

Internet Engineering Task Force
Internet Draft

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SS7 Level Two over IP
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1 Abstract

This document proposes the use of TCP/IP as the transport protocol for common channel signaling, Signaling System #7 (SS7).

The migration from the current 56k/64k physical layer to an IP based transport will reduce the cost associated with dedicated trunk based link. Also, the current signaling point (SP) network using quasi-associated architecture will be maintained to make the transition as seamless as possible.

2 Scope

This draft defines the encapsulation of SS7 signal units (SU) in a TCP packet. The concept of a physical link will be maintained, which will emulate the current SS7 links and link control mechanisms.

2.1 Quasi-associated Network Architecture

The scope of network architecture in this recommendation is limited to

itself as a cost effective, reliable alternative. Using the current quasi-associated SS7 networks also decreases the number of hops between SP's and the number of endpoints to a minimum. Each SP would have two IP addresss (two IPLinks) in addition to its current point code(s).

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4 TCP encapsulation

The current SS7 protocol is to be used as is. It provides a high reliability transport for telephony information. TCP packets will be used to carry the current SS7 messaging. This greatly reduces the risk of IP-SS7 by eliminating the need for new protocols. Telephony vendors already offer IP connectivity on their STP products. The largest MSU allowed, 272 octets, easily fits in a TCP packet.

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|   TCP Header   |   SS7 SU   |
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5 SS7 CRC-16 Checksum

The reliability of the SS7 network is due in large part to the use of a CRC-16 checksum, calculated by hardware. This same reliability must be used in IPLink. Currently, existing hardware will most likely not support the encapsulation of the SS7 packet after the checksum has been calculated. The CRC-16, while cumbersome, will have to be performed in software. This can be speeded up greatly by the use of table driven calculations.

6 L2 Timers

Since the CRC-16 is computed in software, the L2 timers for IPLink have been extended.

T1 (aligned/ready)	20 Sec
T2 (not aligned)	30 Sec
T3 (aligned)	20 Sec
T4 (Pn)	5 Sec
T4 (Pe)	2 Sec
T5 (SIB)	500 ms
T6 (remote congestion)	6 Sec
T7 (ACK delay)	2 Sec

7 FISU Transmitting

Currently, SS7 links will send fill-in SUs (FISU) continuously, separated only by an HDLC flag (value 7E hex). To reduce processing overhead in IPLink, FISU's will be transmitted under the following conditions:

- A FISU will be transmitted every 20 ms (Tfs) while the links are aligned.
- A FISU may be sent at any time to ACK/NACK MSU's.

The FISU transmit timer is reset to Tfs after the transmission of any SU (FISU, LSSU, MSU).

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