

SNMPv2 Management Information Base
for the Transmission Control Protocol using SMIV2

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

IESG Note:

The IP, UDP, and TCP MIB modules currently support only IPv4. These three modules use the IpAddress type defined as an OCTET STRING of length 4 to represent the IPv4 32-bit internet addresses. (See RFC 1902, SMI for SNMPv2.) They do not support the new 128-bit IPv6 internet addresses.

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1. Introduction

A management system contains: several (potentially many) nodes, each with a processing entity, termed an agent, which has access to management instrumentation; at least one management station; and, a management protocol, used to convey management information between the agents and management stations. Operations of the protocol are carried out under an administrative framework which defines authentication, authorization, access control, and privacy policies.

Management stations execute management applications which monitor and control managed elements. Managed elements are devices such as hosts, routers, terminal servers, etc., which are monitored and controlled via access to their management information.

Management information is viewed as a collection of managed objects, residing in a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base (MIB). Collections of related objects are defined in MIB modules. These modules are written using a subset of OSI's Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [1], termed the Structure of Management Information (SMI) [2].

This document is the MIB module which defines managed objects for managing implementations of the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) [3].

The managed objects in this MIB module were originally defined using the SNMPv1 framework as a part of MIB-II [4]. This document defines the same objects for TCP using the SNMPv2 framework.

2. Definitions

```
TCP-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Integer32, Gauge32,  
    Counter32, IpAddress, mib-2          FROM SNMPv2-SMI  
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP     FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
```

```
tcpMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    LAST-UPDATED "9411010000Z"  
    ORGANIZATION "IETF SNMPv2 Working Group"  
    CONTACT-INFO  
        "          Keith McCloghrie  
  
        Postal: Cisco Systems, Inc.  
                170 West Tasman Drive  
                San Jose, CA 95134-1706  
                US  
  
        Phone:   +1 408 526 5260  
        Email:   kzm@cisco.com"
```

```

DESCRIPTION
    "The MIB module for managing TCP implementations."
REVISION      "9103310000Z"
DESCRIPTION
    "The initial revision of this MIB module was part of MIB-
    II."
 ::= { mib-2 49 }

-- the TCP group

tcp          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 6 }

tcpRtoAlgorithm OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        other(1),      -- none of the following
        constant(2),  -- a constant rto
        rsre(3),      -- MIL-STD-1778, Appendix B
        vanj(4)       -- Van Jacobson's algorithm [5]
    }
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The algorithm used to determine the timeout value used for
        retransmitting unacknowledged octets."
 ::= { tcp 1 }

tcpRtoMin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    UNITS       "milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The minimum value permitted by a TCP implementation for the
        retransmission timeout, measured in milliseconds. More
        refined semantics for objects of this type depend upon the
        algorithm used to determine the retransmission timeout. In
        particular, when the timeout algorithm is rsre(3), an object
        of this type has the semantics of the LBOUND quantity
        described in RFC 793."
 ::= { tcp 2 }

tcpRtoMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32
    UNITS       "milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum value permitted by a TCP implementation for the

```

retransmission timeout, measured in milliseconds. More refined semantics for objects of this type depend upon the algorithm used to determine the retransmission timeout. In particular, when the timeout algorithm is rsre(3), an object of this type has the semantics of the UBOUND quantity described in RFC 793."

::= { tcp 3 }

tcpMaxConn OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The limit on the total number of TCP connections the entity can support. In entities where the maximum number of connections is dynamic, this object should contain the value -1."

::= { tcp 4 }

tcpActiveOpens OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the SYN-SENT state from the CLOSED state."

::= { tcp 5 }

tcpPassiveOpens OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the SYN-RCVD state from the LISTEN state."

::= { tcp 6 }

tcpAttemptFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the CLOSED state from either the SYN-SENT state or the SYN-RCVD state, plus the number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the LISTEN state from the SYN-RCVD state."

::= { tcp 7 }

```
tcpEstabResets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of times TCP connections have made a direct
        transition to the CLOSED state from either the ESTABLISHED
        state or the CLOSE-WAIT state."
    ::= { tcp 8 }

tcpCurrEstab OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Gauge32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of TCP connections for which the current state
        is either ESTABLISHED or CLOSE- WAIT."
    ::= { tcp 9 }

tcpInSegs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of segments received, including those
        received in error.  This count includes segments received on
        currently established connections."
    ::= { tcp 10 }

tcpOutSegs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of segments sent, including those on
        current connections but excluding those containing only
        retransmitted octets."
    ::= { tcp 11 }

tcpRetransSegs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of segments retransmitted - that is, the
        number of TCP segments transmitted containing one or more
        previously transmitted octets."
```

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