Paper 54

Entered: November 20, 2017

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

APPLE INC., Petitioner,

v.

VOIP-PAL.COM, INC., Patent Owner.

Case IPR2016-01201 Patent 8,542,815 B2

Before JOSIAH C. COCKS, JENNIFER MEYER CHAGNON, and JOHN A. HUDALLA, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

COCKS, Administrative Patent Judge.

FINAL WRITTEN DECISION 35 U.S.C. § 318(a) and 37 C.F.R. § 42.73



I. INTRODUCTION

Apple Inc. ("Petitioner") filed a Petition for *inter partes* review of claims 1, 7, 27, 28, 34, 54, 72–74, 92, 93, and 111 of U.S. Patent No. 8,542,815 B2 (Ex. 1001, "the '815 patent"). Paper 1 ("Pet."). Voip-Pal.com, Inc. ("Patent Owner") filed a Preliminary Response. Paper 5 ("Prelim. Resp."). Based on those submissions, the Board instituted trial to determine whether the above-noted claims would have been obvious over (1) Chu '684¹ and Chu '366², and (2) Chu '684 and Chen³. Paper 6 ("Inst. Dec."). Patent Owner's Request for Rehearing (Paper 9) was denied (Paper 11).

Subsequently, Patent Owner filed a Patent Owner Response. Paper 17 ("PO Resp."). As a part of that Patent Owner Response, Patent Owner included new evidence on which it relied in contending that the Petitioner had not met the enhanced burden of establishing by a "preponderance of the evidence" (35 U.S.C. § 316(e)) the unpatentability of any of the claims of the '815 patent. *See* Exs. 2003–2050. Petitioner filed a Reply. Paper 34 ("Pet. Reply"). Patent Owner filed a Sur-Reply. Paper 41 ("PO Sur-Reply").⁴ Patent Owner also filed a Motion to Exclude. Paper 40. Petitioner filed an Opposition (Paper 44), to which Patent Owner replied

⁴ The Sur-Reply was authorized by the panel. Paper 37.



¹ U.S. Patent No. 7,486,684 B2 to Chu et al. issued Feb. 3, 2009 (Ex. 1003) ("Chu '684").

² U.S. Patent No. 8,036,366 B2 to Chu issued Oct. 11, 2011 (Ex. 1004) ("Chu '366").

³ U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US 2007/0064919 A1 to Chen et al. published Mar. 22, 2007 (Ex. 1005) ("Chen").

(Paper 47). Oral argument was conducted on July 20, 2017. A copy of the transcript of the argument was entered into the record. Paper 52.

We have jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 6. This Decision is a final written decision under 35 U.S.C. § 318(a) as to the patentability of the challenged claims. For the reasons that follow, we determine Petitioner has not shown by a preponderance of the evidence that claims 1, 7, 27, 28, 34, 54, 72–74, 92, 93, and 111 of the '815 patent are unpatentable.

A. Related Matters

The parties identify the following district court proceedings in which the '815 patent has been asserted: *Voip-Pal.com, Inc. v. Apple, Inc.*, Case No. 2-16-cv-00260 (D. Nev.); and *Voip-Pal.com, Inc. v. Verizon Wireless Services, LLC*, Case No. 2-16-cv-00271 (D. Nev.). *See* Pet. 58; Paper 4, 1. Petitioner also has filed a petition for *inter partes* review of claims of the '815 patent in IPR2017-01399, as well as petitions in connection with related U.S. Patent No. 9,179,005 B2 ("the '005 patent") in IPR2016-01198 and IPR2017-01398.⁵

B. The '815 Patent

The '815 patent is directed to classifying a call as a public network call or a private network call and producing a routing message based on that classification. Ex. 1001, Abstract. Figure 7 of the '815 patent is shown below.

⁵ Trial was instituted in IPR2016-01198 on November 21, 2016. A decision regarding institution of trial in each of IPR2017-01398 and IPR2017-01399 has not yet been made.



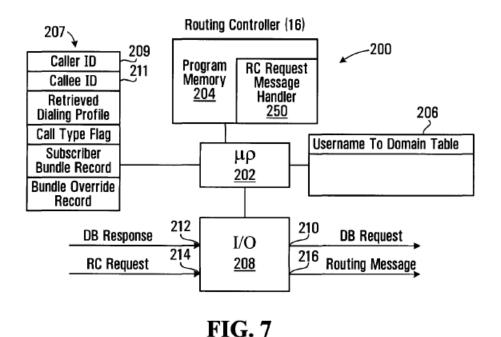


Figure 7 above illustrates a routing controller that facilitates communication between callers and callees. *Id.* at Fig. 7, 14:24–25, 17:17–18. As shown in Figure 7, routing controller (RC) 16 includes RC processor circuit 200, which in turn includes processor 202, program memory 204, table memory 206, buffer memory 207, and I/O port 208. *Id.* at 17:17–22. Routing controller 16 queries database 18 (shown in Figure 1) to produce a routing message to connect caller and callee. *Id.* at 14:10–17, 14:24–34. Program memory 204 includes blocks of code for directing processor 202 to carry out various functions of the routing controller. *Id.* at 17:38–40. Those blocks of code include RC request message handler 250, which directs the routing controller to produce the routing message. *Id.* at 17:40–44.

In response to a calling subscriber initiating a call, the routing controller of the '815 patent:

receiv[es] a callee identifier from the calling subscriber, us[es] call classification criteria associated with the calling subscriber to classify the call as a public network call or a private network



call[,] and produc[es] a routing message identifying an address on the private network, associated with the callee[,] when the call is classified as a private network call and produc[es] a routing message identifying a gateway to the public network when the call is classified as a public network call.

Id. at 14:24–34.

Figures 8A through 8D of the '815 patent illustrate a flowchart of an RC request message handler executed by the RC processor circuit. *Id.* at 10:62–63. Figure 8B is reproduced below.

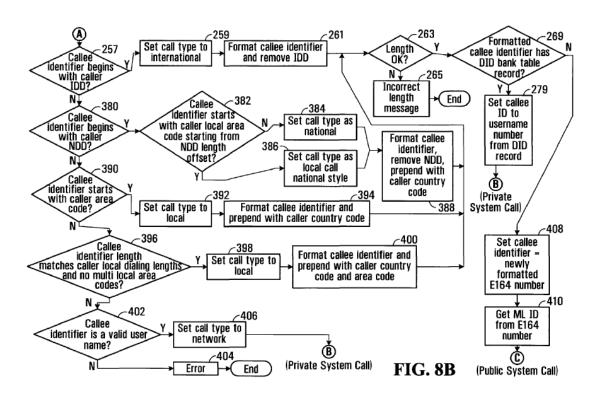


Figure 8B above illustrates steps for performing checks on the callee identifier. *Id.* at Fig. 8B, 19:45–49. Blocks 257, 380, 390, 396, 402 in Figure 8B effectively "establish call classification criteria for classifying the call as a public network call or a private network call." *Id.* at 22:48–51. For example, block 402 "directs the processor 202 of FIG. 7 to classify the call as a private network call when the callee identifier complies with a



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