PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patentee: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Patent No.: 9,248,191 Group Art Unit: 1676

Issue Date: February 2, 2016 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Attn: Certificate of Correction Branch Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

It is requested that a Certificate of Correction be issued correcting printing errors appearing in the above-identified United States patent.

Pursuant to 1.20(a), the examiner is authorized to charge the Certificate of Correction fee of \$100.00 or any additional fees or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 010885.

Issuance of the Certificate of Correction would neither expand nor contract the scope of the claims as properly allowed, and re-examination is not required.

Respectfully submitted,

Date February 16, 2016 By: /Laura L. Wine/

Laura L. Wine Reg. No.: 68681

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Customer No.: 51957

Patentee: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Patent No.: 9,248,191 Group Art Unit: 1676

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For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Attn: Certificate of Correction Branch

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

We are transmitting herewith the attached:

X Request for Certificate of Correction.

X Certificate of Correction Form - PTO-1050

Please charge any additional fees or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 010885.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Date: February 16, 2016 By Laura L. Wine

Reg. No.:68681

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO : 9,248,191 Page 1 of 4

DATED : February 2, 2016

INVENTOR(S) : Andrew Acheampong et al.

It is certified that errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the first page, in field (63), in column 1, in "Related U.S. Application Data", line 4, delete "and" and insert - - which is - -, therefor.

On the Page 2, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 9, delete "a" and insert - A - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 52, delete "a" and insert - A - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 61, delete "Muscosal" and insert - - Mucosal - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 24, delete "a" and insert - - A - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 28, delete "Polyocyethylene" and insert - Polyoxyethylene - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 29, delete "PhysicoChemical" and insert - Physico-Chemical - -, therefor.

On the Page 3, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 39, delete "a" and insert - - A - -, therefor.

On the Page 4, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 13, delete "a" and insert - - A - -, therefor.

On the Page 4, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 35, delete "a" and insert - -A --, therefor.

On the Page 4, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 48, after "U.S." insert - - Re-Examination - -.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO : 9,248,191 Page 2 of 4

DATED : February 2, 2016

INVENTOR(S) : Andrew Acheampong et al.

It is certified that errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the Page 4, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 10, delete "Allegran," and insert - - Allergan, - -, therefor.

On the Page 4, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 43, delete "Occular" and insert - Ocular - -, therefor.

On the Page 5, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 58, after "Systane" insert - - Products, Systane - -.

On the Page 5, in column 1, under "Other Publications", line 59, delete "http;//" and insert - http:// - -, therefor.

On the Page 5, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 22, delete "Waston" and insert - - Watson - -, therefor.

On the Page 5, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 31, delete "No." and insert - Nos. - -, therefor.

On the Page 5, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 33,

delete "5050)(2)(13)" and insert - - 505(j)(2)(B) - -, therefor.

On the Page 5, in column 2, under "Other Publications", line 48,

delete "5050)(2)(13)" and insert - - 505(j)(2)(B) - -, therefor.

In column 1, line 8, delete "13/961.828" and insert - - 13/961,828 - -, therefor.

In column 1, line 36, delete "a" and insert - - A - -, therefor.

In column 1, line 37, delete "a" and insert - - A - -, therefor.

In column 1, line 39, delete "2002," and insert - - 2002 - -, therefor.

In column 1, line 53, delete "al." and insert - - al, - -, therefor.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO : 9,248,191 Page 3 of 4

: February 2, 2016 DATED

INVENTOR(S) : Andrew Acheampong et al.

It is certified that errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

In column 2, line 65, delete "kerapoconjunctivitis," and

insert - - keratoconjunctivitis, - -, therefor.

In column 3, line 12, delete "clyclcosporin" and insert - - cyclosporin - -, therefor.

In column 3, line 52, delete "were" and insert - - are - -, therefor.

In column 4, line 23, After "more" insert - - of - -.

In column 5, line 9, delete "kerapoconjunctivitis," and

insert - - keratoconjunctivitis, - -, therefor.

In column 5, line 66, After "with" delete "a".

In column 6, line 3, delete "acetronitrile-based" and insert - - acetonitrile-based - -, therefor.

In column 9, line 20, delete "each" and insert - - such - -, therefor.

In column 9, line 48, delete "extant" and insert - - extent - -, therefor.

In column 9, line 60, delete "benefiting" and insert - - benefitting - -, therefor.

In column 10, line 22, delete "informing" and insert - - in forming - -, therefor.

In column 10, line 35, delete "amphorteric" and insert - - amphoteric - -, therefor.

In column 11, line 7, delete "methylhydroxyethlystarches" and

insert - - methylhydroxyethylstarches - -, therefor.

In column 11, line 10, delete "glucoaminoglycans" and

insert - - glycosaminoglycans - -, therefor.

In column 11, line 28, delete "2-methacrylolyoxyethlysulfonic" and

insert - - 2-methacryloyloxyethylsulfonic - -, therefor.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO : 9,248,191 Page 4 of 4

DATED : February 2, 2016

INVENTOR(S) : Andrew Acheampong et al.

It is certified that errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

In column 11, line 29, delete "2-methacryloyloxethylsulfonates" and

insert - - 2-methacryloyloxyethylsulfonates - -, therefor.

In column 11, line 30, delete "2-hydroxyproplysulfonic" and

insert - - 2-hydroxypropylsulfonic - -, therefor.

In column 11, line 45, delete "crosslinked" and insert - - cross-linked - -, therefor.

In column 12, line 9, delete "polyvinyl," and insert - - polyvinyl - -, therefor.

In column 13, line 1, delete "Disoxide," and insert - - Dioxide, - -, therefor.

In column 13, line 34, delete "materiel" and insert - - material - -, therefor.

In column 14, line 32, delete "Premulen ®" and insert - - Pemulen® - -, therefor.

In column 15, line 24, in Claim 1, delete "005%" and insert - - 0.05% - -, therefor.

In column 15, line 61, in Claim 11, delete "claim 2," and insert - - claim 6, - -, therefor.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:	142	222478			
Filing Date:	21-	-Mar-2014			
Title of Invention:		THODS OF PROVID MPONENTS	ING THERAPEL	JTIC EFFECTS USING	i CYCLOSPORIN
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong				
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein				
Attorney Docket Number:	170	618CON6CON1 (AP))		
Filed as Large Entity					
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Certificate of Correction		1811	1	100	100

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	100

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	24926019		
Application Number:	14222478		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	9616		
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong		
Customer Number:	51957		
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein		
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine		
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)		
Receipt Date:	16-FEB-2016		
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014		
Time Stamp:	16:41:29		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$100
RAM confirmation Number	3850
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	WINE, LAURA L.

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 CFR 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 CFR 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 CFR 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1 Request for Certificate of Correction		COCAllergan 17618 CON6CON1	164544	no	6
'	nequestroi certificate of correction	AP9248191.pdf	896d1a453cf219586794f8fade9fefd8b525c 808		Ü
Warnings:					
Information:					
2 Fee Worksheet (SB06)		fee-info.pdf	30499	no	2
2	ree worksneet (3000)	ree inio.pui	77d8f5cf7d4c6377f431b5aca5d39b369a69 00f5	110	
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	19	95043	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	02/02/2016	9248191	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616

51957

01/13/2016

ALLERGAN, INC. 2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE, CA 92612-1599

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Allergan, Inc., Irvine, CA; Andrew Acheampong, Irvine, CA; Diane D. Tang-Liu, Las Vegas, CA; James N. Chang, Newport Beach, CA; David F. Power, San Clemente, CA;

The United States represents the largest, most dynamic marketplace in the world and is an unparalleled location for business investment, innovation, and commercialization of new technologies. The USA offers tremendous resources and advantages for those who invest and manufacture goods here. Through SelectUSA, our nation works to encourage and facilitate business investment. To learn more about why the USA is the best country in the world to develop technology, manufacture products, and grow your business, visit <u>SelectUSA.gov</u>.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

51957 7590 12/18/2015 ALLERGAN, INC. 2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE, CA 92612-1599 EXAMINER

CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1676

DATE MAILED: 12/18/2015

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	03/21/2014	Andrew Acheampong	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0	\$960	03/18/2016

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN <u>THREE MONTHS</u> FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. <u>THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED.</u> SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the ENTITY STATUS shown above. If the ENTITY STATUS is shown as SMALL or MICRO, verify whether entitlement to that entity status still applies.

If the ENTITY STATUS is the same as shown above, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

If the ENTITY STATUS is changed from that shown above, on PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, complete section number 5 titled "Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)".

For purposes of this notice, small entity fees are 1/2 the amount of undiscounted fees, and micro entity fees are 1/2 the amount of small entity fees

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 (571)-273-2885 or <u>Fax</u>

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the

Authorized Signature

Typed or printed name

CURRENT CORRESPOND	DENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use B	lock 1 for any change of address)	pape	ers. Each additiona	ıl paper,	icate cannot be used for such as an assignmen ling or transmission.	or any other accompanying nt or formal drawing, must
51957 ALLERGAN, 2525 DUPONT IRVINE, CA 92	INC. DRIVE, T2-7H	3/2015	I he Stat addı tran	reby certify that th	is Fee(s	of Mailing or Transı c) Transmittal is being ficient postage for firs ISSUE FEE address 1) 273-2885, on the da	mission deposited with the United t class mail in an envelope above, or being facsimile te indicated below.
IKVINE, CA 92	2012-1399						(Depositor's name)
							(Signature)
							(Date)
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		EID CT NAMED INVENTOD		ATTO	DNEY DOCKET NO	CONTRIDMATION NO
			FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			RNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478 TITLE OF INVENTION	03/21/2014 N: METHODS OF PROV	IDING THERAPEUTIC	Andrew Acheampong EFFECTS USING CYCLA	OSPORIN COMPO		SCON6CON1 (AP)	9616
APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSU	E FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0		\$960	03/18/2016
		Γ	T	1			
EXAM	MINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS]			
CORDERO GARO	CIA, MARCELA M	1676	514-020500				
CFR 1.363). Change of corresp Address form PTO/S "Fee Address" inc	dication (or "Fee Address 02 or more recent) attach	unge of Correspondence	2. For printing on the p (1) The names of up to or agents OR, alternativ (2) The name of a singregistered attorney or ε 2 registered patent atto listed, no name will be	o 3 registered pater yely, le firm (having as a agent) and the nam rneys or agents. If	nt attorn a member nes of up	er a 2 o to	
3. ASSIGNEE NAME A	AND RESIDENCE DAT.	A TO BE PRINTED ON	I THE PATENT (print or typ	pe)			
PLEASE NOTE: Un recordation as set for	nless an assignee is ident th in 37 CFR 3.11. Com	ified below, no assignee pletion of this form is NO	data will appear on the p T a substitute for filing an	atent. If an assign assignment.	iee is id	entified below, the do	ocument has been filed for
(A) NAME OF ASSI	IGNEE		(B) RESIDENCE: (CITY	and STATE OR (COUNT	RY)	
Please check the approp	riate assignee category or	categories (will not be pr	rinted on the patent):	Individual 🖵 C	orporati	on or other private gro	up entity 🚨 Government
4a. The following fee(s)	are submitted:	41	o. Payment of Fee(s): (Plea	ise first reapply a	ny prev	iously paid issue fee s	shown above)
Issue Fee			A check is enclosed.				
☐ Publication Fee (I	No small entity discount	permitted)	☐ Payment by credit car☐ The director is hereby				icianay or credits any
Advance Order -	# of Copies		overpayment, to Depo	sit Account Numb	er	equired fee(s), any der enclose ar	n extra copy of this form).
5 Cl							
_ ~ .	atus (from status indicate ing micro entity status. Se		NOTE: Absent a valid ce fee payment in the micro	rtification of Micro entity amount will	Entity not be	Status (see forms PTC accepted at the risk of	D/SB/15A and 15B), issue application abandonment.
Applicant asserting	ng small entity status. See	37 CFR 1.27	NOTE: If the application to be a notification of los	was previously un	der micro	ro entity status, checki	ng this box will be taken
Applicant changing	ng to regular undiscounte	d fee status.	NOTE: Checking this borentity status, as applicable	x will be taken to b		•	tlement to small or micro
NOTE: This form must	be signed in accordance	with 37 CFR 1.31 and 1.33	3. See 37 CFR 1.4 for sign:	ature requirements	and cer	tifications.	

Page 2 of 3

Date

Registration No.



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	03/21/2014	Andrew Acheampong	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616
51957 75	90 12/18/2015		EXAM	INER
ALLERGAN, IN	C.		CORDERO GARC	IA, MARCELA M
2525 DUPONT DE IRVINE, CA 9261			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
11 (11 (2), 611) 2012 1099			1676	

DATE MAILED: 12/18/2015

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(Applications filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Office has discontinued providing a Patent Term Adjustment (PTA) calculation with the Notice of Allowance.

Section 1(h)(2) of the AIA Technical Corrections Act amended 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(3)(B)(i) to eliminate the requirement that the Office provide a patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. See Revisions to Patent Term Adjustment, 78 Fed. Reg. 19416, 19417 (Apr. 1, 2013). Therefore, the Office is no longer providing an initial patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. The Office will continue to provide a patent term adjustment determination with the Issue Notification Letter that is mailed to applicant approximately three weeks prior to the issue date of the patent, and will include the patent term adjustment on the patent. Any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment determination (or reinstatement of patent term adjustment) should follow the process outlined in 37 CFR 1.705.

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

OMB Clearance and PRA Burden Statement for PTOL-85 Part B

The Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 requires Federal agencies to obtain Office of Management and Budget approval before requesting most types of information from the public. When OMB approves an agency request to collect information from the public, OMB (i) provides a valid OMB Control Number and expiration date for the agency to display on the instrument that will be used to collect the information and (ii) requires the agency to inform the public about the OMB Control Number's legal significance in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.5(b).

The information collected by PTOL-85 Part B is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	14/222,478	ACHEAMPONG	ET AL.			
Applicant-Initiated Interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676				
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO	personnel):					
(1) MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA.	(3)					
(2) <u>LAURA L.WINE</u> .	(4)					
Date of Interview: <u>11 December 2015</u> .						
Type: X Telephonic Video Conference Personal [copy given to: Applicant	applicant's representative]					
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes If Yes, brief description:	⊠ No.					
Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 Others (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detailed description of the discussion)						
Claim(s) discussed: All, in general.						
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>US 9,101,574</u> .						
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreement reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, arguments.)		dentification or clarific	cation of a			
See Continuation Sheet.						
Applicant recordation instructions: The formal written reply to the last Office action must include the substance of the interview. (See MPEP section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, applicant is given a non-extendable period of the longer of one month or thirty days from this interview date, or the mailing date of this interview summary form, whichever is later, to file a statement of the substance of the interview						
Examiner recordation instructions : Examiners must summarize the substance of any interview of record. A complete and proper recordation of the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 for complete and proper recordation including the identification of the general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed regarding patentability and the general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to whether or not agreement was reached on the issues raised.						

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by
 attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does
 not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner.
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
 - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Applicant's representative contacted Examiner to discuss the outstanding rejection and Applicant's response. During the interview Examiner indicated that, upon consideration of the response, Applicant's arguments mailed on 10/22/2015 are deemed persuasive and the only outstanding rejection (112 2nd 1st paragraph) has been withdrawn. Further, on 12/14/2015, Examiner contacted Applicant's representative to discuss US 9,101,574 with regards to a potential ODP rejection. Applicant's representative argued that the claims in the instant application were non-obvious over those claimed on US '574 because the specific ranges of cyclosporin and castor oil were not taught, and such ranges were associated to unexpected efficacy results (See, e.g., Reasons for Allowance, pages 2-6 of the Notice of Allowance mailed on 1/28/14 for parent U.S. Patent Application No. 13/961,828, and 6/10/15 Non-Final Office Action for the instant application,paragraph 13). Applicant's arguments were deemed persuasive. Thus no ODP rejection over US '574 has been required and the instant application is deemed in condition for allowance. Applicant's representative filed their arguments in a supplemental response dated 12/14/2015 (see also attached electronic communication and copy of the filed arguments).

	Application No. 14/222,478	Applicant(s) ONG ET AL.
Notice of Allowability	Examiner	Art Unit	AIA (First Inventor to
Notice of Allowability	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676	File) Status No
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeal claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIOF the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	ears on the cover sheet with the (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this or other appropriate communicat GHTS. This application is subject	application. If no ion will be mailed	ot included d in due course. THIS
1. $igstyle$ This communication is responsive to <u>10/22/2015 and 12/14/</u>	<u>/2015</u> .		
A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.130(b) was	/were filed on		
 An election was made by the applicant in response to a rest requirement and election have been incorporated into this are 	-	g the interview o	on; the restriction
 The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>37-63</u>. As a result of the allowed Highway program at a participating intellectual property offic http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or se 	ce for the corresponding application	on. For more info	
4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
Certified copies:			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some *c) ☐ None of the:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	· · ·		P P 6 11
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been received in th	iis nationai stage	e application from the
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* Certified copies not received:			
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONM THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.		oly complying wit	h the requirements
5. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must	t be submitted.		
including changes required by the attached Examiner's Paper No./Mail Date	s Amendment / Comment or in the	e Office action of	f
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1 each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in t			t (not the back) of
 DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of B attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FO 			the
Attachment(s)			
1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	5. 🛛 Examiner's Ame		
 Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date <u>10/22/2015</u> 	6. ☐ Examiner's State	ement of Reasor	s for Allowance
 Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material 	7. Other		
 Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date 			
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/			
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 08-13)

The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The closest prior art is that of Ding et al. (US 5,474,979). The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 by Rhett M. Schiffman filed on 12/5/2013 (EXHIBIT 1 comprising EXHIBITS A-F) in parent case Application 13/961,828, of which this case is a CON, is deemed sufficient to overcome a potential 103 rejection of the instant claims over Ding et al. (US 5,474,979, cited in the instant IDS dated 3/28/2014) because: After carefully reviewing exhibits A-F, which compare the instantly claimed embodiment having 0.05%/1.25% castor oil with embodiments E and F of Ding et al. (0.10%/1.25% castor oil and 0.05/.625% cyclosporin/castor oil ratios), Examiner is persuaded that, unexpectedly, the claimed formulation (0.05% cyclosporin A/1.25% castor oil) demonstrated an 8-fold increase in relative efficacy for the Schirmer Tear Test score in the first study of Phase 3 trials compared to the relative efficacy for the 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A/0.625% by weight castor oil formulation disclosed in Example 1E of Ding, tested in Phase 2 trials. The data represents a comparison of the subpopulation of Phase 2 patients using compositions with the same reductions in tear production (5 mm/5 min) as those enrolled in the Phase 3 studies. EXHIBIT 1 at paragraph 8. All of the cyclosporin Acontaining formulations as well as the vehicle also included 2.2% by weight glycerine, 1.0% by weight polysorbate, 0.05% Pemulen, sodium hydroxide, and water (see paragraph 6, page 2 of EXHIBIT 1).

Exhibits E and F also illustrate that the claimed formulations comprising 0.05% cyclosporin A/1.25% castor oil also demonstrated a 4-fold improvement in the relative efficacy for the Schirmer Tear Test score for the second study of Phase 3 and a 4-fold increase in relative efficacy for decrease in corneal staining score in both of the Phase 3 studies compared to the 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A/0.625% by weight castor oil formulation tested in Phase 2 and disclosed in Ding (Ding 1E). The excipients were the same in the compared compositions. Given that the compositions comprise the same amount of active agent (0.05 % cyclosporin A) as Ding 1E, the improvements are surprising, unexpected and commensurate in scope with the claimed invention.

The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 by Mayssa Attar, filed on 12/5/2013 (EXHIBIT 2, comprising EXHIBITS A-D) in parent case Application 13/961,828, of which this case is a CON, is deemed sufficient to overcome a potential rejection of the instant claims based upon Ding et al. (US 5,474,979, cited in the IDS dated 9/12/2013) because: As described in paragraph 7 of the EXHIBIT 2, the chart in EXHIBIT B shows that the amount of cyclosporin A that reaches the cornea and conjunctiva, ocular tissues that are highly relevant for the treatment of dry eye or keratoconjunctivis sicca, is higher for the formulation containing 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 0.625% by weight castor oil (Ding et al. 1E) than the formulation containing 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil (the claimed formulation) relative to the formulation containing 0.1% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil (Ding et al. 1D). According to Dr. Attar, this data teaches that the formulation containing 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil would be less therapeutically effective

than the formulation containing 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 0.625% by weight castor oil or the formulation containing 0.10% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil. EXHIBIT A, paragraph 8. Therefore it would be unexpected that the composition with lower uptake in cornea and conjunctiva would have significantly improved activity.

Taking the results of the studies and data presented in the EXHIBITS 1 and 2 together, it is clear that the specific combination of 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A with 1.25% by weight castor oil is surprisingly critical for therapeutic effectiveness in the treatment of dry eye or keratoconjunctivitis sicca.

Accordingly, the Declarations in EXHIBIT 1 and EXHIBIT 2, together with the data presented in those declarations, provide clear and convincing objective evidence that establishes that the claimed formulations, including 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil, demonstrate surprising and unexpected results, including improved Schirmer Tear Test scores and corneal staining scores (key objective measures of efficacy for dry eye or keratoconjunctivitis sicca) and improved visual blurring and reduced artificial tear use as compared to the prior art, for example, emulsion formulations disclosed in Ding et al., including formulations with 0.05% by weight cyclosporin A and 0.625% by weight castor oil (Ding et al. 1E) and formulations with 0.10% by weight cyclosporin A and 1.25% by weight castor oil (Ding et al. 1D) which are the closest prior art formulations. The unexpected results are commensurate in scope with the claims (MPEP 716.02(d)).

The same described unexpected results above obviate a potential ODP rejection over US 9,101,574 (see attached interview summary).

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA whose telephone number is (571)272-2939. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Karlheinz R. Skowronek can be reached on (571)-272-9047. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 14/222,478 Page 6

Art Unit: 1676

MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676

MMCG 12/2015

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	14/222,478	ACHEAMPONG	ET AL.				
Applicant-Initiated Interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676					
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO	personnel):						
(1) MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA.	(3)						
(2) <u>LAURA L.WINE</u> .	(4)						
Date of Interview: <u>11 December 2015</u> .							
Type: X Telephonic Video Conference Personal [copy given to: Applicant	applicant's representative]						
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes If Yes, brief description:	<u>-</u>						
Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 Other (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and details							
Claim(s) discussed: <u>All, in general</u> .							
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>US 9,101,574</u> .							
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreement reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, arguments.)		dentification or clarific	cation of a				
See Continuation Sheet.							
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Paragraph (b)

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- Name of examiner
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- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
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Notice of References Cited Application/Control No. 14/222,478 Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination ACHEAMPONG ET AL. Examiner MARCELA M. CORDERO 1676 Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	CPC Classification	US Classification
*	Α	US-9,101,574 B2	08-2015	Chang; James N.	A61K9/0048	1/1
	В	US-				
	U	US-				
	D	US-				
	Е	US-				
	F	US-				
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	Η	US-				
		US-				
	J	US-				
	К	US-				
	┙	US-				
	М	US-				_

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	CPC Classification
	N					
	0					
	Р					
	Q					
	R					
	s					
	Т					

NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)
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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-892 (Rev. 01-2001)

Cordero Garcia, Marcela M.

From: Wine_Laura «Wine_Laura@Allergan.com» **Sent:** Monday, December 14, 2015 4:27 PM

To: Cordero Garcia, Marcela M.

Cc: Stein_Maria

Subject: US 14/222,478 Courtesy Copy of Supplemental Response and Interview Summary

Attachments: US14-222478_Supplemental_Response.pdf

Dear Examiner Cordero,

Attached please find a courtesy copy of a Supplemental Response and Interview Summary that was filed today for US 14/222,478 (AGN Ref: 17618CON6CON1). Please be advised that I have already filed a communication today under MPEP 502.3 authorizing email communications in this patent application.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

Best regards,

Laura

Laura Wine
Patent Counsel
Allergan, Inc.

Wine Laura@allergan.com

2525 Dupont Drive

T2-7

Irvine, CA 92612 Tel: 714-246-6996 Fax: 714-796-3043

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EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	617	cyclosporin same (keratoconjunctivitis or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:42
L2	95	cyclosporin near3 (keratoconjunctivitis or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:43
L3	25	cyclosporin near3 (keratoconjunctivitis or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal) and ("castor oil" and polysorbate and acrylate)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:43
L9	37	(cyclosporin or cyclosporine) near3 ("keratoconjunctivitis sicca" or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal) and ("castor oil" and polysorbate and acrylate)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:51
L10	2	(cyclosporin or cyclosporine) near3 ("keratoconjunctivitis sicca" or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal) same ("castor oil" and polysorbate and acrylate)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:52
L11	33	"7288520"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:56
L12	2	"7288520".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:56

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L4	7	cyclosporin near3 (keratoconjunctivitis or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal) and ("castor oil" and polysorbate and acrylate)	USPAT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:44
L5	58	"5,578,586"	USPAT	A DJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:46
L6	1	"5,578,586".pn.	USPAT	ADJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:46
L7	12	(cyclosporin or cyclosporine) near3 (keratoconjunctivitis or "dry eye" or tears or tear or lacrimal) and ("castor oil" and polysorbate and acrylate)	USPAT	A DJ	ON	2015/12/14 11:50

L8	12	(cyclosporin or cyclosporine) near3	USPAT ADJ	ON	2015/12/14
		("keratoconjunctivitis sicca" or "dry eye" or			11:51
		tears or tear or lacrimal) and ("castor oil" and			
		polysorbate and acrylate)			

12/14/2015 12:17:09 PM

Search Notes

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14222478	ACHEAMPONG ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA	1676

Examiner
MARCELA M CO

CPC- SEARCHED		
Symbol	Date	Examiner

CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED				
Symbol	Date	Examiner		

US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED					
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner		
none	none	6/16/2014	MMCG		

SEARCH NOTES							
Search Notes Date Examiner							
EAST search (attached)	6/14/2014	MMCG					
STN search (attached)	6/16/2014	MMCG					
also ran PALM Inventor search	6/16/2014	MMCG					
EAST updated (attached)	11/6/2014	MMCG					
also updated PALM Inventor search	11/6/2014	MMCG					
EAST search (attached)	6/4/2015	MMCG					
also ran PALM Inventor search	6/4/2015	MMCG					
EAST updated (attached)	12/14/2015	MMCG					
also updated PALM Inventor search	12/14/2015	MMCG					

INTERFERENCE SEARCH							
US Class/ CPC Symbol	US Subclass / CPC Group	Date	Examiner				
EAST updated	attached	11/6/2014	MMCG				
EAST updated	attached	12/14/2015	MMCG				

Issue Classification



App	licatio	n/Co	ntrol	No
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14222478

ACHEAMPONG ET AL.

Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination

Examiner

MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA

Art Unit

1676

CPC						
Symbol			Туре	Version		
A61K	47	<i>t</i> 02	F	2013-01-01		
A61K	9	<i>t</i> 0048	I	2013-01-01		
A61K	38	/ 13	I	2013-01-01		
A61K	47	<i>I</i> 44	I	2013-01-01		
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A61K	47	<i>l</i> 10	I	2013-01-01		
A61K	47	<i>f</i> 22	I	2013-01-01		
A61K	47	<i>l</i> 32	I	2013-01-01		

CPC Combination Sets							
Symbol	Туре	Set	Ranking	Version			

NONE	Total Clain	ns Allowed:	
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	2	7
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1676	12/14/2015	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	none

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20151214

Issue Classification

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
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14222478	ACHEAMPONG ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA	1676
	ACHEAMPONG ET AL. Art Unit 1676

	US ORIGINAL CLASSIFICATION								INTERNATIONAL	CLA	SSI	FIC	ATION	
	CLASS		;	SUBCLASS		CLAIMED						NON-CLAIMED		
CROSS REFERENCE(S)			Α	6	1	К	38 / 13 (2006.01.01)							
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NONE Total Claims Al			
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	2	7
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1676	12/14/2015	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	none

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20151214

Issue Classification



Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14222478	ACHEAMPONG ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA	1676

×	Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant								☐ CPA ⊠ T.D. ☐ R.1.47							
Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	

NONE	Total Claims Allowed:			
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	27		
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 1676	12/14/2015	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure	
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	none	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20151214

Doc code: IDS

Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

Application Number 14222478

Filing Date 2014-03-21

First Named Inventor Andrew Acheampong

Art Unit 1676

Examiner Name CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M

Attorney Docket Number 17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

Receipt date: 10/22/2015

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /M.M.C.G./

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code ¹	Issue D)ate	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document		Pages,Columns,Lines who Relevant Passages or Re Figures Appear		
	1	5578586		1996-11-26		Glonek et al				
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14222478 - GAU: 1676

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

Application Number		14222478	Receipt date:	10/22/2015		
Filing Date		2014-03-21				
First Named Inventor Andre		w Acheampong				
Art Unit		1676				
Examiner Name	CORE	DERO GARCIA, MARCELA M				
Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP				

Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published. ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /M.M.C.G./	T5
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3	Allergan, Inc. 2001 Annual Report, Downloaded from http://agn.client.shareholder.com/financials.cfm, last accessed January 1, 2015, 54 Pages	
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First Named Inventor Andre		w Acheampong
Art Unit		1676
Examiner Name	CORE	DERO GARCIA, MARCELA M
Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

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Application Number		14222478	Receipt date:	10/22/2015
Filing Date		2014-03-21		
First Named Inventor	Andre	ew Acheampong		
Art Unit		1676		
Examiner Name	CORI	DERO GARCIA, MARCELA	A М	
Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618-US-CN6CN1-AP		

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Examiner Name	CORI	DERO GARCIA, MARCELA N	1	
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ST	ATE	MENT	BY	APPL	ICANT

Application Number		14222478	Receipt date:	10/22/2015
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First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong		
Art Unit		1676		
Examiner Name	CORI	DERO GARCIA, MARCELA M	Л	
Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618-US-CN6CN1-AP		

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

Application Number 14222478 Receipt date: 10/22/2015

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First Named Inventor Andrew Acheampong

Art Unit 1676

Attorney Docket Number

CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M

17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

STATEMENT BY APPLICANT	Art Unit
(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)	Art Offic
	Examiner Name

	Letter from Shashank Upadhye, Counsel for InnoPharma, Inc., of Amin Talati & Upadhye, Notification of Certification of Invalidity, Unenforceability and/or Non-infringement for U.S. Patent Nos. 5,474,979; 8,629,111; 8,633,162; 8,642,556; 8,648,048; and 8,685,930 Pursuant to Section 505(j)(2)(B)(iv) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, dated July 31, 2015, pag&i								
	67	Letter from J.C. Rozendaal of Kellogg, Huber, Hansen, Todd, Evans & Figel, PLLC, Notice of ANDA No. 203880 Concerning Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% with Paragraph IV Certification Concerning U.S. Patent Nos. 8,629,111; 8,633,162; 8,642,556; 8,648,048; and 8,685,930 dated July 22, 2015, pages 1-40							
	68	Letter from Joseph M. Reisman, Counsel for Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc., of Knobbe Martens, Cyclosporine Emulsion 0.05%, Route of Administration: Ophthalmic, U.S. Patent Nos. 8,629,111; 8,633,162; 8,642,556; 8,648,048; and 8,685,930, Notice of Paragraph IV Certification, dated July 20, 2015, pages 1-226							
	Letter from Joseph Bonaccorsi, General Counsel, Akorn, Inc., Notification of Certification for U.S. Patent Nos. 8,629,111; 8,633,162; 8,642,556; 8,648,048; and 8,685,930 Pursuant to Section 505(j)(2)(B)(iv) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act - 21 USC Section 355(j)(2)(B)(iv) Akorn ANDA 204561, dated July 10, 2015, pages 1-26								
	USPTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case IPR2015-01278, Patent 8,633,162, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015								
USPTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case IPR2015-01282, Patent 8,629,111, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015									
USPTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case IPR2015-01283, Patent 8,685,930, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015									
USPTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case IPR2015-01284, Patent 8,648,048, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015									
USPTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case IPR2015-01286, Patent 8,642,556, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015									
If you wisl	n to ac	additional non-patent literature document citation information please click the Add button Add							
		EXAMINER SIGNATURE							
Examiner	Signa	re /Marcela Cordero Garcia/ Date Considered 12/11/2015							
EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through a									

citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

14222478 - GAU: 1676 Receipt date: 10/22/2015 **Application Number** 14222478 Filing Date 2014-03-21 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE First Named Inventor Andrew Acheampong Art Unit 1676 (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99) **Examiner Name** CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M

Attorney Docket Number

STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

1 See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. 2 Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). ³ For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. English language translation is attached.

17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

14222478 - GAU: 1676					
14222470 ° GNO. 1070	Application Number		14222478	Receipt date:	10/22/201
	Filing Date		2014-03-21		
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE	First Named Inventor	Andre	Andrew Acheampong		
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)	Art Unit		1676		
(Not lot Submission under or or it iso)	Examiner Name	r Name CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M			
	Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618-US-CN6CN1-AP		

		CERTIFIC	CATION STATEMENT						
Plea	Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s): ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /M.M.C.G./								
	That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).								
OR	t								
	foreign patent of after making rea any individual de	information contained in the informatice in a counterpart foreign applicated sonable inquiry, no item of informatic esignated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more to 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).	tion, and, to the knowledge of the contained in the information d	ne person signing the certification isclosure statement was known to					
	See attached ce	rtification statement.							
×	Fee set forth in 3	37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted h	nerewith.						
	None								
	ignature of the ap n of the signature.	plicant or representative is required in	SIGNATURE n accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.	18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the					
Sigr	nature	/Laura L. Wine/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2015-10-22					
Nan	Name/Print Laura L. Wine Registration Number 68,681								
pub 1.14 app requ Pate	lic which is to file and it. I. This collection in the collection form to the complete the contains and Trademar	rmation is required by 37 CFR 1.97 ar (and by the USPTO to process) an ap is estimated to take 1 hour to complet e USPTO. Time will vary depending unis form and/or suggestions for reducing k Office, U.S. Department of Commer ED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SE	oplication. Confidentiality is gove te, including gathering, preparing upon the individual case. Any co- ng this burden, should be sent to rce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, \	and submitting the completed mments on the amount of time you the Chief Information Officer, U.S. /A 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND					

VA 22313-1450.

Receipt date: 10/22/2015

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /M.M.C.G./

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these record s.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

(571)-273-2885 or <u>Fax</u>

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

12/18/2015

ALLERGAN, INC. 2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE, CA 92612-1599

7590

51957

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

Certificate of Mailing or Transmission

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

Laura L. Wine	(Depositor's name)
Laura L. Wine	(Signature)
December 18, 2015	(Date)

			De	ecember 18, 2	2015		(Date)	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	NVENTOR		EY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
14/222,478	03/21/2014		Andrew Acheampong		17618C0	ON6CON1 (AP)	9616	
TITLE OF INVENTION	I: METHODS OF PROV	IDING THERAPEUTIC	EFFECTS USING CYCLO	OSPORIN COMPO	ONENTS			
APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUI	E FEE 1	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE	
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	\$960	\$0	\$0	·	\$960	03/18/2016	
EXAM	IINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS]				
CORDERO GARC	CIA, MARCELA M	1676	514-020500	4				
1. Change of correspond CFR 1.363).	ence address or indicatio	n of "Fee Address" (37	2. For printing on the p			Laura L. V		
_ ′	oondence address (or Cha B/122) attached.	inge of Correspondence	(1) The names of up to or agents OR, alternative				erman	
☐ "Fee Address" ind	lication (or "Fee Address	" Indication form	(2) The name of a singl registered attorney or a	(2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is				
PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-0 Number is required.	02 or more recent) attach	ed. Use of a Customer	2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.					
	less an assignee is ident th in 37 CFR 3.11. Comp		THE PATENT (print or type data will appear on the pa of a substitute for filing and (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY Irvine, CA	atent. If an assignassignment.			ocument has been filed for	
Please check the appropr	riate assignee category or	categories (will not be pa	rinted on the patent): \Box	Individual 🛛 Co	orporation	or other private gro	up entity Government	
4a. The following fee(s) Mail Issue Fee ☐ Publication Fee (N) ☐ Advance Order - #	No small entity discount p		b. Payment of Fee(s): (Plea	d. Form PTO-2038	is attache	d.	,	
_	ng micro entity status. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.29	NOTE: Absent a valid cer fee payment in the micro	entity amount will	not be acc	epted at the risk of	application abandonment.	
Applicant assertin	g small entity status. See	37 CFR 1.27	NOTE: If the application to be a notification of loss	was previously und s of entitlement to i	der micro o micro entit	entity status, checki ty status.	ng this box will be taken	
Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status.			NOTE: Checking this box entity status, as applicable	x will be taken to b			element to small or micro	
NOTE: This form must b	oe signed in accordance v	with 37 CFR 1.31 and 1.3	3. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signa	ature requirements	and certifi	cations.		
Authorized Signature	/Laura L. Wine/			Date Decer	nber 18	3, 2015		
Typed or printed name.				Registration N	_{Io.} 6868	31		

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 | Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

COMMENTS ON EXAMINER'S STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE AND INTERVIEW SUMMARY

Mail Stop - Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

In response to the Statement of Reasons for Allowance in the Notice of Allowance mailed December 18, 2015, Applicant respectfully submits the following comments.

A Summary of Interviews begins on page 2 of this paper.

Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance begin on page 3 of this paper.

SUMMARY OF TELEPHONE INTERVIEWS

Attendees, Date and Type of Interviews

Telephone interviews were conducted on December 10 and 11 and attended by Examiner Marcela M Cordero Garcia and Laura L. Wine.

Identification of Claims Discussed

The Claims were discussed, focusing on Claims 37, 49, 53, and 57.

Principal Arguments and Other Matters

Laura L. Wine and Examiner Cordero Garcia discussed the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph in the June 10, 2015 Non-Final Office Action. The Applicants argued that the Claims of the present application contained proper written description support.

Results of Interviews

It was agreed that the Applicants' arguments were persuasive to overcome the rejections of record in the June 10, 2015 Non-Final Office Action.

COMMENTS ON STATEMENTS OF REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

Applicants respectfully submit the following comments on the Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance.

To the extent that there is any implication in such Statement that the patentability of the claims rests on the recitation of a single feature or the combination of particular features, Applicants respectfully disagree, since patentability rests on each claim taken as a whole. For example, Applicants submit that there are additional features from the claims that are not set forth in the cited art. Further, the Examiner's Statement refers to certain features of the claims. To the extent that the Examiner's Statement omits claim elements, groups claims together, or identifies purportedly distinguishing features of a claim or a group of claims, Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's Statement. Rather, Applicants submit that the claims are allowable, because each claim, taken as a whole, recites a unique combination of features that is not anticipated or rendered obvious by the prior art.

Applicants also hereby traverse and respectfully reserve the right to traverse the characterizations of what any particular reference shows or teaches, or what any combination of references shows or teaches, or the appropriateness of combining references, and reserve the right to continue to do so in the future. In addition, Applicants respectfully traverse any characterizations of which references are deemed to be the closest prior art. Further, by making certain amendments to the claims, Applicants are not conceding that previously pending claims are not patentable. Rather, the amendments are being made to facilitate expeditious prosecution of this application. Applicants reserve the right to pursue at a later date any previously pending or other broader or narrower claims that capture any subject matter supported by the application's disclosure. Moreover, any arguments in support of patentability and based on a portion of a claim should not be taken as founding patentability solely on the portion in question; rather, it is

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

the combination of features or acts recited in a claim taken as a whole which distinguishes it over the identified references.

Applicants attach herewith payment of the issue fee and requests that the application proceed to issuance. Should the Examiner have any concerns, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned at the telephone number below.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Date: December 18, 2015

Laura L. Wine Attorney of Record Registration Number 68,681

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to: Laura L. Wine, Esq. Allergan, Inc. 2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H Irvine, California 92612

Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal						
Application Number:	14222478					
Filing Date:	21-	-Mar-2014				
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS				i CYCLOSPORIN	
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong					
Filer:	Lau	ura Lee Wine/Maria	Stein			
Attorney Docket Number:	170	518CON6CON1 (AP))			
Filed as Large Entity						
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)						
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:						
Pages:						
Claims:						
Miscellaneous-Filing:						
Petition:						
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:						
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:						
Utility Appl Issue Fee		1501	1	960	960	

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	960

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	24411956				
Application Number:	14222478				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	9616				
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong				
Customer Number:	51957				
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein				
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine				
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)				
Receipt Date:	18-DEC-2015				
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014				
Time Stamp:	14:58:25				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$960
RAM confirmation Number	1432
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	WINE, LAURA L.

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
1	Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B)	17618CON6CON1_PTOL85.pdf	114712	no	1	
			1a8ae8c8cdf1dc4c1ec78dee094011ca6a53 66fa		·	
Warnings:						
Information:						
2	Applicant summary of interview with	17618CON6CON1_INTERVIEW_ SUMMARY_AND_RESPONSE_T	109453	no	4	
	examiner	O_ALLOWANCE.pdf	0176adcfd771cd341daca744d7129c5923d ad44f			
Warnings:						
Information:						
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	30866 fee-info.pdf		no	2	
	,	'	3029a192d6d44c93ed8962d17662e07251 57001a		_	
Warnings:						
Information:						
	Total Files Size (in bytes): 255031					

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

COMMUNICATION UNDER MPEP 502.3

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Recognizing that Internet communications are not secure, I hereby authorize the USPTO to communicate with me concerning any subject matter of this application by electronic mail. I understand that a copy of these communications will be made of record in the application file.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Date: December 14, 2015

Laura L. Wine Attorney of Record Registration Number 68,681

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to:

Laura L. Wine, Esq.

Allergan, Inc.

2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H

Irvine, California 92612

Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	24351915		
Application Number:	14222478		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	9616		
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong		
Customer Number:	51957		
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Lauren Barberena		
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine		
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)		
Receipt Date:	14-DEC-2015		
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014		
Time Stamp:	15:06:29		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no
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File Listing:

1 Miscellaneous Incoming Letter 17618CON6CON1_COMM_UN DER_MPEP_5023.pdf 95433 no 1	Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
	1	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	DER_MPEP_5023.pdf	e8815c4fd1e2825c2780349940b2a4fd8401		1

Warnings:

Information:

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

SUPPLEMENTAL AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

These papers are filed as a supplement to the 10/22/15 Response to the Non-Final Office Action filed mailed June 10, 2015.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee which may be required in connection with this Amendment to deposit account No. 01-0885.

A Summary of Interview begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 3 of this paper.

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW

Attendees, Date and Type of Interview

A telephonic interview was conducted on December 14, 2015 and was attended by Examiner Cordero Garcia and Laura Wine.

Identification of Claims Discussed

The Claims were discussed.

References Discussed

U.S. Patent No. 9,101,574 ("the '574 patent").

Principal Arguments and Other Matters

Claim 1 of the '574 patent was discussed as grounds for a potential obviousness-type double patenting rejection. The Applicants disagreed that a double patenting rejection was proper, because the pending Claims of the present application are patentably distinct over Claim 1 of the '574 patent.

Results of Interview

It was agreed that the Applicants' representative would file a supplemental amendment, presenting arguments discussed during the interview.

REMARKS

This Reply is a supplement to the 10/22/15 Response to the Non-Final Office Action filed sent 6/10/15 The Applicants respectfully submit that the claims are in condition for allowance.

Obviousness-Type Double Patenting

The Examiner has brought Claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 9,101,574 ("the '574 patent") to the Applicants' attention as a potential grounds for rejection of the pending Claims for obviousness-type double patenting. The Applicants disagree with the proposed grounds of rejection.

The Applicants submit that an obviousness-type double patenting rejection over Claim 1 of the '574 patent would be improper. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by or would have been obvious over, the reference claims. MPEP § 804. The Applicants submit that the pending Claims of the current application are patentably distinct from Claim 1 of the '574, because the Claims of the present application recite several non-obvious elements not recited in Claim 1 of the '574 patent.

As a non-limiting example, each pending independent claim (i.e., Claims 37, 49, 53, and 57) recites therapeutic methods including topical administration of a topical ophthalmic emulsion, where the emulsion comprises cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.05% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight. The non-obviousness of this selection of the specific percentages of cyclosporin A and castor oil within the topical ophthalmic emulsion has been established throughout the prosecution of related cases (*See*, *e.g.*, Reasons for Allowance, pages 2-6 of the Notice of Allowance mailed on 1/28/14 for parent U.S. Patent Application No. 13/961,828), and has been

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

acknowledged by the Examiner in the present case (see 6/10/15 Non-Final Office Action,

paragraph 13).

Claim 1 of the '574 patent does not recite these specific amounts of cyclosporin A

and castor oil, and instead recites: "An ophthalmically acceptable emulsion comprising

from about 0.001% to 0.4% cyclosporin A, castor oil, Polysorbate 80, Pemulen, and a

cellulose derivative selected from the group consisting of hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose

and carboxymethyl cellulose." Nothing in this claim would lead one of skill in the art to

modify Claim 1 of the '574 patent to arrive at the currently claimed methods, and the

non-obviousness of the selection of the specific amounts of cyclosporin A and castor oil

has already been established. Thus, because the pending Claims in the present

application are patentably distinct from Claim 1 of the '574 patent, an obviousness-type

double patenting rejection would be improper and thus should not be made.

There are several other patentably distinct features of the currently pending

Claims, and the Applicants reserve the right to argue these additional features at a later

date, if necessary.

CONCLUSION

The Applicants believe all claims now pending in the present application are in

condition for allowance.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees required or necessary

for the filing, processing or entering of this paper or any of the enclosed papers, and to

refund any overpayment, to deposit account 01-0885.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of

this application, please contact the undersigned at (714) 246-6996.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Date: December 14, 2015

Laura L. Wine

Attorney of Record

Registration Number 68,681

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Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to: Laura L. Wine, Esq. Allergan, Inc. 2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H Irvine, California 92612

Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	24354408		
Application Number:	14222478		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	9616		
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong		
Customer Number:	51957		
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein		
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine		
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)		
Receipt Date:	14-DEC-2015		
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014		
Time Stamp:	16:23:35		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
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Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description			
Document Description	Start	End	
Supplemental Response or Supplemental Amendment	1	1	
Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	2	5	

Warnings:

Information:

Total Files Size (in bytes):	116116

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Electronic Ack	knowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	23869531	
Application Number:	14222478	
International Application Number:		
Confirmation Number:	9616	
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS	
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong	
Customer Number:	51957	
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Ken Dinh	
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine	
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	
Receipt Date:	22-OCT-2015	
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014	
Time Stamp:	21:50:19	
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)	

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no
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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
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This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

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National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION DATED JUNE 10, 2015

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

These papers are filed in reply to the Office Action mailed June 10, 2015.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee which may be required in connection with this Amendment to deposit account No. 01-0885.

A Summary of Interview begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 3 of this paper.

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW

Attendees, Date and Type of Interview

A Telephonic interview was conducted on August 14, 2015 and was attended by Examiner Cordero Garcia and Laura Wine.

Identification of Claims Discussed

The Claims were discussed.

Principal Arguments and Other Matters

The rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph was discussed. The Applicants' representative argued that proper written description support for the Claims was present in the specification as originally filed. The Applicants pointed to further examples of support for the Claims in the specification, including, but not limited to, page 3, line 29 – page 4, line 19.

Results of Interview

It was agreed that the Applicants' representative would file a response to the Office Action, presenting arguments discussed during the interview.

REMARKS

This Reply responds to the Office Action sent June 10, 2015, in which the Office Action rejected Claims 37-63. The Applicants respectfully submit that the claims are in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections

35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph

Claims 37-63 were rejected under 35 U.S.C § 112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement. As will be explained in further detail below, the Applicants submit that the Claims are properly supported by the specification as originally filed, and that it is clear that the inventors had possession of the invention claimed at the time of filing of the application.

The Claims Comply with the Written Description Requirement

Written Description Requirement

According to the MPEP, an objective standard for determining compliance with the written description requirement, which is "does the description clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that he or she invented what is claimed." *In re Gosteli*, 872 F.2d 1008, 1012, 10 USPQ2d 1614, 1618 (Fed. Cir. 1989). The test for sufficiency of support in a parent application is whether the disclosure of the application relied upon "reasonably conveys to the artisan that the inventor had possession at that time of the later claimed subject matter." *Ralston Purina Co.v.Far-Mar-Co., Inc.,* 772 F.2d 1570, 1575, 227 USPQ 177, 179 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (quoting *In re Kaslow*, 707 F.2d 1366, 1375, 217 USPQ 1089, 1096 (Fed. Cir. 1983)). *MPEP§* 2163.02.

The Applicants submit that the specification as filed reasonably conveys that the inventors were in possession of the claimed subject matter, and that the description clearly allows persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that they invented what is claimed. The specification adequately describes the claimed invention.

Looking at the specification, it is clear that the inventors had invented a method of treating dry eye disease using formulations disclosed, as well as methods incorporating administration of the cyclosporin formulations at a frequency of twice a day:

The frequency of administration and the amount of the presently useful composition to use during each administration varies depending upon the therapeutic effect to be obtained, the severity of the condition being treated and the like factors. The presently useful compositions are designed to allow the prescribing physician substantial flexibility in treating various ocular conditions to achieve the desired therapeutic effect or effects with reduced risk of side effects and/or eye irritation. Such administration may occur on an as needed basis, for example, in treating or managing dry eye syndrome, on a one time basis or on a repeated or periodic basis once, twice, thrice or more times daily depending on the needs of the human or animal being treated and other factors involved in the application at hand.

Page 9, line 25 – page 10, line 7 of the specification of the present application as originally filed (emphasis added).

Another benefit recognized by the inventors was the efficacy of the methods of administering the cyclosporin formulations compared to formulations containing 0.1% cyclosporin:

In one aspect of the present invention, the present methods comprise administering to an eye of a human or animal a composition in the form of an emulsion comprising water, a hydrophobic component and a cyclosporin component in a therapeutically effective amount of less than 0.1% by weight of the composition. The weight ratio of the cyclosporin component to the hydrophobic component is less than 0.08.

It has been found that the relatively increased amounts of hydrophobic component together with relatively reduced, yet therapeutically effective, amounts of cyclosporin component provide substantial and advantageous benefits. For example, the overall efficacy of the present compositions, for example in treating dry eye disease, is substantially equal to an identical composition in which the cyclosporin component is present in an amount of 0.1% by weight. Further, a relatively high concentration of hydrophobic component is believed to provide for a more quick or rapid breaking down or resolving of the emulsion in the eye, which reduces vision distortion which may be caused by the

presence of the emulsion in the eye and/or facilitates the therapeutic effectiveness of the composition.

Page 3, line 29 – page 4, line 19 of the specification of the present application as originally filed (emphasis added).

This benefit, as well as other benefits compared to a formulation comprising about 0.1 % cyclosporin by weight and about 1.25% castor oil by weight are further described later in the specification under Example 1, which compared the efficacy of Composition I and Composition II, two formulations administered to human patients in a Phase 3, double-masked, randomized, parallel group study for the treatment of dry eye disease.

EXAMPLE 1

Two compositions are selected for testing. These compositions are produced in accordance with well-known techniques and have the following make-ups:

	Composition I	Composition I
	1170%	mar.
Cyclosporin	0.1	0.05
Castor Oil	1.25	1.25
Polynosbate 80	1.00	1.00
Prenzulen®	0.05	0.05
Glyrerine	2.20	2.20
Sodium hydroxade	42	₫s
Prantied Water	Q ¥	4
Hq	7.2-7.6	7,2-7,6
Weight Ratio of Cyclosporin A to Castor Oil	0.08	0.04

These compositions are employed in a Phase 3, double-marked, randomized, parallel group study for the treatment of dry eye disease.

The results of this study indicate that Composition II, in accordance with the present invention, which has a reduced concentration of cyclosporin A and a cyclosporin A to castor oil ratio of less than 0.08, provides overall efficacy in treating dry eye disease substantially equal to that of Composition I.

Page 26, lines 22-27 of the specification of the present application as originally filed (emphasis added).

In addition, it is found that the high concentration of castor oil relative to cyclosporin component, as in Composition II, provides the advantage of more quickly or rapidly (for example, relative to a composition which includes only 50% as much castor oil) breaking down or resolving the emulsion in the eye, for example, as measured by slit-lamp techniques to monitor the composition in the eye for phase separation.

Page 27, lines 10 - 17 of the specification of the present application as originally filed (emphasis added).

The Applicants submit that, based on at least the disclosures above, one of skill would reasonably conclude and recognize that the inventors of the patent had possession of what is claimed in the pending Claims. The specification demonstrates that the inventors possessed their invention – the Claims recite a method of treating dry eye disease by administering a formulation at the frequency of twice a day, wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second formulation comprising cyclosporin in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight at a frequency of twice a day – and the specification discloses such a method.

The Standards for Compliance with the Written Description Requirement Stated in the Office Action are Improper

The Office Action states that the Claims lack written description support because the claims lack ipsis verbis support in the specification as originally filed. See 6.10.2015 Non-Final Office Action at paragraph 8. However, the Applicants submit that the Office Action's proposed requirement for explicit, ipsis verbis, support is <u>not</u> the standard under the law, the CFR, or the MPEP. Several Federal Circuit decisions have confirmed that "ipsis verbis disclosure is not necessary to satisfy the written description requirement of section 112. Instead the disclosure need only reasonably convey to persons skilled in the

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

art that the inventor had possession of the subject matter in question." *See Fujikawa v. Wattanasin*, 93 F.3d 1559, 1570, 39 USPO 2d 1895, 1904 (Fed. Cir. 1996).¹

As described above, it is clear from reviewing the specification that the Applicants were in possession of the subject matter claimed, and thus satisfy the written description requirement.

Thus, the Applicants respectfully request that the claim rejections under 35 U.S.C § 112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement be withdrawn.

CONCLUSION

The Applicants believe all claims now pending in the present application are in condition for allowance.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees required or necessary for the filing, processing or entering of this paper or any of the enclosed papers, and to refund any overpayment, to deposit account 01-0885.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please contact the undersigned at (714) 246-6996.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Laura L. Wine

Attorney of Record Registration Number 68,681

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to:

Laura L. Wine, Esq.

Date: October 22, 2015

Allergan, Inc.

2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H

Irvine, California 92612

Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

¹ See also In re Alton, 76 F3d 1168, 1175, 37 USPQ2d 1578, 1584 (Fed. Cir. 1996) ("If a person of ordinary skill in the art would have understood the inventor to have been in possession of the claimed invention at the time of filing, even if every nuance of the claims is not explicitly described in the specification, then the adequate written description requirement is met.").

7

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:	14	222478			
Filing Date:	21	-Mar-2014			
Title of Invention:		THODS OF PROVID	ING THERAPEUT	IC EFFECTS USING	CYCLOSPORIN
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	An	drew Acheampong			
Filer:	La	ura Lee Wine			
Attorney Docket Number:	17	618CON6CON1 (AP)		
Filed as Large Entity					
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Extension-of-Time:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension - 2 months with \$0 paid	1252	1	600	600
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	Total in USD (\$)		

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	23869604			
Application Number:	14222478			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	9616			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong			
Customer Number:	51957			
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine			
Filer Authorized By:				
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)			
Receipt Date:	22-OCT-2015			
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014			
Time Stamp:	22:07:38			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$600
RAM confirmation Number	6696
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	WINE, LAURA L.

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

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Doc code: IDS

Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

Application Number		14222478		
Filing Date		2014-03-21		
First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong		
Art Unit		1676		
Examiner Name CORI		DERO GARCIA, MARCELA M		
Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP		

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Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

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Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

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74		PTO Before the Patent Trial and Appeal Board, Apotex, Inc. Petitioner v. Allergan, Inc. Patent Owner, Case 2015-01286, Patent 8,642,556, Pages 1-63, Dated June 4, 2015				
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Attorney Docket Number		17618-US-CN6CN1-AP

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First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong
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Application Number:	14	222478			
Filing Date:	21	Mar-2014			
Title of Invention:		THODS OF PROVID MPONENTS	ING THERAPEUT	IC EFFECTS USING	CYCLOSPORIN
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	An	drew Acheampong			
Filer:	Laı	ıra Lee Wine/Ken D	inh		
Attorney Docket Number:	17	518CON6CON1 (AP)		
Filed as Large Entity					
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
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Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Extension-of-Time:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Miscellaneous:				
Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	1806	1	180	180
	Tot	otal in USD (\$)		180

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	23869444			
Application Number:	14222478			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	9616			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong			
Customer Number:	51957			
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Ken Dinh			
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine			
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)			
Receipt Date:	22-OCT-2015			
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014			
Time Stamp:	21:48:06			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$180
RAM confirmation Number	6642
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	WINE, LAURA L.

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /₊zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)	17618C6C1-IDS3.pdf	600653	no	11
1	Form (SB08)	17000001 12331pu	0a15927604b9a3954295772381e4365098d 919d9		

Warnings:

Information:

A U.S. Patent Number Citation is required in the Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) form. You may remove the form to add the required data in order to correct the Informational Message or if you chose not to, the image of the form will be processed and be made available within the Image File Wrapper (IFW) system. However, no data will be extracted from this form. Any additional data such as Foreign Patent Documents or Non Patent Literature will be manually reviewed and keyed into USPTO systems.

Documents or Nor	1 Patent Literature will be manually i	reviewed and keyed into USPTO syste	ms.		
2	Non Patent Literature	1-Albietz_2001.pdf	3086250	no	15
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3	Non Patent Literature	2- Allergan_Dry_Eye_Product_Por	70312	no	4
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7	Non Patent Literature	6-2004AnnualReport.pdf	1638526	no	16
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Warnings:					

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8	Non Patent Literature	10- Allergan_2010_Annual_Report. pdf	1496428 63b44b786bcf2b5209af0003bf65ef839376 6f7e	no	206
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9	Non Patent Literature	11-2011 Annual Report.pdf	1871227	no	174
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10	Non Patent Literature	13-2013AnnualReport.pdf	810452	no	28
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11	Non Patent Literature	14- AAO_Preferred_Practice_Guide	4345179	no	44
11	Non ratent Elterature	lines.pdf	40e675925c4688b2ac3472048bf691ee427 065e4	no	44
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13	Non Patent Literature	16- Bausch_Lomb_Dry_Eye_Produ	112607	no	2
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19	Non Patent Literature	22-Coles-1984.pdf	782868	no	4
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20	Non Patent Literature	23-ctfa-becomes-personal-care.	48099	no	1
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24	Non Patent Literature	28- Declaration_of_Christopher_Ta	898978	no	57
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27	Information:					
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30	Non ratent Literature	40-3131ANL_dei_Diops.pui	7389705040af0e40b894e60462a1b935eca 30c93	110	2
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27	N Paradil'i and	41 1005 5	1419730		12
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39	Non Patent Literature	42.44 : 2010 15	284313	no	7
39	Non Patent Literature	43-Maissa_2010.pdf	2e7733b3e6ccac79cad7e4a46f9889bd809 db929		7
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40	N- District	44-Mann_2007.pdf	198950	no	11
40	Non Patent Literature	44-Mafff_2007.pdf	78d259ce8a334eb16f13bfb7b56ba474162 3e10a	no	11
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43	Non Patent Literature	47-Federal_Register_1988.pdf	308bcd9f4144f17d323dfaf70571e8bbcb6e 5cd9	no	18
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44	Non Patent Literature	48- Orange_Book_Patent_and_Dat a.pdf	68334 c0b3938f56bcd0d7a34dae786500428534f 7f561	no	1
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45	Non Patent Literature	49- personalcarecouncil_website.	99997	no	3
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47	Non Patent Literature	51-Restasis_label.pdf	88958	no	6
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48	Non Patent Literature	52-Rowe_EL_1965.pdf	1095627	no	6
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51	Non Patent Literature	55- SYSTANE_Lubricant_Eye_Gel.	101250	no	2
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55	Non Patent Literature	Owner-Preliminary-Response. pdf	c6615c65e163c80c18123179ea4c97b50e2 27dff	no	43
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Information:	
Total Files Size (in bytes):	56579441

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	03/21/2014	Andrew Acheampong	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616
51957 ALLERGAN, I	7590 08/20/201 NC .	5	EXAM	INER
2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE, CA 92612-1599		_	CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1676	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/20/2015	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patents_ip@allergan.com pair_allergan@firsttofile.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Applicant-Initiated Interview Summary	14/222,478	ACHEAMPONG	ET AL.	
Applicant-initiated interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676		
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):				
(1) <u>MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA</u> .	(3)			
(2) <u>LAURA L. WINE</u> .	(4)			
Date of Interview: <u>8/14/2015</u> .				
Type: 🛛 Telephonic 🔲 Video Conference 🔲 Personal [copy given to: 🔲 applicant 📗	applicant's representative]			
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes If Yes, brief description:	☑ No.			
Issues Discussed				
Claim(s) discussed: <u>37-63</u> .				
Identification of prior art discussed: Sall et al. (Ophthalmolo	<u>gy, 2000)</u> .			
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreement was reached. Some topics may include: identification or clarification of a reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, arguments of any applied references etc)				
Applican'ts representative discussed the support for the claims, mentioning pages 3-4. Examiner indicated that pointing this section in the response to the new matter rejection of record would be helpful. Additional, inclusion of Example 1 which has the components of the compositions within the claimed methods was suggested by Examiner. No agreement was reached. Applicant's representative plans to follow up with a written response.				
Applicant recordation instructions: The formal written reply to the last Office action must include the substance of the interview. (See MPEP section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, applicant is given a non-extendable period of the longer of one month or thirty days from this interview date, or the mailing date of this interview summary form, whichever is later, to file a statement of the substance of the interview				
Examiner recordation instructions : Examiners must summarize the substance of any interview of record. A complete and proper recordation of the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 for complete and proper recordation including the identification of the general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed regarding patentability and the general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to whether or not agreement was reached on the issues raised.				
Attachment				
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413 (Rev. 8/11/2010)

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by
 attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does
 not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner.
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
 - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

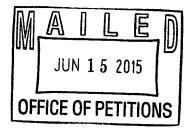
Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.



Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

ALLERGAN, INC. 2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE CA 92612-1599



Doc Code: TRACK1.GRANT

Decision Granting Request for
Prioritized Examination
(Track I or After RCE)

Application No.: 14/222,478

1. THE REQUEST FILED May 26, 2015 IS GRANTED.

The above-identified application has met the requirements for prioritized examination

- 2. The above-identified application will undergo prioritized examination. The application will be accorded special status throughout its entire course of prosecution until one of the following occurs:
 - A. filing a **petition for extension of time** to extend the time period for filing a reply;
 - B. filing an <u>amendment to amend the application to contain more than four independent</u>
 claims, more than thirty total claims, or a multiple dependent claim;
 - C. filing a request for continued examination;
 - D. filing a notice of appeal;
 - E. filing a request for suspension of action;
 - F. mailing of a notice of allowance;
 - G. mailing of a final Office action;
 - H. completion of examination as defined in 37 CFR 41.102; or
 - I. abandonment of the application.

Telephone inquiries with regard to this decision should be directed to <u>Michelle R. Eason</u> at (571) 272-4231. In his/her absence, calls may be directed to Brian W. Brown at (571) 272-5338.

/Michelle R. Eason/ (Signature) <u>Paralegal Specialist, Office of Petitions</u> (Title)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	03/21/2014	Andrew Acheampong	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616
51957 ALLERGAN, I	7590 06/10/201 NC .	5	EXAM	INER
2525 DUPONT DRIVE, T2-7H IRVINE, CA 92612-1599		_	CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1676	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/10/2015	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patents_ip@allergan.com pair_allergan@firsttofile.com

	Application No. 14/222,478			
Office Action Summary	Examiner MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	Art Unit 1676	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	corresponden	ce address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).				
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>5/26</u> . A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.				
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	s action is non-final.			
3) An election was made by the applicant in resp		set forth duri	ng the interview on	
4) Since this application is in condition for allowa	; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action. 4) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims*				
5) Claim(s) 37-63 is/are pending in the application 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrays. 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 7) Claim(s) 37-63 is/are rejected. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/of the strict of the corresponding a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding a http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send	wn from consideration. or election requirement. ligible to benefit from the Patent Pro application. For more information, ple	ase see	າ way program at a	
Application Papers				
10) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). Certified copies: a) All b) Some** c) None of the: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
** See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachment(s)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/Paper No(s)/Mail Date	3) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D 4) Other:			

Art Unit: 1676

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/26/2015 has been entered.

Any rejection from the previous office action, which is not restated here, is withdrawn.

Election/Restrictions

3. Upon reconsideration, the election restriction requirement mailed on 5/9/2014 is herein vacated.

Status of the claims

4. Claims 37-63 are pending. Claims 37-63 are presented for examination on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112(a):
 - (a) IN GENERAL.—The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor or joint inventor of carrying out the invention.

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

6. Claims 37-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claims 37, 49 and 57 comprise the limitations Claim 37: "(...) wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporine A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight (..)"

Claim 49 "(...) wherein the method is therapeutically effective in treating dry eye disease and wherein the method achieves at least as much therapeutic efficacy as administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight (...)"

Page 3

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Claim 57 "(...) wherein the method demonstrates a reduction in adverse events in the human compared to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second topical ophthalmic emulsion comprising cyclosporine A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight (...)"

New Matter

7. The claims have been amended (cf. amendment 3/21/2014) to include new claims. Applicants state that the amendments add no new matter, and point out at least at page 4, line 25- page 5, line 14, page 14, line 28 -page 15, line 1, page 26, lines 5-19, and page 27, lines 4-31 of the application specification filed herewith as support for the amendments.

Lack of Ipsis verbis support

8. With respect to the limitations above, such embodiments does not appear to be expressly disclosed nor described in the Example 1.

Lack of Inherent support

9. "While there is no in *haec verba* requirement, newly added claim limitations must be supported in the specification through express, implicit, or inherent disclosure." See MPEP 2163. Example 1 of the instant disclosure, which encompasses the claimed concentrations is silent with regards to the frequency of administration.

All other claims that depend directly or indirectly from rejected claims and are, therefore, also rejected under USC 112, first paragraph for the reasons set forth above.

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Applicants' arguments

10. The Applicants do not agree with the rejection, and respectfully submit that the Claims comply with the written description requirement for the reasons previously submitted to the Office. For example, support for the aforementioned limitation can be found, at least, in the paragraph at page 9, line 25 - page 10, line 7 of the specification as originally filed:

The frequency of administration and the amount of the presently useful composition to use during each administration varies depending upon the therapeutic effect to be obtained, the severity of the condition being treated and the like factors. The presently useful compositions are designed to allow the prescribing physician substantial flexibility in treating various ocular conditions to achieve the desired therapeutic effect or effects with reduced risk of side effects and/or eye irritation. Such administration may occur on an as needed basis, for example, in treating or managing dry eye syndrome, on a one time basis or on a repeated or periodic basis once, twice, thrice or more times daily depending on the needs of the human or animal being treated and other factors involved in the application at hand.

Specification filed March 21, 2014 at page 9, line 25 - page 10, line 7 (Emphasis Added).

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Moreover, the Applicants further respectfully submit that the Claims comply with the written description requirement, at least, because the "at a frequency of twice a day" limitation is supported in the specification as required by MPEP § 2163. The Applicants submit that the written description clearly shows that the descriptive matter (the "twice a day" limitation) is present in the specification. Example 1 of the present application describes the testing of the 0.05% CsA and 0.1% CsA formulations (see present Application specification as filed, page 26, lines 1-21):

EXAMPLE I

Two compositions are relected for testing. These compositions are produced as accordance with well known techniques and have the following make-ups:

	Composition !	Composition II
Cyclosposia	Q \$	\$.95
Castor OS	1.29	1.25
Polyporbate 80	1.00	1.000
Premarient	9.6 5	0.05
Signatur	2.26	2.20
Societas by dronoide	♦ 3	QD2
Parified Witter	da.	SQC
233	72.78	7.2-2.6
Weight Rano of Cyclespeans A to Center Oil	\$ ₁ \$\$	0.34

These compositions are employed in a Phote 3, double-marked, randomized, parallel group study for the treatment of dry eye disease.

The Applicants note that those formulations were disclosed to a person of skill in the art for the first time in the present application family, including US Patent Application No. 10/927,857 and Provisional US Patent Application No. 60/503,137. A person of skill in the art would not have known those formulations prior to the filing of the instant patent application family.

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Upon learning the formulations of the compositions used in the Phase 3, double-masked, randomized, parallel group studies described in the application, a person of skill would have understood that the application was describing the Phase 3, double-masked, randomized, parallel group study described earlier in the specification:

In addition, cyclosporin A compositions used in treating ophthalmic conditions is the subject of a number of publications. (...) "Two multicenter, randomized studies of the efficacy and safety of cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion in moderate to severe dry eve disease. CsA Phase 3 Study Group," Sall et al., Ophthalmology, 2000 Apr, 107(4):631-9. See Present Application Specification as filed, page 1, line 21 - page 2, line 15. The abstract of Sall describes that the patients in the Phase 3 study received either a 0.05% CsA Formulation or 0.1% CsA Formulation at a frequency of twice a day (Sall, ABSTRACT):

Kenneth Sell, MD, *Ones Para Sevenson, MD, *Thomas E. Mundarf, MD, *Brenin L. Reis, PhD* and the CA Phase 5 Scale Grouts

Objective: To compare the efficacy and safety of cyclosporin A ([CsA] 9,0%% and 0.1% opinihalmic amulsions) to vehicle in patients with moderate to severe dry eye disease.

Design: Multicenter, randomized, double-masked, parallel-group, 6-month, vehicle-controlled.

Participants: A total of 677 patients with defined moderate to severe dry eye disease (292 to 293 in each featment group).

Methods: Two identical clinical biolist patients were treated twice daily with either CoA, 0.09% or 0.19% or vehicle. The results of lineae two trais were combined for analysis.

The Sall paper does not disclose the compositions of the formulations, and a person of skill in the art would not have known these formulations. Hence, the "twice a day" limitation is present in the present application and a person of skill's knowledge of the 0.05% CsA Phase 3 trial as disclosed in the Sall paper would lead them to understand that both the 0.05% CsA and 0.1% CsA formulations were dosed at a

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frequency of twice a day. Thus, the Applicants submit that the "twice a day" limitation is properly supported and the claims satisfy the written description requirement.

Response to arguments

11. Applicant's arguments have been carefully considered but not deemed persuasive for the reasons of record and for the following reasons: According to MPEP 609.01 and 37 C.F.R. 1.57:

"Essential material" may be incorporated by reference, but only by way of an incorporation by reference to a U.S. patent or U.S. patent application publication, which patent or patent application publication does not itself incorporate such essential material by reference. "Essential material" is material that is necessary to:

- (1) Provide a written description of the claimed invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out the invention as required by 35 U.S.C. 112(a);
- (2) Describe the claimed invention in terms that particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention as required by 35 U.S.C. 112(b); or
- (3) Describe the structure, material, or acts that correspond to a claimed means or step for performing a specified function as required by 35 U.S.C. 112(f).

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In the instant case, Applicant's representative is incorporating essential subject matter (i.e., the instantly claimed wherein clauses as listed above in pages 3-4) by relying on a NPL reference (Sall, 2000) which was not expressly incorporated by reference, nor is it a U.S. Patent or a U.S. Patent Application as required by 37 CFR 1.57. Thus it is deemed that Applicants did not have possession of the invention as claimed. For these reasons, the new matter rejection of record is maintained.

Conclusion

13. No claim is currently allowed.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. An obviousness rejection over Sall et al. (Ophthalmology, 2000, cited in the IDS dated 3/28/2014) in view of Ding et al. (US 5,474,979, cited in the IDS dated 3/28/2014) is not being made for the reasons summarized by Examiner in the Declarations under 37 CFR 1.132 and Reasons for Allowance, pages 2-6 of the Notice of Allowance mailed out on 1/28/2014 for 13/961,828, of which the instant application is a continuation.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA whose telephone number is (571)272-2939. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Karlheinz R. Skowronek can be reached on (571)-272-9047. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676

MMCG 06/2015

Search Notes

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14222478	ACHEAMPONG ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA	1676

CPC- SEARCHED		
Symbol	Date	Examiner

CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED				
Symbol Date Examiner				

US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED				
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner	
none	none	6/16/2014	MMCG	

SEARCH NOTES					
Search Notes	Date	Examiner			
EAST search (attached)	6/14/2014	MMCG			
STN search (attached)	6/16/2014	MMCG			
also ran PALM Inventor search	6/16/2014	MMCG			
EAST updated (attached)	11/6/2014	MMCG			
also updated PALM Inventor search	11/6/2014	MMCG			
EAST search (attached)	6/4/2015	MMCG			
also ran PALM Inventor search	6/4/2015	MMCG			

INTERFERENCE SEARCH						
US Class/	US Subclass / CPC Group	Date	Examiner			
CPC Symbol						
EAST updated	attached	11/6/2014	MMCG			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20150602

EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	1137	polysorbate same acrylate same alkyl same acrylate	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:17
L2	90	polysorbate near3 acrylate same alkyl same acrylate	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:17
L3	37	polysorbate near3 acrylate near3 alkyl same acrylate	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:17
L4	9	polysorbate near3 acrylate near3 alkyl same acrylate and cyclosporin	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:18
L5	132	"polysorbate 80" and acrylate near3 alkyl same acrylate and cyclosporin	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:18
L6	7	"polysorbate 80" and acrylate near3 c10-30 Near3 alkyl same acrylate and cyclosporin	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:18
L7	185	"5474979"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	ADJ	ON	2015/06/04 16:27

EAST Search History (Interference)

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6/4/2015 6:08:06 PM

Doc code: RCEX Doc description: Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

PTO/SB/30EFS (07-09)

Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

	REQU	JEST FC		D EXAMINATION OF COMMENT OF COMME	N(RCE)TRANSMITTA -Web)	L	
Application Number	14222478	Filing Date	2014-03-21	Docket Number (if applicable)	17618-CON6CON1 (AP)	Art Unit	1676
First Named Inventor	Andrew Acheam	pong		Examiner Name	Codero Garcia, Marcela M.		
Request for C	ontinued Examina	tion (RCE)	practice under 37 C		above-identified application pply to any utility or plant applic WWW.USPTO.GOV		I prior to June 8,
		S	UBMISSION REC	UIRED UNDER 37	7 CFR 1.114		
in which they entered, appli	were filed unless a cant must request	applicant ins non-entry o	structs otherwise. If a of such amendment(applicant does not wi (s).	nents enclosed with the RCE with the have any previously filed	unentered	d amendment(s)
	y submitted. If a fii on even if this box			any amendments file	ed after the final Office action n	nay be cor	isidered as a
Co	nsider the argume	ents in the A	ppeal Brief or Reply	Brief previously filed	i on		
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Aff	idavit(s)/ Declarati	ion(s)					
Ot	her 						
			MIS	CELLANEOUS			
				requested under 37 der 37 CFR 1.17(i) re	CFR 1.103(c) for a period of n quired)	nonths —	
Other _							
				FEES			
	The RCE fee under 37 CFR 1.17(e) is required by 37 CFR 1.114 when the RCE is filed. The Director is hereby authorized to charge any underpayment of fees, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No 010885						
		SIGNATUF	RE OF APPLICAN	T, ATTORNEY, OF	R AGENT REQUIRED		
—							

Doc code: RCEX

Doc description: Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PTO/SB/30EFS (07-09)

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

Signature of Registered U.S. Patent Practitioner			
Signature	/Laura L. Wine/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2015-05-26
Name	Laura L. Wine	Registration Number	68681

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.114. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these records.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Doc Code: TRACK1.REQ

Document Description: TrackOne Request

PTO/AIA/424 (04-14)

CERTIFICATION AND REQUEST FOR PRIORITIZED EXAMINATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.102(e) (Page 1 of 1)

First Named Inventor:	Andrew Acheampong	Nonprovisional Application Number (if known):	14222478
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERA	PEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLO	SPORIN COMPONENTS

APPLICANT HEREBY CERTIFIES THE FOLLOWING AND REQUESTS PRIORITIZED EXAMINATION FOR THE ABOVE-IDENTIFIED APPLICATION.

- 1. The processing fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(i)(1) and the prioritized examination fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(c) have been filed with the request. The publication fee requirement is met because that fee, set forth in 37 CFR 1.18(d), is currently \$0. The basic filing fee, search fee, and examination fee are filed with the request or have been already been paid. I understand that any required excess claims fees or application size fee must be paid for the application.
- 2. I understand that the application may not contain, or be amended to contain, more than four independent claims, more than thirty total claims, or any multiple dependent claims, and that any request for an extension of time will cause an outstanding Track I request to be dismissed.
- 3. The applicable box is checked below:
 - I. Original Application (Track One) Prioritized Examination under § 1.102(e)(1)
- i. (a) The application is an original nonprovisional utility application filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a).
 This certification and request is being filed with the utility application via EFS-Web.
 ---OR--
 - (b) The application is an original nonprovisional plant application filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a). This certification and request is being filed with the plant application in paper.
- ii. An executed inventor's oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.63 or 37 CFR 1.64 for each inventor, <u>or</u> the application data sheet meeting the conditions specified in 37 CFR 1.53(f)(3)(i) is filed with the application.
- i. A request for continued examination has been filed with, or prior to, this form.
- ii. If the application is a utility application, this certification and request is being filed via EFS-Web.
- iii. The application is an original nonprovisional utility application filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a), or is a national stage entry under 35 U.S.C. 371.
- iv. This certification and request is being filed prior to the mailing of a first Office action responsive to the request for continued examination.
- v. No prior request for continued examination has been granted prioritized examination status under 37 CFR 1.102(e)(2).

Signature/Laura L. Wine/	_{Date} May 26, 2015
Name (Print/Typed) Laura L. Wine	Practitioner Registration Number
Note: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4(d) for Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required.*	or signature requirements and certifications.
*Total of forms are submitted.	

Privacy Act Statement

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

RESPONSE TO FINAL OFFICE ACTION DATED NOVEMBER 24, 2014

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

These papers are filed in reply to the final Office Action mailed November 24, 2014.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee which may be required in connection with this Amendment to deposit account No. 01-0885.

A Summary of Interview begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 3 of this paper.

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW

Attendees, Date and Type of Interview

Telephonic interviews were conducted on November 12 and 17, 2014 and were attended by Examiner Cordero Garcia and Laura Wine.

Identification of Claims Discussed

The Claims were discussed, focusing on Claims 37, 49, and 57.

Principal Arguments and Other Matters

The rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph was discussed. No substantive agreement was reached.

Results of Interview

It was understood that a final office action would be issued.

REMARKS

This Reply responds to the Final Office Action sent November 24, 2014, in which the Office Action rejected Claims 37-63. The Applicants respectfully submit that the claims are in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections

35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph

Claims 37-63 were rejected under 35 U.S.C § 112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement with regards to the limitation in Claims 37, 49, and 57 of "at a frequency of twice a day" within the following wherein clauses:

"(...) wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight (..)"

Claim 37

"(...) wherein the method is therapeutically effective in treating dry eye disease and wherein the method achieves at least as much therapeutic efficacy as administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight(...)"

Claim 49

"(...) wherein the method demonstrates a reduction in adverse events in the human, compared to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second topical ophthalmic emulsion

comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight and castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight(...)"

Claim 57

The Applicants do not agree with the rejection, and respectfully submit that the Claims comply with the written description requirement for the reasons previously submitted to the Office. For example, support for the aforementioned limitation can be found, at least, in the paragraph at page 9, line 25 – page 10, line 7 of the specification as originally filed.

Moreover, the Applicants further respectfully submit that the Claims comply with the written description requirement, at least, because the "at a frequency of twice a day" limitation is supported in the specification as required by MPEP § 2163.

The Applicants submit that the written description clearly shows that the descriptive matter (the "twice a day" limitation) is present in the specification. Example 1 of the present application describes the testing of the 0.05% CsA and 0.1% CsA formulations:

EXAMPLE 1

Two compositions are selected for testing. These compositions are produced in accordance with well known techniques and have the following make-ups:

	Connection I	Composition II
	117.0	11174°
Cyclooperin	0.1	0.05
Castor Oil	1.25	1.25
Polytorbate 80	1.00	3.00
Premien®	0.05	0.05
Gyrerine	2.20	2.20
Sodium hydroxade	4 %	400
Partied Water	\$	\$
Hq	7.2-7.6	7.2-7.6
Weight Ratio of Cyclosposin A to Castor Oil	0.08	0.04

These compositions are employed in a Phase 3, double-marked, randomized, parallel group study for the treatment of dry eye disease.

Present Application Specification as filed, page 26, lines 1-21.

The Applicants note that those formulations were disclosed to a person of skill in the art for the first time in the present application family, including US Patent Application No. 10/927,857 and Provisional US Patent Application No. 60/503,137. A person of skill in the art would not have known those formulations prior to the filing of the instant patent application family.

Upon learning the formulations of the compositions used in the Phase 3, double-masked, randomized, parallel group studies described in the application, a person of skill would have understood that the application was describing the Phase 3, double-masked, randomized, parallel group study described earlier in the specification:

In addition, cyclosporin A compositions used in treating ophthalmic conditions is the subject of a number of publications. (...) "Two multicenter, randomized studies of the efficacy and safety of cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion in moderate to severe dry eye disease. CsA Phase 3 Study Group," Sall et al, *Ophthalmology*, 2000 Apr., 107(4):631-9.

See Present Application Specification as filed, page 1, line 21 – page 2, line 15.

The abstract of Sall describes that the patients in the Phase 3 study received either a 0.05% CsA Formulation or 0.1% CsA Formulation at a frequency of twice a day:

Kenneth Sall, MD, Onex Data Suxenson, MD, Thomas K. Mundorf, MD, Brenda L. Reis, PhD* and the CsA Phase 3 Study Group

Objective: To compare the efficacy and safety of cyclosporin A ([CsA] 0.05% and 0.1% ophthalmic emulsions) to vehicle in patients with moderate to severe dry eye disease.

Design: Multicenter, randomized, double-masked, parallel-group, 6-month, vehicle-controlled.

Participants: A total of 877 patients with defined moderate to severe dry eye disease (292 to 293 in each treatment group).

Methods: Two identical clinical trials; patients were treated twice daily with either CsA, 0,05% or 0,1%, or vehicle. The results of these two trials were combined for analysis.

Sall, ABSTRACT. The Sall paper does not disclose the compositions of the formulations, and a person of skill in the art would not have known those formulations.

Hence, the "twice a day" limitation is present in the present application and a person of skill's knowledge of the 0.05% CsA Phase 3 trial as disclosed in the Sall paper would lead them to understand that both the 0.05% CsA and 0.1% CsA formulations were dosed at a frequency of twice a day. Thus, the Applicants submit that the "twice a

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

day" limitation is properly supported and the Claims satisfy the written description

requirement.

In view of the above, the Applicants respectfully submit that the disclosure of the

present application reasonably shows that the Applicants were in possession of what is

now claimed at the time of filing, and request that the rejection of Claims 37-63 under 35

U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph be withdrawn.

Conclusion

The Applicants believe all claims now pending in the present application are in

condition for allowance.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees required or necessary

for the filing, processing or entering of this paper or any of the enclosed papers, and to

refund any overpayment, to deposit account 01-0885.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of

this application, please contact the undersigned at (714) 246-6996.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Date: May 26, 2015

Laura L. Wine

Attorney of Record

Registration Number 68,681

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to:

Laura L. Wine, Esq.

Allergan, Inc.

2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H

Irvine, California 92612

Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:	142	14222478			
Filing Date:	21-	Mar-2014			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong				
Filer:	Lau	ura Lee Wine/Maria	Stein		
Attorney Docket Number:	176	518CON6CON1 (AP)			
Filed as Large Entity					
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Request for Prioritized Examination		1817	1	4000	4000
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Extension - 3 months with \$0 paid	1253	1	1400	1400
Miscellaneous:				
Request for Continued Examination	1801	1	1200	1200
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	6600

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	22449941			
Application Number:	14222478			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	9616			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong			
Customer Number:	51957			
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein			
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine			
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)			
Receipt Date:	26-MAY-2015			
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014			
Time Stamp:	18:30:43			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$6600
RAM confirmation Number	9350
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	WINE, LAURA L.

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Request for Continued Examination	17618CON6CON1_RCE.PDF	697619	no	з
·	(RCE)		4f1401512339bb0638516ba40f5304f757c0 e19d		
Warnings:					
Information:					
2		17618CON6CON1_Response_0	730195	yes	8
		5-26-2015.pdf	a241f4316df503c303469bd0388201f6eedd 5ea7	,	
	Multip	oart Description/PDF files in .	zip description		
	Document De	scription	Start	E	nd
	TrackOne Re	1	2		
	Response After F	3	3		
	Applicant summary of inte	4	4		
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks	5 8		8	
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	34286	no	2
, j	rec worksheet (5500)	. (3500) ree-mio.pui		.110	
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	14	62100	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
14/222,478	03/21/2014	Andrew Acheampong	17618CON6CON1 (AP)	9616
51957 ALLERGAN, I	7590 11/24/201 NC .	4	EXAM	INER
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DRIVE, T2-7H		CORDERO GARC	IA, MARCELA M
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1676	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/24/2014	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patents_ip@allergan.com pair_allergan@firsttofile.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	14/222,478	ACHEAMPONG	ET AL.			
Examiner-initiated interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676				
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO	personnel):					
(1) MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA.	(3)					
(2) <u>LAURA WINE</u> .	(4)					
Date of Interview: 12 November 2014.						
Type:	applicant's representative]					
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted:	⊠ No.					
Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 0th (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detail						
Claim(s) discussed: <u>37,49,53 and 57</u> .						
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>N/A</u> .						
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreemen reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, argum		dentification or clarific	ation of a			
substantially equal to administration of a second topical optification of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising castor oil in an amount of about 1.25 % by weight". Application of record because the unexpected results describe	Discussed the limitation"twice a day" within the claim limitation "wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight of castor oil in an amount of about 1.25 % by weight". Applicants' arguments were not persuasive with respect to the rejection of record because the unexpected results described in the disclosure (e.g., Example 1) are not limited to twice a day administration (see attached Office Action). Applicant's representative requested a written office action in a telephonic conversation on 11/17/2014.					
Applicant recordation instructions: It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate record of the substance of interview.						
Examiner recordation instructions : Examiners must summarize the substance of any interview of record. A complete and proper recordation of the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 for complete and proper recordation including the identification of the general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed regarding patentability and the general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to whether or not agreement was reached on the issues raised.						
Attachment						
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413B (Rev. 8/11/2010)

Office Action Summary		Application No. 14/222,478	Applicant(s) ACHEAMPONG ET AL.		
		Examiner MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	Art Unit 1676	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appl or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondenc	e address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
,	Responsive to communication(s) filed on $9/25/2$ A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.1 3				
2a)🛛	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.			
3)	An election was made by the applicant in respo	onse to a restriction requirement s	set forth durir	ng the interview on	
4)	; the restriction requirement and election Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	ce except for formal matters, pro	secution as t	o the merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims*				
5) Claim(s) 37-63 is/are pending in the application. 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 7) Claim(s) 37-63 is/are rejected. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. * If any claims have been determined allowable, you may be eligible to benefit from the Patent Prosecution Highway program at a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see					
http://www	.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send	an inquiry to <u>PPHfeedback@uspto.c</u>	<u>10V</u> .		
Application Papers 10) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). Certified copies: a) All b) Some** c) None of the: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
** See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachmen		a) 	(DTO 4:5)		
2) 🛛 Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/8/2014</u> .	3) ⊠ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da B/08b) 4) □ Other:			

Art Unit: 1676

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

DETAILED ACTION

2. This Office Action is in response to the reply received on 9/25/2014.

Any rejection from the previous office action, which is not restated here, is withdrawn.

Election/Restrictions

3. Upon reconsideration, the election restriction requirement mailed on 5/9/2014 is herein vacated.

Status of the claims

4. Claims 37-63 are pending. Claims 37-63 are presented for examination on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112(a):
 - (a) IN GENERAL.—The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor or joint inventor of carrying out the invention.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Application/Control Number: 14/222,478

Art Unit: 1676

6. Claims 37-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claims 37, 49 and 57 comprise the limitation "at a frequency of twice a day", specifically in the wherein clause defining the unexpected results, i.e., "wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight of castor oil in an amount of about 1.25 % by weight".

New Matter

7. The claims have been amended (cf. amendment 3/21/2014) to include new claims. Applicants state that the amendments add no new matter, and point out at least at page 4, line 25- page 5, line 14, page 14, line 28 -page 15, line 1, page 26, lines 5-19, and page 27, lines 4-31 of the application specification filed herewith as support for the amendments.

Lack of Ipsis verbis support

8. With respect to the limitation "at a frequency of twice a day" in the wherein clause "wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1%

Page 3

Art Unit: 1676

by weight of castor oil in an amount of about 1.25 % by weight", such embodiment does not appear to be expressly disclosed nor described in the Example 1. Furthermore, the limitation "at a frequency of twice a day" does not appear to be expressly disclosed with respect to the unexpected results described in claims 37, 49, 53 and 57 (as described in the respective wherein clauses). Note that in all the independent claims an unexpected result is described that depends on the "twice a day" administration. However, the disclosure and the examples do not require this "twice a day" limitation for the unexpected results as claimed.

Lack of Inherent support

9. "While there is no in *haec verba* requirement, newly added claim limitations must be supported in the specification through express, implicit, or inherent disclosure." See MPEP 2163. Example 1 of the instant disclosure, which encompasses the claimed concentrations is silent with regards to the frequency of administration.

All other claims that depend directly or indirectly from rejected claims and are, therefore, also rejected under USC 112, first paragraph for the reasons set forth above.

Art Unit: 1676

Applicants' arguments

10. The Applicants submit that the currently pending Claims contain sufficient written description support for the "at a frequency of twice a day" limitation within the specification of the present application as originally filed. For example, support for this limitation can be found, at least, in the paragraph at page 9, line 25 - page 10, line 7 of the specification as originally filed, which reads:

The frequency of administration and the amount of the presently useful composition to use during each administration varies depending upon the therapeutic effect to be obtained, the severity of the condition being treated and the like factors. The presently useful compositions are designed to allow the prescribing physician substantial flexibility in treating various ocular conditions to achieve the desired therapeutic effect or effects with reduced risk of side effects and/or eye irritation. Such administration may occur on an as needed basis, for example, in treating or managing dry eye syndrome, on a one time basis or on a repeated or periodic basis once, twice, thrice or more times daily depending on the needs of the human or animal being treated and other factors involved in the application at hand.

Specification filed March 21, 2014 at page 9, line 25 - page 10, line 7 (Emphasis Added).

Art Unit: 1676

In view of the above, the Applicants respectfully submit that the disclosure of the present application reasonably shows that the Applicants were in possession of what is now claimed at the time of filing, and request that the rejection of Claims 37-63 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph be withdrawn.

Response to arguments

11. Applicants' arguments have been carefully considered and deemed persuasive for the generic method, i.e., lines 1-5 of claim 37, but not deemed persuasive for the unexpected results set forth in the wherein clause of claim 37 for the following reasons: With respect to the limitation "at a frequency of twice a day" in the wherein clause "wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight of castor oil in an amount of about 1.25 % by weight", such embodiment does not appear to be expressly disclosed nor described in the Example 1. Furthermore, the limitation "at a frequency of twice a day" does not appear to be expressly disclosed with respect to the unexpected results described in independent claims 49, 53 and 57 (as described in the respective wherein clauses) for analog reasons as those set forth in claim 37. Note that in all the independent claims an unexpected result is described that requires "twice a day" administration. However, the disclosure and the examples do not require this "twice a day" limitation for the unexpected results as claimed.

"While there is no in *haec verba* requirement, newly added claim limitations must be supported in the specification through express, implicit, or inherent disclosure." See MPEP 2163. Example 1 of the instant disclosure, which encompasses the claimed concentration range for the claimed unexpected results is silent with regards to the frequency of administration.

Thus it is deemed that Applicants did not have possession of the invention as claimed, and therefore the new matter rejection is maintained.

Terminal disclaimers

12. Terminal disclaimers for US 8,685,930; 8,648,048; 8,642,556; 8,633,162 and 8,629,111 have been received and approved, thus obviating the ODP rejections of record.

Conclusion

13. No claim is currently allowed.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA whose telephone number is (571)272-2939. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Karlheinz R. Skowronek can be reached on (571)-272-9047. The fax phone

Application/Control Number: 14/222,478 Page 8

Art Unit: 1676

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676

MMCG 11/2014

	Application No. Applicant(s)						
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	14/222,478	ACHEAMPONG	ET AL.				
Examiner-initiated interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA	1676					
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO	personnel):						
(1) MARCELA M. CORDERO GARCIA.	(3)						
(2) <u>LAURA WINE</u> .	(4)						
Date of Interview: 12 November 2014.							
Type:	applicant's representative]						
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted:	⊠ No.						
Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 0th (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detail							
Claim(s) discussed: <u>37,49,53 and 57</u> .							
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>N/A</u> .							
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreemen reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, argum		dentification or clarific	ation of a				
Discussed the limitation"twice a day" within the claim limitation "wherein the method provides overall efficacy substantially equal to administration of a second topical ophthalmic emulsion to a human eye in need thereof at a frequency of twice a day, the second emulsion comprising cyclosporin A in an amount of about 0.1% by weight of castor oil in an amount of about 1.25% by weight". Applicants' arguments were not persuasive with respect to the rejection of record because the unexpected results described in the disclosure (e.g., Example 1) are not limited to twice a day administration (see attached Office Action). Applicant's representative requested a written office action in a telephonic conversation on 11/17/2014.							
Applicant recordation instructions: It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate record of the substance of interview.							
Examiner recordation instructions : Examiners must summarize the substance of any interview of record. A complete and proper recordation of the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 for complete and proper recordation including the identification of the general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed regarding patentability and the general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to whether or not agreement was reached on the issues raised.							
/MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1676							

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413B (Rev. 8/11/2010) Becejet date: 07/08/2014

Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

14222478 - GALL/03 67-6)

Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

	Application Number		14222478	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE	Filing Date		2014-03-21	
	First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong	
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)	Art Unit		1676	
(Not for Submission under 67 of 17 1.55)	Examiner Name	Corde	ero Garcia, Marcela M.	
	Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618 CON6CON1 (AP)	

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /M.M.C.G./

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code ¹	Issue D)ate	of cited Document		s,Columns,Lines where vant Passages or Relev es Appear		
	1	4347238		1982-08	3-31	Hollingsbee				
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			U.S.P	ATENT	APPLI	CATION PUBI	LICATIONS			
Examiner Initial*	Cite N	No Publication Number	Kind Code ¹	Publica Date	ition	of cited Document		Relev	s,Columns,Lines where vant Passages or Relev es Appear	
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				FOREIG	SN PAT	ENT DOCUM	ENTS			
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number ³	Country Code ² i		Kind Code ⁴	Publication Date	Name of Patente Applicant of cited Document		Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	 T 5
	1	2222770	GB		A	1990-03-21	Sandoz Ltd			
	2	198901772	wo		A1	1989-03-09	University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.			
	3	199318752	wo		A1	1993-09-30	Pharmos Corp.			

Receipt	date	e: 07/08/2014		Applic	ation N	umber		14222478	142	222478	- GAU:	1676
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE			Filing	Filing Date			2014-03-21					
			First N	lamed l	nventor	Andr	ew Acheampong					
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		Art Ur	nit		l	1676						
(NOT IOT	subm	ission under 37 CFR	1.99)	Exam	iner Na	me	Cord	ero Garcia, Marcela	М.			
				Attorn	ey Doc	ket Numb	er	17618 CON6CON	I1 (AP)		
		ALL REF	ERENCES	CONS	IDERED	EXCEPT \	NHEF	RE LINED THROUG	iH. /N	I.M.C.G./		
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¹ See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <u>www.USPTO.GOV</u> or MPEP 901.04. ² Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO

Standard ST.3). ³ For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.

⁴ Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible.

⁵ Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

Receipt date: 07/08/2014	Application Number		14222478	14222478 -	GAU: 1676
INFORMATION DIGGLOCUES	Filing Date		2014-03-21		
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)	First Named Inventor Andre		drew Acheampong		
	Art Unit		1676		
(Not for submission under or of it isso)	Examiner Name	Cordero Garcia, Marcela M.			
	Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618 CON6CON1	(AP)	

	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT							
Plea	Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):							
	That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).							
OR	l							
	That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).							
	See attached ce	rtification statement.						
\boxtimes	The fee set forth	in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted here	with.					
	A certification sta	atement is not submitted herewith.						
		SIGNAT						
	ignature of the ap n of the signature.	plicant or representative is required in accord	dance with CFR 1.33, 10.1	8. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the				
Sigr	nature	/Laura L. Wine/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-07-08				
Nan	ne/Print	Laura L. Wine	Registration Number	68681				
pub 1.14	lic which is to file (I. This collection i	rmation is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 (and by the USPTO to process) an applicatio is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, inclu e USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the	n. Confidentiality is gover ding gathering, preparing a	rned by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR and submitting the completed				

require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria,**

VA 22313-1450.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these record s.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	il – – –	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	421	cyclosporin same castor	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2014/11/06 15:36
L2	47	cyclosporin same castor and "1.5" near10 "0.5"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2014/11/06 15:36
L3	31	cyclosporin same castor and "1.25" near10 "0.05"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2014/11/06 15:36

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L4	5	cyclosporin same castor and "1.25" near10 "0.05"	USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2014/11/06 16:00

11/6/2014 4:00:56 PM

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Search Notes

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
14222478	ACHEAMPONG ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MARCELA M CORDERO GARCIA	1676

CPC- SEARCHED		
Symbol	Date	Examiner

CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED					
Symbol	Date	Examiner			

	US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHE	D	
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
none	none	6/16/2014	MMCG

SEARCH NOTES				
Search Notes Date Examiner				
EAST search (attached)	6/14/2014	MMCG		
STN search (attached)	6/16/2014	MMCG		
also ran PALM Inventor search	6/16/2014	MMCG		
EAST updated (attached)	11/6/2014	MMCG		
also updated PALM Inventor search	11/6/2014	MMCG		

INTERFERENCE SEARCH				
US Class/	US Subclass / CPC Group Date Examiner			
CPC Symbol				
EAST updated	attached	11/6/2014	MMCG	

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Doc Code: DIST.E.FILE Document Description: Electronic	Terminal Disclaimer - Filed		PTO/SB/26 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Department of Commerce	
Electronic Petition Request	rectronic Petition Request TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION ON "PRIOR" PATENT			
Application Number	14222478			
Filing Date	21-Mar-2014			
First Named Inventor	Andrew Acheampong			
Attorney Docket Number	17618CON6CON1 (AP)			
Title of Invention	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
Filing of terminal disclaimer do Office Action	pes not obviate requirement for res	sponse unde	er 37 CFR 1.111 to outstanding	
This electronic Terminal Discla	imer is not being used for a Joint F	esearch Agr	eement.	
Owner		Percent Inter	rest	
Allergan, Inc.		100%		
	of any patent granted on the instar		lisclaims, except as provided below, the n which would extend beyond the expiration	
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8648048				
8642556				
8633162				
8629111				

as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; - is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321 - has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; - is reissued; or - is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) is included with Electronic Terminal Disclaimer request. **(•**) I certify, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.4(d)(4), that the terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) O required for this terminal disclaimer has already been paid in the above-identified application. Applicant claims the following fee status: Small Entity Micro Entity Regular Undiscounted **(•**) I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. THIS PORTION MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE SIGNATORY OR SIGNATORIES I certify, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.4(d)(4) that I am: An attorney or agent registered to practice before the Patent and Trademark Office who is of record in ◉ this application

An attorney or agent registered to practice before the Patent and Trademark Office who is of record in this application

Registration Number 68681

A sole inventor

A joint inventor; I certify that I am authorized to sign this submission on behalf of all of the inventors as evidenced by the power of attorney in the application

A joint inventor; all of whom are signing this request

Signature

/Laura L. Wine/

Laura L. Wine

*Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal					
Application Number:	14222478				
Filing Date:	21-	Mar-2014			
Title of Invention:		THODS OF PROVIDI MPONENTS	ING THERAPEU ⁻	FIC EFFECTS USING	5 CYCLOSPORIN
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong				
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein				
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)				
Filed as Large Entity					
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Statutory or Terminal Disclaimer		1814	1	160	160
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Extension-of-Time:					

Description	Fee Code Quantity Amount		Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	160

Doc Code: DISQ.E.FILE Document Description: Electronic Terminal Disclaimer – Approved				
Application No.: 14222478				
Filing Date: 21-Mar-2014				
Applicant/Patent under Reexamination: Acheampong et al.				
Electronic Terminal Disclaimer filed on September 25, 2014				
This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer				
DISAPPROVED				
Approved/Disapproved by: Electronic Terminal Disclaimer automatically approved by EFS-Web				
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office				

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	20246997			
Application Number:	14222478			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	9616			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong			
Customer Number:	51957			
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein			
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine			
Attorney Docket Number:	17618CON6CON1 (AP)			
Receipt Date:	25-SEP-2014			
Filing Date:	21-MAR-2014			
Time Stamp:	16:22:40			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$160
RAM confirmation Number	2933
Deposit Account	010885
Authorized User	

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Mul Message Digest Part /		Pages (if appl.)
1	Electronic Terminal Disclaimer-Filed	e Terminal-Disclaimer.pdf	35317	no	3
·	Liectionic reminal disclaimer-med	· 1	0120546a576347d21f62d6fb53c00068455 27467		
Warnings:	Warnings:				
Information:					
2	2 Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30289	no	2
-		rec imalpui	6b6345ed2c8b85fd47cf1c0d708505fff7797 f99		-
Warnings:					
Information:					
		: 6	5606		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Docket No. 17618CON6CON1 (AP)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Acheampong, et al. Examiner: Marcela M Cordero Garcia

Serial No.: 14/222,478 Group Art Unit: 1676

Filed: March 21, 2014 Confirmation No. 9616

For: METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS

Customer No.: 51957

RESPONSE TO NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION DATED JUNE 25, 2014

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

These papers are filed in reply to the non-final Office Action mailed June 25, 2014.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee which may be required in connection with this Amendment to deposit account No. 01-0885.

Remarks begin on page 2 of this paper.

REMARKS

This Reply responds to the Office Action sent June 25, 2014, in which the Office Action rejected Claims 37-63. The Applicants respectfully submit that the claims are in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections

35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph

Claims 37-63 were rejected under 35 U.S.C § 112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement with regards to the limitation in Claims 37, 49, and 57 of "at a frequency of twice a day".

The Applicants submit that the currently pending Claims contain sufficient written description support for the "at a frequency of twice a day" limitation within the specification of the present application as originally filed. For example, support for this limitation can be found, at least, in the paragraph at page 9, line 25 – page 10, line 7 of the specification as originally filed, which reads:

The frequency of administration and the amount of the presently useful composition to use during each administration varies depending upon the therapeutic effect to be obtained, the severity of the condition being treated and the like factors. The presently useful compositions are designed to allow the prescribing physician substantial flexibility in treating various ocular conditions to achieve the desired therapeutic effect or effects with reduced risk of side effects and/or eye irritation. Such administration may occur on an as needed basis, for example, in treating or managing dry eye syndrome, on a one time basis or on a repeated or periodic basis once, twice, thrice or more times daily depending on the needs of the human or animal being treated and other factors involved in the application at hand.

Specification filed March 21, 2014 at page 9, line 25 – page 10, line 7 (Emphasis Added).

In view of the above, the Applicants respectfully submit that the disclosure of the present application reasonably shows that the Applicants were in possession of what is now claimed at the time of filing, and request that the rejection of Claims 37-63 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph be withdrawn.

Obviousness-Type Double Patenting Rejection

Claims 37-63 were rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-27 of U.S. Patent No. 8,629,111. Claims 37-63 were also rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-24 of U.S. Patent No. 8,633,162. Claims 37-63 were also rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 8,642,556. Claims 37-63 were also rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-23 of U.S. Patent No. 8,648,048. Claims 37-63 were also rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-36 of U.S. Patent No. 8,685,930.

While the Applicants do not agree with the non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting rejections recited above, in order to expedite prosecution, terminal disclaimers were filed on September 24, 2014. Thus, the Applicants submit that the obviousness-type double patenting rejections have been rendered moot and request that the obviousness-type double patenting rejections be withdrawn.

Conclusion

In view of the foregoing, the Applicants believe all claims now pending in the present application are in condition for allowance.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees required or necessary for the filing, processing or entering of this paper or any of the enclosed papers, and to refund any overpayment, to deposit account 01-0885.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please contact the undersigned at (714) 246-6996.

Respectfully submitted,

/Laura L. Wine/

Laura L. Wine Attorney of Record Registration Number 68,681

Date: September 25, 2014

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence to: Laura L. Wine, Esq. Allergan, Inc. 2525 Dupont Drive, T2-7H Irvine, California 92612 Tel: (714) 246-6996 Fax: (714) 246-4249

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	20247409			
Application Number:	14222478			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	9616			
Title of Invention:	METHODS OF PROVIDING THERAPEUTIC EFFECTS USING CYCLOSPORIN COMPONENTS			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Andrew Acheampong			
Customer Number:	51957			
Filer:	Laura Lee Wine/Maria Stein			
Filer Authorized By:	Laura Lee Wine			
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Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1		17618CON6CON1_Response_0	117409	yes	4
		92514.pdf	c2e9138ffcfcd9ed846e7072cb02de837abc c098	·	

Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description					
Document Description	Start	End			
Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject	1	1			
Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	2	4			

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FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Andrew Acheampong

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Publication No.US-2014-0206626-A1 Publication Date: 07/24/2014

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	Application Number		14222478
INFORMATION BIGGI COURT	Filing Date		2014-03-21
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE	First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)	Art Unit 1676	1676	
(Not lot Submission under 57 St N 1.55)	Examiner Name	Corde	ero Garcia, Marcela M.
	Attorney Docket Numb	er	17618 CON6CON1 (AP)

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code ¹	Issue D	Date	Name of Pate of cited Docu	entee or Applicant ment	Relev	es,Columns,Lines where vant Passages or Releves es Appear	
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Examiner Initial*		Foreign Document Number ³	Country Code ² i		Kind Code ⁴	Publication Date	Name of Patented Applicant of cited Document		Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T 5
	1	2222770	GB		A	1990-03-21	Sandoz Ltd			
	2	198901772	wo		A1	1989-03-09	University of Georg Research Foundati Inc.			
	3	199318752	wo		A1	1993-09-30	Pharmos Corp.			

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First Named Inventor	Andre	w Acheampong		
Art Unit		1676		
Examiner Name Corde		ero Garcia, Marcela M.		
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Art Unit		1676		
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Attorney Docket Number		17618 CON6CON1 (AP)		

		CERTIFICATION	STATEMENT	
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	foreign patent of after making rea any individual de	information contained in the information diffice in a counterpart foreign application, an sonable inquiry, no item of information contaesignated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than thr 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).	d, to the knowledge of the ained in the information dis	e person signing the certification sclosure statement was known to
	See attached ce	rtification statement.		
\boxtimes	The fee set forth	in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted here	with.	
	A certification sta	atement is not submitted herewith.		
	ignature of the ap n of the signature.	SIGNAT or representative is required in accord		8. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the
Sigr	nature	/Laura L. Wine/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-07-08
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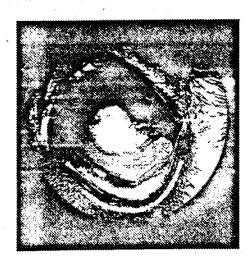
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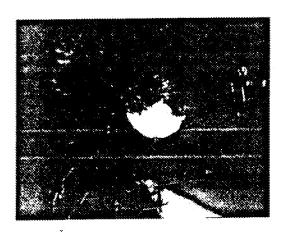
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(54) Title: OCULAR CYCLOSPORIN COMPOSITION





(57) Abstract

A method for enhancing or restoring lacrimal function by the topical administration of a cyclosporin in a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. Lacrimal function is enhanced or restored in patients suffering from abnormalities of the tear film including an absolute or partial deficiency in aqueous tear production, called keratoconjunctivitis sicca or KCS, regardless of etiology, including autoimmune dysfunction of the lacrimal glands. The treatment is also useful in the enhancement or restoration of normal tear production, and normal healing of the surface of the eye. The preferred composition for topical administration to the eye consists of cyclosporin dissolved in corn oil. The composition may further include antioxidants, lubricants, antibiotics, antifungals, antivirals, pilocarpine, vasoconstrictors, surfactants, wetting agents, anti-inflammatory agents (i.e. corticosteroids), preservatives, mucolytic agents (i.e. bromhexine, acetylcysteine), as well as other compounds. The most preferred composition is 2% cyclosporin, I mole % alpha tocopherol and 0.005% methyl paraben in corn oil.

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OCULAR CYCLOSPORIN COMPOSITION

The present invention relates to a method and composition for increasing tear production by the topical administration of cyclosporin to the patient's eyes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The exposed part of a normal eye is covered by a continuous thin tear film which is important for the well-being of the corneal and conjunctival epithelium and provides the cornea with an optically high quality surface. In addition, the aqueous part of the tear film acts as a lubricant to the eyelids during blinking of the lids. Certain enzymes contained in the tear fluid, for example immunoglobulin A, lysozyme and beta lysin, also have bacteriostatic properties.

The lacrimal apparatus consists of the secretory system (the source), the distribution system and the excretory system (the sink). In the secretory system, the bulk of the tear film, the aqueous tears, are supplied by the main and accessory lacrimal glands. The continuous production and drainage of aqueous tears is important in maintaining the corneal and conjunctival epithelium in a moist state, in providing nutrients for epithelial respiration, in supplying bacteriostatic agents and in cleaning the ocular surface by the flushing action of tear movement.

Abnormalities of the tear film include an absolute or partial deficiency in aqueous tear production, called keratoconjunctivitis sicca or KCS.

30 In relatively mild cases, the main symptom of KCS is a foreign body sensation or a mild "scratchiness". This can develop into a constant, intense burning or

. *

irritative sensation which can be debilitating to the patient. More severe forms lead to the development of filamentary keratitis, a painful condition characterized by the appearance of numerous strands or filaments attached to the corneal surface. Recent evidence suggests that these filaments represent breaks in the continuity of the normal corneal epithelial cells. The shear created by lid motion pulls these filaments, causing pain. Management of this stage of KCS is very difficult.

A frequent complication of KCS is secondary infection. Several breakdowns in the eye's normal defense mechanism seem to occur, presumably attributable to a decrease in the concentration of antibacterial lysozyme in the aqueous tears of a patient suffering from KCS.

Although KCS can develop in the absence of any other overt systemic abnormality, there is a frequent association of KCS with systemic disease. KCS can occur as part of a larger systemic involvement known as Sjogren's syndrome which is characterized by dry eyes, dry mouth, and arthritis.

Histologically in KCS (as part of Sjogren's syndrome or in isolation), the initial changes seen in the lacrimal gland are those of focal lymphocytic and plasma cell infiltrates associated with degeneration of glandular tissue. These changes resemble those seen in autoimmune disease in other tissue, giving rise to the speculation that KCS has an autoimmune 30 basis.

Sjogren's syndrome is recognized as an exocrine glad dysfunction. Characteristically, the lacrimal glands show a mononuclear-cell infiltration that

ultimately leads to destruction of the glandular structure.

Conventional treatment of KCS is symptomatic. Normally, aqueous-deficient dry eye states are treated 5 by supplementation of the tears with artificial tear However, relief is limited by the substitutes. retention time of the administered artificial tear Typically, the effect of an solution in the eye. artificial tear solution administered to the eye 10 dissipates rapidly, within about thirty to forty-five minutes. The effect of such products, while soothing initially, does not last long enough. The patient is inconvenienced by the necessity of repeated administration of the artificial tear solution in the 15 eye as needed to supplement the normal tears. Moreover, such treatment merely acts to alleviate the symptoms of the dry eye state and does not cure any underlying disorders or causes of the dry eye state.

The systemic use of corticosteroids has been advocated to treat these conditions. However, the merit of systemic corticosteroids in dry eye states has not been established. In most dry eye cases the hazards of long-term use of antiinflammatory agents would seem to outweigh their potential merit. It has also been suggested to administer orally a dilute solution of pilocarpine to stimulate the autonomic nervous system to effect increased aqueous tear production. This method of treatment has not met with universal favor because of the unpleasant side effects of ingested pilocarpine.

Surgical procedures have also been suggested in the management of dry eye states. Where there has been significant conjunctival destruction, mucous membrane transplants have been advocated. It has also been suggested that parotid (saliva) duct transplantation can be useful in the management of dry eyes. However, since surgical alterations to combat dry eye conditions constitute such a drastic remedy and the benefit resulting from these alterations is questionable, these methods are usually used only as a last resort.

Cyclosporin is a metabolite isolated from the 10 culture broths of the fungal species Tolypocladium inflatum Gams. A neutral, hydrophobic cyclic peptide composed of eleven amino acid resides, cyclosporin includes a previously unknown N-methylated amino acid composed of nine carbon atoms. Wenger, Synthesis of 15 Cyclosporin and Analogues, pp. 14-25 in Cyclosporin A 1, Grune & Stratton, Inc. (New York 1983). A number of additional cyclosporins (B, C, D, E, and G) have been reported since the first cyclosporin was isolated (CsA). As described in U.S. Patent No. 4,117,118 issued September 26, 1978 to Harri et al., cyclosporin is readily soluble in most of the usual organic solvents and practically insoluble in petroleum ether and water. As distributed by Sandoz Ltd., Basel, Switzerland, under the tradename Sandimmune, 25 cyclosporin for oral administration is dissolved in olive oil for further dilution with food and in polyoxyethylated castor oil and ethanol for intravenous injection.

Cyclosporin A was first proposed for use as an antifungal agent, but its immunosuppressive effects were found to be more marked than its antifungal potential. A potent immunosuppressive agent, cyclosporin is used to prolong survival of allogeneic

transplants involving skin, heart, kidney, pancreas, bone marrow, small intestine and lung. The exact mechanism of action is not known but experimental evidence suggests that the effectiveness of cyclosporin is due to specific and reversible inhibition of immunocompetent cells, primarily Thelper cells. Lymphokine production, gamma interferon production and release of interleukin-2 or T-cell growth factor are also inhibited by cyclosporin.

Cyclosporin's immunosuppressive properties have led to its use in immune system related diseases. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,649,047 describes a method for the treatment of phacoanaphylactic endophthalmitis and uveitis in the anterior or posterior segment of an eye wherein cyclosporin is topically administered to the eye. In other ophthalmic applications, cyclosporin has been used topically only for the treatment of external (e.g., corneal) eye diseases.

BenEzra et al., <u>Amer. J. Ophthalmol.</u> 101: 278-282 (1986), describe the effect of 2% cyclosporin eyedrops on severe vernal keratoconjunctivitis. Severe vernal keratoconjunctivitis is a seasonal allergic disorder unrelated to tear deficiency.

25 Hunter et al., <u>Clin. Exp. Immunol.</u> 45: 173-177 (1981) describe the topical administration of cyclosporin in a rabbit model of corneal graft rejection with positive results.

Boisjoly et al., <u>Arch. Ophthalmol.</u> 102: 1804-30 1807 (1984), have reported that topical application of cyclosporin had a beneficial prophylactic effect towards the treatment of severe herpetic stromal keratitis.

Mosteller et al., <u>Investigative Ophthalmol.</u>
Supp. 25, 3: 38 (1984), disclose treating corneal allograft rejection in rabbits by applying a single dose of a 10% Cyclosporin A cintment in the lower cul5 de-sac of the eyelids.

Cyclosporin has also been used systemically in other ophthalmic applications, where the disease being treated is not limited to the eye surface. For example, Nussenblatt et al., Amer.J.Ophthalmol.96: 275-282 (1983), have reported clinical improvement in some patients with noninfectious posterior uveitis following systemic treatment with cyclosporin.

Cyclosporin is primarily administered orally or by injection. Unfortunately, cyclosporin used 15 systemically has been associated with a high incidence of renal toxicity (kidney failure), some cases of hepatotoxicity, increased incidence of lymphoid tumors and increased incidence of opportunistic infections. Cyclosporin is only slightly less toxic than other 20 immunosuppressive agents such as cytoxan or aziothioprine. The systemic side effects of cyclosporin are so severe and so common that they limit its use to life-threatening or in some cases severe sight-threatening disease. Finally, systemic application of cyclosporin is limited by prohibitive cost.

As described in U.S. Patent No. 4,649,047 issued March 10, 1987 to Kaswan, topical administration of cyclosporin is useful in the treatment of a variety of immune mediated disorders of the eye, including uveitis and phacoanaphylactic endophthalmitis. This is also the preferred mode of administration to avoid

the undesirable side effects and cost of systemic administration.

To date, there has been no suggestion to treat a glandular dysfunction, a lacrimal gland dysfunction or an aqueous-deficient dry eye state with a cyclosporin, either topically or systemically.

Although cyclosporin has been topically administered in a variety of vehicles including arachis oil, a commercially available ointment base, 10 and castor oil, the conventional carrier is olive oil. Unfortunately, topical administration of cyclosporin in clive cil to the eye of either humans or dogs is frequently accompanied by a burning sensation, pain, and redness. In some cases, other side effects have 15 been observed including lid edema and periocular alopecia (hair loss around the eye). problems have occurred with topical ophthalmic use of cyclosporin in the other vehicles. Studies have now demonstrated that these unpleasant side effects are due to the carrier, not to the cyclosporin. Unfortunately, cyclosporin is of very limited solubility and the number of acceptable carriers for ophthalmic use is limited.

It is therefore an object of this invention to 25 provide a method of increasing tear production for a normal or tear-deficient eye, regardless of cause.

It is another object of this invention to provide a cyclosporin-based treatment of lacrimal gland dysfunction without the accompanying adverse physiological responses and economic difficulties associated with systemic cyclosporin treatments.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a composition containing an effective

concentration of cyclosporin for topical ophthalmic use which does not cause burning, redness or irritation.

It is a still further object of the present invention to provide a composition for topical ophthalmic use which is stable upon storage.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a composition for topical ophthalmic use which promotes normal healing of the 10 epithelial surface of the eye.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a method of treating a dry eye state in a patient by administering a cyclosporin topically to the patient's eye. The treatment is useful regardless of the cause of the dry eye, and includes treatment of autoimmune dysfunction of the lacrimal glands. The treatment is also useful in the enhancement or restoration of normal tear production, and normal healing of the surface of the eye.

The preferred composition for topical administration to the eye consists of cyclosporin dissolved in corn oil. The composition may further include antioxidants, lubricants, antibiotics, antifungals, antivirals, pilocarpine, vasoconstrictors, surfactants, wetting agents, anti-inflammatory agents (i.e. corticosteroids), preservatives, mucolytic agents (i.e. bromhexine, acetylcysteine), as well as other compounds.

30 The most preferred composition is 2%

cyclosporin, 1 mole % alpha tocopherol and 0.005% methyl paraben in corn oil.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 2 is a comparison of the appearance of the eye of a dog suffering from keratoconjunctivitis sicca before (Figure 2A) and after (Figure 2B) treatment for four weeks with 2% cyclosporin.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method of treating tear-deficient dry eyes due to autoimmune disease or of unknown etiology which includes the step of administering a cyclosporin topically to the patient's eye. The invention includes a corn oil based cyclosporin composition which provides greatly enhanced benefits when applied topically to the eye over previous cyclosporin compositions.

Despite the apparent similarities in chemical structure, studies demonstrate the significant differences in comfort and incidence of side effects between cyclosporin in previously described carriers such as olive oil and cyclosporin in corn oil, both with and without preservative and antioxidant. These studies also establish that topically applied cyclosporin can be used to promote or effect normal healing and prevent or reverse scar formation on the ocular surface.

In accordance with the present invention, the cyclosporin may be used in any efficacious concentration, e.g., 0.01 to saturation (e.g., up to 50 weight percent of a cyclosporin) in a 15 pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. Concentrations of 1.1 to 20 weight percent of a cyclosporin are preferred. Although the preferred vehicle is corn oil, as described below, other pharmaceutically acceptable excipients are, for example, animal oil, 20 vegetable oil, appropriate organic or aqueous solvents, artificial tear solutions in which the cyclosporin is soluble, and natural or synthetic polymers or appropriate membranes.

Examples of these pharmaceutically acceptable

25 excipients are clive oil, arachis oil, castor oil,
mineral oil, petroleum jelly, dimethyl sulfoxide,
chremophor, Miglyol 182 (commercially available from
Dynamit Nobel Kay-Fries Chemical Company, Mont Vale,
New Jersey), alcohol (e.g., ethanol, n-propyl alcohol

30 or iso-propyl alcohol), liposomes or liposome-like
products, silicone fluids and mixtures thereof.

Examples of artificial tear excipients which can be advantageously used in the practice of this

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invention are isotonic sodium chloride, cellulose ethers such as hydroxypropylmethylcellulose hydroxyethylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol and other commercially available artificial tear solutions. 5 example of a useful polymeric excipient polyoxyethylated castor oil. Examples pharmaceutically acceptable membranes which can advantageously be used in the practice of this microdone, an artificial lipid invention are: membrane, polyvinylalcohol, or methylcellulose.

Cyclosporins which are useful in the practice of the present invention include both natural or synthetic cyclosporins. Cyclosporin A is preferred in the practice of the present invention. Other forms of cyclosporins (e.g., analogs and isomers such as Cyclosporins B, C, D, E, and H) may also be used. Mixtures of different cyclosporins may be used.

In the preferred method of treating a specific antigen mediated immune response in a patient having 20 more than one involved site of the immune mediated response, the cyclosporin is applied locally to each For example, where only one eye involved site. appears to suffer from immune mediated KCS, both eyes should be treated. Surprisingly, unless each involved site is treated with cyclosporin, no appreciable benefit is obtained from cyclosporin treatment at any one of the sites, i.e., if only the affected eye is treated, little benefit of the cyclosporin is This suggests that locally administered 30 cyclosporin interferes with and blocks the afferent immune recognition of the specific antigen which triggers the immune mediated response. Unless each of the sites wherein the specific antigen occurs is

treated with the cyclosporin, T-cell antigen signaling occurs continuously in the untreated site causing local lymphokine production that triggers a cascading systemic immune response that adversely affects both the treated and untreated sites.

In other words, local administration of cyclosporin acts to inhibit the continuous afferent immune response, for example within an eye, when antigens placed in the eye are associated with intraocular MHC antigen bearing accessory cells and are presented to T-cells. However, if an untreated eye or a distal skin graft is used to initiate antigen recognition, an afferent immune response begins at the site distal to the treatment site, T-cells are activated, lymphokines produced, and the systemic immune response affecting both eyes.

Thus, in any experiment in which an intrasubject control eye is used, local therapy in one eye will 20 have diminished effect unless it is given in such quantity as to produce systemic immuno-suppression. Moreover, when treating an immune mediated response which exists to a much greater degree at one site of a patient, such as in or near one eye of the patient, 25 than at another site of the patient, such as in the other eye of the patient, so as to be apparent at only the one site, the cyclosporin is advantageously administered locally in a therapeutically effective amount to each of the sites. An immune mediated 30 response which appears to exist in only one eye of a patient is advantageously treated by administering a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclosporin locally to both eyes of the patient to achieve maximal benefit.

If administered locally to each of the sites of the patient affected by the immune mediated response, 5 cyclosporin can be used advantageously to treat a variety of immune mediated disorders. Ocular diseases which are successfully treated in animal models by local administration of cyclosporin to each site of the patient effected by the immune mediated response 10 include immune-mediated melting ulcers in cats and dogs, chronic neovascularization and proliferative keratitis in cats and dogs, stromal keratitis subsequent to ulcerative Herpes keratitis in cats, pigmentary keratitis in dogs and KCS in dogs.

Numerous advantages accrue with the practice of 15 the present invention. The method of the present invention is useful in that it can locally prevent activation of a pre-systemic response. administration of a cyclosporin into a patient's tear 20 deficient eye increases tear production in the eye. Thus, such treatment further serves to correct corneal and conjunctival disorders exacerbated by tear deficiency and KCS, such as corneal scarring, corneal ulceration. inflammation of the 25 conjunctiva, filamentary keratitis, mucopurulent discharge and vascularization of the cornea. Furthermore, cyclosporin directly decreases the immune response of granulation and neovascularization in the cornea.

30 Further objects of this invention, together with additional features contributing thereto and advantages accruing therefrom, will be apparent from the following examples of the invention.

Example 1: Effectiveness and distribution of topical cyclosporin.

Topical administration to a patient's eye has surprisingly been found to be an excellent method for providing a cyclosporin to the lacrimal glands of the patient to treat KCS. Additionally, since by its very nature topical administration does not require cyclosporin dispersion throughout the patient's system as is the case with systemic administration, the present invention provides a means for directing cyclosporin to the desired location without the accompanying high risk of adverse responses and high cost associated with systemic treatments.

Cyclosporin concentration has been determined 15 for various eye compartments and tissues surrounding the eye after bilateral topical administration of cyclosporin to the eyes of three rabbits. cyclosporin was administered in each of the rabbits' eyes in drops (approximately 17 microliters) of 2% 20 radiolabelled cyclosporin in an olive oil solution applied every 15 minutes for 6 applications, followed by a period of two hours to allow for absorption. rabbits were then euthanized and the surrounding tissue enucleated and frozen. The eyes 25 and surrounding tissue were dissected into their component parts. These were then digested in collagenase and the resulting solutions analyzed by liquid scintillation counting for cyclosporin content. The following average cyclosporin concentrations were 30 measured:

Accessory lacrimal gland: 2850 ng of cyclosporin/gram of tissue;

Periorbital fat: 800 ng/gram;

Cornea: 4700 ng/gram;

Iris: 1200 ng/gram;

Retina: 50 ng/gram;

5 Aqueous humor: 30 ng/gram;

Vitreous humor: 30 ng/gram;

Anterior sclera: 3150 ng/gram; and

Posterior sclera: 1550 ng/gram.

Example 2: Comparison of treatment of dry eye with anti-inflammatory steroid and cyclosporin.

A one year old standard female Poodle with conjunctivitis exhibited mild aqueous tear deficiency in both eyes. The dog had a Schirmer tear test value of 15 mm/minute in the right eye and 10 mm/minute in the left eye.

The Schirmer tear test is a test of aqueous tear production. The test depends upon observing the extent of wetting of a strip of filter paper placed over the lower lid of an eye for a specified time.

20 Standardized strips are commercially available. The strip is folded at a notched marking and is then placed over the edge of the lateral one-third of the eyelid. The strip is usually left in place for a period of time while the patient looks straight ahead in dim light.

The degree of wetting of the paper is measured in mm from the notch. For human patients, a normal end point is 5 mm of wetting at five minutes. For canine patients, the normal tear production is 14 to 30 20 mm of wetting at one minute.

The dog was originally treated with dexamethasone by topical administration in both eyes four times daily. Although initially somewhat effective, treatment was subsequently discontinued and the same dog at approximately six years old still exhibited conjunctivitis in both eyes and had a Schirmer tear test value of 3 mm/minute in both eyes. Topical dexamethasone was then applied to both eyes twice daily for nine weeks without benefit.

The dog was then treated by topical application of 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution in both eyes once daily without any other medications. After ten days, the dog showed markedly increased tear production and had a Schirmer tear test value of 22 mm/minute in the right eye and 8 mm/minute in the left eye.

The treatment by topical application of 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution in both eyes once daily was continued for an additional three weeks. At this time, the dog exhibited plentiful aqueous tear production and the treatment was stopped for one week. After the one week, the dog had a Schirmer tear test value of 10 mm/minute in the right eye and 9 mm/minute in the left eye.

25 At this time, the treatment by topical application of 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution in both eyes once daily was reinstituted and continued for six days. After the six days, the dog had a Schirmer tear test value of 22 mm/minute in the right 30 eye and 16 mm/minute in the left eye.

In this case, a dog with chronic tear deficiency in which prior use of corticosteroids failed to improve tear secretion showed a surprising increase in

tear production with cyclosporin treatment. The increased tear production continued only while cyclosporin therapy continued. When the treatment was stopped for a week, the eyes again became tear deficient. However, tear production increased to normal levels after the treatment was restarted.

Example 3: Treatment of dry eye and enhancement of corneal healing with topical cyclosporin treatment.

An eight year old male Lhasa Apso had a four year old cat scratch in his left eye and an active 4 mm stromal ulcer in his right eye. An ocular examination of the dog showed conjunctivitis in both eyes with mucopurulent discharge, diffuse irregular corneal surfaces, pigment formation and neovascularization in the cornea of the left eye. The Schirmer tear test values were 12 mm/minute in the right eye and 3 mm/minute in the left eye.

The dog was treated with topical administration

20 to both eyes of 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution once daily, neosporin twice daily and ophthalmic petrolatum. After five days, the Schirmer tear test values were 22 mm/minute in the right eye and 23 mm/minute in the left eye. In addition, the ulcer in the right eye was healed to 2 mm and the left eye was assessed to have decreased vascularization.

In this case, cyclosporin increased tear production significantly in a short period of time. Moreover, cyclosporin, unlike corticosteroids, did not retard corneal healing nor activate corneal collagenase. Accordingly, cyclosporin can be used in eyes having active corneal ulcers.

Example 4: Comparison of treatment of dry eye with pilocarpine alone and in combination with cyclosporin.

A six year old male English Bulldog with a long 5 history of KCS had Schirmer tear test values of 2 mm/minute in the right eye and 3 mm/minute in the left eye.

The right eye was neovascularized over the entire cornea. No intraocular detail could be visualized through the opaque cornea. The cornea was grossly thick and irregular in surface. The left eye had neovascularization over about half of the cornea, mostly axially.

The dog was treated with three drops of 2% 15 pilocarpine by mouth. After two hours, the Schirmer tear test values were 0 mm/minute in the right eye and 10 mm/minute in the left eye.

The dog was then treated with 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution administered topically to both 20 eyes once daily and three drops of 2% pilocarpine administered by mouth twice daily. After twelve days, the Schirmer tear test values were 10 mm/minute in the right eye and 15 mm/minute in the left eye.

In this case, while pilocarpine alone increased tear production in the left eye from a Schirmer tear test value of 3 mm/minute to 10 mm/minute, pilocarpine did not increase tear production in the right eye. Use of cyclosporin with pilocarpine increased tear production to a Schirmer tear test value of 15 mm/minute in the left eye and from 0 mm/minute to 10 mm/minute in the right eye. The use of cyclosporin markedly increased tear production over the use of pilocarpine alone.

Example 5: Correction of dry eye and restoration of normal vision by topical treatment with cyclosporin.

A seven year old Miniature Poodle had a history 5 of severe KCS of six to seven months duration. Treatment with artificial tears six times daily did not affect the apparent blindness.

The dog showed marked mucopurulent discharge in both eyes. The Schirmer tear test values were 0 10 mm/minute in both eyes. The dog's corneas were thickened and neovascularized with an irregular surface. No intraocular detail could be visualized through the opaque corneas.

The dog was treated with one drop of 2% pilocarpine by mouth two times daily and ophthalmic petrolatum four times daily. After two weeks, the Schirmer tear test values were still 0 mm/minute in both eyes. The corneal vascularity and scarring remained dense and the anterior chambers of the dog's eye were not visualizable.

The dog was then treated with 2% cyclosporin in an olive oil solution administered topically in both eyes once daily and two drops pilocarpine administered by mouth twice daily.

After two weeks, the Schirmer tear test values were 8 mm/minute in the right eye and 6 mm/minute in the left eye. Although corneal vascularization and scarring remained, the iris and lens could be evaluated, there was no mucoid discharge in either eye as previously and the KCS was assessed as medically improved.

After similar treatment for another two months, the Schirmer tear test values were 11 mm/minute in the

right eye and 17 mm/minute in the left eye. The dog's eyes had minimal corneal vascularization and minimal scarring.

In this case, although the dog was treated initially with pilocarpine, pilocarpine alone is not known to cause such a drastic improvement in tear production. After treatment with cyclosporin, the dog improved from no tear flow in either eye to normal tear production in both eyes. The dog improved from blinding corneal inflammation to very mild corneal pigmentation in both eyes. Treatment with cyclosporin markedly increased tear production and allowed the dog to return to normal vision.

Example 6: Stimulation of tearing in normal dogs.

15 Studies were conducted on the effect of applying topical 2% cyclosporin in olive oil to the eyes of normal dogs. The results are shown in Figure 1 comparing the effect of topical cyclosporin on lacrimination in six normal male beagle dogs, before 20 and after several days of clive oil therapy alone. both studies, no treatment was given on days 1 to 3 to establish a baseline. On days 4-10, as graphed by the triangles, one drop of olive oil was administered twice daily (BID) to each eye. On days 11-13, one 25 drop of 2% cyclosporin in olive oil was administered twice daily. A significant increase in tearing was observed. On days 4-10, as graphed by the squares, one drop of 2% cyclosporin in olive oil administered twice daily. On days 11-13, one drop of 30 olive oil was applied to each eye twice daily. significant increase in tearing observed over days 4-10 persisted through days 11-13 in the absence of cyclosporin treatment.

The data conclusively demonstrate that topically applied cyclosporin increases glandular function, i.e., lacrimination, in normal eyes.

Since cyclosporin has very low solubility in 5 most solutions which can be administered to the eye, the cyclosporin in the majority of studies on the efficacy of topical administration of cyclosporin has been suspended in olive oil. Unfortunately, controlled studies comparing olive oil alone and in 10 combination with cyclosporin demonstrate that the vehicle, the olive oil, produces redness and burning. In animals, pain is evidenced by the animal holding its eyes shut. In approximately 5 to approximately 1000 months of treatment (based on 15 number of bottles of 2% cyclosporin dispensed for veterinary use where one bottle is sufficient for treatment of an animal twice daily for about one month), other side effects were observed, including lid edema, corneal surface irregularities, and 20 periocular alopecia.

The present invention includes the surprising discovery that corn oil can be substituted for olive oil as the vehicle for topical administration of cyclosporin to the eye to avoid the undesirable side effects due to the use of the olive oil. Over 3000 bottles of 2% cyclosporin have now been dispensed for treatment of animals twice daily without any apparent side effects for periods of time up to four months.

Additives to the corn oil which enhance 30 stability of the cyclosporin solution include antioxidants such as alpha tocopherol and preservatives such as methyl paraben. Other antioxidants are known to those skilled in the art.

There are some indications that alpha tocopherol (Vitamin E) may also have beneficial effects on the eye since oxidative radicals increase inflammatory damage. Preliminary clinical observations on the 5 protective action of oral administration of vitamins A E on the corneal epithelium were recently published by Gerhardinger, et al., in Acta Vitaminol. Enzymol. 7(Supp),71-74 (1985). Other compounds which may be added to the cyclosporin solution include 10 emollients, viscosity modifying agents, antioxidants, preservatives, antibiotics, antifungals, antivirals, lubricants, surfactants, vasoconstrictors, parasympathomimetics, cholinergics, neurotransmitters, lacrimogenic agents, substance P agonists, substance P 15 antagonists, mucolytics, prostaglandin antagonists, lipogenase inhibitors, cyclooxygenase inhibitors, antiinflammatories, oxygen scavengers, hydrating agents, and epitheliotropic agents. examples, in addition to alpha tocopherol and methyl 20 paraben, include vitamin A, retinoic acid, pilocarpine, hyaluronic acid, polyvinyl alcohol, methylcellulose, eledoisin, physalaemin, bromhexine, mucosolvan, acetylcysteine, indomethacin. corticosteroids.

The most preferred formulation at this time for topical ophthalmic use consists of 2% cyclosporin, 1 mole % alpha tocopherol and 0.005% methyl paraben. However, cyclosporin solutions can be prepared of between approximately 0.01% by weight and saturation, approximately 20% by weight. Unless otherwise specified, all percentages of compounds herein are by weight.

Although the usual means of administration of the compound is by administration of cyclosporin drops to the surface of the eye, delayed or prolonged release of the cyclosporin at a selected site can also achieved by encapsulating the cyclosporin-oil mixture within a polymeric implant, liposomes, or microcapsules. Methods for making polymeric implants for ocular use are taught by U.S. Patent No. 3,960,150 Hussain et al. Both non-degradable 10 biodegradable polymers can be used, including polyethylene, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyanhydrides, polyorthoester, polylactic acid, and polyglycolic acid. Methods for encapsulating liposomes are materials within taught 15 PCT/US85/00220 publication WO 85/03640 29 August 1985 by the Liposome Company. Methods for encapsulation of biological material within microcapsules implantation are taught by U.S. Patent No. 4,352,883 to Lim. Other suitable methods and materials are 20 known to those skilled in the art.

The following non-limiting examples demonstrate the efficacy and advantages of topical cyclosporin in corn oil for treatment of immune disorders, enhancement or restoration of tear production, and enhancement or effecting of normal healing of the surface of the eye.

Example 6: Stimulation of tearing in normal dogs.

Studies were conducted on the effect of applying topical 2% cyclosporin in olive oil to the eyes of normal dogs. The results are shown in Figure 1 comparing the effect of topical cyclosporin on lacrimination in six normal male beagle dogs, before and after several days of clive oil therapy alone. In

both studies, no treatment was given on days 1 to 3 to establish a baseline. On days 4-10, as graphed by the triangles, one drop of clive oil was administered twice daily (BID) to each eye. On days 11-13, one drop of 2* cyclosporin in clive oil was administered twice daily. A significant increase in tearing was observed. On days 4-10, as graphed by the squares, one drop of 2* cyclosporin in clive oil was administered twice daily. On days 11-13, one drop of clive oil was applied to each eye twice daily. The significant increase in tearing observed over days 4-10 persisted through days 11-13 in the absence of cyclosporin treatment.

The data conclusively demonstrate that topically applied cyclosporin increases glandular function, i.e., lacrimination, in normal eyes.

Example 7: Topically applied cyclosporin:

Lacrimomimetic effects and reduction of
corneal scars in dogs with KCS.

Twenty five cases (22 bilateral, 2 unilateral cases) of spontaneous KCS were treated with a solution of 2% cyclosporin (CsA) in clive oil, 1 gtt QD - BID, OU, and evaluated for changes in tear production as determined by Schirmer tear test (STT) and for changes in the surface of the globe.

The effects of cyclosporin were twofold: cyclosporin increased tear production in 84% of idiopathic cases of canine KCS and cyclosporin caused marked regression of corneal pathology including superficial granulation tissue, neovascularization and pigmentation, without retarding healing of corneal ulcers. Case histories are summarized in Table 1.

The diagnosis of KCS preceded CsA use by 0-60 months, with an average of 1.1 yr. Prior treatment included artificial tears in 16/25 dogs, oral or topical pilocarpine in 11/25 dogs, oral or topical corticosteroids in 11/25 dogs, topical antibiotics in 9/25 dogs, or no prior treatment in 5/25 dogs.

Contrary to expectation, the longevity of KCS did not correlate inversely with response to therapy. The average STT before administration of cyclosporin 10 was 2.54 mm/min right eye and 2.46 mm/min left eye. During the period in which cyclosporin eyedrops were administered, the mean STT value was 11.38 mm/min right eye and 11.50 mm/min left eye. The average increase in STT was 8.84 mm/min right eye (t = 7.5 Student's T -test for related measures, p<0.0005), and 9.04 mm/min left eye (t = 6.7, p<0.0005). were initially diagnosed as having severe KCS (STT 0-4 mm/min). Following treatment, STT values increased by greater than 5 mm/min in 84% of severely affected 20 eyes. Dogs were noted to have increased STT beginning 3 to 56 days after onset of cyclosporin therapy. the six eyes (6/38, 16%) determined to nonresponsive, five were evaluated for only a short Because STT value in period (7 to 35 days). 25 responsive eyes increased with increased frequency and duration of treatment (see Table I, cases 21 and 22), the 84% success rate may be an underestimate.

In six dogs whose STT values increased in response to cyclosporin, treatment was discontinued 30 and the STT values regressed. When cyclosporin was reinstituted, the STT increased back to maximal levels in six hours in one case, and in 1-7 days in the other four cases. In two dogs receiving cyclosporin on

alternate days, the STT values decreased on nontreatment days. Even with sporadic interruptions in administration of cyclosporin treatment, no dog has lost responsiveness to cyclosporin. Many of the cyclosporin responsive dogs previously had been unresponsive to corticosteroids administered topically, subconjunctivally, and parenterally.

In dogs with superficial corneal granulation tissue, continuous use of cyclosporin resulted in a progressive decrease in the abnormal thickness and opacity of the cornea. Even in dogs that did not have an increase in tear secretion, alleviation of the corneal disease was generally marked. Most dogs with dense blinding pigmentation and superficial granulation had marked clearing of the corneas after several months of treatment. Three dogs had corneal ulcers at the onset of treatment with cyclosporin; each healed within 48 hours of onset of treatment. Dogs maintained for prolonged periods (8-12 months) relapsed into KCS within 2-3 days of withdrawal of cyclosporin.

TABLE 1. Previous ocular therapy, and Schirmer tear test (STT) values before and while using, cyclosporin eyedrops in 25 cases of canine keratoconjunctivitis sicca.

		STT Va	lues
Case #, Breed, Sex, Age +/-Keratitis	Treatment Interval/	Before CsA	With CsA
(response to CsA)	Frequency	OD/OS	00/0S
1. Standard Poodle, F,7 yr no keratitis	6 wk/QD	3/3	22/16
 Cocker Spaniel, F yr, Pigmentary Keratitis (marked improvement) 	5 mo/BID	0/0	10/13
3. Min. Schnauzer, F/S, 11 yr, Pigmentary keratitis (Marked improvement)	5 wk/QD	2/0	8/1
4. Eng. Bulldog, M, 7yr, Chronic keratitis, visual deficits (Resolved)	7 wk/BID	2/3	13/20
5. Samoyed, F/S, 14 yr, mild keratitis (Resolved)	1 mo/BID	2/11	18/17
6. Shih-tzu, M, 10 yr Pigmentary keratitis, visual deficits (Marked improvement)	13 wk/QD	4/10	13/14
7. Min. Poodle, M, 7 yr, blind dt corneal scarring (Resolved completely)	16 wk/BID	0/0	11/17
8. Mixed breed, F/S, 5 yrs diffuse fluorescein uptake (No staining)	8 mo/BID	0/0	19/17
9. W H W Terrier, F/S 5 yr, Pigmentary keratitis/blind (Improved visual)	4 wks/QD	0/0	13/0
10. Shih tzu M 4 yr, Chronic keratitis OD (Much improved)	26 wk/QD	15/1	15/6

Table 1 continued (page 2)

11. Poodle x, F, 6 yr, Mild superficial keratitis (Improved)	22 wk/QD	0/0	12/18
12. Shih tzu, F, 3 yr, Pigmentary keratitis (Marked Improvement)	17 wk/QD	0/0	3/10
13. Dachshund F, 10 yr, Minimal superficial keratitis (Resolved)	15 wk/BID	5/0	10/2
14. Scottish Terrier, M, 12 yr, Pigmentary keratitis (50% resolution)	9 wk/QD	6/8	12/18
15. Lhasa Apso M/C, 10 yr Pigmentary keratitis (50% resolution)	8 wk/QD	13/1	18/19
16. Lhasa Apso M, 9 yr, Pigmentary keratitis (Slight Improvement)	5 wk/QD	8/16	19/22
17. Min. Schnauzer, M, 11 yr Pigmentary keratitis/ blind (Slight improvement)	9 wk/BID	0/4	5/10
18. Min. Poodle F, 7 yr Marked keratitis (Marked improvement)	5 wk/QD	0/0	2/1
19. Cocker Spaniel, F, yr 1.5 yr, no keratitis	5 wk/QD	7/5	15/10
20. Boston terrier, F/S, 7 yr, no keratitis	6 wk/QD	4/4	14/19
21. Dachshund, M, 3 yr, Mild superficial keratitis (Nearly resolved)	4 wk/BID	1/5	3/17

Table 1 continued (page 3)

22. Peke/Pomeranian X, F/S 5 yr, Pigmentary keratitis 100% (50% improved)	12 wk/BID	0/0	20/18
23. Min. Poodle, M, 9 mo. Chronic keratitis (Marked improvement)	4 wk/QD	4/4	13/13
24. Toy Poodle, F/S, 15 yr Chronic keratitis, visual loss (Marked improvement)	7 wk/BID	3/0	16/0
25. Peke/Pomeranian, F/S, 6 yr, Pigmentary keratitis, blind (Marked improvement/ visual)	11 wk/BID	0/0	8/8

Abbreviations: F (female), M (male), C (castrated), S (spayed), CsA (2% cyclosporin), QD (once daily), BID (twice daily)

Corneal lesions and changes in the corneal lesions were bilateral unless otherwise indicated.

Example 8: Stimulation of tearing in humans suffering from Sjogren's syndrome.

Sjogren's syndrome is characterized by chronic infiltration of the exocrine glands, principally the 5 lacrimal and salivary glands, by mononuclear leukocytes. The process causes the progressive destruction of the glandular tissue and characterized by the development keratoconjunctivitis sicca (KCS), or "dry eye". 10 Neither topical nor parenteral treatment using steroids has been completely effective in decreasing irritation of the corneal surface nor in preventing corneal ulcer formation. In fact, topical parenteral corticosteroids do not enhance lacrimation 15 and can retard healing of corneal ulcers and are therefore considered to be contraindicated by many ophthalmologists.

A human patient with primary Sjogren's syndrome (dry eye with dry mouth) was treated with topical 2% cyclosporin in corn oil. The patient had been treated for years with conventional therapy, artificial tears Q 15 mins. For the past several months his STT were 2-3 mm/5min/eye. (In humans the STT is measured for 5 minutes, unlike the dog where it is measured for only 1 min. However, the expected normal values are the same, i.e., normal is 14 mm, values under 5 mm are indicative of a severe case of dry eye).

Following 9 days of twice daily therapy of both eyes, his STT was 20 and 23 mm/5 min/eye, a 30 significant increase over the pretreatment values. Prior to treatment, the corneas had stained diffusely in both eyes with fluorescein dye, an indication of corneal ulcers. After 9 days of therapy, one eye had

no staining and one eye only stained over 1/3 of the surface.

Three women with severe chronic secondary Sjogren's syndrome were treated for 1 week with BID 2% 5 cyclosporin in corn oil containing 1 mole% alpha tocopherol and 0.005%methyl paraben. All three had abnormal corneas. The first had a nonhealing corneal ulcer which penetrated the full thickness of the surface epithelium covering the cornea. This ulcer 10 healed within two days of onset of therapy. second had a "contact lens cornea", an indentation at the circumference of the cornea which gives it the appearance of an eye wearing a contact lens, when no lens is present, which is analogous to a scar. 15 indentation showed evidence of filling in within 7 days of therapy. The third had corneal lesions which also showed improvement within one week. All had increases in the STT.

The results conclusively demonstrate the effectiveness of topically administered cyclosporin in alleviating the symptoms of KCS, promoting normal healing and actually reducing scar tissue on the surface of the eye.

Example 9: Promotion of normal healing of the eye surface without restoration of normal tearing in a dog.

An 11-year old spayed Miniature Schnauzer had been determined to have KCS 8 months before admission. Analysis of a specimen obtained by conjunctival scraping at that time revealed distemper virus. The dog had been treated with 2% pilocarpine, (1 gtt PO q 12 h) which initially caused an increase in the STT to 8 mm/min bilaterally but later lost efficacy, as

the STT decreased to 0 mm/min bilaterally. Treatment had been dexamethasone ointment Q 12 h bilaterally, artificial tears approximately 6 times daily, and petrolatum ointment at bedtime. admission, On 5 ophthalmic observation showed the STT to be 2 mm/min eye, 0 mm/min left eye, with mucoid conjunctivitis bilaterally, dorsal corneal pigmentation of approximately 40-50% of the corneal surface, and superficial neovascularization extending 10 approximately 6 mm into the dorsal half of the cornea bilaterally (Fig. 2B). The corneal surfaces were modeled irregularly but translucent, and there were no apparent visual deficits. Complete blood count and serum thyroxin were normal and the only abnormality 15 detected on serum profile was an elevated serum alkaline phosphatase (667 mg/dl)...

Cyclosporin (2% 1 gtt QD, bilaterally) was prescribed, with artificial tears to be administered as needed. In 4 weeks, the STT had increased to 8 mm/min in the right eye but was still 0-1 mm/min in the left eye. The conjunctivitis had improved, but was still evident in the left eye. However, there was marked improvement of the corneal surface bilaterally (Fig. 2B).

A parotid duct transposition was performed at this time and the lacrimal gland of each third eyelid biopsied. Microscopically both glands were similar, with diffuse often intense periductal and interstitial infiltration of plasma cells and lymphocytes, and fibrosis of the acini and tubules. Focal areas of normal acinar tissue were seen in each gland, and some areas contained dilated tubules lined with flattened epithelium. The results in the preceding examples

establish that topically applied cyclosporin can be used to resolve corneal ulcers even in the absence of restoration of tearing. As dramatically shown by Figure 2A and 2B, the eye surface becomes clearer, 5 smoother, and vision is improved.

Example 10: Comparison of olive oil and corn oil vehicles for cyclosporin for topical ophthalmic use.

Among the animals treated with cyclosporin in olive oil, within four days of beginning treatment, four dogs and one cat had ocular irritation reactions including: hyperemia of the bulbar conjunctiva, corneal surface irregularities with apparent corneal edema, and blepharospasms indicative of ocular pain.

In each case therapy was withdrawn and these symptoms resolved. Therapy with cyclosporin in corn oil was begun in three of the dogs following resolution of the ocular irritation reactions. All three dogs tolerated the corn oil/cyclosporin mixture well.

In the fourth dog, cyclosporin in clive oil was used less frequently than the BID prescription because the owner thought the drug irritated the eyes, but kept using it on an infrequent basis. Following two to three weeks of use, bilateral periocular alopecia occurred and the lids were intensely hyperemic. The cyclosporin in clive oil was discontinued for several weeks. Cyclosporin in corn oil was begun BID bilaterally. The lesions of chronic corneal vascularization and superficial keratitis resolved markedly, the STT increased, and there was no recurrence or irritation or alopecia.

Olive oil and corn oil were also compared in normal, human eyes. The olive oil produced a burning sensation lasting 15 to 60 minutes. The corn oil produced a milder sensation lasting only 1 to 2 minutes.

No side effects have been noted in the any of the 3000 bottles of 2% cyclosporin in corn oil dispensed for animal use, in comparison with the 5 to 10% incidence of side effects in 1000 bottles of 2% cyclosporin in olive oil dispensed for animal use. The substantial difference in tolerance of the two oils is surprising since the chemical nature of olive oil and corn oil is very similar. Tests of the levels of free fatty acids and pH do not indicate any significant differences which could account for the decreased tolerance for olive oil. Substitution of purified olive oil, Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO, or first press olive oil, for the Berio brand olive oil, obtained from the grocery store, which was used initially, does not eliminate the irritation.

Modifications and variations of the present invention, an improved cyclosporin composition for topical ophthalmic use, will be obvious to those skilled in the art from the foregoing detailed description of the invention. Such modifications and variations are intended to come within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS:

- A method of enhancing or restoring lacrimal gland function comprising topically administering a cyclosperin.
- 2. The method of claim 1 for increasing tear production in a tear-deficient eye comprising topically administering a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclosporin to the eye.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein said cyclosporih is administered as a solution, suspension or cintment comprising between approximately 0.01 to 50 weight percent of cyclosporin in a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein said cyclosporin is administered in an amount of 0.1 to 20 weight percent.
- 5. The method of claim 3 wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipient comprises corn oil, olive oil, arachis oil, castor oil, polyoxyethylated castor oil, mineral oil, petroleum jelly, dimethyl sulfoxide, an alcohol, liposome, silicone fluid or a mixture thereof.
- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein said cyclosporin is Cyclosporin A.

- 7. The method of claim 1 for increasing tear production in an eye of a patient suffering from an autoimmune dysfunction of the lacrimal glands comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclosporin topically to the patient's eye.
- 8. The method of claim 1 for treating keratoconjunctivitis sicca in a patient comprising the step of administering a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclosporin topically to both of the patient's eyes.
- 9. The method of claim 1 for treating a disorder caused by excessive immune activity in a lacrimal gland of a patient comprising the step of topically administering to both of the patient's eyes an amount of a cyclosporin sufficient to reduce the immune activity.
- 10. The method of claim 1 for treating a disorder exacerbated by kerato-conjunctivitis sicca in a patient comprising administering to the patient's eye a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclosporin to promote corneal healing.
 - 11. A topical ophthalmic composition comprising cyclosporin in a corn oil base.
- 12. The composition of claim 11 wherein the concentration of cyclosporin is between about 0.01% and saturation.

- 13. The composition of claim 11 further comprising a compound selected from the group consisting of emollients, viscosity modifying agents, antioxidants, preservatives, antibiotics, antifungals, antivirals, lubricants, surfactants, vasoconstrictors, DMSO, parasympathomimetics, cholinergics, neurotransmitters, lacrimogenic agents, substance P agonists, substance P antagonists, mucolytics, prostaglandin antagonists, lipogenase inhibitors, cyclooxygenase inhibitors, antiinflammatories, oxygen scavengers, hydrating agents, and epitheliotropic agents.
- 14. The composition of claim 13 wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of vitamin A, vitamin E, retinoic acid, pilocarpine, hyaluronic acid, polyvinyl alcohol, methylcellulose, methyl paraben, eledoisin, physalaemin, bromhexine, mucosolvan, acetylcysteine, indomethacin, and corticosteroids.
- 15. The composition of claim 11 comprising 2% cyclosporin in corn oil.
- 16. The composition of claim 15 further comprising a compound selected from the group consisting of alpha tocopherol and methyl paraben.
- 17. The composition of claim 11 wherein said composition is encapsulated.

- 18. The composition of claim 17 wherein said composition is encapsulated within a polymeric matrix.
- 19. The composition of claim 18 wherein said composition is encapsulated within a polymeric matrix formed of a polymer selected from the group consisting of polyethylene, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyanhydrides, polyorthoester, polylactic acid, and polyglycolic acid.
- 20. The composition of claim 17 wherein said composition is encapsulated within liposomes.
- 21. The composition of claim 17 wherein said composition is microencapsulated.
- 22. The composition of claim 11 wherein said cyclosporin is in a concentration which promotes normal wound healing.
- 23. The composition of claim 23 wherein said cyclosporin is in a concentration which stimulates or restores lacrimal gland activity.
- 24. The composition of claim 11 wherein said cyclosporin is in a concentration which suppresses an immune disorder.

1/2

FIG.1 Topical Cyclosporine 2%: Effects on Lacrimation 2 O 00 Days ω -A Olive oil / CSA S N 25 56 24 23 22 ~ 20 00 (nim/mm) TT2

2/2 FIG.2A

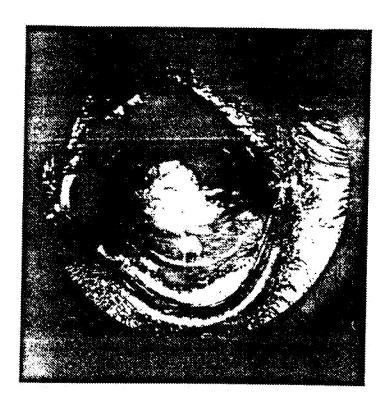
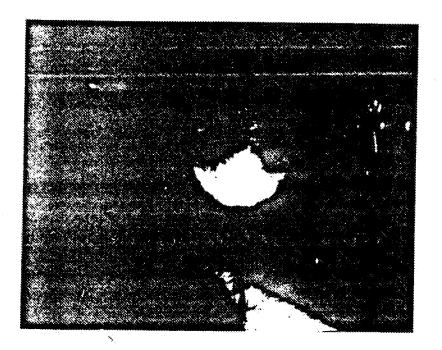


FIG.2B



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US88/03039

	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several clas		
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Category *	Citation of Document, 11 with Indication, where as	propriate, of the relevant passages 14	Relevant to Claim No. 13
¥	US, A. 4 649 047 (R KASWAN) 1 see claims 5-11, column 3		11,12,15,24
Ÿ	Dialog Information Services, File 351: WPI 81-88, 51 accession no 4331684 (WPI accession no. 86-335072), H. Mizushima: "Eyedrops composed of lipid microspheres contg. remedies for eye troubles", & JP, A, 61249918, published 7 November 1986		11,15,17,20,
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Y	KLIN MBt AUGENHEILK., Vol. 187 F. Hoffman et al.: "Lokele Hornhauttransplantates bei Cyclosporin A", pages 92-9 see page 95	Behandlung des m Menschen mit	11,12,14,15, 22,24
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IN. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET) Category* Cristics of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to Claim No.			
	<u> </u>		Transfer of Manie (48)
¥	US,	A, 4 388 307 (T CAVANAK) 14 June 1984 see column 5, claims 9 and 15	11,12,24
Ÿ	wo,	A, 85/03640 (THE LIPOSOME COMPANY, INC) 29 August 1985 see page 14, line 32, claims 49 and 76	11,17,21
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Y	DE,	A, 3 526 545 (SANDOZ-PATENT-GMBH) 13 February 1986 see pages 4-5	11,22-24
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FURTHER INFORMATION	ON CONTINUED FROM THE BECOND SHEET	

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	WHERE CERTAIN CLAIMS WERE FOUND UNSEARCHABLE	
	eport has not been sateblished in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2) (
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ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.

PCT/US88/03039 SA 24168

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents eited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EIIF file on \$12/11/88.

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 25 March 1993 (30) Priority data: 101387 26 March 1992 (26.03.92 Not furnished 23 March 1993 (23.03.93) (71) Applicant: PHARMOS CORP. [US/US]; 599 I Avenue, New York, NY 10022 (US). (72) Inventors: FRIEDMAN, Doron; 33 Alon Street Karmei-Yosef (IL). SCHWARTZ, Joseph; 40 Street, Rehovot (IL). AVIV, Haim; 9 Habro- Rehovot (IL). (74) Agents: WEILD, David, III et al.; Penny & I 11.55 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N (US).	(25.03.) Lexingt st, 72 S Benjan sh Stre	KR, KZ, LK, MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU SD, SK, UA, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE) OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt a amendments.

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to a delivery system which includes a bioactive drug or cosmetic substance presented in the form of submicron oil spheres alone, or drugs or cosmetic substances in a combination with the oil spheres in an aqueous suspension or emulsion. Optionally, a skin penetration enhancer may be included in such formulations. Such preparations achieve improved bioavailability and exert larger pharmacological effects than an equivalent dose of the drug or cosmetic formulated in conventional creams, lotions or oleaginous bases.

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TOPICAL AND TRANSDERMAL DELIVERY SYSTEM UTILIZING SUBMICRON OIL SPHERES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the field of drug delivery and, particularly, to the administration of various pharmaceutical or cosmetic agents to a patient through the skin or mucous membranes by the application of innovative, non-irritating topical compositions of these agents in the form of submicron oil spheres.

BACKGROUND OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

The delivery of drugs to the skin and systemically via the skin is hampered by the natural barrier of the stratum corneum. Creams and lotions are classical vehicles for delivering drugs and cosmetics to the skin. These preparations are semi-solid, bi-phasic preparations where oil spheres are dispersed in water. The droplet size of these spheres has not been a concern in conventional pharmaceutically marketed semi-solid creams and lotions. Most commercially marketed medical creams include oil spheres having a size of 5 to 50 microns. For example, VOLTAREN EMULGEL has a droplet size above five microns, as confirmed both microscopically and with photon correlation spectroscopy (Coulter N4MD).

Moreover, the scientific literature does not address the droplet size of the internal oily phase of topically applied emulsions. On the few occasions that refer to topical cream or lotion dosage forms, the indicated droplet size is in the range of a few to tens of microns. For example, U.S. Patent 4,529,601 relates to an eutectic mixture of lidocaine and tetracaine which allegedly produces a good local anesthetic effect that may not be achieved otherwise.

35 EP 00 63 870 claims good anti-inflammatory activity and high safety of an anti-inflammatory substance in

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combination with MCT oil and carboxy vinyl polymer. Again, droplet size is not emphasized.

EP 04 33 132 discloses the topical cosmetic application of vesicles for incorporation of essential oils. It is also possible, according to that patent application, that small droplets of various sizes of the essential oils may be formed.

The cases cited above exemplify numerous patents concerning topical uses of classical macroemulsions, in 10 which the oily droplets are generally well above one micron in diameter. There is also a vast body of prior art utilizing liposome preparations for enhanced dermal penetration of pharmaceuticals (Egbaria & Weiner, Adv. Drug Delivery Rev. 5, 287 (1990)). However, there are 15 inherent problems in formulating stable liposomes, since these structures are lipid bilayers enveloping an aqueous phase. Another type of drug carrier, distinct from both classical emulsions and liposomes are the microemulsions which are usually thermodynamically stable, transparent 20 and have particles consistently below 200 nm (Rosano, H.L., Carallo, J.L. and Lyons, G.B. Microemulsion Systems, Vol. 24, Chap. 16, H.L. Rosano and M. Clause eds. Marcel Dekker, Inc., N.Y. (1987), pp. 271). However, microemulsions contain a large proportion of surfactant to 25 lipid and therefore are inappropriate for dermal applications due to anticipated problems of irritancy.

EP 05 06 197 discloses an aqueous suspension of nanoparticles of at least one lipid and an emulsifier, wherein the nanoparticles have a size of between 50 and 1000 nm. The lipids used therein, however, are either a solid lipid or a mixture of solid lipids.

In the field of topical and transdermal medication and delivery of drugs, much effort has been invested in providing chemical enhancers of drug penetration, such as DMSO and azones. Many of these substances cause irritation and are not desirable due to their toxicity. There remains a need, therefore, for a method and vehicle

which will enable or facilitate efficient transport of poorly soluble drugs through the skin for topical or transdermal use, when provided as an aqueous dispersion of same.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a composition for topical application of pharmaceuticals or cosmetics comprising submicron size droplets of a drug with oily excipients either alone or dispersed in an aqueous medium. The droplet size is below one micron, and preferably in the range of about 0.05 to 0.5 microns. A semi-solid state is advantageous for the practical application of the dosage form on the skin when used as a cream.

- 20 Specifically, the submicron size droplets include about 0.5 to 30% of a first component comprising an oily liquid, about 0.1 to 10% of a second component of an emulsifier and about 0.05 to 5% of a non-ionic surfactant. These droplets are suspended in an aqueous component which forms the continuous phase of an emulsion. The composition provides enhanced topical and/or transdermal systemic effects compared to similar compositions which have larger size droplets. A mean droplet size in the range of between about 0.1 and 0.3 μm is preferred.
- The first component is typically present in an amount of about 5 to 20%, and includes oily liquids such as a medium chain triglyceride oil having a chain length of about 8 to 12 carbons, a vegetable oil, a mineral oil, an oil of animal source, a synthetic derivative thereof, or mixtures thereof. To form a viscous composition, the oily liquid may be present in an amount of about 20 to 30%. Alternatively, one or more adjuvants such as gelling agents or thickening agents may be included to increase the viscosity of the composition and form a cream.
- The emulsifier may be a phospholipid compound or a mixture of phospholipids, such as lecithin, phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine or mixtures

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thereof, in an amount of about 0.2 to 5%. The surfactant may be a non-ionic alkylene oxide condensate of an organic compound which contains one or more hydroxyl groups, such as an ethoxylated alcohol or ester compound, in an amount of about 0.2 to 5%.

The first component may comprise an active ingredient in any one of a number of forms. For simplicity, the active ingredient may be in the form of an essentially water-insoluble oily liquid, such that other oily liquids are either not needed or can be mixed therewith. Instead, the active ingredient can be present as a solid, essentially water-insoluble or slightly water-soluble substance which is partially or fully dissolved or dispersed in one of the oily liquids mentioned above. For such mixtures or dispersions, the active ingredient may be present in an amount of 0.05 to 2.5%.

The active ingredient may be one or more of the following: a steroid, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, antibiotic, tranquilizer, sedative, anti-histaminic, antifungal, antibacterial, antiviral, disinfectant, antipsoriasis agent or a local anesthetic. Specifically, the active ingredient is clotrimazole, bifonazole, tetracycline, miconazole, triamcinolone, amphotericin B, gentamicin, hydrocortisone, iodoxuridine, diphenhydramine, minoxidil, lidocaine, tetracaine and clindamycin.

The composition may also include a dispersion enhancer in an amount sufficient to promote the homogeneity of the composition, or a viscosity enhancing agent in an amount sufficient to impart a semi-solid form to the composition. A preferred viscosity enhancing agent is a physiologically acceptable high molecular weight compound. In addition, a skin penetration enhancer may be added in an amount sufficient to enhance the penetration of the composition through skin after the composition is topically applied thereto.

The invention also relates to a method for obtaining enhanced topical and/or transdermal systemic effects which

comprises formulating one of the compositions described above and topically applying the composition to the skin of a subject, wherein the composition provides enhanced topical and/or transdermal systemic effects compared to the same compositions which have larger size droplets. In this method, the active ingredient may be a barbiturate, benzodiazepine, ketotifen, phenytoin, phenothiazines, cyclosporin, diphenoxylate, diclofenac, dexamethasone, prostaglandin, nifedipine, nitroglycerine, atropine, verapamil, fentanyl, lipophilic peptide or miconazole.

When the method is used to treat a skin condition, the active ingredient may be Vitamin A, Vitamin E, a retinoid, a carotene or benzoyl peroxide, and is applied to alleviate, reduce or prevent dermatological conditions and diseases, including atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, acne and other types of skin inflammations or viral, fungal or bacterial skin infections.

The invention also relates to a method for reducing local irritation produced by pharmaceuticals which induce local inflammatory reactions by topically applying one of the compositions described above. Depending upon the selection of the active ingredient, the method may be used for achieving local anesthesia or analgesia, or for providing general analgesia.

Also, an article, such as an occlusive dressing or adhesive patch, can be used to administer active ingredients such as a steroid, nicotine, nitroglycerine or the like.

30 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the following detailed description, reference will be made to the annexed drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a graphical illustration of the effects of edema over time during treatment with various diclofenac 35 creams;

Fig. 2 is a graphical illustration of the relative difference over time during treatment with various diclofenac creams; and

Fig. 3 is a graphical illustration of the effects of edema over time during treatment with various naproxen creams.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, pharmaceutical
and cosmetic compositions are provided in the form of
submicron droplets of water-insoluble liquid drugs or
cosmetically active substances alone, or drugs or
cosmetically active substances with oily excipients and/or
solvents in an aqueous medium. These compositions promote
percutaneous penetration on topical application and local
or transdermal effects. Advantageously, a chemical entity
which acts as a skin penetration enhancer may be added to
the above for enhancing activity. Thus, the overall
pharmacological effect, while using such a chemical
enhancer in conjunction with such submicron oil spheres,
will be greater than either one of them alone.

In contrast to the prior art, the present invention relates to oily spheres having an average diameter in the submicron range, which are both physically and chemically distinct from the known art of liposome-type lipid vesicles and from the known art of microemulsions in which surfactants or synthetic emulsifiers comprise a large proportion of the composition. In terms of chemical composition, the particles are somewhat similar to classical emulsions, but due to the finely divided particulate nature of the current invention, a significantly enhanced dermal penetration is achieved. We have thus termed these droplets as submicron emulsion oil spheres.

Insoluble drugs or cosmetically active substances may be dispersed in an aqueous medium as solid or liquid particles to form a suspension. One aspect of this

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invention relates to drugs or cosmetically active substances that are liquid at room temperature and may be dispersed as liquid, water-insoluble droplets with the desired droplet size range. Otherwise, for drugs or cosmetics which are solid at room temperature and in the shape of powder or crystals, mixtures with an oil are a preliminary required step in order to obtain oily droplets in aqueous suspension.

An emulsion is a dispersion of oil in water ("o/w"),

10 and can be defined as either a macroemulsion or a
microemulsion. A macroemulsion is a cloudy turbid
composition having an oil-droplet size of 0.5 to 100 μm
and is generally thermodynamically unstable. In
comparison, a microemulsion is a translucent to

15 transparent composition having a droplet size of
0.005 to 0.5 μm, is thermodynamically stable and is
generally self emulsifying. See, e.g., Friberg et al.
(1987) Microemulsions Structure and Dynamics, CRC Press
Inc., Boca Raton, FL, pp. 154. Also, the proportion of
surfactants to oil required to generate microemulsions is
generally much higher than in macroemulsions.

The term "submicron" is used herein to mean a size of about 0.05 to 0.5 μ m, and preferably about 0.1 to 0.3 μ m. Thus, submicron droplets of these sizes would be smaller than those of a classical macroemulsion, which has droplet sizes of above about 0.5 μ m, but generally larger than those of a classical microemulsion, which, for practical purposes, has droplet sizes of less than about 0.1 μ m.

These submicron droplets can easily be sterilized by filtration, for example, in 0.45 μm and/or 0.22 μm filters, are more stable in long-term storage and can better withstand sterilization in an autoclave.

An oil-in-water emulsion is a dispersion of droplets

35 or colloidal particles in an aqueous medium, with the
colloid particles having an oily core surrounded by an
interfacial film of the emulsifiers and surface acting

agents or surfactants. For clarity in understanding the present invention, the following terms will be used:

"aqueous phase" - to denote the aqueous solution in which the droplets or colloid particles are dispersed;

"oily phase" - to denote the oily cores of the droplets or colloidal particles; and

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"amphiphilic phase" - to denote the interfacial films of emulsifier and surfactant surrounding the oily phase of the droplets or colloidal particles.

In this invention, the oil may be a vegetable oil, a mineral oil, a medium chain triglyceride (MCT) oil, i.e., a triglyceride oil in which the carbohydrate chain has 8-12 carbons, or a combination of two or three of such oils. Although MCT oil can be considered as a component of 15 vegetable oil, it is separately identified herein because of its particular utility as a preferred oil for use in the present droplets. In addition, MCT oil is available commercially. Examples of such MCT oils include TCR (trade name of Societe Industrielle des Oleagineaux, 20 France for a mixture of triglycerides wherein about 95% of

the fatty acid chains have 8 or 10 carbons) and MIGLYOL 810 or 812 (trade name of Dynamit Nobel, Sweden for a mixed triester of glycerine and of caprylic and capric acids). Examples of vegetable oils include soybean oil,

25 cotton seed cil, clive cil, sesame cil and castor cil. The mineral oils may be natural hydrocarbons or their synthetic analogs. Oily fatty acids, such as oleic acid and linoleic acid, fatty alcohols, such as cleyl alcohol, and fatty esters, such as sorbitan monooleate and sucrose

30 mono- di- or tri-palmitate, can be used as the oil component, although these are not as preferred as the other oils mentioned above. The excipient oil may also be of animal source or any acceptable synthetic substitute therefore.

The amphiphilic phase comprises the emulsifiers and surfactants. Preferred emulsifiers include a phospholipid compound or a mixture of phospholipids. Suitable