UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Limited Petitioner

v.

Godo Kaisha IP Bridge 1 Patent Owner

Case IPR2016-01249 Patent No. 6,538,324

PETITIONER'S OBJECTIONS TO PATENT OWNER'S EXHIBITS 2001-2004



Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 42.64(b)(1), Petitioner objects to the following Patent Owner exhibits:

2001	Chang, C.C., Chen, J.S. and Hsu, W.S., "Failure Mechanism of Amorphous and Crystalline Ta-N Films in the Cu/Ta-N/Ta/SiO ₂
	Structure." Journal of The Electrochemical Society, 151 (11), pp.
	G746-G750 (2004).
2002	Excerpt from Prosecution History of U.S. Patent Application No.
	08/995,108, "Amendment A" Dated February 1, 2000.
2003	"Amorphous." Merriam-Webster.com. http://www.merriam-
	webster.com/dictionary/amorphous. (Accessed September 30,
	2016)
2004	"Nitride." Merriam-Webster.com. http://www.merriam-
	webster.com/dictionary/nitride. (Accessed September 30,
	2016)

I. Exhibit 2001

Petitioner objects to Exhibit 2001 under Federal Rules of Evidence (FRE) 401-403 and 802. To the extent Patent Owner relies on Exhibit 2001 for the truth of the information printed in this exhibit, Petitioner objects to it as inadmissible hearsay. FRE 802.

Patent Owner cites Exhibit 2001 for a single sentence: "Tantalum nitride can be crystalline or amorphous depending upon how it is deposited." Patent Owner's Preliminary Response (POPR) at 6; *see also id.* at 28, 30, 31, 35, and 53. The description in this sentence is cumulative to the challenged '324 patent, which also discloses that tantalum nitride can be crystalline or amorphous depending on how it is deposited, such as by varying the nitrogen gas ratio. *See* Ex. 1001 at 12:11-32.



Thus, Exhibit 2001 is irrelevant because it needlessly presents cumulative information. FRE 401-403.

II. Exhibit 2002

Petitioner objects to Exhibit 2002 under FRE 401-403 as irrelevant because it was not in the prior art as of the U.S. filing date (June 19, 2000) or the foreign priority filing date (June 24, 1999) of the '324 patent. Regardless of whether the '324 patent is entitled to its claim of foreign priority, a person of ordinary skill in the art would not have had access to Exhibit 2002 as of the '324 patent's earliest effective filing date and, therefore, would not have referred to this exhibit to interpret any terminology in the prior-art *Ding* patent (U.S. 6,887,353) as Patent Owner contends. *See, e.g.*, POPR at 21, 24.

Exhibit 2002 is an Amendment dated February 1, 2000, from the prosecution history of the patent application that eventually issued as the *Ding* patent.

According to the USPTO Public PAIR system, this application was never published before issuance. As a result, the prosecution history in the *Ding* application would not have been available to persons of ordinary skill in the art until after the *Ding* patent issued on May 3, 2005. *See* 37 C.F.R. 1.14 ("Patent applications that have not been published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) are generally preserved in confidence pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(a)"); Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (M.P.E.P.) (Rev. 2, May 2004) § 1128 at 1100-22. Because



persons of ordinary skill in the art could not have accessed Exhibit 2002 before 2005, this exhibit is irrelevant to how a person of ordinary skill in the art, as of June 19, 2000, or earlier, would have understood anything in the *Ding* or '324 patents at the relevant time period. FRE 401-403.

Petitioner also objects to Exhibit 2002 as irrelevant under FRE 401-403 because this portion of the prosecution history does not modify or override the express teachings in the *Ding* patent. Because *Ding* qualifies as prior art under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 102(e), the disclosure of *Ding* being relied upon must be present in the issued patent. M.P.E.P. 2136.02(II); *see also* M.P.E.P. 2136.02(III) (explaining pre-AIA 102(e) prior art may be used in obviousness rejections). Accordingly, Exhibit 2002 is irrelevant. FRE 401-403.

III. Exhibits 2003 and 2004

Petitioner objects to Exhibits 2003 and 2004 under FRE 401-403 as irrelevant because they were not in the prior art as of the U.S. filing date (June 19, 2000) or the foreign priority filing date (June 24, 1999) of the '324 patent. Exhibits 2003 and 2004 are printouts of certain online dictionary definitions dated September 30, 2016. Patent Owner has not established that these definitions were available to a person of ordinary skill in the art as of the U.S. or claimed foreign-priority filing dates of the '324 patent, or that a person of ordinary skill in the art



Case IPR2016-01249 Patent 6,538,324

would have referred to either of these definitions to interpret any terminology in the '324 patent in the relevant time period. FRE 401-403.

Petitioner also objects to Exhibits 2003 and 2004 because Patent Owner has not submitted evidence to authenticate either of these exhibits. FRE 901.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: January 3, 2017 By: / Stephen E. Kabakoff/

Stephen E. Kabakoff Reg. No. 51,276

Counsel For Petitioner



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

