

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

TQ DELTA, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

COMCAST CABLE  
COMMUNICATIONS LLC,

Defendant.

C.A. No. 15-cv-611-RGA

TQ DELTA, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

COXCOM LLC and  
COX COMMUNICATIONS INC.,

Defendants.

C.A. No. 15-cv-612-RGA

TQ DELTA, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

DIRECTV, LLC,

Defendant.

C.A. No. 15-cv-613-RGA

TQ DELTA, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

DISH NETWORK CORPORATION,  
DISH NETWORK L.L.C., DISH DBS  
CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR  
CORPORATION, AND ECHOSTAR  
TECHNOLOGIES L.L.C.,

Defendants.

C.A. No. 15-cv-614-RGA

<p>TQ DELTA, LLC,  Plaintiff,  v.  TIME WARNER CABLE INC. and TIME WARNER CABLE ENTERPRISES LLC,  Defendants.</p> <hr/> <p>TQ DELTA, LLC,  Plaintiff,  v.  VERIZON SERVICES CORP.,  Defendant.</p>
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C.A. No. 15-cv-615-RGA

C.A. No. 15-cv-616-RGA

**CLAIM CONSTRUCTION ORDER**

The Court has determined that the terms below shall be given the following meaning for the claims of each identified patent:

**U.S. Patent Nos. 8,718,158 and 9,014,243:**

1. “**carrier signal**” and “**carrier**” – “signal that can be modulated to carry data”
2. “**determin[e/ing] a phase shift for the carrier signal**” – “comput[e/ing] an amount by which the phase of the carrier signal will be shifted”
3. “**phase scrambler**” – “component operable to adjust the phases of the carrier signals, by pseudo-randomly varying amounts”
4. “**scrambling the phase characteristics of the carrier signals**” – “adjusting the phase characteristics of the carrier signals by pseudo-randomly varying amounts”

5. **“transceiver”** – “communications device capable of transmitting and receiving data wherein the transmitter portion and receiver portion share at least some common circuitry”
6. **“multicarrier”** – “having multiple carrier signals that are combined to produce a transmission signal”
7. **“bit scrambler”** – “component that pseudo-randomly changes the value of a bit”

**U.S. Patent Nos. 8,611,404 and 9,094,268:**

8. **“transceiver”** – “communications device capable of transmitting and receiving data wherein the transmitter portion and receiver portion share at least some common circuitry”
9. **“multicarrier”** – “having multiple carrier signals that are combined to produce a transmission signal”
10. **“low power mode”** – “state of operation in which power is consumed, but the amount of power consumed is less than when operating in a state with full data transmission capabilities”
11. **“stor[e/ing], in [a/the] low power mode, at least one parameter”** – “maintain[ing] in memory, while in low power mode, at least one parameter”
12. **“wherein the at least one parameter comprises at least one of a fine gain parameter and a bit allocation parameter”** – “wherein the at least one parameter includes a fine gain parameter and/or a bit allocation parameter”
13. **“fine gain parameter”** – “parameter used to determine power level on a per subcarrier basis”

14. **“bit allocation parameter”** – “parameter used to determine a number of bits to be carried by a subcarrier on a per subcarrier basis”
15. **“synchronization frame”** – “frame that indicates a superframe boundary”
16. **“synchronization signal”** – “signal used to establish or maintain a timing relationship between transceivers”
17. **“apparatus comprising a transceiver operable to”** – “plain meaning with ‘transceiver’ as previously construed”
18. **“data”** – “content”

**U.S. Patent Nos. 7,835,430 and 8,238,412:**

1. **“transceiver”** – “communications device capable of transmitting and receiving data wherein the transmitter portion and receiver portion share at least some common circuitry”
2. **“multicarrier”** – “having multiple carrier signals that are combined to produce a transmission signal”
3. **“[transmitting/receiving] test information over a communication channel”** – “plain meaning”
4. **“test information”** – “information relating to a characteristic of a communication channel or the communications equipment operating on that channel”
5. **“array representing frequency domain received idle channel noise information”** – “ordered set of values representative of noise in the frequency domain that was received by a transceiver on respective subchannels in the absence of a transmission signal”
6. **“array representing power level per subchannel information”** – “ordered set of values representative of power levels of respective subchannels”

7. **“Reverb signal”** – “signal generated by modulating carriers in a multi carrier system with a known pseudo-random sequence to generate a wideband modulated signal”

IT IS SO ORDERED this 6 day of December, 2016.

  
The Honorable Richard G. Andrews