## Webster's New World DICTIONARY OF COMPUTER TERMS Third Edition



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## Third Edition

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Today the us computers, is of important deversions are being to do everythin problems to compute any revolution of the clature. In a fast technology, may elop with the these terms and stantly updated

Webster's Ne Terms, Third Ec 4,500 computer of interest to compete been selected as beginning computerms a layperso sible, technical the definitions stood. Where a depends upon term, the reader ence.

All terms are a ing, so that spar in looking up a that begins with tion it would a spelled out; for position for "RS"

frequent human intervention.

de on some interactive comterminal (or keyboard/display stems) to be used as a desk expression; the computer then inswer immediately.

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specific closed subroutine. (2) on performed by the calling ssary in making a call, or the rection between two stations.

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t of instructions and data nectine.

that, after diverting execution ations (subroutine), permits a hal sequence.

ER-AIDED MANUFACTURING KE-UP.

g Society (CIPS) An organier Canadians with a common ation processing. CIPS has a and persons, including scieners who make their careers in rocessing.

nat deletes the line currently

turers or another supplier and provided to a user in readyto-use form. This packaged software is general enough to be used by many businesses and individuals. Contrast with CUSTOM SOFTWARE.

Canon engine™ The internal mechanism of a Canon office photocopier, used in most laser printers.

capacitance A measure of the ability to store electric charge; the basic unit of measurement being a farad.

capacitor An electronic component that stores a charge of static electricity and when properly stimulated, releases this charge. This is the way bits are written to, and read from, computer storage.

capacitor storage A storage device that utilizes the capacitance properties of materials to store data.

capacity The number of items of data that a storage device is capable of containing. Frequently defined in terms of computer words, bytes, or characters.

caps Capitals, or uppercase letters. ALL CAPS WOULD LOOK LIKE THIS.

capstan The rotating shaft within a magnetic tape drive that pulls the tape across the recording heads at a constant speed.

capture (of data) The recording of data on a form or its entry into a computer.

carbon ribbon Ribbon used with printers to produce extremely sharp characters with excellent definition.

card (1) Another term for printed circuit board. (2) A storage medium in which data is represented by means of holes punched in vertical columns in an 18.7 cm by 8.3 cm (7 3/8 inches by 3 1/4 inches) paper card.

card cage Chassis inside the computer housing on which printed circuit boards are mounted.

card reader A machine that translates symbols coded on punched cards into electrical signals to send to a computer.

