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FOURTH EDITION





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stewing, often served with horseradish. [Yiddish < Ger., pl. of Flanke, flank, side < Fr. flanc < OFr. See FLANK.]

flank er (flang'kər) n. 1. One that flanks, esp. a soldier positioned to protect the flank of a column of troops. 2. Football A flankerback.

flank-er-back (flang'kər-bak') n. Football A halfback stationed just behind the line of scrimmage and slightly wide of the forma-

tion, used chiefly as a pass receiver.

flanenel (flan'al) n. 1. A soft woven cloth of wool or a blend of wool and cotton or synthetics. 2. flannels a. Outer clothing, esp. trousers, made of this cloth. b. Underclothing made of this cloth. Trousers, made of this cooth. D. Other confining made of this croth.

3, Flannelette. [ME, a woolen cloth or garment, perh. var. of flanya, sackdoth, prob. < OFr. flaine, a coarse wool.]

flannel cake n. See pancake.

flannel = ette (flan'a-let') n. A soft cotton fabric with a nap.

flannel leaf n. See mullein.

Flan ner (flan or), Janet Pen name Genêt. 1892–1978. Amer. journalist who was Paris correspondent for The New Yorker (1925-75).

(flap (flap) n. 1. A flat, usu. thin piece attached at one side, 2. A projecting or hanging piece usu. intended to double over and protect or cover: the flap of an envelope. 3a. The act of waving or protect or cover: the lup of an envelope. 3a. The act of waving of futtering. b. The sound produced by this motion. 4. A blow given with something flat; a slap. 5. A control surface on the trailing edge of an aircraft wing, used primarily to increase lift of tag. 6. Either of the folded ends of a book jacket that fit inside the front and back covers. 7. Medicine Partially detached tissue used in surgical grafting or in covering the end of a bone after amputation. 8. Linguistics A sound articulated by a single, quick louch of the tongue against the teeth or alveolar ridge, as (t) in water. 9. Informal A commotion or disturbance. * v. flapped, flap*ping, flaps — tr. 1. To wave (the arms, for example) up and down. 2. To cause to move or sway with a fluttering or waving motion. 3. To hit with something broad and flat; slap. 4. Informal To fling down; toss. —intr. 1. To move or sway while fixed at one edge or corner; flutter, 2. To wave arms or wings up and down. 3. To fly by beating the air with the wings, 4. Informal To become

upset or flustered. [ME flappe, slap.]

flap-doo-dle also flap-doo-dle (flap/dood/l) n. Slang Foolish

flap er on (flap 'a-ron') n. A control surface on an aircraft wing functioning both as a flap and as an aileron. [FLAP + (AIL)ERON.] flap•jack (flap•jak) n. See pancake.

flap-pa-ble (flap-bal) adj. Informal Easily excited or upset.

flap-per (flap-or) n. 1. A broad flexible part, such as a flipper. 2.

A young woman, esp. one in the 1920s who showed disdain for

sonvention. [Sense 2, Brit. slang, very young female prostitute, lapper, poss. < [Inpper, fledgling partridge or duck (< FLAP), or < dialectal flap, loose or flighty girl.]

[lare (flar) v. flared, flar-ing, flares —intr. 1. To flame up with a bright wavering light. 2. To burst into intense sudden flame. 3a. To erupt or intensify suddenly: Tempers flared. b. To become suddenly angry. Used with up. c. To make a sudden angry verbal stack. Used with out. 4. To expand or open outward in shape: with nostrils flaring.—tr. 1. To cause to flame up. 2. To signal with a blaze of light. \spadesuit n. 1. A brief wavering blaze of light. 2. A device that produces a bright light for signaling, illumination, or identification. 3. An outbreak, as of emotion or activity. 4. An expanding or opening outward. 5. An unwanted reflection within an optical system or the resultant fogging of the image. 6. A solar flare. 7a. Forball A quick pass to a back running toward the side-line. b. Baseball A fly ball hit a short distance into the outfield. 8. Medicine An area of redness on the skin surrounding the primary site of infection or initation. [?]

fare back (flar/bak') n. 1. A flame produced in the breech of a gun by ignition of residual gases. 2. A burst of something aimed back at its origin; a backfire.

fare-up (flar/up') n. 1. A sudden outbreak of flame or light. 2.

An outburst or eruption: a flare-up of anger. 3. A recurrence or

an intensification: a flare-up of rheumatism.

| lash (flash) v. flashed, flash-ing, flash-es —intr. 1. To hurst forth into or as if into flame. 2. To give off light or be lighted in adden or intermittent bursts. 3. To appear or occur suddenly. 4. To move or proceed rapidly. 5. To hang up a phone line momentarily, as when using call waiting. 6. Slaug To think of or remember smooth. ber something suddenly. 7. Slang To expose oneself in an inde-cent manner. —tr. 1a. To cause (light) to appear suddenly or in intermittent bursts, b. To cause to burst into flame. c. To reflect dight). d. To cause to burst into name. . . 10 jene. (light). d. To cause to reflect light from (a surface). 2. To make known or signal by flashing lights. 3. To communicate or display great speed. 4. To exhibit briefly. 5. To hang up (a phone line) momentarily, as when using call waiting. 6. To display ostentations in the state of the state thously; flaunt. 7. To fill suddenly with water. 8. To cover with a fun protective layer. • n. 1. A sudden, brief, intense display of light a sudden, brief, intense and sustant. 4. A ight 2. A sudden perception. 3. A split second; an instant. 4. A

suddenly or very quickly: flash freezing. 2. Slang Ostentatious; showy, 3. Of or relating to figures of quarterly economic growth released by the government and subject to later revision. 4. Of or relating to photography using instantaneous illumination. 5. Of

relating to photography using instantaneous minimatoria. Join or relating to thieves, swindlers, and underworld figures. —idiom: flash in the pan One that promises great success but fails. [ME flashen, to splash, var. of flasken, of imit. orig.] flash-back (fläsh/bāk') n. 1a. A literary or cinematic device in which an earlier event is inserted into a narrative. b. The episode or scene depicted by means of this device. 2. An unexpected research which flast flast flast fractional for the control of the flast flas currence of the effects of a hallucinogenic drug after its original use, 3. Psychology A recurring, intensely vivid mental image of a past traumatic experience.

flash board (flash bord', -bord') n. A board or structure of

boards extending above a dam to increase its capacity. flash-bulb or flash bulb (flash'bulb') n. A glass bulb filled with aluminum or magnesium foil that is ignited to produce a shortduration high-intensity light flash for photography.

flash burn n. A burn resulting from brief exposure to intense ra-

flash butt welding n. A technique for joining metal rail or pipe in which an electric current melts and welds the ends of the

metal, yielding a strong smooth joint. flash-card also flash-card (flash/kard') n. A card printed with words or numbers and briefly displayed in a learning drill.

-flash-cube (flash/kyoob') n. A cube with four flashbulbs that attaches to a camera and rotates to an unused bulb when a picture

flash er (flash er) n. 1. A device that automatically switches an electric lamp off and on, as in a commercial display sign. 2. Slang

One who engages in indecent exposure.

flash flood also flash-flood (flash/flud/) n. A sudden flood of

great volume, usu. caused by a heavy rain.
flash-for-ward (flash/for/word) n. 1. A literary or cinematic de-

vice in which a future event is inserted into the narrative. 2. The episode or scene depicted by means of this device.

flash • gun (flash 'gun') n. A dry-cell powered photographic apparatus that holds and electrically triggers a flashbulb.

flash • inq (flash/ing) 11. Sheet metal used to reinforce and weath-

erproof the joints and angles of a roof.

flash lamp in. An electric lamp for producing a high-intensity light of very short duration for use in photography.

flash·light (flash'līt') n. 1. A small portable lamp usu. powered by batteries. 2. A brief brilliant flood of light from a photographic lamp. 3. A bright light that flashes regularly, flash memory n. A type of computer memory that retains its

data when the power is turned of f. flash o ver (flash o'ver) n. 1. An unintended electric arc, as be-

tween two conductors, 2. The temperature at which all flammable material in an area will ignite simultaneously. flash point also flash point (flash/point') n. 1. The lowest tem-

perature at which the vapor of a combustible liquid can be made to ignite momentarily. 2. The point at which eruption into significant action, creation, or violence occurs.

flash tube also flash tube (flash toob') n. A gas discharge tube

that emits a brief intense flash of light. flash unit n, 1. An electronic flash system containing both a ower supply and a flashtube in a single compact unit. 2a. See

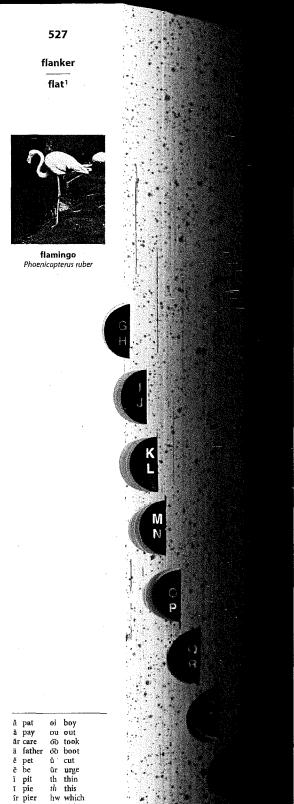
flashgun, b. A flashgun and reflector.
flash welding n. See flash butt welding.

flash · y (flash ' ē) adj. -i · er, -i · est 1. Cheap and showy; gaudy. 2. Giving a momentary or superficial impression of brilliance.

—flash/i•ness.n.

flask (flask) n. 1. A small container having a narrow neck and usu. a cap, esp.; a. A flat, relatively thin container for liquor. b. A container for carrying gunpowder or shot. c. A vial or round longnecked vessel for laboratory use. 2. A frame for holding a sand mold in a foundry. [ME, cask, keg < OFr. flasque < LLat. flascō,

of Gmc. orig.] flat (flat) adj. flat ter, flat test 1. Having a horizontal surface without a slope, tilt, or curvature. 2. Having a smooth, even, level surface: flat seams in the skirt. 3. Having a relatively broad surface in relation to thickness or depth. 4. Stretched out or lying at full length along the ground; prone. 5. Free of qualification; absolute. 6. Fixed; unvarying: a flat rate. 7. Lacking interest or excitement; dull. 8a. Lacking in flavor, b. Having lost effervescence or spar-kle. 9a. Deflated. Used of a tire. b. Electrically discharged. Used of a storage battery. 10. Of or relating to a horizontal line that displays no ups or downs and signifies the absence of physiological activity. 11. Commercially inactive; sluggish. 12. Unmodulated; monotonous: a flat voice. 13. Lacking variety in tint or shading; uniform. 14. Not glossy; mat: flat paint. 15. Music a. Being below the correct pitch. b. Being one half step lower than the corresponding natural key: the key of B flat. 16. Being the vowel a as pronounced in bad or cat. 17. Nautical Having the edges pulled tight. Used of a sail. * adv. 1a. Level with the



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