

## DICTIONARY \_\_\_\_\_\_of COMPUTER TERMS

## SIXTH EDITION

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Webster's New World<sup>TM</sup>

Dictionary of Computer Terms, 6th Edition

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## 470 **S-HTTP**

Acronym for Secure HyperText Transport Protocol. S-HTTP An extension of the World Wide Web's (WWW) HyperText Transport Protocol (HTTP) that supports secure commercial transactions on the Web. Secure HTTP provides this support in two ways: by assuring vendors that the customers attempting to buy the vendors' wares are who they say they are (authentication) and by encrypting sensitive information (such as credit-card numbers) so that it cannot be intercepted while en route. Secure HTTP was developed by Enterprise Integration Technology (EIT) and the National Center for Supercomputer Applications (NCSA), with subsequent commercial development by Terisa Systems. Netscape Communications developed a competing security technology, the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol. Although S-HTTP is still used by some Web servers, SSL has emerged as the clear de facto stand—and for good reason. S-HTTP is an application-layer protocol, which means that it cannot support secure, encrypted exchange of other types of data, including FTP or NNTP resources.

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**Shugart Associates Standard Interface (SASI)** An early-1980s standard for connecting *hard disks* to personal computers. SASI later became the *Small Computer System Interface (SCSI)* standard.

sig Common abbreviation for signature.

**SIG** See special interest group.

**signal** The portion of a transmission that coherently represents information, unlike the random and meaningless *line noise* that occurs in the transmission channel.

**signal-to-noise ratio** In *Usenet*, the ratio between meaningful content and noise (ranting, raving, and *flaming*). A good *newsgroup* has a high signal-to-noise ratio; a poor newsgroup has a low one. A major advantage of *moderated newsgroups* is to ensure a high signal-to-noise ratio. The term was originally used in electrical engineering to describe the ratio of information to background noise in an electronic circuit.

**signature** 1. In *e-mail* and *Usenet newsgroups*, a brief file (of approximately three or four lines) that contains the message sender's name, organization, address, e-mail address, and (option-