

The default implementation returns `m_bEOSDelivered`. This is used by the base renderer class so that only one `EC_COMPLETE` message is sent to the filter graph manager each time it is run, regardless of the number of times `EndOfStream` is called.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::IsStreaming

CBaseRenderer Class

Determines if the filter is streaming data.

BOOL IsStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns TRUE if the renderer is rendering, or FALSE if it isn't.

Remarks

The default implementation returns `m_bStreaming`. In the base renderer class, "streaming" and "rendering" are used in the same context as "running".

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::NonDelegatingQueryInterface

CBaseRenderer Class

Retrieves an interface and increments the reference count.

```
HRESULT NonDelegatingQueryInterface(  
    REFIID riid,  
    void **ppv  
);
```

Parameters

riid

Reference identifier.

ppv

Pointer to the interface.

Return Values

Returns `E_POINTER` if *ppv* is invalid. Returns `NOERROR` if the query is successful or `E_NOINTERFACE` if it is not.

Remarks

This member function overrides `CBaseFilter::NonDelegatingQueryInterface`. It exposes the `IMediaPosition` and `IMediaSeeking` interfaces and then calls `CBaseFilter::NonDelegatingQueryInterface` for interfaces implemented in the base classes.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::NotReady

CBaseRenderer Class

Forces the `m_evComplete` event into a nonsignaled state.

void NotReady(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function calls the `CAMEvent::Reset` member function of the `m_evComplete` event object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::NotifyEndOfStream

CBaseRenderer Class

Sends an [EC_COMPLETE](#) event to the filter graph manager.

void NotifyEndOfStream(void);

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnReceiveFirstSample

CBaseRenderer Class

Provides derived classes with an opportunity to render static data.

**virtual void OnReceiveFirstSample(
 IMediaSample *pMediaSample
);**

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is unimplemented. It is primarily used by video renderers. When they receive their first sample while paused, they typically draw the frame as a poster image. This virtual method is called by the base classes when the first sample arrives.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnRenderEnd

CBaseRenderer Class

Notifies the derived class that rendering has finished.

```
virtual void OnRenderEnd(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
    );
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is available for quality management and performance measuring. It is called immediately after the sample is rendered.

Quality management implementations typically need to know how long it takes the renderer to render the data.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnRenderStart

CBaseRenderer Class

Notifies the derived class that rendering is about to start.

```
virtual void OnRenderStart(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
    );
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is available for quality management and performance measuring. It is called immediately before the sample is rendered.

Quality management implementations typically need to know how long it takes the renderer to render the data.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnStartStreaming

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Notifies the derived class that streaming has started.

virtual HRESULT OnStartStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns NOERROR in the default implementation.

Remarks

This member function is called from [CBaseRenderer::StartStreaming](#). Override this in your derived class to provide special handling when streaming starts.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnStopStreaming

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Notifies the derived class that streaming has stopped.

virtual HRESULT OnStopStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns NOERROR in the default implementation.

Remarks

This member function is called from [CBaseRenderer::StopStreaming](#). Override this in your derived class to provide special handling when streaming stops.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnWaitEnd

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Notifies the derived class that a wait for a rendering time has just ended.

virtual void OnWaitEnd(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is available for quality control and is called from [CBaseRenderer::WaitForRenderTime](#) just after waiting for the presentation time for a sample. Override this member function to obtain performance measurements in a derived class.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::OnWaitStart

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Notifies the derived class that a wait for a rendering time is about to start.

virtual void OnWaitStart(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is available for quality control and is called from [CBaseRenderer::WaitForRenderTime](#) just before waiting for the presentation time for a sample. Override this member function to obtain performance measurements in a derived class.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Pause

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Changes the renderer to `State_Paused` if it isn't already.

HRESULT Pause(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

The following steps comprise a pause operation.

1. Commit the allocator used for the connection.
2. Allow the thread for the upstream filter to wait in [Receive](#).
3. Cancel any outstanding clock advise links.
4. Check to see if the renderer is connected and allow a state change.
5. If a sample is available, complete the state change to `State_Paused`.

If the member function succeeds, `DirectShow` sets the filter's `m_State` member variable to `State_Paused`. If the renderer is in the `State_Stopped` state, `DirectShow` calls the [CBasePin::Active](#) member function for each of the renderer's connected pins.

This member function overrides [CBaseFilter::Pause](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::PrepareReceive

CBaseRenderer Class

Ensures that a sample can be rendered.

```
virtual HRESULT PrepareReceive(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

Returns NOERROR if successful, VFW_E_SAMPLE_REJECTED if the delivered sample is later than the sample's timestamp, or E_UNEXPECTED if a renderable sample is already available.

Remarks

This member function is called when the upstream filter delivers a sample. If the upstream filter is running (streaming), the sample is scheduled with the reference clock. If the upstream filter is not streaming, a sample in paused mode has been received, so any state transition can be completed. On leaving this function, everything will be unlocked so an application thread can get in and change the state to stopped. In this case, it will also signal the thread event so that the wait call is stopped.

This function is typically called from the [IMemInputPin::Receive](#) method on the renderer's input pin. Although **PrepareReceive** returns VFW_E_SAMPLE_REJECTED if the sample was delivered too late to be useful, the **IMemInputPin::Receive** method should not pass the VFW_E_SAMPLE_REJECTED error on to the upstream filter in this case. Instead, **IMemInputPin::Receive** should return NOERROR, because no error occurred.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::PrepareRender

CBaseRenderer Class

Provides an opportunity for the derived class to prepare itself for rendering a sample.

virtual void PrepareRender(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is called from CBaseRenderer::Receive before rendering each frame. A derived class can take this opportunity to prepare itself for rendering. For example, a video renderer might realize its palette. This is not implemented in the base class.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Ready

CBaseRenderer Class

Puts the m_evComplete event into a signaled state.

void Ready(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function calls the m_evComplete CAMEvent object's Set member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Receive

CBaseRenderer Class

Called by the upstream filter when a sample is available to render.

```
virtual HRESULT Receive(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
    );
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function sets an advise link with the clock, waits for the time to arrive, and then renders the data by calling the pure virtual [DoRenderSample](#) member function that the derived class will have overridden. After rendering the sample, the end of stream can also be signaled if it was the last one sent before [EndOfStream](#) was called.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Render

CBaseRenderer Class

Asks the derived class to render the sample.

```
virtual HRESULT Render(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
    );
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function is called when the derived class should render the sample. The action taken is dependent on the nature of the renderer; a video renderer will typically draw the image in a window. This class calls the pure virtual [DoRenderSample](#) to be implemented by the derived class.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::ResetEndOfStream

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Resets the end-of-stream flag.

virtual HRESULT ResetEndOfStream(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function is typically called when changing to stopped states. A renderer must keep track of when it gets told that no more data is going to arrive (this is done when the sourcing filter calls [IPin::EndOfStream](#)). At this point the renderer finishes rendering any data it has and then sends an `EC_COMPLETE` event to the filter graph manager.

However, when the filter is stopped, the whole state is cleared. When the filter is subsequently run, the source filter will signal the end of stream again if it has no data to send. In this case, the renderer should signal another `EC_COMPLETE` event to the filter graph manager. This member function resets the state so that when next requested it will send an `EC_COMPLETE` event.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::ResetEndOfStreamTimer

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

If the end-of-stream timer is nonzero, this function sets it to zero.

void ResetEndOfStreamTimer(void);

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Run

CBaseRenderer Class

Transitions the renderer to State_Running if it is not in this state already.

HRESULT Run(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

If the renderer is in the State_Stopped state, the [CBaseRenderer::Pause](#) member function is called first to transition the renderer to the State_Paused state, which has the effect of activating any of the filter's connected pins. If this member function succeeds, the renderer's [m_State](#) member variable is set to State_Running.

This member function overrides [CBaseFilter::Run](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::ScheduleSample

CBaseRenderer Class

Schedules the sample for rendering.

```
virtual BOOL ScheduleSample(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

One of the main purposes of the renderer base class is to manage the timing and synchronization of the samples it is sent; that is, the timely presentation of data. It also must look after quality management, which might involve dropping samples or rendering them earlier than indicated in the time stamps on the sample. This method and its overrides in derived classes manage the setting up of advise links with the clock, so that the samples can be rendered at the appropriate time.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SendEndOfStream

CBaseRenderer Class

Signals an EC_COMPLETE event to the filter graph manager.

```
virtual HRESULT SendEndOfStream(void);
```

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

When the renderer receives an end-of-stream notification, it will finish rendering any data it currently has and then send an EC_COMPLETE event to the filter graph manager.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SendNotifyWindow

CBaseRenderer Class

Passes the notification window handle to the upstream filter.

```
void SendNotifyWindow(  
    IPin *pPin,  
    HWND hwnd  
);
```

Parameters

pPin
 IPin interface of the upstream pin.
hwnd
 Handle of the notification window.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

If the output pin of the upstream filter supports the IMediaEventSink interface, this member function sends it the EC_NOTIFY_WINDOW event code with the window handle in *hwnd*.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseRenderer::SendRepaint

CBaseRenderer Class

Signals an EC_REPAINT message to the filter graph.

```
void SendRepaint(void);
```

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This should be used with some care. EC_REPAINT events are processed by the filter graph manager by setting the current position to the same position that the graph is currently in. This has the effect of sending the same data through the graph again, which is an expensive operation. Video renderers are the main users of this event, because they sometimes need the same image sent again to refresh the display.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SetAbortSignal

CBaseRenderer Class

Sets the m_bAbort abort signal flag.

```
void SetAbortSignal(  
    BOOL bAbort  
);
```

Parameters

bAbort
Abort value to be set.

Return Values

Returns an HRESULT value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SetMediaType

CBaseRenderer Class

Informs the derived class of the selected media type.

```
virtual HRESULT SetMediaType(  

```

```
const CMediaType *pmt  
);
```

Parameters

pmt
Media type to be set.

Return Values

Returns NOERROR by default; the overriding member function should return a valid [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function is called by the [CRendererInputPin::SetMediaType](#) member function and has no implementation in this class. Derived classes can optionally override to add functionality.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SetRepaintStatus

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Resets the [m_bRepaintStatus](#) flag when [EC_REPAINT](#) has been signaled to the filter graph.

```
void SetRepaintStatus(  
    BOOL bRepaint  
);
```

Parameters

bRepaint
Boolean value assigned to the [m_bRepaintStatus](#) flag.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The [m_bRepaintStatus](#) flag ensures that the filter graph is not flooded with redundant calls. Once one [EC_REPAINT](#) message has been sent, no more will be sent until the renderer receives some data.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::ShouldDrawSampleNow

CBaseRenderer Class

Determines if the sample should be drawn between the start and stop times given.

```
virtual HRESULT ShouldDrawSampleNow(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample,  
    REFERENCE_TIME *pStartTime,  
    REFERENCE_TIME *pEndTime  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample

Media sample.

pStartTime

Start time in question.

pEndTime

End time in question.

Return Values

Returns S_FALSE by default. The overriding member function can return S_OK to indicate that the sample should be drawn immediately instead of waiting for its scheduled time.

Remarks

This member function is used by the derived video renderer class for quality management.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SignalTimerFired

CBaseRenderer Class

Resets the current advise time to zero after a timer fires.

virtual void SignalTimerFired(void);

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::SourceThreadCanWait

CBaseRenderer Class

Sets or resets the thread event.

**virtual HRESULT SourceThreadCanWait(
 BOOL *bCanWait*
);**

Parameters

bCanWait
TRUE or FALSE, depending on intent.

Return Values

Returns an HRESULT value.

Remarks

In some states, such as paused or running, it is expected that the upstream filter's thread will be blocked in the call to the renderer's input pin Receive method. In other cases, such as when the renderer is stopped, the upstream filter should not be required to wait. This member function represents a manual reset event that sets this TRUE to wait, or FALSE to keep the thread from waiting.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::StartStreaming

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Called to schedule any pending sample with the clock, and to display timing information.

virtual HRESULT StartStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

If no sample is available but an end-of-stream flag is queued, this member function sends an EC_COMPLETE message to the filter graph manager. If a sample is available, the EC_COMPLETE message will not be sent until it has been rendered.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::Stop

[CBaseRenderer Class](#)

Transitions the renderer to State_Stopped if it is not in this state already.

HRESULT Stop(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

If the renderer is not in the State_Stopped state, the [CRendererInputPin::Inactive](#) member function is called for each of the renderer's connected pins. If this member function succeeds, the filter's [m_State](#) member variable is set to State_Stopped.

This member function overrides [CBaseFilter::Stop](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::StopStreaming

CBaseRenderer Class

Sets the internal flag to indicate not to schedule arrival of any more samples.

virtual HRESULT StopStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

Call this member function when streaming stops. The state change methods in the filter implementation take care of canceling any clock advise link that has been set up and clearing any pending sample.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::TimerCallback

CBaseRenderer Class

Checks if it is time to signal the end of the current data stream.

void TimerCallback(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

If the [m_EndOfStreamTimer](#) data member is nonzero, this function sets it to zero and calls [CBaseRenderer::SendEndOfStream](#) to signal the end of the current data stream.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::WaitForReceiveToComplete

CBaseRenderer Class

Waits for the CBaseRenderer::Receive method to complete.

void WaitForReceiveToComplete();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Use this method when you wish to avoid deadlock which occurs when CBaseRenderer::Stop is called and the CBaseRenderer::Receive hasn't completed.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseRenderer::WaitForRenderTime

CBaseRenderer Class

Waits for either the due time for the current sample to arrive or for rendering to be stopped.

virtual HRESULT WaitForRenderTime(void);

Return Values

Returns an HRESULT value.

Remarks

The member function is virtual because derived classes might have more events that they also want to wait on, which might interrupt the waiting process. The base class has two events: m_RenderEvent and m_ThreadSignal. The former is signaled by the clock when the sample is due for rendering. The latter is signaled by the filter when it should give up waiting and abort (making the assumption that the filter was stopped).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

CBaseStreamControl Class



The **CBaseStreamControl** class implements the [IAMStreamControl](#) interface on input and output pins in a filter graph. This class provides control of the starting and stopping of various components of the stream. Various streams can be turned on or off without affecting the rest of the graph. For example, an audio stream can be turned off while a video stream continues, for muting. Or perhaps a capture stream can be turned off while preview continues to flow. This could be used to assist in frame accuracy when exact capture start or stop times are important.

CBaseStreamControl enables you to specify start and stop times in the [StartAt](#) and [StopAt](#) member functions and provides stream information in the [GetInfo](#) member function.

CBaseStreamControl uses the [StreamControlState](#) enumerated data type to describe the various states a stream is in. If a stream is flowing it is indicated by the [STREAM_FLOWING](#) setting, otherwise it is in a discarding state indicated by the [STREAM_DISCARDING](#) setting.

Filters that need to implement the interface on their own should typically inherit from **CBaseStreamControl** to obtain an implementation of the [StartAt](#), [StopAt](#), and [GetInfo](#) methods. The **CBaseStreamControl** class also maintains state information and decides what to do with the sample. To implement your own filter with pins that support **CBaseStreamControl** you must:

- Inform the filter object of all state changes through the [NotifyFilterState](#) member function.
- Inform the filter object of all [SetSyncSource](#) calls to the filter.
- Inform the filter object when in a flushing state, and when flushing has completed, in the [CBaseStreamControl::Flushing](#) member function.
- Use the [CheckStreamState](#) function to make decisions about discarding or passing along samples.
- Make sure output pins set discontinuity flags on the first sample flowed after samples have been discarded.
- Tell your pin what the sink is when your filter joins a filter graph, as shown in the following example.

```

STDMETHODIMP CMyFilter::JoinFilterGraph(IFilterGraph * pGraph, LPCWSTR pName)
{
    HRESULT hr = CBaseFilter::JoinFilterGraph(pGraph, pName);
    if (hr == S_OK)
        m_pMyPin->SetFilterGraph(m_pSink);
    return hr;
}
  
```

If you are implementing the [IAMStreamControl](#) interface without using **CBaseStreamControl**,

the last two preceding points do not apply.

For sample code see the video capture sample at DXmedia\Samples\DS\vidcap.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CBaseStreamControl	Constructs a CBaseStreamControl object.
CheckStreamState	Retrieves a stream's current state.
Flushing	Notifies the pin when the filter is flushing.
GetInfo	Retrieves information about the current streaming settings.
NotifyFilterState	Notifies the pin of what state your filter is in.
SetFilterGraph	Sets the event sink notification that your filter graph is using.
SetSyncSource	Identifies the reference clock being used by the graph your filter is in.
StartAt	Informs the pin when to start sending streaming data.
StopAt	Informs the pin when to stop processing data and discard any new samples.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::CBaseStreamControl

[CBaseStreamControl Class](#)

Constructs a [CBaseStreamControl](#) object.

CBaseStreamControl();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This method initializes start time and stop time to MAX_TIME, which implies that times are unspecified.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::CheckStreamState

CBaseStreamControl Class

Retrieves a stream's current state.

```
enum StreamControlState CheckStreamState( IMediaSample * pSample );
```

Values

pSample

Pointer to an IMediaSample interface.

Return Values

Returns a StreamControlState enumeration type.

Remarks

Your filter calls this member function when your pin receives a sample that it is about to forward. The first sample you forward after throwing one or more away should be marked as a discontinuity.

If your filter implements the IAMDroppedFrames interface and is counting how many frames are dropped, it should not count a frame that is discarded as dropped.

The following example shows what you should include if your filter inherits from CBaseStreamControl.

```
//Pin has been given a sample to pass on, pSample
//m_fLastSampleDiscarded is initialized to TRUE when streaming starts

int iStreamState = CheckStreamState(pSample);
if (iStreamState == STREAM_FLOWING) {
    if (m_fLastSampleDiscarded)
        pSample->SetDiscontinuity(TRUE);
    m_fLastSampleDiscarded = FALSE;
    //now deliver it or put it o a queue to be delivered, or whatever.
} else {
    m_fLastSampleDiscarded = TRUE;    //next one is discontinuity
    //do NOT deliver this sample. Just throw it away
}
```

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::Flushing

CBaseStreamControl Class

Notifies the pin that the filter is flushing.

```
void Flushing(  
    BOOL bInProgress );
```

Parameters

bInProgress

TRUE indicates flushing in progress; FALSE indicates not flushing.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

If you are implementing your own filter, your pin must call this member function on [BeginFlush](#) and [EndFlush](#) ([DeliverBeginFlush](#) and [DeliverEndFlush](#) for output pins) to say when it is flushing, as shown in the following example.

```
HRESULT CMyPin::BeginFlush()  
{  
    Flushing(TRUE);  
    //or CBaseInputPin for input pins  
    return CBaseOutputPin::BeginFlush();  
}  
  
HRESULT CMyPin::EndFlush()  
{  
    Flushing(FALSE);  
    //or CBaseInputPin for input pins  
    return CBaseOutputPin::EndFlush();  
}
```

Note that capture filters that do not support seeking do not call this method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::GetInfo

CBaseStreamControl Class

Retrieves information about the current streaming settings.

```
HRESULT GetInfo(  
    AM_STREAM_INFO *pInfo  
);
```

Parameters

pInfo
Pointer to an `AM_STREAM_INFO` structure.

Return Values

Returns `S_OK`.

Remarks

This member function implements the `IAMStreamControl` interface and is called by the user to find out if a pin is streaming and to obtain the stream's attributes.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::NotifyFilterState

CBaseStreamControl Class

Notifies the pin of your filter's state.

```
void NotifyFilterState(  
    FILTER_STATE new_state,  
    REFERENCE_TIME tStart = 0 );
```

Parameters

new_state
Filter's new state.

tStart
Time at which streaming starts (only valid when *new_state* is in *State_Running*).

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function notifies the pin of a filter's new state by setting a `FILTER_STATE` enumeration type variable.

If you are implementing your own filter, inform your pin's **CBaseStreamControl::NotifyFilterState** member function what state your filter is in every time your filter changes state, as shown in the following example.

```
STDMETHODIMP CMyFilter::Run(REFERENCE_TIME tStart)
{
    //once error check is successful
    m_pMyPin->NotifyFilterState(State_Running, tStart);

    //now continue with whatever should occur next, for example...
    return CBaseFilter::Run(tStart);
}

STDMETHODIMP CMyFilter::Pause()
{
    //once error check is successful
    m_pMyPin->NotifyFilterState(State_Paused, 0);

    //now continue with whatever should occur next, for example...
    return CBaseFilter::Pause();
}

STDMETHODIMP CMyFilter::Stop()
{
    //once error check is successful
    m_pMyPin->NotifyFilterState(State_Stopped, 0);

    //now continue with whatever should occur next, for example...
    return CBaseFilter::Stop(tStart);
}
```

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::SetFilterGraph

CBaseStreamControl Class

Sets the event sink notification your filter graph is using.

```
void SetFilterGraph(  

    IMediaEventSink *pSink )
```

Parameters

pSink

Pointer to an IMediaEventSink interface.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

A filter calls this member function in its [JoinFilterGraph](#) member function after it creates the [IMediaEventSink](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::SetSyncSource

[CBaseStreamControl Class](#)

Identifies the reference clock being used by the graph your filter is in.

```
void SetSyncSource(  
    IReferenceClock * pRefClock );
```

Parameters

pRefClock
Pointer to the [IReferenceClock](#) interface.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Filters with pins that use this class should ensure that they pass sync source information to this member function, as shown in the following example.

```
STDMETHODIMP CMyFilter::SetSyncSource(IReferenceClock *pClock)  
{  
    m_pMyPin->SetSyncSource(pClock);  
    return CBaseFilter::SetSyncSource(pClock);  
}
```

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::StartAt

[CBaseStreamControl Class](#)

Tells the pin when to start sending streaming data.

```
HRESULT StartAt(  
    const REFERENCE_TIME * ptStart = NULL,  
    DWORD dwCookie = 0 );
```

Parameters

ptStart

[REFERENCE_TIME](#) at which to start streaming. If **NULL**, start immediately (no notification). If **MAX_TIME**, start canceled or will have no effect.

dwCookie

Specifies a particular value, other than 0, to be sent with the notification when the start occurs. (Only used if *ptStart* is non-**NULL** or **MAX_TIME**).

Return Values

Returns **NOERROR**.

Remarks

Streams are enabled by default, so this member function will have no effect unless you have previously called [StopAt](#).

After the stream is in a **STREAM_FLOWING** state, the filter will send an [EC_STREAM_CONTROL_STARTED](#) event notification to the filter graph manager.

Note If start and stop are scheduled for a single point in time, the effect is as if the start occurred an infinitesimal time before the stop. You can use this effect to capture a single frame.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseStreamControl::StopAt

[CBaseStreamControl Class](#)

Informs the pin when to stop processing data and to discard any new samples.

```
HRESULT StopAt(  
    const REFERENCE_TIME * ptStop = NULL,  
    BOOL bSendExtra = FALSE,  
    DWORD dwCookie = 0 );
```

Parameters

ptStop

REFERENCE_TIME at which to stop streaming. If NULL, stop immediately (no notification). If MAX_TIME, cancels stop.

bSendExtra

Indicates whether to send an extra sample after scheduled *ptStop* time.

dwCookie

Specifies a particular value to be sent with the notification when the stop occurs. (Only used if *ptStart* if not NULL or MAX_TIME).

Return Values

Returns NOERROR.

Remarks

This member function implements the IAMStreamControl::StopAt method and is used by pins and filters that must support the stopping of streams. It sets the StreamControlState enumeration type to STREAM_DISCARDING.

In a video capture scenario, specify StopAt on both the output pin of a capture filter and an input pin of a multiplexer and have the multiplexer send notification of completion. This ensures that the capture filter doesn't needlessly capture extra frames, while also guaranteeing that the multiplexer has written the last frame to disk.

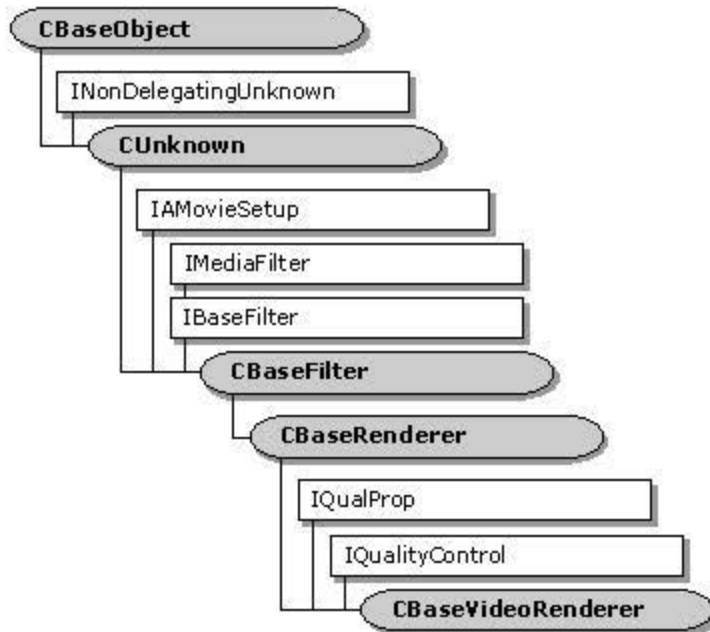
In addition, the capture output pin should specify TRUE for the *bSendExtra* variable while all other pins specify FALSE. If an extra frame is not sent the multiplexer will end up waiting for the stop time indefinitely and not realize it already has received all the capture information.

If you are using ICaptureGraphBuilder, the ICaptureGraphBuilder::ControlStream method will accomplish all this for you automatically.

Note If a stop time is given in the middle of a packet, the filter will deliver the whole packet before going into a discarding state. Also, if start and stop are scheduled for a single point in time, the effect is as if the start occurred an infinitesimal time before the stop. You can use this effect to capture a single frame.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CBaseVideoRenderer Class



This base class is used for building video renderer filters.

Protected Data Members

Name	Description
m_bDrawLateFrames	Flag to signal that no frames are to be dropped. Debug only. This destroys synchronization.
m_bSupplierHandlingQuality	TRUE indicates quality control messages are being handled. This lets the renderer know to wait until as late as possible to drop frames itself, and to display the next frame very early after the supplier has dropped a frame.
m_cFramesDrawn	Total number of frames that have been drawn since streaming started.
m_cFramesDropped	Cumulative frames that have been dropped in the renderer since streaming started. Frames can also be dropped upstream without the renderer recognizing them.
m_idDecision	MSR_id for the decision code of ShouldDrawSampleNow .
m_idDuration	MSR_id for the duration of a frame.
m_idFrameAccuracy	Performance log identifier for the time in milliseconds that the frame was late.
m_idFrameAvg	Performance log identifier for the average frame time that is used for synchronization and quality control.
m_idQualityRate	MSR_id for the quality rate requested.
m_idQualityTime	MSR_id for the quality time requested.

m_idRenderAvg	Performance log identifier for the average renderer time recorded.
m_idSchLateTime	MSR_id for how late the frame was when scheduled.
m_idSendQuality	MSR_id for timing the notifications (unused).
m_idTimeStamp	MSR_id for a frame time stamp.
m_idWait	Performance log identifier for the recorded wait time (unused).
m_idWaitReal	Performance log identifier for the true wait time.
m_iSumFrameTime	Sum of the interframe times; needed for the property page.
m_iSumSqAcc	Sum of the squares of the accuracies (in milliseconds) needed for the property page.
m_iSumSqFrameTime	Sum of the squares of interframe times; needed for the property page.
m_iTotAcc	Sum of the accuracies (in milliseconds) needed for the property page.
m_nNormal	Number of consecutive frames drawn at their scheduled time. A negative number indicates that a frame has just been dropped by the renderer.
m_trDuration	Duration of the last frame (difference between the start and end times).
m_trEarliness	How early a frame is allowed to be played when a frame has just been dropped.
m_trFrame	Most recently recorded time between frames. Used in statistical measurements.
m_trFrameAvg	Average interframe time in reference time units.
m_trLastDraw	Time of previous frame. Used for interframe time references.
m_trLate	Amount of time that the current frame was late. Used in statistical measurements.
m_trRenderAvg	Time that frames are taking to perform the bit-block transfer.
m_trRenderLast	Time for the last frame bit-block transfer.
m_trRenderStart	Time the bit-block transfer started. Used to get m_trRenderLast .
m_trThrottle	Period to insert after rendering each frame, typically used when audio quality has been increased and video performance must be decreased to allow this.
m_trWaitAvg	Average wait time in reference time units.
m_tStreamingStart	Used for property page statistics. Represents the start time of the current streaming process or the previous streaming process if not currently streaming.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CBaseVideoRenderer	Constructs a CBaseVideoRenderer object.
GetStdDev	Estimates the standard deviation in milliseconds between when each frame is due and when it is actually rendered, for per-frame statistics.
PreparePerformanceData	Sets the m_trLate and m_trFrame values of the current frame.
ThrottleWait	Inserts a wait period after each frame.

Overridable Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>JoinFilterGraph</u>	Sends <u>EC_WINDOW_DESTROYED</u> event notification when filter is removed from the filter graph.
<u>OnDirectRender</u>	Collects timing information that controls synchronization and quality control.
<u>OnRenderEnd</u>	Records information for quality control and synchronization.
<u>OnRenderStart</u>	Records information for quality control and synchronization.
<u>OnStartStreaming</u>	Resets all times that control streaming.
<u>OnStopStreaming</u>	Called at the end of streaming to fix times for the property page report.
<u>OnWaitEnd</u>	Called when a wait time ends. Performance logging only.
<u>OnWaitStart</u>	Updates times spent waiting and not waiting. Performance logging only.
<u>RecordFrameLateness</u>	Records how timely the rendering occurred and gathers statistics for the property page.
<u>ResetStreamingTimes</u>	Resets all times that control the streaming.
<u>ScheduleSample</u>	Sets up an advise link with the clock.
<u>SendQuality</u>	Sends a quality message to indicate what the supplier should do about quality.
<u>ShouldDrawSampleNow</u>	Determines if the video should be drawn when it is due, without setting a timer advise link with the clock.

Implemented IQualProp Methods

Name	Description
<u>get_AvgFrameRate</u>	Retrieves the average frame rate since streaming started in frames per 100 seconds.
<u>get_AvgSyncOffset</u>	Retrieves the average of the time in milliseconds between when each frame was due and when it was actually rendered. This applies to all frames since streaming started.
<u>get_DevSyncOffset</u>	Retrieves the standard deviation of the time in milliseconds between when each frame was due and when it was actually rendered for all frames since streaming started.
<u>get_FramesDrawn</u>	Retrieves the number of frames drawn since streaming started.
<u>get_FramesDroppedInRenderer</u>	Retrieves the number of frames dropped by the renderer. Frames can also be dropped upstream.
<u>get_Jitter</u>	Retrieves the standard deviation of the time in milliseconds between each frame and the next. This applies to all frames since streaming started.

Implemented INonDelegatingUnknown Methods

Name	Description
<u>NonDelegatingQueryInterface</u>	Provides access to other interfaces, particularly the property page.

Implemented IQualityControl Methods

Name Description

[Notify](#) Notifies the recipient that a quality change is requested.

[SetSink](#) Sets the [IQualityControl](#) object that will receive quality messages.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::CBaseVideoRenderer

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Constructs a [CBaseVideoRenderer](#) object.

```
CBaseVideoRenderer(  
    REFCLSID RenderClass,  
    TCHAR *pName,  
    LPUNKNOWN pUnk,  
    HRESULT *phr  
);
```

Parameters

RenderClass

Class identifier for this renderer.

pName

Description used for debugging purposes.

pUnk

Pointer to the aggregated owner object.

phr

Pointer to an [HRESULT](#) value.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_AvgFrameRate

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Calculates and retrieves the average frame rate achieved.

```
HRESULT get_AvgFrameRate(  
    int *piAvgFrameRate  
);
```

Parameters

piAvgFrameRate
Number of frames per second since streaming began.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_AvgFrameRate](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_AvgSyncOffset

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Retrieves the average of the time in milliseconds between when each frame was due and when it was actually rendered for all frames since streaming started.

```
HRESULT get_AvgSyncOffset(  
    int *piAvg  
);
```

Parameters

piAvg
Pointer to the average of the time as previously described.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_AvgSyncOffset](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_DevSyncOffset

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Retrieves the standard deviation of the time in milliseconds between when each frame was due and when it was actually rendered, for all frames since streaming started.

```
HRESULT get_DevSyncOffset(  
    int *piDev  
);
```

Parameters

piDev

Pointer to the standard deviation of the time as previously described.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_DevSyncOffset](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_FramesDrawn

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Retrieves the [m_cFramesDrawn](#) member variable, giving the number of frames drawn since streaming started.

```
HRESULT get_FramesDrawn(  
    int *pcFramesDrawn  
);
```

Parameters

pcFramesDrawn
Number of frames drawn.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_FramesDrawn](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_FramesDroppedInRenderer

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Retrieves the number of frames dropped by the renderer.

```
HRESULT get_FramesDroppedInRenderer(  
    int *pcFramesDropped  
);
```

Parameters

pcFramesDropped
Number of frames dropped.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_FramesDroppedInRenderer](#) method. This is how the property page retrieves the data from the scheduler. Note that frames can also be dropped upstream without the renderer even seeing them.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::get_Jitter

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Retrieves the standard deviation of time in milliseconds between each frame and the next for all frames since streaming started.

```
HRESULT get_Jitter(  
    int *piJitter  
);
```

Parameters

piJitter

Standard deviation of the interframe time in milliseconds.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualProp::get_Jitter](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::GetStdDev

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Estimates the standard deviation in milliseconds between when each frame is due and when it is actually rendered, for per-frame statistics.

```
HRESULT GetStdDev(  
    int nSamples,  
    int *piResult,  
    LONGLONG lISumSq,  
    LONGLONG iTot
```

```
);
```

Parameters

nSamples

Integer value that contains the number of video samples received by the video renderer.

piResult

Pointer to an integer value that will contain the standard deviation.

lISumSq

Value that represents the standard deviation, in milliseconds, of all rendered video samples. The lower the value, the more consistent the rendering.

iTot

Value that represents the mean value, in milliseconds, between the stamped time and rendered time for all rendered video samples.

Return Values

Returns NOERROR.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::JoinFilterGraph

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Sends EC_WINDOW_DESTROYED event notification when a filter is removed from the filter graph.

```
HRESULT JoinFilterGraph(
    IBaseFilterGraph * pGraph,
    LPCWSTR pName
);
```

Parameters

pGraph

Pointer to the filter graph to join.

pName

[in, string] Name of the filter being added.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function overrides the [CBaseFilter::JoinFilterGraph](#) member function. If this function determines that the filter is being notified that it is leaving the filter graph (*pGraph* is null, but *m_pGraph* is not), it sends an [EC_WINDOW_DESTROYED](#) event notification so that the resource manager does not hold on to the renderer as a focus object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::NonDelegatingQueryInterface

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Returns an interface and increments the reference count.

```

HRESULT NonDelegatingQueryInterface(
    REFIID riid,
    VOID **ppv
);

```

Parameters

riid Reference identifier.

ppv Pointer to the interface.

Return Values

Returns [E_POINTER](#) if *ppv* is invalid. Returns [NOERROR](#) if the query is successful or [E_NOINTERFACE](#) if it is not.

Remarks

Override this member function to publish the interface.

This member function implements the [INonDelegatingUnknown::NonDelegatingQueryInterface](#) method. It exposes the [IQualProp](#) interface and then calls [CBaseRenderer::NonDelegatingQueryInterface](#) to expose interfaces implemented in the base classes.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::Notify

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Receives a notification that a quality change is requested.

```
HRESULT Notify(  
    IBaseFilter * pSelf,  
    Quality q  
);
```

Parameters

pSelf

[in] Pointer to the filter that is sending the quality notification.

q

[in] Quality notification structure.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualityControl::Notify](#) method on the video renderer. This is called, typically by the filter graph manager, when the quality must be cut back. This might occur when the quality of audio playback has been increased to the point that the video playback quality must be decreased.

Notify sets the [m_trThrottle](#) data member to a delay value to be inserted between frames by [ThrottleWait](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnDirectRender

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Collects timing information that controls synchronization and quality control.

```
virtual void OnDirectRender(  

```

```
IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

Call this member function instead of [OnRenderStart](#) and [OnRenderEnd](#). This is used by the Microsoft® DirectDraw® video renderer.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnRenderEnd

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Performs smoothing for cases where the rendering time varies due to interruptions.

```
void OnRenderEnd(  
  IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function should be called just after drawing an image.

This member function overrides [CBaseRenderer::OnRenderEnd](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnRenderStart

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Sets information for rendering.

```
void OnRenderStart(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function retrieves the current clock time from the system and stores it in a member variable to be used when the drawing is complete. The function also performs performance logging. This member function should be called just before drawing starts.

This member function overrides [CBaseRenderer::OnRenderStart](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnStartStreaming

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Resets all times that control streaming.

```
HRESULT OnStartStreaming(void);
```

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function overrides [CBaseRenderer::OnStartStreaming](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnStopStreaming

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Called at the end of streaming to fix times for the property page report.

HRESULT OnStopStreaming(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function is called twice, once when pausing and again when the stream is actually stopped.

This member function overrides [CBaseRenderer::OnStopStreaming](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnWaitEnd

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Called when a wait time ends.

void OnWaitEnd(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function does only performance logging. It is called when the thread is awoken from waiting in the window, or when the next sample is due to be rendered. It could eventually be used to gather information that controls synchronization.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::OnWaitStart

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Updates times spent waiting and not waiting.

void OnWaitStart(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is called when starting to wait for a rendering event. It is used only for performance measurements.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::PreparePerformanceData

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Sets the [m_trLate](#) and [m_trFrame](#) values of the current frame.

**void PreparePerformanceData(
int trLate,
int trFrame**

```
);
```

Parameters

trLate

How late the sample was beyond its due time, in reference time units.

trFrame

Interframe time, in reference time units.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function sets m_trLate to the value of *trLate* and m_trFrame to the value of *trFrame*.

When the CBaseVideoRenderer::RecordFrameLateness member function is called from either CBaseVideoRenderer::OnRenderStart or CBaseVideoRenderer::OnDirectRender, it passes the values of m_trLate and m_trFrame for it to update the statistics. **PreparePerformanceData** is called from CBaseVideoRenderer::OnWaitEnd to set these data member values.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::RecordFrameLateness

CBaseVideoRenderer Class

Records how timely the rendering occurred and gathers statistics for the property page.

```
virtual void RecordFrameLateness(  
    int trLate,  
    int trFrame  
);
```

Parameters

trLate

How late the sample was beyond its due time, in reference time units.

trFrame

Interframe time, in reference time units.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::ResetStreamingTimes

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Resets all times that control the streaming.

virtual HRESULT ResetStreamingTimes(void);

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

The times are set so that frames will not be initially dropped and so that the first frame will be drawn.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::ScheduleSample

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Overrides the base class that does the main work to keep a count of samples drawn and dropped (which are used by the [IQualProp](#) implementation).

**BOOL ScheduleSample(
 IMediaSample *pMediaSample
);**

Parameters

pMediaSample
Media sample.

Return Values

Returns TRUE if the sample is scheduled; otherwise, returns FALSE.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::SendQuality

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Sends a quality message to indicate what the supplier should do about quality.

```
virtual HRESULT SendQuality(  
    REFERENCE_TIME trLate,  
    REFERENCE_TIME trRealStream  
);
```

Parameters

trLate

Amount of time by which the frame is late.

trRealStream

Current stream time.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function sends a quality control message upstream to control quality management. The nature of the quality message (that is, whether to reduce or increase the number of samples) is determined in the quality management implementation in this derived class (see [CBaseVideoRenderer::ShouldDrawSampleNow](#)).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::SetSink

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Sets the [IQualityControl](#) object that will receive quality messages.

```
HRESULT SetSink(  
    IQualityControl *piqc  
);
```

Parameters

piqc
Pointer to the [IQualityControl](#) object to which the notifications should be sent.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IQualityControl::SetSink](#) method on the video renderer.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::ShouldDrawSampleNow

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Determines if the video should be drawn without setting a timer advise link with the clock.

```
virtual HRESULT ShouldDrawSampleNow(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample,  
    REFERENCE_TIME *ptrStart,  
    REFERENCE_TIME *ptrEnd  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
[IMediaSample](#) interface for the sample.
ptrStart
Time to begin rendering.
ptrEnd
Time to stop rendering.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value. Returns S_OK to mean draw at once without waiting, S_FALSE to

mean draw at time *ptrStart*, or error to mean do not draw the sample; that is, skip it to save time.

Remarks

This member function overrides [CBaseRenderer::ShouldDrawSampleNow](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoRenderer::ThrottleWait

[CBaseVideoRenderer Class](#)

Inserts a wait period after each frame.

void ThrottleWait(void);

Return Values

No return value.

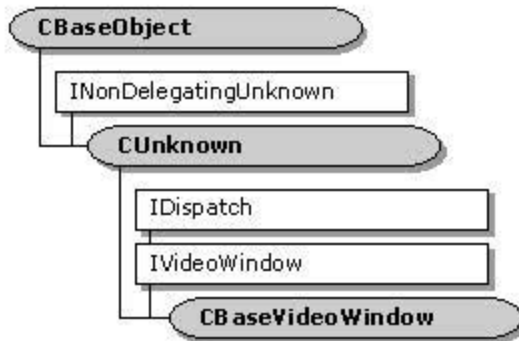
Remarks

This member function waits for a time period obtained from the [m_trThrottle](#) data member.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

CBaseVideoWindow Class



The **CBaseVideoWindow** class handles the **IDispatch** component of the **IVideoWindow** interface and leaves the **IVideoWindow** properties and methods pure virtual.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CBaseVideoWindow	Constructs a CBaseVideoWindow object.

Implemented INonDelegatingUnknown Methods

Name	Description
NonDelegatingQueryInterface	Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

Implemented IDispatch Methods

Name	Description
GetIDsOfNames	Maps a single member and an optional set of parameters to a corresponding set of integer dispatch identifiers, which can be used during subsequent calls to the IDispatch::Invoke method.
GetTypeInfo	Retrieves a type-information object, which can retrieve the type information for an interface.
GetTypeInfoCount	Retrieves the number of type-information interfaces provided by an object.
Invoke	Provides access to properties and methods exposed by an object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

[Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::CBaseVideoWindow

CBaseVideoWindow Class

Constructs a CBaseVideoWindow object.

```
CBaseVideoWindow(  
    const TCHAR *pName,  
    LPUNKNOWN pUnk  
);
```

Parameters

pName

Name of the object used in the CBaseVideoWindow constructor for debugging purposes.

pUnk

Pointer to the owner of this object.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Allocate the *pName* parameter in static memory. This name appears on the debugging terminal upon creation and deletion of an object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::GetIDsOfNames

CBaseVideoWindow Class

Maps a single member function and an optional set of parameters to a corresponding set of integer dispatch identifiers, which can be used upon subsequent calls to the CBaseVideoWindow::Invoke member function.

```
HRESULT GetIDsOfNames(  
    REFIID riid,  
    OLECHAR ** rgszNames,  
    UINT cNames,  
    LCID lcid,  
    DISPID * rgdispid  
);
```

Parameters*riid*

Reference identifier. Reserved for future use. Must be NULL.

rgszNames

Passed-in array of names to be mapped.

cNames

Count of the names to be mapped.

lcid

Locale context in which to interpret the names.

*rgdispid*Caller-allocated array, each element of which contains an ID corresponding to one of the names passed in the *rgszNames* array. The first element represents the member name; the subsequent elements represent each of the member's parameters.**Return Values**

Returns one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
DISP_E_UNKNOWN_CLSID	The CLSID was not recognized.
DISP_E_UNKNOWNNAME	One or more of the names were not known. The returned DISPIDs contain DISPID_UNKNOWN for each entry that corresponds to an unknown name.
E_OUTOFMEMORY	Out of memory.
S_OK	Success.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next ▶](#)
[◀ Previous](#)
[Home](#)
[Topic Contents](#)
[Index](#)
[Next ▶](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::GetTypeInfo

CBaseVideoWindow Class

Retrieves a type-information object, which can retrieve the type information for an interface.

```

HRESULT GetTypeInfo(
    UINT itinfo,
    LCID lcid,
    ITypeInfo ** pptinfo
);

```

Parameters

itinfo

Type information to return. Pass zero to retrieve type information for the IDispatch implementation.

lcid

Locale ID for the type information. An object might be able to return different type information for different languages. This is important for classes that support localized member names. For classes that do not support localized member names, this parameter can be ignored.

pptinfo

Pointer to the type-information object requested.

Return Values

Returns an E_POINTER if *pptinfo* is invalid. Returns TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND if *itinfo* is not zero. Returns S_OK if is successful. Otherwise, returns an HRESULT from one of the calls to retrieve the type. The **HRESULT** indicates the error and can be one of the following standard constants, or other values not listed:

Value	Meaning
E_FAIL	Failure.
E_POINTER	Null pointer argument.
E_INVALIDARG	Invalid argument.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::GetTypeInfoCount

CBaseVideoWindow Class

Retrieves the number of type-information interfaces provided by an object.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(  
    UINT * pctinfo  
);
```

Parameters***pctinfo***

Pointer to the location that receives the number of type-information interfaces that the object provides. If the object provides type information, this number is 1; otherwise, the number is 0.

Return Values

Returns E_POINTER if *pctinfo* is invalid; otherwise, returns S_OK.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::Invoke

[CBaseVideoWindow Class](#)

Provides access to properties and methods exposed by an object.

```
HRESULT Invoke(
    DISPID dispidMember,
    REFIID riid,
    LCID lcid,
    WORD wFlags,
    DISPPARAMS * pdispparams,
    VARIANT * pvarResult,
    EXCEPINFO * pexcepinfo,
    UINT * puArgErr
);
```

Parameters

dispidMember

Identifier of the member. Use [CBaseVideoWindow::GetIDsOfNames](#) or the object's documentation to obtain the dispatch identifier.

riid

Reserved for future use. Must be IID_NULL.

lcid

Locale context in which to interpret arguments.

wFlags

Flags describing the context of the **CBaseVideoWindow::Invoke** call.

pdispparams

Pointer to a structure containing an array of arguments, an array of argument dispatch IDs for named arguments, and counts for number of elements in the arrays.

pvarResult

Pointer to where the result is to be stored, or NULL if the caller expects no result.

pexcepinfo

Pointer to a structure containing exception information.

puArgErr

Index of the first argument, within the *rgvarg* array, that has an error.

Return Values

Returns DISP_E_UNKNOWNINTERFACE if *riid* is not IID_NULL. Returns one of the error codes from [CBaseVideoWindow::GetTypeInfo](#) if the call fails. Otherwise, returns the [HRESULT](#) from

the call to [IDispatch::Invoke](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next▶](#)

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next▶](#)

CBaseVideoWindow::NonDelegatingQueryInterface

[CBaseVideoWindow Class](#)

Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

```
HRESULT NonDelegatingQueryInterface(  
    REFIID riid,  
    void **ppv  
    );
```

Parameters

riid
Reference identifier.

ppv
Pointer to the interface.

Return Values

Returns E_POINTER if *ppv* is invalid. Returns NOERROR if the query is successful or E_NOINTERFACE if it is not.

Remarks

Returns pointers to the [IVideoWindow](#) and [IUnknown](#) interfaces by default. Override this method to publish any additional interfaces implemented by the derived class.

This member function implements the [INonDelegatingUnknown::NonDelegatingQueryInterface](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

CBaseWindow Class

CBaseWindow

The **CBaseWindow** class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread pulls messages from the window's input queue and dispatches them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by the [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) member function and destroyed by the [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#) member function. The window should also be initialized by the [CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow](#) member function and uninitialized by the [CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow](#) member function. After preparing and initializing a window, size it by using the [CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow](#) member function; hide the window using the [CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow](#) member function.

Protected Data Members

Name	Description
m_bActivated	Flag to indicate window activation status.
m_bBackground	Flag to indicate if palettes are to be realized in the background.
m_bDoGetDC	Flag to indicate if the window should get a DC.
m_ClassStyles	Class styles for the window.
m_hdc	Device context (DC) for the window.
m_Height	Client window height.
m_hInstance	Global module instance handle.
m_hPalette	Handle to a palette belonging to this object.
m_hThread	Worker thread for the window.
m_hwnd	Handle for this object's window.
m_MemoryDC	Memory DC used for fast bit-block transfer operations.
m_pClassName	Static string holding the class name.
m_RealizePalette	Message sent to indicate the window palette has changed.
m_ShowStageMessage	Message sent by IVideoWindow::SetWindowForeground that moves the current window to the foreground and optionally gives it focus.
m_ShowStageTop	Message sent to set the window to <code>WS_EX_TOPMOST</code> style.
m_SyncWorker	CAMEvent data member used to provide interthread synchronization.
m_SyncWorkerCreate	CAMMsgEvent data member used to signal the constructor for the window class when to create the window.
m_ThreadSignal	Data member used by the thread to signal errors.
m_Width	Client window width.
m_WindowLock	Data member used to serialize window object access.
m_WindowStyles	Data member used to serialize the initial window styles.
m_WindowStylesEx	Data member used to serialize the initial extended window styles.

Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>CBaseWindow</u>	Constructs a <u>CBaseWindow</u> object.
<u>DoSetWindowForeground</u>	Brings the window to the foreground.
<u>DoShowWindow</u>	Sets the show state of the specified window.
<u>GetMemoryHDC</u>	Retrieves the default offscreen memory device context (DC).
<u>GetWindowHDC</u>	Retrieves the default main window DC.
<u>GetWindowHeight</u>	Retrieves the current window height.
<u>GetWindowHWND</u>	Retrieves the window handle for the window.
<u>GetWindowWidth</u>	Retrieves the current window width.
<u>PerformanceAlignWindow</u>	Aligns the window to a <u>DWORD</u> boundary for maximum performance.
<u>PaintWindow</u>	Invalidates the window client area.

Overridable Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>ActivateWindow</u>	Sizes the window according to the requirements of the derived class.
<u>DoneWithWindow</u>	Closes, deletes, and frees the window resources.
<u>DoRealisePalette</u>	Maps palette entries from this window's palette to the system palette. The window's palette is set with <u>CBaseWindow::SetPalette</u> .
<u>PossiblyEatMessage</u>	Forwards keyboard and mouse messages to a specified window.
<u>GetClassWindowStyles</u>	Returns class and window information.
<u>GetDefaultRect</u>	Returns the default size for the window.
<u>InactivateWindow</u>	Hides the window.
<u>InitialiseWindow</u>	Creates the default device contexts.
<u>OnClose</u>	Handles the WM_CLOSE message for the base class.
<u>OnPaletteChange</u>	Handles WM_PALETTEISCHANGING and WM_PALETTECHANGED messages.
<u>OnSize</u>	Handles WM_SIZE messages for the base class.
<u>OnReceiveMessage</u>	Indicates a base class implementation of a window procedure.
<u>PrepareWindow</u>	Initializes the window along with a worker thread.
<u>SetPalette</u>	Changes the palette that the window should realize.
<u>UninitialiseWindow</u>	Destroys the device contexts created for the window.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow

CBaseWindow Class

Sizes the window according to the requirements of the derived class.

virtual HRESULT ActivateWindow();

Return Values

Returns an HRESULT value that depends on the implementation of the interface. **HRESULT** can include one of the following standard constants, or other values not listed.

Value	Meaning
E_FAIL	Failure.
E_NOTIMPL	Method is not supported.
NOERROR	No error.

Remarks

This member function calls CBaseWindow::GetDefaultRect, which a derived class should override to return the size of the images that will be displayed. **ActivateWindow** then sizes the window so that the client area matches this size.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::CBaseWindow

CBaseWindow Class

Constructs a CBaseWindow object.

```
CBaseWindow(  
    BOOL bDoGetDC = TRUE  
);
```

Parameters

bDoGetDC
Specifies if the window should get a device context.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The window and its worker thread are created by CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow and

destroyed by [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Destroys the window and its worker thread.

virtual HRESULT DoneWithWindow();

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value. Current implementation returns NOERROR.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread is responsible for pulling messages from the window's input queue and dispatching them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) and destroyed by **CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow**. The window should also be initialized using [CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow](#) and uninitialized using [CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow](#). Having prepared a window and initialized it, the window can be sized using [CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow](#) and subsequently hidden using [CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::DoRealisePalette

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Maps palette entries from this window's palette to the system palette. The window's palette is set with [CBaseWindow::SetPalette](#).

**virtual HRESULT DoRealisePalette(
 BOOL *bForceBackground*
);**

Parameters

bForceBackground

Value that specifies whether the palette is forced to the background.

Return Values

Returns S_OK if successful or S_FALSE if the [GdiFlush](#) function could not flush the calling thread's current batch.

Remarks

The window class is given a palette handle to use with the [CBaseWindow::SetPalette](#) member function. After a palette has been installed, it can be realized by calling this member function. The class will also call this member function when it gets WM_QUERYNEWPALETTE and WM_PALETTECHANGED messages from the Microsoft® Windows® operating system.

Call this function with TRUE in response to WM_SETPALETTE and FALSE in response to WM_QUERYNEWPALETTE.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::DoSetWindowForeground

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Sets the video window to the foreground and optionally gives it focus.

```
void DoSetWindowForeground(  
    BOOL bFocus  
);
```

Parameters

bFocus

Value that specifies whether the video window will have focus. A value of TRUE gives it focus and FALSE does not.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

DirectShow provides this method to make it easy for applications to move video windows to

the foreground; usually, it is programatically complex for a thread associated with one window to affect a window associated with a different thread. This method passes the WM_SHOWWINDOW message to the video window's renderer, so the application's window procedure must handle this message and bring the appropriate window to the foreground and give it focus, if specified.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseWindow::DoShowWindow

CBaseWindow Class

Sets the show state of the specified window.

```
HRESULT DoShowWindow(  
    LONG ShowCmd  
);
```

Parameters

ShowCmd
Specifies how the window is to be shown.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value. Current implementation returns NOERROR.

Remarks

This member function simply calls the Microsoft Win32® [ShowWindow](#) function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseWindow::GetClassWindowStyles

CBaseWindow Class

Returns class and window information.

```
virtual LPTSTR GetClassWindowStyles(  
    DWORD *pClassStyles,  
    DWORD *pWindowStyles,  
    DWORD *pWindowStylesEx  
    ) PURE;
```

Parameters

pClassStyles

Class styles.

pWindowStyles

Window styles.

pWindowStylesEx

Extended window styles.

Return Values

Returns a class name that is a static text string.

Remarks

A derived class must override this pure virtual member function to provide the default class and window styles for the window. The information the derived class returns is used in `CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow` when the window is first created. The class and window styles take the same parameters as their counterparts in the Microsoft Win32 `CreateWindowEx` function. The string that is returned should be allocated as a static string and should still be valid after the member function returns.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::GetDefaultRect

CBaseWindow Class

Retrieves the default size for the window client area.

```
virtual RECT GetDefaultRect( );
```

Return Values

Returns the default rectangle.

Remarks

When the window is activated, it calls this member function to determine how large it should make the window's client area. A video renderer will typically return the size of the native video image.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::GetMemoryHDC

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Retrieves the default memory device context (DC).

virtual HDC GetMemoryHDC();

Return Values

Returns the default memory DC.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window with a worker thread when it is prepared (in [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#)). It also creates two DCs that can be used for drawing. The first is a normal window handle to a device context (HDC); the second is an offscreen HDC that can be used as a source HDC in bit-block transfer functions.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::GetWindowHDC

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Retrieves the default window device context (DC).

HDC GetWindowHDC();

Return Values

Returns the default window DC.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window with a worker thread when it is prepared (in [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#)). It also creates two DCs that can be used for drawing. The first is a normal window handle to a device context (HDC); the second is an offscreen HDC that can be used as a source HDC in bit-block transfer functions.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::GetWindowHeight

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Retrieves the current window height.

LONG GetWindowHeight();

Return Values

Returns the window height in pixels.

Remarks

This member function is updated when the base class receives WM_SIZE messages.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::GetWindowHWND

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Retrieves the window handle associated with this object.

HWND GetWindowHWND();

Return Values

Returns a window handle.

Remarks

If called before issuing a [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) call, this member function returns NULL.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseWindow::GetWidth

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Retrieves the current window width.

LONG GetWidth();

Return Values

Returns the window width in pixels.

Remarks

This member function is updated when the base class receives WM_SIZE messages.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Effectively hides the window (if it was visible).

virtual HRESULT InactivateWindow();

Return Values

Returns NOERROR if successful; S_FALSE if the window is not currently active.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread is responsible for pulling messages from the window's input queue and dispatching them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) and destroyed in [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#). The window should be initialized through [CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow](#) and uninitialized through [CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow](#). Having prepared a window and initialized it, the window can be sized using [CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow](#) and subsequently hidden using [CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Creates default device contexts for the window.

```
virtual InitialiseWindow(  
    HWND hwnd  
);
```

Parameters

hwnd
Window handle.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value. Current implementation returns NOERROR.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread is responsible for pulling messages from the window's input queue and dispatching them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) and destroyed in [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#). The window should be initialized through [CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow](#) and uninitialized through [CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow](#). Having prepared a window and initialized it, the window can be sized using [CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow](#) and subsequently hidden using [CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow](#).

The base class creates two device contexts that can be used for drawing. The first is a standard handle to a device context (HDC) for the window; the second is an offscreen HDC. The offscreen HDC often is useful for selecting bitmaps before calling the Microsoft Win32 [BitBlt](#) or [StretchBlt](#) function to copy the bitmap to the main window. This member function also sets the default stretch mode to be COLORONCOLOR. The member function is virtual so that derived

classes can change this default if desired.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::OnClose

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Handles the WM_CLOSE message.

virtual BOOL OnClose();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The default behavior for this member function is to simply hide the window. A derived class should not destroy the window when it receives a WM_CLOSE message but should send an [EC_USERABORT](#) notification to the filter graph manager. This will have the playback stopped, and in some cases will also have the filters disconnected and released. It is only when the filter that owns the window is finally released (that is, destroyed) that the derived class should actually destroy the window (using [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#)).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::OnPaletteChange

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Handles WM_PALETTEISCHANGING and WM_PALETTECHANGED messages.

**virtual LRESULT OnPaletteChange(
 HWND *hwnd*,
 UINT *Message*
);**

Parameters

hwnd

Handle of the window causing the message.

Message

Message details passed on from the window procedure.

Return Values

Returns one of the following values.

Value Meaning

0 Message was not handled.

1 Message was processed.

Remarks

When the base class receives a WM_PALETTEISCHANGING message, it realizes its palette again. It must also do this when told, through WM_PALETTECHANGED, that the system palette has changed. In the latter case, however, the base class must be careful not to realize its palette if it was the window that caused the WM_PALETTECHANGED message (which is why the window that caused the message to be sent is passed into the member function).

This is a protected member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::OnReceiveMessage

CBaseWindow Class

Indicates a base class implementation of a window procedure.

virtual LRESULT OnReceiveMessage(

HWND *hwnd*,

INT *uMsg*,

WPARAM *wParam*,

LPARAM *lParam*

);

Parameters

hwnd

Handle to the window.

uMsg

Message identifier.

wParam

Message's *wParam* parameter.

lParam

Message's *lParam* parameter.

Return Values

Returns an [LRESULT](#) value, based on the *uMsg* parameter. If *uMsg* is not one of the specified values, **OnReceiveMessage** passes the message to the Win32 [DefWindowProc](#) function and forwards the resulting return value to the caller.

Message	Action
m_RealizePalette	Returns 0
m_ShowStageMessage	Returns 1
m_ShowStageTop	Returns 1
WM_CLOSE	Returns 0
WM_PALETTECHANGED	Returns 0
WM_QUERYNEWPALETTE	Returns result of CBaseWindow::OnPaletteChange
WM_SIZE	Returns 0
WM_SYSCOLORCHANGE	Returns 1

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::OnSize

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Handles the WM_SIZE message.

```
virtual BOOL OnSize(
    LONG Width,
    LONG Height
);
```

Parameters

Width

Window width.

Height

Window height.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function stores the window width and height so that they can be returned from the `CBaseWindow::GetWindowHeight` and `CBaseWindow::GetWindowWidth` member functions.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::PaintWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Invalidates the window client area.

```
void PaintWindow(  
    BOOL bErase  
);
```

Parameters

bErase
Determines if the background should be erased.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::PerformanceAlignWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Aligns the window to a `DWORD` boundary for maximum performance.

```
HRESULT PerformanceAlignWindow( );
```


Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function can be called, if the video is not owned by another window, to align the left edge and the top of the window for best display performance.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBaseWindow::PossiblyEatMessage

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Forwards keyboard and mouse messages to a specified window.

```
virtual BOOL PossiblyEatMessage(  
    UINT uMsg,  
    WPARAM wParam,  
    LPARAM lParam  
);
```

Parameters

uMsg
Message that was forwarded.

wParam
First message parameter.

lParam
Second message parameter.

Return Values

Returns FALSE.

See Also

[CBaseControlWindow::PossiblyEatMessage](#)

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow

CBaseWindow Class

Creates a window and a worker thread.

virtual HRESULT PrepareWindow();

Return Values

Returns NOERROR if successful; E_FAIL if unsuccessful.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread is responsible for pulling messages from the window's input queue and dispatching them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by **CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow** and destroyed in CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow. The window should also be initialized and uninitialized through CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow and CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow, respectively. Having prepared a window and initialized it, the window can be sized using CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow and subsequently hidden using CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::SetPalette

CBaseWindow Class

Sets a palette for the window to use.

**virtual HRESULT SetPalette(
 HPALETTE *hPalette*
);**

Parameters

hPalette

Handle to the new palette.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function allows a filter to install a palette in the window object. The palette handle passed in should be non-NULL. The palette is realized when it is installed. The window object does not delete any previous palette that it was using; the client using the window object should ensure it deletes the palette it creates at the appropriate time.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow

[CBaseWindow Class](#)

Flushes GDI and deletes the default device contexts.

virtual UninitialiseWindow();

Return Values

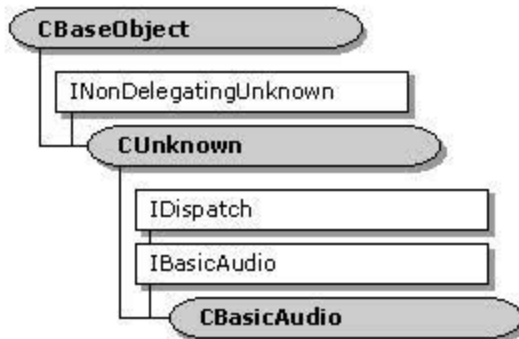
Returns an [HRESULT](#) value. Current implementation returns NOERROR.

Remarks

The base window class creates a window and a worker thread. The worker thread is responsible for pulling messages from the window's input queue and dispatching them as appropriate. The window and its thread are created by [CBaseWindow::PrepareWindow](#) and destroyed in [CBaseWindow::DoneWithWindow](#). The window should also be initialized and uninitialized through [CBaseWindow::InitialiseWindow](#) and **CBaseWindow::UninitialiseWindow**, respectively. Having prepared a window and initialized it, the window can be sized using [CBaseWindow::ActivateWindow](#) and subsequently hidden using [CBaseWindow::InactivateWindow](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

CBasicAudio Class



The **CBasicAudio** class handles the [IDispatch](#) interface component of the [IBasicAudio](#) interface and leaves the properties and methods of **IBasicAudio** pure virtual to be implemented by a derived filter class.

The [CBasicAudio::GetIDsOfNames](#), [CBasicAudio::GetTypeInfo](#), [CBasicAudio::GetTypeInfoCount](#), and [CBasicAudio::Invoke](#) member functions are standard implementations of the [IDispatch](#) interface using the [CBaseDispatch](#) class (and a type library) to parse the commands and pass them to the pure virtual [IBasicAudio](#) methods.

Microsoft® DirectShow™ uses units of 100th of a decibel for the volume scale. A value of 0 indicates maximum volume supported by the device. A value of -10,000 is the minimum volume (normally silence). Balance is expressed in the range -10,000 to 10,000, with 0 being neutral. A negative balance value means that the right channel is attenuated by this dB value (that is, it is quieter). Similarly, a positive balance value means that the right channel is louder than the left; that is, the left channel is attenuated by the corresponding negative decibel value.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CBasicAudio	Constructs a CBasicAudio object.

Implemented INonDelegatingUnknown Methods

Name	Description
NonDelegatingQueryInterface	Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

Implemented IDispatch Methods

Name	Description
GetIDsOfNames	Maps a single member and an optional set of parameters to a corresponding set of integer dispatch identifiers, which can be used during subsequent calls to the CBasicAudio::Invoke member function.
GetTypeInfo	Retrieves a type-information object, which can retrieve the type information for an interface.
GetTypeInfoCount	Retrieves the number of type-information interfaces provided by an object.
Invoke	Provides access to properties and methods exposed by an object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBasicAudio::CBasicAudio

[CBasicAudio Class](#)

Constructs a [CBasicAudio](#) object.

```
CBasicAudio(
  const TCHAR *pName,
  LPUNKNOWN pUnk
);
```

Parameters

pName

Name of the object used in the [CBasicAudio](#) constructor for debugging purposes.

pUnk

Pointer to the owner of this object.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Allocate the *pName* parameter in static memory. This name appears on the debugging terminal when the object is created and deleted.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBasicAudio::GetIDsOfNames

CBasicAudio Class

Maps a single member function and an optional set of parameters to a corresponding set of integer dispatch identifiers, which can be used upon subsequent calls to the [CBasicAudio::Invoke](#) member function.

```
HRESULT GetIDsOfNames(  
    REFIID riid,  
    OLECHAR ** rgszNames,  
    UINT cNames,  
    LCID lcid,  
    DISPID * rgdispid  
);
```

Parameters

riid

Reference identifier. Reserved for future use. Must be NULL.

rgszNames

Passed-in array of names to be mapped.

cNames

Count of the names to be mapped.

lcid

Locale context in which to interpret the names.

rgdispid

Caller-allocated array, each element of which contains an ID corresponding to one of the names passed in the *rgszNames* array. The first element represents the member name; the subsequent elements represent each of the member's parameters.

Return Values

Returns one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
DISP_E_UNKNOWN_CLSID	The CLSID was not recognized.
DISP_E_UNKNOWNNAME	One or more of the names were not known. The returned DISPIDs contain DISPID_UNKNOWN for each entry that corresponds to an unknown name.
E_OUTOFMEMORY	Out of memory.
S_OK	Success.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBasicAudio::GetTypeInfo

CBasicAudio Class

Retrieves a type-information object, which can retrieve the type information for an interface.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfo(  
    UINT itinfo,  
    LCID lcid,  
    ITypeInfo ** pptinfo  
);
```

Parameters

itinfo

Type information to return. Pass zero to retrieve type information for the [IDispatch](#) implementation.

lcid

Locale ID for the type information. An object might be able to return different type information for different languages. This is important for classes that support localized member names. For classes that do not support localized member names, this parameter can be ignored.

pptinfo

Pointer to the type-information object requested.

Return Values

Returns an `E_POINTER` if *pptinfo* is invalid. Returns `TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND` if *itinfo* is not zero. Returns `S_OK` if is successful. Otherwise, returns an [HRESULT](#) from one of the calls to retrieve the type. The **HRESULT** indicates the error and can be one of the following standard constants, or other values not listed:

Value	Meaning
<code>E_FAIL</code>	Failure.
<code>E_POINTER</code>	Null pointer argument.
<code>E_INVALIDARG</code>	Invalid argument.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBasicAudio::GetTypeInfoCount

[CBasicAudio Class](#)

Retrieves the number of type-information interfaces provided by an object.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(  
    UINT * pctinfo  
);
```

Parameters

pctinfo

Pointer to the location that receives the number of type-information interfaces that the object provides. If the object provides type information, this number is 1; otherwise, the number is 0.

Return Values

Returns E_POINTER if *pctinfo* is invalid; otherwise, returns S_OK.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CBasicAudio::Invoke

[CBasicAudio Class](#)

Provides access to properties and methods exposed by an object.

```
HRESULT Invoke(  
    DISPID dispidMember,  
    REFIID riid,  
    LCID lcid,  
    WORD wFlags,  
    DISPPARAMS * pdispparams,  
    VARIANT * pvarResult,  
    EXCEPINFO * pexcepinfo,  
    UINT * puArgErr  
);
```

Parameters

dispidMember

Identifier of the member. Use [CBasicAudio::GetIDsOfNames](#) or the object's documentation to obtain the dispatch identifier.

riid

Reserved for future use. Must be IID_NULL.

lcid

Locale context in which to interpret arguments.

wFlags

Flags describing the context of the **CBasicAudio::Invoke** call.

pdispparams

Pointer to a structure containing an array of arguments, an array of argument dispatch IDs for named arguments, and counts for number of elements in the arrays.

pvarResult

Pointer to where the result is to be stored, or NULL if the caller expects no result.

pexcepinfo

Pointer to a structure containing exception information.

puArgErr

Index of the first argument, within the *rgvarg* array, that has an error.

Return Values

Returns DISP_E_UNKNOWNINTERFACE if *riid* is not IID_NULL. Returns one of the error codes from [CBasicAudio::GetTypeInfo](#) if the call fails. Otherwise, returns the [HRESULT](#) from the call to [IDispatch::Invoke](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CBasicAudio::NonDelegatingQueryInterface

[CBasicAudio Class](#)

Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

```
HRESULT NonDelegatingQueryInterface(
    REFIID riid,
    void **ppv
);
```

Parameters

riid

Reference identifier.

ppv

Pointer to the interface.

Return Values

Returns E_POINTER if *ppv* is invalid. Returns NOERROR if the query is successful or E_NOINTERFACE if it is not.

Remarks

Returns pointers to the IBasicAudio and IUnknown interfaces by default. Override this member function to publish any additional interfaces implemented by the derived class.

This member function implements the INonDelegatingUnknown::NonDelegatingQueryInterface method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CCmdQueue Class

The **CCmdQueue** class is a base class that provides a queue of **CDeferredCommand** objects and member functions to add, remove, check status, and invoke the queued commands. A **CCmdQueue** object is a part of an object that implements **IQueueCommand** methods. The filter graph manager implements **IQueueCommand** methods so that applications can queue commands to the filter graph. Filters that implement the **IQueueCommand** interface directly use this class. If you want to use **CDeferredCommand** objects, your queue must be derived from this class.

There are two modes of synchronization: coarse and accurate. In coarse mode, the application waits until a specified time arrives and then executes the command. In accurate mode, the application waits until processing begins on the sample that appears at the time, and then executes the command. The filter determines which one it will implement. The filter graph manager always implements coarse mode for commands that are queued at the filter graph manager.

If you want coarse synchronization, you probably want to wait until there is a command due, and then execute it. You can do this by calling **CCmdQueue::GetDueCommand**. If you have several things to wait for, get the event handle from **CCmdQueue::GetDueHandle** and then call **CCmdQueue::GetDueCommand** when this is signaled. Stream time will advance only between calls to the **CCmdQueue::Run** and **CCmdQueue::EndRun** member functions. There is no guarantee that if the handle is set, there will be a command ready. Each time the event is signaled, call the **CCmdQueue::GetDueCommand** member function (probably with a time-out of zero); this may return **E_ABORT**.

If you want accurate synchronization, call the **CCmdQueue::GetCommandDueFor** member function and pass the samples you are about to process as a parameter. This returns the following:

- A stream-time command due at or before that stream time.
- A presentation-time command due at or before the presentation of the stream time. Do this only between the **CCmdQueue::Run** and **CCmdQueue::EndRun** member functions, because outside of this, the mapping from stream time to presentation time is not known.
- Any presentation-time command due now.

If you want accurate synchronization for samples that might be processed during paused mode, you must use stream-time commands.

In all cases, commands remain queued until called or canceled. The setting and resetting of the event handle is managed entirely by this queue object.

Protected Data Members

Name	Description
m_bRunning	Flag for running state; set TRUE when running.
m_dwAdvise	Advise identifier from the reference clock (zero if no outstanding advise).
m_evDue	Sets the time when any commands are due.
m_listPresentation	Stores commands queued in presentation time.
m_listStream	Stores commands queued in stream time.
m_Lock	Protects access to lists.
m_pClock	Current reference clock.
m_StreamTimeOffset	Contains the stream time offset when m_bRunning is true.
m_tCurrentAdvise	Advise time is for this presentation time.

Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>CCmdQueue</u>	Constructs a <u>CCmdQueue</u> object.
<u>CheckTime</u>	Determines if a given time is due.
<u>GetDueHandle</u>	Returns the event handle that will be signaled.

Overridable Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>EndRun</u>	Switches to stopped or paused mode.
<u>GetCommandDueFor</u>	Returns a pointer to a command that will be due for a given time.
<u>GetDueCommand</u>	Returns a pointer to the next command that is due.
<u>Insert</u>	Adds the <u>CDeferredCommand</u> object to the queue.
<u>New</u>	Initializes a command to be run and returns a new <u>CDeferredCommand</u> object.
<u>Remove</u>	Removes the <u>CDeferredCommand</u> object from the queue.
<u>Run</u>	Switches to running mode.
<u>SetSyncSource</u>	Sets the clock used for timing.
<u>SetTimeAdvise</u>	Creates an advise for the earliest time required.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CCmdQueue::CCmdQueue

CCmdQueue Class

Constructs a CCmdQueue object.

CCmdQueue();

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CCmdQueue::CheckTime

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Determines if a specified time is due.

```
BOOL CheckTime(  
    CRefTime time,  
    BOOL bStream  
);
```

Parameters

time

Time to check.

bStream

TRUE if the *time* parameter is a stream-time value; FALSE if *time* is a presentation-time value.

Return Values

Returns TRUE if the specified time has not yet passed.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CCmdQueue::EndRun

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Switches to the stopped or paused mode.

virtual HRESULT EndRun();

Return Values

Returns an HRESULT value that depends on the implementation. The **HRESULT** indicates the error and can be one of the following standard constants, or other values not listed:

Value	Meaning
E_FAIL	Failure.
E_POINTER	Null pointer argument.
E_INVALIDARG	Invalid argument.
S_OK or NOERROR	Success.

Remarks

Time mapping between stream time and presentation time is not known after this member function has been called. Call the [CCmdQueue::Run](#) member function to carry out this mapping.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CCmdQueue::GetCommandDueFor

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Returns a deferred command that is scheduled at a specified time.

virtual HRESULT GetCommandDueFor(
REFERENCE_TIME *tStream*,
CDeferredCommand ****ppCmd**
);

Parameters

tStream

Time for which the command is scheduled.

ppCmd

Deferred command to be carried out at the time specified in the *tStream* parameter.

Return Values

Returns [VFW_E_NOT_FOUND](#) if no commands are due; otherwise, returns S_OK.

Remarks

This member function takes a stream time and returns the deferred command scheduled at that time. The actual stream-time offset is calculated when the command queue is run. Commands remain queued until run or canceled. This member function will not block.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCmdQueue::GetDueCommand

CCmdQueue Class

Returns a pointer to the next command that is due.

```
virtual HRESULT GetDueCommand(  
    CDeferredCommand ** ppCmd,  
    long msTimeout  
);
```

Parameters

ppCmd

Pointer to the deferred command.

msTimeout

Amount of time to wait before carrying out the time-out.

Return Values

Returns E_ABORT if a time-out occurs. Returns S_OK if successful; otherwise, returns an error. Returns an object that has been incremented using [IUnknown::AddRef](#).

Remarks

This member function blocks until a pending command is due. The member function blocks for the amount of time, in milliseconds, specified in the *msTimeout* parameter. Stream-time commands become due only between the [CCmdQueue::Run](#) and [CCmdQueue::EndRun](#) member functions. The command remains queued until run or canceled.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCmdQueue::GetDueHandle

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Returns the event handle to be signaled.

```
HANDLE GetDueHandle( );
```

Return Values

Returns the event handle.

Remarks

Return the event handle whenever there are deferred commands that are due for execution (when [CCmdQueue::GetDueCommand](#) will not block).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CCmdQueue::Insert

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

The [CDeferredCommand](#) object calls this member function to add itself to the queue.

```
virtual HRESULT Insert(  
    CDeferredCommand* pCmd  
);
```

Parameters

pCmd

Pointer to the [CDeferredCommand](#) object to add to the queue.

Return Values

Returns S_OK in the default implementation.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CCmdQueue::New

CCmdQueue Class

Initializes a command to be run and returns a new CDeferredCommand object.

```
virtual HRESULT New(
    CDeferredCommand **ppCmd,
    LPUNKNOWN pUnk,
    REFTIME time,
    GUID* iid,
    long dispidMethod,
    short wFlags,
    long cArgs,
    VARIANT* pDispParams,
    VARIANT* pvarResult,
    short* puArgErr,
    BOOL bStream
);
```

Parameters

ppCmd

CDeferredCommand object by which an application can cancel the command, set a new presentation time for it, or retrieve estimate information.

pUnk

Pointer to the object that will run the command.

time

Time at which to run the queued command or commands.

iid

Globally unique identifier (GUID) of the interface to call.

dispidMethod

Method on the interface to be called.

wFlags

Flags describing the context of the call. This parameter supports the same flags as the OLE IDispatch::Invoke method.

cArgs

Number of arguments passed.

pDispParams

Pointer to the list of variant types associated with the dispatch parameters.

pvarResult

Pointer to the list where results, if any, are to be returned.

puArgErr

Index within the *pDispParams* parameter list where the last error occurred.

bStream

TRUE if the *time* parameter is a stream-time value; FALSE if *time* is a presentation-time value.

Return Values

Returns S_OK if successful. Returns E_OUTOFMEMORY if *ppCmd* returns from creating the new

CDeferredCommand object with a value of NULL. Otherwise, returns an HRESULT that indicates an error from attempting to create a new **CDeferredCommand** object. If there is an error, no object has been queued.

Remarks

The new CDeferredCommand object will be initialized with the parameters and will be added to the queue during construction. This method is similar to the OLE IDispatch::Invoke method.

Values for the *wFlags* parameter include the following:

Value	Description
DISPATCH_METHOD	The member is being run as a method. If a property has the same name, both this and the DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET flag may be set.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET	The member is being retrieved as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT	The member is being changed as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF	The member is being changed via a reference assignment, rather than a value assignment. This value is valid only when the property accepts a reference to an object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCmdQueue::Remove

CCmdQueue Class

The CDeferredCommand object calls this member function to remove itself from the queue.

```
virtual HRESULT Remove(
    CDeferredCommand* pCmd
);
```

Parameters

pCmd

Pointer to the CDeferredCommand object to remove from the queue.

Return Values

Returns VFW_E_NOT_FOUND if the object is not found in the queue. Otherwise, returns S_OK.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCmdQueue::Run

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Switches to running mode so that commands that are deferred by the stream time can be run.

```
virtual HRESULT Run(  
    REFERENCE_TIME tStreamTimeOffset  
);
```

Parameters

tStreamTimeOffset
Offset time.

Return Values

Returns S_OK in the default implementation.

Remarks

During running mode, stream-time-to-presentation-time mapping is known.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCmdQueue::SetSyncSource

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Sets the clock used for timing.

```
virtual HRESULT SetSyncSource(  
    IReferenceClock* pIrc  
);
```

Parameters

pIrc

Pointer to the [IReferenceClock](#) interface.

Return Values

Returns S_OK in the default implementation.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CCmdQueue::SetTimeAdvise

[CCmdQueue Class](#)

Sets up a timer event with the reference clock.

void SetTimeAdvise(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function calls the [IReferenceClock::AdviseTime](#) method to set up a notification for the earliest time required in the queue. Presentation-time commands that are deferred are always checked. If the filter graph is in running mode, deferred commands using stream time are also checked.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCritSec Class

CCritSec

The critical section object provides intraprocess synchronization. The current implementation uses the Microsoft® Win32® application programming interfaces (APIs) that use the CRITICAL_SECTION type.

The safest way to use **CCritSec** objects is to lock them with a CAutoLock object that guarantees to unlock the object when it goes out of scope and compiles to efficient inline code.

Member Functions

Name	Description
------	-------------

<u>CCritSec</u>	Constructs a <u>CCritSec</u> object.
-----------------	--------------------------------------

<u>Lock</u>	Locks the critical section object.
-------------	------------------------------------

<u>Unlock</u>	Unlocks the critical section object.
---------------	--------------------------------------

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCritSec::CCritSec

CCritSec Class

Constructs a CCritSec object.

CCritSec();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Calls the Microsoft® Win32® InitializeCriticalSection function to set the private critical section member variable. The destructor calls the Win32 DeleteCriticalSection function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCritSec::Lock

[CCritSec Class](#)

Locks the critical section object.

void Lock();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function locks the critical section object. You can make multiple lock calls on the same thread, but the [CCritSec::Unlock](#) member function must be called a corresponding number of times before the object is unlocked. If the object is locked by another thread, the **CCritSec::Lock** member function blocks until either the object is released or a "possible deadlock" exception occurs.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CCritSec::Unlock

[CCritSec Class](#)

Releases the lock on the object acquired by calling the [CCritSec::Lock](#) member function.

void Unlock();

Return Values

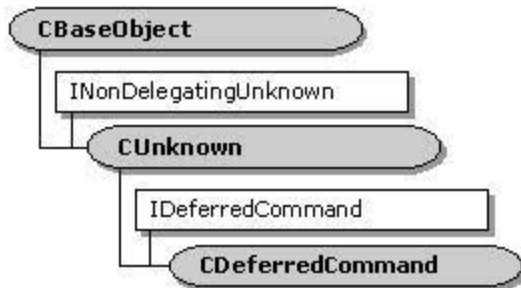
No return value.

Remarks

You must call the **CCritSec::Unlock** member function once for each call to [Lock](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CDeferredCommand Class



Deferred commands are queued by calls to methods on the [IQueueCommand](#) interface and are exposed by the filter graph manager and by some filters. A successful call to one of these methods returns an [IDeferredCommand](#) interface representing the queued command.

A **CDeferredCommand** object represents a single deferred command and exposes the [IDeferredCommand](#) interface as well as other methods that permit time checks and actual execution. A **CDeferredCommand** object contains a reference to the [CCmdQueue](#) object on which it is queued.

Reference counts control the lifetime of the **CDeferredCommand** class. When calling the [CDeferredCommand::Invoke](#) member function, the calling application gets an interface pointer that is reference-counted, and the [CCmdQueue](#) object also holds a reference count on the deferred command. Calling the [IDeferredCommand::Cancel](#) member function takes the deferred command off the command queue and thus reduces the reference count by one. Once taken off the queue, the command cannot be put back on the queue.

Protected Data Members

Name	Description
m_bStream	Flag for stream time or presentation time. to be passed to the invoked method.
m_Dispatch	Accesses the ITypeInfo interface.
m_dispidMethod	Method on the interface to run.
m_DisParams	CDispParams object containing the DISPPARAMS parameter list
m_hrResult	Stores the returned HRESULT value.
m_iid	Globally unique identifier (GUID) of the interface.
m_pQueue	Pointer to the CCmdQueue object that exposes the IQueueCommand interface.
m_pUnk	IUnknown pointer to the interface on which the command will be run.
m_pvarResult	Resulting information, if any, from the invoked method.
m_time	Time at which the command will be run.
m_wFlags	Flags specifying the context of the invocation.

Member Functions

Name	Description
<u>CDeferredCommand</u>	Constructs a <u>CDeferredCommand</u> object.
<u>GetFlags</u>	Returns the context flags associated with the deferred command.
<u>GetIID</u>	Returns the interface identifier (IID) of the interface on which the method will be run.
<u>GetMethod</u>	Returns the dispatch identifier of the method to be run.
<u>GetParams</u>	Returns the <u>DISPPARAMS</u> argument list to the method.
<u>GetResult</u>	Returns the resulting argument list, if one exists.
<u>GetTime</u>	Returns the time when the method will be run.
<u>Invoke</u>	Provides access to methods and properties exposed by an object.
<u>IsStreamTime</u>	Specifies whether the command is to be run at stream time or presentation time.

Implemented IDeferredCommand Methods

Name	Description
<u>Cancel</u>	Cancels a previously queued <u>CDeferredCommand::Invoke</u> request.
<u>Confidence</u>	Not currently implemented.
<u>Postpone</u>	Specifies a new presentation time for a previously queued command.
<u>GetHResult</u>	Returns the <u>HRESULT</u> value of the invoked method.

Implemented INonDelegatingUnknown Methods

Name	Description
<u>NonDelegatingQueryInterface</u>	Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDeferredCommand::Cancel

CDeferredCommand Class

Cancels a previously queued CDeferredCommand::Invoke request.

HRESULT Cancel();

Return Values

Returns VFW_E_ALREADY_CANCELLED if m_pQueue is NULL. Returns an HRESULT from CCmdQueue::Remove if the call generates an error. Returns S_OK if successful.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IDeferredCommand::Cancel](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::CDeferredCommand

[CDeferredCommand Class](#)

Constructs a [CDeferredCommand](#) object.

```
CDeferredCommand(
  CCmdQueue * pQ,
  LPUNKNOWN pUnk,
  HRESULT * phr,
  LPUNKNOWN pUnkExecutor,
  REFTIME time,
  GUID* iid,
  long dispidMethod,
  short wFlags,
  long cArgs,
  VARIANT* pDispParams,
  VARIANT* pvarResult,
  short* puArgErr,
  BOOL bStream
);
```

Parameters

pQ Object that exposes the [IQueueCommand](#) interface.

pUnk Outer [IUnknown](#) interface for aggregation.

phr Returning [HRESULT](#) value.

pUnkExecutor Object that will carry out this command.

time Time at which the command will be run.

iid Globally unique identifier ([GUID](#)) of the interface that contains the method.

dispidMethod Method on the interface to call.

wFlags Context of the invocation.

cArgs

Number of arguments passed.

pDispParams

List of argument variant types.

pvarResult

Returned variant type list, if any.

puArgErr

Last argument in the *pDispParams* parameter list with an error.

bStream

TRUE if the deferred command time is in stream time; FALSE if in presentation time.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::Confidence

CDeferredCommand Class

This method is not currently implemented.

```
HRESULT Confidence(  
    LONG *pConfidence  
);
```

Parameters***pConfidence***

Confidence level.

Return Values

Returns E_NOTIMPL.

Remarks

See [IDeferredCommand::Confidence](#) for information about implementing this method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetFlags

CDeferredCommand Class

Returns the context flags associated with the deferred command.

short GetFlags();

Return Values

The value retrieved will be one of the following.

Value	Description
DISPATCH_METHOD	Run the member as a method. If a property has the same name, both this and the DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET flag may be set.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET	The member is being retrieved as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT	The member is being changed as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF	The member is being changed via a reference assignment, rather than a value assignment. This flag is valid only when the property accepts a reference to an object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetHRESULT

CDeferredCommand Class

Returns the HRESULT value from the invoked command.

**HRESULT GetHRESULT(
 HRESULT* *phrResult*
);**

Parameters

phrResult
 HRESULT value.

Return Values

Returns E_ABORT if m_pQueue is NULL. Otherwise, returns S_OK.

Remarks

This member function implements the IDeferredCommand::GetHResult method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetIID

CDeferredCommand Class

Retrieves the interface identifier (IID) of the interface on which the method will be run.

REFIID GetIID();

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetMethod

CDeferredCommand Class

Retrieves the dispatch identifier of the method to be run.

long GetMethod();

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetParams

CDeferredCommand Class

Retrieves the DISPPARAMS argument list to the method.

DISPPARAMS* GetParams();

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetResult

CDeferredCommand Class

Retrieves the resulting argument list, if one exists.

VARIANT* GetResult();

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDeferredCommand::GetTime

CDeferredCommand Class

Returns the time at which the method will be run.

CRefTime GetTime();

Return Values

Returns a CRefTime object containing a reference time.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDeferredCommand::Invoke

CDeferredCommand Class

Provides access to methods and properties exposed by an object.

HRESULT Invoke();

Return Values

Returns VFW_E_ALREADY_CANCELLED if `m_pQueue` is NULL. Otherwise, returns the HRESULT resulting from a call to IDispatch::GetTypeInfo or IUnknown::QueryInterface.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::IsStreamTime

CDeferredCommand Class

Specifies whether the command is to be run at stream time or presentation time.

BOOL IsStreamTime();

Return Values

Returns TRUE if set to stream time; otherwise, returns FALSE.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::NonDelegatingQueryInterface

CDeferredCommand Class

Returns a specified reference-counted interface.

**HRESULT NonDelegatingQueryInterface(
REFIID riid,
void **ppv
);**

Parameters

riid

Reference identifier.

ppv

Pointer to the interface.

Return Values

Returns `E_POINTER` if *ppv* is invalid. Returns `NOERROR` if the query is successful or `E_NOINTERFACE` if it is not.

Remarks

Returns pointers to the `IDeferredCommand` and `IUnknown` interfaces by default. Override this method to publish any additional interfaces implemented by the derived class.

This member function implements the `INonDelegatingUnknown::NonDelegatingQueryInterface` method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDeferredCommand::Postpone

CDeferredCommand Class

Specifies a new presentation time for a previously queued command.

```
HRESULT Postpone(  
    REFTIME newtime  
);
```

Parameters

newtime

New presentation time.

Return Values

Returns `VFW_E_TIME_ALREADY_PASSED` if *newtime* is already passed. Otherwise, returns an `HRESULT` resulting from a call to `CCmdQueue::Remove` (when extracting from the list) or `CCmdQueue::Insert` (when reinserting with the changed time).

Remarks

This member function implements the IDeferredCommand::Postpone method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CDisp Class



The **CDisp** class provides methods for displaying a number of data types for debugging. It provides a constructor for each type, and can be cast to the LPCTSTR type for use as a string in a debug statement.

For example, the following code fragment:

```
int MyFunc(REFERENCE_TIME rt, IPin *pPin)
{
    DbgLog((LOG_TRACE, 2, TEXT("MyFunc(%s, %s)"),
           (LPCTSTR) CDisp(CRefTime(rt)),
           (LPCTSTR) CDisp(pPin)));
    ...
}
```

could output the following reference time and pin information onto the debug log:

```
Quartz.dll(tid d7) : MyFunc(1.003 sec,
    CLSID_AudioRender(Audio Input pin (rendered)))
```

Member Functions

Name Description

CDisp Constructs a CDisp object.

Operators

Name Description

LPCTSTR Casts to an LPCTSTR type for use in a debug string.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

CDisp::CDisp

CDisp Class

Constructs a CDisp object.

```

CDisp(
  LONGLONG ll,
  int Format = CDISP_HEX
);
CDisp(
  REFCLSID clsid
);
CDisp(
  double d
);
CDisp(
  CRefTime t
);
CDisp(
  IPin *pPin
);

```

Parameters

ll
LONGLONG value for display.

Format
Whether the value should be displayed in decimal (CDISP_DEC) or (by default) hexadecimal (CDISP_HEX).

clsid
Class identifier to display.

d
The double value to display.

t
Reference time to display. Note that passing a value of type REFERENCE_TIME will use the LONGLONG constructor.

pPin
IPin interface to display a pin as "CLSID of the filter(Pin name)"; for example, CLSID_AudioRendererer(Audio Input Pin).

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

Various constructors are provided, which allows information to be displayed in the most suitable way.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDisp::LPCTSTR

CDisp Class

Casts the CDisp object to an LPCTSTR value for use in a debug string.

```
operator LPCTSTR();
```

Return Values

Returns the string representation of the variable used in the constructor.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDispBasic

CDispBasic

An internal class used to implement the [CDisp](#) class.

Member Functions

[CDispBasic](#) Constructor for the [CDispBasic](#) class.

Protected Data Members

m_PString Points to the string to be displayed. Initially, this points to [m_String](#), but larger strings may cause this to be updated to point to dynamically-allocated storage instead.

m_String The initial buffer area for this object.
[50]

[© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDispBasic::CDispBasic

[CDispBasic](#)

Instantiates an object of this class.

CDispBasic();

[© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.](#)

CDispParams Class

The **CDispParams** class implements the **DISPPARAMS** structure used in Automation as a C++ base class. The **IDispatch::Invoke** method uses the OLE **DISPPARAMS** structure to contain the arguments passed to any method or property.

The **DISPPARAMS** structure is defined as follows:

```
typedef struct FARSTRUCT tagDISPPARAMS{
  VARIANTARG FAR* rgvarg;           // Array of arguments
  DISPID FAR* rgdispidNamedArgs;   // Dispatch IDs of named arguments
  unsigned int cArgs;              // Number of arguments
  unsigned int cNamedArgs;        // Number of named arguments
} DISPPARAMS;
```

Member Functions

Name	Description
CDispParams	Constructs a CDispParams object.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use.](#)

CDispParams::CDispParams

[CDispParams Class](#)

Constructs a [CDispParams](#) object.

```
CDispParams(
  UINT nArgs,
  VARIANT* pArgs
);
```

Parameters

nArgs

Number of arguments passed to the method or property.

pArgs

Pointer to the list of arguments. In the list, each argument is stored with its variant type.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CDrawImage Class

CDrawImage

This class is a worker class for the owning [CBaseWindow](#) object. It handles the actual drawing operation from that class. To use this class, be sure to call [CDrawImage::NotifyAllocator](#) when the allocator has been agreed upon, and call [CDrawImage::NotifyMediaType](#) with a pointer to a [CMediaType](#) object (which must not be stack-based, because a pointer is maintained by this class rather than making a copy) when that is agreed.

When the palette changes, call [CDrawImage::IncrementPaletteVersion](#), and before rendering call [CDrawImage::SetDrawContext](#) so that the class can obtain the handle to a device context (HDC) handles from the owning [CBaseWindow](#) object.

Protected Data Members

Name	Description
m_bStretch	Flag to stretch the images.
m_bUsingImageAllocator	Flag to determine if samples share DIBSECTION structures.
m_EndSample	End time for the current sample.
m_hdc	Main window device context (DC).
m_MemoryDC	Offscreen draw DC.
m_pBaseWindow	Owning video window object.
m_PaletteVersion	Current palette version token.
m_perfidRenderNow	Moment when returned from draw (for performance logging).
m_perfidRenderTime	Time taken to render an image (for performance logging).
m_pMediaType	Pointer to the current media type format.
m_SourceRect	Source image rectangle.
m_StartSample	Start time for the current sample.
m_TargetRect	Destination rectangle.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CDrawImage	Constructs a CDrawImage object.
DisplaySampleTimes	Displays a time stamp of a sample on top of its image.
DrawImage	Looks after drawing an image to a window.
FastRender	Draws an image using BitBit and StretchBit .
GetPaletteVersion	Retrieves the currently installed palette version.
GetSourceRect	Retrieves the current source rectangle.
GetTargetRect	Retrieves the current target rectangle.
IncrementPaletteVersion	Increments the current palette version.
NotifyAllocator	Notifies the draw object which allocator is being used.

NotifyEndDraw	Indicates the conclusion of image rendering.
NotifyMediaType	Passes the media type established during connection.
NotifyStartDraw	Indicates the beginning of image rendering.
ResetPaletteVersion	Resets the current palette version.
ScaleSourceRect	Returns a scaled version of a provided source rectangle.
SetDrawContext	Sets the window and offscreen device contexts to draw with.
SetSourceRect	Sets the source rectangle for the video.
SetStretchMode	Determines whether it is necessary to stretch.
SetTargetRect	Sets the target rectangle for the window.
SlowRender	Uses the Microsoft® Win32® SetDIBitsToDevice and StretchDIBits functions to draw an image.
UpdateColourTable	Updates the palette held in a DIBSECTION structure.
UsingImageAllocator	Retrieves the type of samples to be drawn.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDrawImage::CDrawImage

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Constructs a [CDrawImage](#) object.

```
CDrawImage(
  CBaseWindow *pBaseWindow
);
```

Parameters

pBaseWindow
Window where drawing will occur.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This class handles drawing of images through GDI. It works closely in conjunction with the [CImageAllocator](#) and [CBaseWindow](#) classes. It must know about the **CImageAllocator** class, because the draw code provides a faster drawing implementation if the buffers it is handed are created through the Microsoft® Win32® [CreateDIBSection](#) function. The image allocator

creates this type of sample. It is told whether the buffers are allocated by a **CImageAllocator** object (or derived class) via the [CDrawImage::NotifyAllocator](#) member function.

If the buffers used to draw are not allocated by a compatible allocator, it will draw using the Win32 [SetDIBitsToDevice](#) family of APIs. The [CBaseWindow](#) class retrieves the window handle where the images are to be drawn. The device contexts that the drawing code should use are passed in through the [CDrawImage::SetDrawContext](#) member function.

The [CImageAllocator](#), [CImageSample](#), and [CDrawImage](#) classes are all tightly associated. The buffers that the image allocator creates are made using the Win32 [CreateDIBSection](#) function. The allocator then creates its own samples (based on the **CImageSample** class). The image samples are initialized with the buffer pointer and its length. The sample is also passed in a structure (a [DIBDATA](#) structure) that holds a number of pieces of information obtained from the [CreateDIBSection](#) function.

These samples can then be passed to the draw object. The draw object knows the private format of the samples, and how to get the [DIBDATA](#) structure back from them. Once the draw object has obtained that information, it can pass a bitmap handle, stored in the **DIBDATA** structure, down into GDI when it draws the image that the sample contains. By using the bitmap handle from the sample in the drawing, rather than just the buffer pointer (which is the alternative if the sample is not a [CImageSample](#)), it gets a modest performance improvement.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::DisplaySampleTimes

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Displays time stamp of a sample on top of the image.

```
void DisplaySampleTimes(  
    IMediaSample *pSample  
);
```

Parameters

pSample
Sample containing time stamps.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

In debugging builds, it is often instructive to see the time stamps for images that the object is

drawing. This member function gets the data pointer for the image the sample holds, along with its time stamps; then, using an offscreen device context, it draws the times approximately 80 percent of the way down the image (and centered horizontally).

This is a protected member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::DrawImage

CDrawImage Class

Entry point for drawing an image.

```
BOOL DrawImage(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Sample to draw.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

If the samples have been allocated by a [CImageAllocator](#) object (or a derived class), the images that the samples contain will be drawn using the Microsoft Win32 [BitBlt](#) or [StretchBlt](#) function. If not, they will be drawn using [SetDIBitsToDevice](#) or [StretchDIBits](#). The client must call [CDrawImage::NotifyAllocator](#) prior to calling this member function to inform the [CDrawImage](#) object how the image buffers have been allocated. The object is informed each time the source or destination changes (through its [CDrawImage::SetSourceRect](#) and [CDrawImage::SetTargetRect](#) member functions). It uses this information to determine if it needs to stretch the image during the draw.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::FastRender

CDrawImage Class

Draws the sample image using the Microsoft Win32 [BitBlt](#) and [StretchBlt](#) functions.

```
void FastRender(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Sample to draw.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This protected member function is called by [CDrawImage](#) with a sample that contains an image buffer. The image buffer must have been allocated through the Win32 [CreateDIBSection](#) function and by a [CImageAllocator](#) object (or derived class). There are some performance benefits from drawing images created through this mechanism.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CDrawImage::GetPaletteVersion

CDrawImage Class

Retrieves the current palette version.

```
LONG GetPaletteVersion( );
```

Return Values

Returns the palette version.

Remarks

This member function is applicable only when using samples allocated through a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. For more information about working with palettes, see the [CDrawImage::UpdateColourTable](#) member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::GetSourceRect

CDrawImage Class

Retrieves the current source rectangle the draw object is using.

```
void GetSourceRect(  
    RECT *pSourceRect  
);
```

Parameters

pSourceRect
Holds the source rectangle.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::GetTargetRect

CDrawImage Class

Retrieves the current destination rectangle the draw object is using.

```
void GetTargetRect(  
    RECT *pTargetRect  
);
```

Parameters

pTargetRect
Holds the target rectangle.

Return Values

No return value.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::IncrementPaletteVersion

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Increments the current palette version.

```
void IncrementPaletteVersion( );
```

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is applicable only when using samples allocated through a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. For more information about working with palettes, see the [CDrawImage::UpdateColourTable](#) member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::NotifyAllocator

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Notifies the draw object which allocator the output pin is actually going to use.

```
void NotifyAllocator(  
    BOOL bUsingImageAllocator  
    );
```

Parameters

bUsingImageAllocator

Flag to indicate whether to use a [CImageAllocator](#) object allocator or not.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function tells the draw object whose allocator to use. This should be called with TRUE if the filter agrees to use an allocator based around the DirectShow™ [CImageAllocator](#) base class. These image buffers are made through [CreateDIBSection](#). Otherwise this should be called with FALSE, and the images will be drawn using [SetDIBitsToDevice](#) and [StretchDIBits](#).

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::NotifyEndDraw

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Indicates the conclusion of image rendering.

void NotifyEndDraw(void);

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is used for performance measurements and just calls the [MSR_STOP](#) macro.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::NotifyMediaType

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Provides the image format for the draw object.

```
void NotifyMediaType(  
    CMediaType *pMediaType  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaType
Media type.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The draw object must know the format of the images it will be drawing. For the most part, this is so it can retrieve the palette when the images are 8-bit palettized. A filter using the draw class will usually call this just after completing a connection.

The method does not take a copy of the media type but just stores a pointer (for performance reasons). Therefore, the caller should ensure that the media type is not destroyed inadvertently.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::NotifyStartDraw

CDrawImage Class

Indicates the beginning of image rendering.

```
void NotifyStartDraw(void);
```

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is used for performance measurements and just calls the MSR_START macro.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDrawImage::ResetPaletteVersion

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Resets the current palette version.

void ResetPaletteVersion();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is applicable only when using samples allocated through a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. For more information about working with palettes, see the [CDrawImage::UpdateColourTable](#) member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CDrawImage::ScaleSourceRect

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Returns a scaled version of a provided source rectangle.

**virtual RECT ScaleSourceRect(
 const RECT *pSource
);**

Parameters

pSource
 Unscaled source rectangle.

Return Values

Returns the scaled source rectangle (returns unscaled *pSource* by default).

Remarks

The base class implementation does not scale the source rectangle. Derived classes can override this to implement scaling, if required.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::SetDrawContext

CDrawImage Class

Sets the device contexts used for drawing.

void SetDrawContext();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The draw object always needs a device context for the window to draw images in. It might also need an offscreen device context to select bitmaps into when using `DIBSECTION` buffers (for more details on these and `CreateDIBSection`, see the Microsoft Platform SDK documentation). This member function will typically be called by a filter using this class, once it has initialized a window.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::SetSourceRect

CDrawImage Class

Sets the source rectangle for the video.

**void SetSourceRect(
RECT *pSourceRect
);**

Parameters

pSourceRect
New source rectangle.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The source rectangle should already have been validated before calling this member function so that the source rectangle specified will not extend over the edges of the available video.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::SetStretchMode

CDrawImage Class

Decides whether the video is to be stretched.

void SetStretchMode();

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

When the object is asked to draw an image, the object must know whether the video is being stretched, because it affects the function it calls ([BitBlt](#) or [StretchBlt](#), for example). Rather than calculate this for every frame, it works it out just once when the source or destination rectangle is updated. This member function is called by [SetSourceRect](#) and [SetTargetRect](#) to manage this calculation.

This is a protected member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::SetTargetRect

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Sets the target rectangle for the video.

```
void SetTargetRect(  
    RECT *pTargetRect  
);
```

Parameters

pTargetRect
New target area.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The destination rectangle should already have been validated before calling this member function, so that the destination specified will not define an empty playback area.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::SlowRender

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Draws the sample image using [SetDIBitsToDevice](#) and [StretchDIBits](#).

```
void SlowRender(  
    IMediaSample *pMediaSample  
);
```

Parameters

pMediaSample
Sample to draw.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

The sample provided should contain the image to draw and should match the format as specified to the draw object through [NotifyMediaType](#).

This is a protected member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CDrawImage::UpdateColourTable

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Updates the palette associated with a sample.

```
void UpdateColourTable(  
    HDC hdc,  
    BITMAPINFOHEADER *pbmi  
);
```

Parameters

hdc

Device context containing the sample image.

pbmi

[BITMAPINFO](#) structure containing the new palette.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This member function is applicable only when using samples allocated through a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. **CImageAllocator** creates samples that are created with the Microsoft Win32 [CreateDIBSection](#) function. When a palettized buffer is allocated through **CreateDIBSection**, a palette is passed in that is associated with that buffer.

Should the palette be changed, the new palette must be associated with the buffer before drawing it (this is done through the Win32 [SetDIBColorTable](#) function and internally with the **UpdateColourTable** member function). The drawing code knows to update the palette because the palette version it stores in the sample will differ from the palette version it keeps internally.

In essence, the sample gets an initial palette version when created. When the palette is

changed (probably by a filter), it tells the draw object to increment its palette version (through the [IncrementPaletteVersion](#) member function). When the draw object next comes to draw the sample, it will see that the sample has an old palette version and will know to call **UpdateColourTable** on it.

The draw object knows the type of buffer used for samples through the [NotifyAllocator](#) member function. If it is called with TRUE, the buffers passed to it must be allocated by a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. If it is called with FALSE, the buffers should be allocated in standard system memory (or other memory accessible to GDI in the same manner).

When the allocator is decommitted, it will typically delete all the samples it holds on to. When it is subsequently committed, the samples will be created again with their initial palette versions. At this point, the allocator should also reset the palette version in the draw object so that they remain in sync. An allocator can do this by calling the [ResetPaletteVersion](#) member function.

This is a protected member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CDrawImage::UsingImageAllocator

[CDrawImage Class](#)

Retrieves the type of samples to be drawn.

BOOL UsingImageAllocator();

Return Values

Returns one of the following values.

Value Meaning

TRUE Allocated through [CreateDIBSection](#).

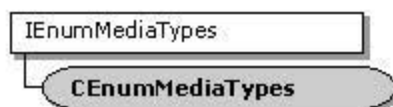
FALSE Not allocated through [CreateDIBSection](#).

Remarks

This member function is applicable only when using samples allocated through a [CImageAllocator](#) (or derived class) object. For more information about working with palettes and the image allocator, see the [CDrawImage::UpdateColourTable](#) member function.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

CEnumMediaTypes Class



This class provides the mechanism for enumerating the pin's preferred media types. Its constructor must be passed to an object from a class derived from [CBasePin](#). It uses the virtual member function [GetMediaType](#) to retrieve each of the media types in turn. It also uses the pin's [CBasePin::GetMediaTypeVersion](#) member function to determine if the number or type of media types has changed.

The base pin class does not support dynamic media type changes. [CBaseFilter::GetPinVersion](#) always returns the same value, for example.

The media type enumerator must fill in a list of pointers to media type structures. The memory for those media type structures must be released by the callers when they have finished with it. However, the memory must not be allocated from any language-specific heap; otherwise, problems might occur between a filter written in C and another written in C++. For this reason, the base classes provide generic functions (not member functions of a class) to create and delete media types: [CreateMediaType](#) and [DeleteMediaType](#). These manage memory allocation from the task allocator.

All member functions in this class that return [HRESULT](#) and accept a pointer as a parameter return [E_POINTER](#) when passed a null pointer.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CEnumMediaTypes	Constructs a CEnumMediaTypes object.

Implemented IUnknown Methods

Name	Description
AddRef	Increments the reference count.
QueryInterface	Returns pointers to supported interfaces.
Release	Decrements the reference count.

Implemented IEnumMediaTypes Methods

Name	Description
Clone	Creates a duplicate CEnumMediaTypes object with the same state.
Next	Returns the next media type after the current position.
Reset	Sets the current position back to the beginning.
Skip	Skips over one or more entries in the enumerator.

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::AddRef

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Increments the reference count for the calling interface on an object. It should be called for every new copy of a pointer to an interface on a given object.

ULONG AddRef(void);

Return Values

Returns an integer from 1 to n , the value of the new reference count. This information is meant to be used for diagnostic/testing purposes only, because, in certain situations, the value might be unstable.

Remarks

This member function implements the IUnknown::AddRef method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use.](#)

[◀Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::CEnumMediaTypes

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Constructs a CEnumMediaTypes object.

```
CEnumMediaTypes(  
    CBasePin *pPin,  
    CEnumMediaTypes *pEnumMediaTypes  
);
```

Parameters

pPin

Pointer to the pin on which the enumeration is to be performed.

pEnumMediaTypes

Pointer to the instantiated [CEnumMediaTypes](#) object.

Return Values

No return value.

Remarks

This is a standard class constructor.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::Clone

[CEnumMediaTypes Class](#)

Retrieves another enumerator containing the same enumeration state as the current one.

```
HRESULT Clone(  
    IEnumMediaTypes ** ppEnum  
);
```

Parameters

ppEnum
New copy of the enumerator.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IEnumMediaTypes::Clone](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::Next

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Retrieves the specified number of items in the enumeration sequence.

```
HRESULT Next(  
    ULONG cMediaTypes,  
    AM_MEDIA_TYPE** ppMediaTypes,  
    ULONG * pcFetched  
);
```

Parameters

cMediaTypes

Number of media types to place.

ppMediaTypes

Array in which to place the next media type or types.

pcFetched

Actual count passed.

Return Values

Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IEnumMediaTypes::Next](#) method. To call this method, pass a pointer's address to a media type. The base class implementation relies on the existence of an overridden [CBasePin::GetMediaType](#) member function in the derived class that will provide the next media type.

Free each media type acquired by calling [DeleteMediaType](#), which will free the format block and the media type itself.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::QueryInterface

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Retrieves a pointer to a specified interface on a component to which a client currently holds an interface pointer.

```
HRESULT QueryInterface(  
    REFIID iid,  
    void ** ppvObject  
);
```

Parameters

iid

Specifies the IID of the interface being requested.

ppvObject

Receives a pointer to an interface pointer to the object on return. If the interface specified in *iid* is not supported by the object, *ppvObject* is set to NULL.

Return Values

Returns S_OK if the interface is supported, S_FALSE if not.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IUnknown::QueryInterface](#) method and passes out references to the [IEnumMediaTypes](#) interface. Override this class to return other interfaces on the object in the derived class.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#)[Home](#)[Topic Contents](#)[Index](#)[Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::Release

[CEnumMediaTypes Class](#)

Decrements the reference count for the calling interface on an object. If the reference count on the object falls to zero, the object is freed from memory.

```
ULONG Release(void);
```

Return Values

Returns the resulting value of the reference count, which is used for diagnostic/testing purposes only. If you need to know that resources have been freed, use an interface with higher-level semantics.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IUnknown::Release](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use](#).

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::Reset

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Resets the enumerator to the beginning so that the next call to the [IEnumMediaTypes::Next](#) method will return, at a minimum, the first media type in the enumeration.

HRESULT Reset(void);

Return Values

Returns S_OK if successful; otherwise, returns S_FALSE.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IEnumMediaTypes::Reset](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

[Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next](#)

CEnumMediaTypes::Skip

CEnumMediaTypes Class

Skips a specified number of elements in the enumeration sequence.

**HRESULT Skip(
 ULONG *cMediaTypes*
);**

Parameters

cMediaTypes
 Number of media type elements to skip.

Return Values

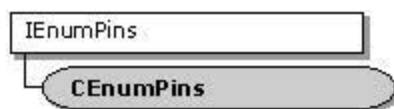
Returns an [HRESULT](#) value.

Remarks

This member function implements the IEnumMediaTypes::Skip method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Terms of Use.

CEnumPins Class



This class supports the [IEnumPins](#) enumeration interface by calling [CBaseFilter](#) methods. The **CBaseFilter** class supports the [IBaseFilter::EnumPins](#) method. Each time one of this interface's methods is called, the **CBaseFilter** class checks to see if the pins that it enumerates have changed; it does this by calling [CBaseFilter::GetPinVersion](#) and matching the version the filter is keeping with the version that it stores during construction.

If a pin enumerator becomes stale, there is no mechanism for resynchronizing it with the filter. The user must release the interface and retrieve another one.

Because the enumeration operation is likely to fail if the pin version changes (indicating that the filter might have added or removed pins), all member functions in this class check the version by calling a private member function, which calls the owning filter's [CBaseFilter::GetPinVersion](#) member function. These member functions then return [VFW_E_ENUM_OUT_OF_SYNC](#) if the version has changed. This should always work unless the filter has overridden **CBaseFilter::GetPinVersion** to do something unexpected.

All member functions in this class that return [HRESULT](#) and accept a pointer as a parameter return [E_POINTER](#) when passed a null pointer.

Member Functions

Name	Description
CEnumPins	Constructs a CEnumPins object.

Implemented IUnknown Methods

Name	Description
AddRef	Increments the reference count.
QueryInterface	Returns pointers to supported interfaces.
Release	Decrements the reference count.

Implemented IEnumPins Methods

Name	Description
Clone	Creates a duplicate CEnumPins object with the same initial state.
Next	Returns the next pin after the current position.
Reset	Sets the current position back to the beginning.
Skip	Skips over one or more entries in the enumerator.

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CEnumPins::AddRef

CEnumPins Class

Increments the reference count for the calling interface on an object.

ULONG AddRef(void);

Return Values

Returns an integer from 1 to n , the value of the new reference count.

Remarks

This member function implements the [IUnknown::AddRef](#) method.

© 1997 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. [Terms of Use.](#)

[◀ Previous](#) [Home](#) [Topic Contents](#) [Index](#) [Next ▶](#)

CEnumPins::CEnumPins

CEnumPins Class

Constructor for the [CEnumPins](#) class.

```
CEnumPins(  
    CBaseFilter *pFilter,  
    CEnumPins *pEnumPins  
);
```

Parameters

pFilter

Pointer to the filter on which to enumerate the pins.

pEnumPins

Returned pointer to an [IEnumPins](#) interface object.