EXHIBIT A



<u>U.S. Patent No. 5,887,243</u>

Claim 13	Claim Language	Amazon's Proposed Constructions	PMC's Proposed Constructions
13(pre)	A method of providing data of interest to a receiver station from a first remote data source, said data of interest for use at said receiver station in at least one of generating and outputting a receiver specific datum, said method comprising the steps of:	"receiver specific datum" means data that is specific, but not necessarily unique, to the receiver station.	"data of interest" is not indefinite. "receiver specific datum" requires no construction.
13(a) 13(b)	storing said data at said first remote data source; receiving at said remote	"receiving a query"	"receiving a query"
13(0)	data source a query from said receiver station;	means receiving directly from the receiver station a request by a user for specific data over a telephone line.	requires no construction.
13(c)	transmitting at least a portion of said data from said first remote data source to said receiver station in response to said step of receiving said	"transmitting to said receiver station" means that the remote data source directly sends the data to the receiver station.	"transmitting to said receiver station" requires no construction.
	query, said receiver station selecting and storing said transmitted at least a portion of said data and;	Order of steps: Step 13(c) must occur after Step 13(b) and before step 13(d).	Order of steps: No order of steps is required. See '243, claim 13; Col. 13:23-14:46.
13(d)	transmitting from a second remote source to said receiver station a signal which controls said receiver station to select and process an instruct signal which is effective at said receiver station to coordinate presentation	"instruct signal" needs no construction. "process" is indefinite. "an instruct signal which is effective at said receiver station to coordinate presentation" is indefinite	"instruct signal" is not indefinite. Plain and ordinary meaning. "process" means performing operations on data. "an instruct signal which is effective at said receiver
	of said at least a portion of said data with one of a	because it attempts to claim all ways of achieving the	station to coordinate presentation" is not



Claim		Amazon's Proposed	PMC's Proposed
13	Claim Language	Constructions	Constructions
13	mass medium program	recited result (coordinate	indefinite. Plain and ordinary
	and a program segment	presentation). Even	meaning.
	presentation sequence.	interpreting the recited	meaning.
	presentation sequence.	claimed result under 35	
		U.S.C. § 112(f) is insufficient	
		to save the validity of the	
		claim because there is no	
		disclosure in the specification	
		of any algorithm showing how	
		the function is achieved that is	
		clearly linked to the claim	
		language.	
		"coordinate presentation"	"coordinate presentation"
		means overlay said data of	requires no construction.
		interest on the mass medium	1
		program or the program	
		presentation sequence based	
		on a specifically defined	
		relationship between the mass	
		medium program or the	
		program segment presentation	
		sequence and the data of	
		interest.	"mass medium program"
			means everything that is
		"mass medium program"	transmitted electronically to
		means a television, radio or	entertain, instruct or inform,
		broadcast print program that is	including television, radio,
		sent simultaneously to a mass	broadcast print, and computer
		of subscribers such that the	programming as well as
		content is the same for every	combined medium
		subscriber.	programming, designed for
			multiple recipients.
		"program segment	
		presentation sequence " is	"program segment
		indefinite.	presentation sequence " is not
			indefinite. It means "a
			sequence in which program
			segments are presented."



U.S. Patent No. 7,801,304

Claim 1	Claim Language	Amazon's Proposed Constructions	PMC's Proposed Constructions
1(pre)	A method for controlling the decryption of programming at a subscriber station, said method comprising the steps of:	"decryption" means decoding, including deciphering and descrambling. This construction applies for every related term in the '304 and '749 patents, such as "encryption," "encrypted," "decryptor," "decrypting," "decrypt," and "decrypter."	"decryption" means using a digital key in conjunction with a set of associated mathematical operations to decipher data. This term does not include descrambling of an analog television signal.
		"programming" means something that is transmitted electronically to entertain, instruct or inform, including television, radio, broadcast print, and computer programs as well as combined medium programs. "subscriber station" means the station of someone who has elected to receive a product or service on a regularly-scheduled basis.	"programming" means everything that is transmitted electronically to entertain, instruct or inform, including television, radio, broadcast print, and computer programming, at least a portion designed for multiple recipients. "subscriber station" — see proposed construction of "subscriber." This term does not require further construction.
1(a)	receiving programming, said programming having a first encrypted digital control signal portion and an encrypted digital information portion;		
1(b)	detecting said first encrypted digital control signal portion of said programming;		
1(c)	passing said first encrypted digital control signal portion of said programming to a decryptor at said subscriber station;	"decryptor" means standard decryption hardware or analog descrambling hardware capable of receiving encrypted information, using conventional decryption	"decryptor" does not require construction.



Claim		Amazon's Proposed	PMC's Proposed
1	Claim Language	Constructions	Constructions
1(d)	decrypting said first	techniques well known in the art as of 1987 to decrypt the encrypted information, and outputting the decrypted information. "decrypting said first	"decrypting said first
	encrypted digital control	encrypted digital control	encrypted digital control
	signal portion of said	signal portion of said	signal portion of said
	programming using said	programming" is indefinite	programming" is not
	decryptor at said subscriber station;	because it attempts to claim all ways of achieving the recited result (decryption). Even interpreting the claimed result under 35 U.S.C. § 112(f) is insufficient to save the validity of the claim because there is no disclosure in the specification of any algorithm showing how the function is achieved that is clearly linked to the claim language.	indefinite. This term does not require construction. This term is not a step-plusfunction claim element requiring 35 U.S.C. § 112(f) construction.
		To the extent that 35 U.S.C. § 112(f) saves this limitation, the only act described in the specification is decrypting the information using conventional decryption techniques well known in the art as of 1987. Therefore, to the extent this claim is not indefinite, it should be construed pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 112(f) as covering the acts recited above and equivalents thereof.	
1(e)	passing said encrypted digital information portion of said programming to said decryptor;		
1(f)	decrypting said encrypted digital information portion of said programming using said decryptor at said	"decrypting said encrypted digital information portion of said programming" is indefinite. <i>See</i> Claim 1(d) above.	"decrypting said encrypted digital information portion of said programming" is not indefinite.



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

