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professional, or other assistance or oversight.

self-cen-tered (self/sen/tord) adj. Engrossed in oneself according one's own affairs; selfish. —self/-cen/tered-ly adv. —self/.

self-clean ing (self kle ning) adj. Made or designed to cleaitself, often automatically: a self-cleaning oven

self-col·ored (self'kul'ərd) adj. 1. Being in the natural ve original color. 2. Of only one color.

self-com·mand (sĕlf'kə-mănd') n. Full presence of mindself-confidence

self-com·pat·i·ble (sĕlf/kəm-păt/ə-bəl) adj. Botany. Capable of self-fertilization. -self'-com·pat'i·bil'i·ty n self-com·pla·cent (sĕlf'kəm-plā'sənt) adj. Self-satisfied

often smugly so. -self'-com·pla'cen·cy n. -self'-com· pla/cent·ly adv.

self-con·cept (self/kon/sept) n. The mental image or percention that one has of oneself.

self-con·cep·tion (sĕlf'kən-sĕp'shən) n. Self-concept. self-con·cern (self'kən-sûrn') n. Selfish or excessive concern for oneself. —self'-con·cerned' adj.

self-con·fessed (self'kən-fest') adj. According to one's own admission: a self-confessed plagiarist.

self-con·fi·dence (self'kon'fi-dens) n. Confidence in oneself or one's own abilities: "Without self-confidence we are at babes in the cradle" (Virginia Woolf). See Synonyms at confidence. — self'-con'fi·dent adj. — self'-con'fi·dent-ly adv.

self-con·scious (sělf/kon/shəs) adj. 1. Aware of oneself as an individual or of one's own being, actions, or thoughts. 2. Socially ill at ease: a self-conscious teenager. 3. Excessively conscious of one's appearance or manner: a young, self-conscious erecutive. 4. Showing the effects of self-consciousness; stilted self--self'-con'scious ly adv. -self'. con/scious·ness n.

self-con-tained (sělf'kən-tānd') adj. 1. Constituting a complete and independent unit in and of itself: a self-contain tirement community; a self-contained dictionary. 2.a. Not dependent on others; self-sufficient: a self-contained settlement in the Arctic. b. Keeping to oneself; reserved. -self'-con·lain'-

self-con·tent (self'kan-tent') adj. Satisfied with oneself; complacent. - self-content n. Self-contentment. - self'content/ed·ly adv.

self-con·tent·ment (self'kan-tent/mant) n. Selfsatisfaction; complacency.

self-con-tra-dic-tion (self'kon'tra-dik'shan) n. 1. The act, state, or fact of contradicting oneself or itself. 2. An idea or statement containing contradictory elements. -self'-con'tra dic'to rv (-dik'ta-re) adi.

self-con·frol (self/ken-trol/) n. Control of one's emotions, desires, or actions by one's own will: "You think yourself a miracle of sensibility; but self-control is what you need" (Mary Boykin Chesnut). —self'-con·frolled' adj.

self-cor-rect-ing (self/kə-rek/ting) adj. 1. Correcting its or one's own mistakes. 2. Of or being a typewriter mechanism that allows for automatic correction of a typing error.

self-crit·i·cal (self'krit'i-kel) adj. Critical of oneself and one's faults and weaknesses: "In my experience, no species of performing artist is as self-critical as a dancer" (Susan Sontag) -self'-crit'i·cal·ly adv. —self'-crit'i·cism (-krĭt'i-sīz'əm) n

self-de·ceit (sĕlf'dĭ-sēt') n. Self-deception.

self-de·ceived (sĕlf'dĭ-sēvd') adj. Deceived by one's own illusions or errors self-de·ceiv·ing (self'dĭ-se'ving) adj. Given to or believing

or fancying mistaken notions about oneself. self-de·cep·tion (sělf'dĭ-sěp'shən) n. The act of deceiving

oneself or the state of being deceived by oneself. -self'-de cep'tive adj. -self'-de-cep'tive-ly adv. self-de-feat-ing (self'di-fe'ting) adj. Injurious to one's of

its own purposes or welfare: "American officials will find it harder than ever to ward off self-defeating protectionist measures (George R. Packard).

self-de-fense (self'di-fens') n. 1. Defense of oneself when physically attacked: She was taking a course in self-defense.

Defense of what belongs to oneself, as one's works or reputation.

Jan The right to protect 3. Law. The right to protect oneself against violence or threatend violence with whatever force and produce the second se violence with whatever force or means are reasonably necessary self'-de-fen'sive adj.

self-def-i-ni-tion (self/def/ənish/ən) n. Definition of one's identity, character, abilities, and attitudes, especially in relation to persons or things outside oneself or itself.

self-de·ni·al (sĕlf'dĭ-nī'əl) n. Sacrifice of one's own des or interests. See Synonyms at abstinence. —self-de-ny/ing (-ni/ing) adj. —self-de-ny/ing-ly adv.

self-dep·re·cat·ing (self/dep/ri-kā/tǐng) adj. Tending to undervalue oneself and one's abilities. —self/-dep/re·cat/ing

self-dep-re-ca-to-ry (sĕlf'dĕp'rĭ-kə-tôr'ē, -tōr'ê) ad; Self-deprecating.
self-de-pre-ci-a-tion (sĕlf'dĭ-prē'shē-ā'shən) n. Dispar

self-care (sĕlf'kâr') n. The care of oneself without medic.

sel·e·nol·o·gy (sel/ə-nöl/ə-jē) n. The astronomical study of the moon. —sel/e·no·log/i·cal (-nə-löj/i-kəl) adj. —sel/e·

selve·nog·ra·phy (sel'ə-nög'rə-fē) n. The study of the physical features of the moon. —sel'e·nog'ra·pher, sel'e·nog'ra·phist n. —sel'e·no·graph'ic (-nə-grāf'ik), sel'e·no·

graph'i·cal (-ĭ-kəl) adj. —sel'e·no·graph'i·cal·ly adv.

sel·e·no·sis (sĕl/ə-nō/sĭs) n. Poisoning, especially of live-stock, caused by ingesting selenium found in some plants, in the soil, or in some microorganisms.

Se·leu·ci·a (sĭ-loo/she-ə, -shə). An ancient city of Mesopotamia on the Tigris River south-southeast of modern Baghdad. Founded c. 300 B.C., it was an important commercial center and the chief city of the empire founded by Seleucus I.

Se·leu·cid (sǐ-lōo'-sǐd). A Hellenistic dynasty founded by Seleucus I after the death of Alexander the Great. It ruled much of Asia Minor from 312 to 64 B.C. -Se·leu'cid adj.

Se·leu·cus I (sĭ-loo'kəs). 358?—281 B.C. Macedonian general under Alexander the Great. He founded and ruled (312-281) the Seleucid dynasty after Alexander's death.

self (self) n., pl. selves (selvz). 1. The total, essential, or particular being of a person; the individual: "An actor's instrument is the self" (Joan Juliet Buck). 2. The essential qualities distinguishing one person from another; individuality: "He would walk a little first along the southern walls, shed his European self, fully enter this world" (Howard Kaplan). 3. One's consciousness of one's own being or identity; the ego: "For some of us, the self's natural doubts are given in mesmerizing amplification by way of critics' negative assessments of our writing" (Joyce Carol Oates).
4. One's own interests, welfare, or advantage: thinking of self alone. 5. Immunology. That which the immune system identifies as belonging to the body: tissues no longer recognized as self.—self pron. Myself, yourself, himself, or herself: a living wage for self and family. — self adj. 1. Of the same character throughout. 2. Of the same material as the article with which it is used: a dress with a self belt. 3. Obsolete. Same or identical. [Middle English, selfsame, from Old English. See s(w)e- in Appendix.]

seif pref. 1. Oneself; itself: self-control. 2. Automatic; automatically: self-loading. [Middle English, from Old English, from self, self. See SELF.]

self-a-ban-doned (sělf'a-băn'dand) adj. Lacking selfrestraint, especially having completely yielded to one's impulses. self'- $a \cdot ban'don \cdot ment n$ .

self-a-base-ment (sělf'ə-bās'mənt) n. Degradation or humiliation of oneself, especially because of feelings of guilt or in-

self-ab·ne·ga·tion (sĕlf'ăb'nĭ-gā'shən) n. The setting aside of self-interest for the sake of others or for a belief or prin-—self'-ab'ne-gat'ing adj.

self-ab·sorbed (sělf'əb-sôrbd', -zôrbd') adj. Excessively self-involved. -self'-ab·sorp'tion (-sôrp'shən, -zôrp'-) n. self-a·buse (sĕlf'ə-byoos') n. 1. Abuse of oneself or one's

abilities. 2. Masturbation. self-act ing (self'ak'ting) adj. Able to act or work automat-

self-ac·tu·al·ize (sĕlf'ăk'chōō-ə-līz') intr.v. -ized, -iz·ing, -iz-es. To develop or achieve one's full potential. —self'-ac'tu-al-i-za'fion (-a-lī-zā'shən) n. —self'-ac'tu-al-iz'er n.

self-ad·dressed (sĕlf'ə-drĕst') adj. Addressed to oneself: a self-addressed envelope.

self-ad·he·sive (sĕlf'ăd-hē'sĭv) adj. Having a surface coated with an adhesive and not needing any substance, such as glue or paste, applied to form a bond: self-adhesive wallpaper; self-

self-ad·min·is·ter (sĕlf'ăd-mĭn'i-stər) tr.v. -tered, -tering, -ters. To administer (something) to oneself or itself: "Laboratory animals chose to self-administer cocaine, to the exclusion of food and water, until they collapsed" (Ross Gelbspan). self'-ad·min'is·tra'tion n.

self-ag·gran·dize·ment (sělf'ə-grăn'dĭz-mənt) n. The act or practice of enhancing or exaggerating one's own importance, power, or reputation. -self'-ag·gran'diz'ing (-egrăn/dī/zĭng) adi.

self-a·nal·y·sis (sĕlf'ə-năl'ĭ-sĭs) n., pl. -ses (-sēz'). An independent methodical attempt by one to study and comprehend one's own personality or emotions. —self'-an'a-lyt'i-cal (-ăn'a-lit'ĭ-kəl), self'-an'a-lyt'ic (-ĭk) adj.

self-an·ni·hi·la·tion (sĕlf'ə-nī'ə-lā'shən) n. 1. Selfdestruction. 2. Loss of self-awareness, as in a mystical state.

**self-ap·point·ed** (self'a-poin'tid) adj. Designated or chosen by oneself rather than by due authority: a self-appointed arbiter. self-as·sert·ing (sĕlf'ə-sûr'ting) adj. 1. Asserting oneself or one's own rights or views. 2.a. Self-confident. b. Overbearing; arrogant.

self-as·ser·tion (sĕlf'ə-sûr'shən) n. Determined advancement of one's own personality, wishes, or views. —self'-as-ser'tive adj. —self'-as-ser'tive-ly adv. —self-as-ser'tive-

self-as·sured (sĕlf/ə-shoord/) adj. Having or showing confidence and poise. —self/-as·sur/ance (-shoor/əns) n.

self-a·ware (self'a-war') adj. Aware of oneself as an individual entity or personality. —self'-a·ware/ness n.

