錠剤と40mg含有する製剤は、特許文献2のとおり同等の溶出挙動を示す経口製剤を提供できた。

#### (a)顆粒の処方

単位:mg

成分	10mg錠	40mg錠
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	10	40
マンニトール	47	188
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	16
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	2.5	10

#### [0086]

# (b)裸錠の処方

単位	122	~
	TTI	

成分	10mg錠	40mg錠
(a)の顆粒	63. 5	254
マンニトール	15. 5	62
ステアリン酸マグネシウム	1	4

#### [0087]

#### (c)FC錠の処方

単位:mg

成分	10mg錠	40mg錠
上記(b)の裸錠	80	320
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	1.3	2.6
酸化チタン	0.4	0.8
ポリエチレングリコール 6 0 0 0	0.3	0.6
カルナバロウ	0.006	0.01

#### [0088]

#### <試験8>

特許文献 2 の開示技術では 1 錠中にルラシドン・塩酸塩を 4 0 m g まで含有する製剤では同等の溶出挙動を示す経口製剤を提供できることを確認できた。ここでは、特許文献 2 の開示技術を用いて、部分アルファー化デンプンを含まない 1 錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩含有量が 8 0 m g となる製剤を試作した。錠剤の大型化は患者への負担を大きくするため、 4 0 m g 錠と同じ錠剤重量となるように、有効成分の含有率を 2 倍にすることにより製した。比較例 1 および 2 の結果は表 4 および 2 に示した。

#### [0089]

表4および図2から明らかなように、特許文献2の開示技術では、f2の値から明らかなように、ルラシドン・塩酸塩の含有率を2倍にしたアルファ化デンプンを含まない80mg錠では40mg錠2錠と同等の溶出性を示すことはできなかった。

#### (a)顆粒の処方

単位: m g

成分	40mg錠	80mg錠
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	40	80
マンニトール	188	148
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	16	16
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	10	10

#### [0090]

#### (b)裸錠の処方

単位:mg

成分	40mg錠	80mg錠
(a)の顆粒	254	254
マンニトール	62	62
ステアリン酸マグネシウム	4	4

#### [0091]

## (c)FC錠の処方

単位:mg

成分	40mg錠	80mg錠
上記(b)の裸錠	320	320
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	2. 6	2.6
酸化チタン	0.8	0.8
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0.6	0.6
カルナバロウ	0.01	0.01

#### [0092]

#### <試験9>

試験1の実施例 $1\sim3$ にて試作した含量の異なる3種類の製剤の溶出性を評価した。結果は、図3に示した。

図3から明らかなように、本発明により1錠中にルラシドン・塩酸塩を20mgから80mgを含有する製剤においても、錠剤の含量(力価)に依存しない同等の溶出性が確認された。

## (a) 造粒末の処方

#### [0093]

## 【表26】

単位:mg

成分	80mg錠	40mg錠	20mg錠
ルラシドン・塩酸塩	80	40	20
マンニトール	144	72	36
部分アルファ化デンプン	80	40	20
クロスカルメロースナトリウム	4	2	1
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	8	4	2

# [0094]

#### (b) 打錠用顆粒/裸錠の処方

単位:mg

			T   12 . 111 8
成分	80mg錠	40mg錠	20mg錠
上記(a)の顆粒	316	158	79
乳糖	-	_	-
ステアリン酸マグネシム	4	2	1

#### [0095]

#### (c)FC錠の処方

単位:mg

			1 122
成分	80mg錠	40mg錠	20mg錠
上記(b)の裸錠	320	160	80
ヒドロキシプロピルメチルセルロース	3, 25	1.95	1.3
酸化チタン	1	0.6	0.4
ポリエチレングリコール6000	0, 75	0.45	0, 3
カルナバロウ	0. 01	0.006	0.004

#### 【産業上の利用可能性】

#### [0096]

本発明によりNー[4ー[4ー(1,2ーベンズイソチアゾールー3ーイル)ー1ーピペラジニル]ー(2R,3R)ー2,3ーテトラメチレンーブチル]ー(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)ー2,3ービシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(ルラシドン・塩酸塩)を有効成分とする崩壊性が良好な経口製剤において、有効成分の含量が変動しても、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口投与用製剤を提供することが可能となった。

#### 【図面の簡単な説明】

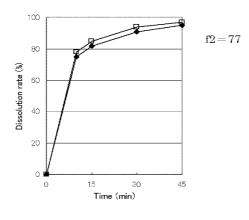
#### [0097]

【図1】図1はルラシドン・塩酸塩を異なる含有量を有する製剤の溶出プロファイルの比較を示したものである。特許文献2の開示技術を用いて試作した1錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩の含有量が10mg(4錠)と40mg(1錠)の製剤について溶出プロファイルを測定した。

【図2】図2は、ルラシドン・塩酸塩を異なる含有量を有する製剤の溶出プロファイルの比較を示したものである。特許文献2の開示技術を用いて試作した1錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩の含有量が40mg(2錠)と80mg(1錠)の製剤について溶出プロファイルを測定した。

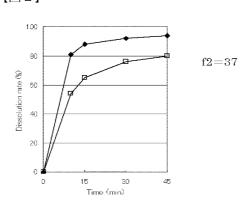
【図3】図3は、ルラシドン・塩酸塩を異なる含有量を有する製剤の溶出プロファイルの比較を示したものである。本発明の技術を用いて試作した1錠中のルラシドン・塩酸塩の含有量が20mg(4錠)、40mg(2錠)と80mg(1錠)の製剤について溶出プロファイルを測定した。

# 【書類名】図面 【図1】



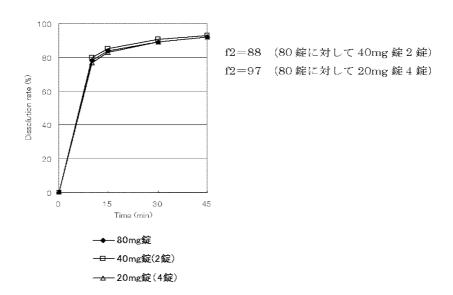
→ 10mg錠(4錠) — 40mg錠

# 【図2】



—← 40mg錠(2錠) —— 80mg錠

# 【図3】



で表されるNー[4ー [4ー(1,2ーベンズイソチアゾールー3ーイル)ー1ーピペラジニル]ー(2R,3R)ー2,3ーテトラメチレンーブチル]ー(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)ー2,3ービシクロ[2,2,1] ヘプタンジカルボキシイミド・塩酸塩(ルラシドン・塩酸塩)を有効成分とする経口製剤において、有効成分の含量が変動しても、同等の溶出挙動を示す経口投与用製剤の提供。

【解決手段】 アルファ化デンプン類を含むことを特徴とする、ルラシドン・塩酸塩と水溶性賦形剤、水溶性高分子結合剤を含有する経口製剤は、経口投与された場合に、消化管内での有効成分の溶出性に優れ、かつ有効成分の含量が異なる製剤間で同等の溶出挙動を示すことができ、個々の患者に応じて最も適した薬剤の選択を可能にし、臨床上極めて有用である。

【選択図】なし

【書類名】 出願人名義変更届(一般承継)

【提出日】平成17年10月26日【あて先】特許庁長官殿

【事件の表示】

【出願番号】 特願2005-153508

【承継人】

【識別番号】 000002912

【氏名又は名称】 大日本住友製薬株式会社

【提出物件の目録】

【物件名】 権利の承継を証明する書面 1

【援用の表示】 なお、当該書面は、平成17年10月19日付提出の平成10年

特許願第547927号の特許出願人名義変更届(一般承継)に

添付した履歴事項全部証明書を援用し、省略する。

#### 出願人履歴

000183370

19900809

新規登録

大阪府大阪市中央区道修町2丁目2番8号 住友製薬株式会社 000002912 19900808 新規登録

大阪府大阪市中央区道修町2丁目6番8号 大日本製薬株式会社 000002912 20051003 名称変更

大阪府大阪市中央区道修町2丁目6番8号 大日本住友製薬株式会社



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APPLICATION NUMBER 14/512,189

FILING OR 371(C) DATE 10/10/2014

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 05273 0147-02000 **CONFIRMATION NO. 5575** 

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER

901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413 **PUBLICATION NOTICE** 

Title:PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

Publication No.US-2015-0056284-A1 Publication Date: 02/26/2015

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page 1 of 1

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	14/512,189	October 1	0, 2014
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to transact the attache OR	all business in the United States Patent d transmittal letter (form PTO/AIA/82A) of apoint Practitioner(s) named in the attach	and Trademark Office connected or identified above: 22,852	Number as my/our attorney(s) or agent(s), ard therewith for the application referenced in my/our attorney(s) or agent(s), and to transact for the patent application referenced in the
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	or Joint Inventor (title not required below	)	
inventor o		capacitated inventor (title not rec	quired below)
_	resentative of a Deceased of Legally in	opposition inventor (the not rec	
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Electronic Acl	Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	21675158				
Application Number:	14512189				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	5575				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA				
Customer Number:	22852				
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch				
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta				
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000				
Receipt Date:	04-MAR-2015				
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014				
Time Stamp:	16:31:20				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

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POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER

APPLICATION NUMBER FILING OR 371(C) DATE FIRST NAMED APPLICANT ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 14/512,189 10/10/2014

Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

05273.0147-02000 **CONFIRMATION NO. 5575** 

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413



Date Mailed: 03/12/2015

#### NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

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#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	)
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1627
Application No.: 14/512,189	) Examiner: Sarah, PIHONAK
Filed: October 10, 2014	, ) )     Confirmation No.:   5575
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	)
	) ) <u>VIA EFS-WEB</u>

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

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Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicant brings to the attention of the Examiner the documents on the attached form. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

A copy of each of the listed non patent literature documents is attached. A copy of the listed U.S. patent and U.S. patent publication is not enclosed pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2)(ii).

Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making appropriate notations on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that each or all of the listed documents are material or constitute "prior art." If the Examiner applies any of the documents as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicant determines that the cited document(s) do not constitute

Application No.: 14/512,189 Attorney Docket No.: 05723.0147-02

"prior art" under United States law, Applicant reserves the right to present to the U.S. Patent

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documents.

Applicant further reserves the right to take appropriate action to establish the

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If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the

fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW,

GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: April 22, 2015

By: /Jennifer R. Gupta/

Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257

(202) 408-4000

-2-

#### Complete if Known Application Number 14/512,189 Filing Date October 10, 2014 **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE** First Named Inventor Kazuyuki FUJIHARA STATEMENT BY APPLICANT 1627 Art Unit (Use as many sheets as necessary) Examiner Name Sarah PIHONAK 05273.0147-02000 Sheet Attorney Docket Number

	U.S. PATENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Issue or Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear		
		US-6,150,366	11-21-2000	Arenson et al.			

	U.S. PUBLISHED PATENT APPLICATIONS						
Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where		
Initials	No.3	Number-Kind Code <sup>4</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear		
		US-2004-0186105 A1	09-23-2004	Allenspach et al			

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	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS							
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>5</sup> Number <sup>6</sup> Kind Code <sup>7</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>8</sup>		

	NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS				
Initials No.1 (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(		Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	Translation <sup>6</sup>		
		GHOSH, Tapash K. et al., "Theory and Practice of Contemporary Pharmaceutics," CRC Press, Chapter 10, pg. 279-331 (2005).			
		GENNARO, Alfonso R., "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy," 19 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Mack Publishing Co., Chapter 92, Vol. II, pp. 1615-1620, [1995]			
		Mack Publishing Co., Chapter 92, Vol. II, pp. 1615-1620, [1995]			

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- <sup>7</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.
- <sup>8</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached. This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO:** Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Electronic Acl	Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	22138559				
Application Number:	14512189				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	5575				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA				
Customer Number:	22852				
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch				
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta				
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000				
Receipt Date:	22-APR-2015				
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014				
Time Stamp:	16:38:12				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

# **Payment information:**

Submitted with Payment			no					
File Listing:								
Document Number Document Description File Name File Size(Bytes)/ Multi Message Digest Part /.zip					Pages (if appl.)			
1	Non Patent Literature		NPL-Ghosh.pdf	14261061 535374e89b66d8ad7164393455148881fc8 612f9	no	54		
Warnings:	Warnings:							
Information:	Information:							

2	Non Patent Literature	NDI Connero ndi	3485580	485580 no	
2	Non Patent Literature	NPL-Gennaro.pdf	f6dd30da40374eef7842186018e5b4b2057 b1c78	по	8
Warnings:					
Information					
3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)	IDS-SB08 4-22-15.pdf	142498	no	4
J	Form (SB08)	155 5500_1 22 15.pai	c9702d9bc0ac78297f106341c492d4e87a7 284e7	110	
Warnings:					
Information					
This is not an U	JSPTO supplied IDS fillable form				
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	179	889139	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

#### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

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#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	)
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1627
Application No.: 14/512,189	) Examiner: Sarah, PIHONAK
Filed: October 10, 2014	) ) Confirmation No : 5575
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	) Confirmation No.: 5575
	) <u>VIA EFS-WEB</u>

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicants bring to the attention of the Examiner the document on the attached form. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

A copy of the listed non patent literature document is attached. A copy of each of the listed U.S. patent publications is not enclosed pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2)(ii).

Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making an appropriate notation on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that the listed document is material or constitutes "prior art." If the Examiner applies the document as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicants determine that the cited document does not constitute "prior art" under United

Application No.: 14/512,189 Attorney Docket No.: 05723.0147-02

States law, Applicants reserve the right to present to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such document.

Applicants further reserve the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed document, should the document be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: July 15, 2015

By: Outo Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257

#### Complete if Known Application Number 14/512,189 Filing Date October 10, 2014 **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE** Kazuyuki FUJIHARA First Named Inventor STATEMENT BY APPLICANT Art Unit 1627 Sarah PIHONAK (Use as many sheets as necessary) Examiner Name Sheet of Attorney Docket Number 05273.0147-02000

U.S. PATENTS					
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Issue or Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear

U.S. PUBLISHED PATENT APPLICATIONS						
Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where	
Initials	No.3	Number-Kind Code <sup>4</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	
		US-2003/0203020 A1	10-30-2003	Ortyl et al.		
		US-2005/0147669 A1	07-07-2005	Lawrence et al.		

Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>5</sup> Number <sup>6</sup> Kind Code <sup>7</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>
					,	

NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS				
Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	Translation <sup>6</sup>		
	GOHIL, Usha C. et al., "Investigations into the use of pregelatinised starch to deveop powder-filled hard capsules," International Journal of Pharmaceutics 285 (2004) pp. 51-63.			
		o.¹ (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.  GOHIL, Usha C. et al., "Investigations into the use of pregelatinised starch to deveop powder-		

Examiner	:	Date	
Signature		Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

### PTO Notes regarding this form:

<sup>1</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional).

<sup>2</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04.

<sup>3</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional).

<sup>4</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <u>www.uspto.gov</u> or MPEP 901.04.

<sup>5</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3).

<sup>6</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.

<sup>7</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.

<sup>8</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached. This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO:** Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Electronic Acl	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	22929029
Application Number:	14512189
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	5575
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
Customer Number:	22852
Filer:	Jennifer R. Gupta/Pat Welch
Filer Authorized By:	Jennifer R. Gupta
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000
Receipt Date:	15-JUL-2015
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014
Time Stamp:	17:11:34
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

# **Payment information:**

Submitted wi	th Payment	no				
File Listing	g:					
Document Number	Document Description		File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)		IDS-SB08 7-15-15.pdf	138650	no	4
'	Form (SB08)		155 5500_7 15 15.pui	8902de38cdd7c6e6bfe82ac59b9749ca2c1 4e491		7
Warnings:						
Information:						

This is not an U	JSPTO supplied IDS fillable form				
2	Non Patent Literature	NPL_Gohil- InvestigationsIntoTheUse2004	5452234	no	13
_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	pp51-63.pdf	5ad562b77676b3c138a71fb29d9dad595e0 5902f	0	
Warnings:					
Information	•				
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	55	90884	

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512,189	10/10/2014	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	05273.0147-02000	5575
22852 7590 11/03/2015 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER		EXAMINER		
LLP	,	on, ornali i a bonnek	PIHONAK	K, SARAH
	RK AVENUE, NW N, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1627	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/03/2015	ELECTRONIC

### Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

regional-desk@finnegan.com

	Application No. 14/512,189	Applicant(s FUJIHARA,	s) , KAZUYUKI
Office Action Summary	Examiner SARAH PIHONAK	Art Unit 1627	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	corresponde	nce address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be strill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed m the mailing date IED (35 U.S.C. § 1:	of this communication. 33).
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under <b>37 CFR 1.1</b>			
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.		
3) An election was made by the applicant in response	onse to a restriction requiremen	t set forth dur	ing the interview on
; the restriction requirement and election  Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal matters, p	rosecution as	
Disposition of Claims*			
5) Claim(s) 25-59 is/are pending in the application 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 7) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) is/are subject to restriction and/or * If any claims have been determined allowable, you may be eliparticipating intellectual property office for the corresponding aphttp://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send	vn from consideration. election requirement. gible to benefit from the <b>Patent Pr</b> opplication. For more information, ple	ease see	<b>hway</b> program at a
Application Papers 10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r		
11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable		Examiner	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			5(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign Certified copies:  a) All b) Some** c) None of the:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau	s have been received. Is have been received in Applicative documents have been received in CPCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No	
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certific	a copies not received.		
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	3) 🔲 Interview Summai	ry (PTO-413)	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail I		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-13)

Office Action Summary

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20151028

Art Unit: 1627

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
- I. Claims 25-57, drawn to an oral preparation comprising lurasidone and a method for preparing the composition, classified in C07D417/14.
- II. Claims 58-59, drawn to a method for treating psychosis and a method for treating schizophrenia, classified in A61K 31/428.
- 2. The inventions are independent or distinct, each from the other because:
- 3. Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the oral preparation comprising lurasidone can be used for purposes other than treating psychosis or schizophrenia, such as for the treatment of anxiety disorder. As the product of invention I has utility outside of the methods of invention II, and the inventions are categorized in different searching classes, the inventions are independent and distinct from each other.
- 4. The examiner has required restriction between product or apparatus claims and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product/apparatus, and all

Art Unit: 1627

product/apparatus claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that include all the limitations of the allowable product/apparatus claims should be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must include all the limitations of an allowable product/apparatus claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product/apparatus claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product/apparatus are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product/apparatus claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product/apparatus claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04.

Additionally, in order for rejoinder to occur, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product/apparatus claims. Failure to do so may result in no rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

5. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above

Art Unit: 1627

and there would be a serious search and/or examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

The product of invention I can be used for purposes other than the methods of invention II; additionally, the inventions are categorized in different searching classes.

Therefore, a search for the product of invention I would not necessarily overlap in scope for the particular methods of invention II.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of an invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable

Art Unit: 1627

over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103 or pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SARAH PIHONAK whose telephone number is (571)270-7710. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00 AM - 6:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on (571)272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 14/512,189

Art Unit: 1627

/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1627 Page 6

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	)	
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1627	
Application No.: 14/512,189	) )   Examiner: Sarah Pihonak )	
Filed: October 10, 2014	) ) Confirmation No. 5575	
For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	) Confirmation No.: 5575	
	) ) <b>VIA EFS-WEB</b>	

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

## RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

In reply to the Office Action (Restriction Requirement) mailed November 3, 2015, the shortened statutory period ending January 3, 2016, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of this application in view of the following remarks.

Application No.: 14/512,189

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

**REMARKS** 

In the Restriction Requirement, the Examiner required restriction under

35 U.S.C. § 121 between:

Group I -Claims 25-57, drawn to an oral preparation comprising lurasidone and a method for preparing the composition, classified in

C07D417/14.

Group II -Claims 58-59, drawn to a method for treating psychosis and

a method for treating schizophrenia, classified in A61K 31/428.

Applicant provisionally elects to prosecute Group I, claims 25-57, drawn to an

oral preparation comprising lurasidone and a method for preparing the composition,

with traverse.

According to MPEP 803, these are two requirements that must be met before a

proper restriction requirement may be made: (1) the inventions must be independent or

distinct as claimed; and (2) there must be a serious burden on the Office if restriction is

not required. Applicant respectfully submits that the Office has failed to establish the

second requirement set forth in MPEP 803. Automated search tools now relieve much

of the burden associated with searching, so that separate classification is no longer an

adequate reason for insisting our restriction.

Further, a proper search and examination of the subject matter covered by

pending claims 25-57 would not be unduly burdensome on the Office since a search of

the subject matter of Group I would overlap with a search of the subject matter of Group

II. Specifically, a search of the subject matter of all of claims 1-59 would require the

Office to search for at least one compound of formula (1). Thus, the search and

examination of Group II would necessarily include a search of Group I claims.

-2-

Application No.: 14/512,189

Attorney Docket No.: 05273.0147-02

Accordingly, it is unclear what burden is on the Office to examine the claims of Groups I and II together.

Accordingly, the Office is requested to reconsider and withdraw the requirement for restriction. In the event that restriction requirement is maintained, Applicant reserves the right to file a divisional application on the non-elected inventions and/or to request rejoinder of appropriate claims once the subject matter of claims 25-57 is found allowable.

Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and charge any additional required fees to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: December 15, 2015

By: Charle E Van Horn
Charles E. Van Horn
Reg. No. 40,266

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	24366981		
Application Number:	14512189		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	5575		
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA		
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Time Stamp:	15:54:38		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

# **Payment information:**

Submitted wit	h Payment	no			
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·		parinesimeqipar	8ac0296f346d39da25a8fae25e0f26d3de1b f961	1 ´ 1	

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	Response to Election / Restriction Filed	1	1	
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	2	3	
Warnings:				
Information:				
	Total Files Size (in bytes):	8	35516	

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#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512,189	10/10/2014	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	05273.0147-02000 5575	
22852 7590 02/09/2016 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW		EXAMINER		
		PIHONAK, SARAH		
	N, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1627	
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### Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

regional-desk@finnegan.com

	Application No. 14/512,189		Applicant(s) FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner SARAH PIHONAK	Art Unit 1627	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the corresponder	nce address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS, cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed from the mailing date DONED (35 U.S.C. § 1:	of this communication. 33).	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/15  A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.1		<u>.</u>		
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.			
3) An election was made by the applicant in response			ing the interview on	
the restriction requirement and election  Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal matters	s, prosecution as		
Disposition of Claims*				
5)  Claim(s) 25-59 is/are pending in the application 5a) Of the above claim(s) 58 and 59 is/are with 6)  Claim(s)  is/are allowed. 7)  Claim(s) 25-57 is/are rejected. 8)  Claim(s)  is/are objected to. 9)  Claim(s)  are subject to restriction and/or are subject to restriction.  Application Papers  10) The specification is objected to by the Examine 11) Application Papers  10) The drawing(s) filed on 10/10/14 is/are: a) Application Papers  11) Are drawing(s) filed on 10/10/14 is/are: a) Application Papers  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign Certified copies:  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign Certified copies:  13) All b) Some** c) None of the:  14) Certified copies of the priority document	r election requirement. igible to benefit from the Patent oplication. For more information an inquiry to PPHfeedback@us r. ccepted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance ion is required if the drawing(s)	, please see spto.gov.  by the Examiner . See 37 CFR 1.89 is objected to. See	5(a).	
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau</li></ul>	ts have been received in App rity documents have been re J (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
** See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certifie	d copies not received.			
Attachment(s)				
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	3) Interview Sum	nmary (PTO-413)		
2) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/N	/lail Date		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-13)

Office Action Summary

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20160203

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1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent

provisions.

**Priority** 

This application, filed on 10/10/14, is a continuation of 14/183283, filed on 2/18/14.

14/183/283 is a continuation of 11/919678, filed on 10/31/2007. 11/919678 is a national

stage entry of PCT/JP2006/310571. A claim for foreign priority is also made to 2005-

153508, filed on 5/26/2005. A certified copy of the foreign priority document is on file.

Status of Claims and Response to Restriction Requirement

2. Claims 25-59 are currently pending as of the reply filed on 12/15/15. Claims 1-24

have been cancelled.

3. Applicant's election with traverse of the invention of Group I, claims 25-57 in the

reply filed on 12/15/15 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the

Office has failed to establish that a serious burden would exist if restriction was not

made between claims directed to a product and a process of use. Applicants have

further argued that a search of both inventions I and II would not be unduly burdensome

since a search of the subject matter of Group I would overlap with a search of the

subject matter of Group II. This is not found persuasive because inventions directed to a

product and a process of using that product can be shown to be distinct if either or both

of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be

practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be

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used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the oral preparation comprising lurasidone can be used for purposes other than treating psychosis or schizophrenia, such as for the treatment of anxiety disorder. Furthermore, the inventions are categorized in different CPC searching classes and subclasses; different inventive classes are required for searching the claimed product and method.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

4. Claims 58-59 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or

linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply

filed on 12/15/15.

5. Claims 25-57 were examined.

6. Claims 25-57 are rejected.

### Claim Rejections-35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. Claims 25-57 are rejected under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujihara et. al., EP 1327440 (publ. date 7/16/2003; cited in an IDS), in view of Allenspach et. al., US Pat. Publ. 2004/0186105 (publ. date 9/23/2004, cited in an IDS), and Nakamura et. al., WO 2004/017973 (publ. date 3/4/2004). Nakamura et. al. was published in Japanese; for convenience, an English translation of this publication will be discussed.

The claims are directed to an oral preparation comprising N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of formula (1); a pregelatinized starch; a water soluble excipient; and a water soluble polymer binder; wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45% (wt/wt), and the content of the pregelatinized starch in the preparation is 10-50% (wt/wt).

Fujihara et. al. teaches an oral composition having favorable disintegration characteristics comprised of a slightly water soluble active ingredient, such as

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lurasidone, along with a first disintegrant, a second disintegrant, and a water soluble polymer binder (Abstract; p. 4-5, paragraph [0008]). Fujihara et. al. teaches that the composition provides advantageous dissolution characteristics when ingested as well as rapid dissolution of the active ingredient even when the amount is varied in the range of several mg. to several tens of mg. (Abstract; p. 1, para [0001]). The first disintegrant is taught to include corn starch, microcrystalline cellulose, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, carboxymethyl starch sodium and crospovidone (p. 4, lines 6-9; p. 5, paragraph [0011]; p. 22, paragraph [0152], table 28). The first disintegrant is taught to comprise from about 5-300% by weight to the weight of the slightly water soluble active agent (p. 4, item 33). For a tablet having a weight of 137.7 mg., comprising 40 mg. of lurasidone, 5% by weight of the first disintegrant to the weight of lurasidone would be equivalent to about 1.45% by total weight of the tablet (p. 29, paragraph [0194-0195], Tables 44-45), which meets the content of disintegrant per tablet recited in instant claim 46. It is taught that one of the water soluble excipients includes sugar alcohols such as mannitol or lactose, D-sorbitol, erythritol, or xylitol (p. 3, paragraph [0007], items (18) and (21); p. 5, paragraph [0014]). The other disintegrant is taught as including excipients such as microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carboxymethyl starch sodium, and crosspovidone (p. 5, paragraph [0011]), and the water soluble polymer binder includes polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, and hydroxypropylcellulose (p. 4, lines 10-12; p. 5, paragraph [0010]). It is taught that the amount of lurasidone present in the oral composition is 40 mg., which is within the

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range instantly claimed (p. 5, paragraph [0015]; p. 22, paragraph [0152], Table 28), and that the average particle size of lurasidone is between 0.5 to 5 µm (p. 6, paragraph [0021]). It is taught that for a tablet of a weight of 137.7 mg., the amount of lurasidone present is 40 mg., which is approximately 29 % of the weight of the composition (p. 29, paragraph [0194-0195], Tables 44-45). The water soluble polymer binder is taught to comprise from about 1 to 10% by weight of the preparation (p. 4, lines 39-40), and water soluble excipients such as mannitol or lactose are taught to comprise from 200 to 2000 % by weight to the weight of lurasidone (p. 9, paragraph [0066]). Fujihara et. al. provides an example wherein lurasidone comprises 40 mg. of the tablet, while mannitol comprises 132 mg., of a total mass of 250 mg. for the tablet (p. 23, paragraph [0159], Table 32, Ex. 24). Thus, Fujihara teaches a water soluble excipient such as D-mannitol or lactose to comprise about 53% of the tablet (p. 23, paragraph [0159], Ex. 24 of Table 32; 132 mg./250 mg. is about 53%), which is within the content range of water soluble excipient cited in instant claims 33 and 47. Fujihara teaches the composition to comprise a lubricant selected from magnesium stearate, talc, or hydrogenated oil, in the range of 0.3 to 3% by weight to the total tablet weight (p. 7, paragraphs [0032-0033]). Fujihara provides an example formulation wherein the amount of the disintegrant crosscarmellose sodium is 4.8 % of the tablet weight (12 mg. for a 250 mg. tablet; p. 23, paragraph [0159], Table 32); therefore, the limitation of claim 47 is met. It is taught that the oral preparation comprises a granule, which is prepared by granulating the watersoluble polymer binder with the powdery mixture consisting of the active agent (lurasidone), a water soluble excipient, and another disintegrant (p. 3, paragraph [0007],

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items (11-13); p. 4, paragraph [0007], item (40)). Fujihara et. al. teaches that the preparation can be formulated as pills, granules, fine granules, capsules, tablets, etc. (p. 5, paragraph [0016]). Fujihara teaches preparing the composition comprising combining a water soluble polymer binder to a powder mixture consisting of a water soluble excipient, a first excipient, and a slightly water soluble active agent; preparation of granules is also taught to involve combining the excipient and the active ingredients in an aqueous suspension, as well in aqueous solution ([p. 3, paragraph [0007], items (4) and (10); p. 4, items (37) to (40)).

Fujihara does not explicitly teach the composition to comprise lurasidone at a content of greater than 40 mg. or pregelatinized starch. It is not explicitly taught that the similarity factor f2 of the composition is in the range of 50≤f2≤100 when a content of lurasidone per tablet changes over a range of 20 to 120 mg.

Allenspach et. al. teaches an oral composition comprising a drug of low water solubility and pregelatinized starch having low viscosity and/or exhibiting a multimodal particle size distribution (Abstract; p. 4, para [0044]). Allenspach teaches the composition to be suitable for a wide variety of drugs having low or slight water solubility (p. 2, para [0022]-p. 3, para [0023]). Starch 1500 is exemplified as a low viscosity pregelatinized starch; the composition is taught to comprise from about 1-50%, preferably about 2.5 to 30% by weight pregelatinized starch (p. 4, paragraphs [0045-0046]). Starch 1500 is included as a pregelatinized starch containing water soluble matter of 30% or less as well as having a pregelatinizing ratio of pregelatinized starch in the range of 50 to 95% (see the instant specification, paragraph [0016]); therefore, the

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teaching of Starch 1500 by Allenspach meets the limitations of instant claims 43 and 45. Allenspach teaches that the incorporation of low viscosity pregelatinized starch into the composition improves the dissolution rate (p. 2, paragraphs [0013-0014]; p. 9, paragraph [0110]). Tablets are taught (p. 2, paragraphs [0015] and [0020]). Allenspach teaches the low water solubility active drug and pregelatinized starch can be combined with any other desired excipients by blending the components as a powder or granules together to prepare a tablet (p. 5, paragraph [0063]).

Fujihara et. al. teaches an oral tablet composition comprising an active agent of low water solubility, of which lurasidone is exemplified, as well as the recited water soluble excipients, water soluble polymer binders, and lubricants recited in the instant claims. Allenspach teaches improving the dissolution rate of a tablet comprising a low water solubility active agent via the incorporation of a low viscosity pregelatinized starch, from about 1-50% by weight of the composition. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it prima facie obvious to have incorporated a low viscosity pregelatinized starch, such as Starch 1500, into the tablet composition taught by Fujihara, since lurasidone is an active agent having low water solubility, and Allenspach teaches the addition of a low viscosity pregelatinized starch to improve the dissolution rate of an oral composition comprising a low water solubility drug. As Allenspach teaches the amount of pregelatinized starch to range from 1-50% by weight of the composition, it would have been obvious to have incorporated pregelatinized starch into the Fujihara composition, in a content of 10-50% by weight, as recited in the instant claims.

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Fujihara does not explicitly teach the composition to comprise lurasidone at a content of greater than 40 mg.

Nakamura et. al. teaches the daily dose of the active compound, (1R,2S,3R,4S)-N-[(1R,2R)-2-[4-(1,2-benzothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-2,3-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane dicarboxyimide or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt for oral administration to range from 5 to 120 mg for the treatment of schizophrenia (see Abstract; p. 3 of 35, see 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph):

Although Fujihara teaches the oral composition to comprise from 5-40 mg. lurasidone, it would have been routine and obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to have adjusted the dose of lurasidone and to have increased the amount of this drug in the composition, as Nakamura teaches a daily dose of lurasidone in an oral composition, including a tablet, to range from 5-120 mg. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to have increased the amount of lurasidone in the composition of Fujihara up to 120 mg., as Nakamura teaches this dosage to be acceptable for oral preparations, including tablets. Furthermore, it would have been considered routine and obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to have established an optimum dose range for lurasidone and to have arrived at a dose of 160 mg., as Fujihara and Nakamura teach the dose of lurasidone to vary. Additionally, MPEP 2144.05 states "Generally, differences in concentration or

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temperature will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such concentration or temperature is critical". Also see In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). The instantly claimed composition comprising lurasidone from 20-45% by weight, a water soluble excipient, a water soluble polymer binder, and pregelatinized starch from 10-50% by weight exhibits a similarity factor f2 in the range of 50≤f2≤100 when a content of lurasidone per tablet changes over a range of 20 to 120 mg.; therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious that the prior art composition comprising lurasidone and pregelatinized starch within the claimed ratio content, a water soluble excipient, and a water soluble polymer binder from the combined teachings of Fujihara, Allenspach, and Nakamura would have exhibited the same characteristic. Fujihara teaches preparing an oral lurasidone preparation via the steps of instant claims 27 and 56-57, with the exception of the pregelatinized starch; Allenspach teaches combining the pregelatinized starch with the low water solubility active agent and additional excipients. Thus, it would have been prima facie obvious to have arrived at the steps of instant claims 27 and 56-57 by granulating a powder mixture of lurasidone, pregelatinized starch, water soluble excipient and water soluble polymer binder via a solution or suspension.

#### Claim Rejections-Obviousness Type Double Patenting

10. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the

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unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory double patenting rejection is appropriate where the claims at issue are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the reference application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement. A terminal disclaimer must be signed in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(b).

The USPTO internet Web site contains terminal disclaimer forms which may be used. Please visit http://www.uspto.gov/forms/. The filing date of the application will determine what form should be used. A web-based eTerminal Disclaimer may be filled out completely online using web-screens. An eTerminal Disclaimer that meets all requirements is auto-processed and approved immediately upon submission. For more

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information about eTerminal Disclaimers, refer to

http://www.uspto.gov/patents/process/file/efs/guidance/eTD-info-l.jsp.

Claims 25-57 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 8,729,085 (USP '085). The instant claims are directed to an oral preparation comprising 20-160 mg. of N-[4-[4-(1,2benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 10-50 weight % of pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. The claims of USP 8,729,085 (USP '085) are directed to an oral preparation which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 20-50 weight % of pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. Both the instant claims and the claims of USP '085 are directed to an oral preparation comprising lurasidone and pregelatinized starch in overlapping weight percentages, along with the additional components including a water soluble excipient and water soluble polymer binder; the

claims are thus not patentably distinguishable from each other.

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12. Claims 25-57 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11 of U.S. Patent No. 7,727,553 (USP '553), in view of Nakamura et. al., WO 2004/017973 (publ. date 3/4/2004; cited in the IDS), and Allenspach et. al., US Pat. Publ. 2004/0186105. The instant claims are directed to an oral preparation comprising 20-160 mg. of N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 10-50 weight % of pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. The claims of USP '553 are directed to an oral preparation comprising 5-40 mg. of N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride; a water soluble excipient selected from mannitol or lactose; a first disintegrant selected from corn starch, carmellose, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, crosspovidone, and carboxylmethyl starch sodium; a water soluble polymer binder selected from hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, and polyvinylpyrrolidone in an amount of 1-5% by weight of the composition; a second disintegrant selected from lactose, crosspovidone, carmellose sodium; wherein the first disintegrant is present from 5-300% by weight of the active agent; and the water soluble excipient is present in an amount of 200-2000% by weight of the active ingredient. For a 160 mg. preparation, 40 mg. of lurasidone would be equivalent to 40% by weight of the composition; 5% of first distintegrant by weight of lurasidone (40 mg.) would be 2 mg., and 2 mg. of corn

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starch, carmellose, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, crosspovidone, and carboxylmethyl starch sodium would be equivalent to about 1.25 % of a 160 mg. preparation. 200% of lactose or mannitol of 40 mg. of lurasidone would be equivalent to 80 mg. of lactose or mannitol, which would be equivalent to 50% of a 160 mg. preparation. Therefore, the content of mannitol or lactose; water soluble excipient; water soluble polymer binder and lurasidone recited in the claims of USP '553 overlaps with the content ranges recited in the instant claims. While the claims of USP '553 do not recite pregelatinized starch, it would have been prima facie obvious to have incorporated this starch into the composition claimed in the '553 patent in view of Allenspach. Allenspach teaches incorporating a low viscosity pregelatinized starch, from about 1-50% by weight of the composition, improves the dissolution characteristics for a low water solubility active agent (Abstract; p. 2, paragraphs [0013-0014]; p. 4, para [0044] and [0046]; p. 9, paragraph [0110]). Therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to have incorporated a pregelatinized starch, a water soluble excipient, a disintegrant, and a lubricant to the tablet composition claims of USP '553, at the content ratios recited in the instant claims. Although the claims of USP '553 do not recite lurasidone in an concentration greater than 40 mg., Nakamura et. al. teaches the daily dose of the active compound, (1R,2S,3R,4S)-N-[(1R,2R)-2-[4-(1,2-benzothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-2,3-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane dicarboxyimide or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt for oral administration to range from 5 to 120 mg for the treatment of schizophrenia (see Abstract; p. 3 of 35, see 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph):

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. Oral administration once a day is taught, as

well as tablet compositions (see p. 3 of 35, 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph; see p. 4 of 35, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph). Therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious to have incorporated up to 120 mg. of lurasidone into the composition claimed in USP '553, Nakamura teaches an oral composition comprising this amount of the drug. The instantly claimed composition comprising lurasidone from 20-45% by weight, a water soluble excipient, a water soluble polymer binder, and pregelatinized starch from 10-50% by weight exhibits a similarity factor f2 in the range of 50≤f2≤100 when a content of lurasidone per tablet changes over a range of 20 to 120 mg.; therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious that the composition claimed in USP '553 further comprising pregelatinized starch, as it is comprised of the same components, would have exhibited the same characteristic. The instant claims and the claims of USP '553 are therefore obvious variants of each other.

13. Claims 25-57 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of U.S. Patent No. 8,883,794 (USP '794). The instant claims are directed to an oral preparation comprising 20-160 mg. of N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 10-50 weight % of

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pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. The claims of USP 8,883,794 (USP '794) are directed to an oral preparation which comprises 20-120 mg. N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 20-30 weight % of pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. Both the instant claims and the claims of USP '085 are directed to an oral preparation comprising lurasidone and pregelatinized starch in overlapping weight percentages, along with the additional components including a water soluble excipient and water soluble polymer binder; the claims are thus not patentably distinguishable from each other.

14. Claims 25-57 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 25-50 of copending Application No. 14/733204 (reference application), in view of Fujihara et. al., EP 1327440 (publ. date 7/16/2003; cited in an IDS), and Allenspach et. al., US Pat. Publ. 2004/0186105. The instant claims are directed to an oral preparation comprising 20-160 mg. of N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone); a water soluble excipient; a water-soluble polymer binder; a disintegrant; and from 10-50 weight % of pregelatinized starch, wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20-45 weight %. The co-pending claims are directed to an oral tablet comprising from 20-120

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mg. of lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch, a water soluble excipient, a disintegrant, and a lubricant, wherein the tablet has a dissolution rate of at least more than 8-% at 30 minutes as measured according to Japanese Pharmacopoeia. The co-pending claims further recite the content ratio of lurasidone in the tablet to range from 20-45% by weight (see claim 26). Although the co-pending claims do not explicitly recite the content of water soluble excipient, water soluble polymer binder, disintegrant, lubricant, and pregelatinized starch, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have arrived at the content ratio of these components that overlap or are included in the contents recited in the instantly claimed composition, in consideration of the teachings of Fujihara and Allenspach. Fujihara teaches an oral composition having favorable disintegration characteristics comprised of a slightly water soluble active ingredient, such as lurasidone, along with a first disintegrant, a second disintegrant, and a water soluble polymer binder (Abstract; p. 4-5, paragraph [0008]). Fujihara et. al. teaches that the composition provides advantageous dissolution characteristics when ingested as well as rapid dissolution of the active ingredient even when the amount is varied in the range of several mg. to several tens of mg. (Abstract; p. 1, para [0001]). The compound N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) is taught as a slightly water soluble active agent in the oral preparation (p. 3, para [0007], item (41); pp. 4-5, para [0008]). The first disintegrant is taught to include corn starch, microcrystalline cellulose, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, carboxymethyl starch sodium and

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crospovidone (p. 4, lines 6-9; p. 5, paragraph [0011]; p. 22, paragraph [0152], Ex. 28). The first disintegrant is taught to comprise from about 5-300% by weight to the weight of the slightly water soluble active agent (p. 4, item 33). For a tablet having a weight of 137.7 mg., comprising 40 mg. of lurasidone, 5% by weight of the first disintegrant to the weight of lurasidone would be equivalent to about 1.45% by total weight of the tablet (p. 29, paragraph [0194], Table 44). It is taught that one of the water soluble excipients includes sugar alcohols such as mannitol or lactose, D-sorbitol, erythritol, or xylitol (p. 3, paragraph [0017], items (18) and (21); p. 5, paragraph [0014]). The other disintegrant is taught as including excipients such as microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carboxymethyl starch sodium, and crosspovidone (p. 5, paragraph [0011]), and the water soluble polymer binder includes polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, and hydroxypropylcellulose (p. 4, lines 10-12; p. 5, paragraph [0010]). It is taught that the amount of lurasidone present in the oral composition is 40 mg. (p. 5, paragraph [0015]; p. 22, paragraph [0152], Table 28), and that the average particle size of lurasidone is between 0.5 to 5 µm (p. 6, paragraph [0021]). It is taught that for a tablet of a weight of 137.7 mg., the amount of lurasidone present is 40 mg., which is approximately 29 % of the weight of the composition (p. 29, paragraph [0194], Table 44). The water soluble polymer binder is taught to comprise from about 1 to 10% by weight of the preparation (p. 4, lines 39-40), and water soluble excipients such as mannitol or lactose are taught to comprise from 200 to 2000 % by weight to the weight of lurasidone (p. 9, paragraph [0066]). Fujihara et. al. provides an example wherein lurasidone comprises 40 mg. of

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the tablet, while mannitol comprises 132 mg., of a total mass of 250 mg. for the tablet (p. 23, paragraph [0159], Table 32, Ex. 24). Thus, Fujihara teaches a water soluble excipient such as D-mannitol or lactose to comprise about 53% of the tablet (p. 23, paragraph [0159], Ex. 24 of Table 32; 132 mg./250 mg. is about 53%). Fujihara teachtes the composition to comprise a lubricant selected from magnesium stearate, talc, or hydrogenated oil, in the range of 0.3 to 3% by weight to the total tablet weight (p. 7, paragraphs [0032-0033]). Furthermore, Allenspach teaches incorporating a low viscosity pregelatinized starch, from about 1-50% by weight of the composition, improves the dissolution characteristics for a low water solubility active agent (Abstract; p. 2, paragraphs [0013-0014]; p. 4, para [0044] and [0046]; p. 9, paragraph [0110]). Therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to have incorporated a pregelatinized starch, a water soluble excipient, a disintegrant, and a lubricant to the tablet composition claimed in appl. '204, at the content ratios recited in the instant claims. Although the instant claims do not recite a process of preparing the oral tablet, and the co-pending claims recite a method of preparing the oral lurasidone tablet, since the product of the instant claims is an obvious variation of the product recited in the co-pending claims, it would have been obvious that that one of ordinary skill in the art would have arrived at the instantly claimed product by practicing the method claimed in the co-pending application. The instant claims and the co-pending claims are therefore not patentably distinct.

This is a provisional nonstatutory double patenting rejection because the patentably indistinct claims have not in fact been patented.

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**Information Disclosure Statements** 

15. The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on 11/12/14; 4/22/15; and

7/15/15 were filed and are of record. The submission is in compliance with the

provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statements have

been considered by the examiner.

Conclusion

16. Claims 25-57 are rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SARAH PIHONAK whose telephone number is (571)270-7710. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00 AM - 6:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on (571)272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1627

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1627

					Application/ 14/512,189			Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI		
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-892 (Rev. 01-2001) 20160203

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Notice of References Cited

Part of Paper No.

#### Complete if Known Application Number 14/512,189 October 10, 2014 Filing Date **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE** First Named Inventor Kazuyuki FUJIHARA STATEMENT BY APPLICANT Art Unit 1627 (Use as many sheets as necessary) Examiner Name Sarah PIHONAK 05273.0147-02000 Sheet Attorney Docket Number

	U.S. PATENTS										
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Issue or Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear						
		US-6,150,366	11-21-2000	Arenson et al.							

	U.S. PUBLISHED PATENT APPLICATIONS										
Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where						
Initials	No.3	Number-Kind Code <sup>4</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear						
		US-2004-0186105 A1	09-23-2004	Allenspach et al							

Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS											
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>5</sup> Number <sup>6</sup> Kind Code <sup>7</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>8</sup>						

NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS								
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	Translation <sup>6</sup>					
		GHOSH, Tapash K. et al., "Theory and Practice of Contemporary Pharmaceutics," CRC Press, Chapter 10, pg. 279-331 (2005).						
		GENNARO, Alfonso R., "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy," 19 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Mack Publishing Co., Chapter 92, Vol. II, pp. 1615-1620, [1995]						

Examiner	/SARAH	PIHONAK/	Date	02/04/2016
Signature		L LIIOINEMI)	Considered	02/04/2016

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

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### **BIB DATA SHEET**

#### **CONFIRMATION NO. 5575**

SERIAL NUME	BER	FILING OF			CLASS	GR	OUP ART	UNIT	ATTO	RNEY DOCKET
14/512,189	)	10/10/2			514		1627		052	<b>NO.</b> 273.0147-02000
		RUL	E							
APPLICANTS SUMITOM		NIPPON PH	ARMA CC	., LTD,	Osaka, JAPAN;					
INVENTORS Kazuyuki F	=UJIH#	ARA, Suzuka	-shi, JAPA	AN;						
** <b>CONTINUING DATA</b> ***********************************										
** <b>FOREIGN APPLICATIONS</b> ************************************										
** IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED ** 10/16/2014										
Foreign Priority claimed Yes No					STATE OR COUNTRY		SHEETS TOTAL DRAWINGS CLAIMS			INDEPENDENT CLAIMS
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	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Index of Claims	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627

<b>✓</b>	Rejected	-	Cancelled	N	Non-Elected	Α	Appeal
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Part of Paper No. : 20160203

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Index of Claims	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627

<b>✓</b>	Rejected	-	Cancelled	N	1	Non-Elected	Α	Appeal
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. : 20160203

# Search Notes



Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
Examiner	Art Unit
SARAH PIHONAK	1627

CPC- SEARCHED							
Symbol	Date	Examiner					
a61k31/496	2/4/16	s.p.					
a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095	2/4/16	s.p.					
c07d417/12	2/4/16	s.p.					

CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED					
Symbol	Date	Examiner			

US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED							
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner				

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
invention and claims search in stn, east	2/4/16	s.p.
inventor and assignee search in east, palm	2/4/16	s.p.

	INTERFERENCE SEARCH		
US Class/ CPC Symbol	US Subclass / CPC Group	Date	Examiner

/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1627

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20160203

14512189 - GAU: 1627

PATENT Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	) Confirmation No.: 5575
Filed: October 10, 2014	) )
Application No.: 14/512,189	Examiner: To Be Assigned
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	) Group Art Unit: 1615
n re Application of:	)

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

#### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicant brings to the attention of the Examiner the documents on the attached listing. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

The listed documents are of record in prior Application No. 14/183,283, filing date

February 18, 2014, upon which Applicant relies for the benefits provided in 35 U.S.C. § 120.

Accordingly copies are not enclosed.

Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making appropriate notations on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that each or all of the listed documents are material or constitute "prior art." If the Examiner applies any of the documents as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicant determines that the cited document(s) do not constitute

14512189 - GAU: 1627

Application No.: 14/512,189

Attorney Docket No.: 05723.0147-02

"prior art" under United States law, Applicant reserves the right to present to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such documents.

Applicant further reserves the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed documents, should one or more of the documents be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: November 12, 2014

Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257

(202) 408-4000

				Complete if Known		
				Application Number	14/512,189	
INFO	DRMATION D	ISCLOSU	IRE	Filing Date	October 10, 2014	
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	U.S. PATENTS							
	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where			
Initials	No.1	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear			
		US-4,600,579	07-15-1986	Salpekar et al.				
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		US-2004/0028741 A1	02-12-2004	Fujihara	,			

#### Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS									
Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>				
/S.P/		EP 1327440 A1	07-16-2003	Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited						
/S.P/		JP 08-325146	12-10-1996	Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co. Ltd.		Abs				
/S.P/		JP 2000-26292	01-25-2000	Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.		Abs				
/S.P/		WO 2004/078173 A1	09-16-2004	Shionogi & Co., Ltd.		Abs				
/S.P/		WO 01/76557 A1	10-18-2001	Sumitomo Pharma et al.						
/S.P/		WO 02/24166 A1	03-28-2002	Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited		Abs				

	NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS									
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.								
/S.P/		Request for Invalidation from invalidity proceedings in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation), August 5, 2012.	Yes							
/S.P/		Bi Dianzhou, Pharmaceutics, Edition 4, Beijing: People's Medical Publishing House, February 2003.	Yes							
/S.P/		"Application and Effect of Pregelatinized Starch in Tablets," Chinese Pharmaceutical Information, Vol.16, Issue 7, 2000, published in 2000	Yes							
/S.P/		"Use of Pregelatinized Starch in Tablet Manufacturing," Chinese Pharmaceutical Journal, Vol. 29, Issue 4, April 1994, published in April 1994.	Yes							
/S.P/		"Application of the Pregelatinized Starch in Capsules," Chinese Journal of Modern Applied Pharmacy, Vol. 8, Issue 1, February 1991, published in February 1991	Yes							
/S.P/		"In Vitro Dissolution and Bioavailability of Acyclovir Capsules Formulated with Pregelatinized Starch," Chinese Journal of Pharmaceuticals, 1998, 29(5), published on May 20, 1998.	Yes							
/S.P/		Dissolution of Drug Solid Preparation, "Factors Influencing Dissolution Rates," Wu Guangchen, Yue Zhiwei, People's Medical Publishing House, published in October 1994.	Yes							
/S.P/		Reply Brief from invalidity proceedings in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation), 2012	Yes							

				Complete if Known				
				Application Number	14/512,189			
INF	ORMATION D	ISCLOSU	IRE	Filing Date	October 10, 2014			
	TEMENT BY			First Named Inventor	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA			
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Sheet	2	of	2	Attorney Docket Number	05273.0147-02000			

/S.P/	October 25, 2012. cont'd from previous page	
/S.P/	Examination Decision on the Request for Invalidation in corresponding Chinese Application No. 200680018223.4 (original Chinese version and English-language translation), April 26, 2013.	Yes
/S.P/	EPO Communication dated Feb.1, 2012, with enclosed Supplemental Search Report, in EPO Appln. 11181100.6	
/S.P/	Kibbe, Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, Chapter 7, pp. 528-530 (2000)	
/S.P/	Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, 2nd edition, Vol. 491, The Pharmaceutical Press, 1994.	
/S.P/	Chueshov, V. 1., et al., "Manufacturing Technologies of Drugs," Promyshlennaya Technologiya Lekarstv, Vol. 2, pp 10-11 (1999).	partial
/S.P/	Russian Official Action (2009).	partial
/S.P/	Makino, T., et al., "Importance of Gelatinization Degree of Starch Past Binder in Hardness and Disintegration Time of Tablets," Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 43, No 3, pp 514-116 (1995).	

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- <sup>4</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.
- <sup>5</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.
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Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Defa ult Oper ator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L2	1	"9119820".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 13:26
L3	62	lurasidone with (amount\$1 or dose\$1 or dosage\$1)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:23
L4	46	tablet\$1 and I3	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:23
L5	7	"1535616".PN.	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:27
L6	1	"20150056284".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:22
L7	8649	a61k31/496.cpc.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:23
L8	16298	a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054, 2059,2095.cpc.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:23
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L14	23	lurasidone and I11	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:27
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L22	307	(("SUMITOMO") near3 ("DAINIPPON") near3 ("PHARMA") near3 ("CO") near3 ("LTD")).AS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:30

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S13	170	S11 and S12	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO;	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:45
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S18	15	(pregelatin\$7 near10 ratio) and S17	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:04
S19	28	(pregelatin\$7 near10 ratio) and S15	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:08
S20	13	S19 not S18	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:08
S21	4232	starch near2 ("1500")	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:11
S22	73	S15 and S21	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:11

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 Feb 2016 (20160203/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

CAplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2016.

CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB A preparation for oral administration comprises a pregelatinized starch comprising

N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone hydrochloride) as an active ingredient; a water-soluble excipient; and a water-soluble polymeric binder, where the preparation exhibits an invariant level of elution behavior even when the content of its active ingredient is varied. For example, tablets were

formulated containing lurasidone 80, mannitol 144, pregelatinized starch 80,

croscarmellose sodium 4, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 8, and Mg stearate 4 mg per tablet and film coated with a composition containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, titania, polyethylene glycol, and carnauba wax.

titania, polyethylene glycol, and carnauba wax.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1252571 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:13212

TITLE: Oral pharmaceutical compositions of lurasidone

INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

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                                         US 2014-14512189
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
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Dissolution

Particle size

Pharmaceutical coated tablets

Pharmaceutical granules

Pharmaceutical tablets

(oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile) 63-42-3, Lactose 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 9005-25-8D, Starch,

pregelatinized 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, Lurasidone hydrochloride

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile) OS.CITING REF COUNT: THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD 2.

(3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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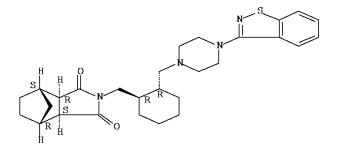
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                    LURATEX A 25/CN
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     ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN
    367514-87-2 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 07 Nov 2001
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
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     1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione
CN
     Lurasidone
FS
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MF
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CI
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SR
LC.
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       CHEMLIST, EMBASE, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
       USPATFULL
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Absolute stereochemistry.



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7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
241 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

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L4 1 9005-25-8/RN

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=> D L4 SQIDE 1-

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- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN
- RN 9005-25-8 REGISTRY
- CN Starch (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

- $\text{CN} \quad \alpha\text{-Starch}$
- CN 1000Y (starch)
- CN 75A
- CN 75A (polysaccharide)
- CN A 1FB004215
- CN Absorbo HP
- CN AccuGel
- CN Ace P 320
- CN ADM Clineo 716
- CN Aeromyl 115
- CN Agglofroid 009
- CN Agglofroid 313E
- CN Allbond 200
- CN Alphajel KS 37
- CN Alstar B
- CN Alstar E
- CN Alstar H
- CN Amaizo 100
- CN Amaizo 213
- CN Amaizo 310
- CN Amaizo 5
- CN Amaizo 71 CN Amaizo 710
- CN Amaizo W 13
- CN Amaizo w 13 CN Amalean I-A 2131
- CN Amalean I-A 7081
- CN Amerikor 818
- CN Amicoa
- CN Amidex 3001
- CN Amidex 3005
- CN Amidex 4001
- CN Amido-STA 1500
- CN Amidomax 4800

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CN
     Amigel 12014
     Amigel 30076
CN
CN
    Amijel VA 160
CN
    Amilofaks
CN
    Amilofax 00
CN
     Amilys 100
CN
    Amisol 3408
    Amycol HF
CN
CN
    Amycol K
CN
    Amycol W
     Amylex 20/20
CN
CN
    Amylofiber SH
CN
    Amylogel
CN
     Amylogel 03001
CN
     Amylogel 03003
    Amylogel HB 450
CN
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
    A high-polymeric carbohydrate material primarily composed of amylopectin
     and amylose. It is usually derived from cereal grains such as corn, wheat
     and sorghum, and from roots and tubers such as potatoes and tapioca. It
     includes starch which has been pregelatinized by heating in the presence
     of water.
     9057-05-0, 42616-76-2, 53112-52-0, 53262-79-6, 60496-95-9, 67674-80-0,
DR
     75138-75-9, 75398-82-2, 85746-25-4, 118550-61-1, 131800-97-0, 152987-55-8,
     154636-77-8, 730985-55-4, 730985-56-5, 730985-57-6, 955949-61-8,
     1309960-29-9, 1374255-25-0
MF
     Unspecified
CT
    PMS, COM, MAN
PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only
SR
                ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAPLUS,
LC
     STN Files:
       CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFIALL,
       IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PIRA, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
       USPATFULL, USPATOLD
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
DT.CA Caplus document type: Book; Conference; Dissertation; Journal; Patent;
       Preprint; Report
RL.P
       Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);
       CMBI (Combinatorial study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC
       (Miscellaneous); NANO (Nanomaterial); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP
       (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); PRPH (Prophetic); RACT
       (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in record)
RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: ANST (Analytical
       study); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC
       (Miscellaneous); NANO (Nanomaterial); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP
       (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); PRPH (Prophetic); RACT
       (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
       study); CMBI (Combinatorial study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative);
       MSC (Miscellaneous); NANO (Nanomaterial); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP
       (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or
       reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in record)
RLD.NP Roles for non-specific derivatives from non-patents: ANST (Analytical
       study); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC
       (Miscellaneous); NANO (Nanomaterial); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP
       (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or
```

Amigel

CN

reagent); USES (Uses)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

180930 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
16059 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
185020 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY

NOTICE SET TO OFF FOR DISPLAY COMMAND SET COMMAND COMPLETED

=>

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016
E LURASIDONE/CN
SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS

L2 1 S E3

L3 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016
L4

1 S 9005-25-8/RN
SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY
SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 3.20 21.81

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:35:15 ON 04 FEB 2016
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 Feb 2016 VOL 164 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 Feb 2016 (20160203/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015

CAplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2016. CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details. CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at: http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:41 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 S US 20150056284/PN T.1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS L2 1 S E3 L3 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016 T. 4 1 S 9005-25-8/RN SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:35:15 ON 04 FEB 2016 => s 12 or 13 241 T.2 116 L3 L5 301 L2 OR L3 => s 14L6 185020 L4 => s 15 and 16 L7 14 L5 AND L6 => s 17 and (ay<=2006 or py<=2006 or pry<=2006) 6029724 AY<=2006 27662969 PY<=2006 5523015 PRY<=2006 2 L7 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) => s 18 not 11 L9 1 L8 NOT L1 => d 19 abs ibib hitind hitstr ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN Disclosed are oral compns. containing a hardly water-soluble active ingredient and AB having favorable disintegration characteristics which comprise a molded solid

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

article (for example, granules) obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a first disintegrating agent and a water-soluble filler with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder and then mixing this molded solid article with a second disintegrating agent, or a molded solid article obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a disintegrating agent and a sugar alc. with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder. When orally administered, these prepns. show excellent elution of the active ingredient in the digestive tract. Moreover, these prepns. can show the same elution behavior at different contents of the active ingredient and thus enable the selection of the most suitable drug for each patient, which makes these prepns. highly useful in clin. medicine. A film-coated tablet was prepared form granules containing

N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazole-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-benzisothiazole-3-yl)

tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-

bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride 10, lactose 50, sodium croscarmellose 6 mg, and polyvinyl alc. 1.2 mg, calcium hydrogen phosphate anhydride 35, crystalline cellulose 17, and magnesium stearate 0.8 mg, and a coating material containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 1.95, titanium oxide 0.6, concentrate glycerin 0.45 mg, and carnauba wax q.s.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:240535 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:268164

TITLE: Oral compositions with favorable disintegration

characteristics

INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO	2002	0241	 66								) 2001-JP7983							<
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		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
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US 20040028741
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                                                A 20000922 <--
                                           CA 2001-2424001
                                                                A3 20010914 <--
                                           EP 2001-965637
                                                                A3 20010914 <--
                                           WO 2001-JP7983
                                                                W 20010914 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
IPCI A61K0009-16 [ICM, 7]; A61K0009-20 [ICS, 7]; A61K0009-30 [ICS, 7];
     A61K0031-496 [ICS,7]; A61K0045-00 [ICS,7]; A61K0047-10 [ICS,7];
     A61K0047-26 [ICS, 7]; A61K0047-30 [ICS, 7]
IPCR A61K0009-00 [I]; A61K0009-16 [I]; A61K0009-20 [I]; A61K0009-30 [I];
     A61K0031-496 [I]
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     63-42-3, Lactose 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 557-04-0, Magnesium stearate
IΤ
     7757-93-9, Calcium hydrogen phosphate 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol
     9003-39-8, Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9004-34-6, Crystalline cellulose,
     biological studies 9004-65-3, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose
     9005-25-8, Corn starch, biological studies 74811-65-7, Sodium
     croscarmellose 367514-88-3
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral compns. with favorable disintegration characteristics containing
        hardly water-soluble active ingredients)
    9005-25-8, Corn starch, biological studies
ΤТ
                                                  367514-88-3
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral compns. with favorable disintegration characteristics containing
        hardly water-soluble active ingredients)
RN
     9005-25-8 CAPLUS
     Starch (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
   367514-88-3 CAPLUS
CN
     4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
     piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (10 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:41 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 S US 20150056284/PN T.1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS 1 S E3 L2 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN L3 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 S 9005-25-8/RN T.4 SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:35:15 ON 04 FEB 2016 L5 301 S L2 OR L3 185020 S L4 L6 L7 14 S L5 AND L6 2 S L7 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) L8 1 S L8 NOT L1 T.9 => s (starch (s) pregelatin?) 302452 STARCH 13613 STARCHES 303770 STARCH (STARCH OR STARCHES) 3315 PREGELATIN? T.10 3083 (STARCH (S) PREGELATIN?) => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:41 ON 04 FEB 2016 L1 1 S US 20150056284/PN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS T.2 1 S E3 L3 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016 L41 S 9005-25-8/RN SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:35:15 ON 04 FEB 2016 301 S L2 OR L3  $L_5$ L6 185020 S L4 L7 14 S L5 AND L6 2 S L7 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) L8 1 S L8 NOT L1 L9 3083 S (STARCH (S) PREGELATIN?)

=> s 15 and 110 T.11 3 L5 AND L10 => s 111 and (ay<=2006 or py<=2006 or pry<=2006) 6029724 AY<=2006 27662969 PY<=2006 5523015 PRY<=2006 L12 1 L11 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) => s 112 not 11 0 L12 NOT L1 L13 => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:41 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 S US 20150056284/PN T.1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS L2 1 S E3 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN L3 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 S 9005-25-8/RN T.4 SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:35:15 ON 04 FEB 2016 301 S L2 OR L3 L5 L6 185020 S L4 L7 14 S L5 AND L6 2 S L7 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) 1 S L8 NOT L1 T.9 L10 3083 S (STARCH (S) PREGELATIN?) 3 S L5 AND L10 L11 L12 1 S L11 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006) 0 S L12 NOT L1 L13 => log hold (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:33:21 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:41 ON 04 FEB 2016 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON US 20150056284/PN T.1 D L1 ABS IBIB IT FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:20 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS L2 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON LURASIDONE/CN D L2 L3 13 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 367514-87-2/CRN DISPLAY SET NOTICE FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:34:57 ON 04 FEB 2016 L41 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 9005-25-8/RN

#### SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY D L4 SQIDE 1-SET NOTICE OFF DISPLAY

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L5	301	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L2 OR L3
L6	185020	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L4
L7	14	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5 AND L6
L8	2	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L7 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR
		PRY<=2006)			
L9	1	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L8 NOT L1
		D L9 ABS IB	BIB HITIN	D HITSTR	
L10	3083	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(STARCH (S) PREGELATIN?)
L11	3	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5 AND L10
L12	1	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L11 AND (AY<=2006 OR PY<=2006 OR
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L13	0	SEA SPE=ON	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L12 NOT L1
COST	IN U.S. DO	LLARS			SINCE FILE TOTAL
					ENTRY SESSION
FULL	ESTIMATED (	COST			34.46 56.27

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 10:36:51 ON 04 FEB 2016

Connecting via Winsock to STN at pto-stn on port 23

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:ssptasmp1617

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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NEWS	1	JAN	29	Instructor-led and on-demand STN training options available from CAS
NEWS	2	JAN	11	STN Express 8.6 Now Available
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NEWS	4	APR	15	USPATFULL/USPAT2 Now Include Corporate Patent Applicant Information
NEWS	5	MAY	22	Country Coverage in Derwent World Patent Index Extended to Include Turkey
NEWS	6	MAY	28	Partner with CAS to help shape the future of CAS products!
NEWS	7	JUL	2	Major Update to GBFULL Improves Quality of Full Text
NEWS	8	JUL	7	100 Millionth Small Molecule Added to CAS REGISTRY
NEWS	9	SEP	15	New Version of Emtree Introduces over 800 New Terms to Embase on Classic STN and New STN
NEWS	10	NOV	25	Change to PI field in CAplus records
NEWS	11	DEC	17	Latest Release of New STN Enhances Search Functionality, Workflow, and Efficiency
NEWS	12	JAN	11	PatentPak Now available to STN Express 8.6 and STN on the Web customers
NEWS	13	JAN	11	CAplus Family of Files Updated with New Data to Support PatentPak in STN

NEWS 14 JAN 14 The Derwent World Patents Index (DWPI): Latest Manual Code Revision is now live

NEWS EXPRESS 11 JAN 2016 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.6, AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 11 JAN 2016.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:25:15 ON 04 FEB 2016

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:25:15 ON 04 FEB 2016)

=> file registry
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.27 0.27

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:25:21 ON 04 FEB 2016
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 3 FEB 2016 HIGHEST RN 1859189-64-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 3 FEB 2016 HIGHEST RN 1859189-64-2

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/training/stn/database-specific

=> e lurasidone/cn

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E2
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E4
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CN
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CI
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     STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ANABSTR, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS,
LC
       CHEMLIST, EMBASE, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
       USPATFULL
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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

228 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
241 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> s 367514-87-2/crn L2 13 367514-87-2/CRN

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 10.25 10.52

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:25:48 ON 04 FEB 2016
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 Feb 2016 VOL 164 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 Feb 2016 (20160203/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

Caplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2016.

CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details.

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SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS

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L2 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN

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=> s 11 or 12

T.3

116 L2

301 L1 OR L2

20 001 21 01. 22

=> s 13 and (py<=2006 or pry<=2006 or ay<=2006)

27662969 PY<=2006 5523015 PRY<=2006 6029724 AY<=2006

L4 21 L3 AND (PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006 OR AY<=2006)

 $\Rightarrow$  d 14 abs ibib hitind hitstr 1-21

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB The invention relates to articles and related devices and systems having surface topog. and/or surface elastic properties for providing nontoxic bioadhesion control. An article includes a first plurality of spaced features arranged in a plurality of groupings including repeat units. The spaced features within a grouping are spaced apart at an average distance of about 1 nm to about 500  $\mu\text{m}$ , each feature having a surface that is substantially parallel to a surface on a neighboring feature separated from its neighboring feature. The groupings of features are arranged with respect to one another so as to define a tortuous pathway. The plurality of spaced features provide the article with an engineered roughness index of about 5 to about 20.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:1127861 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

Patent

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 153:440825

TITLE: Surface topographies for non-toxic bioadhesion control INVENTOR(S): Brennan, Anthony B.; Long, Christopher James; Bagan, Joseph W.; Schumacher, James Frederick; Spiecker, Mark

Μ.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Florida, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 64pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 567,103.

CODEN: USXXCO

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

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                                                                       A2 20061205 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
INCL 424400000; 428141000; 428143000
IPCI A61K0009-00 [I]; B32B0003-00 [I]; A61K0009-70 [I]; B63B0059-04 [I];
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NCL 424/400.000; 428/141.000; 428/143.000; 114/067.000R; 114/222.000
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467214-20-6, Alvespimycin 481658-94-0, Dirlotapide 486460-32-6,
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501948-05-6, Rosabulin 502422-74-4, Figopitant 506433-25-6, Depelestat
518048-05-0, Raltegravir 519055-62-0, Tasisulam 530927-56-9, Atilmotin 535962-66-4, Equalen 540534-85-8, Amphechloral 540769-28-6, Palosuran
557795-19-4, Sunitinib 566906-50-1, Beminafil 569351-91-3, Dasantafil
641571-10-0, Nilotinib 677017-23-1, Berubicin 678160-57-1, Zoticasone
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RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU
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367514-87-2, Lurasidone
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   (surface topogs. for nontoxic bioadhesion control)
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piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA
INDEX NAME)
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OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(6 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 115 THERE ARE 115 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB It is intended to provide a granular preparation which scarcely undergoes caking during preservation, namely, a granular preparation characterized by containing an active ingredient other than a biguanide-type drug, a sugar or a sugar alc., an organic acid and a specific water-soluble polysaccharide and being prevented from caking; and a method of preventing a granular preparation from caking which comprises adding a specific water-soluble polysaccharide to the active ingredient as described above, a sugar or a sugar alc. and an organic acid. For example, mosapride citrate dihydrate, mannitol, and malic acid were extrusion granulated and pullulan was added; after 4 day storage at 40°, no agglutination was observed

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:529939 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:503185

TITLE: Granular preparation prevented from caking INVENTOR(S): Matsui, Yasuhiro; Ikeda, Yuki; Ochiai, Yasushi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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IPCR A61K0009-14 [I]; A61K0047-10 [I]; A61K0047-12 [I]; A61K0047-26 [I];
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     , Lurasidone hydrochloride 609768-14-1 636582-62-2, Mosapride citrate
    dihydrate 914389-14-3
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
       (caking-free granular prepns. containing sugar alcs. and acids and
       polysaccharides)
ΤТ
    367514-88-3, Lurasidone hydrochloride
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (caking-free granular prepns. containing sugar alcs. and acids and
       polysaccharides)
RN
    367514-88-3 CAPLUS
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CN
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     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
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(2 CITINGS)

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

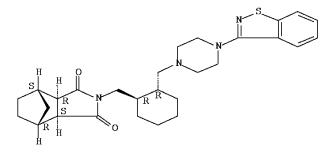
12

REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L4 ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN AB Disclosed are combinations and combination therapies for the treatment of insomnia in patients with psychotic disorders or with psychotic features, patients with bipolar depression, and patients with major depression with psychotic features. ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1363699 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:24465 TITLE: Melatonin agonist and antipsychotic agent combinations for treatment of insomnia Polymeropoulos, Mihael H.; Wolfgang, Curt D.; INVENTOR(S): Birznieks, Gunther; Phadke, Deepak Vanda Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ ----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2007137224 A2 20071129 WO 2007137224 A3 20080124 WO 2007-US69366 20070521 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2006-60747866 IPCI A61K0031-519 [I]; A01N0043-34 [I]; A01N0043-38 [I]; A61K0031-40 [I]; A61K0031-40 [I] IPCR A01N0043-34 [I]; A01N0043-38 [I]; A61K0031-40 [I]; A61K0031-40 [I] CC 1-11 (Pharmacology) 50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-52-2D, Thioridazine, metabolites 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies 50-53-3D, Chlorpromazine, metabolites 52-86-8, Haloperidol 52-86-8D, Haloperidol, metabolites 58-38-8, Prochlorperazine 58-38-8D, Prochlorperazine, metabolites 58-39-9, Perphenazine 58-39-9D, Perphenazine, metabolites 69-23-8, Fluphenazine 69-23-8D, Fluphenazine, metabolites 73-31-4, Melatonin 92-84-2D, Phenothiazine, derivs. 113-59-7, Chlorprothixene 113-59-7D, Chlorprothixene, metabolites 117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 117-89-5D, Trifluoperazine, metabolites 261-31-4D, Thioxanthene, derivs. 271-95-4D, 1,2-Benzisoxazole, derivs. 312-84-5, D-Serine 312-84-5D, D-Serine, metabolites 495-40-9D, Butyrophenone, derivs. 1393-25-5, Secretin 1393-25-5D, Secretin, metabolites 1977-10-2, Loxapine 1977-10-2D, Loxapine, metabolites 2062-78-4, Pimozide 2062-78-4D, Pimozide, metabolites 3313-26-6, Thiothixene 3313-26-6D, Thiothixene, metabolites 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine 5588-33-0D, Mesoridazine, metabolites 5786-21-0, Clozapine 5786-21-0D, Clozapine, metabolites

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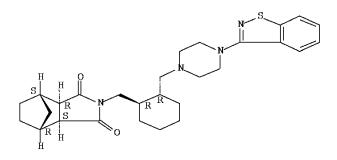
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     piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
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HC1

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2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-y1)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HC1

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

The invention relates to the use of the compound escitalopram (INN-name), i.e.  $(S)-1-[3-(\dim \operatorname{chylamino})\operatorname{propyl}]-1-(4-\operatorname{fluorophenyl})-1,3-\operatorname{dihydro}-5-$  isobenzofurancarbonitrile, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for improving cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1277443 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:515074

TITLE: Escitalopram for improving diminished cognition

processes

INVENTOR(S): Svensson, Hans Torgny
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): H. Lundbeck A/S, Den.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

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FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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WO 2007124757 A3 20080724
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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IPCI A61K0031-343 [I]; A61P0025-28 [I]; A61P0025-16 [I]; A61P0025-22 [I];
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      Levosulpiride 26615-21-4, Zotepine 26864-56-2, Penfluridol
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English

LANGUAGE:

39860-99-6, Pipotiazine 51012-32-9, Tiapride 53583-79-2, Sultopride 53772-83-1, Zuclopenthixol 59729-33-8, Citalopram 65576-45-6, Asenapine 66644-81-3, Veralipride 71620-89-8, Reboxetine 71675-85-9, Amisulpride 80125-14-0, Remoxipride 89419-40-9, Mosapramine 106266-06-2, Risperidone 106516-24-9, Sertindole 111974-69-7, Quetiapine 128196-01-0, Escitalopram 128196-01-0D, Escitalopram, salt 128196-02-1 129029-23-8, Ocaperidone 129722-12-9, Aripiprazole 132539-06-1, Olanzapine 132810-10-7, Blonanserin 133454-47-4, Iloperidone 144598-75-4, Paliperidone 146939-27-7, Ziprasidone 174636-32-9, Talnetant 221058-54-4, Y-931 264869-71-8, SLV 310 346688-38-8, ACR 16 350992-10-8, Bifeprunox 367514-87-2, 839712-12-8, RGH 188 932034-23-6, YKP 1358 949119-38-4. Lurasidone SLV 314 955400-63-2, GW 773812 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (escitalopram for improving diminished cognitive processes) 367514-87-2, Lurasidone ТТ RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (escitalopram for improving diminished cognitive processes) 367514-87-2 CAPLUS RN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB The invention discloses the use of the compound escitalopram (INN-name), i.e.  $(S)-1-[3-(\dim \operatorname{chylamino})\operatorname{propyl}]-1-(4-\operatorname{fluorophenyl})-1,3-\operatorname{dihydro}-5-$  isobenzofurancarbonitrile, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for improving cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1270852 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:496359

TITLE: Use of escitalopram for improvement of cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished

INVENTOR(S): Svensson, Hans Torgny
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): H. Lundbeck A/S, Den.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

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DOCUMENT TYPE:
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LANGUAGE:
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FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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US 2006-60746238 P 20060502 <--
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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IPCI A61K0031-343 [I]
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NCL 514/469.000
CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
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     piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA
      INDEX NAME)
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L4 ANSWER 6 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB A solution-type preparation comprises lurasidone or its acid addition salts, preferably hydrochloride salt, as an active ingredient and at least one substance selected from benzyl alc., N,N-dimethylacetamide, lactic acid and propylene glycol. The solns. comprise high concentration of lurasidone for the treatment of mental disorders.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1337840 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:68724

TITLE: Pharmaceutical solutions containing lurasidone INVENTOR(S): Otoda, Kazuya; Nakamura, Mayumi; Ariyama, Teruko;

Nakagawa, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 21pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

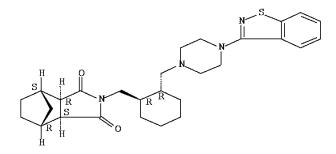
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2006-JP311739 WO 2006134864 A1 20061221 20060612 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM EP 1891956 EP 2006-766601 20080227 20060612 <--A1 EP 1891956 В1 20120829 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR KR 2008024118 Α 20080317 KR 2007-7028359 20060612 <--KR 1328857 В1 20131113 CN 101198331 Α 20080611 CN 2006-80021027 20060612 <--CN 101198331 В 20120502 JP 4866349 В2 20120201 JP 2007-521271 20060612 <--ES 2006-766601 ES 2390353 20060612 <--Т3 20121112 US 20090286805 20091119 US 2007-922015 20071212 <--

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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
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     A61K0047-16 [I]; A61P0025-18 [I]; A61P0025-28 [I]
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    Acetic acid, biological studies 100-51-6, Benzyl alcohol, biological
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     Lurasidone 367514-88-3, Lurasidone hydrochloride
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    4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
CN
     2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
     piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA
     INDEX NAME)
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RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-y1)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)



HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 19

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

A preparation for oral administration comprises a pregelatinized starch comprising AB N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-

tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-

bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone hydrochloride) as an active ingredient; a water-soluble excipient; and a water-soluble polymeric binder, where the preparation exhibits an invariant level of elution behavior even when the content of its active ingredient is varied. For example, tablets were formulated containing lurasidone 80, mannitol 144, pregelatinized starch 80, croscarmellose sodium 4, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 8, and Mg stearate 4 mg per tablet and film coated with a composition containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, titania, polyethylene glycol, and carnauba wax.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1252571 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:13212

TITLE: Oral pharmaceutical compositions of lurasidone

INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
IPCI A61K0031-496 [I]; A61K0009-20 [I]; A61K0047-10 [I]; A61K0047-26 [I];
     A61K0047-38 [I]; C07D0417-12 [I]
IPCR A61K0031-496 [I]; A61K0009-20 [I]; A61K0047-10 [I]; A61K0047-26 [I];
     A61K0047-38 [I]; C07D0417-12 [I]
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     63-42-3, Lactose 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 9005-25-8D, Starch,
    {\tt pregelatinized} \qquad 367514-87-2, \ {\tt Lurasidone} \qquad 367514-88-3
     , Lurasidone hydrochloride
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile)
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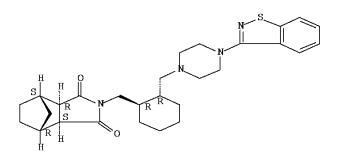
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367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, Lurasidone ΙT hydrochloride RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile) RN 367514-87-2 CAPLUS CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

367514-88-3 CAPLUS RN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 8 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

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The invention relates to new pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment and/or
     prevention of schizophrenia and methods for the preparation thereof. In a
     preferred embodiment, the instant invention is directed to pharmaceutical
     combinations comprising flibanserin as one active ingredient in combination with
     at least one addnl. active ingredient for the treatment and/or prevention of
     schizophrenia and methods for the preparation thereof.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2006:950847 CAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         145:342440
TITLE:
                         Pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment and/or
                         prevention of schizophrenia and related diseases
INVENTOR(S):
                         Pyke, Robert; Ceci, Angelo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH, Germany;
                         Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma Gmbh & Co KG
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 30pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
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LANGUAGE.
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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IPCI A61K0031-496 [I]; A61K0009-30 [I]; A61K0009-48 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I];
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     use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
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        schizophrenia and related diseases)
     367514-87-2 CAPLUS
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     INDEX NAME)
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RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
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(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)
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OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 ${\tt L4} - {\tt ANSWER}$  9 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN GI

AB Compds. I-III [Ring B = (un) substituted six-membered aryl or heteroaryl ring; Ring A = (un) substituted spirocycle or spiroheterocycle; X = O or NH, NNH2, etc.; Y = O, S, NH, etc.; Z = CHNO2, O, S, etc.; Z1 = H, Me, NH2, etc.] are disclosed as phosphodiesterase 7 (PDE7) inhibitors for use in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of neuropathic pain and to a method of treating neuropathic pain using an inhibitor of PDE7. Methods for preparing title compds. are given. Thus, e.g., IV was prepared by substitution of trans-3-[(benzyloxy)methyl]cyclobutyl p-toluenesulfonate (preparation given) with

8'-chloro-5'-hydroxy-1'H-spiro[cyclohexane-1,4'- quinazolin]-2'(3'H)-one

demonstrated a Ki value of 1.9 (nM). 2006:918625 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:315008 TITLE: Preparation of spiro[cyclohexane-1, 4'-quinazoline] derivatives for use as PDE7 inhibitors for the treatment of neuropathic pain Cox, Peter; Kinloch, Ross Anderson; Maw, Graham Nigel INVENTOR(S): Pfizer Limited, UK PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 108pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patient. LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_ WO 2006092691 A1 20060908 WO 2006-IB369 20060216 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM A1 20060908 AU 2006219643 AU 2006-219643 20060216 <--CA 2599662 Α1 20060908 CA 2006-2599662 20060216 <--EP 1855686 20071121 EP 2006-710434 20060216 <--A1 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR BR 2006007402 A2 20090901 BR 2006-7402 20060216 <--AR 53687 A1 20070516 AR 2006-100717 20060227 <--JP 2006241159 20060914 JP 2006-53415 20060228 <--Α B2 20100728 JP 4512052 ZA 2007007147 A 20081126 ZA 2007-7147 20070823 <--KR 2007107099 A 20071106 KR 2007-7020010 20070831 <--MX 2007010721 20071113 MX 2007-10721 20070831 <--Α IN 2007DN07221 20071012 IN 2007-DN7221 20070919 <--Α CN 101146539 20080319 CN 2006-80009067 20070920 <--A US 20090111837 20090430 US 2008-817528 20081106 <--A1 GB 2005-4209 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A 20050301 <--US 2005-60675761 20050427 <--Ρ W 20060216 <--WO 2006-IB369 ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:315008; MARPAT 145:315008 IPCI A61K0031-527 [I]; A61K0031-357 [I]; A61K0031-537 [I]; A61K0031-547 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I]; A61P0025-02 [I] IPCR A61K0031-527 [I]; A61K0031-357 [I]; A61K0031-537 [I]; A61K0031-547 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I]; A61P0025-02 [I] 28-16 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) CC Section cross-reference(s): 1 350992-10-8, Bifeprunox 351862-32-3, Sarizotan 364067-22-1 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 404385-91-7 415903-37-6 441351-27-5 556063-02-6, DPC 11870-11 620550-84-7 691010-00-1 691010-31-8 691010-34-1 691010-49-8 847727-81-5

followed by deprotection and oxidation In PDE7A inhibition assays, IV

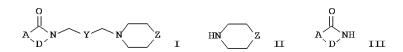
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (phosphodiesterase 7 inhibiting compds. useful in treatment of neuropathic pain) ΙT 367514-87-2, Lurasidone RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (phosphodiesterase 7 inhibiting compds. useful in treatment of neuropathic pain) 367514-87-2 CAPLUS RN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

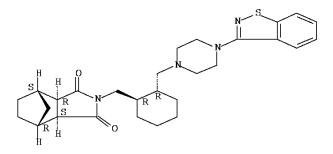
REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN  $\mbox{\rm GI}$ 



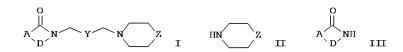
The imides I [A = C2-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene; D = C0, S02; Y = C1-2 alkylene; Z = (substituted) CH2, (substituted) NH], useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, senile psychosis, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc. (no data), are prepared by treatment of cyclic amines II (Z = same as above) with Y(CH2X)2 (X = anion-generating group; Y = same as above) in the presence of K2CO3 having sp. surface area <1.8 m2/g, and treatment of the resulting spiro quaternary ammonium salts with imides III (A, D = same as above) in the presence of solid inorg. bases. Thus, (1R,2R)-1,2-bis(methanesulfonyloxymethyl)cyclohexane was treated with 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazine in the presence of K2CO3 (sp. surface area 0.6 m2/g) and Bu4N+HSO4-, and treated with

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hexahydro(3aS, 4R, 7S, 7aR)-4, 7-methano-1H-isoindole-1, 3(2H)-dione in the presence
     of K2CO3 and H2O to give 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzoisothiazol-3-
     yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-
     methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione with yield of carbonic acid-derived byproduct
     1.5%.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2006:627401 CAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        145:83396
                        Preparation of imides as intermediates for
TITLE:
                        psychotropic agents
INVENTOR(S):
                        Ae, Nobuyuki; Bando, Hisashi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon
                        Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
SOURCE:
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
                        Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                        KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
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    JP 2006169155
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                              20060629
                                          JP 2004-362562
                       B2 20110622
    JP 4708012
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        CASREACT 145:83396; MARPAT 145:83396
IPCI C07D0471-10 [I]; C07D0417-12 [I]; C07B0061-00 [N]; C07D0487-10 [I];
    C07D0417-12 [I]; C07B0061-00 [N]
IPCR C07D0471-10 [I]; C07B0061-00 [N]; C07D0417-12 [I]; C07D0487-10 [I]
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    367514-87-2P, 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
    piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-
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        amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K2CO3 with predetd.
        sp. surface area)
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     1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents from cyclic
        amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K2CO3 with predetd.
        sp. surface area)
RN
    367514-87-2 CAPLUS
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CN
     2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
    piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA
     INDEX NAME)
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OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN



The imides I [A = C2-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene; D = C0, S02; Y = C1-2 alkylene; Z = (substituted) CH2, (substituted) NH], useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, senile psychosis, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc. (no data), are prepared by treatment of cyclic amines II (Z = same as above) with Y(CH2X)2 (X = anion-generating group; Y = same as above) in the presence of K2CO3 having average particle size (50%D)  $\leq$ 200  $\mu$ m, and treatment of the resulting spiro quaternary ammonium salts with imides III (A, D = same as above) in the presence of solid inorg. bases. Thus,

(1R,2R)-1,2-bis(methanesulfonyloxymethyl)cyclohexane was treated with 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazine in the presence of K2CO3 (50%D 11  $\mu m)$  and Bu4N+HSO4-, and treated with

hexahydro(3aS, 4R, 7S, 7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione in the presence of K2CO3 and H2O to give 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzoisothiazol-3-y1)-1-piperaziny1]methy1]cyclohexy1]methy1]hexahydro(3aS, 4R, 7S, 7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:627400 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:83395

TITLE: Preparation of imides as intermediates for

psychotropic agents

INVENTOR(S): Ae, Nobuyuki; Bando, Hisashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon

Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2006169154 JP 2004-362561 20041215 <--20060629 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2004-362561 20041215 <--MARPAT 145:83395 OTHER SOURCE(S): IPCI C07D0417-12 [I]; C07D0471-10 [I]; C07B0061-00 [N] IPCR C07D0417-12 [I]; C07B0061-00 [N]; C07D0471-10 [I] 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) Section cross-reference(s): 1 ΤТ 367514-87-29, 2-[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3-y1)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents from cyclic amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K2CO3 with predetd. sp. surface area) ΤТ 367514-87-2P, 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents from cyclic amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K2CO3 with predetd. sp. surface area) RN 367514-87-2 CAPLUS CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB A method of evaluating memory/learning functions with the use of a model with glutamic acid N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) type receptor dysfunction as an animal model of schizophrenia and with the use of reference memory problems, wherein there has been found concrete means for detecting any difference in activity between typical antipsychotic drug and atypical antipsychotic drug. There is provided an in vivo animal model for screening of an ameliorating agent for cognitive dysfunction by schizophrenia.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:962496 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:242037

TITLE: Method of in vivo screening of therapeutic agent for

```
memory/learning dysfunction by schizophrenia
INVENTOR(S):
                         Ishiyama, Takeo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
                         PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent.
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
IPCI G01N0033-50 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-445 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-496 [ICS,7];
     A61K0031-551 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-554 [ICS,7]; A61K0045-00 [ICS,7];
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     1-11 (Pharmacology)
                          5786-21-0, Clozapine 77086-22-7 106266-06-2,
     52-86-8, Haloperidol
     Risperidone 111974-69-7, Quetiapine 129722-12-9, Aripiprazole
     132539-06-1, Olanzapine 367514-87-2, Lurasidone
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
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        (method of in vivo screening of therapeutic agent for memory/learning
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     3675\overline{1}4-87-2, Lurasidone
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     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method of in vivo screening of therapeutic agent for memory/learning
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dysfunction by schizophrenia)
RN 367514-87-2 CAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1 piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

The present invention relates to methods of treating the underlying dysregulation of the emotional functionality of mental disorders (i.e. affect  $instability-hypersensitivity-hyperaes the sia-dissociative \ phenomena-\dots)\ using$ compds. and compns. of compds. having D4 and/or 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity. The invention also relates to methods comprising administering to a patient diagnosed as having a neuropsychiatric disorder a pharmaceutical composition containing (i) compds. having D4 antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity and/or (ii) compds. having 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic, and/or (iii) any known medicinal compound and compns. of said compds. The combined D4 and 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic effects may reside within the same chemical or biol. compound or in two different chemical and/or biol. compds. The combination can also be used to augment the therapeutic effect of or to provide a faster onset of the therapeutic effect of a selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitor, a norepinephrine re-uptake inhibitor, or a musculoskeletal disease-treating COX-2 inhibitor. Pharmaceutical compns. are also claimed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:474939 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:1317

TITLE: Method of treating mental disorders using D4 and

5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists

Buntinx, Erik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Belg.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 20050119253 A1 20050602 US 2003-725965 20031202 <--

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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
INCL 514220000; 514259410; 514419000; 514217000; 514469000; 514317000;
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IPCI A01N0043-46 [I]; A01N0043-26 [I]; A01N0033-02 [I]; A01N0033-24 [I];
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IPCR A61K0031-00 [I]; A61K0031-343 [I]; A61K0031-445 [I]; A61K0031-4545 [I];
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В2

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology) Section cross-reference(s): 63 50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies ΤТ 52-86-8, Haloperidol 58-39-9, Perphenazine 69-23-8, Fluphenazine 117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine 71675-85-9, Amisulpride 84225-95-6, Raclopride 111974-69-7, Quetiapine 129722-12-9, Aripiprazole 130579-75-8, Eplivanserin 132810-10-7, Blonanserin 133454-47-4, Iloperidone 146362-70-1, SR-48692 149409-57-4, NE-100 150915-41-6, Perospirone 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168273-06-1, SR-141716 170858-33-0, Sonepiprazole 202720-27-2, SR 209481-20-9, SB-271046 209745-47-1, Lu 35-138 31742 211735-76-1, CX 691 220120-14-9, E-5842 350992-13-1 351862-32-3, Sarizotan 367514-88-3, SM 13496 441351-21-9, CP 361428 441351-23-1, WAY 135452 441351-24-2, BSF 201640 441351-25-3, BSF 190555 441351-26-4, 441351-27-5, Balaperidone LAX 101a RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as neuroleptic agent, augmenting therapeutic effect of; treating underlying dysregulation of emotional functionality of mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists) 367514-88-3, SM 13496 ΤТ RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as neuroleptic agent, augmenting therapeutic effect of; treating underlying dysregulation of emotional functionality of mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists) RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

B The present invention relates to methods of treating of the underlying dysregulation of the emotional functionality of mental disorders (i.e. affect instability-hypersensitivity-hyperaesthesia-dissociative phenomena-...) using compds. and compns. of compds. having D4 and/or 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial

agonistic or inverse agonistic activity. The invention also relates to methods comprising administering to a patient diagnosed as having a neuropsychiatric disorder a pharmaceutical composition containing (i) compds. having D4 antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity and/or (ii) compds. having 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic, and/or (iii) any known medicinal compound and compns. of said compds. The combined D4 and 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic effects may reside within the same chemical or biol. compound or in two different chemical and/or biol. compds. The combination can also be used to augment the therapeutic effect of or to provide a faster onset of the therapeutic effect of a selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitor, a norepinephrine re-uptake inhibitor, an NK1 antagonist, or a musculoskeletal disease-treating COX-2 inhibitor. Pharmaceutical compns. are also claimed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:474936 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:1315

TITLE: Method of treating mental disorders using D4 and

5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial

agonists

INVENTOR(S): Buntinx, Erik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Belg.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

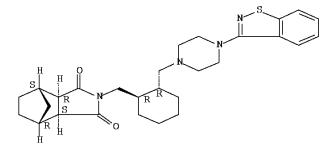
Ser. No. 725,965. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7
PATENT INFORMATION:

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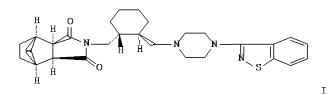
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
INCL 514217000; 514220000; 514259410; 514469000; 514317000; 514649000
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NCL 514/217.000; 514/220.000; 514/259.410; 514/317.000; 514/469.000;
     514/649.000; 514/232.800; 549/467.000
CC
    1-11 (Pharmacology)
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     50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies
    52-86-8, Haloperidol 58-39-9, Perphenazine 69-23-8, Fluphenazine
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     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
    piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
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● HCl

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)

 ${\tt L4} - {\tt ANSWER} \ 15$  OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN GI



AB Claimed is a process for producing the title compound I.HCl or enantiomers thereof by treating I or enantiomers thereof with an aqueous hydrochloric acid solution in a hydrophilic solvent and crystallizing I.HCl or enantiomers thereof. I.HCl is a psychotropic agent (no data). Thus, I in acetone was heated under reflux; an aqueous HCl solution was added over 15 min to the solution of I in acetone at 55°C; the resulting solution was stirred at  $60^{\circ}$ C for 1 h; said solution was cooled to  $0^{\circ}$ C and stirred at  $0^{\circ}$ C for 1 h to give I.HCl.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:99501 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:198101

TITLE: Process for producing

 ${\tt benzisothiazolylpiperazinylmethylcyclohexylmethylbicyc}$ 

 ${\tt loheptanedicarboxyimide\ hydrochloride}$ 

INVENTOR(S): Kakiya, Yuzo; Oda, Mayumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

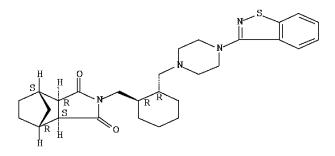
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
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OTHER SOURCE(S):
IPCI C07D0417-12 [ICM, 7]; A61K0031-496 [ICS, 7]; A61P0025-28 [ICS, 7];
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IPCR A61K0031-496 [I]; A61P0025-28 [I]; C07D0417-12 [I]
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     Section cross-reference(s): 1
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     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
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     7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, reactions
                                              367514-87-2
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        (crystallization of
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        tanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride)
     367514-88-3P
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        (crystallization of
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        tanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride)
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RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS
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2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 367514-87-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crystallization of

 ${\tt benzisothiazolylpiperazinylmethylcyclohexylmethylbicyclohep}$ 

tanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride)

RN 367514-87-2 CAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-y1)-1-

piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(10 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

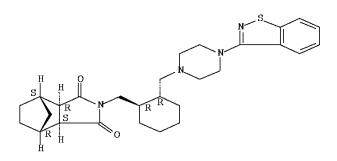
L4 ANSWER 16 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

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It is intended to provide a novel method of treating integration dysfunction
AB
          syndrome. Namely, 5 mg to 120 mg/day of an active compound
          (1R, 2S, 3R, 4S) - N - [(1R, 2R) - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - benzoisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (1R, 2R) - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - benzoisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (1R, 2R) - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - benzoisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (1R, 2R) - (1R
          piperazinylmethyl]-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-2,3-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane
          dicarboxyimide or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt (for example,
          hydrochloride) is orally administered to a patient with integration dysfunction
         syndrome once a day. According to this method, broad symptoms of integration dysfunction syndrome, in particular, pos. symptoms and neg. symptoms, can be
          ameliorated without causing any extrapyramidal reactions.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                            2004:182710 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                            140:210810
                                            Remedy for integration dysfunction syndrome
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                                            Nakamura, Mitsutaka; Ogasa, Masaaki; Sami, Shunsuke
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                            Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan
                                            PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
SOURCE:
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DOCUMENT TYPE:
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LANGUAGE:
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FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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Section cross-reference(s): 63

367514-88-3 IΤ RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (remedy for integration dysfunction syndrome) ΙT 367514-88-3 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (remedy for integration dysfunction syndrome) RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, CN 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-v1)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),

Absolute stereochemistry.



(3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB The invention discloses a treatment for schizophrenia. It has been discovered that schizophrenia will respond to the combination of an atypical antipsychotic, e.g. olanzapine, and a valproate compound, e.g. divalproex sodium. This combination is especially useful for alleviating the acute symptoms of schizophrenia. The invention also extends to new formulations containing an antipsychotic in

combination with a valproate compound

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:633455 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:159958

TITLE: Valproate compound-atypical antipsychotic agent combination therapy for treatment of schizophrenia

INVENTOR(S): Sommerville, Kenneth W.; Gilbert, Adrienne L.; Tracy,

Katherine A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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                                          EP 2003-737557
                                                                   20030129 <--
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IPCI A61K0031-19 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-55 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7];
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    Quetiapine 129722-12-9, Aripiprazole
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     132539-06-1, Olanzapine 132810-10-7, Blonanserin 133454-47-4,
     Iloperidone 139290-65-6, MDL 100907 146939-27-7, Ziprasidone
     150915-41-6, Perospirone 367514-88-3, SM-13496 573990-60-0
     573990-61-1
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (valproate compound-atypical antipsychotic agent combination therapy for
        treatment of schizophrenia)
ΙT
     367514-88-3, SM-13496
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     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (valproate compound-atypical antipsychotic agent combination therapy for
        treatment of schizophrenia)
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CN
     4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
    piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

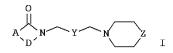
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(2 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

T. 4 ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN GT



Imides I [A = (un)] substituted C2-4 alkylene, (un) substituted C2-4 alkenylene; D = CO, SO2; Y = (un)substituted C1-2 alkylene; Z = (un)substituted CH2, (un) substituted  $\operatorname{NH}$ ], useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc., are prepared by treatment of imides II (A, D = same as above) with quaternary ammonium salts III (Y, Z = same as above; X- = anion) in the presence of solid inorg. bases and H2O in aromatic hydrocarbon solvents. Thus, MePh solution of 4'-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-(3aR,7aR)-octahydrospiro[2H-isoindole-2,1'-piperazinium] methanesulfonate was refluxed with hexahydro-(3aS, 4R, 7S, 7aR)-4, 7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, K2CO3, and H2O for 2 h to give 83% 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-y1)-1-(1-x]]]piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:424505 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:6890

TITLE: Preparation of imides as intermediates for

psychotropic agents

INVENTOR(S): Kiyoshima, Yujiro; Bando, Hisashi

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Sumitomo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

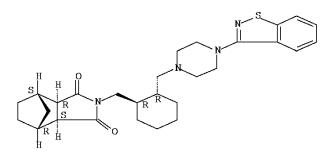
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2003160583 Α 20030603 JP 2001-360426 20011127 <--JP 4175800 В2 20081105 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-360426 20011127 <-- OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:6890 IPCI C07D0417-12 [I] IPCR C07D0417-12 [I] 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) Section cross-reference(s): 1 367514-87-2P 535933-87-0P, N-[[2-[[4-(1,2-Benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents in presence of solid inorg. bases and water) IΤ 367514-87-2P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents in presence of solid inorg. bases and water) RN 367514-87-2 CAPLUS CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

 ${\tt L4}$   $\,$  ANSWER 19 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB A composition comprising: (a) a pharmaceutically effective amount of one or more norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors or a salt; and (b) 1 or more neuroleptics is provided. The composition is useful in treating disorders or diseases of the central nervous system, and particularly useful in treating schizophrenia. A pharmaceutical composition was prepared by combining reboxetine with a neuroleptic in an acceptable carrier. The composition contains 0.01-10 mg rebexetine and 25-300 mg clozapine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:521465 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:98994

TITLE: Pharmaceuticals containing a combination of

norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors and neuroleptics

INVENTOR(S): Wong, Erik Ho Fong; Gallen, Christopher C.; Svensson,

Torgny

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn Company, USA; Pharmacia AB

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ ---------\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2002053140 A2 20020711 WO 2002053140 A3 20021024 WO 2001-US45871 20011227 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2431041 A1 20020711 CA 2001-2431041 20011227 <-AU 2002232470 A1 20020716 AU 2002-232470 20011227 <-AU 2002232470 B2 20051103
EP 1353675 A2 20031022 EP 2001-991997 20011227 <--R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR JP 2004517112 Τ 20040610 JP 2002-554091 20011227 <--NZ 526801 20050729 NZ 2001-526801 20011227 <--Α A1 20021024 B2 20051115 US 20020156067 US 2001-35100 20011228 <--US 6964962 A 20050908 A1 20060105 MX 2003006003 MX 2003-6003 20030702 <--US 20060003992 US 2005-219901 20050906 <--P 20010102 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-60259286 W 20011227 <--WO 2001-US45871 US 2001-35100 A3 20011228 <--ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT IPCI A61K0031-00 [ICM, 7] IPCR A61K0031-135 [I]; A61K0031-138 [I]; A61K0031-165 [I]; A61K0031-185 [I]; A61K0031-343 [I]; A61K0031-352 [I]; A61K0031-381 [I]; A61K0031-40 [I]; A61K0031-407 [I]; A61K0031-435 [I]; A61K0031-439 [I]; A61K0031-4418 [I]; A61K0031-451 [I]; A61K0031-454 [I]; A61K0031-497 [I]; A61K0031-517 [I]; A61K0031-519 [I]; A61K0031-522 [I]; A61K0031-535 [I]; A61K0031-5375 [I]; A61K0031-5415 [I]; A61K0031-55 [I]; A61K0031-5513 [I]; A61K0031-554 [I]; A61K0045-06 [I]; A61P0003-04 [I]; A61P0009-12 [I]; A61P0013-00 [I]; A61P0015-00 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I]; A61P0025-06 [I]; A61P0025-18 [I]; A61P0025-20 [I]; A61P0025-24 [I]; A61P0025-30 [I]; A61P0037-00 [I] CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 1 50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies 51-41-2, Norepinephrine 52-86-8, Haloperidol 58-39-9, Perphenazine 69-23-8, Fluphenazine 117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine 5786-21-0, Clozapine 7182-51-6, Talopram 21489-20-3, Talsupram 21489-22-5, Prindamine 24526-64-5, Nomifensine 26615-21-4, Zotepine 37751-39-6, Ciclazindol 42408-79-7, Pirandamine 42408-80-0,

Tandamine 46817-91-8, Viloxazine 70384-91-7, Lortalamine 71620-89-8,

84225-95-6, Raclopride 85650-56-2, ORG-5222 92623-85-3, Milnacipran 93413-69-5, Venlafaxine 98819-76-2 105182-45-4, Fluparoxan

Reboxetine 71675-85-9, Amisulpride 83015-26-3, Tomoxetine

106266-06-2, Risperidone 106516-24-9, Sertindole 111974-69-7, Quetiapine 116539-59-4, Duloxetine 129722-12-9, Aripiprazole 130579-75-8, Eplivanserin 132539-06-1, Olanzapine 132810-10-7,

Blonanserin 133454-47-4, Iloperidone 146362-70-1, SR-48692 146939-27-7, Ziprasidone 149409-57-4, NE-100 150915-41-6, R 150915-41-6, Perospirone 168273-06-1, SR-141716 160492-56-8, Osanetant 170858-33-0, 200398-40-9, S-18327 202720-27-2, SR 31742 Sonepiprazole 209481-20-9, SB-271046 209745-47-1, Lu 35-138 211735-76-1, CX-691 220120-14-9, E-5842 350992-13-1, DU-127090 351862-32-3, Sarizotan 367514-88-3 441351-21-9, CP 361428 441351-23-1, WAY 135452 441351-24-2, BSF 201640 441351-25-3, BSF 190555 441351-26-4, LAX 101a 441351-27-5, Balaperidone RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceuticals containing combination of norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors and neuroleptics) IΤ 367514-88-3 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceuticals containing combination of norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors and neuroleptics) 367514-88-3 CAPLUS RN CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (14 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB Disclosed are oral compns. containing a hardly water-soluble active ingredient and having favorable disintegration characteristics which comprise a molded solid article (for example, granules) obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a first disintegrating agent and a water-soluble filler with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder and then mixing this molded solid article with a second disintegrating agent, or a molded solid article obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a disintegrating agent and a sugar alc. with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder. When orally administered, these prepns. show excellent elution of the active ingredient in the digestive tract. Moreover, these prepns. can show the same elution behavior at different contents

of the active ingredient and thus enable the selection of the most suitable drug for each patient, which makes these prepns. highly useful in clin. medicine. A film-coated tablet was prepared form granules containing N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazole-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R, 2'S, 3'R, 4'S)-2, 3bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride 10, lactose 50, sodium croscarmellose 6 mg, and polyvinyl alc. 1.2 mg, calcium hydrogen phosphate anhydride 35, crystalline cellulose 17, and magnesium stearate 0.8 mg, and a coating material containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 1.95, titanium oxide 0.6, concentrate glycerin 0.45 mg, and carnauba wax q.s. ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:240535 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:268164 TITLE: Oral compositions with favorable disintegration characteristics INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp. SOURCE . CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A1 20020328 WO 2001-JP7983 WO 2002024166 20010914 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A1 20020328 CA 2824077 CA 2001-2824077 20010914 <--CA 2824077 С 20160126 A 20020402 A1 20030320 AU 2001086237 Α AU 2001-86237 20010914 <--CA 2424001 CA 2001-2424001 20010914 <--CA 2424001 С 20131022 EP 1327440 A1 20030716 EP 2001-965637 20010914 <--EP 1327440 B1 20090513 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR EP 1974724 A2 20081001 EP 2008-156778 20010914 <--EP 1974724 A3 20081112

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TW 2001-123036

TW 2005-103731

US 2003-381036

JP 2000-288234

CA 2001-2424001

EP 2001-965637

WO 2001-JP7983 W 20010914 <-ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
IPCI A61K0009-16 [ICM,7]; A61K0009-20 [ICS,7]; A61K0009-30 [ICS,7];

20090515

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T3 20090916

B2 20120201

A1 20040212

B2 20100601

NL, PT, SE, TR

Т

В

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ES 2325764

JP 4868695

TW I289062

TW I289063

US 7727553

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 20040028741

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Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (10 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

AB Disclosed are pH-independent sustained release prepns. capable of releasing a drug independently from the pH value in the gastric tract. These sustained release prepns. are characterized in that a drug-containing core is coated with (1) a first layer made of a water-insol. polymer, and (2) a second layer made of an enteric polymer and a water-soluble polymer. Core granules were prepared containing perospirone HCl, crystalline cellulose, PVP, starch and silica. The granules were coated with a first composition containing Et cellulose, talc, tri-Et citrate, ethanol, and water, and then a second composition containing methacrylate copolymer, PVP, sucrose ester, Macrogol 6000, and water.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:762782 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

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DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        135:322722
TITLE:
                        Coating agents for sustained-release oral preparations
                        containing basic drugs
INVENTOR(S):
                        Nishii, Hiroyuki; Kobayashi, Hirohisa; Otoda, Kazuya
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
                        PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Pat.ent.
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
    WO 2001076557 Δ1 ΩΔΤΕ
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                                                                 DATE
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            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
            LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
            SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          JP 2000-107671 A 20000410 <--
IPCI A61K0009-14 [ICM, 7]; A61K0009-16 [ICS, 7]; A61K0009-36 [ICS, 7]; A61K0047-32
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     A61K0031-506 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-5377 [ICS,7]
IPCR A61K0009-28 [I]; A61K0009-36 [I]; A61K0009-50 [I]
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    9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone
     9004-35-7, Cellulose acetate 9004-38-0, Cellulose acetate phthalate
     9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose 9004-64-2, Hydroxypropyl cellulose
     9004-65-3, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose 9004-67-5, Methyl cellulose
     21829-25-4, Nifedipine 25086-15-1, Methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate
    copolymer 25212-88-8, Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer
     37205-99-5, Carboxymethyl ethyl cellulose 68377-91-3, Arotinolol
    hydrochloride 68377-92-4, Arotinolol 71138-97-1, Hydroxypropyl methyl
     cellulose acetate succinate 87760-53-0, Tandospirone
    Levofloxacin 112457-95-1, Tandospirone citrate 129273-38-7
     150915-41-6, Perospirone 367514-87-2 367514-88-3
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polymeric coating agents for sustained-release oral prepns. containing
        basic drugs)
TТ
    367514-87-2 367514-88-3
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polymeric coating agents for sustained-release oral prepns. containing
        basic drugs)
RN
    367514-87-2 CAPLUS
    4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-
     piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)- (CA
     INDEX NAME)
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 ${\tt Absolute \ stereochemistry.}$ 

RN 367514-88-3 CAPLUS
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2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:25:21 ON 04 FEB 2016

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L1 1 S E3

L2 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:25:48 ON 04 FEB 2016

L3 301 S L1 OR L2

L421 S L3 AND (PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006 OR AY<=2006) => log hold (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:25:15 ON 04 FEB 2016) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:25:21 ON 04 FEB 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON LURASIDONE/CN L1 D L1 13 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 367514-87-2/CRN L2 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:25:48 ON 04 FEB 2016 301 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2 21 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND (PY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006 OR L3 L4AY <= 2006)

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ENTRY

180.53

TOTAL SESSION

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SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:27:56 ON 04 FEB 2016

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

14512189 - GAU: 1627

PATENT Attorney Docket No. 05273.0147-02

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:		
Kazuyuki FUJIHARA		) Group Art Unit: 1627
Application No.: 14/512,18	9	) Examiner: Sarah, PIHONAK
Filed: October 10, 2014	;	) ) Confirmation No.: 5575
For: PHARMACEUTICA	AL COMPOSITION	) Confirmation No.: 5575
	:	) ) <mark>VIA EFS-WEB</mark>

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Commissioner:

## INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicants bring to the attention of the Examiner the document on the attached form. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

A copy of the listed non patent literature document is attached. A copy of each of the listed U.S. patent publications is not enclosed pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2)(ii).

Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making an appropriate notation on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that the listed document is material or constitutes "prior art." If the Examiner applies the document as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicants determine that the cited document does not constitute "prior art" under United

14512189 - GAU: 1627

Application No.: 14/512,189

Attorney Docket No.: 05723.0147-02

States law, Applicants reserve the right to present to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such document.

Applicants further reserve the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed document, should the document be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: July 15, 2015

By: Outo Jennifer R. Gupta Reg. No. 54,257

#### Complete if Known Application Number 14/512,189 Filing Date October 10, 2014 **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE** Kazuyuki FUJIHARA First Named Inventor STATEMENT BY APPLICANT Art Unit 1627 (Use as many sheets as necessary) Sarah PIHONAK Examiner Name Sheet Attorney Docket Number 05273.0147-02000

	U.S. PATENTS					
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Issue or Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	

U.S. PUBLISHED PATENT APPLICATIONS						
Examiner Cite Document Number Issue or Name of Patentee or Pages, Columns, Lines,						
Initials	No.3	Number-Kind Code <sup>4</sup> (if known)	Publication Date Applicant of Cited Document MM-DD-YYYY		Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	
		US-2003/0203020 A1	10-30-2003	Ortyl et al.		
		US-2005/0147669 A1	07-07-2005	Lawrence et al.		

Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Patent Document  Country Code <sup>6</sup> Number <sup>6</sup> Kind Code <sup>7</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>8</sup>	

NONPATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS				
Translation <sup>6</sup>	Examiner Initials	Examiner Initials		
	GOHIL, Usha C. et al., "Investigations into the use of pregelatinised starch to deveop powder-filled hard capsules," International Journal of Pharmaceutics 285 (2004) pp. 51-63.			
+				

Examiner	/SARAH	PIHONAK/	Date	02/04/2016
Signature	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

## PTO Notes regarding this form:

<sup>1</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional).

<sup>2</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <u>www.uspto.gov</u> or MPEP 901.04.

<sup>3</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional).

<sup>4</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <u>www.uspto.gov</u> or MPEP 901.04.

<sup>5</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3).

<sup>6</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.

<sup>7</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.

<sup>8</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached. This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO:** Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

# TRANSMITTAL FOR POWER OF ATTORNEY TO ONE OR MORE REGISTERED PRACTITIONERS

<u>NOTE</u>: This form is to be submitted with the Power of Attorney by Applicant form to identify the application to which the Power of Attorney is directed, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.5. If the Power of Attorney by Applicant form is not accompanied by this transmittal form or an equivalent, the Power of Attorney will not be recognized in the application.

Filing Date	October 10, 2014					
Issue Date						
First Named Inventor	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA					
Title	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION					
Art Unit	1627					
Examiner Name	PIHONAK, SARAH					
Attorney Docket Number	472299US40CONT					
SIC	GNATURE of Applicant or Patent	Practitioner	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Signature	/Yuki Onoe/	Date	07/18/16			
Name	Yuki Onoe	Telephone	703-413-3000			
Registration Number	68,563					

<u>NOTE</u>: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4(d) for signature requirements and certifications.

\*Total of <u>1</u> forms are submitted.

# POWER OF ATTORNEY TO PROSECUTE APPLICATIONS BEFORE THE USPTO

Attorney D	ocket Number:	472299US40CONT			
		powers of attorney given	in the	application identifi	ed in the attached
I hereby ap	inder 37 CFR 3.7 point:	3(c).		**************************************	**************************************
Practiti	oners associated	with the Customer Numb	er:	22850	
Trademark undersigne form in acc	Office (USPTO) d according to the cordance with 37		and all ords or	patent applications assignment docum	assigned <u>only</u> to the ents attached to this
	nge the correspor FR 3.73(c) to:	dence address for the app	licatio	n identified in the at	ttached statement
<b>{</b>		with Customer Number:		22850	
Osaka-shi,  A copy of each applicompleted	cation in which	Japan her with a statement under this form is used. The practitioners appoin fower of Attorney is to be	e state ted in e filed	ement under 37 C this form, and l.	FR 3.73(c) may be
		SIGNATURE of Assi	-		
The indiv	vidual whose signa	ture and title is supplied bel	ow is a	uthorized to act on be	half of the assignee
Signature	- Wi	toshe Funta		Date July	y 12, 2016
Name	Hitoshi FUJITA			Telephone	
Title	Director Intellectual Pro	perty	~~		

STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 3.73	<u>8(c)</u>
Applicant/Patent Owner: SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD.	
Application No./Patent No.: 14/512,189	Filed/Issue Date: October 10, 2014
Entitled: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION	
SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD. corporation (Name of Assignee) (Type of Assignee, e.g.,	corporation, partnership, government agency, etc.)
States that it is:	
1. the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest; or	
2. an assignee of less than the entire right, title and interest.	
The extent (by, percentage) of its ownership interest is%	
in the patent application/patent identified above by virtue of:	
A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent application/patent identif follows:	led above, to the current assignee as
1. From: Kazuyuki Fujihara To: Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd.	
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tra	idemark Office at
Reel 020124, Frame 0821, or for which a copy therefore is attack	hed.
2. From: <u>Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd.</u> To: <u>SUMITOMO DAIN</u>	VIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD.
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tra	ademark Office at
Reel 033905, Frame 0778, or for which a copy therefore is attack	hed.
As required by 37 CFR 3.73(c)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the charassignee was, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant	5
The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act on behalf of	of the assignee.
/Yuki Onoe/	
. 1 0114 0 110 01	07/18/16
Signature	Date
Yuki Onoe	703-413-3000
Printed or Typed Name - Attorney of Record	Telephone Number
68,563	
Registration Number	

Electronic Ack	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	26372720
Application Number:	14512189
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	5575
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA
Customer Number:	22852
Filer:	Bradley Davis Lytle/Ellen Murabito
Filer Authorized By:	Bradley Davis Lytle
Attorney Docket Number:	05273.0147-02000
Receipt Date:	18-JUL-2016
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014
Time Stamp:	11:32:08
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

# **Payment information:**

Submitted wi	th Payment	no			
File Listin	g:				
Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
			1034718		
1		472299US-F.pdf	3af1038d54c6fdb86174d9e860ddf11127f0 3241	yes	3

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description						
	Document Description	Start	End				
	Power of Attorney	1	2				
	Assignee showing of ownership per 37 CFR 3.73	3	3				
Warnings:							
Information:							
	Total Files Size (in bytes):	10	)34718				

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

#### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

#### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

# New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



## United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1430 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.tapto.gov

POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER

APPLICATION NUMBER FILING OR 371(C) DATE 14/512,189 10/10/2014

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 472299US40CONT **CONFIRMATION NO. 5575** 

22850 OBLON, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314

\*OCOMOMORA664001\*

Date Mailed: 07/28/2016

#### NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 07/18/2016.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

> Questions about the contents of this notice and the requirements it sets forth should be directed to the Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit, at (571) 272-4000 or (571) 272-4200 or 1-888-786-0101.

/ytdemisse/		



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virguria 22313-1450 www.tappb.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER 14/512,189

FILING OR 371(C) DATE 10/10/2014

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 05273.0147-02000 **CONFIRMATION NO. 5575** 

22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413

**POWER OF ATTORNEY NOTICE** 

Date Mailed: 07/28/2016

#### NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 07/18/2016.

• The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the applicant. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

> Questions about the contents of this notice and the requirements it sets forth should be directed to the Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit, at (571) 272-4000 or (571) 272-4200 or 1-888-786-0101.

/ytdemisse/
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DOCKET NO: 472299US40CONT

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF :

KAZUYUKI FUJIHARA : EXAMINER: PIHONAK, SARAH

SERIAL NO: 14/512,189 :

FILED: OCTOBER 10, 2014 : GROUP ART UNIT: 1627

FOR: PHARMACEUTICAL

COMPOSITION

# **AMENDMENT**

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22313

Commissioner:

In response to the Office Action dated February 9, 2016, please amend the aboveidentified application as follows:

**Amendments to the Claims** are reflected in the listing of claims which begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks/Arguments begin on page 10 of this paper.

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

#### IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1-24 (Canceled).

Claim 25 (Currently Amended): An oral preparation, comprising: which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of [[the]] formula (1):

a pregelatinized starch[[,]];

a water-soluble excipient; and

a water-soluble polymer binder[[;]],

wherein the content of lurasidone is included in the preparation [[is]] in an amount of from 20 to 45% (wt/wt), and the content of the pregelatinized starch is included in the preparation [[is]] in an amount of from 10 to 50% (wt/wt).

Claim 26 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is prepared by [[the]] a process which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by using applying a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is prepared by [[the]] <u>a</u> process which comprises granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble excipient by a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble polymer binder.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 30% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

Claim 30 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt).

Claim 31 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is <u>at least</u> one <u>or more</u> selected from the group <u>consisting</u> of mannitol, lactose, saccharose, sorbitol, D-sorbitol, erythritol and xylitol.

Claim 32 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose.

Claim 33 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of the water-soluble excipient per tablet is 30 to 60% (wt/wt).

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

Claim 34 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropylcellulose.

Claim 35 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of the water-soluble polymer binder per tablet is 0.5 to 10% (wt/wt).

Claim 36 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 10 to 160 mg.

Claim 37 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.

Claim 38 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 160 mg.

Claim 39 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.

Claim 40 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt) and the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation.

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

Claim 41 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 20 to 120 mg.

Claim 42 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation and a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg.

Claim 43 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%.

Claim 44 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a 50% by volume particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8  $\mu$ m.

Claim 45 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less.

Claim 46 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising: a disintegrant,

wherein a content of the disintegrant per tablet is 0.5 to 5% (wt/wt).

Claim 47 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising: a disintegrant,

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

wherein a content of the disintegrant per tablet is 0.5 to 5% (wt/wt);

a content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40%;

the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 40% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the preparation;

a content of lurasidone per tablet is 40 to 120 mg;

a pregelatinizing ratio of the pregelatinized starch is 50 to 95%;

50% by volume particle size of lurasidone is 0.1 to 8 μm;

the pregelatinized starch contains water soluble matter of 30% or less;

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, and a content of the water-soluble excipient per tablet is 30 to 60% (wt/wt);

the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropylcellulose;

and a content of the water-soluble polymer binder per tablet is 0.5 to 10% (wt/wt).

Claim 48 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of either one of claim 46 or 47, wherein the disintegrant is at least one or more selected from the group consisting of corn starch, crystalline cellulose, low substituted hydroxypropylcellulose, carmellose, carmellose calcium, carmellose sodium, croscarmellose sodium, carboxymethyl starch sodium and crospovidone.

Claim 49 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein a similarity factor f2 of each preparation is in the range of 50≤f2≤100 when a content of lurasidone per tablet changes over a range of 20 to 120 mg.

Claim 50 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 25, further comprising:

Application No. 14/512,189 Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

a lubricant,

wherein a content of the lubricant per tablet is 1.0% (wt/wt) to 1.43% (wt/wt).

Claim 51 (Currently Amended): The oral preparation of claim 50, wherein the lubricant is <u>at least one</u> selected from the group <u>consisting</u> of magnesium stearate, talc, polyethylene glycol, silica and hydrogenated vegetable oil.

Claim 52 (Previously Presented): The oral preparation of claim 25, wherein the oral preparation is a tablet.

Claim 53 (Currently Amended): An oral preparation, comprising: which comprises N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone) of [[the]] formula (1):

a pregelatinized starch[[,]];

a water-soluble excipient; and

a water-soluble polymer binder,

wherein the oral preparation contains 20 to 45% (wt/wt) of lurasidone, the oral preparation contains 20 mg to 120 mg of lurasidone, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the oral preparation, and the oral

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Application No. 14/512,189
Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016
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preparation exhibits an equivalent dissolution profile across the range of lurasidone per oral preparation.

Claim 54 (Currently Amended): An oral preparation, comprising: which comprises

N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl](1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone)[[,]];
a pregelatinized starch[[,]];
a water-soluble excipient; and
a water-soluble polymer binder,
wherein a content of lurasidone is included in the preparation [[is]] in an amount of

from 20 to 40% (wt/wt),

the content of pregelatinized starch is included in the preparation [[is]] in an amount of from 10 to 40% (wt/wt),

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol or lactose, and

the water-soluble polymer binder is <u>at least</u> one <u>or more agents</u> selected from the group <u>consisting</u> of hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone and polyvinyl alcohol.

Claim 55 (Currently Amended): An oral preparation, comprising: which comprises

N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]
(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone)[[,]];

a pregelatinized starch[[,]];

a water-soluble excipient; [[and]]

a water-soluble polymer binder[[,]]; and further comprises

a disintegrant; and

Reply to Office Action of February 9, 2016

a lubricant,

wherein the content of lurasidone in the preparation is 20 to 40% (wt/wt),

the content of pregelatinized starch in the preparation is 10 to 30% (wt/wt),

the water-soluble excipient is mannitol,

the water-soluble polymer binder is hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, and

the oral preparation is a tablet.

Claim 56 (Currently Amended): A method for preparing [[of]] the oral preparation of

claim 25, wherein the method comprises granulation of a powder mixture which comprises

comprising:

granulating a powder mixture comprising lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch and a

water-soluble excipient by using applying a solution of a water-soluble polymer binder.

Claim 57 (Currently Amended): A method for preparing [[of]] the oral preparation of

claim 25, wherein the method comprises granulation of a powder mixture which comprises

comprising:

granulating a powder mixture comprising a pregelatinized starch and a water-soluble

excipient by using applying a solution or dispersion of lurasidone and a water-soluble

polymer binder.

Claim 58 (Withdrawn): A method of treating psychosis, comprising administering the

oral preparation of claim 25, to a patient suffering from psychosis.

Claim 59 (Withdrawn): A method of treating schizophrenia, comprising

administering the oral preparation of claim 25, to a patient suffering from schizophrenia.

Favorable reconsideration of this application, as presently amended and in light of the following discussion, is respectfully requested.

Claims 25-59 are presently pending, Claims 58 and 59 having been withdrawn, and Claims 25-27, 31, 46-48, 50, 51 and 53-57 having been amended. Support for the amendments is in the original specification and claims. No new matter is added.

Applicant respectfully traverses the obviousness rejection of Claims 25-57 over Fujihara (EP 1327440) in view of Allenspach (US 2004/0186105) and Nakamura (WO 2004/017973).

It is respectfully submitted that none of the cited references is concerned with addressing the problem recognized and solved by Applicant – increasing both the amount and content ratio of lurasidone in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets. As the amount or content ratio of lurasidone in the tablet increased, the dissolution profile became lower which in turn affected the lurasidone blood plasma level achieved for the amount dosed. As a result, when a larger dose of lurasidone was desired, the patient had to take multiple tablets at one time or, instead, an unacceptably bigger tablet with a lower content ratio.

In contrast, Applicant has demonstrated on Table 39 (reproduced below) that a single tablet with 80 mg lurasidone had the same dissolution profile as multiple doses of 20 mg and 40 mg tablets. The same was true for the 120 mg tablet as compared with 3 (three) 40 mg tablets or 6 (six) 20 mg tablets. Thus a doctor prescribing a dose of 120 mg lurasidone can prescribe the 120 mg tablet described in the present application with the confidence that the pharmacokinetic properties will be substantially the same as giving multiple doses of the lower strength tablets. Nothing in the cited references suggests that such results could be obtained by using pregelatinized starch and lurasidone at specific ratios.

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Table 39

Tab	let	40 mg	20 mg tablet	80 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet	120 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
Number		1 tablet	2 tablets	1 tablet	2 tablets	4 tablets	l tablet	3 tablets	б tablets
-		Dissolutio	on ratio (%)	Dissolution ratio (%)			Dissolution ratio (%)		
	10	77	79	77	78	75	77	90	83
Time	15	90	90	88	86	84	92	94	90
(min)	30	98	98	93	91	90	96	97	94
5	45	100	100	94	93	92	97	98	95
f2 ve	due	; ,	100	_	85	74	-	88	83

<u>Fujihara</u> rather indicates the difficulty, prior to the present application, in increasing both the amount and content ratio of lurasidone in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets. Applicant's Test 10 (see Table 35 reproduced below) described in the present application shows that the lurasidone 120 mg tablet (content ratio: 25%) prepared without a pregelatinized starch as in <u>Fujihara</u> had undesirably low dissolution rates, 66% at 15 min and 84% at 45 min.

In contrast, Applicant found that the addition of a pregelatinized starch unexpectedly increased the dissolution rates, 91% dissolution in 15 min and 96% dissolution in 45 min.

Table 35
Components of tablets

Formulations	034-15-120-1000	RP-03323-120-1000	
	(Disclosure of the present application)	(Disclosure of Patent Document 2)	
Lurasidone	120	120	
Mannitol	213	222	
Partly pregelatinized starch	120	-	
Croscarmellose sodium	6	24	
Tablettose 70	-	93	
Hydroxypropyi methylcellulose	15	15	
Magnesium stearate	6	6	
Total	480	480	
Dissolution profile			
Time (min)	Dissolution rate (%)		
10	83	54	
15	91	66	
30	95	80	

<u>Fujihara</u> is clearly different from the composition of Claim 25, as acknowledged in the Office Action (see page 7, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph). The reference simply describes tablets without a

37

45 f2 value

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pregelatinized starch and lacks discussion on controlling the weight ratio (*i.e.*, content ratio) of lurasidone with respect to the total weight of the preparation to fall within the specific range recited in Claim 25. Various preparations are described in Examples, but their components and the ratios are different from those of Claim 25, and the content ratio of lurasidone is 16% or less (wt/wt). Therefore, Claim 25 is distinguishable from Fujihara<sup>2</sup>.

Even if the proposed combination of Fujihara with Allenspach and Nakamura were considered, these secondary references cannot cure the deficiencies of Fujihara. Allenspach describes a COX-2 inhibitory drug formulation containing valdecoxib as active ingredient. The reference does not address the problem of increasing both the amount and content ratio of active ingredient in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets. In Allenspach, the examples with the pregelatanized starch have the same amount and same content ratio of valdecoxib as in the conventional formulation, BEXTRA® (10 mg/tablet). Allenspach does not suggest that the use of pregelatinized starch could result in single tablets with larger amounts and/or higher content ratios but having the same dissolution profiles as those with the lower dose.

Allenspach indicates that the formulation may include specific pregelatinized starch having low viscosity and/or exhibiting a multimodal particle size distribution (see claim 1 of Allenspach), but the description is related to a completely different composition with a different active ingredient.

As stated in the attached Declaration under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132, valdecoxib is completely different from lurasidone at least in its physicochemical properties. The physicochemical properties of active ingredients have significant impacts on physical and

<sup>1</sup> For example, Example 23 (see Tables 28 and 29) uses the granule (248 mg) containing 40 mg of Compound 1.
<sup>2</sup> Applicant's original specification provides direct comparison with a composition prepared in accordance with

Fujihara (without a pregelatinized starch) (see Test 10, paragraphs 0098-0102, Table 35). Fujihara (EP 1327440) is within the same patent family as WO 2002/024166, which is referenced in Applicant's original specification as Patent Document 2 (see paragraphs 0005-0007 describing that the Fujihara compositions could not have lurasidone at a higher content).

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chemical interactions (e.g., interactions via intermolecular attractive force including ion bond, hydrogen bond, dipolar interaction, Van der Waals force, hydrophobic interaction, and hydrophilic interaction) with other additives of the composition including a pregelatinized starch. As such, one would not expect that what works with one active ingredient would work with a different active ingredient. For reference purposes, the following are an excerpt from drug label BEXTRA® (valdecoxib tablet indicated for relief of the signs and symptoms of osteoarthritis and adult rheumatoid arthritis and for the treatment of primary dysmenorrhea), and an excerpt from prescribing information of LATUDA® (lurasidone HCL tablet indicated for the treatment of patients with schizophrenia).

Valdecoxib is chemically designated as 4-(5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl) benzenesulfonamide and is a diaryl substituted isoxazole. It has the following chemical structure:

Valdeco xib

The empirical formula for valdecoxib is  $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_3S$ , and the molecular weight is 314.36. Valdecoxib is a white crystalline powder that is relatively insoluble in water (10  $\mu$ g/mL) at 25°C and pH 7.0, soluble in methanol and ethanol, and freely soluble in organic solvents and alkaline (pH=12) aqueous solutions.

(Excerpt from Drug Label for BEXTRA® - valdecoxib tablet, film coated)

LATUDA is an atypical antipsychotic belonging to the chemical class of benzisothiazol derivatives.

Its chemical name is  $(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)-2-\{(1R,2R)-2-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazin-1-ylmethyl]$  cyclohexylmethyl}hexahydro-4,7-methano-2*H*-isoindole-1,3-dione hydrochloride. Its molecular formula is  $C_{28}H_{36}N_4O_2S$ •HCl and its molecular weight is 529.14.

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The chemical structure is:

Lurasidone hydrochloride is a white to off-white powder. It is very slightly soluble in water, practically insoluble or insoluble in 0.1 N HCl, slightly soluble in ethanol, sparingly soluble in methanol, practically insoluble or insoluble in toluene and very slightly soluble in acetone.

(Excerpt from Prescribing Information of LATUDA® - lurasidone HCl tablet)

As shown above, valdecoxib has the molecular weight of 314.36, while lurasidone hydrochloride has the molecular weight of 529.14. This difference in the molecular weights causes a significant difference in Van der Waals force. In addition, valdecoxib is freely soluble in alkaline (pH = 12) aqueous solutions and is a mild acidic compound, while a free form of lurasidone is a basic compound. This difference leads to significant differences in ion bond force, hydrogen bond force, and dipolar interaction. Moreover, valdecoxib has lipophilicity: Log P (Log Kow) of 2.67 (estimated)<sup>3</sup>, while lurasidone hydrochloride has Log P (Log Kow) of 4.89 (estimated)<sup>4</sup>. This difference in the lipophilicities is 10<sup>(4.89-2.67)</sup>, which means that the lipophilicity of lurasidone hydrochloride is around 166 times higher than that of valdecoxib. This causes a significant difference in hydrophobic interaction.

These differences in physicochemical properties of valdecoxib and lurasidone are significant, and the description or experimental results related to the <u>Allenspach</u> valdecoxib formulations would not have directed one to consider using pregelatinized starch in lurasidone preparations described in <u>Fujihara</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/119607#section=Solubility

<sup>4</sup> https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/213046#section=Solubility

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The use of pregelatinized starch could rather adversely affect the drug release rate in some cases. The attached article (Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, vol. 93, no. 11, p. 2746-2754 (2004)) published before the present application reported that addition of pregelatinized starch significantly *decreased* the release rate of the drugs, chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline (see Abstract). The authors specifically attributed the decrease in the release rate to the use of partially pregelatinized starch (see Abstract). As such, at the time of filing the present application, one did not have any expectation that the addition of pregelatinized starch in lurasidone formulations would provide solution to the problem — increasing both the amount and content ratio of lurasidone in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets.

As discussed above, neither <u>Fujihara</u> nor <u>Allenspach</u> addresses this problem. In particular, <u>Allenspach</u> simply evaluates the dissolution rate of valdecoxib 10 mg tablet, which is the same or lower dose as compared to conventional BEXTRA tablets (see label information below).

BEXTRA Tablets for oral administration contain either 10 mg or 20 mg of valdecoxib. Inactive ingredients include lactose monohydrate, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, hypromellose, polyethylene glycol, polysorbate 80, and titanium dioxide.

(Excerpt from Drug Label for BEXTRA - valdecoxib tablet, film coated)

Each example in Allenspach uses the composition of Example 1 (total tablet weight: 200 mg) including valdecoxib of 10 mg (i.e., 5% (wt/wt) as the calculated content ratio). Allenspach performs dissolution tests only for this composition having valdecoxib at a lower content (10 mg) and a lower content ratio (5% (wt/wt)). Also, the reference provides no information as to how pregelatinized starch would impact the dissolution rate in lurasidone formulations.

Thus, even assuming, *arguendo*, that the proposed combination of <u>Fujihara</u> and <u>Allenspach</u> were proper, the references would have been still insufficient to provide solution to the problem addressed in the present application.

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Nakamura would not have cured the deficiencies of Fujihara and Allenspach.

Nakamura mentions that lurasidone can be administered at 5-120 mg per day. But such information on possible daily dose would not have provided one with insight on any specific drug formulation technique/method and would not have allowed one to find solution to the aforementioned problem. The reference does not teach how to achieve 20% or greater content ratio of the active ingredient and obtain the advantageous effects of rapid dissolution property and consistent dissolution profile over a wide range of the active ingredient content, in particular, higher contents. In this regard, the Office Action states that "it would have been routine and obvious ... to have adjusted the dose of lurasidone to have increased the amount of this drug in the composition" (OA, p. 9). However, Applicant respectfully submits that routine work could not have allowed one to produce a desired formulation of lurasidone.

As stated in the attached Declaration under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132, before the present application, an oral preparation having higher than 40 mg of the active ingredient with an acceptable size (which essentially needs a higher content ratio) could not be achieved. In order to administer more than 40 mg at one time, the administration of multiple tablets (or, instead, administration of an unacceptably bigger tablet) was required. If a tablet with more than 40 mg of the active ingredient was made with an acceptable size, its dissolution profile did not match that of the lower dose tablets. As mentioned above, Test 10 shows that the comparative formulation containing lurasidone at 25% prepared according to Fujihara without pregelatinized starch did not have desired dissolution rate. Also, the formulation of Comparative Example in Fujihara containing lurasidone at about 29% also had poor dissolution rate (see Tables 44 and 46 of Fujihara reproduced below).

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Table 44

Component	Content (mg)
Compound 1	40
Mannitol	77.0
Croscarmellose sodium	12
Polyvinyl alcohol	4.8
Magnesium stearate	0.9

Table 46

Dissolution test of one FC tablet (40 mg-tablet) (dissolution percentage: %)							
Com. Ex. 0 min 5 min 10 min 15 min 30 min 45 min							
3 0 26 53 74 84 88						88	

Applicant overcame such difficulties in preparing a formulation with a higher lurasidone content and a desired dissolution rate, and has managed to obtain an oral preparation including lurasidone at a higher content (mg) and a higher content ratio (% (wt/wt)) by adding an adequate amount of pregelatinized starch. The cited references do not even address the aforementioned problem and fails to teach or suggest any solution to the problem. Despite the previous difficulties, the preparations in the present application can have *not only* higher contents (mg) of lurasidone (such as 80, 120, and 160 mg) *but also* higher content ratios (% (wt/wt)) of lurasidone (e.g., 20 to 45% (wt/wt) in claim 25). Applicant has shown in Test 11 that the formulation achieved an improved dissolution profile at the higher content ratio of 25 to 40% (wt/wt) (see Test 11, paragraphs 0103-0106). Applicant has also found that the preparation has highly desired properties over a wide range of lurasidone content as discussed above. In particular, the preparation containing the active ingredient at a higher content of the active ingredient, and the preparation can release the active ingredient at a desired concentration (see, for example, paragraph 0008).

For the foregoing reasons, Claim 25 and its dependent claims are unobvious over <a href="Fujihara">Fujihara</a> over <a href="Allenspach">Allenspach</a> and <a href="Nakamura">Nakamura</a>.

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Turning to independent Claims 53-55, these claims recite the same or narrower ranges for the contents of lurasidone and the pregelatinized starch. Therefore, for the reasons substantially similar to those set forth above for Claim 25, Claims 53-55 are unobvious over Fujihara over Allenspach and Nakamura.

Applicant notes that the advantageous property of the preparation is recited in Claim 53 which states: "the oral preparation contains 20 to 45% (wt/wt) of lurasidone, the oral preparation contains 20 mg to 120 mg of lurasidone, the pregelatinized starch is incorporated in an amount of 10 to 50% (wt/wt) based on the weight of the oral preparation, and the oral preparation exhibits an equivalent dissolution profile across the range of lurasidone per oral preparation" (emphasis added). Such advantageous property is demonstrated in the experiments described in Applicant's specification. For example, Test 13 (paragraphs 0111-0118) shows rapid dissolution of the compositions containing a wide range of contents (i.e., 20 to 120 mg) of lurasidone as well as similarity of the dissolution profiles of the compositions. Test 10 clearly shows the advantage of the presence of a pregelatinized starch (paragraphs 0098-0102). Furthermore, Table 35 shows unpredictable dissolution results of the composition (i.e., 91% dissolution in 15 min and 96% dissolution in 45 min vs. 66% and 84%, respectively, in the comparison). Moreover, most of the compositions in the present application achieved 80% or more of dissolution in 15 min already and all of the compositions achieved 90% or more of dissolution in 45 min (despite their higher content ratios of lurasidone) in contrast to Allenspach's target dissolution that was set at not less than 80% in 45 min in Example 2, which is highly advantageous dissolution profiles unpredictable from the prior art.

For the foregoing reasons, Claim 25 and its dependent claims as well as Claims 53-55 are unobvious over <u>Fujihara</u> over <u>Allenspach</u> and <u>Nakamura</u>.

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In response to the outstanding rejections under the non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting based on U.S. Patent No. 8,729,085 and U.S. Patent No. 8,883,794, submitted herewith is a terminal disclaimer to overcome these rejections. Applicant respectfully requests that the rejections be withdrawn.

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection under the non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting based on U.S. Patent No. 7,727,553 ("USP '553") in view of Nakamura and Allenspach.

USP '553 corresponds to Fujihara cited in the obviousness rejection. Claim 1 of USP '553 recites a rapidly disintegrating oral preparation comprising i) granules comprising a water-soluble excipient, a first disintegrant, a water-soluble polymer binder, and an active ingredient, and ii) a second disintegrant. However, USP '553 or its claims do not recite a formulation containing a pregelatinized starch. Nakamura and Allenspach fail to teach or suggest a preparation containing the active ingredient and a pregelatinized starch at the weight ratios specified in Claim 25 of the present application. Allenspach relates to totally different valdecoxib tablets, and Nakamura only generally describes possible daily dose of lurasidone. There is nothing that would have directed one to specifically prepare a composition that combines lurasidone with a pregelatinized starch at the specific ratios.

Therefore, the pending claims are believed to be patentably distinguishable from the claims of USP '553 in view of Nakamura and Allenspach.

Finally, Applicant respectfully traverses the provisional rejection under the non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting over claims 25-50 of U.S. Application No. 14/733,204 ("the '204 application"), <u>Fujihara</u> and <u>Allenspach</u>. Independent Claim 25, 37 and 49 of the '204 application are directed to a tablet for oral administration, and independent Claims 29 and 41 are directed to a method for manufacturing a tablet for oral administration.

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Claim 25 of the '204 application recites a tablet including 20-120 mg of lurasidone, a pregelatinized starch, a water-soluble excipient, a water-soluble polymer binder, a disintegrant, and a lubricant. Claim 25 does not recite the content of the pregelatinized starch.

Claims 37 and 49 do not specify the content of the pregelatinized starch, either.

As discussed above in response to the obviousness rejection, <u>Fujihara</u> and <u>Allenspach</u> are deficient and would not have directed one to specifically prepare a composition that contains the pregelatinized starch at the specific ratio in combination of lurasidone contained

at the specific ratio as recited in Claim 25 of the present application.

As to the method claims, Claims 29 and 41 and their dependent claims do not recite formulating a tablet containing a specific ratio of pregelatinized starch. Therefore, the arguments similar to those stated above for composition claims are applicable.

For the foregoing reasons, the pending claims are believed to be patentably distinguishable from the claims of the '204 publication in view of Nakamura and Allenspach.

In view of the amendments and discussions presented above, Applicant respectfully submits that the present application is in condition for allowance, and an early action favorable to that effect is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully Submitted,

OBLON, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P.

/Yuki Onoe/

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Docket No.:

472299US40CONT

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF:

GROUP: 1627

Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

SERIAL NO: 14/512,189

EXAMINER: PIHONAK, SARAH

FILED:

October 10, 2014

FOR:

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

# DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22313

Commissioner:

Now comes Shunsuke Mawatari who deposes and states that:

- 1. I am a graduate of Kyoto Pharmaceutical University and received my Master of Pharmaceutical Science degree in the year 2000.
- 2. I have been employed by Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. for 8 years as a formulation researcher in the field of Formulation Development.
- 3. I understand that the U.S. Patent Office has rejected claims in the above-identified application based on Fujihara (EP 1327440), Allenspach (US 2004/0186105) and Nakamura (WO 2004/017973).
- 4. None of these references is concerned with addressing the problem recognized and solved by Applicant - increasing both the amount and content ratio of lurasidone in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets. As the amount or content ratio of lurasidone in the tablet increased, the dissolution profile became lower which in turn affected the lurasidone blood plasma level achieved for the amount dosed. As a result, when a larger dose of lurasidone was desired, the patient had to take multiple tablets at one time or, instead, an unacceptably bigger tablet with a lower content ratio.
- 5. In contrast, Table 39 in the application shows (reproduced below) that a single tablet with 80 mg lurasidone had the same dissolution profile as multiple doses of 20 mg and 40 mg

tablets. The same was true for the 120 mg tablet as compared with 3 (three) 40 mg tablets or 6 (six) 20 mg tablets. Thus a doctor prescribing a dose of 120 mg lurasidone can prescribe the 120 mg tablet described in the present application with the confidence that the pharmacokinetic properties will be substantially the same as giving multiple doses of the lower strength tablets. Nothing in the references suggests that such results could be obtained by using pregelatinized starch and lurasidone at specific ratios.

Table 39

Tat	Tablet ;		40 mg 20 mg tablet		40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet	120 mg tablet	40 mg tablet	20 mg tablet
	Number of 1 tablet 2 tablets		1 tablet	2 tablets	4 tablets	1 tablet	3 teblets	6 tablets	
-	-	Dissoluti	on ratio (%)	Disso	lution rat	io (%)	Dissolu	Dissolution ratio	
	10	77	79	77	78	75	77	90	83
Time (min)	15	90	90	88	86	84	92	94	90
(min)	30	98	98	93	91	90	96	97	94
	45	100	100	94	93	92	97	98	95
£2 v	alue	-	100	_	85	74	-	88	83

- 6. <u>Fujihara</u> is related to lurasidone tablets. <u>Allenspach</u> describes dissolution test results of valdecoxib tablets, not lurasidone preparations. In my opinion, valdecoxib is completely different from lurasidone at least in its physicochemical properties.
- 7. The physicochemical properties of active ingredients have significant impacts on physical and chemical interactions (e.g., interactions via intermolecular attractive force including ion bond, hydrogen bond, dipolar interaction, Van der Waals force, hydrophobic interaction, and hydrophilic interaction) with other additives of the composition including a pregelatinized starch. As such, one would not expect that what works with one active ingredient would work with a different active ingredient.
- 8. The physicochemical properties of valdecoxib and lurasidone are completely different. The following are an excerpt from drug label BEXTRA® (valdecoxib tablet indicated for relief of the signs and symptoms of osteoarthritis and adult rheumatoid arthritis and for the treatment of primary dysmenorrhea), and an excerpt from prescribing information of LATUDA® (lurasidone HCL tablet indicated for the treatment of patients with schizophrenia).

#### Application No. 14/512,189 Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 1.132

Valdecoxib is chemically designated as 4-(5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl) benzenesulfonamide and is a diaryl substituted isoxazole. It has the following chemical structure:

Valérosab

The empirical formula for valdecoxib is  $C_{16}H_{4}N_{2}O_{3}S$ , and the molecular weight is 314.36. Valdecoxib is a white crystalline powder that is relatively insoluble in water (10  $\mu$ g/mL) at 25°C and  $\mu$ H 7.0, soluble in methanol and ethanol, and freely soluble in organic solvents and alkaline ( $\mu$ H=12) arguments collations.

(Excerpt from Drug Label for BEXTRA® - valdecoxib tablet, film coated)

LATUDA is an atypical antipsychotic belonging to the chemical class of benzisothiazol derivatives.

Its chemical name is (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)-2-[(1R,2R)-2-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-y])piperazin-1-ylmethyl] cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-4,7-methano-2*H*-isoindole-1,3-dione hydrochloride. Its molecular formula is  $C_{28}H_{36}N_4O_2S$ •HCl and its molecular weight is 529.14.

The chemical structure is:

Lurasidone hydrochloride is a white to off-white powder. It is very slightly soluble in water, practically insoluble or insoluble in 0.1 N HCl, slightly soluble in ethanol, sparingly soluble in methanol, practically insoluble or insoluble in toluene and very slightly soluble in acetone.

(Excerpt from Prescribing Information of LATUDA® - lurasidone HCl tablet)

9. As shown above, valdecoxib has the molecular weight of 314.36, while lurasidone hydrochloride has the molecular weight of 529.14. This difference in the molecular weights causes a significant difference in Van der Waals force. In addition, valdecoxib is freely soluble in alkaline (pH = 12) aqueous solutions and is a mild acidic compound, while a free form of lurasidone is a basic compound. This difference leads to significant differences in ion bond force, hydrogen bond force, and dipolar interaction. Moreover, valdecoxib has

Application No. 14/512,189 Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 1.132

lipophilicity: Log P (Log Kow) of 2.67 (estimated)<sup>1</sup>, while lurasidone hydrochloride has Log P (Log Kow) of 4.89 (estimated)<sup>2</sup>. This difference in the lipophilicities is 10<sup>(4.89-2.67)</sup>, which means that the lipophilicity of lurasidone hydrochloride is around 166 times higher than that of valdecoxib. This causes a significant difference in hydrophobic interaction.

- 10. These differences in physicochemical properties of valdecoxib and lurasidone are significant, and the description or experimental results related to the <u>Allenspach</u> valdecoxib formulations would not have directed one to consider using pregelatinized starch in lurasidone preparations described in <u>Fujihara</u>.
- 11. The use of pregelatinized starch could rather adversely affect the drug release rate. The attached article (Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, vol. 93, no. 11, p. 2746-2754 (2004)) published before the present application reported that addition of pregelatinized starch significantly *decreased* the release rate of the drugs, chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline (see Abstract). The authors specifically attributed the decrease in the release rate to the use of partially pregelatinized starch (see Abstract). As such, at the time of filing the present application, one did not have any expectation that the addition of pregelatinized starch in lurasidone formulations would provide solution to the problem increasing both the amount and content ratio of lurasidone in a single tablet while maintaining the dissolution profile of lower dose tablets.
- 12. In the present application, Applicant found in Test 10 (Table 35 reproduced below) that the lurasidone 120 mg tablet (content ratio: 25%) including pregelatinized starch had unexpectedly high dissolution rates (*i.e.*, 91% dissolution in 15 min and 96% dissolution in 45 min as compared to 66% and 84%, respectively, in the comparative formulation without pregelatinized starch as in <u>Fujihara</u>).

https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/119607#section=Solubility

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/213046#section=Solubility

Table 35

Components of tablets			
Formulations	034-15-120-1000	RP-03323-120-1000	
	(Disclosure of the present application)	(Disclosure of Patent Document 2)	
Lurasidone	120	120	
Mannitol	213	222	
Partly pregelatinized starch	120	-	
Croscarmellose sodium	6	24	
Tablettose 70	-	93	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	15	15	
Magnesium stearate	б	6	
Total	480	480	
Dissolution profile			
Time (min)	Dissolut	ion rate (%)	
10	83	54	
15	91	66	
30	95	80	
45	96	84	
f2 value	-	37	

- 13. With regard to the formulations in the attached article, I note that the model formulation (which appears to be a tablet) containing chlorpheniramine maleate or theophylline contained hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) (see Abstract). HPMC is also used in lurasidone formulations described in the present application. Despite such a common ingredient, the formulations with pregelatinized starch (PPS) described in the article had slower dissolution rates (see Figs. 5 and 6 showing the increased amount of PPS caused even slower rates). The authors explicitly stated that "PPS actively contributes to the dissolution kinetics." (p. 2751, left column, above Fig. 5). In this case, PPS adversely contributed to the dissolution rate.
- 14. Before the present application, an oral preparation having higher than 40 mg of the active ingredient with an acceptable size (which essentially needs a higher content ratio) could not be achieved. In order to administer more than 40 mg at one time, the administration of multiple tablets (or, instead, administration of an unacceptably bigger tablet) was required. If a tablet with more than 40 mg of the active ingredient was made with an acceptable size, its dissolution profile did not match that of the lower dose tablets. As mentioned above, Test 10 shows that the comparative formulation containing lurasidone at 25% prepared according to

<u>Fujihara</u> without pregelatinized starch did not have desired dissolution rate. Also, the formulation of Comparative Example in <u>Fujihara</u> containing lurasidone at about 29% also had poor dissolution rate (see Tables 44 and 46 of <u>Fujihara</u> reproduced below).

Table 44

Component	Content (mg)
Compound 1	40
Mannitol	77.0
Croscarmellose sodium	12
Polyvinyl alcohol	4.8
Magnesium stearate	0.9

Table 46

Dissolution test of one FC tablet (40 mg-tablet) (dissolution percentage: %)							
Com. Ex. 0 mln 5 mln 10 mln 15 mln 30 mln 45 mln							
3	0	26	53	74	84	88	

- 15. Applicant overcame such difficulties in preparing a formulation with a higher lurasidone content and a desired dissolution rate, and has managed to obtain an oral preparation including lurasidone at a higher content (mg) and a higher content ratio (% (wt/wt)) by adding an adequate amount of pregelatinized starch. Fujihara, Allenspach and Nakamura do not even address the aforementioned problem and fails to teach or suggest any solution to the problem.
- 16. The undersigned petitioner declares further that all statements made herein of his own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issuing thereon.

# 17. Further deponent saith not.

Customer Number 22850	Signature	Shunsulte	Mawatari
Tel. (703) 413-3000 Fax. (703) 413-2220 (OMMN 11/10)	Date	Aug. 3,	2016

# The Influence of Excipients on Drug Release from Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose Matrices

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ABSTRACT: The influence of commonly used excipients, spray-dried lactose (SDL), microcrystalline cellulose (MCC), and partially pregelatinized maize starch (Starch 1500®) on drug release from hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC, hypromellose) matrix system has been investigated. A model formulation contained 30%w/w drug, 20%w/w HPMC, 0.5%w/w fumed silica, 0.25%w/w magnesium stearate, and 49.25%w/w filler. Chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline were used as freely (1 in 4) and slightly (1 in 120) water-soluble drugs, respectively. It was found that for both drugs, addition of 20 to 49.25%w/w Starch 1500 resulted in a significant reduction in drug release rates compared to when MCC or SDL was used. The study showed that using lactose or microcrystalline cellulose in the formulations resulted in faster drug release profiles. Partially pregelatinized maize starch contributed to retardation of both soluble and slightly soluble drugs. This effect may be imparted through synergistic interactions between Starch 1500 and HPMC and the filler actively forming an integral part within the HPMC gel structure. © 2004 Wiley-Liss, Inc. and the American Pharmacists Association J Pharm Sci 93:2746–2754, 2004

Keywords: hypromellose; HPMC; Starch 1500; sustained release; pregelatinized starch; matrix system

## **INTRODUCTION**

Nonionic cellulose ethers, and most frequently hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC, hypromellose) have been widely studied for their applications in oral sustained release (SR) systems. When in contact with water, HPMC hydrates rapidly and forms a gelatinous barrier layer around the tablet. The rate of drug release from HPMC matrix is dependent on various factors such as type of polymer, drug, polymer/drug ratio, particle size of drug and polymer, and the type and amount of fillers used in the formulation.

Starch is one of the most widely used excipients in the manufacture of solid dosage forms. Most native starches consist of two polymers of glucose,

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that is, branched amylopectin and essentially linear amylose. Physically or chemically modified starches have been used in sustained release tablets because of their cold water-swelling capacity and gel barrier formation. Rak et al.2 and Van Aerde and Remon<sup>3</sup> studied the possibility of using thermally modified starches for controled drug release. Herman and Remon<sup>4</sup> found that only fully pregelatinized starches containing a low amount of amylose (25% and lower) could produce a strong enough gel layer to ensure a sustained drug release. These findings are in agreement with Michailova et al.,5 who claimed that the amylose molecules decrease the gel cohesion and accelerate the erosion of the gel layer. Mulhbacher et al.6 studied crosslinked high amylose starch derivatives as matrices for controlled release of high drug loadings. They found that these polymeric excipients are able to control the release over 20 h from tablets loaded with 20 to 60% drug. Lenaerts et al.7 used crosslinked high amylose starch for the

preparation of sustained release matrix tablets. They claimed the possibility for high active ingredient core loading and achieving either zero-order or Fickian release for most drugs. Other advantages of crosslinked high amylose starches may be the absence of erosion, limited swelling and the fact that increasing degree of crosslinking results in increased water uptake rate, drug release rate, and equilibrium swelling.<sup>7</sup>

Partially pregelatinized maize starches are normally used as binder-disintegrants in immediate release tablet formulations. Leach et al. Leach et al. Claimed that these materials have a very limited obstructive gel formation capability at the surface of the tablet, which makes them not particularly suitable for SR applications. However, the use of partially pregelatinized starches in combination with other polymers, such as hypromellose, in SR tablets have not been fully examined. Therefore, the influence of Starch 1500, in comparison to MCC and SDL, on drug release from HPMC 2208 has been investigated in this study.

### **EXPERIMENTAL**

#### Materials

Chlorpheniramine maleate (CPM) was obtained from Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Lancas., UK), theophylline (TP) was obtained from Knoll AG (Ludwigshafen, Germany), and were used at 30%w/w in the formulation. Aqueous solubility for CPM is 1 in 4 (w/w), and for theophylline is 1 in 120 (w/w).

To study the effect of fillers on drug release, in all formulations only 20%w/w hydroxy-propyl methylcellulose (HPMC, hypromellose) (Methocel® K4M, Dow Chemical Co., USA) was used. Higher HPMC levels may mask the differences impacted by the fillers on drug release.

Three commonly used fillers were studied: partially pregelatinized maize starch (PPS) (Starch 1500<sup>®</sup>, Colorcon, Dartford, UK), spray dried lactose (Fast Flo<sup>®</sup> #316, Foremost Farms, Wisconsin) and microcrystalline cellulose (MCC) (Avicel<sup>®</sup> PH102, FMC, Brussels, Belgium). Average particle size for Starch 1500 is 70, for MCC—90, and for spray dried lactose—100 microns. This relatively large particle size for all three materials can guarantee good powder flow in direct compression applications.

Fumed silica (Aerosil<sup>®</sup> A-200, Degussa AG, Dusseldorf, Germany) was used at 0.5%w/w level as a flow aid and magnesium stearate (Peter

Greven, Venlo, The Netherlands) was used at 0.25% w/w level as a lubricant.

Model formulations (Table 1) were blended in a Turbular mixer (Type T2A, Pleuger, Basel, Switzerland). All ingredients with the exception of magnesium stearate were blended for 10 min, then magnesium stearate was added and mixed for an additional 5 min.

#### **Bulk Properties of the Mixtures**

The flow and packing properties of the powder mixtures were determined using an automatic tap volumeter (STAV 2003, J. Engelsmann AG, Ludwigshafen am Rhein, Germany). A 250-mL graduated glass cylinder was used. The tapping frequency was  $250\pm15$  taps/min and the lift height  $3.0\pm0.2$  mm. One hundred grams of powder were carefully filled into the measuring cylinder ensuring a flat top surface of the powder. The maximum bulk volume,  $V_o$ , was recorded. Then tapped volume,  $V_f$ , and compressibility index,  $100\times (V_o-V_f)/V_o$ , were determined according to the USP.  $^{10}$ 

### **Tableting**

Tablets (333 mg, 100 mg drug load) were compressed on the instrumented rotary Piccola tablet press (Riva, Argentina) at 30 rpm using 9-mm concave tooling, at compression forces from 4 to 14 kN. Upper compression and ejection forces were recorded.

The tablet weight and tablet weight variation were obtained for 20 tablets taken during each tableting run for each formulation. The accuracy of the weight determination was  $\pm 1$  mg.

# **Dissolution Testing**

The drug release from the matrices was measured using a Caleva ST7 dissolution tester (G.B. Caleva Ltd., Dorset, UK), USP apparatus II

Table 1. Model HPMC Formulations Used in This Study

Ingredients	Concentration (%w/w)
Drug	30.00
HPMC	20.00
Filler	49.25
Fumed silica	0.50
Magnesium stearate	0.25

(paddle) at  $37\pm1^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  and 100 rpm. The drug concentration was measured using a UV spectrophotometer Model CE3021 (Cecil Instruments Ltd., Cambridge, UK), at 271 nm for theophylline and at 261 nm for chlorpheniramine maleate. The media used were purified water and phosphate buffer (pH 7.4). The buffer was prepared according to British Pharmacopoeia by adding 250 mL of 0.2 M potassium dihydrogen orthophosphate to 393.4 mL of 0.1 M sodium hydroxide. For each formulation and condition, dissolution rates of at least three individual tablets were determined and means and standard deviation values were calculated.

## **Contact Angle Analysis**

The process of water penetration into the hydrophilic matrix tablets was examined using FTA200 dynamic contact angle analyser (Camtel Ltd., UK) with a flexible video system allowing fast image acquisition (up to 60 images per second). Twenty-microliter droplets of purified water were deposited on the face surface of dry tablet samples by positioning the dispenser tip just above the surface and growing the pendant drop until its bottom touched the sample and the droplet detached. The contact angle was measured over the first 15 seconds as the water spread/absorbed and recorded as a function of time. Nonlinear capture timing was used with fast timing at the beginning of the test (15 measurements/s) and the slow capture (2 measurements/s) during the final absorption stage.

# **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

# **Tableting Properties of Matrices**

All formulations, regardless of type of excipient, had good flow (Table 2) with compressibility index

of no more than 20. Tablet weight variations for all batches prepared in this study were found to be less than 1%, also an indication of good flow.

Table 2 also shows that both CPM and TP formulations with lactose produced the highest ejection forces, whereas Starch 1500 due to its inherent lubricity produced the lowest ejection forces.

All tablets had high mechanical strength. The rank order for tablet breaking force was: formulations containing MCC > spray dried lactose > PPS.

# Influence of Different Fillers and Compression Force on Drug Release

Several authors 12-17 have stated that compression force had very little (not statistically significant) effect on drug release from HPMC matrices. However, in this study it was found that the applied compression force influenced drug release rate (Table 3), the extent of which was dependent on the type of filler used. The time taken for 50% drug release from formulations manufactured at different compression forces indicates that drug release become slower with increasing applied force. This effect is particularly profound when comparing tablets manufactured at a very low compression force of 4 kN with the tablets manufactured at higher compression forces of 10 and 14 kN. Depending on the compressibility behavior of the fillers, the porosity of the matrices may be reduced with increasing compression force, leading to slower water uptake and water front movement into the matrix, which in turn, may lead to slower drug release.

Figures 1 and 2 show drug release profiles from matrices compressed at 4 and 14 kN, for chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline, respectively. Drug release from tablets made with lactose as a tiller was the fastest. Matrices containing partially pregelatinized starch produced the slowest drug release at all compression forces for both drugs.

Table 2. Powder and Tablet Characterization of HPMC Matrix Formulations Studied Here

Drug	Filler	Bulk Volume $(g/cm^3) n = 3$	Tapped Volume $(g/cm^3) n = 3$	Compress. Index	Tablet Ejection Force (N)	Tablet Weight Variation (%) $n = 20$
CPM	PPS	$141 \pm 1$	$115 \pm 1$	18	$374 \pm 22$	0.2-0.4
	MCC	$200 \pm 1$	$166 \pm 0$	17	$530 \pm 27$	0.4 - 0.7
	lactose	$194\pm2$	$165\pm0$	15	$1079 \pm 48$	0.1 - 0.6
TP	PPS	$84 \pm 1$	$71\pm1$	15	$82 \pm 3$	0.2 - 0.4
	MCC	$230 \pm 2$	$185\pm1$	20	$96 \pm 4$	0.1-0.8
	lactose	$197\pm0$	$172\pm0$	13	$238 \pm 9$	0.1 - 0.9

**Table 3.** The Influence of Compression Force on Drug Release  $(T_{50\%})$  from HPMC Matrices Containing Different Fillers

		$T_{50\%}$ (min) for Tablets Manufactured at Various Compression Forces				
Drug	Filler	4 kN	10 kN	14 kN		
CPM	PPS	$215 \pm 2$	$380 \pm 2$	$420 \pm 2$		
	MCC	$185\pm2$	$280\pm2$	$300\pm2$		
	lactose	$95\pm2$	$160\pm2$	$175\pm2$		
TP	PPS	$290 \pm 1$	$470\pm1$	$470\pm1$		
	MCC	$230 \pm 1$	$340 \pm 1$	$360 \pm 1$		
	lactose	$190 \pm 2$	$200\pm2$	$230\pm2$		

The drug release differences between tablets containing excipients such as lactose and MCC can be attributed mainly to the excipients solubility. However, the effect of Starch 1500 on drug release cannot be explained only by its solubility in water. It is more soluble compared to MCC, and produces slower drug release. Use of partially pregelatinized starch in HPMC matrices may bring about different effects resulting from interactions between HPMC and Starch 1500 that can affect the properties of the gel layer around the tablet.

To investigate the mechanism of drug release and to compare the performance of various matrix formulations, the percent drug released versus time profiles were used. Data corresponding to 5–60% release show a good fit to the Power Law Model<sup>18</sup> expressed in eq. 1:

$$M_t/M_{\rm inf} = kt^n \tag{1}$$

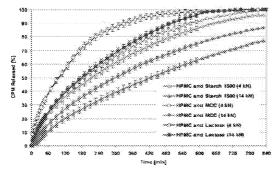
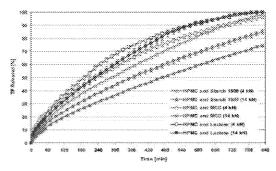


Figure 1. The influence of compression force (4 and 14 kN) on chlorpheniramine maleate release in water from HPMC matrices containing different fillers. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]



**Figure 2.** The influence of compression force (4 and 14 kN) on theophylline release in water from HPMC matrices containing different fillers. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

where  $M_t$  is the amount of drug released at time t,  $M_{\rm inf}$  is the amount of drug released after infinite time, k is a kinetic constant incorporating structural and geometric characteristics of the tablet, and n is the diffusional exponent indicative of the drug release mechanism. The values of the kinetic constant (k), the release exponent (n), and correlation coefficient  $(R^2)$  determined from the drug release data are presented in Table 4. The correlation coefficients for the data were >0.99. For matrix tablets, an n value of near 0.5 indicates diffusion control, and an n value of near 1.0 indicates erosion or relaxation control. 19,20 Intermediate values suggest that diffusion and erosion contribute to the overall release mechanism. The values of n and k are inversely related. A very high k value may suggest a burst drug release from the matrix.<sup>21</sup>

Values of n for all matrices studied here were between 0.54 and 0.81, indicating an anomalous behavior corresponding to diffusion, erosion, and swelling mechanisms. In all these matrices availability of the water within the gel structure is also limited, and therefore a dissolution-controlled release is also involved. Comparing tablets manufactured at the same compression force, separately for chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline, a linear trend of decreasing n values can be observed from PPS to MCC and to lactose. Matrices containing lactose exhibited a drug release closer to a diffusion-controlled process compared to MCC and Starch 1500.

Slower drug release from matrices with pregelatinized starch may be due to a slower penetration

**Table 4.** Values of the Kinetic Constant (k), Diffusional Exponent (n) Derived from Equation 1 and Correlation Coefficients  $(R^2)$ , for HPMC Matrices Containing Different Fillers

	0		CPM			TP		
Filler	Compression Force	k	n	$R^2$	k	n	$R^2$	
PPS	4 kN	1.1332	0.6878	0.9999	1.2495	0.6517	0.9982	
	10 kN	0.5638	0.8048	0.9948	0.8673	0.6591	0.9997	
	14 kN	0.3861	0.8081	0.9976	0.7816	0.6755	0.9997	
MCC	4 kN	1.4910	0.6759	0.9976	2.4406	0.5540	0.9994	
	$10 \mathrm{\ kN}$	0.7197	0.7426	0.9971	1.1485	0.6371	0.9996	
	14 kN	0.6304	0.7708	0.9967	1.1077	0.6451	0.9998	
Lactose	4 kN	3.5188	0.5822	0.9993	2.6826	0.5497	0.9952	
	10 kN	1.2356	0.7268	0.9961	2.6563	0.5508	0.9915	
	14 kN	1.2152	0.7367	0.9966	2.6339	0.5614	0.9956	

of the water front towards the central core of the matrix. Matrices with swelling restrictions, like those with Starch 1500, exhibit a shift towards drug release by erosion mechanism. <sup>22</sup> Tablets with partially pregelatinized starch would result in a more concentrated gel and increased gel tortuosity. Thus, the diffusional path would become more convoluted and the diffusion rate would therefore decrease. The effect of increased tortuosity and a delayed water penetration is expressed as low kinetic constant k values for tablets made with Starch 1500.

Although HPMC hydration and gel formation is not affected by changes in pH23 (at pH ranges of gastrointestinal tract), the pH of the dissolution fluid is known to affect release rates of drugs from HPMC matrices.<sup>24</sup> Attempts have been made to quantify the influences of the solutions containing phosphate and chloride ions at different ionic strengths on dissolution rates from HPMC SR tablets. 25 In this study the effect of phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) on the matrix integrity and drug release from HPMC compacts containing different fillers was investigated. No significant changes in drug dissolution in buffer compared to water medium were observed for chlorpheniramine maleate (Fig. 3). Theophylline release in phosphate buffer compared to water was slightly different for lactose and MCC containing matrices (Fig. 4). Theophylline dissolution profiles for tablets made with pregelatinized starch were similar in water and in buffer. Drug release from matrices containing Starch 1500 in both water and phosphate buffer was slower than when lactose or MCC was used.

# Influence of Starch 1500 Concentration on Drug Release from HPMC Matrices

Figures 5 and 6 show drug release profiles from HPMC matrices containing partially pregelatinized starch and lactose at different ratios, for CPM and TP, respectively. For both drugs, as the level of PPS increased the dissolution of drugs became significantly slower. Data in the range of 5-60% drug release were fitted into eq. 1, and the results are shown in Table 5. The correlation coefficients for most of the data were >0.99. For chlorpheniramine maleate matrices studied here, the values of n ranged from 0.7367 to 0.8081, and the k values ranged from 0.3861 to 1.2152. For theophylline tablets, the values of n ranged

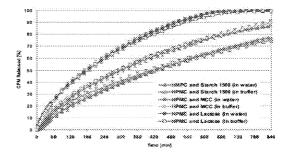
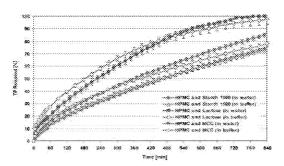


Figure 3. Chlorpheniramine maleate release from HPMC matrices containing different fillers manufactured at 14 kN in water and in phosphate buffer (pH 7.4). [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]



**Figure 4.** Theophylline release from HPMC matrices containing different fillers manufactured at 14 kN in water and phosphate buffer (pH 7.4). [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

from 0.5614 to 0.6755, and the k values ranged from 0.7816 to 2.6339. Values of n for all matrices studied here were between 0.56 and 0.81, indicating an anomalous behavior corresponding to diffusion, erosion, and swelling mechanisms. Comparing tablets with the same drug, separately for chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline, a linear trend of increasing n values can be observed with an increase in PPS concentration. Matrices containing more lactose exhibited a drug release closer to a diffusion-controlled process compared to tablets containing higher levels of Starch 1500. Thus, the effect seen with Starch 1500 is not just a spatial effect due to the presence of any filler, but PPS actively contributes to the dissolution kinetics. This contribution is imparted

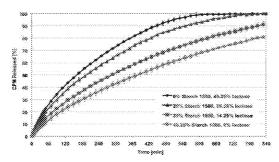


Figure 5. Effect of Starch 1500 levels on chlorpheniramine mleate release from HPMC matrices manufactured at 14 kN. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

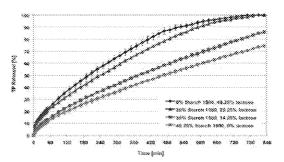


Figure 6. Effect of Starch 1500 levels on the ophylline release from HPMC matrices manufactured at 14 kN. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

through possible contribution of Starch 1500 in gel formation of HPMC, that is, the filler actively forming an integral structure within the HPMC gel layer at lower concentrations of HPMC in the formulation.

Michailova et al. 26 characterized HPMC/pregelatinized starch hydrogels as "filled" composite systems where starch filler functions as a supporting frame, while the linear hypromellose forms the continuous disperse medium. In comparison with the cellulose derivative, the pregelatinized starch hydrates to a considerably lower degree due to the formation of intramolecular hydrogen bonds in the highly branched amylopectin.<sup>27</sup> These bonds suppress the polymer segments' mobility and diminish the degree of HPMC/pregelatinized starch hydration<sup>28</sup> resulting in a reduced gel layer diffusivity and decreased drug velocity from matrices containing higher pregelatinized starch quantity. For this reason, at 20% of HPMC and low concentration of the pregelatinized starch gel structure is quite porous with increased diffusion capability. With the increase in PPS concentration (35-49%), the swelled starch particles form strong supporting structure with comparatively strong rigidity. This HPMC/PPS gel structure may explain the slower drug release with increasing pregelatinized starch concentration in the formulation.

### **Testing of Water Absorption Rate**

Drug release from HPMC matrix tablets is based on the glassy transition of the polymer into a rubbery gel that occurs as a result of water absorption/hydration of the polymer in the

Table 5. Values of the Kinetic Constant (k), Diffusional Exponent (n) Derived from Equation 1 and Correlation Coefficients  $(R^2)$ , for HPMC Matrices Containing Various Levels of Starch 1500 and Manufactured at 14 kN

PPS Lactose Concentration Concentration					TP		
(%w/w)	(%w/w)	$\boldsymbol{k}$	n	$R^2$	$\boldsymbol{k}$	n	$R^2$
0.00	49.25	1.2152	0.7367	0.9966	2.6339	0.5614	0.9956
20.00	29.25	0.9771	0.7462	0.9957	2.4985	0.6116	0.9893
35.00	14.25	0.8780	0.7516	0.9992	0.9678	0.6639	0.9999
49.25	0.00	0.3861	0.8081	0.9976	0.7816	0.6755	0.9997

matrix. The drug release mechanism is determined by the structural characteristics of the gel layer (swelling, uniformity of polymer hydration, diffusion capability, and gel strength), and by gel layer erosion. Therefore, rapid gel formation (rubbery phase) to prevent rapid ingress of water into the matrix as well as high gel strength are critical factors in drug release from HPMC matrices. It was found that water penetration into tablets containing Starch 1500 was much slower compared to matrices containing MCC or lactose (Fig. 7). This observation was confirmed by contact angle measurements (Fig. 8). Table 6 shows that the initial contact angle for all the samples was similar (57-72°) and less than 90°, indicating good surface wettability behavior of these matrices, when the water drop flattens out and spreads on the tablet surface. However, for MCC and lactose containing matrices, the water droplet was rapidly absorbed into the matrix (within 2-7 s), which was much faster (6-13 times) than for the matrices containing Starch 1500 (>30 s). It was also found that the rate of contact angle change was significantly faster for chlorpheniramine maleate as a freely water soluble drug compared to theophylline.

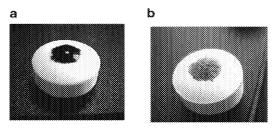


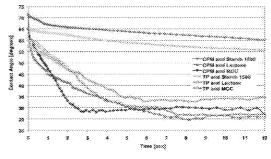
Figure 7. Water droplet and its absorption into (a) PPS and (b) microcrystalline cellulose or lactose containing HPMC matrices. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

The presence of free water within the gel layer plays an important part in drug movement across this barrier. Decreased availability of free water may lead to decreased drug diffusion across the gel layer. Partially pregelatinized starch and hypromellose combinations may be producing a gelled interlocked frame consisting of HPMC fibers and amylose reinforced by the swollen starch granules. <sup>29,30</sup> This network restrains water penetration into SR matrices and prevents fast drug release. <sup>31</sup>

# **CONCLUSIONS**

All HPMC SR formulations had good powder flow, tablet weight uniformity, and mechanical strength. Formulations with lactose produced the highest ejection forces. On the other hand, partially pregelatinized starch due to its inherent lubricity produced the lowest ejection forces.

All formulations regardless of type of filler resulted in a slow drug release for both candidate drugs. Drug release was found to be affected by



**Figure 8.** Contact angle measurements for water droplets on the surface of HPMC matrices containing different fillers. [Color figure can be seen in the online version of this article, available on the website, www.interscience.wiley.com.]

Drug	Filler	Initial Contact Angle (Degrees)	Absorption Time (Seconds)	Rate of Contact Angle Change (Degree/s)
CPM	PPS	71	>30.0	1.1
	MCC	65	2.4	14.5
	lactose	72	7.0	6.6
TP	PPS	62	>30.0	0.5
	MCC	60	6.7	4.6
	lactose	57	5.4	4.2

**Table 6.** Contact Angle Analysis of Purified Water on the Surface of HPMC Matrices Containing Different Fillers

applied compression force. At all compression forces and with both drugs, when Starch 1500 was used, drug release was slower compared to formulations containing MCC or lactose. Similar results were produced in phosphate buffer. These results may suggest that partially pregelatinized starch is not an inert filler in HPMC matrices (with low HPMC contents), but it actively contributes to the mechanism of drug release.

It was shown that for both drugs, increasing concentrations of Starch 1500 (20, 35 and 49.25%w/w) in the formulations caused a decrease in drug release rates. Therefore, use of blends of Starch 1500 with other fillers (e.g. lactose) can be used for tailoring the desired release profile of HPMC matrix systems.

It was found that water absorption into tablet containing partially pregelatinized starch was much slower compared to matrices containing MCC or lactose. This observation was confirmed by contact angle analysis. These results may explain the slower drug release from HPMC matrices containing Starch 1500 compared to those containing MCC or lactose.

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# RELATED CASE STATUS UPDATE

Application No: 14/512,189

Reexam Control No: Aug-09-2016

Application No

Reexam Control No PTO Action Description PTO Mail Date Applicant Action Description Date Filed

14/733,204 1st Office Action Mar-29-2016 Docket No. 472299US40CONT

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF: Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

SERIAL NO: 14/512,189 GAU: 1627

FILED: October 10, 2014 EXAMINER: PIHONAK, SARAH

FOR: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

### TERMINAL DISCLAIMER

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22313

#### Commissioner:

Now comes the undersigned, Attorney of Record in the present application, who avers as follows:

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD. is the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to the invention claimed and disclosed in the above-captioned patent application by virtue of assignment, said Assignment having been recorded in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office at reel no. 020124, frame(s) 0821 (Change of Name reel no. 033905, frame(s) 0778).

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD. hereby disclaims the terminal part of any patent granted on the above-captioned application, which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 as shortened by any terminal disclaimer of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,729,085 and 8,883,794, and hereby agrees that any patent so granted on said above-captioned application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and Patent Nos. 8,729,085 and 8,883,794 are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the above-captioned application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns.

SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD. does not disclaim any terminal part of any patent granted on the above-captioned application that would extend to the full statutory term as defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 as shortened by any terminal disclaimer of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,729,085 and 8,883,794 in the event that it later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee, is held unenforceable, is found invalid, is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 C.F.R. 1.321(a), has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate, is reissued, or is otherwise terminated prior to the expiration of its statutory term as shortened by any terminal disclaimer, except for the separation of common ownership stated above.

Respectfully Submitted,

OBLON, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P.

/Yuki Onoe/

Richard D. Kelly Registration No. 27,757

Yuki Onoe Registration No. 68,563

August 9, 2016

Date Signed

Customer Number 22850

Tel. (703) 413-3000 Fax. (703) 413-2220 (OMMN 11/09)

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal						
Application Number:	14512189					
Filing Date:	10-	Oct-2014				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA					
Filer:	iler: Bradley Davis Lytle/Naomi Lewis					
Attorney Docket Number:	472	2299US40CONT				
Filed as Large Entity						
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)						
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:						
Pages:						
Claims:						
Miscellaneous-Filing:						
Petition:						
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:						
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:						
Extension-of-Time:						

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension - 3 months with \$0 paid	1253	1	1400	1400
Miscellaneous:				
Statutory or Terminal Disclaimer	1814	1	160	160
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	1560

Electronic Ack	Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	26593094				
Application Number:	14512189				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	5575				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA				
Customer Number:	22850				
Filer:	Bradley Davis Lytle/Naomi Lewis				
Filer Authorized By:	Bradley Davis Lytle				
Attorney Docket Number:	472299US40CONT				
Receipt Date:	09-AUG-2016				
Filing Date:	10-OCT-2014				
Time Stamp:	16:44:38				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

# **Payment information:**

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$1560
RAM confirmation Number	3508
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

File Listing	<b>):</b> 					
Document Number	<b>Document Description</b>	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
			557849			
1		472299 USA mend ment.pdf	37a24c847e05923338adc77f5ba40d5be54 d7868	yes	40	
	Multip	 	 zip description			
	Document De	scription	Start	E	nd	
	Miscellaneous Inco	oming Letter	1		1	
	Extension of	Time	2		2	
	Amendment/Req. Reconsiderati	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject				
	Claims	Claims				
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks	Made in an Amendment	12	22		
	Affidavit-traversing rejectns	s or objectns rule 132	23	-	29	
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks	Made in an Amendment	30	38		
	Miscellaneous Inco	ming Letter	39		39	
	Terminal Disclai	mer Filed	40	40		
Warnings:			· '			
Information:						
			32597			
2	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	b788d8c32924e86f45134f43c01fbb8e52d4 c6c2	no	2	
Warnings:						
Information:						
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	59	90446		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

# National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

# New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Docket No. 472299US40CONT

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

INVENTOR(S) Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

SERIAL NO: 14/512,189 ART UNIT: 1627

FILING DATE: October 10, 2014 EXAMINER: PIHONAK, SARAH

FOR: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

### FEE TRANSMITTAL

	No	additional	fee	is	required
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- ☐ Small entity status of this application under 37 C.F.R. §1.9 and §1.27 is claimed.
- ☐ Track 1 Prioritized Examination

The Fee has been calculated as shown below:

FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	CALCULATIONS	
TOTAL CLAIMS	35 - 36 =	0	x \$80 =	\$ 0.00	
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	4 - 4 ==	0	x \$420 =	\$ 0.00	
☐ MULTIPLE DEPENDEN	+ \$780 =	\$0.00			
☐ LATE FILING OF DECL	+ \$140 =	\$0.00			
☐ NON-ELECTRONIC FIL	☐ NON-ELECTRONIC FILING FEE				
	\$0.00				
	\$ 0.00				
☐ REDUCTION BY 50% F	\$0.00				
☐ FILING IN NON-ENGLI	+ \$140 =	\$0.00			
			TOTAL	\$ 0.00	

- ☐ Please charge Deposit Account No. <u>15-0030</u> in the amount of <u>\$0.00</u>
- Credit card payment is being made online (if electronically filed), or is attached hereto (if paper filed), in the amount of \$1,560.00.
- The Director is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required for the papers being filed herewith and for which no payment is enclosed herewith, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>15-0030</u>, with the **EXCEPTION** of deficiencies in fees for multiple dependent claims in new applications.
- If these papers are not considered timely filed by the Patent and Trademark Office, then a petition is hereby made under 37 C.F.R. §1.136, and any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §1.136 for any necessary extension of time may be charged to Deposit Account No. 15-0030.

Submitted by:

/Yuki Onoe/

Richard D. Kelly Registration No. 27,757

Customer Number

22850

Tel. (703) 413-3000 Fax. (703) 413-2220 (OMMN 02/12) Yuki Onoe

Registration No. 68,563

Docket No. 472299US40CONT

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF: Kazuyuki FUJIHARA

SERIAL NO: 14/512,189 GAU: 1627

FILED: October 10, 2014 EXAMINER: PIHONAK, SARAH

FOR: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

# REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.136

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22313

# Commissioner:

It	is hereby requested that a three month extension of time be granted to August 9, 2016 for
	filing a response to the Official Action dated: February 9, 2016
	responding to the requirements in the Notice of Allowability dated:
	responding to the Notice to File Missing Parts of Application dated:
	filing a Notice of Appeal. A timely response to the final rejection, due has been filed.
	filing an Appeal Brief. A Notice of Appeal was filed on:
	Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.
fi	he required fee of \$1,400.00 is being made by credit card payment online (if electronically led), or is attached hereto (if paper filed), and any further charges may be made against the ttorney of Record's Deposit Account No. 15-0030.

Respectfully Submitted,

OBLON, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P.

/Yuki Onoe/

Richard D. Kelly Registration No. 27,757

Customer Number

22850

Tel. (703) 413-3000 Fax. (703) 413-2220 (OMMN 07/09) Yuki Onoe

Registration No. 68,563

PTO/SB/06 (09-11)
Approved for use through 1/31/2014. OMB 0651-0032
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, i	io persons are required to respond to a col	ection of information unless it displa	ays a valid OMB control number

P	ATENT APPL	Substitute f			N RECORD		n or Docket Number /512,189	Filing Date 10/10/2014	To be Mailed
								ARGE SMA	LL MICRO
			(Column		ATION AS FILI (Column 2)	ED – PAR	ті		
	FOR NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA						RATE (\$)	F	EE (\$)
	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))		N/A		N/A				
	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), (	or (m))	N/A		N/A		N/A		
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p),	E or (q))	N/A		N/A		N/A		
	AL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i))		mir	nus 20 = *			X \$ =		
IND	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	m	inus 3 = *			X \$ =		
	APPLICATION SIZE 37 CFR 1.16(s))	FEE of p	aper, the a small entity	application size f y) for each additi	gs exceed 100 sl ee due is \$310 (\$ ional 50 sheets o . 41(a)(1)(G) and	\$155 r			
Ш	MULTIPLE DEPEN			477					
* If t	he difference in colu	ımn 1 is less tha	n zero, ente	r "0" in column 2.			TOTAL		
		(Column 1)		APPLICAT (Column 2)	ION AS AMEN		ART II		
LN:	08/09/2016	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EX	TRA	RATE (\$)	ADDITIO	ONAL FEE (\$)
AMENDMENT	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 36	Minus	** 36	= 0		x \$80 =		0
EN	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 4	Minus	***4	= 0		× \$420 =		0
AM	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR	1.16(s))						
	FIRST PRESEN	ITATION OF MULT	IPLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFI	R 1.16(j))				
							TOTAL ADD'L FEI	E	0
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)	1			
		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EX	TRA	RATE (\$)	ADDITIO	ONAL FEE (\$)
AMENDMENT	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=		X \$ =		
IDM	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=		X \$ =		
1EN	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR	1.16(s))						
A	FIRST PRESEN	TATION OF MULT	IPLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CF	R 1.16(j))				
							TOTAL ADD'L FEI	E	
** If *** I	he entry in column the "Highest Numbe f the "Highest Numb	er Previously Pai er Previously Pa	d For" IN TH iid For" IN T	HIS SPACE is less HIS SPACE is less	than 20, enter "20" s than 3, enter "3".		LIE MARGARET E		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Application Number	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
Document Code - DISQ	Internal D	ocument - DO NOT MAIL
TERMINAL DISCLAIMER	⊠ APPROVED	□ DISAPPROVED
Date Filed : 8/9/16	This patent is subject to a Terminal Disclaimer	t
Annyound/Disannyound h		
Approved/Disapproved b	y:	
jean proctor		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

# NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

OBLON, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314 EXAMINER
PIHONAK, SARAH

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1627

DATE MAILED: 11/07/2016

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512.189	10/10/2014	Kazuvuki FUJIHARA	472299US40CONT	5575

TITLE OF INVENTION: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0	\$960	02/07/2017

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

# HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the ENTITY STATUS shown above. If the ENTITY STATUS is shown as SMALL or MICRO, verify whether entitlement to that entity status still applies.

If the ENTITY STATUS is the same as shown above, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

If the ENTITY STATUS is changed from that shown above, on PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, complete section number 5 titled "Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)".

For purposes of this notice, small entity fees are 1/2 the amount of undiscounted fees, and micro entity fees are 1/2 the amount of small entity fees.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

Page 1 of 3

PTOL-85 (Rev. 02/11)

### PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 (571)-273-2885

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

or <u>Fax</u>

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

Authorized Signature Typed or printed name Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

Certificate of Mailing or Transmission

OBLON, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314				I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.					
ALEXANDRIA	A, VA 22314							(Depositor's name)	
								(Signature)	
								(Date)	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVI	ENTOR		ATTO	RNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
14/512,189 10/10/2014		Kazuyuki FUJIH	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA		472299US40CONT		5575		
TITLE OF INVENTION	N: PHARMACEUTICAL	COMPOSITION							
APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEI	E DUE	E PREV. PAID ISSUE		TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE	
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0			\$960	02/07/2017	
FXAN	MINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLA	\SS	1				
	EXAMINER PIHONAK, SARAH		514-254040						
	•	n of "Fee Address" (3			atent front page lie	t			
1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).			2. For printing on the patent front page, list     (1) The names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys						
☐ Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.			or agents OR, alternatively,  (2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a 2						
"Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required.			registered attorn 2 registered pate	registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.					
	AND RESIDENCE DAT.		*		*				
PLEASE NOTE: Un recordation as set for (A) NAME OF ASSI		ified below, no assign pletion of this form is			atent. If an assigno assignment. and STATE OR C			ocument has been filed for	
Please check the appropri	riate assignee category o	categories (will not b	e printed on the patent)	. 🗅	Individual 🖵 Co	rporatio	on or other private gro	oup entity 📮 Government	
4a. The following fee(s)	are submitted:	•	4b. Payment of Fee(s	): (Plea	se first reapply an	v prev	ionsly paid issue fee:	shown above)	
☐ Issue Fee			A check is enclosed.						
☐ Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) ☐ Advance Order - # of Copies				Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.					
			The director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credits any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number(enclose an extra copy of this form).						
5. Change in Entity Sta	atus (from status indicate	d above)							
Applicant certifying micro entity status. See 37 CFR 1.29			NOTE: Absent a valid certification of Micro Entity Status (see forms PTO/SB/15A and 15B), issue fee payment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment.						
☐ Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27			NOTE: If the appl	ment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment.  Left the application was previously under micro entity status, checking this box will be taken  notification of loss of entitlement to micro entity status.					
Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status.				<u>NOTE:</u> Checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to small or micro entity status, as applicable.					
NOTE: This form must	be signed in accordance	with 37 CFR 1.31 and	1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 f	or sign:	ture requirements	and cert	tifications.		
Authorized Signature					Date				

Page 2 of 3

PTOL-85 Part B (10-13) Approved for use through 10/31/2013.

OMB 0651-0033

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Registration No.



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512,189	10/10/2014	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA	472299US40CONT	5575
22850 75	90 11/07/2016	EXAM	INER	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	k NEUSTADT, L.L.P.	PIHONAK, SARAH	
1940 DUKE STRE	ET			
ALEXANDRIA, V	'A 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1627		
			DATE MAILED: 11/07/201	6

**Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)**(Applications filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Office has discontinued providing a Patent Term Adjustment (PTA) calculation with the Notice of Allowance.

Section 1(h)(2) of the AIA Technical Corrections Act amended 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(3)(B)(i) to eliminate the requirement that the Office provide a patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. See Revisions to Patent Term Adjustment, 78 Fed. Reg. 19416, 19417 (Apr. 1, 2013). Therefore, the Office is no longer providing an initial patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. The Office will continue to provide a patent term adjustment determination with the Issue Notification Letter that is mailed to applicant approximately three weeks prior to the issue date of the patent, and will include the patent term adjustment on the patent. Any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment determination (or reinstatement of patent term adjustment) should follow the process outlined in 37 CFR 1.705.

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

### OMB Clearance and PRA Burden Statement for PTOL-85 Part B

The Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 requires Federal agencies to obtain Office of Management and Budget approval before requesting most types of information from the public. When OMB approves an agency request to collect information from the public, OMB (i) provides a valid OMB Control Number and expiration date for the agency to display on the instrument that will be used to collect the information and (ii) requires the agency to inform the public about the OMB Control Number's legal significance in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.5(b).

The information collected by PTOL-85 Part B is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

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The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

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- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
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- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

	Application No. 14/512,189	<b>Applicant(s)</b> FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI	
Notice of Allowability	Examiner SARAH PIHONAK	Art Unit 1627	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No

•	·
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REM herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other a NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. Tof the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPE	AINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. THIS his application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative
<ol> <li>         This communication is responsive to <u>8/9/16</u>.     </li> </ol>	
A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.130(b) was/were filed	d on
<ol> <li>An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction recrequirement and election have been incorporated into this action.</li> </ol>	quirement set forth during the interview on; the restriction
3.   The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>25-57 and 59</u> . As a result of the allowed content of the allowed content of the allowed prosecution Highway program at a participating intellectual property please see http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or	office for the corresponding application. For more information,
4. 🛮 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
Certified copies:	
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some *c) ☐ None of the:	
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been rec</li> </ol>	eived.
2.   Certified copies of the priority documents have been rec	eived in Application No
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents h</li></ol>	nave been received in this national stage application from the
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* Certified copies not received:	
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this cornoted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of the THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.	is application.
<ol> <li>CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") must be subm</li> </ol>	
including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amenda Paper No./Mail Date	
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) sho each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header	
<ol> <li>DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGIC attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE D</li> </ol>	
Attachment(s)	
1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	5. 🛛 Examiner's Amendment/Comment
2. Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08),	6. X Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance
Paper No./Mail Date  3.  Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit	7.  Other
of Biological Material	
4. ☑ Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date	
/SARAH PIHONAK/	
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1627	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 08-13) 20161027

Notice of Allowability

Part of Paper No./Mail Date

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1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent

provisions.

**Terminal Disclaimer** 

2. The terminal disclaimer filed on 8/9/16 disclaiming the terminal portion of any

patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of

USP 8,729,085 and USP 8,883,794 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal

disclaimer has been recorded.

Declaration Submitted under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

3. The declaration of Shunsake Mawatari submitted under 37 CFR 1.132 filed

8/9/16 is sufficient to overcome the rejection of claims 25-57 based upon 35 USC

103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujihara, in view of Allenspach, and Nakamura. The

declaration shows that a lurasidone tablet containing 120 mg. of lurasidone (25% by

weight of the tablet), and 25% by weight pregelatinized starch exhibited improved

dissolution compared to a tablet preparation taught by Fujihara, comprising 120 mg.

lurasidone and lacking pregelatinized starch:

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Table 35
Components of tablets

Formulations	934-15-120-1000	RP-03333-120-1000
	(Disclosure of the present application)	(Disclosure of Patent Document 2)
Lurasidone	120	120
Mannitol	213	222
Partly pregelatinized starch	120	=
Croscarmellose sodium	6	24
Tablettese 70	-	93
Hydroxypropyi methylcellulase	15	15
Magnesium stearate	6	6
Total	480	480
Dissolution profile		
Time (min)	Dissolut	ion rate (%)
10	83	54
15	91	66
30	98	83
45	96	84
f2 value	*	37

The declaration also refers to Levina et. al., Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 93(11), 2746-2754, (2004), which showed that two different formulations of active agents (chlorpheniramine maleate and theophylline, 30% by weight in each composition) comprising from 20-49.5% by weight pregelatinized starch exhibited reduced dissolution profiles compared to formulations lacking pregelatinized starch (see Abstract; p. 2749, Figs. 1-2; p. 2750, Fig. 3; p. 2753, left col., last 2 para). Levina et. al. also shows that the dissolution profile of a theophylline tablet containing 35% and 40.25% pregelatinized starch was significantly reduced compared to a theophylline tablet containing 20% pregelatinized starch (see p. 2751, Fig. 6). The declaration provides evidence that pregelatinized starch can have unpredictable effects on the dissolution profile of active agents, and that the claimed oral preparations comprising pregelatinized starch within the amount range cited improves the dissolution profile

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compared to the oral lurasidone preparation taught by Fujihara which lacks pregelatinized starch. This evidence is not taught or suggested by the prior art.

## **Status of Claims**

- 4. Claims 25-59 are pending as of the response filed on 8/9/16. Claims 58-59 are withdrawn from consideration, as these claims are directed to a non-elected invention.
- 5. The rejections for nonstatutory double patenting over the claims of USP 8,729,085 and USP 8,883,794 are withdrawn in acceptance of the terminal disclaimer filed on 8/9/16. The provisional rejection for nonstatutory double patenting over the claims of appl. 14/733204 is withdrawn as a terminal disclaimer was filed during prosecution of 14/733204 and is of record for 14/733204. The rejection for nonstatutory double patenting over the claims of USP 7,727,553 in view of Nakamura and Allenspach is withdrawn in consideration of the unexpected results provided in the declaration and the instant specification.
- 6. The rejection of claims 25-57 under 103(a) over Fujihara et. al., EP 1327440, in view of Allenspach et. al., US 2004/0186105, and Nakamura, WO 2004/017973 is withdrawn in consideration of the declaration submitted under 1.132 and in consideration of Applicant's response.
- 7. Claims 25-57 are directed to an allowable product. Pursuant to the procedures set forth in MPEP § 821.04(b), claim 59, directed to the process of making or using the allowable product, previously withdrawn from consideration as a result of a restriction

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requirement, is hereby rejoined and fully examined for patentability under 37 CFR

1.104.

Because a claimed invention previously withdrawn from consideration under 37 CFR 1.142 has been rejoined, the restriction requirement between inventive groups I-II as set forth in the Office action mailed on 11/3/15 is hereby withdrawn. In view of the withdrawal of the restriction requirement as to the rejoined inventions, applicant(s) are advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Once the restriction requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. See *In re Ziegler*, 443 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

8. Claims 25-57 and 59 are allowed.

## **Examiner's Amendment**

9. An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

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Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in an interview with

Akihiro Yamazaki on 11/2/16.

Please amend the claims accordingly:

10. Delete claim 58.

**Reasons for Allowance** 

11. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: there is no

prior art which teaches or suggests an oral preparation comprising lurasidone in an

amount from 20-45% by weight; pregelatinized starch from 10-50% by weight; a water-

soluble excipient; and a water soluble polymer binder. The closest prior art is Fujihara

et. al., EP 1327440; and Allenspach et. al., US 2004/0186105 (both references are of

previous record). Fujihara teaches an oral formulation comprising lurasidone but does

not teach or suggest pregelatinized starch. Allenspach teaches an oral formulation

comprising a drug of low water solubility and pregelatinized starch in an amount from

about 1-50% by weight of the composition, for increasing the dissolution rate.

Allenspach does not teach lurasidone. Applicants have provided the reference of Levina

et. al., Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 93(11), 2746-2754, (2004), which showed

that two different formations of active agents (chlorpheniramine maleate and

theophylline, 30% by weight in each composition) comprising from 20-49.5% by weight

pregelatinized starch exhibited reduced dissolution profiles compared to formulations

lacking pregelatinized starch (see Abstract; p. 2749, Figs. 1-2; p. 2750, Fig. 3; p. 2753,

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left col., last 2 para). Levina et. al. also shows that the dissolution profile of a theophylline tablet containing 35% and 40.25% pregelatinized starch was significantly reduced compared to a theophylline tablet containing 20% pregelatinized starch (see p. 2751, Fig. 6). Levina, published the same year as Allenspach, therefore provides evidence that pregelatinized starch, in an amount from 20-49.5% by weight, can decrease the dissolution profile of active agents.

In contrast, Applicant has provided evidence to show that preparations containing lurasidone in amounts of 25%, 28.6%, 33.3%, and 40%; and pregelatinized starch in amounts of 25%, 28.6%, 33.3%, and 40% exhibit similar dissolution profiles, as shown by the f2 values, which fall within the range of 50≤f2≤100 (see p. 37 of the instant specification, Table 36):

Table 36

Formulations	034-15-80-1000	RP-03320	RP-03321	RP-03322
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80
Mannitol	142	104	67	30
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	80	80	80
Croscarmellose sodium	4	4	4	4
Hydroxyproplyl methylcellulose	10	8	6	4
Magnesium stearate	4	4	3	2
Total	320	280	240	200

Dissolution profile

Time (min)	Dissolution ratic (%)			
10	85	73	71	68
15	89	80	80	81
30	93	88	88	89
45	94	90	91	91
f2 value	the .	60	60	63

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Additionally, it has been shown that compositions comprising 25% lurasidone and about 12.5%, 31.25%, and 25% pregelatinized starch exhibit similar dissolution profiles (see instant specification, p. 22, Tables 10-13):

Commont	Example No.				
Component	1	4	5	6	
Lurasidone	80	80	80	80	
Mannitol	144	176	116	136	
Partly pregelatinized starch	80	40	100	80	
Croscarmellose sodium	4	8	8	8	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	8	12	12	12	

Ct	Example No.				
Component	1	4	5	6	
Granules in the above (a)	316	316	316	316	
Magnesium stearate	4	4	4	4	

Similarity factor	Example No.				
	1	4	5	6	
f2	-	67	60	62	

The results are not taught or suggested by the prior art.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

## Conclusion

12. Claims 25-57 and 59 are allowed.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SARAH PIHONAK whose telephone number is (571)270-7710. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00 AM - 6:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on (571)272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1627

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	14/512,189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
Examiner-initiated interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTC	personnel):	
(1) <u>SARAH PIHONAK</u> .	(3)	
(2) <u>Akihiro Yamazaki</u> .	(4)	
Date of Interview: 02 November 2016.		
Type: 🛛 Telephonic 🔲 Video Conference 🗎 Personal [copy given to: 🗌 applicant	applicant's representative]	
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes If Yes, brief description:	⊠ No.	
Issues Discussed 101 112 1102 103 Oth (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detail		
Claim(s) discussed: <u>25-59</u> .		
Identification of prior art discussed:		
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreement reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, arguments.)		entification or clarification of a
A voicemail message was left for Yuki Onoe discussing the rejoin withdrawn claim 59. Akihiro Yamazaki contacted the		
proposed amendment. Claims 25-57 and 59 are allowed.		
Applicant recordation instructions: It is not necessary for applicant to	provide a separate record of the substa	ace of interview
<b>Examiner recordation instructions</b> : Examiners must summarize the su substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to	ostance of any interview of record. A cor for complete and proper recordation inc of any other pertinent matters discussed	nplete and proper recordation of the sluding the identification of the regarding patentability and the
☐ Attachment		
/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1627		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413B (Rev. 8/11/2010) Intervi	ew Summary	Paper No. 20161027

Par Pharm., Inc. Exhibit 1013

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Issue Classification	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	=xa	7

CPC				
Symbol			Туре	Version
A61K	31	496	F	2013-01-01
A61K	9	2018	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	2059	I	2013-01-01
C07D	417	/ 12	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	0053	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	2009	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	1 2027	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	1 2031	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	1 2054	I	2013-01-01
A61K	9	1 2095	I	2013-01-01

CPC Combination Sets								
Symbol	Туре	Set	Ranking	Version				

NONE	Total Claims Allowed:				
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	3	4		
/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1627	11/02/2016	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure		
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	None		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Paper No. 20161027

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Issue Classification	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627

	US ORIGINAL CLASSIFICATION								INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION							
	CLASS		,	SUBCLASS		CLAIMED							NON-CLAIMED			
						Α	6	1	К	31 / 496 (2006.01.01)						
	CROSS REFERENCE(S)						6	1	К	9 / 00 (2006.01.01)						
	Ch	UJJ NLI I	LILINOL	3)		Α	6	1	К	9 / 20 (2006.01.01)						
CLASS	CLASS SUBCLASS (ONE SUBCLASS PER BLOCK)					С	0	7	D	417 / 12 (2006.01.01)						
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NONE	Total Claims Allowed:				
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	3	4		
/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1627	11/02/2016	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure		
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	None		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20161027

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Issue Classification	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627

	Claims re	numbere	d in the s	ame orde	r as prese	ented by a	applicant		СР	A 🗵	T.D.		R.1.4	17	
Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original
	1		17	9	33	25	49								
	2		18	10	34	26	50								
	3		19	11	35	27	51								
	4		20	12	36	28	52								
	5		21	13	37	29	53								
	6		22	14	38	30	54								
	7		23	15	39	31	55								
	8		24	16	40	32	56								
	9	1	25	17	41	33	57								
	10	2	26	18	42		58								
	11	3	27	19	43	34	59								
	12	4	28	20	44										
	13	5	29	21	45										
	14	6	30	22	46										
	15	7	31	23	47										
	16	8	32	24	48										

NONE	Total Claims Allowed:				
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	3	4		
/SARAH PIHONAK/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1627	11/02/2016	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure		
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	None		

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Oct 2016 VOL 165 ISS 19
FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Oct 2016 (20161026/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

CAplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the fourth quarter of 2016.

CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

#### http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s us 20150056284/pn 1 US 20150056284/PN (US20150056284/PN)

=> d l1 abs ibib it

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

A preparation for oral administration comprises a pregelatinized starch comprising N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-

bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride (lurasidone hydrochloride) as an active ingredient; a water-soluble excipient; and a water-soluble polymeric binder, where the preparation exhibits an invariant level of elution behavior even when the content of its active ingredient is varied. For example, tablets were formulated containing lurasidone 80, mannitol 144, pregelatinized starch 80, croscarmellose sodium 4, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 8, and Mg stearate 4 mg per tablet and film coated with a composition containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, titania, polyethylene glycol, and carnauba wax.
SION NUMBER: 2006:1252571 CAPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:13212

Oral pharmaceutical compositions of lurasidone TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAI	ENT :	NO.			KIN	D D.	ATE		A.	PPLI	CATI	ON N	٥.		D	ATE		
WO	2006	1266	81		A1	 2	0061	130	M	WO 2006-JP310571						20060526		
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ΕP	1884	242			A1	2	0800	206	E	P 20	06-7	4690	0		2	0060	526	

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                                               A1 20071031
                                          US 2014-14183283
                                                               A1 20140218
                                                              A1 20141010
                                          US 2014-14512189
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
IT Dissolution
    Particle size
     Pharmaceutical coated tablets
    Pharmaceutical granules
     Pharmaceutical tablets
       (oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile)
    63-42-3, Lactose 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 9005-25-8D, Starch,
    pregelatinized 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, Lurasidone
    hvdrochloride
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
       (oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                        3
                              THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
                              (4 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        7
                              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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EP 1884242

В1

20130417

=> e	dissolution/	ct	
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E1	0	1	DISSOLN./CT
E2	0	1	DISSOLUTA/CT
E3	104446	28>	DISSOLUTION/CT
E4	0	2	DISSOLUTION (L) SALTING-IN/CT
E5	0	2	DISSOLUTION ENTHALPY/CT
E6	6234	2	DISSOLUTION RATE/CT
E7	0	1	DISSOLUTUM/CT
E8	0	1	DISSOLVAN/CT
E9	0	2	DISSOLVAN 4411/CT
E10	0	1	DISSOLVANT/CT
E11	0	2	DISSOLVANT APV/CT
E12	0	1	DISSOLVED/CT

=> set expand continuous SET COMMAND COMPLETED

=> s e3,e6

104446 DISSOLUTION/CT

6234 "DISSOLUTION RATE"/CT

L2 110455 (DISSOLUTION/CT OR "DISSOLUTION RATE"/CT)

=> file registry

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 14.85 15.12

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:57:11 ON 27 OCT 2016
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Property values tagged with IC are from the  ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$  data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 26 OCT 2016 HIGHEST RN 2020110-79-4 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 26 OCT 2016 HIGHEST RN 2020110-79-4

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH APRIL 29, 2016

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting  ${\tt SmartSELECT}$  searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

# http://www.cas.org/training/stn/database-specific

# => e lurasidone/cn

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E16
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E17
             1
                   LURATEX A 25/CN
E18
                   LURAZEPAM/CN
             1
E19
             1
                   LURAZOL BLACK BA/CN
E20
                   LURAZOL BLACK DFN/CN
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E21
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E22
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                   LURAZOL BLACK RS/CN
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E24
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             1 LURASIDONE/CN
L3
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=> d 13 str rsd

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN

Absolute stereochemistry.

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

Ring System Data

Elemental	l Elemental	.  Size of	Ring Syster	n  Ring	RID
Analysis	Sequence	the Rings	s  Formula	Identifie	Occurrence
EA	ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
	-+======	+======	-+	-+======	+=======
C6	C6	16	IC6	46.150.1	1
C4N2	NC2NC2	16	C4N2	46.383.1	1
C3NS-C6	NSC3-C6	5-6	C7NS	333.255.8	1
C4N-C5-C5	5 NC4-C5-C5	15-5-5	C9N	553.5.1	1

=> d 13

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN
- RN 367514-87-2 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 07 Nov 2001
- CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
  2-[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA

INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - 2 - [[(1R, 2R) - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)] - 2 - [[(1R, 2R) - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[(1R, 2R) - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[(1R, 2R) - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - 1 - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl) - (3aR, 4S, 7aS)]] - 2 - [[4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisothiazol - 3 - yl)]] - 2 - [4 - (1, 2 - Benzisotpiperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione OTHER NAMES: 2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-Benzoisothiazol-3-yl)-1piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione CN Lurasidone FS STEREOSEARCH MFC28 H36 N4 O2 S CI COM SR CA IN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ANABSTR, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, EMBASE, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL LC STN Files:

Absolute stereochemistry.

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

258 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
273 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

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E26	1	STARCH 11-(4'-CYANOBIPHENYL-4-YLOXY)UNDECANOATE/CN
E27	1>	STARCH 1500/CN
E28	1	STARCH 1500 X/CN
E29	1	STARCH 2,4-D ESTER/CN
E30	1	STARCH 2-(DIETHYLAMINO)ETHYL 3-SULFOPROPYL ETHER ACETATE HYD
		ROCHLORIDE/CN
E31	1	STARCH 2-(DIETHYLAMINO)ETHYL HYDROXYETHYL 3-SULFOPROPYL ETHE
		R, HYDROCHLORIDE/CN
E32	1	STARCH 2-(DIETHYLAMINO)ETHYL HYDROXYETHYL HYDROXYPROPYL 3-SU
		LFOPROPYL ETHER, HYDROCHLORIDE/CN
E33	1	STARCH 2-(DIETHYLAMINO)ETHYL HYDROXYPROPYL 3-SULFOPROPYL ETH
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E34	1	STARCH 2-CHLOROETHYLAMINODIPROPIONATE/CN
E35	1	STARCH 2-HYDROXY-2-PHENYLETHYL ETHER/CN

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=> s e27
L4
            1 "STARCH 1500"/CN
=> d 14
L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN
RN 9005-25-8 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN
    Starch (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
\text{CN} \quad \alpha\text{-Starch}
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    75A
CN
    75A (polysaccharide)
CN
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CN AccuGel
CN Ace P 320
CN
    ADM Clineo 716
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    Amylex 20/20
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    Amylofiber SH
CN
    Amylogel
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STARCH 2-HYDROXY-3-(METHACRYLOYLOXY) PROPYL ETHER/CN

E36

1

Amylogel 03001 Amylogel 03003 CN Starch 1500 ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for DISPLAY DEF A high-polymeric carbohydrate material primarily composed of amylopectin and amylose. It is usually derived from cereal grains such as corn, wheat and sorghum, and from roots and tubers such as potatoes and tapioca. It includes starch which has been pregelatinized by heating in the presence of water. 9057-05-0, 42616-76-2, 53112-52-0, 53262-79-6, 60496-95-9, 67674-80-0, 75138-75-9, 75398-82-2, 85746-25-4, 118550-61-1, 131800-97-0, 152987-55-8, 154636-77-8, 730985-55-4, 730985-56-5, 730985-57-6, 955949-61-8, 1309960-29-9, 1374255-25-0 MF Unspecified CI PMS, COM, MAN PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only SR TN Files: ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFIALL, LC STN Files: IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PIRA, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD (\*File contains numerically searchable property data) Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\* (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\* 192224 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 16782 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 196773 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE) => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:56:02 ON 27 OCT 2016) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 27 OCT 2016 1 S US 20150056284/PN T.1 E DISSOLUTION/CT SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS L2 110455 S E3,E6 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:57:11 ON 27 OCT 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN T.3 1 S E15 E STARCH 1500/CN L41 S E27 => s 367514-87-2/crn13 367514-87-2/CRN L5 => file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 22.46 37.58

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:58:26 ON 27 OCT 2016

CN

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Oct 2016 VOL 165 ISS 19
FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Oct 2016 (20161026/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

Caplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the fourth quarter of 2016.

CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d his

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 27 OCT 2016

L1 1 S US 20150056284/PN
E DISSOLUTION/CT
SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS

L2 110455 S E3, E6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:57:11 ON 27 OCT 2016

E LURASIDONE/CN

L3 1 S E15

E STARCH 1500/CN

L4 1 S E27

L5 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:58:26 ON 27 OCT 2016

=> s 13 or 15

273 L3 128 L5

L6 336 L3 OR L5

=> s 14

L7 196773 L4

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=> s 16 and 17
           18 L6 AND L7
=> s (gelatin? or pregelatin?) (1) (starch)
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          3509 PREGELATIN?
        318460 STARCH
         14065 STARCHES
        319856 STARCH
                 (STARCH OR STARCHES)
L9
         22051 (GELATIN? OR PREGELATIN?) (L) (STARCH)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:56:02 ON 27 OCT 2016)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 27 OCT 2016
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L6
            336 S L3 OR L5
L7
         196773 S L4
L8
             18 S L6 AND L7
1.9
          22051 S (GELATIN? OR PREGELATIN?) (L) (STARCH)
=> s 16 and 19
L10
            4 L6 AND L9
=> s 110 and (py<=2006 or ay<=2006 or pry<=2006)
      27666877 PY<=2006
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=> s 111 not 11
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=> s 113 not 11
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L14 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2016 ACS on STN
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Disclosed are oral compns. containing a hardly water-soluble active ingredient and AB having favorable disintegration characteristics which comprise a molded solid article (for example, granules) obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a first disintegrating agent and a water-soluble filler with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder and then mixing this molded solid article with a second disintegrating agent, or a molded solid article obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a disintegrating agent and a sugar alc. with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder. When orally administered, these prepns. show excellent elution of the active ingredient in the digestive tract. Moreover, these prepns. can show the same elution behavior at different contents of the active ingredient and thus enable the selection of the most suitable drug for each patient, which makes these prepns. highly useful in clin. medicine. A film-coated tablet was prepared form granules containing N-[4-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazole-3-y1)-1-piperaziny1]-(2R,3R)-2,3-piperaziny1]tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride 10, lactose 50, sodium croscarmellose 6 mg, and polyvinyl alc. 1.2 mg, calcium hydrogen phosphate anhydride 35, crystalline cellulose 17, and magnesium stearate 0.8 mg, and a coating material containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 1.95, titanium oxide 0.6, concentrate glycerin 0.45 mg, and carnauba wax q.s. 2002:240535 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:268164 TITLE: Oral compositions with favorable disintegration characteristics INVENTOR(S): Fujihara, Kazuyuki PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2002024166 A1 20020328 WO 2001-JP7983 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2824077 A1 20020328 CA 2001-2824077 20010914 <--CA 2824077 С 20160126 AU 2001086237 20020402 AU 2001-86237 20010914 <--Α A1 20030320 CA 2424001 CA 2001-2424001 20010914 <--CA 2424001 20131022 С EP 1327440 A1 20030716 EP 2001-965637 20010914 <--20090513 EP 1327440 B1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR EP 1974724 A2 20081001 EP 2008-156778 20010914 <--EP 1974724 A3 20081112 R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR AT 431136 20090515 AT 2001-965637 20010914 <--T ES 2325764 20090916 ES 2001-965637 20010914 <--Т3

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     A61K0031-496 [ICS,7]; A61K0045-00 [ICS,7]; A61K0047-10 [ICS,7];
     A61K0047-26 [ICS,7]; A61K0047-30 [ICS,7]
IPCR A61K0009-00 [I]; A61K0009-16 [I]; A61K0009-20 [I]; A61K0009-30 [I];
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     9003-39-8, Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9004-34-6, Crystalline cellulose,
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     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral compns. with favorable disintegration characteristics containing
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ΤТ
     9005-25-8, Corn starch, biological studies
                                                  367514-88-3
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral compns. with favorable disintegration characteristics containing
        hardly water-soluble active ingredients)
RN
     9005-25-8 CAPLUS
CM
    Starch (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
    367514-88-3 CAPLUS
CN
     4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,
     2-[[(1R, 2R)-2-[[4-(1, 2-benzisothiazol-3-v1)-1-
    piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1),
     (3aR, 4S, 7R, 7aS) - (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (10 CITINGS)

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 27 OCT 2016

L1 1 S US 20150056284/PN
E DISSOLUTION/CT
SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS

L2 110455 S E3,E6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:57:11 ON 27 OCT 2016

E LURASIDONE/CN

L3 1 S E15

E STARCH 1500/CN

L4 1 S E27

L5 13 S 367514-87-2/CRN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:58:26 ON 27 OCT 2016

L6 336 S L3 OR L5 L7 196773 S L4 L8 18 S L6 AND L7

L9 22051 S (GELATIN? OR PREGELATIN?) (L) (STARCH)

L10 4 S L6 AND L9

L11 1 S L10 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)

L12 0 S L11 NOT L1

L13 2 S L8 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)

L14 1 S L13 NOT L1

=> s 12 and 19

L15 948 L2 AND L9

=> s 115 and (py<=2006 or ay<=2006 or pry<=2006)

27666877 PY<=2006 6032082 AY<=2006 5526001 PRY<=2006

L16 191 L15 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)

 $\Rightarrow$  s (lurasidone) and 116 369 LURASIDONE

L17 1 (LURASIDONE) AND L16

=> s 117 not 11

L18 0 L17 NOT L1

=> d his

T.2

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:56:02 ON 27 OCT 2016)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 27 OCT 2016

L1 1 S US 20150056284/PN
E DISSOLUTION/CT
SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS

110455 S E3,E6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:57:11 ON 27 OCT 2016 E LURASIDONE/CN

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1 S E15
L3
               E STARCH 1500/CN
T.4
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             13 S 367514-87-2/CRN
L5
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:58:26 ON 27 OCT 2016
L6
            336 S L3 OR L5
         196773 S L4
T.7
L8
             18 S L6 AND L7
L9
          22051 S (GELATIN? OR PREGELATIN?) (L) (STARCH)
              4 S L6 AND L9
L10
              1 S L10 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)
L11
L12
              0 S L11 NOT L1
              2 S L8 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)
L13
L14
              1 S L13 NOT L1
L15
            948 S L2 AND L9
            191 S L15 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)
T.16
L17
             1 S (LURASIDONE) AND L16
              0 S L17 NOT L1
T.18
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L6
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L7
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L8
L9
          22051 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON
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                (STARCH)
L10
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L13
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L14
              1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 NOT L1
               D L14 ABS IBIB HITIND HITSTR
            948 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L9
T.15
            191 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR
L16
                PRY<=2006)
L17
              1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (LURASIDONE) AND L16
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L18 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT L1

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

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\* \* \* \* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \* \* SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 16:04:51 ON 27 OCT 2016 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:04:51 ON 27 OCT 2016 COPYRIGHT (C) 2016 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 54.15 91.73

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 54.15 91.73

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USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Oct 2016 VOL 165 ISS 19
FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Oct 2016 (20161026/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2015
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2015

CAplus includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the fourth quarter of 2016.

CAplus now includes the comprehensive Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC). See HELP CPC for details.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

# http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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         196773 S L4
L7
L8
            18 S L6 AND L7
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L9
L10
             4 S L6 AND L9
L11
              1 S L10 AND (PY<=2006 OR AY<=2006 OR PRY<=2006)
L12
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L13
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L14
              1 S L13 NOT L1
L15
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L17
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L18
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SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 16:06:25 ON 27 OCT 2016

# **EAST Search History**

# **EAST Search History (Prior Art)**

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L5	1	"20150056284".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:14
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L7	71137	c07d417/12.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:16
L8	78904	a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:17
L9	1909	(I6 or I7) and I8	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:22
L10	193	l9 and ((gelatin\$6 or gel\$3) with (starch))	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:23
L11	0	I10 and (piperazin\$2 with benzoisothiazol\$2)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS;	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:26

EASTSearchHistory.14512189\_AccessibleVersion.htm[10/31/2016 12:45:57 PM]

			EPO; JPO; DERWENT		***************************************	***************************************
L12	3	110 and (benzoisothiazol\$2)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:26
L13	8784	(16 or 17) and ((gelatin\$6 or gel\$3) with (starch))	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:27
L14	53	l13 and (piperazin\$2 with benzoisothiazol\$2)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:27
L15	13	I10 and Iurasidone	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:42
L16	11	(("FUJIHARA") near2 ("Kazuyuki")).INV.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:43
L17	327	(("SUMITOMO") near3 ("DAINIPPON") near3 ("PHARMA") near3 ("CO") near3 ("LTD")).AS.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:43
L18	334	L16 or L17	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:43
L19	1	i10 and i18	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:44
L20	6	(("FWIHARA") near2 ("Kazuyuki")).INV.	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/31 12:44
S1	1	"8883794".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/03 17:40
S2	1	"8729085".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/03 17:40
S3	11	(("FWIHARA") near2 ("Kazuyuki")).INV.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/03 17:41

S4	307	(("SUMITOMO") near3 ("DAINIPPON") near3 ("PHARMA") near3 ("CO") near3 ("LTD")).AS.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/03 17:41
S5	6	(("FUJIHARA") near2 ("Kazuyuki")).INV.	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:11
S6	3	("20040028741"   "4600579"   "5532372").PN.	US- PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:12
S7	1	("6150366").PN.	US- PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:12
S8	2	("20030203020"   "20050147699").PN.	US- PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:12
S9	7883	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) with tablet\$1	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:43
S10	235905	tablet\$1.ab.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:43
S11	821	S9 and S10	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:44
S12	3166	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) with (improv\$6 or benefit\$1 or beneficial or advantag\$4 or increas\$3 or dissolut\$3 or availabilit\$3 or disintegrat\$3 or stabilit\$3)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:45
S13	170	S11 and S12	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:45
S14	2360	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) near25 (improv\$6 or benefit\$1 or beneficial or advantag\$4 or increas\$3 or dissolut\$3 or availabilit\$3 or disintegrat\$3 or stabilit\$3)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:51
S15	650	S9 and S14	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:51
S16	4637	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)).ab.	US- PGPUB;	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:51

			USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT			
S17	82	S15 and S16	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 10:51
S18	15	(pregelatin\$7 near10 ratio) and S17	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:04
S19	28	(pregelatin\$7 near10 ratio) and S15	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:08
S20	13	S19 not S18	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:08
S21	4232	starch near2 ("1500")	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:11
S22	73	S15 and S21	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 11:11
S23	1	"9119820".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 13:26
S24	62	lurasidone with (amount\$1 or dose\$1 or dosage\$1)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:23
S25	46	tablet\$1 and \$24	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:23
S26	7	"1535616".PN.	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 14:27
S28	8649	a61k31/496.cpc.	US- PGPUB;	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:23

			USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT			
S29	16298	a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:23
S30	15704	c07d417/12.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:24
S31	16298	⊗9 and ⊗9	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:24
S32	3089	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) and \$31	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:24
S33	0	(benzoisothiazol with piperazinyl with isoindole) and \$32	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:26
S34	0	(benzisothiazol with piperazinyl with isoindole) and S32	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:27
S35	23	lurasidone and S32	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:27
S36	373	\$28 and \$29	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:28
S37	70	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) and \$36	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:28
S38	0	(benzisothiazol with piperazinyl with isoindole) and S37	US- PGPUB;	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:28

			USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT		***************************************	
S39	15	lurasidone and S37	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:28
S40	63	S29 and S30	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:28
S41	12	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) and S40	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:29
S42	11	(("FUJIHARA") near2 ("Kazuyuki")).INV.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:30
S43	307	((("SUMITOMO") near3 ("DAINIPPON") near3 ("PHARMA") near3 ("CO") near3 ("LTD")).AS.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:30
S44	314	S42 or S43	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:30
S45	6	S44 and (S36 or S40)	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:31
S46	6	((pregelatiniz\$3 or pregelatinis\$3) near4 (starch)) and S45	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:31
S47	1	"7727553".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/02/04 15:39
S48	1	"20040186105".pn.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2016/10/27 15:44
S49	71123	c07d417/12.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/27 16:07
S50	32441	a61k31/496.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT;	OR	OFF	2016/10/27 16:07

#### EAST Search History

			USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT			
S51	78856	a61k9/2095,2009,2027,2031,2054,0053,2018,2059.cpc.	US- PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2016/10/27 16:08

10/31/2016 12:45:53 PM C:\ Users\ spihonak\ Documents\ EAST\ Workspaces\ 14512189.wsp

# Index of Claims 14512189 Examiner SARAH PIHONAK Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI Art Unit 1627

<b>✓</b>	Rejected	-	Cancelled	N	Non-Elected	Α	Appeal
=	Allowed	÷	Restricted	I	Interference	0	Objected

		in the same	order as pre	sented by a	applicant		□ СРА	⊠ T.I	р. 📙	R.1.47		
CL.	AIM		DATE									
Final	Original	02/04/2016	11/02/2016									
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2	26	✓	=									
3	27	✓	=									
4	28	<b>√</b>	=									
5	29	✓	=									
6	30	✓	=									
7	31	✓	=									
8	32	✓	=									
9	33	<b>√</b>	=									
10	34	<b>√</b>	=									
11	35	<b>√</b>	=									
12	36	<b>√</b>	=									

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Part of Paper No.: 20161027

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Index of Claims	14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SARAH PIHONAK	1627

<b>✓</b>	Rejected	-	Cancelled	N	Non-Elected	Α	Appeal
=	Allowed	÷	Restricted	I	Interference	0	Objected

☐ Claims	renumbered	in the same	order as pre	esented by a	applicant		☐ CPA	⊠ T.I	D. 🗆	R.1.47
CL	AIM		DATE							
Final	Original	02/04/2016	11/02/2016							
13	37	✓	=							
14	38	✓	=							
15	39	✓	=							
16	40	<b>√</b>	=							
17	41	✓	=							
18	42	✓	=							
19	43	✓	=							
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21	45	✓	=							
22	46	✓	=							
23	47	✓	=							
24	48	✓	=							
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26	50	✓	=							
27	51	✓	=							
28	52	✓	=							
29	53	✓	=							
30	54	✓	=							
31	55	✓	=							
32	56	✓	=							
33	57	✓	=							
	58	N	-							
34	59	N	=							

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. : 20161027

## Search Notes



Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14512189	FUJIHARA, KAZUYUKI
Examiner	Art Unit
SARAH PIHONAK	1627

CPC- SEARCHED							
Symbol	Date	Examiner					
a61k31/496	2/4/16	s.p.					
a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095	2/4/16	s.p.					
c07d417/12	2/4/16	s.p.					
a61k31/496	10/31/16	s.p.					
c07d417/12	10/31/16	s.p.					
a61k9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095	10/31/16	s.p.					

CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARC	CHED						
Symbol Date Examiner							

US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED							
Class	Class Subclass Date Examiner						

SEARCH NOTES				
Search Notes	Date	Examiner		
invention and claims search in stn, east	2/4/16	s.p.		
inventor and assignee search in east, palm	2/4/16	s.p.		
updated inventor and assignee search in palm, east	10/31/16	s.p.		
updated invention and claims search in stn, east	10/31/16	s.p.		

INTERFERENCE SEARCH				
US Class/ CPC Symbol	US Subclass / CPC Group	Date	Examiner	
a61k	31/496	10/31/16	s.p.	
c07d	417/12	10/31/16	s.p.	
a61k	9/0053,2009,2018,2027,2031,2054,2059,2095	10/31/16	s.p.	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20161027

#### PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

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(Depositor's name)
(Signature

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNE	Y DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512,189	10/10/2014		Kazuyuki FUIIHARA		4722991	US40CONT	5575
TLE OF INVENTIO	N: PHARMACEUTICAL	. COMPOSITION					
APPLN, TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE	FEE TO	TAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0		\$960	02/07/2017
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ASSIGNEE NAME A PLEASE NOTE: Us recordation as set for (A) NAME OF ASS.  SUMITO dease check the approp a. The following fee(s) A Issue Fee Publication Fee ( Advance Order - Change in Entity St. Applicant certify: Applicant changi	AND RESIDENCE DATA these an assignee is ident th in 37 CFR 3.11. Comp GNEE  MO DAINIPP riate assignee category or are submitted: No small entity discount p # of Copies  tus (from status indicate ng micro entity status. See ng small entity status. See ng to regular undiscounte	A TO BE PRINTED OF A TO BE PRINT	with Patent (print or type data will appear on the pot a substitute for filing an (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY A CO., LTD.  printed on the patent):  4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Plee A check is enclosed.  A Payment by credit car  The director is hereby overpayment, to Depo	atent. If an assigned assignment.  I and STATE OR CO  Individual Cornse first reapply any authorized to charge sit Account Number retification of Microlentity amount will n was previously under sof entitlement to max will be taken to be e.	DUNTRY)  DSaka,  rporation or  y previousle  ed via  e the require  15-00  Entity Statuot be acceper micro entity a notificati	JAPAN  Tother private gro  I paid issue fee s  EFS-Web  ed fee(s), any defi  130. (enclose ar  as (see forms PTC oted at the risk of titstatus. tion of loss of entit	up entity Governm  chown above)  iciency, or credits any extra copy of this form  0/SB/15A and 15B), isst  application abandonmen  ng this box will be take
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OMB 0651-0033

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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:	145	512189			
Filing Date:	10-Oct-2014				
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kaz	zuyuki FUJIHARA			
Filer:	Bra	dley Davis Lytle/Mi	mi Chanthaph	one	
Attorney Docket Number:	472	2299US40CONT			
Filed as Large Entity					
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
UTILITY APPL ISSUE FEE		1501	1	960	960

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	960

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	27794958			
Application Number:	14512189			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	5575			
Title of Invention:	PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Kazuyuki FUJIHARA			
Customer Number:	22850			
Filer:	Bradley Davis Lytle/Mimi Chanthaphone			
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Attorney Docket Number:	472299US40CONT			
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Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

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1	Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B)	472299us.pdf	6192a2ef8c3699fabc6608f276784dd5a180 54b7	no	1			
Warnings:	-							
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2	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	dc7da5cb9ffd0a17848a9f0372f2ed260d33 7f9f	no	2			
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#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/512.189	01/31/2017	9555027	472299US40CONT	5575

22850

7590

01/11/2017

OBLON, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314

#### **ISSUE NOTIFICATION**

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

#### Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Kazuyuki FUJIHARA, Suzuka-shi, JAPAN; SUMITOMO DAINIPPON PHARMA CO., LTD, Osaka, JAPAN;

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IR103 (Rev. 10/09)