# DISCRETE-TIME SIGNAL PROCESSING

### Alan V. Oppenheim · Ronald W. Schafer

PRENTICE HALL SIGNAL PROCESSING SERIES ALAN V. OPPENHEIM, SERIES EDITOR

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

Δ

### Discrete-Time Signal Processing

**DOCKET A L A R M** Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at <u>docketalarm.com</u>.

#### PRENTICE HALL SIGNAL PROCESSING SERIES

Alan V. Oppenheim, Editor

DOCKE<sup>-</sup>

ANDREWS AND HUNT Digital Image Restoration BRIGHAM The Fast Fourier Transform BRIGHAM The Fast Fourier Transform and Its Applications BURDIC Underwater Acoustic System Analysis CASTLEMAN Digital Image Processing COWAN AND GRANT Adaptive Filters CROCHIERE AND RABINER Multirate Digital Signal Processing DUDGEON AND MERSEREAU Multidimensional Digital Signal Processing HAMMING Digital Filters, 3/E HAYKIN, ED. Array Signal Processing JAYANT AND NOLL Digital Coding of Waveforms KAY Modern Spectral Estimation KINO Acoustic Waves: Devices, Imaging, and Analog Signal Processing LEA, ED. Trends in Speech Recognition LIM Two-Dimensional Signal and Image Processing LIM, ED. Speech Enhancement LIM AND OPPENHEIM, EDS. Advanced Topics in Signal Processing MARPLE Digital Spectral Analysis with Applications McClellan and Rader Number Theory in Digital Signal Processing MENDEL Lessons in Digital Estimation Theory **OPPENHEIM**, ED. Applications of Digital Signal Processing OPPENHEIM, WILLSKY, WITH YOUNG Signals and Systems OPPENHEIM AND SCHAFER Digital Signal Processing OPPENHEIM AND SCHAFER Discrete-Time Signal Processing QUACKENBUSH ET AL. Objective Measures of Speech Quality RABINER AND GOLD Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Processing RABINER AND SCHAFER Digital Processing of Speech Signals ROBINSON AND TREITEL Geophysical Signal Analysis STEARNS AND DAVID Signal Processing Algorithms **TRIBOLET** Seismic Applications of Homomorphic Signal Processing WIDROW AND STEARNS Adaptive Signal Processing

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Oppenheim, Alan V.

Discrete-time signal processing / Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer.

p. cm.—(Prentice Hall signal processing series)
Bibliography: p. Includes index.
ISBN 0-13-216292-X
1. Signal processing—Mathematics. 2. Discrete-time systems.
I. Schafer, Ronald W. II. Title. III. Series.
TK5102.5.02452 1989
621.38'043—dc 19
88-25562 CIP

Editorial/production supervision: Barbara G. Flanagan Interior design: Roger Brower Cover design: Vivian Berman Manufacturing buyer: Mary Noonan



DOCKE

© 1989 Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer Published by Prentice-Hall, Inc. A Division of Simon & Schuster Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced, in any form or by any means, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Printed in the United States of America 10 9 8 7 6 5

### IZBN 0-73-576545-X

Prentice-Hall International (UK) Limited, London Prentice-Hall of Australia Pty. Limited, Sydney Prentice-Hall Canada Inc., Toronto Prentice-Hall Hispanoamericana, S.A., Mexico Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi Prentice-Hall of Japan, Inc., Tokyo Simon & Schuster Asia Pte. Ltd., Singapore Editora Prentice-Hall do Brasil, Ltda., Rio de Janeiro response of a certain class of discrete-time filters, the signal value at any time index is a linear function of (and thus linearly predictable from) previous values. Consequently, efficient signal representations can be obtained by estimating these prediction parameters and using them along with the prediction error to represent the signal. The signal can then be regenerated when needed from the model parameters. This class of signal coding techniques has been particularly effective in speech coding and is described in considerable detail in Jayant and Noll (1984), Markel and Gray (1976), and Rabiner and Schafer (1978).

Another advanced topic of considerable importance is adaptive signal processing. In this text the emphasis is almost entirely on linear time-invariant systems. Adaptive systems represent a particular class of time-varying and, in some sense, nonlinear systems with broad application and with established and effective techniques for their design and analysis. Again, many of these techniques build from the fundamentals of discrete-time signal processing covered in this text. Details of adaptive signal processing are given by Haykin (1986) and Widrow and Stearns (1985).

These represent only a few of the many advanced topics that extend from the topics covered in this text. Others include advanced and specialized filter design procedures, a variety of specialized algorithms for evaluation of the Fourier transform, specialized filter structures, and various advanced multirate signal processing techniques. An introduction to many of these advanced topics is contained in Lim and Oppenheim (1988).

It is often said that the purpose of a fundamental textbook should be to uncover rather than cover a subject, and in choosing the topics and depth of coverage in this book we have been guided by this philosophy. The preceding brief discussion of advanced topics and the Bibliography at the end of the book should be strongly suggestive of the rich variety of directions that these fundamentals begin to uncover.

#### **Historical Perspective**

DOCKE

4

Discrete-time signal processing has a rich history. It has advanced in uneven steps over a long period of time. Since the invention of calculus in the 17th century, scientists and engineers have developed models to represent physical phenomena in terms of functions of continuous variables and differential equations. Numerical techniques have been used to solve these equations when analytical solutions are not possible. Indeed, Newton used finite-difference methods that are special cases of some of the discrete-time systems that we present in this text. Mathematicians of the 18th century, such as Euler, Bernoulli, and Lagrange, developed methods for numerical integration and interpolation of functions of a continuous variable. Interesting historical research by Heideman, Johnson, and Burrus (1984) showed that Gauss discovered the fundamental principle of the fast Fourier transform (discussed in Chapter 9) as early as 1805 — even before the publication of Fourier's treatise on harmonic series representation of functions.

Until the early 1950s, signal processing as we have defined it was typically done with analog systems that were implemented with electronic circuits or even with

**R M** Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at <u>docketalarm.com</u>.

## DOCKET



## Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

### **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

### **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

### **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

### API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

### LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

### **E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS**

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

