

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

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DISH NETWORK, LLC,  
Petitioner,

v.

TQ DELTA, LLC,  
Patent Owner.

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Case IPR2017-00253  
Patent 8,238,412 B2

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Before SALLY C. MEDLEY, KALYAN K. DESHPANDE, and  
TREVOR M. JEFFERSON, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

DESHPANDE, *Administrative Patent Judge*.

DECISION  
Institution of *Inter Partes* Review  
*37 C.F.R. § 42.108*  
Petitioner's Motion for Joinder  
*37 C.F.R. § 42.122(b)*

## I. INTRODUCTION

DISH Network, L.L.C. (“Petitioner” or “Dish”) filed a Petition for *inter partes* review of claims 1–8, 13, 14, 19, and 20 of U.S. Patent No. 8,238,412 B2 (Ex. 1001, “the ’412 patent”). Paper 3 (“Pet.”). Concurrently with its Petition, Dish filed a Motion for Joinder with *Cisco Systems, Inc. v. TQ Delta, LLC*, Case IPR2016-01008 (“the Cisco IPR”). Paper 2 (“Mot.”). Dish represents that the petitioner in the Cisco IPR—Cisco Systems, Inc.—does not oppose the Motion for Joinder. Mot. 2. TQ Delta, LLC (“Patent Owner”) submits that it does not oppose joinder. *See* Paper 7. Patent Owner also elected to waive its Preliminary Response. *Id.*

For the reasons explained below, we institute an *inter partes* review of claims 1–8, 13, 14, 19, and 20 of the ’412 patent and grant Dish’s Motion for Joinder.

## II. RELATED PROCEEDINGS

Petitioner and Patent Owner identify several pending judicial matters as relating to the ’412 patent. Pet. 1–2; Mot. 2–3; Paper 5, 2–4.

In the Cisco IPR, we instituted an *inter partes* review of claims 1–8, 13, 14, 19, and 20 of the ’412 patent on the following ground:

References	Basis	Challenged Claims
Milbrandt, <sup>1</sup> Hwang, <sup>2</sup> and ANSI T1.413 <sup>3</sup>	§ 103(a)	1–8, 13, 14, 19, and 20

*Cisco Systems, Inc. v. TQ Delta, LLC*, Case IPR2016-01008, slip op. at 24 (PTAB Nov. 4, 2016) (Paper 7) (“Cisco Dec.”).

### III. INSTITUTION OF *INTER PARTES* REVIEW

The Petition in this proceeding asserts the same ground of unpatentability as the one on which we instituted review in the Cisco IPR. *Compare* Pet. 12–55, *with* Cisco Dec. 24. Indeed, Petitioner contends that the Petition asserts only the ground that the Board instituted in the Cisco IPR, there are no new arguments for the Board to consider, and the Petitioner relies on the same exhibits and expert declaration as in the Cisco IPR. Mot. 5.

For the same reasons set forth in our institution decision in the Cisco IPR, we determine that the information presented in Dish’s Petition shows a reasonable likelihood that Petitioner would prevail in showing that claims 1–8, 13, 14, 19, and 20 would have been obvious over Milbrandt, Hwang, and ANSI T1.413. *See* Cisco Dec. 8–24. Accordingly, we institute an *inter*

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<sup>1</sup> U.S. Patent No. 6,636,603 B1; issued Oct. 21, 2003 (Ex. 1011) (“Milbrandt”).

<sup>2</sup> U.S. Patent No. 6,590,893 B1; issued July 8, 2003 (Ex. 1013) (“Hwang”).

<sup>3</sup> “Network and Customer Installation Interfaces – Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) Metallic Interface,” American National Standards Institution (ANSI) T1.413-1995 Standard (Ex. 1014) (“ANSI T1.413”).

*partes* review on the same ground as the one on which we instituted review in the Cisco IPR. We do not institute *inter partes* review on any other grounds.

#### IV. GRANT OF MOTION FOR JOINDER

The Petition and Motion for Joinder in this proceeding were accorded a filing date of November 11, 2016. *See* Paper 4. Thus, Petitioner's Motion for Joinder is timely because joinder was requested no later than one month after the institution date of the Cisco IPR, i.e., November 4, 2016. *See* 37 C.F.R. § 42.122(b).

The statutory provision governing joinder in *inter partes* review proceedings is 35 U.S.C. § 315(c), which reads:

If the Director institutes an inter partes review, the Director, in his or her discretion, may join as a party to that inter partes review any person who properly files a petition under section 311 that the Director, after receiving a preliminary response under section 313 or the expiration of the time for filing such a response, determines warrants the institution of an *inter partes* review under section 314.

A motion for joinder should (1) set forth reasons why joinder is appropriate; (2) identify any new grounds of unpatentability asserted in the petition; (3) explain what impact (if any) joinder would have on the trial schedule for the existing review; and (4) address specifically how briefing and discovery may be simplified. *See Kyocera Corp. v. Softview LLC*, Case IPR2013-00004, slip op. at 4 (PTAB Apr. 24, 2013) (Paper 15).

As noted, the Petition in this case asserts the same unpatentability ground on which we instituted review in the Cisco IPR. *See* Mot. 5. Dish also relies on the same prior art analysis and expert testimony submitted by

the Cisco Petitioner. *See id.* Indeed, the Petition is nearly identical to the petition filed by the Cisco Petitioner with respect to the ground on which review was instituted in the Cisco IPR. *See id.* Thus, this *inter partes* review does not present any ground or matter not already at issue in the Cisco IPR.

If joinder is granted, Dish anticipates participating in the proceeding in a limited capacity absent termination of Cisco Petitioner as a party. *Id.* at 6. Dish agrees to “assume a limited ‘understudy’ role” and “would only take on an active role if Cisco were no longer a party to the IPR.” *Id.* Dish further represents that it “presents no new grounds for invalidity and its presence in the proceedings will not introduce any additional arguments, briefing or need for discovery.” *Id.* Because Dish expects to participate only in a limited capacity, Dish submits that joinder will not impact the trial schedule for the Cisco IPR. *Id.* at 5–6.

We agree with Petitioner that joinder with the Cisco IPR is appropriate under the circumstances. Accordingly, we *grant* Petitioner’s Motion for Joinder.

## V. ORDER

Accordingly, it is:

ORDERED that an *inter partes* review is instituted in IPR2017-00253;

FURTHER ORDERED that the Motion for Joinder with IPR2016-01008 is *granted*, and DISH Network, L.L.C. is joined as a petitioner in IPR2016-01008;

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