The Protein Data Bank: A Computer-based Archival File for Macromolecular Structures

The Protein Data Bank is a computer-based archival file for macromolecular structures. The Bank stores in a uniform format atomic co-ordinates and partial bond connectivities, as derived from crystallographic studies. Text included in each data entry gives pertinent information for the structure at hand (e.g. species from which the molecule has been obtained, resolution of diffraction data, literature citations and specifications of secondary structure). In addition to atomic co-ordinates and connectivities, the Protein Data Bank stores structure factors and phases, although these latter data are not placed in any uniform format. Input of data to the Bank and general maintenance functions are carried out at Brookhaven National Laboratory. All data stored in the Bank are available on magnetic tape for public distribution, from Brookhaven (to laboratories in the Americas), Tokyo (Japan), and Cambridge (Europe and worldwide). A master file is maintained at Brookhaven and duplicate copies are stored in Cambridge and Tokyo. In the future, it is hoped to expand the scope of the Protein Data Bank to make available co-ordinates for standard structural types (e.g. α -helix, RNA double-stranded helix) and representative computer programs of utility in the study and interpretation of macromolecular structures.

The Protein Data Bank[†] (1971,1973) was established in 1971 as a computer-based archival file for macromolecular structures. The purpose of the Bank is to collect, standardize, and distribute atomic co-ordinates and other data from crystallographic studies. As the number of solved protein and nucleic acid structures has grown to the point where some 10^7 characters are necessary to represent the co-ordinate information currently held, the need for such a computer-readable file has become very clear, and demands for the Bank's services have increased accordingly. The Protein Data Bank is one of several data base activities in the field of crystallography, e.g. the Bibliographic (Kennard *et al.*, 1972) and Structural (Allen *et al.*, 1973) Data Files for organic and organometallic compounds, the Atlas of Macromolecular Structure on Microfiche (AMSOM) (Feldmann, 1977), the Bond Index to the Determination of Inorganic Crystal Structures (BIDICS)[‡] and the Powder Diffraction File.§

(a) Scope

The Protein Data Bank covers atomic co-ordinates, structure factors and phases from diffraction studies of macromolecules. Since most of this information is not generally published in the primary literature, the Bank depends for comprehensiveness on data supplied directly by the investigators. It is essentially a depository of data, held in computer-readable form, in contrast to other data banks that are based

† Protein Data Bank is a misnomer of historical origin, since the file now contains entries for a nucleic acid.

‡ I. D. Brown, Bond Index to the Determination of Inorganic Crystal Structures, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, L8S 4M1.

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F. C. BERNSTEIN ET AL.

TABLE 1

Protein data bank holdings

IDENT CODE	MOLECULE	DEPOS I TOR	STATUS CODE
ladk 1adh	ADENYLATE KINASE	G. SCHULZ C.~L. BRANDEN	Ĥ
2ADH 2CHA 3CHA	MDLECULE ADENYLATE KINASE ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE (ADP-RIB) ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE (ORTHOPHEN) ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE (ORTHOPHEN) ALPHA-CHYDOTRYPSIN ANTIGEN BINDING FRAGMENT (NEW) BENCE-JONES IMMUNOGLOBULIN REI CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A CARBONIC ANHYDRASE B CARBONIC ANHYDRASE B CARBONIC ANHYDRASE C CARBONIC ANHYDRASE C CANGANAVALIN A CUNCANAVALIN A CUNCANAVALIN A CUNCANAVALIN A CUNCANAVALIN A CUNCANAVALIN A CYTOCHROME C (ALBACORE, REDUCED) CYTOCHROME C (BONITO, HEART) CYTOCHROME C550 ELASTASE FEREEDXIN FLAYDDOXIN (CLOSTEIDIUM MP)	CI. BRANDEN D. BLOW A. TULINSKY	R
1FAB 1RE I 1CPV 2CPV	HNTIGEN BINDING FRHGTENT (NEW) BENCE-JONES IMMUNOGLOBULIN REI CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 6A	0. EPP, R. HUBER R. KRETSINGER	
3CPV 1CAB	CALCIUM-BINDING PARVALBUMIN SET 61 CARBONIC ANHYDRASE B	R. KRETSINGER K. KANNAN	
1CAC 1CPA 1CHG	CARBOXYPEPTIDASE A CHYMOTRYPSINOGEN	U. LIPSCOMB J. KRAUT	
2CNA 3CNA 185C 1CYT	CONCARNAVALIN A CONCARNAVALIN A CYTOCHROME B5	G. REEKE, G. EDELTHN K. HARDMAN F. S. MATHEWS	R
ICYT 2CYT ICYC IC2C	CYTOCHRUME C (ALBACORE, OKIDIZED) CYTOCHRUME C (ALBACORE, REDUCED) CYTOCHRUME C (BONITO, HEART)	R. DICKERSUN R. DICKERSON M. KAKUDO	
1C2C 155C 1EST	CYTOCHROME C2 CYTOCHROME C550 ELASTASE	J. KRAUT R. TIMKOVICH H. WATSON	
1FDX 1FXN 1GCH	FERREDOXIN FLAVODOXIN (CLOSTRIDIUM MP) GAM'IA-CHYMOTRYPSIN	L. JENSEN M. LUDWIG COHEN, DAVIES, SILVERTON	Р
1GPD 2MHB 1DHB	GLYCERALDEHYDE-3-P-DEHYDROGENASE(LOBST HEMOGLOBIN (HORSE, AQUO MET) HEMOGLOBIN (HORSE, DEOXY)	R)M. ROSSMANN LADNER, HEIDNER, PERUTZ M. PERUTZ, G. FERMI	N RP
1HHB 1FDH 1LHB	HEMOGLOBIN (HUMAN, DEOXY) HEMOGLOBIN (HUMAN, FETAL, DEOXY) HEMOGLOBIN (LANPREY)	M. PERUTZ, G. FERMI J. FRIER W. HENDRICKSON	
1 YHX 1H IP 2L DH	HEXOK INASE (YEAST) BIII HIGH POTENTIAL IRON PROTEIN LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	T. STEITZ J. KRAUT M. ROSSMANN	B PD
3LDH 1LYZ 2LYZ	LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE/NAD/PYRUVATE LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET W2) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RSSD)	M. ROSSMANN R. DIAMOND R. DIAMOND	PD P P
3LYZ 4LYZ 5LYZ	LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS6A) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS9A) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS12A)	R. DIAMOND R. DIAMOND R. DIAMOND	P P P
6L YZ 1MDH 1MBN	LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS16) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE)	R. DIAMOND L. BANASZAK H. WATSON	P A
2MBN 3MBN 3PT1	MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, MET) MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) PANCREATIC_TRYPSIN INHIBITOR	T. TAKANO T. TAKANO R. <u>HUBER</u>	R
8PAP 2PAP 3PAP	PAPAIN, NATIVE PAPAIN (ACE-ALA-ALA-PHE-ALA, CYS-25) PAPAIN (CYS DERIV OF CYS-25)	J. DRENTH J. DRENTH J. DRENTH	R
4Pap 5pap 6pap	PAPAIN (UXIDIZED CYS-25) PAPAIN (TOS-LYS, CYS-25) PAPAIN (BZOXY-GLY-PHE-GLY, CYS-25)	J. DRENTH J. DRENTH J. DRENTH	
IPGK 2PGK	PHPHIN (BZUXY-PHE-HLH,CTS-ZS) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE (YEAST) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE (HORSE)	J. DRENTH H. WATSON P. EVANS, D. PHILLIPS	A B
1Pab 1RNS 2RXN	PREALBUMIN (HUMAN, PLASMA) RIBONUCLEASE S RUBREDOXIN	S. OATLEY, D. PHILLIPS H. WYCKOFF L. JENSEN	ND
1SNS 1SGB 1SBT	STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE STREPTOMYCES GRISEUS PROTEINASE B SUBTILISIN BPN'	F. A. COTTON, E. HAZEN M. JAMES J. KRAUT	A
2SBT 1SOD 1TLN	SUBTILISIN NOVO SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE THERMOLYSIN (UHREFINED)	J. DRENTH J. AND D. RICHARDSON B. MATTHEWS	A
2tln Isrx Itna	THERMOLYSIN (REFINED) THIOREDOXIN TRANSFER RNA (YEAST, PHE)	B. MATTHEWS BO. SODERBERG J. SUSSMAN, SH. KIM	A N
2TNA 3TNA 1TIM	TRANSFER RNA (YEAST, PHE) TRANSFER RNA (YEAST, PHE) TRIOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE	M. SUNDARALINGAM JACK, LADNER, KLUG I. WILSON, D. PHILLIPS	P
IPTN 2PTB IPTC	CYTOCHRONE C2 CYTOCHRONE C2 CYTOCHRONE C550 ELASTASE FERREDOXIN GLIYCERALDEHYDE-3-P-DEHYDROGENASE(LOBST HENOGLOBIN (HORSE, AQUO MET) HENOGLOBIN (HORSE, AQUO MET) HENOGLOBIN (HORSE, DEOXY) HENOGLOBIN (HORSE, DEOXY) HENOGLOBIN (HUMAN, DEOXY) HENOGLOBIN (HUMAN, FETAL, DEOXY) HENOGLOBIN (HUMAN, FETAL, DEOXY) HENOGLOBIN (LANPREY) HEXOKINASE (YEAST) BIII LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, SET RS5D) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS12A) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS12A) LYSOZYME (HEN EGG-WHITE, SET RS16) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, MET) MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MTOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MTOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MTOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MTOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MYOGLOBIN (SPERM WHALE, DEOXY) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE MUBILI (COXIDIZED CYS-25) PAPAIN (CXS DERIV OF CYS-25) PAPAIN (CXS DERIV OF CYS-25) PAPAIN (CXS DERIV OF CYS-25) PAPAIN (BZOXY-GLY-PHE-GLY. CYS-25) PAPAIN (BZOX	FEHLHAMMER, BODE, SCHWAG FEHLHAMMER, BODE, SCHWAG BODE ET AL.	ER N ER RN N
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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

on data abstracted from scientific publications. The Bank contains 77 atomic coordinate entries for 47 macromolecules (Table 1),† and 13 sets of structure factors and phases. The atomic co-ordinate entries, which include descriptive text and partial bond connectivities, conform to a uniform format (see below), but the structure factors and phases are stored in the format received from depositors. All co-ordinate entries are referred to depositors for verification, before being made available publicly through the Bank.

(b) Record structure of atomic co-ordinate entries

Atomic co-ordinate entries consist of records each of 80 characters.[‡] Using the punched card analogy, columns 1 to 6 contain a record type identifier, and columns 7 to 70 contain data. § Columns 71 to 80 are normally blank, but may contain sequence information which is added by the library-file management program UPDATE¶ used to maintain the file on the Brookhaven CDC CYBER 70/76 computing system. In order to facilitate retrieval of data from the file, the first four characters of each record define the unique record type, and the syntax of each record is independent of the order of records within any entry for a particular macromolecule. (In the master file, this order is always fixed.) Atomic co-ordinate data contributed by depositors are processed into the standard format with program MACMOL, \parallel which also subjects the data to certain nomenclature and connectivity checking procedures.

A sample partial entry for the protein ribonuclease S is shown in Table 2.⁺⁺ The unique code 1RNS identifying this entry is given in the HEADER record, along with the date these data were entered into the Bank, and a provisional classification based on function, intended for future use in indexing and subdividing the file. Text giving the name of molecule, species from which it has been obtained, authors, literature citations, and other general description are presented in records COMPND through REMARK. SEQRES gives the amino acid sequence, and FTNOTE records are footnotes keyed to particular residues or atoms. Records HELIX through TURN describe the secondary structure as stated or approved by the depositor. Record CRYST1 defines the unit cell, while ORIGX and SCALE respectively give transformations relating the orthogonal Ångström co-ordinates stored in the file to those originally supplied by the depositor (these frequently are referred to an oblique or non-isometric system) and to standard crystallographic fractional co-ordinates. ATOM records give the IUPAC-IUB (1969) standard atom names (IUPAC-IUB, 1970), and residue abbreviations (IUPAC-IUB, 1971), along with sequence identifiers (cf. SEQRES, above), co-ordinates in Ångström units, and occupancies and thermal

† In addition to current co-ordinate entries shown in Table 1, the Bank contains obsolete entries (for adenylate kinase tosyl, α -chymotrypsin, concanavalin A, lactate dehydrogenase, horse methemoglobin, papain, rubredoxin, benzamidine-inhibited trypsin and pancreatic trypsin inhibitor), which have been superseded by later, more accurate data. These obsolete data are available on special request.

[‡] Originally, the Bank used a 140-character format, similar to that employed in the protein refinement programs of Diamond (1966,1971). The 140-character format has been superseded by the 80-character format.

§ A detailed description of the file formats is available from Brookhaven on request.

¶ Control Data Corporation, UPDATE Reference Manual, Publication No. 60342500, Control Data Corporation, Arden Hills, Minnesota, 1974.

|| G. J. B. Williams, unpublished. For the 140-character data, program PROIN by E. F. Meyer was utilized.

++ The file is organized in a similar way for proteins and nucleic acids, although certain differences

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TABLE 2

Abbreviated sample atomic co-ordinate entry (ribonuclease S)

·	
HEADER	HYDROLASF (PHOSPHORIC DIESTER, RNA) 01-APR-73 1RNS
COMPND	RIBONUCLFASE-5 (E.C. 3.1.4.22)
SOURCE	BOVINE (ROS TAURUS) PANCREAS
AUTHOR	F. M. RICHARDS AND H. W. WYCKOFF
JRNL	R.J. FLETTERICK AND H. W. WYCKOFF, PRELIMINARY REFINEMENT
JRNL	OF PROTEIN COORDINATES IN REAL SPACE, ACTA CRYST., VOL. A31,
JRNL	P698 (1975).
REMARK	1
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 1. F. M. RICHARDS AND H. W. WYCKOFF, ATLAS OF
REMARK	1 STRUCTURES FOR MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, VOL. 1. RIBONUCLEASE-S,
REMARK	1 CLARENDON PRESS (1973).
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 2. F. M. RICHARDS AND H. W. WYCKOFF, BOVINE
REMARK	1 PANCREATIC RIBONUCLEASE, THE ENZYMES, EDITED BY P. D.
REMARK	1 BOYER, VOL. IV, THIRD EDITION, P647, ACADEMIC PRESS (1971)
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 3. F. M. RICHARDS, H. N. WYCKOFF, W. D. CARLSON,
REMARK	1 N. M. ALLEWELL, B. LEE AND Y. MITSUI, PROTEIN STRUCTURE, 1 RIBONUCLEASE-S AND NUCLEOTIDE INTERACTIONS, COLD SPRING
REMARK	
REMARK REMARK	1 HARBOR SYMPOSIA ON QUANTITATIVE BIOLOGY, VOL. XXXVI, P35 1 (1971)
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 4. N. M. ALLEWELL AND H. W. WYCKOFF,
REMARK	1 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS OF THE INTERACTION OF CUPRIC
REMARK	1 ION WITH RIBONUCLEASE S, J. BIOL. CHEM., VOL. 246, P4657
REMARK	
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 5. H. W. WYCKOFF, D. TSEHNOGLOU, A. W. HANSON,
REMARK	1 J. R. KNOX, B. LEE AND F. M. RICHARDS, THE THREE-
REMARK	1 DIMENSTONAL STRUCTURE OF RIBONUCLEASE-S. INTERPRETATION
REMARK	1 OF AN FLECTRON DENSITY MAP AT A NOMINAL RESOLUTION OF 2
REMARK	1 ANGSTROMS. J. BIOL. CHEM., VOL. 245, P305 (1970).
REMARK	1 REFERENCE 6. H. W. WYCKOFF, K. D. HARDMAN, N. M. ALLEWELL,
REMARK	1 T. INAGAMI, D. TSERNOGLOU, L. N. JOHNSON AND F. M.
REMARK	1 RICHARDS. THE STRUCTURE OF RIBONUCLEASE-S AT 6 ANGSTROM
REMARK	1 RESOLUTYON, J. BIOL. CHEM., VOL. 242, P3749 (1967).
REMARK	2
REMARK	2 RESOLUTION. 2.0 ANGSTROMS.
REMARK	3
REMARK	3 REFINEMENT. BY A STEEPEST-DESCENTS PROCEDURE. REFER TO THE
REMARK	3 JRNL CITATION ABOVE.
REMARK	4
REMARK	4 THIS COMPDINATE SET IS DESIGNATED 60 BY THE DEPOSITOR.
REMARK	
REMARK	5 THE *S-PEPTIDE* (RESIDUES 1-20) WHICH FORMS A SEPARATE
REMARK	5 CHAIN FROM THE REMAINDER OF THE MOLECULE IS GIVEN THE
REMARK	5 CHAIN INFNTIFIER S.
SEGRES	1 S 20 LYS GLU THR ALA ALA ALA LYS PHE GLU ARG GLN HIS MET 2 S 20 ASP SER SER THR SER ALA ALA
SEQRES Seores	
SEGRES	
SEGRES	
SEGRES	3 104 VAL HIS GLU SER LEU ALA ASP VAL GLN ALA VAL CYS SER 4 104 gln Lys Asn val ala cys Lys Asn gly gln thr asn cys
SEGRES	5 104 TYR GLN SER TYR SER THR MET SER ILE THR ASP CYS
SEGRES	6 104 GLU THR GLY SER SER LYS TYR PRO ASN CYS ALA TYR LYS
SEGRES	7 104 THR THR GLN ALA ASN LYS HIS ILE ILE VAL ALA CYS GLU
SEGRES	8 104 GLY ASN PRO TYR VAL PRO VAL HIS PHE ASP ALA SER VAL
FTNOTE	1
FTNOTE	1 THE MAIN CHAIN AND MOST OF THE ASSOCIATED SIDE CHAINS ARE
FTNOTE	1 NOT WELL-DEFINED IN THE REGIONS OF RESIDUES 2, 65-72 AND
FTNOTE	1 119-123
FTNOTE	2
FTNOTE	2 THE MAIN CHAIN IS VERY POORLY DEFINED OR NOT VISIBLE AT ALL
FTNOTE	2 IN THE FLECTRON DENSITY MAP IN THE REGIONS OF RESIDUES 1,
FTNOTE	2 18-20,21-23 AND 124.
HELIX	1 H1 THR'S 3 MET S 13 1
HELIX	2 H2 ASN 24 ASN 34 1
	-

TABLE 2—continued

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	3	H3 58	:R	50	ALA	56	1					_			
HELIX SHEET	1	S1 3		41	HIS		ō								
SHEET	ż	si 3		79	THR		-1		AS		44	0	CYS		4
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SHEET	ĭ	S2 4		61	ALA		Ö								
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SHEET	- 4	S2 4	VAL	116	VAL	124	-1	0	AL	A :	109	N	VAL	11	8
TURN	ī	TI V			VAL	57				3/10					
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ORIGX3		0.00		0.00	0000	1.000	000)		0.00	0000				
SCALEI			2306	.01	2931	0.000				0.00					
SCALE2		0.00		.02	5861	0.000	000	1		0.00					
SCALE3		0.00		0.00	0000	.010		1		0.00					
ATOM	1	N	LYS			-15.39	4	7.9		20.		1.0		00	2
ATOM	ź	CA	LYS	-		-15.14	5	7.6		18.		1.0		00	2
ATOM	3		LYS	-		-14.98	2		107	18.		1.0		00	2
ATOM	4	ō				-15.14		5.3		19.		1.0		00	2
ATOM	5	СB	LYS			-13.87	2	8.2	244	18.		1.0		00	S
ATOM	6	CG	LYS	-		-12.69	3	7.6	554	18.	794	1.0	0.0.	.00	2
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ATOM	927	N	ASP	121		-6.79	5	-9.0	247	· · ·	0.34	1.0	0 0.		1
ATOM	928	CA	Acp	121		-5.81	3	-9.4	125	5.	935	1.0		.00	1
ATOM	929	C	Asp	121		-6.21	7 -	10.)	156	4.	789	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	930	õ	Asp	121		-5.82	8	-9.8	350	з.	652	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	931	ČB	Asp	121		-4.52		-10.0	015	6.	6,48	1.0		00	1
ATOM	932	CG	ASP	121		-3.47	1	-9.5	503	5.	687	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	933	001		121		-3.32		-8.4	082		636	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	934	002	Asp	121		-2.71	8 -	10.3	333	4.	799	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	935	N	AL A	122		-7.04	9 -	-11.4	201	5.	013	1.0		00	1
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ATOM	937	С	ALA	122		-8.55				4.	724	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	938	õ	AL A	122		-8.49	5 -	-13+6	536	5.	925	1.0		00	1
ATOM	939	ĊВ	ALA	122		-6.99	1 -	-12.5	510	2.	881	1.0		00	1
ATOM	940	N	SFR	123		-8.88				з.	717	1.0		.00	1
ATOM	941	CA	SFP	123		-9.75	8 -	-15.)	155	з.	627	1.0		00	1
ATOM	942	Ċ	SFP	123		-8.91				2.	880	1.0		00	1
ATOM	943	0	SFR	123		-8.37	2 -	-15.6	812	1.	810	1.0	0 0.	.00	1
ATOM	944	СB	SFP	123		-10.87				2.	597	1.0	0 0.	00	1
ATOM	945	ŌĠ	SFR	123		-10.15	7 -	-14.(035		530	1.0		00	1
ATOM	946	N	VAL	124		-8.84	5 -	-17.4	415	3.	438	1.0		,00	2
ATOM	947	CA	VAL	124		-8.59					596	1.0		00	S
ATOM	948	Ċ	VAL	124		-9.23	5 -	-18.3	381		209	1.0	0 0.	00	2
ATOM	949	Ō	VAL.	124		-8,58				•	377	1.0		00	2
ATOM	950	СВ	VAL	124		-8.93	7 -	-19.9	929	3.	162	1.0		00	2
ATOM	951	CG1	VAL	124		-9.13	5 -	-20.	905	2.	012	1.0		.00	2
ATOM	952	CG2		124		-7.78				4.	226	1.0		.00	5
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CONECT	448		844												
CONECT	498	497	549												
CONECT	549	498	548												
CONECT	644	196	643												
CONECT	729		728												
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