

IEEE Std 802.3, 2000 Edition
(Incorporating IEEE Std 802.3, 1998 Edition,
IEEE Std 802.3ac-1998, IEEE Std 802.3ab-1999,
and IEEE Std 802.3ad-2000)

[Adopted by ISO/IEC and redesignated as
ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000(E)]

**IEEE Standard for Information technology—
Telecommunications and information exchange between systems—
Local and metropolitan area networks—
Specific requirements**

Part 3:Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications

**Adopted by the ISO/IEC and redesignated as
ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000(E)**

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Abstract: The media access control characteristics for the Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) access method for shared medium local area networks are described. The control characteristics for full duplex dedicated channel use are also described. Specifications are provided for MAU types 1BASE5 at 1 Mb/s; Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) and MAU types 10BASE5, 10BASE2, FOIRL (fiber optic inter-repeater link), 10BROAD36, 10BASE-T, 10BASE-FL, 10BASE-FB, and 10BASE-FP at 10 Mb/s; Media Independent Interface (MII) and PHY types 100BASE-T4, 100BASE-TX, 100BASE-FX, and 100BASE-T2 at 100 Mb/s; and the Gigabit MII (GMII) and 1000BASE-X PHY types, 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX, and 1000BASE-CX, which operate at 1000 Mb/s (Gigabit Ethernet) as well as PHY type 1000BASE-T. Repeater specifications are provided at each speed. Full duplex specifications are provided at the Physical Layer for 10BASE-T, 10BASE-FL, 100BASE-TX, 100BASE-FX, 100BASE-T2, and Gigabit Ethernet. System considerations for multisegment networks at each speed and management information base (MIB) specifications and additions to support Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks (VLANs) as specified in IEEE P802.1Q are also provided. Also specified is an optional Link Aggregation sublayer which multiple physical links to be aggregated together to form a single logical link.

Keywords: Aggregated Link; Aggregator; Auto Negotiation; Category 5; copper; data processing; Ethernet; gigabit; information interchange; Link Aggregation; local area networks; management; MASTER-SLAVE; medium dependent interface; mode of data transmission; models; network interconnection; physical coding sublayer; Physical Layer; physical medium attachment; repeater; type field; VLAN TAG

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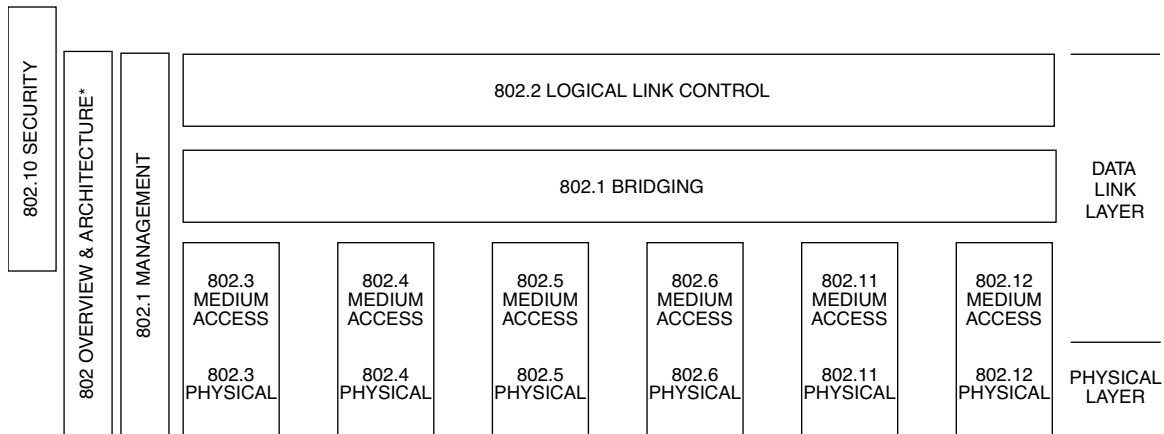
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Introduction to IEEE Std 802.3, 2000 Edition

This standard is part of a family of standards for local and metropolitan area networks. The relationship between the standard and other members of the family is shown below. (The numbers in the figure refer to IEEE standard numbers.)



* Formerly IEEE Std 802.1A.

This family of standards deals with the Physical and Data Link layers as defined by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Basic Reference Model (ISO/IEC 7498-1: 1994). The access standards define seven types of medium access technologies and associated physical media, each appropriate for particular applications or system objectives. Other types are under investigation.

The standards defining the technologies noted above are as follows:

- IEEE Std 802 *Overview and Architecture*. This standard provides an overview to the family of IEEE 802 Standards.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1B and 802.1k [ISO/IEC 15802-2] *LAN/MAN Management*. Defines an OSI management-compatible architecture, and services and protocol elements for use in a LAN/MAN environment for performing remote management.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1D *Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges*. Specifies an architecture and protocol for the interconnection of IEEE 802 LANs below the MAC service boundary.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1E [ISO/IEC 15802-4] *System Load Protocol*. Specifies a set of services and protocol for those aspects of management concerned with the loading of systems on IEEE 802 LANs.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1F *Common Definitions and Procedures for IEEE 802 Management Information*.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1G [ISO/IEC 15802-5] *Remote Media Access Control (MAC) Bridging*. Specifies extensions for the interconnection, using non-LAN communication technologies, of geographically separated IEEE 802 LANs below the level of the logical link control protocol.
- IEEE Std 802.1H [ISO/IEC TR 11802-5] *Media Access Control (MAC) Bridging of Ethernet V2.0 in Local Area Networks*.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.2 [ISO/IEC 8802-2] *Logical Link Control*.
- ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3 *CSMA/CD Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications*.

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