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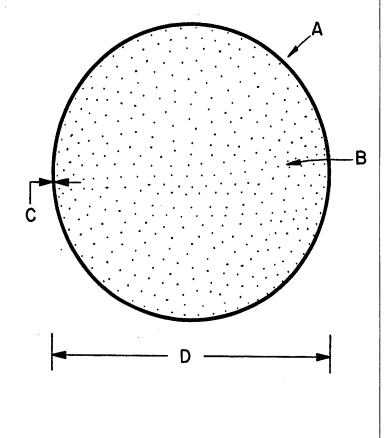
#### (57) Abstract

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In accordance with the present invention, there are provided compositions useful for the *in vivo* delivery of a biologic, wherein the biologic is associated with a polymeric shell formulated from a biocompatible material. The biologic can be associated with the polymeric shell itself, and/or the biologic, optionally suspended/dispersed in a biocompatible dispersing agent, can be encased by the polymeric shell. In another aspect, the biologic associated with polymeric shell is administered to a subject, optionally dispersed in a suitable biocompatible liquid.



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### METHODS FOR IN VIVO DELIVERY OF BIOLOGICS AND COMPOSITIONS USEFUL THEREFOR

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to *in vivo* delivery of biologics. In one aspect, biologic is associated with a polymeric shell formulated from a biocompatible material. 5 The biologic can be associated with the polymeric shell itself, and/or the biologic, optionally suspended/dispersed in a biocompatible dispersing agent, can be encased by the polymeric shell. In another aspect, the biologic associated with polymeric shell is administered to a 10 subject, optionally dispersed in a suitable biocompatible liquid.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Microparticles and foreign bodies present in the blood are generally cleared from the circulation by the 15 'blood filtering organs', namely the spleen, lungs and liver. The particulate matter contained in normal whole blood comprises red blood cells (typically 8 microns in diameter), white blood cells (typically 6-8 microns in diameter), and platelets (typically 1-3 microns in 20 diameter). The microcirculation in most organs and tissues allows the free passage of these blood cells. When microthrombii (blood clots) of size greater than 10-15 microns are present in circulation, a risk of infarction or blockage of the capillaries results, leading to ischemia or 25 oxygen deprivation and possible tissue death. Injection

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into the circulation of particles greater than 10-15 microns in diameter, therefore, must be avoided. A cuspension of particles less than 7-8 microns, is however, relatively safe and has been used for the delivery of 5 pharmacologically active agents in the form of liposomes and emulsions, nutritional agents, and contrast media for imaging applications.

The size of particles and their mode of delivery determines their biological behavior. Strand et al. [in 10 Microspheres-Biomedical Applications, ed. A. Rembaum, pp 193-227, CRC Press (1988)] have described the fate of particles to be dependent on their size. Particles in the size range of a few nanometers (nm) to 100 nm enter the lymphatic capillaries following interstitial injection, and phagocytosis may occur within the lymph nodes. After 15 intravenous/intraarterial injection, particles less than about 2 microns will be rapidly cleared from the blood stream by the reticuloendothelial system (RES), also known as the mononuclear phagocyte system (MPS). Particles larger than about 7 microns will, after intravenous 20 injection, be trapped in the lung capillaries. After intraarterial injection, particles are trapped in the first capillary bed reached. Inhaled particles are trapped by the alveolar macrophages.

25 Pharmaceuticals that are water-insoluble or poorly water-soluble and sensitive to acid environments in the stomach cannot be conventionally administered (e.g., by intravenous injection or oral administration). The parenteral administration of such pharmaceuticals has been 30 achieved by emulsification of oil solubilized drug with an aqueous liquid (such as normal saline) in the presence of surfactants or emulsion stabilizers to produce stable microemulsions. These emulsions may be injected intravenously, provided the components of the emulsion are 35 pharmacologically inert. For example, US Patent No.

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4,073,943 describes the administration of water-insoluble pharmacologically active agents dissolved in oils and emulsified with water in the presence of surfactants such as egg phosphatides, pluronics (copolymers of polypropylene
5 glycol and polyethylene glycol), polyglycerol oleate, etc. PCT International Publication No. W085/00011 describes pharmaceutical microdroplets of an anaesthetic coated with a phospholipid, such as dimyristoyl phosphatidylcholine, having suitable dimensions for intradermal or intravenous 10 injection.

Protein microspheres have been reported in the literature as carriers of pharmacological or diagnostic agents. Microspheres of albumin have been prepared by either heat denaturation or chemical crosslinking. Heat denatured microspheres are produced from an emulsified mixture (e.g., albumin, the agent to be incorporated, and a suitable oil) at temperatures between 100°C and 150°C. The microspheres are then washed with a suitable solvent and stored. Leucuta et al. [International Journal of Pharmaceutics Vol. <u>41</u>:213-217 (1988)] describe the method of preparation of heat denatured microspheres.

The procedure for preparing chemically crosslinked microspheres involves treating the emulsion with glutaraldehyde to crosslink the protein, followed by 25 washing and storage. Lee et al. [Science Vol. 213:233-235 (1981)] and U.S. Patent No. 4,671,954 teach this method of preparation.

The above techniques for the preparation of protein microspheres as carriers of pharmacologically 30 active agents, although suitable for the delivery of watersoluble agents, are incapable of entrapping water-insoluble ones. This limitation is inherent in the technique of preparation which relies on crosslinking or heat denaturation of the protein component in the aqueous phase

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