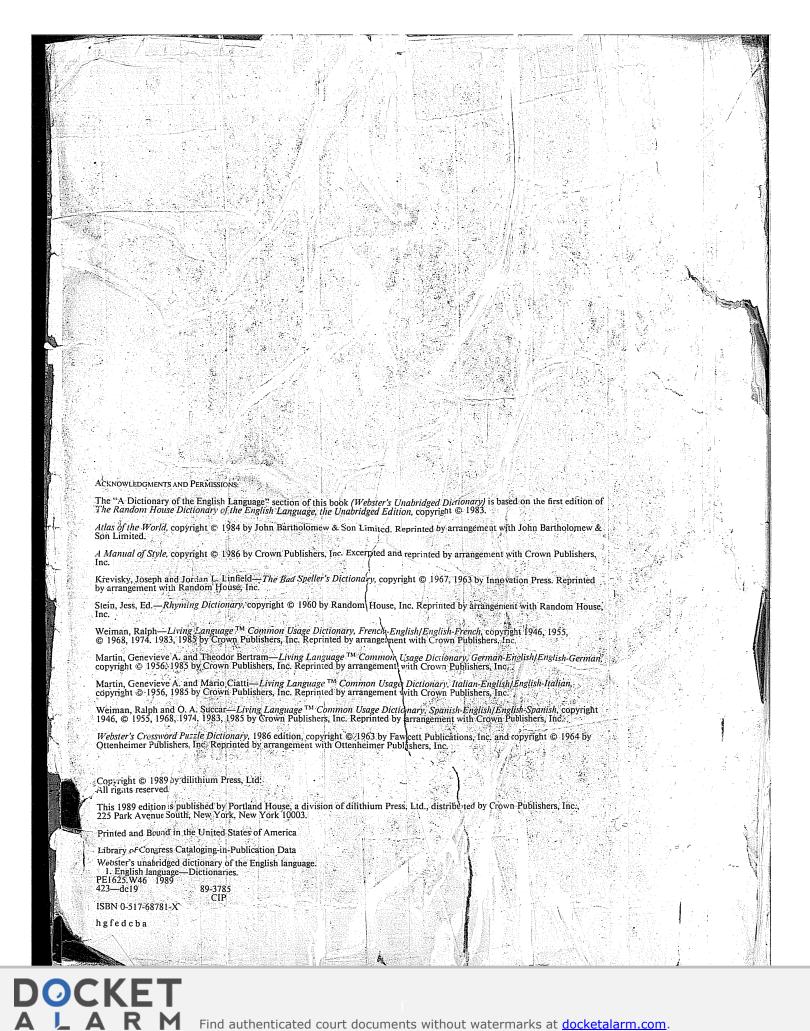
Vebsters Unabridged Dictionary of the English Language



PORTLAND HOUSE . NEW YORK





replant

plead er (rē plē/der), n. Law. 1. a second plead-

P. FLEADER]

**PIEADER]

**PIEADER]

**PIEALER (ri plen/ish), r.t. 1. to make full or complete again, as by supplying what is lacking, used up, lete again, as by supplying what is lacking, used up, lete again, as by supplying what is lacking, used up, lete again or supplying to replements fuel. 3. to fill again or anew. ME replemisshe(n) < MF replemiss-, long s. of repliner to fill (deriv. of oill). OF, equiv. to re-ne- + plemit to fill (deriv. of lete again.)

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io fill. Of, plants PULL')] —re-pieur issues, in plen'ish-ment, n. plen'ish-ment, n.

ir. — re-piete and per lective ly, adv. e/tive-ly, adv. even 2. sated, satiated, glutted, surfeited.

Syn. 2. sated, satanced, giutted, surfeited.

Eple-tion (ri ple/s)an), n. 1. the condition of being blundantly supplied or filled; fullness. 2. overfullness resulting from excessive eating or drinking; surfeit.

ME replection surfeit < MF < LL repleiton. (s. of repleito), equiv. to L repleit(us) filled up (see REPLETE)

4.-ion-1001

in-ion-ion]
plevin (ri plev/in), Law.—n. 1. an action for the ecovery of goods or chattels wrongfully taken or deained. 2. the common-law action or writ by which roods are replevied.—r.t. 3. to replevy. [ME < AF, periv. of replevir to bail out, admit to bail, OF. See Re-

deriv. of repletit to ball olds, admits to said, br. see Reprinted prizonel prizonel prizonel prizonel properties. Also, re-plev-i-a-ble (ri plev/ē) a-bl). [< AF, equiv. to replevis- (long s. of repletit; see reprevity) + able + ABLE] e-plev-y (ri plev/ē), z., -plev-ied, -plev-y-ing, n., pl. plev-ied, Luw. -v. l. 1. to recover possession of by an action of replevin. -v. i. 2. to take possession of goods or chattels under a replevin order. -n. 3. a seizure in replevin. [late ME < OF replevi(r); see reprevity) a seizure in replevin. [late ME < OF replevi(r); see reprevity of a work of art produced by the maker of the original or inder his supervision. 2. a copy or reproduction of L terplicare to replex L replicare to represent the replex of the produced to the produced to the produced to replex (L replicare to represent).

swork of art produced by the maker of the original or inder his supervision. Z copy or production or index in the production of a speech for the production of a speech production of a speech production of a speech production of the production of

re-plot/, v.t., -plot-ted, -plot-ting. re-plow', v.t., -plowed, -plow-ing. re-plume', v.t., -plumed, -plum-ing. re-plunge', v., -plunged, plas/ter, v.t.
plate/, v.t., -plat-ed,
lat-ing.
play/, v.t. v.t., -pledged, -plung-ing; n. re/po-lar-i-za/tion, n. edging; n.

5. shot, detonation. 10, 11. relay. 14. accuse. 19. narrate, rehearse, recount, describe, detail, repeat.

narrate, rehearse, recount, describe, detail, repeat.

re-port-age (ri pōr'tij, -pōr', re pōr tāāpl', -pōr-), n.

1. the act or technique of reporting news. 2. reported news collectively: an anthology of poetry, fiction, and reportage. 3. a written account of an act, event, history, etc., based on direct observation or on thorough research and documentation. [< F; see neroar, -ace]

report/ card/, a written report containing an evaluation of a pupil's scholarship and behavior, sent periodically to his parents or guardian, usually on a card containing marks and comments together with a record of attendance.

re-port-ed-ly (ri por/tid le), adv. according to re-port or rumor: He is reportedly a billionaire. [REPORT + -ED² + -LY]

+-ED²+-LY]

re-port-er (ri pōr/tər, -pōr/-), n. 1. one who reports.
2. a person employed to gather and report news, as for a newspaper, wire service, or radio station.
3. one who prepares official reports, as of legal or legislative proceedings. [ME reportour < AF, See abfort, -EP]
reporting payy. See call-in pay.

rep-ort-ori-al (rep/ar tōr/ē al, -tōr/-, rē/pōr-, -pōr-), adj. 1. of or pertaining to a reporter. 2. of, noting, or characteristic of a report. His lecture was more reportorial than analytical. [irreg. (-or2 r.-ER) argonter + -1AL]
-rep/or-to/rial-ly, adv.

re-pos-al (ri pō/-al), n. act of reposing. [Refose] +

re-pos-al (ri po/zel), n. act of reposing. [REPOSE1 + -AL2]

re-pose (re poz'), v.t., v.i., -posed, -posing. to pose again. [re- + pose1]

re-pose (rē pōz/), v.l., v.i., -posed, -pos-ing. to pose again. [RE- + Pose]]
re-pose[] (ri pōz/), n., v., -posed, -pos-ing. —n. 1. the state of reposing or being at rest; rest; sleep. 2. peace; tranquility; calm. 3. dignified calmness, as of manner; composure. 4. absence of movement, animation, etc.: When in repose, her little face is sad and knowing beyond her years. —v.i. 5. to lie or be at rest, as from work, activity, etc. 6. to lie dead: His body will repose in the chapel for two days. 7. to be peacefully calm and quiet: The sea reposed under the tropical sun. 8. to lie or rest on something: We could see festive, holiday cakes reposing on the sideboard. 9. to depend or rely on a person or thing. —v.l. 10. to lay to rest; rest; refresh by rest (often used reflexively). [ME repose(n) < MF, OF repos(er) < LL repausāre, equiv. to L re- RE- + LL pausāre to rest (deriv. of L pausa PAUSE)] —re-posed-ly (ri pō'zid lē), adv. —re-pos'ed-ness, n. —re-posee? (ri pōz'), v.l., -posed, -pos-ing. 1. to put (confidence, trust, etc.) in a person or thing. 2. to put under the authority or at the disposal of a person or persons. 3. Archaic. to deposit. [ME repose(n) to treplace, irreg. (modeled after Disrose, etc.) < L repos-perfect s., as in reposut, repositus of repōnere to put repose-full (ri pōz/fal), adj. full of or suggesting repose; calm: collett. [Pausar]

re.po/lar.ize/, v.t., -ized,

repressible

(ptp. of reprehendere to REPREHEND) + -ibilis -IBLE]
—rep/re-hen/si-bil/i-ty, rep/re-hen/si-bile-ness, n.
—rep/re-hen/si-bily, adn.
—Syn. culpable. —Ant. praiseworthy.
rep-re-hen-sion (rep/ri hen/shon), n. the act of reprehending; reproof; censure. [ME < L reprehension.
(s. of reprehension), equiv. to reprehensus) (ptp. of reprehendere to REPREHEND) + -ion--nol] —rep-re-hen-sive (rep/ri hen/siv), adj. —rep/re-hen/sive-ly, adv.

reprehendere to REPRHEND) + -ion--ron -reprehendere to REPRHEND; adv. -reprehend'sively, v.t. to present again or anew. [RE-+PRESENT]

reprehend (rep'rizent'), v.t. 1. to serve to express, designate, stand for, or denote, as a word, symbol, or the like does; symbolize: In this painting the carepresents evil and the bird, good. 2. to express or designate by some term, character, symbol, or the like: lo represent musical sounds by notes. 3. to stand or act in the place of, as a substitute, proxy, or agent does: He represents the company in Ashtabula. 4. to speak and act for by delegated anthority: to represent one's government in a foreign country. 5. to act for or in behalf of (a constituency, State, etc.) by deputed right in exercising a voice in legislation or government: He represents Chicago's third Congressional District. 6. to portray or depict; present the likeness of, as a picture does: The painting represents him as a man 22 years old. 7. to present or picture to the mind. 8. to present in words; set forth; describe; state. 9. to set forth or describe as having a particular character (usually folby as, to be, etc.): The article represented the dictator as a benevolent despot. 10. to set forth clearly or carnestly with a view to influencing opinion or action or making protest. 11. to present, produce, or perform, as on a stage. 12. to impersonate, as in acting. 13. to serve sa an example or specimen of, exemplify: a genuor epresent of the Ote Word. [M.E. Prepresent en Prep

-Syn. 1. exemplify. 6. delineate. 9. state. 12. personate.

rep-re-sen-ta-tion (rep/ri zen tā/shan), n. 1. the act of representing. 2. the state of being represented. 3. the expression or designation by some term, character, symbol, or the like. 4. action or speech on behalf-of a person, group, business house, state, or the like by an agent, deputy, or representative. 5. the state or fact of being so represented: to demand representation on a board of directors. 6. God. the state, fact, or right of being represented by delegates having a voice in legislation or government. 7. the body or number of representatives, as of a constituency. 8. Diplomacy. a. the act of speaking or negotiating on behalf of a state. b. an utterance on behalf of a state. 9. presentation to the mind, as of an idea or image. 10. a mental image or idea so presented; concept. 11. the act of portrayal, picturing, or other rendering in visible form. 12. a picture, figure, statue, etc. 13. the production or a performance of a play or the like, as on the stage. 14. Often, representations, a description or statement, as of things true or alleged. 15. a statement of facts, reasons, etc., made in appealing or protesting; a protest or remonstrance. 16. Law. an implication or statement of fact to which legal liability may attach if material: a representation of authority. [ME representacion < L repraesentation (so frepraesentation), equiv, to repraesental(us) (ptp. of repraesentation, equiv, to repraesental(us) (ptp. of repraesentation).

rep/re-sen-ta-tion-al-ism (rep/ri zen tā/sha reliz-am), n. 1. Also called represen/tative re/alism.

-iōn--ion]—rep/re-sen-ta/tion-al, adj.

rep-re-sen-ta-tion-al-ism (rep/ri zen tā/shə n³liz/əm), n. 1. Also called represen/tative re/alism.

Epistemology. a Lockean form of subjective idealism in
which the perception of an object represents exactly the
primary qualities of the object itself. 2. Fine Arts.
the practice or principle of representing or depicting an
object in a recognizable manner, esp. the portrayal of
the surface characteristics of an object as they appear
to the eye. [REPRESENTATIONAL + -ISM]—rep/resen-ta/tion-al-ist, n.—rep/re-sen-ta/tion-al-is/tic,
adj.

to the eye. [REPRESENTATIONAL + -15M] — rep'resen-ta/tion-al-ist, n. — rep're-sen-ta/tion-al-ist/tic,
add;

rep're-sent-a-tive (rep'ri zen'te tiv), n. 1. one who
to repty the rep're-sent another or others. 2. an agent
or deputy: a legal representative. 3. a person who represents a constituency or community in a legislative body,
esp. a member of the U.S. House of Representatives or a
lower house in certain State legislatures. 4. a typical
example or specimen of a group, quality, or kind. — adj.
5. serving to represent; representing. 6. standing or
acting for another or others. 7. representing a constituency, community, or the people generally in legislation
or government: a representative assembly. 8. characterized by, founded on, or pertaining to representation
of the people in government: a representative government.
9. exemplifying a group or kind; typical: a representative
selection of Elizabethan plays. 10. corresponding to or
replacing some other species or the like, as in a different
selection of Elizabethan plays. 10. corresponding to or
representationalism. 12. pertaining to or of the nature
of a mental image or representative. (ME erepresentativis), equiv. to repræsentali(us) (see Rerepresentativis), equiv. to repræsentali(us) (see Rerepresentativis), equiv. to repræsentalit(us),
adv. —rep're-sent'a-tive-ness, n.
re-press (repress), r.t., oi. to press again or anew.
[RE-+ PRESSI]

re-press (repress'), r.t., oi. to press again or anew.
[Re-+ PRESSI]

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[Re-+ PRESSI]

re-press (repress), r.t., oi. to press again or anew.
[Re-+ PRESSI]

re-press(us) kept back, restrained (ptp. of reprimere), equiv.

to re- Re-+ pressus; see pressi]

-re-press(repression, re-repress/top

re/pop·u·la/tion, n.
re·por/tion, v.t.
re·post/, v.t. re-prac/tice, v.t., -ticed, -tic-ing. re-praise', v.t., -praised, re/post-pone/, v.t., -poned, -praising. re-prem'ise, v., -ised, -is-ing. re/pre-pare', v.t., -pared, -pon-ing. re-pos/tu-late/, v.t., -lat-ed, -lat-ing; n. re/pos-tu-la/tion, n. -paring. re/pre-scribe/, v.t., -scribed, -scrib-ing.

re-po/lar-12e', v.t., -1zed, -iz-ing, re-pol/ish, v., n. re-pon/eder, v.i. re/pop-u-lar-iz-z/tion, n. re-pop/u-lar-iz-z/, v.t., -iz-d, -iz-ing, re-pop/u-late/, v.t., -lat-ed, -lat-ing. NOTISE PRONUNCIATION KEY: act, able, date, at; ebb, equal; if, lee; hot, over, order, oil, book, ode, out; up, Orge; chief; sing; shoe; thin, that; ch as in measure.

a as in alone, e as in system, i as in easily, o as in gallop, u as in circus; as in bullon (but/an), fire (figr), cradle (krād/al). See the full key inside the front cover.



re-pour', v.t.