
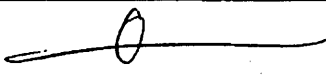



|  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Issue Classification</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>10/419,621 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination</b><br>DELPUCH ET AL. |  |
|  | <b>Examiner</b><br>KIEU-OANH T. BUI          | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2611  |  |

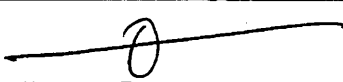
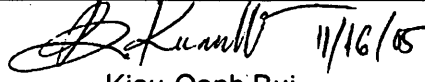
| ISSUE CLASSIFICATION         |          |   |   |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|----------|---|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| ORIGINAL                     |          |   |   | CROSS REFERENCE(S) |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
| CLASS                        | SUBCLASS |   |   | CLASS              | SUBCLASS (ONE SUBCLASS PER BLOCK) |     |     |  |  |  |  |
| 725                          | 100      |   |   | 725                | 91                                | 138 | 139 |  |  |  |  |
| INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION |          |   |   |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
| H                            | 0        | 4 | N | 7/173              |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
| H                            | 0        | 4 | N | 7/16               |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
|                              |          |   |   | /                  |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
|                              |          |   |   | /                  |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |
|                              |          |   |   | /                  |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |  |

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <br>(Assistant Examiner) (Date) | <b>Kieu-Oanh Bui</b><br>Primary Examiner<br>Art Unit 2611<br>(Primary Examiner) (Date) | <b>Total Claims Allowed: 23</b><br>O.G. Print Claim(s) 13<br>O.G. Print Fig. 05 |
|---|--|---|

| <input type="checkbox"/> Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          | <input type="checkbox"/> CPA |          | <input type="checkbox"/> T.D. |          | <input type="checkbox"/> R.1.47 |          |
|--|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Final  | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final                        | Original | Final                         | Original | Final                           | Original |
| 1  | 1        |       | 31       |       | 61       |       | 91       |       | 121      |                              | 151      |                               | 181      |                                 |          |
| 2  | 2        |       | 32       |       | 62       |       | 92       |       | 122      |                              | 152      |                               | 182      |                                 |          |
| 3  | 3        |       | 33       |       | 63       |       | 93       |       | 123      |                              | 153      |                               | 183      |                                 |          |
| 4  | 4        |       | 34       |       | 64       |       | 94       |       | 124      |                              | 154      |                               | 184      |                                 |          |
| 5  | 5        |       | 35       |       | 65       |       | 95       |       | 125      |                              | 155      |                               | 185      |                                 |          |
| 6  | 6        |       | 36       |       | 66       |       | 96       |       | 126      |                              | 156      |                               | 186      |                                 |          |
| 7  | 7        |       | 37       |       | 67       |       | 97       |       | 127      |                              | 157      |                               | 187      |                                 |          |
| 8  | 8        |       | 38       |       | 68       |       | 98       |       | 128      |                              | 158      |                               | 188      |                                 |          |
| 9  | 9        |       | 39       |       | 69       |       | 99       |       | 129      |                              | 159      |                               | 189      |                                 |          |
| 10   | 10       |       | 40       |       | 70       |       | 100      |       | 130      |                              | 160      |                               | 190      |                                 |          |
| 11   | 11       |       | 41       |       | 71       |       | 101      |       | 131      |                              | 161      |                               | 191      |                                 |          |
| 12   | 12       |       | 42       |       | 72       |       | 102      |       | 132      |                              | 162      |                               | 192      |                                 |          |
| 13   | 13       |       | 43       |       | 73       |       | 103      |       | 133      |                              | 163      |                               | 193      |                                 |          |
| 14   | 14       |       | 44       |       | 74       |       | 104      |       | 134      |                              | 164      |                               | 194      |                                 |          |
| 15   | 15       |       | 45       |       | 75       |       | 105      |       | 135      |                              | 165      |                               | 195      |                                 |          |
| 16   | 16       |       | 46       |       | 76       |       | 106      |       | 136      |                              | 166      |                               | 196      |                                 |          |
| 17   | 17       |       | 47       |       | 77       |       | 107      |       | 137      |                              | 167      |                               | 197      |                                 |          |
| 18   | 18       |       | 48       |       | 78       |       | 108      |       | 138      |                              | 168      |                               | 198      |                                 |          |
| 19   | 19       |       | 49       |       | 79       |       | 109      |       | 139      |                              | 169      |                               | 199      |                                 |          |
| 20   | 20       |       | 50       |       | 80       |       | 110      |       | 140      |                              | 170      |                               | 200      |                                 |          |
| 21   | 21       |       | 51       |       | 81       |       | 111      |       | 141      |                              | 171      |                               | 201      |                                 |          |
| 22   | 22       |       | 52       |       | 82       |       | 112      |       | 142      |                              | 172      |                               | 202      |                                 |          |
| 23   | 23       |       | 53       |       | 83       |       | 113      |       | 143      |                              | 173      |                               | 203      |                                 |          |
|  | 24       |       | 54       |       | 84       |       | 114      |       | 144      |                              | 174      |                               | 204      |                                 |          |
|  | 25       |       | 55       |       | 85       |       | 115      |       | 145      |                              | 175      |                               | 205      |                                 |          |
|  | 26       |       | 56       |       | 86       |       | 116      |       | 146      |                              | 176      |                               | 206      |                                 |          |
|  | 27       |       | 57       |       | 87       |       | 117      |       | 147      |                              | 177      |                               | 207      |                                 |          |
|  | 28       |       | 58       |       | 88       |       | 118      |       | 148      |                              | 178      |                               | 208      |                                 |          |
|  | 29       |       | 59       |       | 89       |       | 119      |       | 149      |                              | 179      |                               | 209      |                                 |          |
|  | 30       |       | 60       |       | 90       |       | 120      |       | 150      |                              | 180      |                               | 210      |                                 |          |

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| <b>Issue Classification</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>10/419,621 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination</b><br>DELPUCH ET AL. |  |
|  | <b>Examiner</b><br>KIEU-OANH T. BUI          | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2611  |  |

| ISSUE CLASSIFICATION         |          |   |   |       |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|----------|---|---|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| ORIGINAL                     |          |   |   |       | CROSS REFERENCE(S) |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
| CLASS                        | SUBCLASS |   |   |       | CLASS              | SUBCLASS (ONE SUBCLASS PER BLOCK) |     |     |  |  |  |
| 725                          | 100      |   |   |       | 725                | 91                                | 138 | 139 |  |  |  |
| INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION |          |   |   |       |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
| H                            | 0        | 4 | N | 7/173 |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
| H                            | 0        | 4 | N | 7/16  |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
|                              |          |   |   | /     |                    |                                   |     |     |  |  |  |
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|   |  |   |                     |                 |    |    |
|---|--|---|---------------------|-----------------|----|----|
| <br>(Assistant Examiner) (Date) | <br>Kieu-Oanh Bui<br>Primary Examiner<br>Art Unit 2611<br>(Primary Examiner) (Date) | <b>Total Claims Allowed: 23</b><br><br><table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>O.G. Print Claim(s)</td> <td>O.G. Print Fig.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13</td> <td>05</td> </tr> </table> | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Fig. | 13 | 05 |
| O.G. Print Claim(s)   | O.G. Print Fig.  |   |                     |                 |    |    |
| 13  | 05   |   |                     |                 |    |    |

| <input type="checkbox"/> Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant |          | <input type="checkbox"/> CPA |          | <input type="checkbox"/> T.D. |          | <input type="checkbox"/> R.1.47 |          |  |     |  |     |  |     |
|--|----------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|--|-----|--|-----|--|-----|
| Final  | Original | Final                        | Original | Final                         | Original | Final                           | Original |  |     |  |     |  |     |
| 1  | 1        |                              | 31       |                               | 61       |                                 | 91       |  | 121 |  | 151 |  | 181 |
| 2  | 2        |                              | 32       |                               | 62       |                                 | 92       |  | 122 |  | 152 |  | 182 |
| 3  | 3        |                              | 33       |                               | 63       |                                 | 93       |  | 123 |  | 153 |  | 183 |
| 4  | 4        |                              | 34       |                               | 64       |                                 | 94       |  | 124 |  | 154 |  | 184 |
| 5  | 5        |                              | 35       |                               | 65       |                                 | 95       |  | 125 |  | 155 |  | 185 |
| 6  | 6        |                              | 36       |                               | 66       |                                 | 96       |  | 126 |  | 156 |  | 186 |
| 7  | 7        |                              | 37       |                               | 67       |                                 | 97       |  | 127 |  | 157 |  | 187 |
| 8  | 8        |                              | 38       |                               | 68       |                                 | 98       |  | 128 |  | 158 |  | 188 |
| 9  | 9        |                              | 39       |                               | 69       |                                 | 99       |  | 129 |  | 159 |  | 189 |
| 10   | 10       |                              | 40       |                               | 70       |                                 | 100      |  | 130 |  | 160 |  | 190 |
| 11   | 11       |                              | 41       |                               | 71       |                                 | 101      |  | 131 |  | 161 |  | 191 |
| 12   | 12       |                              | 42       |                               | 72       |                                 | 102      |  | 132 |  | 162 |  | 192 |
| 13   | 13       |                              | 43       |                               | 73       |                                 | 103      |  | 133 |  | 163 |  | 193 |
| 14   | 14       |                              | 44       |                               | 74       |                                 | 104      |  | 134 |  | 164 |  | 194 |
| 15   | 15       |                              | 45       |                               | 75       |                                 | 105      |  | 135 |  | 165 |  | 195 |
| 16   | 16       |                              | 46       |                               | 76       |                                 | 106      |  | 136 |  | 166 |  | 196 |
| 17   | 17       |                              | 47       |                               | 77       |                                 | 107      |  | 137 |  | 167 |  | 197 |
| 18   | 18       |                              | 48       |                               | 78       |                                 | 108      |  | 138 |  | 168 |  | 198 |
| 19   | 19       |                              | 49       |                               | 79       |                                 | 109      |  | 139 |  | 169 |  | 199 |
| 20   | 20       |                              | 50       |                               | 80       |                                 | 110      |  | 140 |  | 170 |  | 200 |
| 21   | 21       |                              | 51       |                               | 81       |                                 | 111      |  | 141 |  | 171 |  | 201 |
| 22   | 22       |                              | 52       |                               | 82       |                                 | 112      |  | 142 |  | 172 |  | 202 |
| 23   | 23       |                              | 53       |                               | 83       |                                 | 113      |  | 143 |  | 173 |  | 203 |
|  | 24       |                              | 54       |                               | 84       |                                 | 114      |  | 144 |  | 174 |  | 204 |
|  | 25       |                              | 55       |                               | 85       |                                 | 115      |  | 145 |  | 175 |  | 205 |
|  | 26       |                              | 56       |                               | 86       |                                 | 116      |  | 146 |  | 176 |  | 206 |
|  | 27       |                              | 57       |                               | 87       |                                 | 117      |  | 147 |  | 177 |  | 207 |
|  | 28       |                              | 58       |                               | 88       |                                 | 118      |  | 148 |  | 178 |  | 208 |
|  | 29       |                              | 59       |                               | 89       |                                 | 119      |  | 149 |  | 179 |  | 209 |
|  | 30       |                              | 60       |                               | 90       |                                 | 120      |  | 150 |  | 180 |  | 210 |

**Index of Claims**



Application No.

10/419,621

Examiner

KIEU-OANH T BUI

Applicant(s)

ALAIN DELPUCH ET AL.

Art Unit

2611

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| = | Allowed  |

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| - | (Through numeral)<br>Cancelled |
| + | Restricted                     |

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| N | Non-Elected  |
| I | Interference |

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| A | Appeal   |
| O | Objected |

| Claim |          | Date |  |  |  | Claim |          | Date |  |  |  | Claim |          | Date |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------|--|--|--|-------|----------|------|--|--|--|-------|----------|------|--|--|--|
| Final | Original |      |  |  |  | Final | Original |      |  |  |  | Final | Original |      |  |  |  |
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|       | 2        |      |  |  |  |       | 52       |      |  |  |  |       | 102      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 3        |      |  |  |  |       | 53       |      |  |  |  |       | 103      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 4        |      |  |  |  |       | 54       |      |  |  |  |       | 104      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 5        |      |  |  |  |       | 55       |      |  |  |  |       | 105      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 6        |      |  |  |  |       | 56       |      |  |  |  |       | 106      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 7        |      |  |  |  |       | 57       |      |  |  |  |       | 107      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 8        |      |  |  |  |       | 58       |      |  |  |  |       | 108      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 9        |      |  |  |  |       | 59       |      |  |  |  |       | 109      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 10       |      |  |  |  |       | 60       |      |  |  |  |       | 110      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 11       |      |  |  |  |       | 61       |      |  |  |  |       | 111      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 12       |      |  |  |  |       | 62       |      |  |  |  |       | 112      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 13       |      |  |  |  |       | 63       |      |  |  |  |       | 113      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 14       |      |  |  |  |       | 64       |      |  |  |  |       | 114      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 15       |      |  |  |  |       | 65       |      |  |  |  |       | 115      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 16       |      |  |  |  |       | 66       |      |  |  |  |       | 116      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 17       |      |  |  |  |       | 67       |      |  |  |  |       | 117      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 18       |      |  |  |  |       | 68       |      |  |  |  |       | 118      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 19       |      |  |  |  |       | 69       |      |  |  |  |       | 119      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 20       |      |  |  |  |       | 70       |      |  |  |  |       | 120      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 21       |      |  |  |  |       | 71       |      |  |  |  |       | 121      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 22       |      |  |  |  |       | 72       |      |  |  |  |       | 122      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 23       |      |  |  |  |       | 73       |      |  |  |  |       | 123      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 24       |      |  |  |  |       | 74       |      |  |  |  |       | 124      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 25       |      |  |  |  |       | 75       |      |  |  |  |       | 125      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 26       |      |  |  |  |       | 76       |      |  |  |  |       | 126      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 27       |      |  |  |  |       | 77       |      |  |  |  |       | 127      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 28       |      |  |  |  |       | 78       |      |  |  |  |       | 128      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 29       |      |  |  |  |       | 79       |      |  |  |  |       | 129      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 30       |      |  |  |  |       | 80       |      |  |  |  |       | 130      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 31       |      |  |  |  |       | 81       |      |  |  |  |       | 131      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 32       |      |  |  |  |       | 82       |      |  |  |  |       | 132      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 33       |      |  |  |  |       | 83       |      |  |  |  |       | 133      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 34       |      |  |  |  |       | 84       |      |  |  |  |       | 134      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 35       |      |  |  |  |       | 85       |      |  |  |  |       | 135      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 36       |      |  |  |  |       | 86       |      |  |  |  |       | 136      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 37       |      |  |  |  |       | 87       |      |  |  |  |       | 137      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 38       |      |  |  |  |       | 88       |      |  |  |  |       | 138      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 39       |      |  |  |  |       | 89       |      |  |  |  |       | 139      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 40       |      |  |  |  |       | 90       |      |  |  |  |       | 140      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 41       |      |  |  |  |       | 91       |      |  |  |  |       | 141      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 42       |      |  |  |  |       | 92       |      |  |  |  |       | 142      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 43       |      |  |  |  |       | 93       |      |  |  |  |       | 143      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 44       |      |  |  |  |       | 94       |      |  |  |  |       | 144      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 45       |      |  |  |  |       | 95       |      |  |  |  |       | 145      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 46       |      |  |  |  |       | 96       |      |  |  |  |       | 146      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 47       |      |  |  |  |       | 97       |      |  |  |  |       | 147      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 48       |      |  |  |  |       | 98       |      |  |  |  |       | 148      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 49       |      |  |  |  |       | 99       |      |  |  |  |       | 149      |      |  |  |  |
|       | 50       |      |  |  |  |       | 100      |      |  |  |  |       | 150      |      |  |  |  |





**Search Notes**



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| <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>10/419,621 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination</b><br>DELPUCH ET AL. |  |
| <b>Examiner</b><br>KIEU-OANH T. BUI          | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2611  |  |

| SEARCHED |                                |          |          |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Class    | Subclass                       | Date     | Examiner |
| 725      | 91,100,<br>109,112,<br>135,139 | 6/6/2005 | KB       |
| 709      | 217, 223,                      | 6/7/2005 |          |
|          | 225,226,                       |          |          |
|          | 231                            |          |          |
| 710      | 48,266                         |          |          |
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| Class                 | Subclass | Date     | Examiner |
| 725                   | 91,100,  | 6/9/2005 | KB       |
|                       | 135,139  |          |          |
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| SEARCH NOTES<br>(INCLUDING SEARCH STRATEGY) |          |      |
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|   | DATE     | EXMR |
| Updated search<br>725                       | 6/6/2005 | KB   |
| Zani Muang<br>709<br>Park Ilwoo<br>710      | 6/7/2005 | KB   |
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**Search Notes**



**Application/Control No.**

10/419,621

**Examiner**

KIEU-OANH T. BUI

**Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination**

DELPUCH ET AL.

**Art Unit**

2611

**SEARCHED**

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|       | 231                            |          |          |
| 710   | 48,266                         |          |          |
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**INTERFERENCE SEARCHED**

| Class | Subclass | Date     | Examiner |
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|       | 135,139  |          |          |
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**SEARCH NOTES  
(INCLUDING SEARCH STRATEGY)**

|  | DATE     | EXMR |
|--|----------|------|
| Updated search<br>725                  | 6/6/2005 | KB   |
| Zani Muang<br>709<br>Park Ilwoo<br>710 | 6/7/2005 | KB   |
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| L Number | Hits | Search Text  | DB                         | Time stamp       |
|----------|------|--|----------------------------|------------------|
| 27       | 8391 | 725/\$.ccls.   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:45 |
| 28       | 912  | 725/\$.ccls. and HTML  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:47 |
| 29       | 475  | (725/\$.ccls. and HTML) and "markup language"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| 30       | 24   | ((725/\$.ccls. and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language"   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| 31       | 2    | ((((725/\$.ccls. and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and "proxy server"   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:46 |
| 32       | 2314 | "proxy server" and HTML  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:48 |
| 33       | 1412 | ("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:48 |
| 34       | 157  | ((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:49 |
| 35       | 118  | ((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:49 |
| 36       | 80   | ((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:50 |
| 37       | 59   | (((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:51 |
| 38       | 1    | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "DVB-MHP"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:51 |
| 39       | 34   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| 40       | 2    | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (time near8 expiration)   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:54 |
| 41       | 34   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:55 |
| 42       | 32   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:55 |
| 43       | 32   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user)  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:56 |
| 44       | 1    | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user)) and AIT                                 | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:57 |
| 45       | 32   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user)) and DTD                                 | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:57 |
| 46       | 31   | ((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user)) and DTD) and (television near3 content) | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:57 |

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|    |     |   |                            |                  |
|----|-----|---|----------------------------|------------------|
| 47 | 31  | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:59 |
| 48 | 1   | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and ("declarative data essence" or DDE)                      | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 17:59 |
| 49 | 29  | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)   | USPAT                      | 2004/09/23 18:00 |
| 50 | 0   | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and "META name"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:00 |
| 51 | 0   | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and (META near3 name)  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:00 |
| 52 | 0   | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and (resource near8 requirement)                             | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:01 |
| 53 | 29  | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and (web or internet or WWW)                                 | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:02 |
| 54 | 29  | ((((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user) and DTD) and (television near3 content)) and (attribute or directive)) and (web or internet or WWW)) and (detect\$ and prohibit\$3) | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:05 |
| 55 | 1   | 725/\$.ccls. and (((((((("proxy server" and HTML) and "markup language") and "scripting language") and interactive) and (TV or television)) and META) and "style sheet") and (subset or resource)) and (video and audio and graphics)) and (client or user))  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:05 |
| 56 | 573 | 725/\$.ccls. and "markup language"  | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| 57 | 26  | (725/\$.ccls. and "markup language") and "scripting language"   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| 58 | 4   | ((725/\$.ccls. and "markup language") and "scripting language") and "style sheet"   | USPAT;<br>US-PGPUB;<br>EPO | 2004/09/23 18:06 |

| Ref # | Hits | Search Query                                | DBs                        | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
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| L1    | 2742 | "proxy server" and HTML                     | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L2    | 1651 | L1 and "markup language"                    | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L3    | 175  | L2 and "scripting language"                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L4    | 130  | L3 and interactive                          | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L5    | 91   | L4 and (TV or television)                   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L6    | 64   | L5 and META                                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L7    | 35   | L6 and "style sheet"                        | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L8    | 35   | L7 and (subset or resource)                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L9    | 33   | L8 and (video and audio and graphics)       | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L10   | 33   | L9 and (client or user)                     | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L11   | 33   | L10 and DTD                                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L12   | 32   | L11 and (television near3 content)          | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L13   | 30   | L12 and (attribute or directive)            | USPAT                      | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| L14   | 0    | L13 and "prerequisite directive"            | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:31 |
| L15   | 1    | "725"/\$.ccls. and "prerequisite directive" | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:32 |
| L16   | 0    | "348"/\$.ccls. and "prerequisite directive" | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR               | ON      | 2005/06/06 16:32 |

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|     |      |  |                            |    |    |                  |
|-----|------|--|----------------------------|----|----|------------------|
| L17 | 0    | "370"/\$.cls. and "prerequisite directive" | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2005/06/06 16:32 |
| L18 | 0    | "709"/\$.cls. and "prerequisite directive" | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2005/06/06 16:33 |
| L19 | 1    | "prerequisite directive"                   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2005/06/06 16:33 |
| S1  | 8391 | "725"/\$.cls.                              | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:45 |
| S2  | 912  | S1 and HTML                                | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:47 |
| S3  | 475  | S2 and "markup language"                   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| S4  | 24   | S3 and "scripting language"                | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| S5  | 2    | S4 and "proxy server"                      | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:46 |
| S6  | 2314 | "proxy server" and HTML                    | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:48 |
| S7  | 1412 | S6 and "markup language"                   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:48 |
| S8  | 157  | S7 and "scripting language"                | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:49 |
| S9  | 118  | S8 and interactive                         | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:49 |
| S10 | 80   | S9 and (TV or television)                  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:50 |
| S11 | 59   | S10 and META                               | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:51 |
| S12 | 1    | S11 and "DVB-MHP"                          | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:51 |
| S13 | 34   | S11 and "style sheet"                      | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |

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|-----|-----|---|----------------------------|----|----|------------------|
| S14 | 2   | S13 and (time near8 expiration)             | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:54 |
| S15 | 34  | S13 and (subset or resource)                | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:55 |
| S16 | 32  | S15 and (video and audio and graphics)      | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:55 |
| S17 | 32  | S16 and (client or user)                    | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:56 |
| S18 | 1   | S17 and AIT                                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:57 |
| S19 | 32  | S17 and DTD                                 | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:57 |
| S20 | 31  | S19 and (television near3 content)          | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:57 |
| S21 | 31  | S20 and (attribute or directive)            | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:59 |
| S22 | 1   | S21 and ("declarative data essence" or DDE) | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 17:59 |
| S23 | 29  | S20 and (attribute or directive)            | USPAT                      | OR | ON | 2005/06/06 16:30 |
| S24 | 0   | S23 and "META name"                         | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:00 |
| S25 | 0   | S23 and (META near3 name)                   | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:00 |
| S26 | 0   | S23 and (resource near8 requirement)        | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:01 |
| S27 | 29  | S23 and (web or internet or WWW)            | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:02 |
| S28 | 29  | S27 and (detect\$ and prohibit\$3)          | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:05 |
| S29 | 1   | S1 and S17                                  | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:05 |
| S30 | 573 | S1 and "markup language"                    | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |

Search History 6/6/05 4:36:02 PM Page 3  
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|     |    |                              |                            |    |    |                  |
|-----|----|------------------------------|----------------------------|----|----|------------------|
| S31 | 26 | S30 and "scripting language" | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |
| S32 | 4  | S31 and "style sheet"        | US-PGPUB;<br>USPAT;<br>EPO | OR | ON | 2004/09/23 18:06 |





US007055169B2

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Delpuch et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 7,055,169 B2**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **May 30, 2006**

(54) **SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX**

(75) Inventors: **Alain Delpuch**, Les Essarts le Roi (FR); **James Whitledge**, Naperville, IL (US); **Jean-Rene Menand**, Los Altos, CA (US); **Emmanuel Barbier**, Paris (FR); **Kevin Hausman**, Naperville, IL (US); **Debra Hensgen**, Redwood City, CA (US); **Dongmin Su**, Santa Clara, CA (US)

(73) Assignee: **OpenTV, Inc.**, San Francisco, CA (US)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 160 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **10/419,621**

(22) Filed: **Apr. 21, 2003**  
(Under 37 CFR 1.47)

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2004/0139480 A1 Jul. 15, 2004

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Provisional application No. 60/373,883, filed on Apr. 19, 2002.

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**H04N 7/173** (2006.01)  
**H04N 7/16** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **725/100; 725/91; 725/138; 725/139**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... **725/91, 725/100, 109, 112, 135, 139; 709/217, 223, 709/225, 226, 231; 710/48, 266**

See application file for complete search history.

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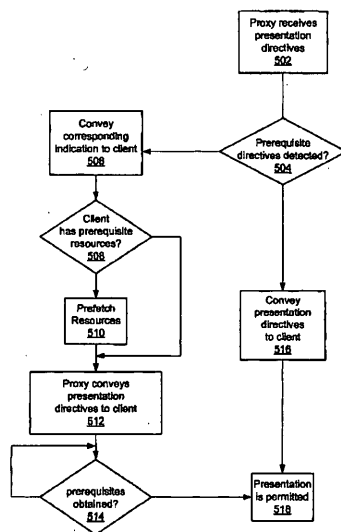
*Primary Examiner*—Kieu-Oanh Bui

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Meyertons Hood Kivlin Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.; Rory D. Rankin

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method and mechanism for enabling the creation and/or control of interactive television content using declarative-like directives such as HTML, scripting languages, or other languages. A centrally located proxy server is configured to receive, transcode and convey transcoded web based content to client devices. Upon detecting directives which indicate particular resources required for a presentation are prerequisites, the proxy server conveys signals to a client device that these particular resources are prerequisites. In response to receiving the conveyed signals, the client device may take actions to prefetch these resources. The client device is further configured to prohibit initiation of the presentation until the prerequisite resources are acquired.

**23 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets**



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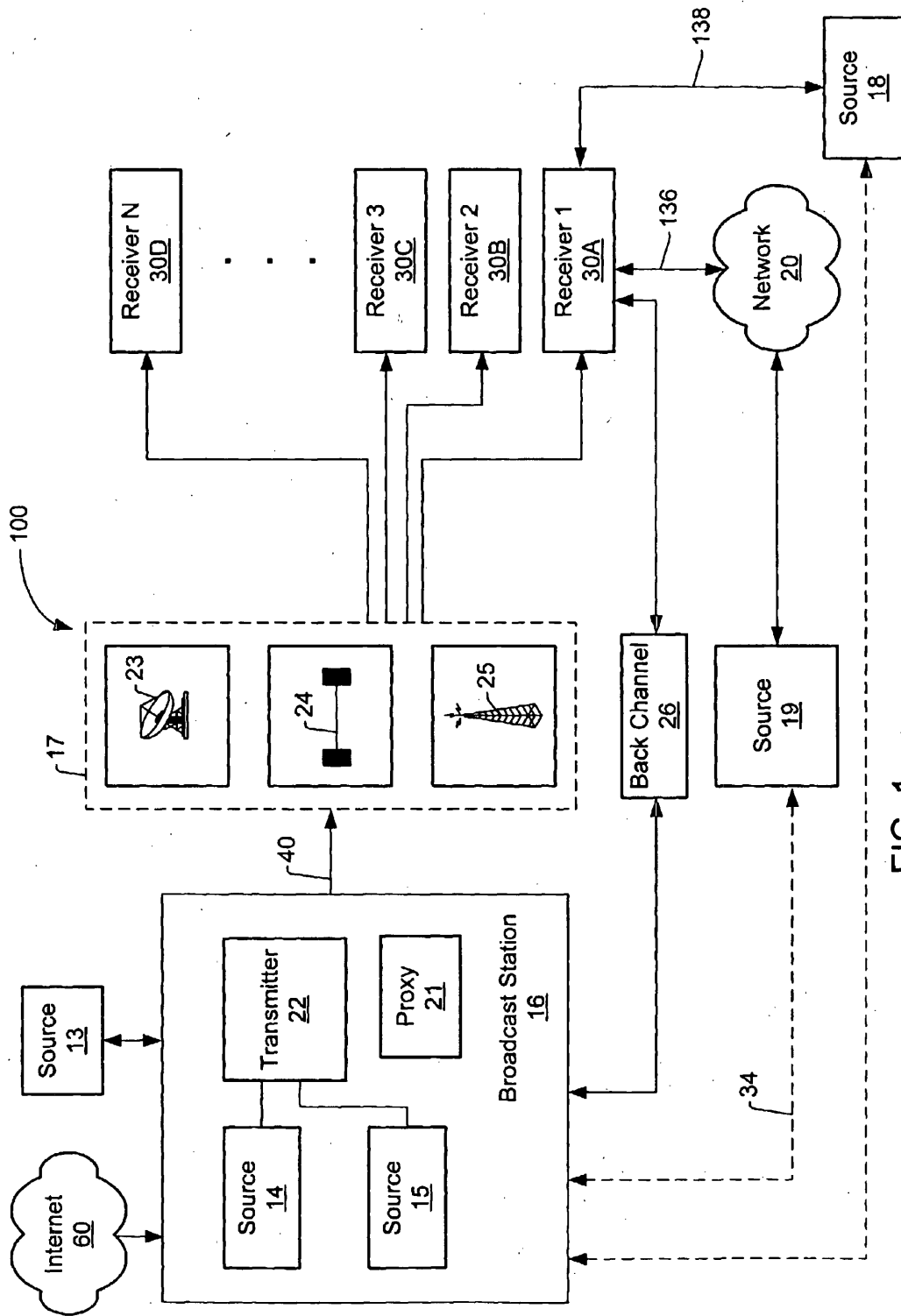


FIG. 1

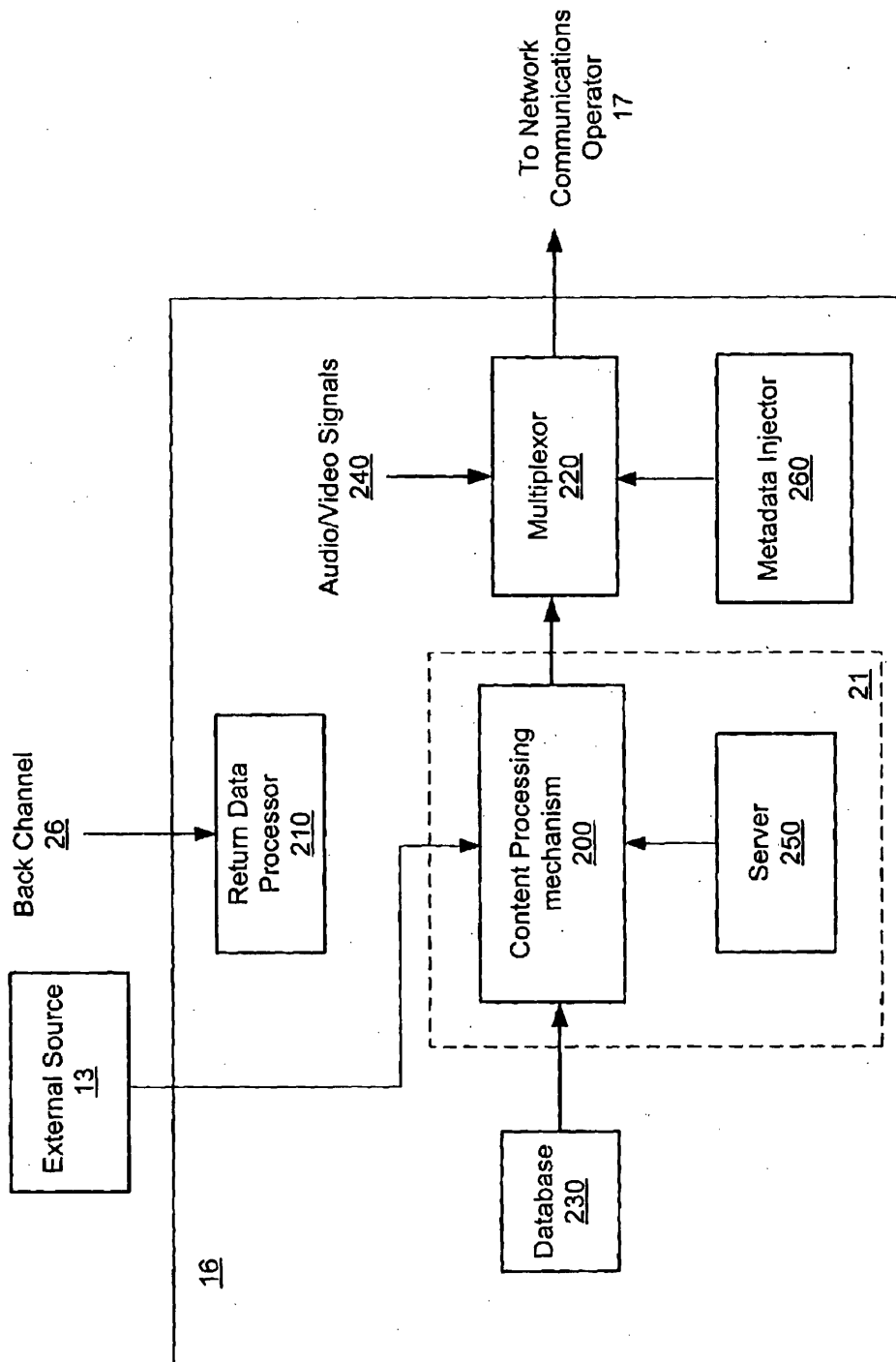


FIG. 2

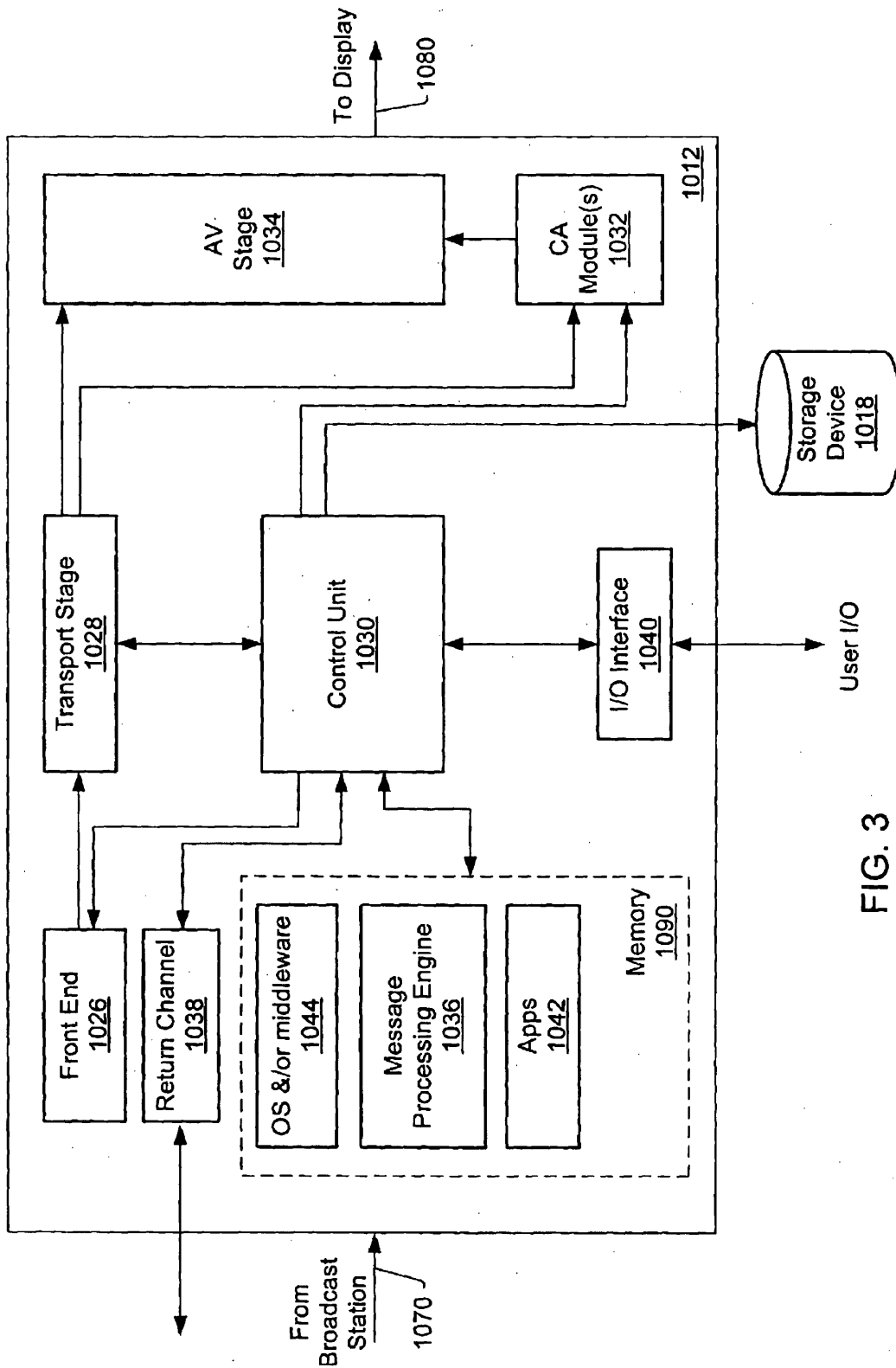


FIG. 3

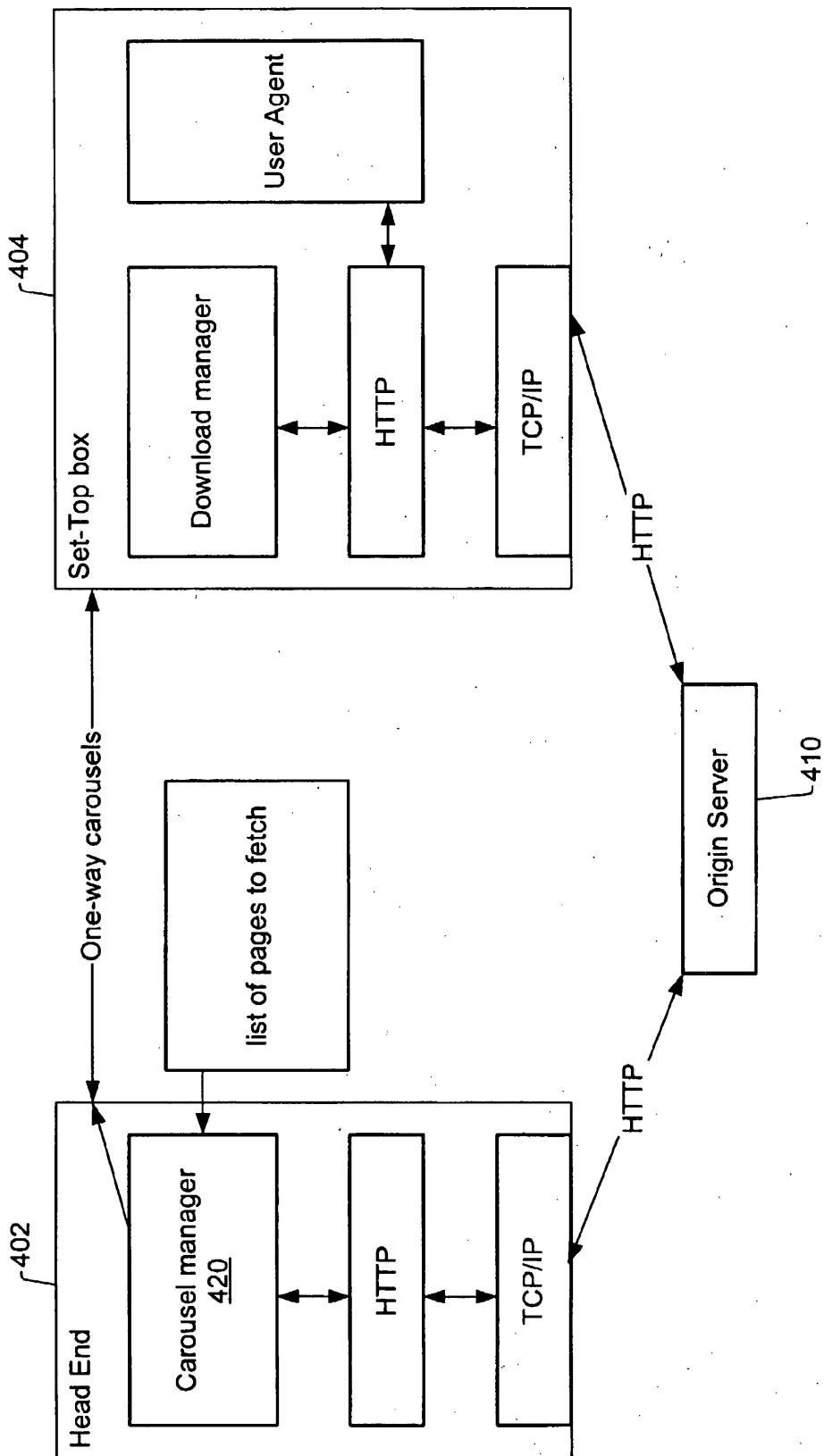


FIG. 4

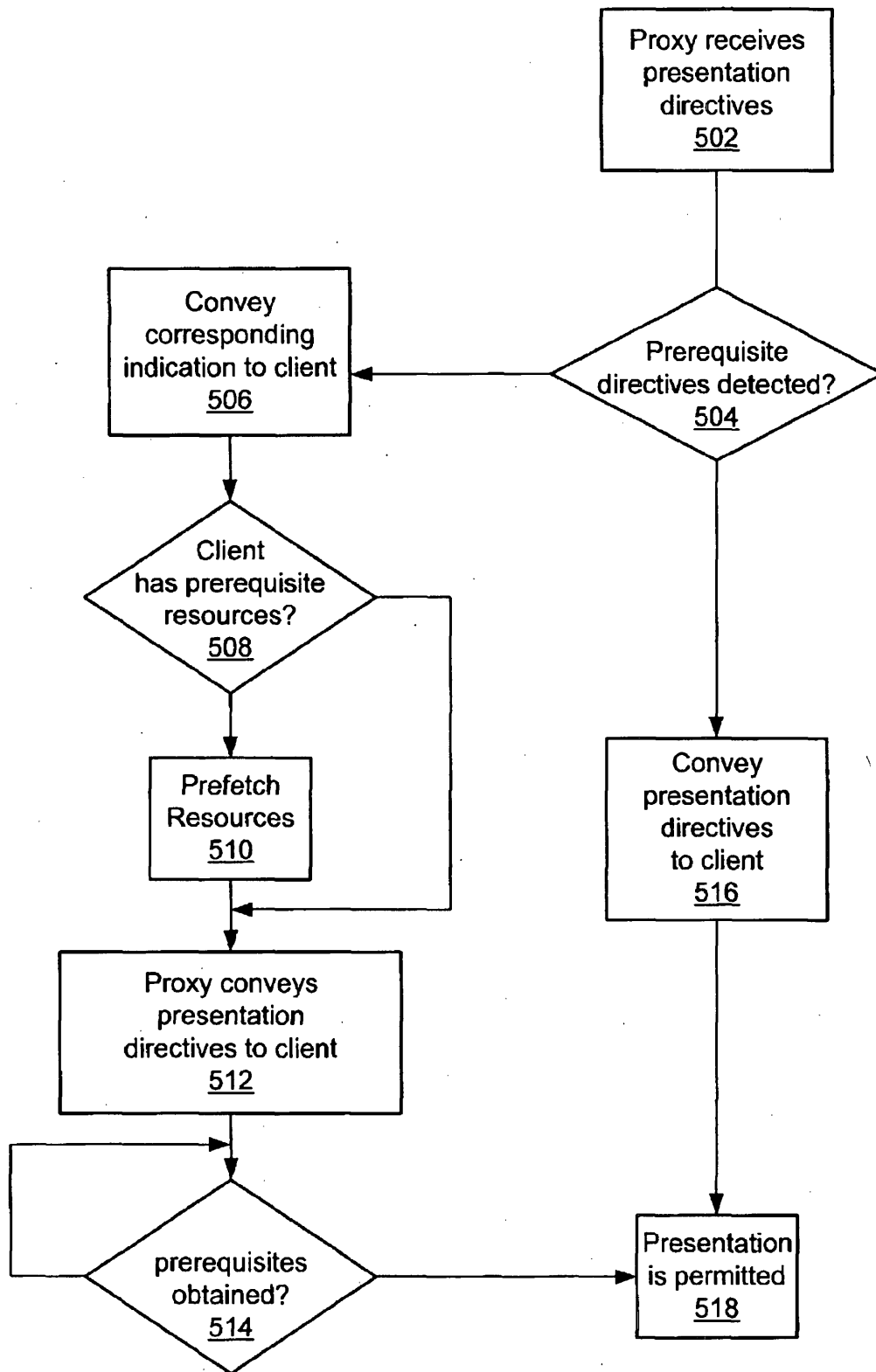


FIG. 5

**SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE  
TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX**

Priority of provisional application No. 60/373,883, filed on Apr. 19, 2002 is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119(a)-(e)

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**1. Field of the Invention**

The invention relates generally to interactive television systems and more particularly to a system and method for creating and controlling interactive television content.

**2. Description of Related Art**

Interactive television systems provide a means to deliver interactive content as well as ordinary television audio and video to a large number of subscribers. Programs broadcast by these systems may incorporate television audio and video, still images, text, interactive graphics and applications, and many other components. They may also provide a number of services, such as commerce via the television, electronic program guides (EPGs), video-on-demand, and other interactive applications to viewers. The interactive content of the interactive television signal may therefore include application code, data associated with the audio and video, control signals, raw data and many other types of information. This information can be combined into a single signal or several signals for transmission to a receiver connected to the viewer's television or the provider can include only a subset of the information.

The interactive functionality of the television is generally controlled by an integrated receiver/decoder (IRD) or similar mechanism, frequently incorporated into a set-top box, connected to the television. The IRD receives the signal provided by a broadcast service provider or system operator and separates the interactive portion from the audio-video portion. The IRD uses the interactive information to, for example, execute an application while the audio-video information is transmitted to the television. The IRD may combine the audio-video information with interactive graphics or audio generated by the interactive application prior to transmitting the information to the television.

Interactive content such as application code or information relating to television programs may be broadcast in a cyclical or repeating format. The pieces of information which are broadcast in this manner form what may be referred to as a "carousel." A carousel may include multiple modules of data, including a directory module which indicates the particular modules which correspond to a given application. Frequently, a single carousel is transported as a contiguous data stream. However, it is also possible to multiplex two or more carousels in a single data stream. As an alternative to using a carousel format, some systems may utilize a return path to request and/or receive interactive content.

Broadcast systems may transmit information in a carousel format in order to allow receivers in the system to selectively obtain particular pieces of information in the carousel without requiring a return path from the receivers to the server. If a particular receiver needs a particular piece of information, it can simply wait until the next time that piece of information is broadcast, and then extract the information from the broadcast data stream. By employing carousels to broadcast information, the system may eliminate the need to connect each of the receivers with a server and further eliminate the need for the server to process individual requests for information.

The pieces of information, or data objects, in a carousel may be intended to be combined in a single object data stream to form a program. This program may also contain streaming data such as audio or video. For example, an interactive television game show may combine television audio and video with interactive content such as application code which allows users to answer questions. Another example would be a news program which combines audio and video with application code that inserts current stock prices in a banner at the bottom of the screen. Typically, each program is associated with a corresponding channel and, when a channel containing a particular program is selected by the interactive television receiver, the data which is being broadcast on that channel is downloaded and the program is started.

As television receivers become more sophisticated, and include the ability to access a wider range of data and resources, efforts have been made to develop mechanisms to handle these additional resources. For example, the DVB MHP 1.1 specification and DAVIC 1.4.1 Part 9 specification define a URL scheme to access broadcast services. Since DAVIC broadcast networks carry Service Information (SI) that contains globally unique parameters for locating the services in a broadcast network, their URL scheme is able to address services in a physical network independent manner.

Unfortunately, such schemes may not work on ATSC networks or other networks that define different or even proprietary signaling formats. Therefore, a new more flexible scheme is desired.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

A method and mechanism are described which enable content authors to use directives, such as HTML, scripting languages, or other languages, with television extensions to create and/or control interactive television content. The method and mechanism may be utilized with digitally recorded programs as well as with live broadcasts.

In one embodiment, a device in an interactive television system is configured to receive one or more directives provided by a content author which describe or otherwise indicate an audio and/or video presentation. Included among these directives are one or more directives which indicate that a particular subset of resources required for the presentation are deemed prerequisites. In response to detecting these directives, the providing of the presentation is withheld until the prerequisite resources are obtained.

In one embodiment, the directives are received by a centrally located proxy server which may be configured to receive, transcode and convey transcoded web based content to client devices. Upon detecting directives which indicate prerequisite resources for a presentation, the proxy server separately conveys to the client devices signals, or some other indication, that these resources are prerequisites. In response, the client device receiving the conveyed signals may take actions to prefetch these resources.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

FIG. 1 is a diagram of one embodiment of a broadcast television system.

FIG. 2 is a diagram of one embodiment of a headend.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a client device.

FIG. 4 is a diagram of one embodiment of a television system.



FIG. 5 illustrates one embodiment of a method utilizing prerequisite directives.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

##### 0. System Overview

Referring to FIG. 1, one embodiment of a television system 100 is shown. In the embodiment shown, receiving devices 30 are coupled to several sources of programming and/or interactive content. Each of receiving devices 30 may comprise any suitable device, such as a set-top box (STB), a television (TV), a video cassette recorder (VCR), a digital video recorder (DVR), a personal digital assistant (PDA), a personal computer (PC), a video game console, or a mobile/cell phone.

Included in the embodiment of FIG. 1 is a broadcast station 16 coupled to receiver(s) 30 via a transmission medium 17 and back channel 26. In addition, receiver(s) 30 are coupled to a source 18 and source 19 via a network 20. Further, broadcast station 16 is coupled to a remote source 13, and Internet 60. In the embodiment shown, broadcast station 16 includes sources 14 and 15 and transmitter 22. Transmission medium 17 may comprise a satellite based system 23, a cable based system 24, a terrestrial or multiple multi-point distribution service (MMDS) based system 25, a combination of these systems, or some other suitable system of transmission.

In the embodiment of FIG. 1, broadcast station 16 may include a variety of sources of content 14, 15, and 60 to be utilized and conveyed by transmitter 22. Content sources 14 and 15 may include databases, application servers, other audio/video sources, or other data sources. In one embodiment, content may be created at a source 14 which may include an authoring station configured to create such content. An authoring station may include a computer workstation configured with software which aids in the development of interactive content. An authoring station may be part of broadcast station 16 in which case the conveyance of the created content may be through a local computing network, or similar configuration. Alternatively, an authoring station may be remotely located 13 from broadcast station 16. In an embodiment where authoring station is not directly coupled to broadcast station 16, the content created by a source 13 may be conveyed to broadcast station 16 via Internet, broadcast, cable, etc. In some cases, content created by at a remote location 13 may first be transferred to a storage medium, such as a CD-RW, DVD, or flash memory device, and transported to broadcast station 16 via more conventional means where it may be stored in a database or other storage device.

Subsequent to its creation, content from sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 may be delivered to receiver(s) 30 through a broadcast transmission network. This network consists essentially of broadcast station 16 which assembles the content from sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 and processes the content as appropriate (e.g., digitizes, compresses, packetizes), and a transmission network 17 which receives the content 40 from broadcast station 16 and conveys it 42 to receiving device(s) 30. In one embodiment, broadcast station 16 includes software and/or hardware which is configured to process the content conveyed by sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 as described above. A second delivery mechanism may include a direct point-to-point connection 138 between receiver(s) 30 and source 18 which may be some type of server. This connection 138 may be made via an ordinary telephone line, cable, wireless, or otherwise. A third delivery mechanism may also

be a point-to-point connection 136, but transmission of the content from a source 19 to receiver(s) 30 is made via one or more shared networks (e.g., over the Internet).

FIG. 1 also illustrates broadcast station 16 may be optionally coupled to source 18 and/or source 19. Such a coupling may enable broadcast station 16 to work cooperatively with source 18 or source 19 in conveying content to receiver(s) 30. Also illustrated in FIG. 1 is a back channel (or return path) 26 by which receiver(s) 30 may convey to and/or receive data from broadcast station 16. Back channel 26 may comprise a telephone line, cable, wireless, or other connection.

One delivery mechanism, the direct point-to-point connection to a source of content, may comprise communication via an ordinary telephone line. This type of connection is typically initiated by the receiver(s) 30 to convey information to, or retrieve information from, a data server. Another delivery mechanism, the point-to-point connection through one or more networks, may comprise a typical connection between nodes on the Internet. Because data may be routed through many different shared networks in this case, it may be read, stored and written many times as it is transmitted from source 19 to receiver(s) 30. The third delivery mechanism may include a satellite, cable or terrestrial broadcast network 17. Information may be transmitted from and to receiver(s) 30 both in real time or store and forward.

In one embodiment, broadcast station 16 further includes a proxy server 21 which is configured to transcode received content to a format compatible with one or more of client devices 30. For example, proxy 21 may receive web based content including directives written in HTML, JavaScript™ (JavaScript is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc), CSS, or other languages, and transcode the received content to a format compatible with clients 30. In alternative embodiment, clients may be configured to directly process such directives. In such a case, proxy 21 may be configured to perform certain types of preprocessing of the content prior to conveyance to the clients.

Turning now to FIG. 2, an overview of one embodiment of a broadcast station (head-end) 16 is shown. The broadcast station 16 of FIG. 2 includes an application server 250 and a database 230 which may contain previously created interactive content. Also shown in FIG. 2 is a source 13 of content (e.g., the Internet) which is external to broadcast station 16 and coupled to broadcast station 16. Database 230, server 250, Internet 60, and source 13 are coupled to a content processing mechanism 200 which is configured to process the content received and convey the processed content to a multiplexor 220. In the exemplary embodiment of FIG. 2, proxy server 21 includes server 250 and processing mechanism 200.

In one embodiment, content processing mechanism 200 comprises a computer coupled to receive and convey content from source 13, database 230, or server 250. Processing mechanism 200 is configured to convey the processed content to multiplexor 220. Multiplexor 220 is also coupled to receive audio/video signals 240. Multiplexor 220 multiplexes the received signals and conveys the multiplexed signal to network communications operator 17 where it is subsequently conveyed to a receiving device. As noted above, proxy 21 may be configured to process received content prior to conveying the content to client devices. For example, proxy 21 may be configured to receive requests from clients for web based content, obtain the requested content, and transcode the received content to an alternate format prior to conveyance to the requesting client. Finally,

in addition to the above, broadcast station 16 includes a return data processor 210 coupled to back channel 26. In one embodiment, return data processor 210 may comprise a modem which receives data for further processing within broadcast station 16.

While the above description describes a source of interactive content as being at a broadcast station 16, in an alternative embodiment database 230 and content processing mechanism 200 may reside at the location of a network communications operator 17. An example of such an alternative embodiment may be a cable station which inserts interactive content into a broadcast signal prior to transmission. Numerous such alternatives are possible and are contemplated.

Turning now to FIG. 3, one embodiment of a receiving/initiating device 1012, hereinafter referred to as a "client" is shown. While FIG. 3 illustrates the client 1012 in the form of a set top box 1012, client 1012 may comprise other devices as well. Generally speaking, client 1012 is configured to receive a first signal 1070, such as a broadcast signal, and convey a second signal 1080, such as to a display or recording device. While in the embodiment shown, client 1012 is shown coupled to an external mass storage device 1018, such storage may be internal to the client 1012 itself. Client 1012 includes a control unit 1030, front end 1026, return channel 1038, transport stage 1028, and AV stage 1034. Also represented in FIG. 3 is a memory 1080 which includes OS and/or middleware 1044, message processing engine 1036, and applications 1042. Also shown is an I/O interface 1040 and conditional access (CA) module(s) 1032. I/O interface 1040 may be configured to detect user interaction via a remote control, keyboard, or other device. Control unit 1030 may comprise a microprocessor, memory (e.g., RAM), and other components which are necessary to perform ordinary general purpose computing.

In one embodiment, applications 1042, OS/middleware 1044, CA module(s) 1032, and message processing engine 1036 comprise code which may be stored in a memory device of set-top box 1012. Additionally, CA module(s) 1032 may comprise system software configured to control access to particular programs or services which are accessible by set-top box 1012. While message processing engine 1036 is shown as program code which may be stored in memory 1080 and executed by control unit 1030, it is understood that other embodiments are possible and are contemplated. For example, message processing engine 1036 may comprise circuitry or a combination of hardware and software. For example, message processing engine 1036 may comprise a processing device executing program instructions. Further, message processing engine 1036 may be configured as an external device which may be coupled to a receiving unit. For example, such an external device may comprise an expansion module which is configured to add message processing functionality to a preexisting device.

Generally speaking, client 1012 is operable to receive and decompress signals which may include digital data. The decompressed signals may be converted into analog signals such as PAL, SECAM, or NTSC format signals for television display, or may be in digital format for use by a digital television display. As shown in FIG. 3, client 1012 includes front end circuitry 1026 operable to receive audio, video, and other data from a received signal 1070. The received signal 1070 is fed into the client 1012 at the front end 1026, which may comprise an analog to digital (A/D) converter and tuner/demodulators (not shown). Front end 1026 may select and pass a particular frequency, demodulate it, and

convert analog signals to a digital format. While analog data may be converted to digital data, as noted above a received signal may comprise digital data which may require no such conversion. The digitized output may then be conveyed to a transport stage 1028 which further processes the data, conveying a portion of the data to an audio-visual (AV) stage 1034 for display and another portion to control processor 1030. In addition, CA module 1032 may receive data from transport stage 1028 and may conditionally convey a descrambled or other signal to AV stage 1034. Signaling and control information may also be included in the broadcast along with the audio-video data and may be manipulated by software within the client 1012.

Audio-video signals and program control signals received by the client 1012 may include television programs, metadata, and menu selections accessible by a viewer through a user interface, as well as applications that may be executed. A viewer may control the client 1012 in a variety of ways, including through an infrared remote control unit, a control panel on the client, or a device that is used to choose from a menu displayed on the television screen. Selections and entries made by the viewer may be intended for one or more of several applications that are executing on the client. As mentioned above, broadcast signals 1070 are received via front end 1026 and are filtered by transport stage 1028. Unicast or multicast signals may generally be received via return channel 1038. Applications 1042 which execute on the client 1012 may arrive there in a variety of ways. For example, applications may be received via a broadcast signal 1070, via the return channel resource interface 1038, or via storage device 1018. Applications received via storage device 1018 may have been shipped originally with the client 1012 or may have been downloaded previously from another source and stored on storage 1018.

In one embodiment, client 1012 may be configured as a digital set top box for use with a satellite receiver or satellite integrated decoder/receiver that is capable of decoding MPEG video, audio, and data. For example, client 1012 may be configured to receive digital video channels that support broadband communications using Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM), Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (COFDM), or 8-vestigial side band (VSB), and to control channels for two-way signaling and messaging. The digital channels may carry compressed and encoded multi-program MPEG (Motion Picture Expert Group) transport streams. Transport stage 1028 extracts the desired program from the transport stream and separates the audio, video, and data components, which are routed to devices that process the streams, such as one or more audio decoders, one or more video decoders, and optionally to RAM (or other form of memory) or a hard drive. It is to be understood that the client 1012 and storage device 1018 (as well as any data and signals from the broadcast service provider) may be configured to accommodate analog, digital, or both analog and digital data. For storage of received analog data, conversion to digital format may be performed.

Storage device 1018 is optionally coupled to the client 1012 and may be configured to store video, audio, executable code, metadata, and other data. Storage device 1018 may be internal to client 1012 or connected externally (e.g., through an IEEE 1394-1995 connection) with either a permanent connection or a removable connection. Further, storage device 1018 may comprise any suitable type of storage, such as a hard disk drive, a recordable DVD drive, magnetic tape, optical disk, magneto-optical disk, flash memory, or solid state memory. In addition, more than one

storage device such as device 1018 may be attached to the client 1012. The client 1012 and/or storage device 1018 may further be incorporated into a television set. Executable data, such as program instructions, which is stored within storage device 1018 may be retrieved and executed. In one embodiment, retrieved data may be executed or otherwise utilized in synchronization with other applications or received signals, for example corresponding to a game show, commercial, or Internet based on-line game. Alternatively, retrieved data may be executed or utilized independently, such as for video-on-demand, banking, e-mail, a web browser, or an electronic program guide (EPG).

It is to be understood that the client 1012 and system 100 described herein are intended to be exemplary only. Broadcast network system 100 and client 1012 may be different than described herein without departing from the scope of the invention. Further, various components depicted in the client 1012 of FIG. 3 may be combined, such as the placement of the integration of storage device 1018 within client 1012. Numerous alternatives are possible and are contemplated.

#### 1. Application Model and Life Cycle

Generally speaking, an interactive television application may start in either a maximized state or a minimized state, depending upon how it is authored. Signaling in the directory may indicate to the system whether the application is starting in the minimized state or the maximized state. From a system's perspective, the difference between the minimized state and the maximized state is that applications which are in the minimized state may not receive a notification when a viewer presses keys. Alternatively, when in a maximized state, applications may present a filter to the system that tells the system to notify them when keys designated in the filter are pressed. While not necessarily required, an application executing in a minimized state typically reduces its usage of resources. For example, it may present an icon on the screen rather than extended graphics.

In addition to the above, an application running in either a minimized state or a maximized state may be suspended. Upon suspension, an application is not generally notified, but rather no cpu time is allocated to the application. At the termination of the suspension, an application returns to the state it was in prior to suspension. In either case, the system may invoke a function in the application to notify that application that it had been suspended so that it may take any actions necessary to ensure internal consistency.

Applications may terminate normally or may be asked by the system to terminate, for example, if a new application appears in the broadcast stream. Because an application may be in a state where termination would be disruptive to the viewer, the application may deny a request to terminate immediately. For example, a viewer may be in the middle of an online transaction to purchase an advertised product. When an application does terminate, the system is notified so that it can determine, typically working together with the network-provided control task, which application to execute next.

Transitions between states may be responses to a variety of stimuli including broadcast signaling, viewer button presses, and decisions made by the system or the applications themselves. As noted above, the initial state of an application may be determined by broadcast signaling. A button press may be used to cause an application to move from the minimized state to the maximized state. The application itself may decide when to transition to the terminated state and when to transition to the minimized

state. The system may suspend an application in order to execute another application. Further, broadcast signaling can cause the system to request that an application exit.

While the life cycle defined above may represent a default life cycle, modifications to the life cycle may be provided by calls in a network provider control task. For example, one need not even load an application until the viewer responds with an appropriate button selection in response to the presentation of an icon. Further, the above life cycle may generally correspond to a model in which only a single application is executable at a time. However, in order to support multiple applications concurrently, the application model and life cycle definition may be more complex. For example, priorities may be signaled so that the implementation may determine which applications may execute in the event that the hardware is not capable of supporting all of the signaled applications simultaneously.

Applications developed for use in interactive television systems may generally include programming code similar to that of programming languages such as C, C++, etc. However, with the proliferation of the World Wide Web (Web), and the desire to take advantage of Web and Web like resources in interactive television systems, the use of other languages such as HTML and the Javascript™ (JS) language may be useful. However, while the use of HTML applications may be desired, the life cycle of HTML applications in an interactive television environment may be complicated by several factors.

First, HTML/JS content may be more dynamic than persistent. For example, in a current interactive television environment, an application may be configured to only execute code or use data that is packaged within the carousel in the same directory as the first program module. Hence, for security reasons the directory contents may clearly define the application boundary and the permissions signaled within the directory may be applied to the entire contents of the directory. However, HTML/JS content may refer to other content (e.g., via a link) that is to be acquired from some location other than the carousel and the content that is referred to may replace the initial content. It is not clear that it is safe in this case to apply the same security permissions to such replacing content. Therefore, due to this dynamic nature, it is more difficult to define an "application boundary."

Second, even when a product does not support multiple concurrent applications and restricts the application to only that content carried within the same directory in the carousel, there may be life cycle issues that affect the way that a content author designs the HTML/JS content. For example, if it is determined that the broadcaster can signal that an application may quit, it may be useful to invoke a handler written by the content author to respond to such an event. Similarly, there may be other states which might best be handled by an application-specific handler. For example, if the viewer is in the middle of a transaction involving an application, that application may wish to delay its termination until the transaction completes. Therefore, an application may be notified by the system when a broadcaster signals a new application available in the broadcast. In one embodiment, the application may be notified via an event, such as the O\_exit event identified below. An application that determines that it does not want to exit immediately may extend its life by calling a defined event function such preventDefault( ).

---

|              |                                |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| O_exit       |                                |
| Bubbles      | : yes -- (see DOM event model) |
| Cancelable   | : yes                          |
| context info | : the reason for exiting.      |

---

2. Tuning and Stream Selection

In one embodiment, two different ways for broadcast signal tuning and stream selection are provided. The first uses a markup language, such as HTML, and assumes that the content author has sufficient a priori knowledge as described below. The second uses a scripting language such as Javascript, does not assume the same a priori knowledge, and is generic enough to be applicable to stream selection from a local hard drive or VOD. Both make use of a new URL defined here known as the "broadcast:" URL. First, the URL which is used in both methods is described.

URL which can be Used for Tuning and Stream Selection

In some broadcast environments, such as MPEG based environment, it may be possible to associate a globally (or at least network) unique identifier with a broadcast stream. Use of such a unique identifier within a URL scheme may allow the unique identification of resources within that stream. A syntax of a broadcast Url scheme is provided below. Generally speaking, this scheme may provide a general mechanism for identifying broadcast resources in a manner that is network independent and platform independent. This scheme may work with digitally recorded programs as well as with live broadcasts.

The following is a formal syntax, in BNF like grammar, for a "broadcast:" URL. In the following, note that rules are separated from definitions by an equal "=", "[]" is used to designate alternatives, literals are quoted with "", parentheses "(" and ")" are used to group elements, optional elements are enclosed in "[" and "]" brackets, and elements may be preceded with "<n>\*" to designate n or more repetitions of the following element where n defaults to 0.

---

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| broadcast_url       | = broadcast_scheme ":" [ broadcast_hier_part ]         |
| broadcast_scheme    | = "broadcast"  |
| broadcast_hier_part | = broadcast_net_path   broadcast_abs_path              |
| broadcast_net_path  | = "/" service_address [ component_list ]               |
|                     | [ broadcast_abs_path ]                                 |
| service_address     | = channel_name   "current"                             |
| channel_name        | = *( domainlabel "." ) toplabel                        |
| domainlabel         | = alphanum   alphanum *( alphanum   "-" )              |
|                     | alphanum   |
| toplabel            | = alpha   alpha *( alphanum   "-" ) alphanum           |
| alphanum            | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |
| alpha               | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |
| component_list      | = "," component *( "," component )                     |
| component           | = stream_selector                                      |
| stream_selector     | = stream_type "=" stream_id                            |
| stream_type         | = "video"   "audio"   "data"   "subtitle"   "teletext" |
| stream_id           | = 1*alphanum   "default"   "current"   "none"          |
| broadcast_abs_path  | = "/" path_segments                                    |
| path_segments       | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |

---

Given the above definition, one example of a summary of usage may be represented:

```
broadcast: {/ <service_address>; <component_list>}
```

Where service\_address is defined as follows:

---

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| service_address | ::= channel_name current   |
| where:          |  |
| channel_name    | specifies a DNS-style name that uniquely identifies the channel. |
| current         | specifies the service currently selected.                        |

---

The component\_list is a comma-separated list identifying specific components in the stream and may be defined as follows:

---

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| component_list | ::= component *( "," component )              |
| component      | ::= stream_type "=" ( track_tag   "default" ) |
| stream_type    | ::= "video"   "audio"   ...                   |

---

A track\_tag may be defined as an ASCII string of arbitrary length, typically between 1 and 4 bytes. A track\_tag of "0" is equivalent to the default component of the specified stream type. For example, the URL "broadcast://tfl.fr; video=0, audio=eng" identifies the default video stream and the English audio stream on the channel named "tfl.fr".

A/V MIME Types Associated with the Broadcast: Url

While the following discussion primarily describes the semantics associated with video and audio stream types, other stream types are permitted within the URL and are discussed in the section entitled "Obtaining Applications and Data" below. In either case, in one embodiment, the following events may be dispatched during a service selection.

---

| Stream Selection Events |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Click                   | The selection occurred as a result of a click event. Default action is to request the specified service. Note that this event is generally a user-input event.   |
| Load                    | If the request succeeds, a load event will be dispatched. Normally such an event is dispatched after the URL is finished loading, but indefinite video and audio streams would never finish loading. Hence, it is appropriate to dispense this event once processing of the requested audio and video streams has been successfully initiated through all of the hardware involved in the processing pipe. |
| Error                   | If the request is denied or otherwise invalid an error event is dispatched.  |
| Abort                   | If the user aborts the request before the load event is dispatched, an abort event is dispatched.  |
| Unload                  | If the request replaces an existing target an unload event is dispatched.  |

---

When no component list is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL may be application/mpeg.service and this type may correspond to a service as defined an MPEG standard. Hence, such a MIME type would contain not only video, audio, and subtitles, but also the data that is multiplexed on the same service with them, e.g., html and/or other applications.

When a video component is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL is video/mpeg. Similarly, when an audio component is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL is audio/mpeg.

As shown in the examples below, it is possible to refer to multiple elementary streams in a single URL. If the streams referred to include only a single video stream and a single audio stream which is synchronized with that video stream, then the resulting streams will be considered to be of type video/mpeg; otherwise, the type of the multiple streams will be type application/mpeg.service.

EXAMPLES

This section explains the meaning of several example URLs, which, in some cases, if used as in the complete example shown in the next section, could result in tuning and/or stream selection.

Broadcast:

Identifies the currently tuned service\_address and component\_list for the primary pipe (see JS Tuning and Stream Selection below). This usage is similar to "tv:" in the DASE specification and "dvb://current.av" in the MHP specification. So, for example, this may be used within an HTML element to re-size and re-locate the currently playing video.

broadcast://cnn.com

Identifies the CNN TV channel and all of its component streams. This form of the URL can be used to request that the TV tuner switch channels. This URL in a service selection context causes the automatic selection of the default streams. That is, when used in a service selection context, the user-agent will (if the application is appropriately authorized) tune to the new channel and automatically select the default video stream, select the default audio stream (based on the preferred language), select the default sub-titles and teletext if identified in the user's current preferences, and select the default data carousel.

broadcast://cnn.com;audio=eng

Identifies the CNN TV channel and explicitly selects only the English audio stream. Documents use this form of the URL to explicitly reference a specific elementary stream.

broadcast://current;audio=eng,video=current

Selects the English audio stream on the current service. This URL allows the author to switch the current audio stream without explicitly knowing the current service address, and without changing the currently selected video stream.

2.1 HTML Tuning and Stream Selection

When the content author has knowledge of the DNS name that corresponds to a given channel, they may use HTML to cause tuning to that channel. For example, the following HTML allows the HTML document to present a link, "my\_link", which requests the tuner to select a new service.

```
<A ID="my_link" HREF="broadcast://cnn.com">Click Me</A>
```

If the request is authorized and resolves to a valid channel\_name, then the HTML document will be unloaded and replaced with a TV media handler playing the default video and audio streams associated with the cnn.com service.

In one embodiment, HTML applications may permit the use of URLs that reference MPEG video or audio streams or MPEG-2 services as illustrated in the following HTML elements and CSS attributes. If use of the URLs result in component selection from the currently tuned service, only the Load, Error, or Abort events could occur.

| Attribute        | HTML element |            |                          |
|------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
|                  | video/mpeg   | audio/mpeg | application/mpeg.service |
| background-image | yes          |            | yes                      |
| background-video | yes          |            | yes                      |
| a.href           | yes          | yes        | yes                      |
| img.src          | yes          | yes        | yes                      |
| input.src        | yes          | yes        | yes                      |
| object.data      | yes          | yes        | yes                      |

In Addition, URLs may cause service selection when referenced via the location object in a scripting document object model as described below or when used as a parameter in a "goto" dialog.

2.2 JavaScript Tuning and Stream Selection

A second way to enable signal tuning and stream selection utilizes a scripting language such as JavaScript to allow the content developer to explicitly control virtual pipes that exist between sources of audio and video (e.g., tuner, local hard drive) and their destinations (e.g., screen, local hard drive). This section describes how a JavaScript programmer can exert fine-grained control over not only which streams are chosen for display, but also which streams may be recorded onto a hard drive and the speed and direction with which recorded streams are displayed.

An abstraction, known as a pipe, may be used to embody the association between the source of a stream (e.g., a tuner or a file containing a recording on a hard drive) and the ultimate destination (e.g., the display or a file on the hard drive), including, for example, any resources that are required between the source and destination (e.g., Conditional Access hardware, I/O buffers).

When receiver software boots up, a set (or array) of pipes may be defined. In one embodiment, this array of pipes represents all of the possible connections between stream sources and destinations that may be represented on a particular hardware platform. Other embodiments may represent fewer than all possible connections. Because these are abstractions, it is possible to have a defined pipe without having all of the hardware which is required by the pipe currently allocated to that particular pipe. A defined pipe where less than all of the hardware has been allocated to it is said to be in an "unrealized" state. A pipe is "realized" when all required hardware has been allocated to that pipe.

The programmer may use the defined pipes array to:

- select a pipe
- set the source of a pipe
- set the destination of a pipe if it is a file
- control the speed of a pipe, if the source is thus controllable, and also be able to set the location when such is possible
- select the components of a stream that will be sent to the destination
- add or remove event listeners
- and request that a new pipe be started for recording purposes.

In addition, the programmer may determine which pipe is being used for a given image by using the id which is associated with that image. For example, if there is an HTML snippet included that states  


then, the JS programmer may refer to `foo.pipe` and invoke any of the methods which are described below and may read/write the values in the attributes as permitted by the definition below.

The Pipes Collection and the `TvPipe` Object

Object Model Reference:

```
[window].navigator.tv.pipes[i]
[window].navigator.tv.pipes.primary
```

The pipes array above is a collection of `TvPipe` objects as described below. The primary object is a reference to a pipe object that can be settable or gettable in javascript. The `TvPipe` object has the following properties, methods, and collections.

The `TvPipe` Object

---

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Properties:           |  |
| name                  | String that identifies this pipe in the pipes[] array. (Read-only)   |
| src                   | URL corresponding to the current channel (read/write)<br>-- may correspond to either a file: or broadcast: url   |
| realized              | "true"   "false" (read-only)   |
| status                | "connected"   "connecting"   "disconnected"   "disconnecting"<br>-- (read-only)  |
| destination           | only if pipe is currently being used for recording (read/write)<br>-- url corresponding to file:   |
| type                  | "record"   "display" (read-only)   |
| position              | unsigned int (read-write)<br>-- # of ms into the event   |
| speed                 | int (read-write)<br>-- 100 is normal speed<br>-- 0 is still<br>-- 500 is 5 times normal speed<br>-- -100 is normal speed, backwards<br>-- -500 is 5 times normal speed, backwards<br>-- 50 is half speed, forwards, etc. |
| event_info            | name-value pairs about the current event (read-only)   |
| Collections:          |  |
| Components[]          | array of component objects (see <code>TvComponent</code> below) indicating those which are currently selected.   |
| Methods:              |  |
| record(uri)           | Starts the recording to the file named in the uri if sufficient resources exist.   |
| addEventListener()    |  |
| removeEventListener() |  |
| dispatchEvent()       |  |

---

The `TvComponent` Object

A `TvComponent` object represents a data stream which may be carrying video, audio, interactive data, subtitles, or other content types.

Object Model Reference:

```
[window].navigator.tv.pipes[i].components[i]
```

---

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| Properties: |   |
| name        | String that represents the name (i.e., the value of the track_tag) of the component (read-only) |
| selected    | "true"   "false" (read/write)<br>-- boolean indicating that this component has been selected    |
| type        | "audio" "video" "data" "subtitles" "teletext" ... (read-only)                                   |

---

3. Controlling the Display and Playing of Video, Graphics, and Audio in HTML/JS

This section describes how graphics may be positioned and sized on top of video, how the video itself can be

positioned and sized, and how the audio can be controlled. Transparency between the graphics plane and the video plane, palette-based color, and the MPEG I-Frame are discussed here as well.

5 In one embodiment, a receiver may be configured to support multiple graphics and video layers. In such an embodiment, there may be a bottommost layer that is used to display video and an interactive layer (OSD) on top of that which is used to display text and graphics. Rendering of video, both stills (e.g., I-frames) and in-motion video, may be supported by a hardware MPEG decoder.

10 In addition to the above, an extension may support a layer on top of the OSD layer called the subtitle layer. A further extension may be used to support a multi-plane graphics layer. In one embodiment, this layer may lie logically between the bottommost layer and the interactive layer. This

45 multi-plane graphics layer may be used to display still pictures such as JPEG, MPEG, or other images. Included below is a discussion of support for images in the multi-plane graphics layer.

50 3.1 Color and Transparency

Various models exist for specifying how color information is represented. For example, a "color space" is a model for representing color in terms of intensity values. Examples of color spaces include RGB which is commonly used for computer displays, CMYK which is used for color printers, and YUV which is traditionally used for television.

55 The number of bits used to define a pixel's color may be referred to as its bit-depth. True color, sometimes referred to as 24-bit color, is the specification of the color of a pixel on a display screen using a 24-bit value. By using 24-bits to specify color, up to 16,777,216 colors are possible. Display systems vary in their ability to support color. For example, some color display systems offer a 32-bit color mode. In a 60 32-bit color display system, the extra byte, called the alpha channel, may be used for control and special effects information.

Because lower end set-top boxes may not have sufficient memory to support true color, palette-based models may be used. With a palette based model, the color of a pixel is represented by an index into a color palette. In such a model, content authors may define their own color palettes containing colors of their own choosing. The actual colors in a palette are typically represented as 48-bit numbers with the first three of those numbers representing the actual color and the fourth of the numbers representing the amount of transparency in the color.

In a system where there is sufficient memory to support true color, multiple applications can share the screen with little or no problem because the fixed color palette is large enough to accommodate the multiple different hues required by each application. However, in a system where the number of colors supportable is limited, if multiple applications sharing the screen declare their own color palette, the viewer experience can be disturbing.

Often devices where graphics overlay video (such as less expensive set-top boxes) have palettes with limited built-in transparency models. Two common models where transparency is limited include the following:

- a. Only a single non-opaque element in the palette is supported. For example, that element could be completely transparent, or it could be pink that is 50% transparent, etc. In either case all other elements must be opaque.
- b. A single element in the palette that can be an semi-transparent or completely transparent is supported. All other elements in the palette can be either completely opaque or have a particular, fixed amount of transparency. For example, a palette that can hold n colors could contain a single color that is 30% transparent, m (m>1) colors that are 50% transparent—in this case the remaining n-(m+1) colors must be either 50% transparent or completely opaque. In other words, there cannot be 3 non-opaque colors in a palette all having a different level of transparency.

In order to maximize the availability of the transparency values for the author's use, a system may be defined that allows an author to specify a region, including both its location and dimensions, which they want to contain overlay graphics. Were the author not able to specify this region, they would have to "waste" (the) one transparent color by painting the area outside of the graphics region with the (sometimes only) transparent color available in the palette. (This also reduces the amount of space required to store the On-screen display graphics.) Subsequently, the an application may be configured to dynamically change its region (even when that application is transcoded prior to broadcasting).

**Fixed-Variable Palette**

In one embodiment, a combination fixed-variable palette may be used where the variable components are specified by the application. The first m of n colors may be chosen to be fixed with the 0<sup>th</sup> color being fully transparent. For example, in a 256 color palette where there are 8 bits available for color, the first 188 colors may be as specified in an existing or proposed standard, such as the DVB MHP color palette. The remaining 68 colors may be taken from colors specified by the color palette accompanying the image. In one embodiment, these 68 colors may be selected from the first 68 colors specified in the image palette. Therefore, an application content designer should ensure that the most important colors are placed first in the palette.

If it is necessary to support multiple applications, each of which brings its own color palette, then the system may choose to place into the palette a mixture of the first colors in each of the application/image specific palettes. Similarly, any time it is expected that multiple images will be sharing the screen, the author of those applications may get best results by using only the fixed colors in one of the images or the same palette for both of the images.

Transparency between the graphics and video plane may be important in interactive television, as the viewer often wants to be able to see the video that is running under the interactive text or images. In one embodiment, the Porter-Duff SRC composition rules may be used for composing graphics with each other. Generally, the underlying video is opaque, hence the video shows through the graphics when they are transparent. The Porter-Duff SRC rule is relatively easy to compute because the transparency of one object over the top of another chooses the alpha (transparency) value of the object on top as the transparency of the composed objects. While in some cases this result may appear somewhat un-natural looking, graphic artists are accustomed to planning their layout with this rule in mind.

Because it may be computationally complex to compute the resulting alpha value, set-top boxes may be permitted to approximate the SRC-Over rule using the SRC rule (unless the object on top is completely transparent, in which case, the pixel values for the transparent object should not be applied). In one embodiment, HTML applications may specify a particular default composition rule, such as SRC-Over. However, in those cases in which a set-top box does not have sufficient computational power to compute the SRC-Over composition, an approximation of the SRC-Over rule may be used (e.g., using the Porter-Duff SRC rule.)

**3.1.1 The Clut Property**

The palette format discussed below allows images whose colors are specified using an index into a palette to also specify per-pixel transparency values through the use of an alpha channel. However, for other images, backgrounds, etc., another method may be required for specifying the transparency. Therefore, new properties which allow the specification of these alpha values is described in the subsection below entitled "Alpha Properties."

An application author may specify that a particular palette (often referred to as a color lookup table or "clut" for short) may be useful in rendering objects in the body of an HTML page. This palette could be used in one of several ways. For example, in a vertical network the author may specify both a palette and the colors of objects using only that palette because they know that all receivers have similar color capabilities.

Alternatively, when the author expects that their application may be used in a network that includes receivers of varying capabilities, this palette may serve as a hint as to the best colors to use. In either case the author may specify a color palette by using the 'clut' property documented below.

---

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 'clut'            |                    |
| Value             | : <url>  none      |
| Initial           | : selected default |
| Applies to        | : body             |
| Inherited         | : yes              |
| Percentage Values | : N/A              |
| Media type        | : tv               |

---

The <url> value above may be used to identify the location of the actual palette. If no <url> value is specified, or there is no 'clut' property in the style sheet or inline, a default palette may be used.

In the table which follows, one embodiment of a palette format is presented. In one embodiment, the MIME type associated with a url that contains a palette in the format defined by the table below may be "application/clut," with an extension of ".clt". In addition, user agents and HTML applications may accept cluts in the format used by "png" images. The types of these cluts may be the same as entire png images.

Usage Example (Using Inline Style):

```
<BODY style="http://cnn.com/demoClut.clt">
```

| Format of palettes of type application/clut: |             |            |  |
|--|-------------|------------|--|
|  | No. of bits | Identifier | Notes  |
| PaletteResource() {                          |             |            |  |
| color_model                                  | 8           | uimsbf     | The value of 1 for the color model may be used to indicate RGB, whereas the value 2 is used to indicate YUV.                       |
| nb_colors                                    | 16          | uimsbf     | The value in nb_colors is the number of colors in the palette.   |
| first_color                                  | 8           | uimsbf     | The purpose of the first_color value is to allow multiple resources, each specifying their own palette, to share the color space.  |
| for (i=0; i<n; i++) {                        |             |            | The first, second, and third amounts (amt_first, etc.) refer to the amount of RGB or YUV, depending upon the value of color_model. |
| amt_first                                    | 8           | uimsbf     | The value in alpha (amt_transparency) represents transparency with 0 being transparent and 255 being opaque.                       |
| amt_second                                   | 8           | uimsbf     |  |
| amt_third                                    | 8           | uimsbf     |  |
| amt_transparency                             | 8           | uimsbf     |  |
| }  |             |            |  |

### 3.1.2 Alpha Properties

Use of an application-specific palette allows an author to specify the alpha channel corresponding to a particular index. Below is one embodiment illustrating how alpha properties may be specified.

| 'alpha'           |   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Value             | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial           | : | #FF  |
| Applies to        | : | All elements   |
| Inherited         | : | yes  |
| Percentage Values | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type        | : | tv   |

Usage Example:

```
<EM color=#008080 style="alpha:#C0">
```

In one embodiment, the value #FF is fully opaque and the value #00 is fully transparent. The normalized-number may range between 0.0 (fully transparent) and 1.0 (fully opaque). Similarly, 0% may indicate full transparency and 100% fully opaque. These same terms may be used with similar meanings in the additional properties illustrated below.

| 'background-alpha' |   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Value              | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial            | : | #FF  |
| Applies to         | : | All elements   |
| Inherited          | : | no   |
| Percentage Values  | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type         | : | tv   |

Usage Example:

```
<BODY style="background: black; background-alpha:#00">
```

| 'border-alpha'    |   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Value             | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial           | : | #FF  |
| Applies to        | : | All elements   |
| Inherited         | : | no   |
| Percentage Values | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type        | : | tv   |

| 'border-top-alpha' |   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Value              | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial            | : | #FF  |
| Applies to         | : | All elements   |
| Inherited          | : | no   |
| Percentage Values  | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type         | : | tv   |

| 'border-bottom-alpha' |   |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Value                 | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial               | : | #FF  |
| Applies to            | : | All elements   |
| Inherited             | : | no   |
| Percentage Values     | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type            | : | tv   |

| 'border-left-alpha' |   |  |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Value               | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial             | : | #FF  |
| Applies to          | : | All elements   |
| Inherited           | : | no   |
| Percentage Values   | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type          | : | tv   |



-continued

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| 'border-right-alpha' |  |
| Value:               | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial:             | #FF  |
| Applies to:          | All elements   |
| Inherited:           | no   |
| Percentage Values:   | percent opacity  |
| Media type:          | tv   |
| 'outline-alpha'      |  |
| Value:               | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial:             | #FF  |
| Applies to:          | All elements   |
| Inherited:           | no   |
| Percentage Values:   | percent opacity  |
| Media type:          | tv   |

3.2 Positioning of Graphics on Top of Video

An HTML developer may use Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) to specify relative or absolute positioning of graphics on top of video. Additionally, CSS may be used to specify other characteristics as well, such as a border, associated with the visual appearance of a graphic or text block.

In one embodiment, the size of the OSD may be defined as the size of the block (div) whose name has been defined to be "osd." If there are no such blocks, the size may be the size of the first division in a top level window. Where a set-top box cannot create an OSD of exactly that size, the closest available size to the specified size may be used. The examples below illustrate how graphics may be positioned relative to background video. The resulting display for each of the examples is the same, given the assumptions stated below in the descriptions.

In this first example, the background is set to a broadcast video via a url by using a background-image attribute. In this case it is assumed that the application has been granted the tuning privilege and therefore the tuner is tuned to the station carrying the Family-Videos network and the default video and audio is displayed.

First Example of Positioning images on top of video

```

<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
<body style="background-image: url(broadcast://family-videos.com)>
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border:
thin solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
<p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
</body>
</html>
    
```

In the second example, it is assumed that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network.

Second Example of Positioning images on top of video

```

<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
    
```

Second Example of Positioning images on top of video

```

5 </head>
<body style="background-image: url(broadcast://current); ">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border:
thin solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt; line-
height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
10 <p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
</body>
15 </html>
    
```

In the third example, it is once again assumed that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network and a transparent color for the background is explicitly selected (though this would be the default anyway).

ThirdExample of Positioning images on top of video

```

<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
30 <body style=" background-color: transparent">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border:
thin solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
35 <p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
</body>
40 </html>
    
```

The fourth example shows that the background need not be specified at all, assuming again that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network.

FourthExample of Positioning images on top of video

```

<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
50 <div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border:
thin solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
55 <p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
60 </body>
</html>
    
```

Some set-top boxes may lack the resources to to simultaneously play video and display a full OSD at the same time. Therefore, to account for this possibility, an HTML application on one of these boxes may not attempt to interpret any

content on those boxes unless a META element, as shown below, is used to indicate that the content was designed specifically for these boxes.

Header Meta-data:

```
<META name="tv-use" content="full-screen">
```

3.3 When to Render Graphics

When rendering graphics as they are downloaded, it sometimes makes sense to delay displaying to the viewer until at least a subset of the resources, which have been deemed as essential by the content creator, have been downloaded. In one embodiment, a content creator may label the essential subset of resources by identifying them using a directive such as a "prerequisite" meta-data header. For example, the following indicates that no rendering for the page may occur prior to acquiring "background.mpg"

```
<META name="prerequisite" content="http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg">
```

In addition to indicating that certain resources may be required prior to rendering, a content author may further control the rendering through the use of a render-policy and/or render-timeout properties as described below.

```
render-policy: progressive layoutcomplete | loadComplete
```

- Applies to: Body
- Initial: progressive
- Inherited: no
- Percentage: N/A

The progressive rendering policy indicates that displaying can start as soon as the essential resources (those marked as prerequisites in meta-data headers) have been acquired. With this policy, as resources are acquired, they are incorporated into the rendered and displayed graphics.

The layoutComplete rendering policy indicates that the rendered image may not be displayed until the software has acquired sufficient information to determine the complete on-screen layout and has acquired those resources labeled as prerequisites. This policy prevents objects from appearing to move around as the rendered graphics incrementally appear onscreen.

The loadComplete rendering policy indicates that the graphics may not be displayed until all resources that will be used for rendering the display have been downloaded. The only difference between the loadComplete rendering policy and labeling all resources as prerequisites, is that in the first case the OnLoad event will have been delivered to the appropriate handler, if any, prior to rendering, and hence may affect the rendered view.

In certain circumstances the specified rendering policy may not be possible, i.e., if a prerequisite resource has been removed from the carousel and acquisition via a modem has been denied by the viewer. In one embodiment, if no timeout for this loading has been specified, then the timeout may default to an indicated value (15s) as shown in the render-timeout property below. If a timeout occurs, and at least all of the prerequisite resources have been acquired, what is available for the new page may be displayed, independent of the specified rendering policy. If some of the prerequisite resources have not been acquired, then it may be preferable, if possible, for the display to show the previous page, if any. If this is not possible, then either an error message may appear or the box may render and display those resources which it has been able to acquire.

---

```
render-timeout      none | <time>
Initial             15s
```

---

In any case, while the box is acquiring the resources for the new page, it may be preferable to continue to display the old page, and, if possible, allow the viewer to interact with the old page.

Scene Transitions

In one embodiment, all user agents may be required to comply with the following two requirements:

- if the element which contains the video neither moves nor changes size during a transition from one page to another, there will be no video glitch; and
- if the size or location of an element containing video does change during a transition from one page to another, the changes in video and graphics will be closely synchronized with one another.

3.4 Video Positioning and Resizing

In addition to considering video as being a virtual underlying plane, the content author may place video boxes within html content by using "broadcast:" as the "src", or as the source of "data" of an HTML element, for which location and/or size are specified. In particular, the location can be specified through the use of CSS.

The examples below demonstrate how a "broadcast:" url may be used in an IMG or OBJECT element to request a particular scaling size.

---

```
<IMG height=300 width=400 style="position:absolute; left:200px; top:80px" src="broadcast://current ">
<OBJECT height=300 width=400 data="broadcast://current "></OBJECT>
```

---

Both of the examples above request that the currently tuned channel (identified by the url, "broadcast:") be scaled to the size of 300 by 400. The first example also demonstrates how CSS properties can be used to position the resulting video box. Although the actual size and position of the video may be partly determined by the capabilities of both the set-top box and the drivers supplied for given hardware, applications should attempt to position and scale the video as specified by the content author.

3.5 Support for MPEG Stills

HTML applications may also support the displaying of still images, such as MPEG I-Frames, in either the video plane or in the multi-plane graphics layer. Because set-top boxes frequently have special purpose hardware for efficient rendering of MPEG, MPEG images are particularly appropriate for the television environment. MPEG I-frames may be recognized by the MIME type of image/mpeg and will have an extension of mpg.

The following example demonstrates the use of an MPEG I-Frame.

---

```
<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
```

-continued

```

</head>
  <body style="background-image:url(http://pepsi.com/pepsi-
    ad.mpg)">
</body>
</html>

```

3.6 Control of Audio

This section deals with playing of audio from memory and controlling the audio stream after it has been selected. The CSS aural properties can be used to control the audio stream and audio being played from memory. Aural style sheets allow content developers to control the volume, allow the presentation of audio icons (cues), and even allow the developer to control spatial properties and mixing. These style sheets may further support the volume properties, the pause properties, and the mixing properties. HTML itself provides a way to specify an audio element using the <object> tag. There are currently a few events defined on this element: onlayoutcomplete, onmouseenter, onmouseleave, onreadystatechange.

Although CSS provides a way to support volume control, a Javascript object may be used to implement 'mute.' The reason for this requirement is that the object needs to remember the previous volume setting, so that when the sound it turned back on, it will immediately be set back to the volume to which it was set prior to muting.

4. Obtaining Non-AV Resources

Applications and data may be obtained from sources including broadcast or point-to-point (e.g., over a return channel via modem). In one embodiment, HTML applications may provide access to broadcast resources via the broadcast: URL protocol, as well as those that are carried within a broadcast http: protocol (bhttp). Access via the broadcast: protocol is as described above. For the bhttp protocol, whose client-side behavior is as described below, the client side treats the broadcast stream as a cache.

4.1 Access to Broadcast Resources

4.1.1 Access Via the Broadcast: URL Protocol

The HTML/JS content developer may access non-AV broadcast resources using the broadcast: protocol in a way that is similar to the way they use the broadcast: protocol to access AV resources.

An Informal Description of the Scheme for Non-AV Resources

The description here differs from that provided in the previous section in that path\_segments have been added to allow specification of particular data streams.

```

broadcast: {/ <service_address> {; <component_list> } } {/
  <path_segments> }

```

A service\_address is defined as follows:

```

service_address ::= channel_name | current
where:
channel_name specifies a DNS-style name that uniquely identifies the
              channel,
and
current specifies the service currently selected.

```

As stated in the previous section, the component\_list is a comma-separated list selecting specific components in the stream. The component\_list is defined as follows:

```

component_list ::= component *( "," component )
component ::= stream_type "=" ( track_tag | "default" | "current" |
  "none" )
stream_type ::= "video" | "audio" | "data" | "subtitle" | "teletext"

```

The presence of path\_segments in a URL indicates that it references a specific module in the data carousel associated with the service\_address. For example, the URL "broadcast://tfl.fr/background.png" refers to the background.png module on the default data carousel.

EXAMPLES

broadcast:/background.png  
Load the module background.png from the default data carousel on the current service.

broadcast://current;data=htp0/  
Select the data carousel with track\_tag "htp0", examine the directory module and load the "default" module in that directory (e.g., index.htm).

Some applications may require the ability to load a specific module within a data carousel. For example, the following HTML loads the background.png module from the default carousel and uses it as a background image.  
<BODY background="broadcast:/background.png">

During a carousel request, typical HTML events which may be dispatched include.

- Load If the request succeeded, a load event is dispatched after the URL is finished loading.
- Error If the request is denied or otherwise invalid an error event is dispatched.
- Abort If the user aborts the request before it complete, an abort event is dispatched.

Resident applications (such as a control task, or EPG) may require the ability to automatically launch an application during service selection. In these instances a URL of the form

broadcast://cnn.com; data=htp0/  
informs a browser to automatically execute the default module on a specific data carousel.

Note: The default module may be selected by checking the specified directory for the following modules. The first module name that exists is automatically loaded.

- BHTTP
- Index.htp
- Index.htm

A simpler URL of the form "broadcast:/" informs the browser to automatically execute the default module in the default carousel of the currently selected service.

4.1.2 Access Via the Http: URL Scheme and the Broadcast Carousel

In one embodiment, HTML pages may use "http:" URLs to load resources from the carousel. In particular, the HTTP cache may be enhanced to automatically cache HTTP entities from the data carousel. Therefore, the http: URL handler will be able to load HTTP entities directly from the HTTP

cache without opening an HTTP connection to the origin server. Hence, HTML pages that use an "http:" URL to reference HTTP entities may not notice any difference between resources retrieved from the broadcast and those retrieved using the client/server HTTP URL protocol.

One embodiment of such a model is illustrated in FIG. 4. In the example of FIG. 4, the Head End 402 is acting as a proxy, is responsible for fetching data from the Origin Server 410 which has been requested by the carousel manager 420 (through as many hops as needed), and for placing the proper cache headers according to HTTP syntax and semantics (based upon expires header). The set-top-box 404 may then populate its cache from the carousel. The Expires entity-header field may give the date/time after which the response is considered stale.

In response to detecting an http url, the client-side may first check its local cache. If the requested data is not found in the cache, the client may check the current carousel if any, possibly retrieving data from the carousel. Alternatively, it may send an HTTP request for the specified URL.

In order to allow proper cache behavior, the carousel may provide expiration dates and other cache control information in HTTP headers. For example, such information may include:

1. Cache-Control (HTTP 1.1) header information that specifies the maximum amount of time that a particular page may be considered to be fresh.
2. In a response to either the head-end or the client, the origin server may add the following headers in order to allow efficient and accurate caching:
  - expires, indicating the data/time after which the page may be considered stale;
  - last-modified, indicating the last time the data was modified at the origin server; and
  - ETag (HTTP 1.1) data, for use with conditional requests, that provides a value indicative of the current page (e.g., some generation number or checksum).
3. Conditional get requests that require the set-top-box to verify either the last-modified value or the ETag value will result in an appropriate request to the origin server, which may return the Not Modified status code if the data is still valid. However, the set-top box may be configured to "believe" the expiration time provided in a header. Note that the server-side may modify the actual expiration time from the value to which it was set by the Origin Server.

It is noted that since network congestion can delay a response, revalidation of data which becomes obsolete during transit could result in an infinite loop. Consequently, HTTP 1.1 specifies that a response may not be revalidated in order to avoid infinite loops. This rule may be followed whether the data comes from the carousel or directly from the origin server.

#### 4.1.3 Relative URLs

The use of relative URLs, which specify neither "http:" nor "broadcast:", may work with either protocol. In one embodiment, relative URLs may be automatically translated to one containing the same prefix that was used to obtain the page which contained the reference. Therefore, if a page was obtained using the "broadcast:" URL, then all relative references within that page may also be obtained using the "broadcast:" URL. Because it is possible that initial pages of an application may be downloaded via "broadcast:", it is possible to author applications which never explicitly specify either "broadcast:" or "http:" yet will perform correctly.

#### 4.2 Modem Control

In Europe, and elsewhere, local communications are still expensive and it might be necessary to warn the user and perhaps display the communication price. While it may be up to the system to actually open and close connections, it may be useful for the application to notify the system when it is finished with a system. Also, in many networks, it is common for different applications to require connections to different phone numbers, rather than to a single phone number associated with a particular Internet Service Provider (ISP). In such systems it is common for the different numbers to be associated with a single modem bank with the different numbers being used for accounting and other information. Hence, the HTML/JS application needs to notify the system when it finishes using a connection and needs to be able to request a connection, providing appropriate parameters. Therefore, various embodiments may support the following methods on the navigator.modem object.

20 navigator.modem.disconnect( )  
 indicates to the system that the application has finished using the connection. There may be no events associated with completion.

If an application invokes the following method:  
 25 navigator.modem.connect(string parameter, int ms\_timeout),

the string parameter could contain, for example, a phone number to which the system may connect. The ms\_timeout parameter may be used to indicate how long (e.g., in milliseconds) the system may try to connect. The 'modem' object may be configured to

provide the connection status as a read-only property. The system may automatically generate connection events when something happens on the modem. Examples of such connection events include: success, failure, and disconnect\_occurred.

#### 4.3 Caching Hints—Pre-Requisite, Link, and Prefetch

There are at least two important clues that may be present within an HTML application to aid the HTML/JS client-side application in determining which resources have higher caching priority. The two clues are represented by the pre-requisite meta data in the header and the link style which is used to indicate which pages, though not needed immediately, may soon be requested by the application.

##### Pre-Requisite Meta Header

As explained above and illustrated below, all resources which are labeled as a pre-requisite must generally be available prior to rendering the corresponding page for presentation.

<META name="prerequisite" content="http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg">

Consequently, pre-requisite resources may be identified and given a higher priority for caching.

##### Using the Link Data for Pre-Fetching

In addition to the above, a link element, which may appear in the <head> portion of a page, indicates resources that may be desired by the viewer of the current page. Therefore, resources listed in this element are also good candidates for pre-fetching into the cache.

However, certain caveats must be observed. For example, if a CSS document is listed in the link element, it is possible that it may be applied to the current document rather than to a document which would be cached for later use. In order to

avoid such a possibility, a new value, prefetch, is introduced for the rel attribute. If a resource is indicated in a link statement in the head, and it is identified as having a prefetch relationship, then the set-top box may determine that it is a good candidate for caching.  
 <link rel="prefetch">

4.4 An Event that Indicates that a URL was Updated

One of the advantages of interactive television is that the viewer's presentation can be updated in real-time. For example, if there is a new goal scored on a soccer game, the viewer may want to receive an update even though they are watching a movie. Such an update can be broadcast by changing the content corresponding to a URL. This section describes how applications can be notified when the content corresponding to a URL changes, using a URLEvent.

The target of a UriEvent generated by the user agent is determined by the user agent according to the following rules:

1. If the URL whose status has changed is identified as the attribute's value of the corresponding node type as listed in the table below, then the UriEvent is delivered by the user agent to the corresponding node.
2. If the URL whose status has changed is the url for the page itself, then the UriEvent will be delivered to the body.

| Attribute  | Corresponding Node |
|------------|--------------------|
| background | Body               |
| src        | Image              |
| data       | Object             |
| href       | Link               |
| src        | Input              |
| src        | Frame              |
| src        | IFrame             |

Attributes

url of type DOMString, readonly  
 Identifies the URL from which the event was generated.

Methods

initUriEvent  
 The initUriEvent method is used to initialize the value of a UriEvent created through the DocumentEvent interface.

Parameters

- typeArg of type DOMString  
 Specifies the event type.
- canBubbleArg of type boolean  
 Specifies whether or not the event can bubble.
- cancelableArg of type boolean  
 Specifies whether or not the event's default action can be prevented.
- urlArg of type DOMString  
 Specifies the Event's url.

The different types of UriEvents that can occur are:

URLInserted

The URLInserted event occurs when a URL is added to the carousel.  
 Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: No, Context Info: url

URLUpdated

The URLUpdated event occurs when a new version of an URL is created on the carousel.  
 Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: Yes, Context Info: url

URLRemoved

The URLRemoved event occurs when a URL is removed from the data carousel.  
 Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: No, Context Info: url

The default action in the case of URLUpdated (which can be cancelled by calling preventDefault( )) is to reload the content of the associated url. There is no default action for URLInserted or URLRemoved.

Also, note, that it is guaranteed that the events will be delivered in a top-down order; hence, if the body changes, then the event representing the update of the url associated with the body will be delivered prior to delivering any events concerning urls referred to by the body.

Note that the above event can be signaled in the carousel by carrying a delta directory that indicates differences between the last directory and the current directory. That way, an implementation need not download the entire content before it knows whether the app is going to use it or not—it need only find out that there's a new version available.

The Cache Object

Introduction to Dynamic Cache Hints

Since typically the amount of information that can be presented on a television screen is substantially less than contained in a page that is typically viewed on a PC, an author creating content for television will most often spread the same amount of information over multiple pages. Hence, the viewer will typically "scroll" between pages, and their navigation through a page can be a good indicator of which resources will be needed next. An author making use of such information by conveying hints based upon this navigation to the user agent can enable much better performance on lower end clients.

A Host Cache Interface

The cache interface supports two methods, prefetch and remove. The prefetch method specifies both the URL associated with the resource to be prefetched as well as a priority indicating how likely it is that the viewer will need that resource.

The cache priority value is a non-negative integer. The author can use a cache priority value of 0 to indicate that the referenced content is useful, but that the author may be unsure of its likelihood of use in comparison with other items that they are requesting to be cached. The author can use a cache priority value of 1 to indicate the belief that caching the specified resource is very important. A very large value for the priority indicates that a resource will likely not be used (hence informing the user agent that it may reclaim the memory currently used to hold the URL's associated resource in cases where it is needed).

The remove method may be used to remove a cached copy of the resource associated with the URL argument. Since it is to be removed from the cache, and not just invalidated, the system will not waste resources re-validating the entry. Note that invoking the remove method is different from assigning a very large integer as the cache priority value in that assigning such a large integer value only makes the space used to store that resource more available for garbage collecting and/or to hold high priority resources.

```
Interface cache {
void prefetch(in DOMString URL, in short priority);
void remove (in DOMString URL);
};
```

Binding of the Cache Interface to Script

The Cache Object, which implements the cache interface above, is accessible as a property of the Navigator (Navigator::cache).

Object cache

The cache object has the following methods:

prefetch(URLArg, priorityArg)—This method does not return a value.

The URLArg is of type String.

The priorityArg is of type Number.

Remove(URLArg)—This method does not return a value.

The URLArg is of type String.

The farPrefetch Method

Sometimes the size of the resources needed for a given application is very large, and, in this case, it is often true that many of the resources, e.g., fonts, are actually sharable with other applications on different services. When such is the case, the shared resources are often bundled together and transmitted on a single service. Hence, there is a need for an application to be able to obtain resources from another service, which will usually require temporarily changing the tuner to a different frequency and/or at least choosing a different service that is carried on that frequency, caching the resources from that other service, and tuning back to the original service. Another example use case for this scenario is the case where a viewer wants to download mail or chat information or a game, then interact with the downloaded data while watching video that is broadcast on a different service from the downloaded data.

In one embodiment, the following JS method is provided to permit an application to tune to a different service and download information from that service, then automatically come back to the original service:

```
void navigator.cache.farPrefetch(carouselUrl, Array-
OfUrlsToLoad, functionToCallWhenDone)
```

Where the carouselURL is identified via the tvx: protocol.

The following actions may occur asynchronously when this function is called. First, the permission of the application is checked to ensure that it is allowed to change the service. If this request is permitted, the specified service is tuned, all urls requested are cached, then the tuner/demuxer re-selects the previous service, and the functionToCallWhenDone is invoked. This call may be guaranteed not to cause a kill event to be generated for the application that requested the farPrefetch.

Event Defining Result of farPrefetch Method

The following event may be delivered to the cache object after the farPrefetch completes. The detail value indicates whether all requested resources were obtained or not. That is, in one embodiment, if less than all of the requested resources are obtained, then the farPrefetch may be considered to have failed. The content author should note that they are responsible for requesting all required resources when a farPrefetch is used.

detail read-only property is a Number.

The detail property has the value: 1 for success, NaN failure.

The CacheEvent object has the following method:

```
initCacheEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg,
detailArg)
```

This method is used to initialize the value of a CacheEvent created through

the DocumentEvent interface. This method may only be called before the CacheEvent has been dispatched.

The different types of cache events that can be dispatched to navigator.cache are:

FarPrefetchStatus—This event notifies that a farPrefetch( ) request has completed.

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Bubbles:      | No     |
| Cancelable:   | No     |
| Context Info: | detail |

The Interaction Channel

HTML/JS applications may use the modem(s) attached to and/or present within a set-top box to interface with the interaction channel. Two types of modems are considered, an always-on modem (e.g., cable DOCSIS) and a use-time-only modem (e.g., POTS), either or both of which may be accessible from a given set-top box.

Two different uses of interaction channel have proven useful in interactive television. One use, which is also commonly found in PC applications, is the use of modems to send and/or receive a substantial amount of data. Since a substantial amount of data will be exchanged, the overhead of establishing a connection such as that associated with PPP is insignificant. A different use, however, has proven to be a source of major revenue generation for pay television operators: the capability to call a premium phone number, optionally exchange a few bytes, and hang up. The amount of time required to establish a PPP link in this second type of usage is therefore excessive, and, hence, undesirable.

In addition to the issue of use as described above, also important is the degree of control that an application may exercise over a modem connection. In one embodiment, if an application has not explicitly opened a link, the application may automatically open a link (e.g., using a network-dependent connection string), or use an existing open link, when access to content corresponding to an "http:" url is required by the application.

In order to permit developers to exercise control over high level protocols, such as PPP, the links structure described below may be provided. Further, to allow applications direct access to raw data where high level protocols cause too much overhead, and to allow those applications to dial premium phone numbers through dialup modems, the modem structure described below may be provided.

The Links Structure

The links structure defined below may be used to (1) explicitly control when connections are opened and closed, and (2) specify connection attributes. It also provides methods that allow an application to determine attributes of the link.

A user application may be configured to always select a best link (often designated by the network) and specify that as the default link ([window].navigator.tv.links.default below). In such a case, the author need not always search for a link with particular attributes. However, should an appli-

cation author determine that they seek a particular type of link, they may directly access the links array ([window].navigator.tv.links[i] below).

---

Object Model Reference:  
 [window].navigator.tv.links[i]  
 [window].navigator.tv.links.default

---

The links array is a collection of objects of type TVLink as defined below. Also, the links.default is of type TVLink.

The type property allows the content author to determine the type of link. While the first three types are named according to the standardized protocol that they support, the fourth type refers to a particular product that supports a more lightweight protocol in lower end boxes.

The status property allows an application to determine the current status of the link and the always\_on property allows the application to determine whether the link is persistent. If the link is connected and not always on, the application can determine the amount of time that the link has been connected by using the time property.

It is typical in pay television networks for the networks themselves to require the connection attributes to be specified in a network-formatted way. That is, one network may require the application to specify the entire phone number, while another network will only permit an application to specify an index into an array of network-supplied phone numbers, and still a third network may not allow specification of the phone number at all, but only of the username and password. Therefore, the format of the connection string attribute associated with the connect request is network-dependent.

The TVLink object is defined as follows.

---

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| Properties: |   |
| type        | "PPP"   "DVB-RC"   "DOCSIS"   "OTV_Gateway"<br>(read-only)    |
| status      | "connected"   "connecting"   "disconnected"   "disconnecting" |
| (read-only) |   |
| always_on   | "True"   "False"  |
| time        | int -- # seconds connected (0 if not in "connected" state)    |
| name        | String a unique property associated with this link.           |

---

Methods:

open(attributes, timeout)—

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, -1 if the link that was specified does not exist, -2 if the link is already open, and -4 if permission to open this existing link is denied.

Note that although this call may fail immediately, the actual connection is asynchronous with the requester being notified via a LinkUp event when the connection has been successfully made. (or by a LinkDown event should the request fail)

The attributes parameter is String that contains the connection attributes as determined by the content author in consultation with the network (must at least know network-specified format)

The timeout parameter is Number that contains timeout (in seconds).

close()

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, NaN for failure

This method may also be asynchronous.

addEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)  
 removeEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)  
 dispatchEvent(evt)

—These methods are the basic methods of the DOM level 2 EventTarget interface.

Events:

The LinkUp and LinkDown events are of type LinkEvent.

The LinkEvent object has all of the properties of the Event interface plus the following additional property: detail read-only property is a Number.

Where the detail property has the value:

- 1 for normal disconnect,
- 2 for line was dropped (by other side),
- 3 time-out occurred,
- NaN other failure

The LinkEvent object has the following method:

initLinkEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg, detailArg)

This method is used to initialize the value of a LinkEvent created through

The DocumentEvent interface. This method may only be called before the LinkEvent has been dispatched.

The different types of link events that can be dispatched to navigator.modem are:

LinkUp

This event notifies that a basic modem connection has been established.

---

|               |      |
|---------------|------|
| Bubbles:      | No   |
| Cancelable:   | No   |
| Context Info: | none |

---

LinkDown

This event notifies that the modem has been disconnected.

---

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Bubbles:      | No     |
| Cancelable:   | No     |
| Context Info: | detail |

---

The Modem Structure

The modem structure defined below is used for access to raw data. For example, this structure is useful when an application simply wants to dial a premium phone number, make a connection, and hang up. It can also be used when only a few bytes of information need to be exchanged, and, in such a situation, the higher level protocols required by the links structure above carry too much overhead for such a use.

Object Model Reference:

[window].navigator.modem

The modem object has the following methods:

connect(tel, timeout)

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, -1 for parameter error, -7 modem is use, NaN other failure.

The tel parameter is type String that contains telephone number.

The timeout parameter is Number that contains time-out (in seconds).

disconnect( )

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, NaN for failure

sendData(data, timeout)

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, -1 for parameter error, -2 not connected, NaN other failure. The data parameter is type String that contains a sequence of byte values 0-255.

The timeout parameter is Number that contains time-out (in seconds).

receiveData( )

This method returns a String that contains the available data (empty string if no data available).

addEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)

removeEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)

dispatchEvent(evt)

These methods are the basic methods of the DOM level 2 EventTarget interface.

The ModemEvent object has all the properties of the Event interface plus the following additional properties:

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| detail                             | read-only property is a Number.   |
| The detail property has the value: | >0 for the number of bytes sent,<br>-2 for line was dropped (by other side),<br>-3 time-out occurred,<br>NaN other failure. |

The ModemEvent object has the following method:

initModemEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg, detailArg)

This method is used to initialize the value of a ModemEvent created through the DocumentEvent interface. This method may only be called before the ModemEvent has been dispatched.

The different types of modem events that can be dispatched to navigator.modem are:

ModemConnect

This event notifies that a basic modem connection has been established.

|               |      |
|---------------|------|
| Bubbles:      | No   |
| Cancelable:   | No   |
| Context Info: | none |

ModemDisconnect

This event notifies that the modem has been disconnected.

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Bubbles:      | No     |
| Cancelable:   | No     |
| Context Info: | detail |

The detail property has the value:  
-1 for normal disconnect,  
-2 for line was dropped (by other side),  
-3 time-out occurred,  
NaN other failure (e.g., authentication error).  
ModemReceiveData

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Context Info: | detail |
|---------------|--------|

The detail property contains the number of data bytes available to receive.

ModemSentData

This event notifies that a basic modem connection sent some data.

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Bubbles:      | No     |
| Cancelable:   | No     |
| Context Info: | detail |

5. User Interaction

5.1 Navigation

Focus & Focus Highlight

CSS2 provides a number of ways to control how to highlight focused elements. For example, CSS2 provides three pseudo-classes related to focus navigation: “:hover”, “:active”, and “:focus”. In addition to these pseudo-classes, the html ‘tabindex’ attribute for input and anchor elements may also be utilized to support navigation. The purpose of this attribute is to allow the viewer to “tab” around the rendered page prior to selecting an element. The value assigned to the tabindex attribute determines the order in which the elements are visited upon tabbing.

Certain interactive television standards provide “nav-x” properties to support navigation using the arrow keys (DOM\_VK\_UP, DOM\_VK\_DOWN, DOM\_VK\_LEFT, and DOM\_VK\_RIGHT). In particular, both DVB MHP and Association of Radio Industries and Businesses (ARIB) define similar, though not identical, “nav-index”, “nav-right”, “nav-left”, “nav-up” and “nav-down” properties. In both of those specifications, the “nav-index” property is used to associate unique integer values with particular elements as follows.

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| ‘nav-index’        |                                 |
| Value:             | <integer>   none                |
| Initial:           | none                            |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |

Because elements with associated “nav-index” properties have associated unique integer values, the content author may then use the set of properties to control navigation between elements.

- nav-up
- nav-down
- nav-left, and
- nav-right

There are several differences between DVB-MHP’s definition of these properties and the definition provided by ARIB. DVB-MHP permits the use of this property to control navigation between frames by allowing the content author to specify a frame along with an element index to which to transition when the viewer presses the corresponding arrow key. It seems appropriate in high-end receivers to permit



navigation between frames using this property, although it is not expected to be an issue in low to mid-size receivers.

Another difference between DVB-MHP's definition of these properties and the definition assigned by ARIB is the behavior specified to occur when the content author does not provide one or more of these properties for various elements. ARIB indicates that if a particular property is not specified for an element, then pressing an arrow key when focused on that element results in no movement of focus. The result of applying this rule to elements for which none of these properties, except the nav-index, have been specified is that one can never navigate out of those elements, if indeed one can navigate to those elements. Additionally, if no nav-index property has been specified for an element, then it is not possible to navigate to that element. DVB-MHP specifies a different default behavior wherein if one of the properties is not specified, then navigation via the arrow keys defaults to the pre-defined user agent behavior.

In one embodiment, if navigational direction is not explicitly controlled, the middleware (similar to the user agent) uses its default behavior for navigation. When the default behavior is not the behavior desired by the content author for a particular move, they may add directives for explicit control to override the undesirable behavior. In this manner, content authors are not required to explicitly re-define all of the behavior that they already find acceptable/desirable. Therefore the default behavior is more closely aligned with the behavior of DVB-MHP. The difference is to allow explicit specification of both "none" and "default" user agent behavior.

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>'nav-up'</b>    |                                 |
| Value:             | <integer>   none   default      |
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |
| <b>'nav-left'</b>  |                                 |
| Value:             | <integer>   none   default      |
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |
| <b>'nav-down'</b>  |                                 |
| Value:             | <integer>   none   default      |
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |
| <b>'nav-right'</b> |                                 |
| Value:             | <integer>   none   default      |
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |

Usage Example:

```
<FORM action="http://somesite.com/prog/
  adduser"method="post"><P>
First name: <INPUT style="nav-index:100; nav-up:105;
  nav-down:101 "type="text"name="firstname"><BR>
Last name: <INPUT style="nav-index:101; nav-up:100;
  nav-down:102"type="text" name="lastname"><BR>
email: <INPUT style="nav-index:102; nav-down:103; nav-
  up:101"type="text"name="email"><BR>
```

```
<INPUT style="nav-index:103; nav-down:104; nav-up:
  102"type="radio"name="gender"value="Male">Male<BR>
<INPUT style="nav-index:104; nav-down:105; nav-up:
  103"type="radio"
  name="gender"value="Female">Female<BR>
<INPUT style="nav-index:105; nav-up:104; nav-down:
  100"type="submit" value="Send"><INPUT
  type="reset">
</P>
</FORM>
```

A content developer requiring additional control over navigation may specify key event handlers using Javascript.

5.2 Virtual Keyboard Control

The following CSS property may be used for controlling the automated appearance of a keyboard. This property may be specified on a per-element basis for text, password, and text area elements. Hence, if an application is aware that a particular form element is a zip code for example, and hence entering numbers via the remote control is easier, that may be specified.

|                           |                         |  |    |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|----|
| <b>"virtual-keyboard"</b> |                         |  |    |
| Value:                    | disable   enable   auto |  |    |
| Initial:                  | enable                  |  |    |
| Applies to:               | all input elements      |  |    |
|                           | Inherited:              |  | no |
| Percentage Values:        | N/A                     |  |    |
| Media type:               | tv                      |  |    |

The value "disable" means that the virtual keyboard is not available when the viewer wants to enter data into the area, i.e., they may enter numbers via the remote control instead. The value "auto" means that when the element to which the property applies receives focus, the virtual keyboard will automatically be presented to the viewer. The value "enable" means that the virtual keyboard will automatically be presented to the viewer when the viewer selects the element to which the property applies. If the viewer's user preferences have indicated that there is an alternate preferred non-virtual keyboard available, then the virtual keyboard may not be displayed even if the value has been set to enable or auto.

An example demonstrating how application writers could prevent the virtual keyboard from appearing for a password type element is:

```
Input[typ=passwd]{virtual-keyboard:disable}
Similarly, if the user preference indicates that the remote control may be used as a numeric speller, as with a cell phone, then no virtual keyboard will automatically appear. Alternatively, the network operator may specify a system preference if it knows that all viewers will have access to a physical keyboard or a cell phone.
```

5.3 Key Input

Applications may specify sets of keys for which they request notification by the system when they are in a maximized state. Generally, though not necessarily, they may not receive notification when they are in a minimized state. Notification of certain of the sets of keys will be provided to applications solely on the basis that they requested them.

However, for other keys, the network-supplied task may be queried as to whether or not the application may be presented with the keys that it has requested. Hence, it is possible that applications may not be notified of all key presses to which they have subscribed. HTML applications

may specify which keys they wish to receive notification by stipulating sets of key groups shown in the key-list property below. If the system grants the key group request, then notification of the key press is given only to the requesting application and will not be delivered to other (native) applications in the system.

For example, an application may know that a viewer may only be entering digits between 1 and 8, yet wants to be forgiving enough so that if the viewer may enter a 0 or a 9, the channel will not change. In this case, the application can request notification of all of the numeric keys, ignoring anything except the digits between 1 and 8. It is possible that in some networks there will be a pre-defined set of keys that all pages which do not specify otherwise, will receive.

5.4 Key-list Property

HTML type applications may add a CSS property called Key-list that indicates for which key presses an application may be notified. This property may apply to the body element. A content provider wishing more control can use the appropriate javascript to implement more fine-grained control, making use of the on-focus event. All pages using the same style sheet will share the same definition of keys, in which the application is interested. This is a comma-separated list of key-groups (such as navigation, selection, information, numeric, color, alpha, etc). Note that included included below is the reserved\_set in the initial value for key-list even though these keys are typically not explicitly so marked on a typical remote control. Therefore, even though they're in the initial set, there may be no way for a viewer to use these keys. An application writer is therefore advised to exercise care when requesting that the viewer press these keys (e.g., have a fallback available in the event that these keys are not available to a particular viewer.)

| "key-list"        |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Value             | : <key-group> +   none  |
| Initial           | : scroll_set, navigation_set, selection_set, numeric_set, punctuation_set, alpha_upper_set, alpha_lower_set, reserved_set |
| Applies to        | : body element  |
| Inherited         | : no  |
| Percentage Values | : N/A   |
| Media type        | : tv  |

Where key groups may be:

| KEY GROUP            | KEYS   |
|----------------------|--|
| user_information_set | HELP, INFO   |
| scroll_set           | HOME, PAGE_UP, PAGE_DOWN, END  |
| navigation_set       | LEFT_ARROW, RIGHT_ARROW, DOWN_ARROW, UP_ARROW  |
| selection_set        | CANCEL, ENTER, UNDO  |
| vcr_control_set      | STOP, PLAY, PAUSE, RECORD and SINGLE_STEP_FORWARD, SINGLE_STEP_REVERSE, FAST_FORWARD, FAST_REVERSE |
| edition_set          | CUT, COPY, PASTE   |
| teletext_set         | MIXING, MAGNIFY, CONTENT, REVEAL   |
| color_set            | RED, GREEN, BLUE, YELLOW   |
| numeric_set          | 0 to 9   |
| Punctuation_set      | all non-alphanumeric codes in (0x20 to 0x7f)   |

-continued

| KEY GROUP        | KEYS  |
|------------------|---|
| alpha_upper_set  | all alphabetic codes in (0x41 to 0x5a)                              |
| alpha_lower_set  | all alphabetic codes in (0x61 to 0x7a)                              |
| network_set      | all codes in (0x0080 to 0x8f)                                       |
| manufacturer_set | all codes in (0x0090 to 0x97)                                       |
| Extended_set     | all ISO-LATIN codes in (0x00a0 to 0xff)                             |
| sound_set        | VOLUME_DOWN, VOLUME_UP, MUTE_AUDIO                                  |
| station_set      | CHANNEL_UP, CHANNEL_DOWN, PREVIOUS_CHANNEL, RADIO_TOGGLE, TV_TOGGLE |
| reserved_set     | TAB, BACKSPACE, RETURN  |

Usage Example:

```
<BODY style="key-list: selection_set, navigation_set">
```

5.5 Key Codes

There are generally two major groups of key events.

The first contains the textEvent event. The textEvent event indicates that text information has been entered, either in the form of printable characters or non-printable text information such as modifier keys. These textEvent events are sometimes, but not necessarily, accompanied by the events of a second major groups of key events—keydown and keyup.

TextEvent

This event indicates that text information has been entered. The text information entered can originate from a variety of sources. It could, for example, be a character resulting from a keypress. It could also be a string resulting from an input method.

The keydown and keyup events comprise the second group of key events. These events are fired to indicate the physical motion of the keys on the character generation device. Depending on the input system being used, textEvent events may or may not be generated for each pair of keydown and keyup events.

Keydown

The keydown event occurs when a key is pressed down.

Keyup

The keyup event occurs when a key is released.

All these events may share the following attributes:

**TextEvent, keydown, keyup:**

bubbles: yes  
cancelable: yes  
context info: 0  
context outputString: output generated by the key event or null.  
context keyVal: Unicode character generated by the key event, or 0.  
context virtkeyVal:

virtual key code generated by the key event if the key event has not a Unicode value, or DOM\_VK\_UNDEFINED. Here is the list of virtual key codes:

```

const unsigned long DOM_VK_UNDEFINED = 0x0;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_ALT = 0x01;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_ALT = 0x02;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_CONTROL = 0x03;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_CONTROL = 0x04;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_SHIFT = 0x05;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_SHIFT = 0x06;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_META = 0x07;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_META = 0x08;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_CAPS_LOCK = 0x09;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_DELETE = 0x0A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_END = 0x0B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_ENTER = 0x0C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_ESCAPE = 0x0D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_HOME = 0x0E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_INSERT = 0x0F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_NUM_LOCK = 0x10;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAUSE = 0x11;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PRINTSCREEN = 0x12;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_SCROLL_LOCK = 0x13;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT = 0x14;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT = 0x15;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_UP = 0x16;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_DOWN = 0x17;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAGE_DOWN = 0x18;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAGE_UP = 0x19;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F1 = 0x1A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F2 = 0x1B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F3 = 0x1C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F4 = 0x1D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F5 = 0x1E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F6 = 0x1F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F7 = 0x20;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F8 = 0x21;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F9 = 0x22;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F10 = 0x23;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F11 = 0x24;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F12 = 0x25;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F13 = 0x26;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F14 = 0x27;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F15 = 0x28;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F16 = 0x29;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F17 = 0x2A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F18 = 0x2B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F19 = 0x2C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F20 = 0x2D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F21 = 0x2E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F22 = 0x2F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F23 = 0x30;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F24 = 0x31;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_POWER = 0x32;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TV = 0x33;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SET_UP = 0x34;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_INFO = 0x35;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RADIO = 0x36;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_NAV = 0x37;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PIP = 0x38;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MENU = 0x39;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TEXT = 0x3A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_HELP = 0x3B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SELECT = 0x3C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_EXIT = 0x3D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GUIDE = 0x3E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RED = 0x3F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GREEN = 0x40;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_YELLOW = 0x41;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BLUE = 0x42;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CHANNEL_UP = 0x43;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CHANNEL_DOWN = 0x44;

```

-continued

```

const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VOLUME_UP = 0x45;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VOLUME_DOWN = 0x46;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MUTE = 0x47;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_INFO = 0x48;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CANCEL = 0x49;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_UNDO = 0x4A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_STOP = 0x4B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PAUSE = 0x4C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RESUME = 0x4D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SINGLE_STEP_FORWARD = 0x4E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SINGLE_STEP_REVERSE = 0x4F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_FAST_FORWARD = 0x50;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_FAST_REVERSE = 0x51;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CUT = 0x52;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COPY = 0x53;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PASTE = 0x54;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MIXING = 0x55;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MAGNIFY = 0x56;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTENT = 0x57;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_REVEAL = 0x58;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VCR = 0x59;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SATELLITE_DEL = 0x5A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CABLE_DEL = 0x5B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TERR_DEL = 0x5C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_DISPLAY_CLOCK = 0x5D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SET_CLOCK = 0x5E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COLOR_UP = 0x5F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COLOR_DOWN = 0x60;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BRIGHT_UP = 0x61;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BRIGHT_DOWN = 0x62;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTRAST_UP = 0x63;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTRAST_DOWN = 0x64;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PREVIOUS_CHANNEL = 0x65;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PREFERENCES = 0x66;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PARENTAL_CONTROL = 0x67;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BOX_OFFICE = 0x68;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PURCHASE = 0x69;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PPV_SERVICES = 0x6A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GO_ONLINE = 0x6B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_EXIT_APP = 0x6C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SHOW_INTERACTIVE = 0x6D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RECORD = 0x6E;
    
```

context inputGenerated:

false if the key event does not generate any visible output, such as the use of a function key or the combination of certain modifier keys used in conjunction with another key, true if the key event normally causes visible output. The value of inputGenerated does not guarantee the creation of a character, as the event may be canceled.

Context numPad:

If the number pad was used to generate the key event the value is true, otherwise the value is false.

While the codes above, and this data structure, are similar to those defined in DOM-Level 3 Key code definitions. Codes have been added for the remote control. These new codes have been named DOM\_VK\_RC\_ . . . (RC for remote control). In one embodiment, the keys on a keyboard which are labeled like these would generate these keys. Also, DOM\_VK\_HOME has been declared above in lieu of an RC\_RIGHT, LEFT, RC\_HOME, etc. Other keys are possible and are contemplated.

Key event methods  
checkModifier

The CheckModifier method returns true or false, depending on whether a single modifier key is associated with a KeyEvent. The list of keys below represents the allowable modifier parameters for this method.  
DOM\_VK\_LEFT\_ALT

-continued

```

DOM_VK_RIGHT_ALT
DOM_VK_LEFT_CONTROL
DOM_VK_RIGHT_CONTROL
DOM_VK_LEFT_SHIFT
DOM_VK_RIGHT_SHIFT
DOM_VK_META
    
```

Parameters

modifier of type unsigned long The modifier which the user wishes to query.

Return Value

Boolean The status of the modifier represented as a boolean

No Exceptions

### 5.6 Event Handlers

In addition to the Document Object Model (DOM) Level 2 listeners, Key events may be directed to legacy key

handlers: onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, plus onFocus, onBlur, onChange and onClick, onSubmit.

6. Security

Two types of security which may be required in a receiver include:

- (1) protection for html resources, including both document resources as well as cookies; and
- (2) protected access to receiver resources such as the tuner or modem.

Policies that govern the application of the various security mechanisms may be set by the network and/or by the receiver manufacturer and viewers themselves.

6.1 Protection For Html Resources

Same Origin Mechanism

The same origin policy may be defined in order to restrict one resource's capability to access other resources in such a way as to leave the viewer vulnerable. In particular, when one resource attempts to access one of the object properties shown in the table below, a same origin check is needed.

In one embodiment, the first step of a same origin check is to determine whether the object being referenced was created by the same context as the currently running script. If so, the access is permitted. Otherwise, additional information may be examined to determine whether the url of the accessing document has the same origin as the object being accessed. If the origin is the same, then the access may be permitted; otherwise, the access may be denied.

Two documents may be said to have the same origin if the following elements of the "protocol://host" (where host includes the optional port) are identical:

- the protocol,
- the host, and
- the port.

If any of these values differ, then the access may be denied. It may be assumed that any data that is acquired via the broadcast: is acquired on the same port.

| Object            | Property   | Access Type | Checked |
|-------------------|--|-------------|---------|
| window            | All except location (see below), frames, parent, and top | Read        | yes     |
|                   | All except location (see below)                          | Write       | yes     |
| (window.)location | All  | Read        | yes     |
|                   | href   | Write       | yes     |
|                   | protocol   | Write       | yes     |
|                   | toString   | (method)    | yes     |

Mechanism and Rules for Changing the Origin

It is often the case that a single organization may provide multiple servers, but may wish to allow certain documents provided from particular ones of these servers to access certain other documents provided from different ones of these servers. One mechanism to allow such sharing includes permitting a document to change its (document.) domain property. However, such changes may be restricted. For example, in one embodiment it may only change its domain to a proper suffix of its current domain. That is, www.xyz.com may be changed to xyz.com, but not to abc.com. Additionally, at least one period may be required

to remain in the new name, so, for example, xyz.com could not be shortened at all. Consequently, if the origins of two different resources were originally www.xyz.com and intranet.xyz.com, both would have to change their domain in order for access to be allowed.

There may be a problem with the mechanism for changing the origin which relates to internationalization. The fact that this mechanism could be easily abused on servers outside the U.S. could open up the resource to all kinds of security attacks. Another potential problem is the granularity of this rule. Two resources from the same domain may not be able to provide mutual access only to one another without permitting other resources in that domain the same access. This problem may be exacerbated by the mechanism that allows resources to change their domain.

One technique that would permit finer granularity of sharing uses a mechanism called a credential. In one embodiment, a credential is a signed statement from one party granting access to one (or more) of its resources to another party. The statement is a formatted chunk of data identifying the grantor, the grantee, the resource to which access is being granted, the permitted actions on that resource (i.e., read, write, or another property), and optionally a date until which that access is being permitted. The credential may be accompanied by a certificate chain, the leaf certificate in the chain identifying the grantor and providing their public key and the root certificate of the chain being identical to one of the root certificates in the receiver.

6.2 Protecting Access to Receiver Resources

Networks often prefer to control access to certain hardware and software receiver resources. Those resources that may be granted to HTML applications which are acquired via the broadcast are enumerated below. The authorization process for granting these privileges to broadcast applications is described in later.

While applications which are obtained directly from the web may be prohibited from executing privileged operations, a special application, configured by or for the network operator known as the UI may access all of the privileged core operations.

In addition to the above, the network may be allowed to specify that certain of the operations below might be allowed to all apps, no matter where they're obtained from. Also, a network may be allowed to furnish domain-name/set-of-privileges pairs.

Privileged Core Operations

The following is a list of operations that may be permitted only when permission to access them is signaled as explained in the next section.

- Download modules from the broadcast
- Download modules from any source
- Switch tracks
- Switch programs (services)
- Connect to a remote server (via a phone or cable modem)
- Make any arbitrary connection
- Allow some modules not to be signed (the directory and initial modules must always be signed)
- Allow the application to become resident in the receiver
- Create or modify the service list
- Use the service list
- Request the viewer sign the data that they are providing for transmission
- Request the viewer approve access to restricted files and/or phone numbers

- Change some default settings (exactly which settings can be modified depends upon the other privileges granted to the application)
- Inform the system that it need not clean (non osd) memory after execution
- Inform the system that it need not clean the osd memory after execution
- Change the EIT cache window
- Release cache reserved for EIT
- Arbitrate between conflicting event broker requests

Allocating Receiver Privileges

In one embodiment, a directory module includes a corresponding per-application set of privileges that are requested. This directory module must contain a request for this set of privileges along with the producer's certificate and must be signed with the producer's private key. The producer's certificate is signed using the network's private key. The producer's certificate states the maximum privileges that may be granted to any application under that producer. Hence, an application will only be granted a privilege if it is in its per-application set of privileges and it is among the set of maximum privileges that may be granted to any application associated with that producer. In addition to the signature, security is enhanced by requiring the signed directory to contain an accurate hash value corresponding to at least the initial code segment, and optionally to other code and data segments used by the application.

As stated above, all receiver privileges listed above may be granted to the special process known as UI. Additionally, privileges for applications received over the broadcast may be allocated in the same manner as they are allocated for core broadcast applications. Finally, applications received via the return channel may not be granted any receiver privileges. The set of privileges granted to a broadcast application or the UI application are known as its maximum set. Unless the application indicates otherwise using the methods described in the next section, its maximum set of privileges is equal to its current working set of privileges. Applications can set their current working set to a subset of their associated maximum set of privileges using the methods described below.

Least Privileged Mode

Using the methods described in this section, an application can execute in least-privileged mode. This is actually a much more secure mode which ensures that prior to using a privilege, an application specifically states that it is going to use that privilege. One advantage of this mode is that a content author cannot accidentally use a privilege that a network too freely grants. Using this mode, therefore, an application does not obtain more privileges than the network or receiver allows (known as the maximum set), but rather carefully manipulates a working set of privileges that are always a strict subset of that maximum set.

In order to support this mode, two new objects are required in the DOM: (1) the security object and (2) the privilegeManager object. The security object (of class "Security") is accessed through the "security" property of the global object (i.e., the window object). The security object's purpose currently is to contain a property, "privilegeManager", that allows access to the privilegeManager object (class "PrivilegeManager").

The privilegeManager object has four methods: enablePrivilege, disablePrivilege, revertPrivilege, and removePrivilege. These methods allow a script to manipulate privileges.

- enablePrivilege Enables a privilege for the duration of the current function.
- disablePrivilege Disables a privilege for the duration of the current function.
- revertPrivilege Allows a script to revert a privilege to the state that it was in before the current function was called.
- removePrivilege Allows a script to remove a privilege from its maximum set. (It is also removed from the working set if enabled.)

Each of these functions returns either true or false depending on whether the operation was successful. Note: when a function returns, any privileges enabled by that function may be automatically reverted to the state they were in at the point when the function was called. When a script attempts to perform a privileged operation without the necessary privilege enabled, an appropriate TBD exception will be thrown. If the exception is not caught, an error dialog box may be displayed before aborting the script.

Additional HTML-specific Privileges

There are a set of privileges which are HTML-specific and mostly may be restricted to a subset of the broadcast html applications. A set of flags may be reserved to be used for additional restricted operations. In one embodiment, HTML applications may use one of these flags to indicate whether an application will be granted all of the following privileges. (That is, if the flag is set, the broadcast HTML application will be granted all of the privileges below and if it is not set, that application will be granted none of the privileges below.)

- Script can override the same origin policy, and read properties in another frame that was loaded from a different domain
- Script can override the same origin policy, and change properties in another frame that was loaded from a different domain.
- Script can query user preferences from the HTML Application only uim object.
- Script can create, change, and save user preferences from the HTML application only uim object.
- Script may submit a form to a mailto: URL
- Script may manipulate cookies when and if a more extensive cookie management system is added
- Script is granted the union of the runtime code extension privileges defined in both ATSC DASE 1 and DVB MHP 1.1.

Whether these privileges are granted to a broadcast application or not may determined using the same mechanism as described in the section entitled "Allocating Receiver Privileges". As above, these privileges may always granted to the special UI application and/or never granted to applications that are not broadcast.

7. Toward a Declarative Approach to Authoring for Show-stoppers and Prefetch Priorities

Early programming languages were generally very procedural requiring a programmer to tell the computer how to carry out the program in detail. As the examples show, the trend has been towards languages where you specify what to do, but not how. Such languages may be said to be more declarative. Generally speaking, a declarative language is one in which you specify what you want, and not how to get it. Such languages may be particularly useful in providing higher level interfaces to underlying complex systems. For example, HTML may allow you to specify what is to appear on a page, but not how it is to be laid out. Another example is SQL where you specify what you want out of a database

query, but do not give code for the looping and testing needed to produce it. It is noted that the discussion herein is not strictly limited to declarative languages per se. Rather, HTML, JavaScript, CSS, and other such languages and constructs are contemplated. In one embodiment, languages and constructs which are commonly used in creating and manipulating Web content are contemplated. In any such case, the declarations or other statements used in the creation and/or manipulation of resources and content in this document may be generally referred to as "directives".

#### Background

This section (1) describes the showstopper and prefetch requirements; (2) identifies how such information may be carried in both DASE and DVB-MHP; and (3) proposes ways in which authors may indicate both showstopper and prefetch resources within their XHTML documents.

Although details of a transcoding implementation are not described, those skilled in the art may ascertain that the initial values assigned for showstopper and prefetch resources may be automatically translated to existing DASE/DVB-MHP facilities for transport.

#### Showstopper and Prefetch Requirements

The content creator often wishes to use multiple resources in constructing a scene or presentation and may consider the acquisition of a subset of these resources to be essential before displaying to the viewer. That is, they may prefer that the old scene should continue to be displayed until at least the essential resources have been received and decoded. These essential resources may be referred to as showstoppers because creators do not want anything displayed until at least these essential resources are available. Further, if these resources never become available, the content creator may prefer that nothing be displayed. In addition, marking these resources as essential may enable the broadcast stream to be more easily packaged together to enhance performance.

In general, performance may be enhanced by intelligent pre-fetching of resources. In particular, remarkable performance improvements may be possible when the pre-fetching priorities can be dynamically modified depending upon viewer interaction. Therefore, it is desirable to allow content authors to stipulate both essential resources as well as (dynamically modifiable) prefetch prioritization.

FIG. 5 illustrates one embodiment of a method for prefetching prerequisite resources. In the example shown, a centrally located proxy performs preprocessing or transcoding of content which is requested by a client or otherwise destined for a client. When the proxy receives content including presentation directives (block 502), the proxy may scan the content for directives which indicate certain content is deemed a prerequisite for the presentation. If no such directives are detected (decision block 504), then the directives (or signals and/or data corresponding to the presentation directives) are conveyed to the client (block 16) and the presentation may be initiated (block 518).

On the other hand, if such prerequisites directives are detected by the proxy, the proxy may immediately convey an indication to the client (block 506) that these identified resources are considered prerequisites. Upon receiving this indication, the client may then determine whether or not is currently has the identified prerequisite resources (decision block 508). If the client does not have these resources, the client may then take any actions necessary to prefetch the prerequisite resources (block 510). Subsequently, or concurrently, the proxy may convey the remaining presentation content or directives to the client (block 512). Once the

client has obtained the prerequisite resources (decision block 514), presentation of the content corresponding to the prerequisite resources is permitted.

It is to be understood that numerous alternatives are possible. For example, in an alternative embodiment, there is not proxy as described. Rather, the client is configured to process resources and content directly. In such an embodiment, the client may be configured to first scan received content for prerequisite directives. Alternatively, the prerequisite directives may be processed as received. Other embodiments are possible and are contemplated.

#### Support within DASE and DVB MHP

Currently neither DASE's DAE nor MHP's DVB-HTML provides a facility that allows content authors to identify showstoppers or prefetch prioritization. However, they do provide facilities which may be utilized for transporting such information.

#### Support within DASE

There is explicit support for identifying the initial static priority of resources within an application in DASE's root entity DTD. This support is in the form of the definition of a priority value for a cache item that is associated with a preload attribute. It perhaps in DASE Level 2, to enhance the root entity DTD so that it includes support for showstopper identification; that is, one possible embodiment would be to add an attribute called showstopper.

Prior to such addition, of course, DDE-2 could recommend the use of x-dde2-showstopper as a non-standardized attribute value. Elements identifying the showstoppers and initial pre-fetch priorities could be automatically formulated from the HTML enhancements proposed in the following section and, therefore, would be available to the receiver as soon as the application enters the initialized state. It would not be necessary to modify the prefetch priorities in the root element in response to user interaction, so this very minor enhancement, along with the authoring proposal below, would suffice for fully supporting prefetch and showstopper requirements in the DASE DAE.

#### Support within DVB-MHP

DVB-MHP provides an optional descriptor, known as the pre-fetch descriptor, within the AIT. As with the DASE root element preload attribute, this descriptor could be automatically generated from the HTML enhancements proposed below. The showstopper resources could be accommodated one of several ways; either by adding a new AIT descriptor for showstopper resources or, alternatively, by setting the priority of showstopper resources to the highest possible value (100).

#### Proposal for Authoring

##### Showstoppers

Content authors may desire that there exist a way to identify those resources such that if they are not obtained by a receiver, displaying should be delayed.

##### Minimal Proposal

It is proposed that DDE may define a profile for DDE specific META name/value pairs. Among those pairs would be the name "prerequisite," with the value being the target URI of the essential resource. An example of this name/value pair would be the one below which indicates that "background.mpg" is an essential resource that needs to be acquired and processed by the receiver prior to displaying the application's initial content.

```
<META name="prerequisite"content="http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg">
```

## Prefetch Prioritization

As mentioned earlier, content authors may wish to provide a hint concerning both broadcast parameters as well as caching behavior by indicating that it may be desirable to initially prefetch certain resources, independent of whether those resources are considered as essential or prerequisite resources as defined above. It is not necessary that the author-supplied initial prefetch prioritization be identical to the prioritization that is eventually carried in the corresponding signaling file (i.e., the DASE root element or the MHP prefetch descriptor). However, content developers are typically not very good at choosing from among too many different priorities. (Absolute numerical priorities, such as a value between 1 and 100 are often better chosen by more complicated metrics that account for the size of the resource, expected size of cache, rate of transmission of the broadcast stream, etc.)

Therefore, as proposed herein, the content author may be permitted to identify whether or not it is desirable for a receiver to prefetch a particular resource. For example, the content author may identify resources to be prefetched using the link element in the <head> of the initial document and by defining a new value "prefetch" for the rel attribute of this element. Since there may be several resources that the author would recommend for prefetching, they may indicate a prefetch priority as well. For example, they may order these multiple resources so that the first ones have higher priority than latter ones.

As the DOM allows dynamic modification of the list of link resources at runtime, e.g., based upon user interaction, modified link resources may serve as a hint to the receiver concerning dynamically changing priorities. However, it may also be useful to permit the content author to not only dynamically control prefetch priorities, but also to indicate that the use of a resource is imminent so that the terminal may wish to "precreate" the resource (e.g., allocate resources such as memory, and decode) instead of simply prefetching that resource. In order to permit the content author to accomplish this, a cache object may be used that implements both a prefetch( ) as well as a precreate( ) method.

## 8. Extended Uniform Resource Identifiers for Television Broadcasts

The use of W3C standards for authoring interactive television content that is to be carried with digital television signals has begun to increase significantly. RFC 2838 (Uniform Resource Identifiers for Television Broadcasts) addressed the need to reference television broadcast streams as a whole; this section extends the description contained therein to include the ability to reference particular sub-streams and non-video resources that may also be carried in the broadcast stream. In addition to being useful directly within existing client set-top box or television implementations, the scheme described herein may be mapped to proposed transport-specific television schemes, e.g., dvb, ocap, and arib. The purpose of such mapping is to allow a content developer to author their content using the URI described herein, while permitting automatic (or manual) transcoding to one or more of the other proposed schemes.

## Extended Television Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)

The basic structure of the extended television URI is:

```
tvx:<service-address>[<track-list>][<abs-path>]
```

where

<service-address> is a description of the data source, which may correspond to the DNS-style identifiers defined for "tv:" in RFC 2838. The optional

<track-list> can specify audio, video, subtitle, teletext, or data substreams within the stream emanating from the service-address. The

<abs-path> can be used to identify individual resources within a substream, or, since its syntax is quite flexible, can be further defined by various of the transport-specific URIs.

## Current Channel

The current channel can be specified as

```
tvx://current
```

This URI refers to whichever television broadcast is currently being accessed by the referring object. This definition differs from the "tv:" definition, as it is specific to the referring object. This difference is necessary because set-top boxes containing multiple tuners, decoders, etc. are becoming more commonplace.

This "current" broadcast may contain multiple audios (e.g., different languages), multiple videos (e.g., different camera angles), and different types of data. However, this URI refers to only those sub-streams that are being used by the destination associated with the referring object. For example, if there are both English and German sub-titles available, but the display associated with the object referencing this URI is only showing the German sub-titles (i.e., is not showing the English sub-titles), then the English sub-titles would not be part of tvx://current.

## Syntax (BNF) for Extended Television URIs

The following is an example of a formal specification for the extended television URIs:

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| tvx_uri         | = "tvx:" [tvx_hier_part]                               |
| tvx_hier_part   | = tvx_net_path   tvx_abs_path                          |
| tvx_net_path    | = "/" service_addr [comp_list] [tvx_abs_path]          |
| service_addr    | = broadcast   "current"                                |
| comp_list       | = ";" component *( ";" component )                     |
| component       | = stream_selector                                      |
| stream_selector | = stream_type "=" stream_id                            |
| stream_type     | = "video"   "audio"   "data"   "subtitle"   "teletext" |
| stream_id       | = 1*alphanumeric   "default"   "current"   "none"      |
| tvx_abs_path    | = "/" path_segments                                    |
| where:          |  |
| broadcast       | may be as defined in RFC2838                           |
| path_segments   | may be as defined in RFC 2396                          |
| alphanumeric    | may be as defined in RFC 2396                          |

## Semantics for Extended Television URIs

This section defines the meaning of the various forms of the extended television URIs.

## Service Address Alone

The substream referenced by a service address alone may consist of video, audio, teletext, subtitle, and data streams. Data streams may contain executable code in addition to data used by that code or data used by a resident application. In addition, there may be more than one stream of each type in the referenced substream. For example, tvx://bcd.com may contain 2 video streams, 4 audio streams, one teletext stream, one subtitle stream, and five data streams. Which streams are "displayed" by the object referencing this URI can depend upon many factors. If the viewer has selected a default setting which indicates a preference concerning whether or not teletext and/or subtitles are displayed, then that preference may be used to determine whether these streams are displayed. Additionally a viewer may indicate a preferred audio language.



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The broadcasting network may use signaling to indicate the default video stream, and, for example, in the case of DVB MHP, may indicate that particular applications should be downloaded and executed. If the receiver has the ability to decode at least one video stream and one audio stream concurrently, then in one embodiment at least one of each will be decoded when a tvx URI of this form is specified. Further, the viewer may be provided with controls which enable them to "mute" the audio or video. If the viewer has not muted a stream, but also has not selected a preference, and the network has not indicated a preference, then any one of the corresponding streams may be decoded and displayed.

As stated above, while a URI of the form "tvx://current" may also be used, referencing this URI does not generally change which streams are being decoded (and presented).

#### Specifying Components

The content author can reference particular substreams within the stream using this URI. For example, "tvx://bcd.com;audio=eng" may refer to an English audio substream. Also, more than one stream may be referenced using this form of the URI. For example, "tvx://bcd.com;video=catcher;audio=eng" may be used to refer to a video which is shot from behind a baseball catcher along with the English audio. It is expected that the content author may have appropriate tools by which they can either set a "track tag" (e.g., catcher, eng) to correspond to a particular substream, or that a set of track tags may be determined by a standard or by a video producer, for example.

In one embodiment, there are two special keywords that may be used as track tags which are defined in this document: "current" and "default." The "current" track tag indicates the substream that is currently being displayed. For example, if the viewer is currently watching a movie and is listening to the French audio, their audio may be changed to English without affecting the video through the use of the following URI: "tvx://current;video=current;audio=eng" (providing that the track tag "eng" had been associated with the audio).

The "default" keyword may be used to refer to the default as defined by the viewer, author, receiver, content author or some combination, as per a particular specification and/or instantiation. That is, in some vertical networks, the network operator may have the authority to set a default preference and in other networks, it may be up to the viewer.

#### Path Segments

Path segments may be used to identify a resource within a particular component. For example, "tvx://bcd.com;data=novice/game/chess/move3" may refer to the resource game/chess/move3 which is carried in the data substream with the track tag of novice.

Additional meanings may be assigned to the path segments when the various transport-specific television URIs are mapped to this URI. However, until they are so defined, path segments shall only be meaningful when the component type is data.

Various embodiments may further include receiving, sending or storing instructions and/or data implemented in accordance with the foregoing description upon a carrier medium. Generally speaking, a carrier medium may include transmission media or signals used in broadcast systems and otherwise such as electrical, electromagnetic, or digital signals, conveyed via a communication medium such as network and/or a wireless link. For example, a network operator may convey signals which describe program instructions via a broadcast system. A carrier medium may also include storage media or memory media such as mag-

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netic or optical media, e.g., disk or CD-ROM, volatile or non-volatile media such as RAM (e.g. SDRAM, RDRAM, SRAM, etc.), ROM, etc.

It is to be understood that the above embodiments are intended to be exemplary only. Numerous alternative configurations are possible and are contemplated.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

receiving one or more directives; wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of resources; determining whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;

initiating said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and

prohibiting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said prerequisite directive comprises one or more directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein said one or more directives are received by a proxy server in an interactive television system.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein said determining is performed by said proxy server, and wherein said method further comprises said proxy server conveying signals indicative of said subset of resources to a remote client device.

5. The method of claim 4, further comprising said client device acquiring said subset of resources in response to detecting said signals.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein said subset comprises streaming audio and/or video, and wherein acquisition of the streaming audio and/or video comprises configuring hardware resources within said client device.

7. The method of claim 5, wherein acquisition of the subset of resources comprises the client device initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD to add a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising using a label within a Declarative Data Essence standard as an attribute to indicate a prerequisite resource.

10. The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing DVB-MHP by adding a showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.

11. The method of claim 1, further comprising defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein said prohibiting is in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said method further comprises allowing the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.

13. An interactive television system comprising:

a remote proxy server configured to:

receive one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of resources;

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determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;

convey first signals which identify said subset of resources to a remote client device, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive; and

convey second signals which correspond to said one or more directives;

a client device configured to:

receive said first signals;

receive said second signals; and

prohibit initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to detecting said first signals.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein said prerequisite directive comprises one or more directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises said client device configuring hardware resources within said client device.

16. The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.

17. The system of claim 13, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD by adding a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.

18. The system of claim 13, wherein said directives include the use of a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.

19. The system of claim 13, wherein said server is configured to detect a DVB-MHP showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.

20. The system of claim 13, wherein said directives define a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.

21. The system of claim 13, wherein said device is configured to prohibit said initiation in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet

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expired, and wherein said device is further configured to allow the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.

22. A client device in an interactive television system, said device comprising:

a receiver configured to receive signals corresponding to directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; and

a processing unit coupled to said receiver, wherein said processing unit is configured to:

determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;

initiate said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and

prohibit initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.

23. A computer readable medium comprising program instructions executable by a computer to:

receive directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of resources;

determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for the presentation;

initiate said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and

prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.

\* \* \* \* \*



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#10



Bib Data Sheet

CONFIRMATION NO. 2305

|                                    |  |                     |                               |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>SERIAL NUMBER</b><br>10/419,621 | <b>FILING OR 371(c) DATE</b><br>04/21/2003<br><b>RULE</b> 1.47 | <b>CLASS</b><br>725 | <b>GROUP ART UNIT</b><br>2611 | <b>ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.</b><br>5266-06201 |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|

**APPLICANTS**

Alain Delpuch, Les Essarts Le Roi, FRANCE;  
James Whitledge, Naperville, IL;  
Jean-Rene Menand, Los Altos, CA;  
Emmanuel Barbier, Paris, FRANCE;  
Kevin Hausman, Naperville, IL;  
Debra Hensgen, Redwood City, CA;  
Dongmin Su, Santa Clara, CA;

*Provisional Application*

**\*\* CONTINUING DATA \*\*\*\*\***  
This appln claims benefit of 60/373,883 04/19/2002

**\*\* FOREIGN APPLICATIONS \*\*\*\*\***

**IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED \*\***  
06/17/2003

|   |                                   |                            |                           |                                |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Foreign Priority claimed <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no   | <b>STATE OR COUNTRY</b><br>FRANCE | <b>SHEETS DRAWING</b><br>5 | <b>TOTAL CLAIMS</b><br>23 | <b>INDEPENDENT CLAIMS</b><br>4 |
| 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions met <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> Met after Allowance |                                   |                            |                           |                                |
| Verified and Acknowledged   | Examiner's Signature _____        | Initials _____             |                           |                                |

**ADDRESS**

35690

**TITLE**

Supporting common interactive television functionality through presentation engine syntax

|                                    |   |  |
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| <b>FILING FEE RECEIVED</b><br>1018 | FEES: Authority has been given in Paper<br>No. _____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT<br>No. _____ for following: | <input type="checkbox"/> All Fees                              |
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| SERIAL NUMBER<br>10/419,621 | FILING DATE<br>04/21/2003<br><br>RULE 1.47 | CLASS<br>725 | GROUP ART UNIT<br>2611 | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.<br>5266-06201 |
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 Kevin Hausman, Naperville, IL;  
 Debra Hensgen, Redwood City, CA;  
 Dongmin Su, Santa Clara, CA;

\*\* CONTINUING DATA \*\*\*\*\* *KB* *YES*  
 This appln claims benefit of 60/373,883 04/19/2002

\*\* FOREIGN APPLICATIONS \*\*\*\*\* *KB* *NONE*

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 \*\* 06/17/2003

|   |                               |                        |                       |                            |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Foreign Priority claimed<br><input type="checkbox"/> yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no   | STATE OR<br>COUNTRY<br>FRANCE | SHEETS<br>DRAWING<br>5 | TOTAL<br>CLAIMS<br>23 | INDEPENDENT<br>CLAIMS<br>4 |
| 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions met<br><input type="checkbox"/> yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> Met after Allowance |                               |                        |                       |                            |
| Verified and Acknowledged<br><i>[Signature]</i><br>Examiner's Signature   | <i>KB</i><br>Initials         |                        |                       |                            |

ADDRESS  
 44015  
 OPTV/MEYERTONS  
 THE CHASE BUILDING  
 700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
 AUSTIN, TX  
 78701

TITLE  
 Supporting common interactive television functionality through presentation engine syntax

All Fees

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| FILING FEE<br><br>RECEIVED<br>1018 | FEES: Authority has been given in Paper<br>No. _____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT<br>No. _____ for following: | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.16 Fees ( Filing )<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1.17 Fees ( Processing Ext. of<br>time )<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1.18 Fees ( Issue )<br><input type="checkbox"/> Other _____<br><input type="checkbox"/> Credit |
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#13



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Debra Hensgen, Redwood City, CA;  
Dongmin Su, Santa Clara, CA;

\*\* CONTINUING DATA \*\*\*\*\*

This appln claims benefit of 60/373,883 04/19/2002

\*\* FOREIGN APPLICATIONS \*\*\*\*\*

IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED \*\*

06/17/2003

|   |                                   |                            |                           |                                |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Foreign Priority claimed <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no   | <b>STATE OR COUNTRY</b><br>FRANCE | <b>SHEETS DRAWING</b><br>5 | <b>TOTAL CLAIMS</b><br>23 | <b>INDEPENDENT CLAIMS</b><br>4 |
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| Verified and Acknowledged _____<br>Examiner's Signature Initials  |                                   |                            |                           |                                |

ADDRESS

35690

TITLE

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|                                    |   |  |
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| <b>FILING FEE RECEIVED</b><br>1018 | FEES: Authority has been given in Paper<br>No. _____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT<br>No. _____ for following: | <input type="checkbox"/> All Fees                              |
|                                    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.16 Fees ( Filing )                  |
|                                    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.17 Fees ( Processing Ext. of time ) |
|                                    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.18 Fees ( Issue ),                  |
|                                    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____                           |
|                                    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Credit                                |

PATENT APPLICATION SERIAL NO. \_\_\_\_\_

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FEE RECORD SHEET

04/23/2003 SMINASS1 00000092 501505 10419621

|            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 01 FC:1001 | 750.00 CH |
| 02 FC:1202 | 54.00 CH  |
| 03 FC:1201 | 84.00 CH  |

PTO-1556  
(5/87)

\*U.S. Government Printing Office: 2002 — 489-267/69033

04-22-03

10413621 042103

f1055 U.S. PTO  
04/21/03

J1036 U.S. PTO  
10/4/02  
04/21/03

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
(For new non-provisional applications under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

Atty. Dkt. No: 5266-06201

Inventor(s):

Alain Delpuch  
James Whitledge  
Jean-Rene Menand  
Emmanuel Barbier  
Kevin Hausman  
Debra Hensgen  
Dongmin Su

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Title: SUPPORTING COMMON  
INTERACTIVE TELEVISION  
FUNCTIONALITY  
THROUGH PRESENTATION  
ENGINE SYNTAX



**Application Elements**

- 1.  Filing Fee  
The filing fee is calculated as shown below.

|                           |        |      |   |   |   |            |           |
|---------------------------|--------|------|---|---|---|------------|-----------|
| Total Claims              | 23     | - 20 | = | 3 | x | \$18.00 =  | \$54.00   |
| Independent Claims        | 4      | - 3  | = | 1 | x | \$84.00 =  | \$ 84.00  |
| Multiple Dependent Claims | Fee:   |      |   |   |   |            |           |
|                           |        |      |   |   |   | Basic Fee: | \$ 750.00 |
|                           | Total: |      |   |   |   |            | \$ 888.00 |

- The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the filing fee and any other fees which may be required or credit any overpayment to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR.
- 2.  Specification  
97 page(s) of specification; 4 page(s) of claims, 1 page(s) of abstract
- 3.  Drawings  
Formal Figure(s) 1-5 on 5 sheet(s)
- 4.  Oath or Declaration
  - Newly executed
  - Copy from a prior application (see 37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))
  - Deletion of Inventor(s) (in continuation or divisional applications):
    - Delete the following inventor(s) named in the prior non-provisional application:
      - The inventor(s) to be deleted are set forth on a signed sheet attached hereto.
- 5.  The entire disclosure of the prior application referred to above is considered to be part of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference herein.



- 6.  Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
- 7.  Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
  - Computer Readable copy
  - Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
  - Statement verifying identity of above copies
- 8.  Assignment Papers
  - Copy from a prior application (see 37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d)).
- 9. Power of Attorney
  - Is attached.
  - The power of attorney appears in the original papers of the prior application.
  - Since the power does not appear in the original papers, a copy of the power in the prior application is enclosed.
- 10.  Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)
  - Copies of IDS Citations
- 11. Amendments
  - A preliminary amendment is enclosed.
  - Cancel in this application claim(s) \_\_\_ before calculating the filing fee. At least one independent claim is retained for filing purposes.
  - Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence: **This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/373,883 entitled "Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax", filed April 19, 2002.**
- 12.  Return Receipt Postcard
- 13. Small Entity Status
  - A small entity statement is enclosed.
  - A small entity statement was filed in the prior non-provisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
  - Is no longer claimed.
- 14.  Priority of provisional application number 60/373,883, filed on April 19, 2002 is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119(a)-(e)
- 15.  Petition under 37 C.F.R. § 136 for Extension of Time
- 16.  Fee Authorization form

Address all future correspondence to:  
 Rory D. Rankin  
 Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
 Customer ID #35690  
 P.O. Box 398  
 Austin, Texas 78767  
 (512) 853-8800; Fax (512) 853-8801

Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
 Name Rory D. Rankin  
 Registration No. 47,884  
 Date 4/21/03

04-22-03

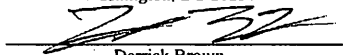
10419621 042103

1055 U.S. PTO  
04/21/03

J1036 U.S. PTO  
10/419621  
04/21/03

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**  
**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
 (For new non-provisional applications under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

Atty. Dkt. No: 5266-06201 §  
 Inventor(s): §  
 Alain Delpuch §  
 James Whitledge §  
 Jean-Rene Menand §  
 Emmanuel Barbier §  
 Kevin Hausman §  
 Debra Hensgen §  
 Dongmin Su §  
 Title: SUPPORTING COMMON §  
 INTERACTIVE TELEVISION §  
 FUNCTIONALITY §  
 THROUGH PRESENTATION §  
 ENGINE SYNTAX §

**CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL**  
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 DATE OF DEPOSIT: April 21, 2003  
 I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. § 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to:  
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 Washington, DC 20231  
  
 Derrick Brown

**Application Elements**

1.  Filing Fee  
 The filing fee is calculated as shown below.

|                           |    |      |   |   |   |         |            |           |
|---------------------------|----|------|---|---|---|---------|------------|-----------|
| Total Claims              | 23 | - 20 | = | 3 | x | \$18.00 | =          | \$54.00   |
| Independent Claims        | 4  | - 3  | = | 1 | x | \$84.00 | =          | \$ 84.00  |
| Multiple Dependent Claims |    |      |   |   |   |         | Fee:       |           |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   |         | Basic Fee: | \$ 750.00 |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   |         | Total:     | \$ 888.00 |

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 Newly executed  
 Copy from a prior application (see 37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))  
 Deletion of Inventor(s) (in continuation or divisional applications):  
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  - The power of attorney appears in the original papers of the prior application.
  - Since the power does not appear in the original papers, a copy of the power in the prior application is enclosed.
- 10.  Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)
  - Copies of IDS Citations
- 11. Amendments
  - A preliminary amendment is enclosed.
  - Cancel in this application claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ before calculating the filing fee. At least one independent claim is retained for filing purposes.
  - Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence: **This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/373,883 entitled "Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax", filed April 19, 2002.**
- 12.  Return Receipt Postcard
- 13. Small Entity Status
  - A small entity statement is enclosed.
  - A small entity statement was filed in the prior non-provisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
  - Is no longer claimed.
- 14.  Priority of provisional application number 60/373,883, filed on April 19, 2002 is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119(a)-(e)
- 15.  Petition under 37 C.F.R. § 136 for Extension of Time
- 16.  Fee Authorization form

Address all future correspondence to:  
 Rory D. Rankin  
 Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
 Customer ID #35690  
 P.O. Box 398  
 Austin, Texas 78767  
 (512) 853-8800; Fax (512) 853-8801

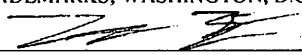
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**Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality  
Through Presentation Engine Syntax**

By:

Alain Delpuch  
James Whitley  
Jean-Rene Menand  
Emmanuel Barbier  
Kevin Hausman  
Debra Hensgen  
Dongmin Su

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

### **Field of the Invention**

The invention relates generally to interactive television systems and more particularly to a system and method for creating and controlling interactive television content.

### **Description of Related Art**

Interactive television systems provide a means to deliver interactive content as well as ordinary television audio and video to a large number of subscribers. Programs broadcast by these systems may incorporate television audio and video, still images, text, interactive graphics and applications, and many other components. They may also provide a number of services, such as commerce via the television, electronic program guides (EPGs), video-on-demand, and other interactive applications to viewers. The interactive content of the interactive television signal may therefore include application code, data associated with the audio and video, control signals, raw data and many other types of information. This information can be combined into a single signal or several signals for transmission to a receiver connected to the viewer's television or the provider can include only a subset of the information.

The interactive functionality of the television is generally controlled by an integrated receiver/decoder (IRD) or similar mechanism, frequently incorporated into a set-top box, connected to the television. The IRD receives the signal provided by a broadcast service provider or system operator and separates the interactive portion from the audio-video portion. The IRD uses the interactive information to, for example, execute an application while the audio-video information is transmitted to the television. The IRD may combine the audio-video information with interactive graphics or audio

generated by the interactive application prior to transmitting the information to the television.

Interactive content such as application code or information relating to television programs may be broadcast in a cyclical or repeating format. The pieces of information which are broadcast in this manner form what may be referred to as a "carousel." A carousel may include multiple modules of data, including a directory module which indicates the particular modules which correspond to a given application. Frequently, a single carousel is transported as a contiguous data stream. However, it is also possible to multiplex two or more carousels in a single data stream. As an alternative to using a carousel format, some systems may utilize a return path to request and/or receive interactive content.

Broadcast systems may transmit information in a carousel format in order to allow receivers in the system to selectively obtain particular pieces of information in the carousel without requiring a return path from the receivers to the server. If a particular receiver needs a particular piece of information, it can simply wait until the next time that piece of information is broadcast, and then extract the information from the broadcast data stream. By employing carousels to broadcast information, the system may eliminate the need to connect each of the receivers with a server and further eliminate the need for the server to process individual requests for information.

The pieces of information, or data objects, in a carousel may be intended to be combined in a single object data stream to form a program. This program may also contain streaming data such as audio or video. For example, an interactive television game show may combine television audio and video with interactive content such as application code which allows users to answer questions. Another example would be a news program which combines audio and video with application code that inserts current stock prices in a banner at the bottom of the screen. Typically, each program is associated with a corresponding channel and, when a channel containing a particular

program is selected by the interactive television receiver, the data which is being broadcast on that channel is downloaded and the program is started.

As television receivers become more sophisticated, and include the ability to access a wider range of data and resources, efforts have been made to develop mechanisms to handle these additional resources. For example, the DVB MHP 1.1 specification and DAVIC 1.4.1 Part 9 specification define a URL scheme to access broadcast services. Since DAVIC broadcast networks carry Service Information (SI) that contains globally unique parameters for locating the services in a broadcast network, their URL scheme is able to address services in a physical network independent manner.

Unfortunately, such schemes may not work on ATSC networks or other networks that define different or even proprietary signaling formats. Therefore, a new more flexible scheme is desired.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method and mechanism are described which enable content authors to use directives, such as HTML, scripting languages, or other languages, with television extensions to create and/or control interactive television content. The method and mechanism may be utilized with digitally recorded programs as well as with live broadcasts.

In one embodiment, a device in an interactive television system is configured to receive one or more directives provided by a content author which describe or otherwise indicate an audio and/or video presentation. Included among these directives are one or more directives which indicate that a particular subset of resources required for the presentation are deemed prerequisites. In response to detecting these directives, the providing of the presentation is withheld until the prerequisite resources are obtained.

In one embodiment, the directives are received by a centrally located proxy server which may be configured to receive, transcode and convey transcoded web based content to client devices. Upon detecting directives which indicate prerequisite resources for a presentation, the proxy server separately conveys to the client devices signals, or some other indication, that these resources are prerequisites. In response, the client device receiving the conveyed signals may take actions to prefetch these resources.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Fig. 1 is a diagram of one embodiment of a broadcast television system.

Fig. 2 is a diagram of one embodiment of a headend.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a client device.

Fig. 4 is a diagram of one embodiment of a television system.

Fig. 5 illustrates one embodiment of a method utilizing prerequisite directives.



## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

### **0. System Overview**

Referring to Fig. 1, one embodiment of a television system 100 is shown. In the embodiment shown, receiving devices 30 are coupled to several sources of programming and/or interactive content. Each of receiving devices 30 may comprise any suitable device, such as a set-top box (STB), a television (TV), a video cassette recorder (VCR), a digital video recorder (DVR), a personal digital assistant (PDA), a personal computer (PC), a video game console, or a mobile/cell phone.

Included in the embodiment of Fig. 1 is a broadcast station 16 coupled to receiver(s) 30 via a transmission medium 17 and back channel 26. In addition, receiver(s) 30 are coupled to a source 18 and source 19 via a network 20. Further, broadcast station 16 is coupled to a remote source 13, and Internet 60. In the embodiment shown, broadcast station 16 includes sources 14 and 15 and transmitter 22. Transmission medium 17 may comprise a satellite based system 23, a cable based system 24, a terrestrial or multiple multi-point distribution service (MMDS) based system 25, a combination of these systems, or some other suitable system of transmission.

In the embodiment of Fig. 1, broadcast station 16 may include a variety of sources of content 14, 15, and 60 to be utilized and conveyed by transmitter 22. Content sources 14 and 15 may include databases, application servers, other audio/video sources, or other data sources. In one embodiment, content may be created at a source 14 which may include an authoring station configured to create such content. An authoring station may include a computer workstation configured with software which aids in the development of interactive content. An authoring station may be part of broadcast station 16 in which case the conveyance of the created content may be through a local computing network, or similar configuration. Alternatively, an authoring station may be remotely located 13 from broadcast station 16. In an embodiment where authoring station is not directly

coupled to broadcast station 16, the content created by a source 13 may be conveyed to broadcast station 16 via Internet, broadcast, cable, etc. In some cases, content created by at a remote location 13 may first be transferred to a storage medium, such as a CD-RW, DVD, or flash memory device, and transported to broadcast station 16 via more conventional means where it may be stored in a database or other storage device.

Subsequent to its creation, content from sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 may be delivered to receiver(s) 30 through a broadcast transmission network. This network consists essentially of broadcast station 16 which assembles the content from sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 and processes the content as appropriate (e.g., digitizes, compresses, packetizes), and a transmission network 17 which receives the content 40 from broadcast station 16 and conveys it 42 to receiving device(s) 30. In one embodiment, broadcast station 16 includes software and/or hardware which is configured to process the content conveyed by sources 13, 14, 15 and 60 as described above. A second delivery mechanism may include a direct point-to-point connection 138 between receiver(s) 30 and source 18 which may be some type of server. This connection 138 may be made via an ordinary telephone line, cable, wireless, or otherwise. A third delivery mechanism may also be a point-to-point connection 136, but transmission of the content from a source 19 to receiver(s) 30 is made via one or more shared networks (e.g., over the Internet).

Fig. 1 also illustrates broadcast station 16 may be optionally coupled to source 18 and/or source 19. Such a coupling may enable broadcast station 16 to work cooperatively with source 18 or source 19 in conveying content to receiver(s) 30. Also illustrated in Fig. 1 is a back channel (or return path) 26 by which receiver(s) 30 may convey to and/or receive data from broadcast station 16. Back channel 26 may comprise a telephone line, cable, wireless, or other connection.

One delivery mechanism, the direct point-to-point connection to a source of content, may comprise communication via an ordinary telephone line. This type of connection is typically initiated by the receiver(s) 30 to convey information to, or retrieve information from, a data server. Another delivery mechanism, the point-to-point

connection through one or more networks, may comprise a typical connection between nodes on the Internet. Because data may be routed through many different shared networks in this case, it may be read, stored and written many times as it is transmitted from source 19 to receiver(s) 30. The third delivery mechanism may include a satellite, cable or terrestrial broadcast network 17. Information may be transmitted from and to receiver(s) 30 both in real time or store and forward.

In one embodiment, broadcast station 16 further includes a proxy server 21 which is configured to transcode received content to a format compatible with one or more of client devices 30. For example, proxy 21 may receive web based content including directives written in HTML, JavaScript<sup>TM</sup> (JavaScript is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc), CSS, or other languages, and transcode the received content to a format compatible with clients 30. In alternative embodiment, clients may be configured to directly process such directives. In such a case, proxy 21 may be configured to perform certain types of preprocessing of the content prior to conveyance to the clients.

Turning now to Fig. 2, an overview of one embodiment of a broadcast station (head-end) 16 is shown. The broadcast station 16 of Fig. 2 includes an application server 250 and a database 230 which may contain previously created interactive content. Also shown in Fig. 2 is a source 13 of content (e.g., the Internet) which is external to broadcast station 16 and coupled to broadcast station 16. Database 230, server 250, Internet 60, and source 13 are coupled to a content processing mechanism 200 which is configured to process the content received and convey the processed content to a multiplexor 220. In the exemplary embodiment of Fig. 2, proxy server 21 includes server 250 and processing mechanism 200.

In one embodiment, content processing mechanism 200 comprises a computer coupled to receive and convey content from source 13, database 230, or server 250. Processing mechanism 200 is configured to convey the processed content to multiplexor 220. Multiplexor 220 is also coupled to receive audio/video signals 240. Multiplexor 220 multiplexes the received signals and conveys the multiplexed signal to network

communications operator 17 where it is subsequently conveyed to a receiving device. As noted above, proxy 21 may be configured to process received content prior to conveying the content to client devices. For example, proxy 21 may be configured to receive requests from clients for web based content, obtain the requested content, and transcode the received content to an alternate format prior to conveyance to the requesting client. Finally, in addition to the above, broadcast station 16 includes a return data processor 210 coupled to back channel 26. In one embodiment, return data processor 210 may comprise a modem which receives data for further processing within broadcast station 16.

While the above description describes a source of interactive content as being at a broadcast station 16, in an alternative embodiment database 230 and content processing mechanism 200 may reside at the location of a network communications operator 17. An example of such an alternative embodiment may be a cable station which inserts interactive content into a broadcast signal prior to transmission. Numerous such alternatives are possible and are contemplated.

Turning now to Fig. 3, one embodiment of a receiving/initiating device 1012, hereinafter referred to as a "client" is shown. While Fig. 3 illustrates the client 1012 in the form of a set top box 1012, client 1012 may comprise other devices as well. Generally speaking, client 1012 is configured to receive a first signal 1070, such as a broadcast signal, and convey a second signal 1080, such as to a display or recording device. While in the embodiment shown, client 1012 is shown coupled to an external mass storage device 1018, such storage may be internal to the client 1012 itself. Client 1012 includes a control unit 1030, front end 1026, return channel 1038, transport stage 1028, and AV stage 1034. Also represented in Fig. 3 is a memory 1080 which includes OS and/or middleware 1044, message processing engine 1036, and applications 1042. Also shown is an I/O interface 1040 and conditional access (CA) module(s) 1032. I/O interface 1040 may be configured to detect user interaction via a remote control, keyboard, or other device. Control unit 1030 may comprise a microprocessor, memory (e.g., RAM), and other components which are necessary to perform ordinary general purpose computing.

In one embodiment, applications 1042, OS/middleware 1044, CA module(s) 1032, and message processing engine 1036 comprise code which may be stored in a memory device of set-top box 1012. Additionally, CA module(s) 1032 may comprise system software configured to control access to particular programs or services which are accessible by set-top box 1012. While message processing engine 1036 is shown as program code which may be stored in memory 1090 and executed by control unit 1030, it is understood that other embodiments are possible and are contemplated. For example, message processing engine 1036 may comprise circuitry or a combination of hardware and software. For example, message processing engine 1036 may comprise a processing device executing program instructions. Further, message processing engine 1036 may be configured as an external device which may be coupled to a receiving unit. For example, such an external device may comprise an expansion module which is configured to add message processing functionality to a preexisting device.

Generally speaking, client 1012 is operable to receive and decompress signals which may include digital data. The decompressed signals may be converted into analog signals such as PAL, SECAM, or NTSC format signals for television display, or may be in digital format for use by a digital television display. As shown in Fig. 3, client 1012 includes front end circuitry 1026 operable to receive audio, video, and other data from a received signal 1070. The received signal 1070 is fed into the client 1012 at the front end 1026, which may comprise an analog to digital (A/D) converter and tuner/demodulators (not shown). Front end 1026 may select and pass a particular frequency, demodulate it, and convert analog signals to a digital format. While analog data may be converted to digital data, as noted above a received signal may comprise digital data which may require no such conversion. The digitized output may then be conveyed to a transport stage 1028 which further processes the data, conveying a portion of the data to an audio-visual (AV) stage 1034 for display and another portion to control processor 1030. In addition, CA module 1032 may receive data from transport stage 1028 and may conditionally convey a descrambled or other signal to AV stage 1034. Signaling and

control information may also be included in the broadcast along with the audio-video data and may be manipulated by software within the client 1012.

Audio-video signals and program control signals received by the client 1012 may include television programs, metadata, and menu selections accessible by a viewer through a user interface, as well as applications that may be executed. A viewer may control the client 1012 in a variety of ways, including through an infrared remote control unit, a control panel on the client, or a device that is used to choose from a menu displayed on the television screen. Selections and entries made by the viewer may be intended for one or more of several applications that are executing on the client. As mentioned above, broadcast signals 1070 are received via front end 1026 and are filtered by transport stage 1028. Unicast or multicast signals may generally be received via return channel 1038. Applications 1042 which execute on the client 1012 may arrive there in a variety of ways. For example, applications may be received via a broadcast signal 1070, via the return channel resource interface 1038, or via storage device 1018. Applications received via storage device 1018 may have been shipped originally with the client 1012 or may have been downloaded previously from another source and stored on storage 1018.

In one embodiment, client 1012 may be configured as a digital set top box for use with a satellite receiver or satellite integrated decoder/receiver that is capable of decoding MPEG video, audio, and data. For example, client 1012 may be configured to receive digital video channels that support broadband communications using Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM), Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (COFDM), or 8-vestigial side band (VSB), and to control channels for two-way signaling and messaging. The digital channels may carry compressed and encoded multiprogram MPEG (Motion Picture Expert Group) transport streams. Transport stage 1028 extracts the desired program from the transport stream and separates the audio, video, and data components, which are routed to devices that process the streams, such as one or more audio decoders, one or more video

decoders, and optionally to RAM (or other form of memory) or a hard drive. It is to be understood that the client 1012 and storage device 1018 (as well as any data and signals from the broadcast service provider) may be configured to accommodate analog, digital, or both analog and digital data. For storage of received analog data, conversion to digital format may be performed.

Storage device 1018 is optionally coupled to the client 1012 and may be configured to store video, audio, executable code, metadata, and other data. Storage device 1018 may be internal to client 1012 or connected externally (e.g., through an IEEE 1394-1995 connection) with either a permanent connection or a removable connection. Further, storage device 1018 may comprise any suitable type of storage, such as a hard disk drive, a recordable DVD drive, magnetic tape, optical disk, magneto-optical disk, flash memory, or solid state memory. In addition, more than one storage device such as device 1018 may be attached to the client 1012. The client 1012 and/or storage device 1018 may further be incorporated into a television set. Executable data, such as program instructions, which is stored within storage device 1018 may be retrieved and executed. In one embodiment, retrieved data may be executed or otherwise utilized in synchronization with other applications or received signals, for example corresponding to a game show, commercial, or Internet based on-line game. Alternatively, retrieved data may be executed or utilized independently, such as for video-on-demand, banking, e-mail, a web browser, or an electronic program guide (EPG).

It is to be understood that the client 1012 and system 100 described herein are intended to be exemplary only. Broadcast network system 100 and client 1012 may be different than described herein without departing from the scope of the invention. Further, various components depicted in the client 1012 of Fig. 3 may be combined, such as the placement of the integration of storage device 1018 within client 1012. Numerous alternatives are possible and are contemplated.

## 1. APPLICATION MODEL AND LIFE CYCLE

Generally speaking, an interactive television application may start in either a maximized state or a minimized state, depending upon how it is authored. Signaling in the directory may indicate to the system whether the application is starting in the minimized state or the maximized state. From a system's perspective, the difference between the minimized state and the maximized state is that applications which are in the minimized state may not receive a notification when a viewer presses keys. Alternatively, when in a maximized state, applications may present a filter to the system that tells the system to notify them when keys designated in the filter are pressed. While not necessarily required, an application executing in a minimized state typically reduces its usage of resources. For example, it may present an icon on the screen rather than extended graphics.

In addition to the above, an application running in either a minimized state or a maximized state may be suspended. Upon suspension, an application is not generally notified, but rather no cpu time is allocated to the application. At the termination of the suspension, an application returns to the state it was in prior to suspension. In either case, the system may invoke a function in the application to notify that application that it had been suspended so that it may take any actions necessary to ensure internal consistency.

Applications may terminate normally or may be asked by the system to terminate, for example, if a new application appears in the broadcast stream. Because an application may be in a state where termination would be disruptive to the viewer, the application may deny a request to terminate immediately. For example, a viewer may be in the middle of an online transaction to purchase an advertised product. When an application does terminate, the system is notified so that it can determine, typically working together with the network-provided control task, which application to execute next.

Transitions between states may be responses to a variety of stimuli including broadcast signaling, viewer button presses, and decisions made by the system or the



applications themselves. As noted above, the initial state of an application may be determined by broadcast signaling. A button press may be used to cause an application to move from the minimized state to the maximized state. The application itself may decide when to transition to the terminated state and when to transition to the minimized state. The system may suspend an application in order to execute another application. Further, broadcast signaling can cause the system to request that an application exit.

While the life cycle defined above may represent a default life cycle, modifications to the life cycle may be provided by calls in a network provider control task. For example, one need not even load an application until the viewer responds with an appropriate button selection in response to the presentation of an icon. Further, the above life cycle may generally correspond to a model in which only a single application is executable at a time. However, in order to support multiple applications concurrently, the application model and life cycle definition may be more complex. For example, priorities may be signaled so that the implementation may determine which applications may execute in the event that the hardware is not capable of supporting all of the signaled applications simultaneously.

Applications developed for use in interactive television systems may generally include programming code similar to that of programming languages such as C, C++, etc. However, with the proliferation of the World Wide Web (Web), and the desire to take advantage of Web and Web like resources in interactive television systems, the use of other languages such as HTML and the Javascript<sup>TM</sup> (JS) language may be useful. However, while the use of HTML applications may be desired, the life cycle of HTML applications in an interactive television environment may be complicated by several factors.

First, HTML/JS content may be more dynamic than persistent. For example, in a current interactive television environment, an application may be configured to only execute code or use data that is packaged within the carousel in the same directory as the first program module. Hence, for security reasons the directory contents may clearly

define the application boundary and the permissions signaled within the directory may be applied to the entire contents of the directory. However, HTML/JS content may refer to other content (e.g., via a link) that is to be acquired from some location other than the carousel and the content that is referred to may replace the initial content. It is not clear that it is safe in this case to apply the same security permissions to such replacing content. Therefore, due to this dynamic nature, it is more difficult to define an “application boundary.”

Second, even when a product does not support multiple concurrent applications and restricts the application to only that content carried within the same directory in the carousel, there may be life cycle issues that affect the way that a content author designs the HTML/JS content. For example, if it is determined that the broadcaster can signal that an application may quit, it may be useful to invoke a handler written by the content author to respond to such an event. Similarly, there may be other states which might best be handled by an application-specific handler. For example, if the viewer is in the middle of a transaction involving an application, that application may wish to delay its termination until the transaction completes. Therefore, an application may be notified by the system when a broadcaster signals a new application available in the broadcast. In one embodiment, the application may be notified via an event, such as the `O_exit` event identified below. An application that determines that it does not want to exit immediately may extend its life by calling a defined event function such `preventDefault()`.

`O_exit`

Bubbles : yes -- (see DOM event model)

Cancelable : yes

context info: the reason for exiting.

## 2. TUNING AND STREAM SELECTION

In one embodiment, two different ways for broadcast signal tuning and stream selection are provided. The first uses a markup language, such as HTML, and assumes that the content author has sufficient a priori knowledge as described below. The second uses a scripting language such as Javascript, does not assume the same a priori knowledge, and is generic enough to be applicable to stream selection from a local hard drive or VOD. Both make use of a new URL defined here known as the "broadcast:" URL. First, the URL which is used in both methods is described.

URL which can be used for tuning and stream selection

In some broadcast environments, such as MPEG based environment, it may be possible to associate a globally (or at least network) unique identifier with a broadcast stream. Use of such a unique identifier within a URL scheme may allow the unique identification of resources within that stream. A syntax of a broadcast Url scheme is provided below. Generally speaking, this scheme may provide a general mechanism for identifying broadcast resources in a manner that is network independent and platform independent. This scheme may work with digitally recorded programs as well as with live broadcasts.

The following is a formal syntax, in BNF like grammar, for a "broadcast:" URL. In the following, note that rules are separated from definitions by an equal "=", "|" is used to designate alternatives, literals are quoted with "", parentheses "(" and ")" are used to group elements, optional elements are enclosed in "[" and "]" brackets, and elements may be preceded with <n>\* to designate n or more repetitions of the following element where n defaults to 0.

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| broadcast_url       | = broadcast_scheme ":" [ broadcast_hier_part ]                       |
| broadcast_scheme    | = "broadcast"  |
| broadcast_hier_part | = broadcast_net_path   broadcast_abs_path                            |
| broadcast_net_path  | = "://" service_address [ component_list ]<br>[ broadcast_abs_path ] |

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| service_address    | = channel_name   "current"                             |
| channel_name       | = *( domainlabel "." ) toplabel                        |
| domainlabel        | = alphanum   alphanum *( alphanum   "-" ) alphanum     |
| toplabel           | = alpha   alpha *( alphanum   "-" ) alphanum           |
| alphanum           | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |
| alpha              | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |
| component_list     | = ";" component *( ";" component )                     |
| component          | = stream_selector                                      |
| stream_selector    | = stream_type "=" stream_id                            |
| stream_type        | = "video"   "audio"   "data"   "subtitle"   "teletext" |
| stream_id          | = 1 *alphanum   "default"   "current"   "none"         |
| broadcast_abs_path | = "/" path_segments                                    |
| path_segments      | (may be as defined in RFC 2396)                        |

Given the above definition, one example of a summary of usage may be represented:

**broadcast:** { //<service\_address>{ ; <component\_list> }

Where *service\_address* is defined as follows:

*service\_address* ::= *channel\_name* | current

where:

*channel\_name* specifies a DNS-style name that uniquely identifies the channel.

current specifies the service currently selected.

The *component\_list* is a comma-separated list identifying specific components in the stream and may be defined as follows:

```

component_list ::= component *(“,” component )
component ::= stream_type “=” ( track_tag | “default” ) |
stream_type ::= “video” | “audio” | ...

```

A *track\_tag* may be defined as an ASCII string of arbitrary length, typically between 1 and 4 bytes. A *track\_tag* of “0” is equivalent to the default component of the specified stream type. For example, the URL “broadcast://tf1.fr; video=0, audio=eng” identifies the default video stream and the English audio stream on the channel named “tf1.fr”.

#### A/V MIME Types Associated With The Broadcast: Url

While the following discussion primarily describes the semantics associated with video and audio stream types, other stream types are permitted within the URL and are discussed in the section entitled “Obtaining Applications and Data” below. In either case, in one embodiment, , the following events may be dispatched during a service selection.

#### **Stream Selection Events**

- Click** The selection occurred as a result of a click event. Default action is to request the specified service. Note that this event is generally a user-input event.
- Load** If the request succeeds, a load event will be dispatched. Normally such an event is dispatched after the URL is finished loading, but indefinite video and audio streams would never finish loading. Hence, it is appropriate to dispense this event once processing of the requested audio and video

streams has been successfully initiated through all of the hardware involved in the processing pipe.

- Error** If the request is denied or otherwise invalid an error event is dispatched.
- Abort** If the user aborts the request before the load event is dispatched, an abort event is dispatched.
- Unload** If the request replaces an existing target an unload event is dispatched.

When no component list is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL may be application/mpeg.service and this type may correspond to a service as defined an MPEG standard. Hence, such a MIME type would contain not only video, audio, and subtitles, but also the data that is multiplexed on the same service with them, e.g., html and/or other applications.

When a video component is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL is video/mpeg. Similarly, when an audio component is specified, the MIME type corresponding to the broadcast: URL is audio/mpeg.

As shown in the examples below, it is possible to refer to multiple elementary streams in a single URL. If the streams referred to include only a single video stream and a single audio stream which is synchronized with that video stream, then the resulting streams will be considered to be of type video/mpeg; otherwise, the type of the multiple streams will be type application/mpeg.service.

### Examples

This section explains the meaning of several example URLs, which, in some cases, if used as in the complete example shown in the next section, could result in tuning and/or stream selection.

`broadcast :`

Identifies the currently tuned `service_address` and `component_list` for the *primary pipe* (see *JS Tuning and Stream Selection* below). This usage is similar to “tv:” in the DASE specification and “dvb://current.av” in the MHP specification. So, for example, this may be used within an HTML element to re-size and re-locate the currently playing video.

`broadcast://cnn.com`

Identifies the CNN TV channel and all of its component streams. This form of the URL can be used to request that the TV tuner switch channels. This URL in a service selection context causes the automatic selection of the default streams. That is, when used in a service selection context, the user-agent will (if the application is appropriately authorized) tune to the new channel and automatically select the default video stream, select the default audio stream (based on the preferred language), select the default sub-titles and teletext if identified in the user’s current preferences, and select the default data carousel.

`broadcast://cnn.com;audio=eng`

Identifies the CNN TV channel and explicitly selects only the English audio stream. Documents use this form of the URL to explicitly reference a specific elementary stream.

`broadcast://current;audio=eng,video=current`

Selects the English audio stream on the current service. This URL allows the author to switch the current audio stream without explicitly knowing the current service address, and without changing the currently selected video stream.

**2.1 HTML Tuning and Stream Selection**

When the content author has knowledge of the DNS name that corresponds to a given channel, they may use HTML to cause tuning to that channel. For example, the following HTML allows the HTML document to present a link, "my\_link", which requests the tuner to select a new service.

```
<A ID="my_link" HREF="broadcast://cnn.com">Click Me</A>
```

If the request is authorized and resolves to a valid channel\_name, then the HTML document will be unloaded and replaced with a TV media handler playing the default video and audio streams associated with the cnn.com service.

In one embodiment, HTML applications may permit the use of URLs that reference MPEG video or audio streams or MPEG-2 services as illustrated in the following HTML elements and CSS attributes. If use of the URLs result in component selection from the currently tuned service, only the Load, Error, or Abort events could occur.

| Attribute        | HTML element |            |                          |
|------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
|                  | video/mpeg   | audio/mpeg | application/mpeg.service |
| background-image | yes          |            | yes                      |
| background-video | yes          |            | yes                      |



|                    |     |     |     |
|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| <b>a.href</b>      | yes | yes | yes |
| <b>img.src</b>     | yes | yes | yes |
| <b>input.src</b>   | yes | yes | yes |
| <b>object.data</b> | yes | yes | yes |

In Addition, URLs may cause service selection when referenced via the location object in a scripting document object model as described below or when used as a parameter in a “goto” dialog.

## 2.2 JavaScript Tuning and Stream Selection

A second way to enable signal tuning and stream selection utilizes a scripting language such as JavaScript to allow the content developer to explicitly control virtual pipes that exist between sources of audio and video (e.g., tuner, local hard drive) and their destinations (e.g., screen, local hard drive). This section describes how a JavaScript programmer can exert fine-grained control over not only which streams are chosen for display, but also which streams may be recorded onto a hard drive and the speed and direction with which recorded streams are displayed.

An abstraction, known as a pipe, may be used used to embody the association between the source of a stream (e.g., a tuner or a file containing a recording on a hard drive) and the ultimate destination (e.g., the display or a file on the hard drive), including, for example, any resources that are required between the source and destination (e.g., Conditional Access hardware, I/O buffers).

When receiver software boots up, a set (or array) of pipes may be defined. In one embodiment, this array of pipes represents all of the possible connections between stream sources and destinations that may be represented on a particular hardware platform. Other embodiments may represent fewer than all possible connections. Because these are abstractions, it is possible to have a defined pipe without having all of the hardware which is required by the pipe currently allocated to that particular pipe. A defined pipe where less than all of the hardware has been allocated to it is said to be in an "unrealized" state. A pipe is "realized" when all required hardware has been allocated to that pipe.

The programmer may use the defined pipes array to:

- select a pipe
- set the source of a pipe
- set the destination of a pipe if it is a file
- control the speed of a pipe, if the source is thus controllable, and also be able to set the location when such is possible
- select the components of a stream that will be sent to the destination
- add or remove event listeners
- and request that a new pipe be started for recording purposes.

In addition, the programmer may determine which pipe is being used for a given image by using the *id* which is associated with that image. For example, if there is an HTML snippet included that states

```

```

then, the JS programmer may refer to *foo.pipe* and invoke any of the methods which are described below and may read/write the values in the attributes as permitted by the definition below.

## The Pipes Collection And The Tvpipes Object

Object Model Reference:

```
[window].navigator.tv.pipes[i]
[window].navigator.tv.pipes.primary
```

The pipes array above is a collection of TvPipe objects as described below. The primary object is a reference to a pipe object that can be settable or gettable in javascript. The TvPipe object has the following properties, methods, and collections.

### The TVPipe Object

#### Properties:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| name        | String that identifies this pipe in the pipes[] array. (Read-only)   |
| src         | URL corresponding to the current channel (read/write)<br>-- may correspond to either a file: or broadcast: url |
| realized    | “true”   “false” (read-only)   |
| status      | “connected”   “connecting”   “disconnected”   “disconnecting”<br>-- (read-only)                                |
| destination | only if pipe is currently being used for recording (read/write)<br>-- url corresponding to file:               |
| type        | “record”   “display” (read-only)   |

position     unsigned int   (read-write)  
              -- # of ms into the event

speed        int       (read-write)  
              -- 100 is normal speed  
              -- 0 is still  
              -- 500 is 5 times normal speed  
              -- -100 is normal speed, backwards  
              -- -500 is 5 times normal speed, backwards  
              -- 50 is half speed, forwards, etc.

event\_info   name-value pairs about the current event (read-only)

**Collections:**

Components[] array of component objects (see **TvComponent** below)  
              indicating those which are currently selected

**Methods:**

record(uri)   Starts the recording to the file named in the uri if sufficient  
              resources exist.

addEventListener()

removeEventListener()

dispatchEvent()

## The TvComponent object

A TvComponent object represents a data stream which may be carrying video, audio, interactive data, subtitles, or other content types.

Object Model Reference:

```
[window].navigator.tv.pipes[i].components[i]
```

Properties:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| name     | String that represents the name (i.e., the value of the track_tag) of the component (read-only) |
| selected | “true”   “false” (read/write)<br>-- boolean indicating that this component has been selected    |
| type     | “audio” “video” “data” “subtitles” “teletext” ... (read-only)                                   |

### 3. CONTROLLING THE DISPLAY AND PLAYING OF VIDEO, GRAPHICS, AND AUDIO IN HTML/JS

This section describes how graphics may be positioned and sized on top of video, how the video itself can be positioned and sized, and how the audio can be controlled. Transparency between the graphics plane and the video plane, palette-based color, and the MPEG I-Frame are discussed here as well.

In one embodiment, a receiver may be configured to support multiple graphics and video layers. In such an embodiment, there may be a bottommost layer that is used to display video and an interactive layer (OSD) on top of that which is used to display

text and graphics. Rendering of video, both stills (e.g., I-frames) and in-motion video, may be supported by a hardware MPEG decoder.

In addition to the above, an extension may support a layer on top of the OSD layer called the subtitle layer. A further extension may be used to support a multi-plane graphics layer. In one embodiment, this layer may lie logically between the bottommost layer and the interactive layer. This multi-plane graphics layer may be used to display still pictures such as JPEG, MPEG, or other images. Included below is a discussion of support for images in the multi-plane graphics layer.

### 3.1 Color and transparency

Various models exist for specifying how color information is represented. For example, a "color space" is a model for representing color in terms of intensity values. Examples of color spaces include RGB which is commonly used for computer displays, CMYK which is used for color printers, and YUV which is traditionally used for television.

The number of bits used to define a pixel's color may be referred to as its bit-depth. True color, sometimes referred to as 24-bit color, is the specification of the color of a pixel on a display screen using a 24-bit value. By using 24-bits to specify color, up to 16,777,216 colors are possible. Display systems vary in their ability to support color. For example, some color display systems offer a 32-bit color mode. In a 32-bit color display system, the extra byte, called the alpha channel, may be used for control and special effects information.

Because lower end set-top boxes may not have sufficient memory to support true color, palette-based models may be used. With a palette based model, the color of a pixel is represented by an index into a color palette. In such a model, content authors may define their own color palettes containing colors of their own choosing. The actual colors

in a palette are typically represented as 48-bit numbers with the first three of those numbers representing the actual color and the fourth of the numbers representing the amount of transparency in the color.

In a system where there is sufficient memory to support true color, multiple applications can share the screen with little or no problem because the fixed color palette is large enough to accommodate the multiple different hues required by each application. However, in a system where the number of colors supportable is limited, if multiple applications sharing the screen declare their own color palette, the viewer experience can be disturbing.

Often devices where graphics overlay video (such as less expensive set-top boxes) have palettes with limited built-in transparency models. Two common models where transparency is limited include the following:

- a. Only a single non-opaque element in the palette is supported. For example, that element could be completely transparent, or it could be pink that is 50% transparent, etc. In either case all other elements must be opaque.
- b. A single element in the palette that can be an semi-transparent or completely transparent is supported. All other elements in the palette can be either completely opaque or have a particular, fixed amount of transparency. For example, a palette that can hold  $n$  colors could contain a single color that is 30% transparent,  $m$  ( $m > 1$ ) colors that are 50% transparent – in this case the remaining  $n-(m+1)$  colors must be either 50% transparent or completely opaque. In other words, there cannot be 3 non-opaque colors in a palette all having a different level of transparency.

In order to maximize the availability of the transparency values for the author's use, a system may be defined that allows an author to specify a region, including both its location and dimensions, which they want to contain overlay graphics. Were the author

not able to specify this region, they would have to “waste” (the) one transparent color by painting the area outside of the graphics region with the (sometimes only) transparent color available in the palette. (This also reduces the amount of space required to store the On-screen display graphics.) Subsequently, the an application may be configured to dynamically change its region (even when that application is transcoded prior to broadcasting).

Fixed-Variable Palette

In one embodiment, a combination fixed-variable palette may be used where the variable components are specified by the application. The first  $m$  of  $n$  colors may be chosen to be fixed with the 0<sup>th</sup> color being fully transparent. For example, in a 256 color palette where there are 8 bits available for color, the first 188 colors may be as specified in an existing or proposed standard, such as the DVB MHP color palette. The remaining 68 colors may be taken from colors specified by the color palette accompanying the image. In one embodiment, these 68 colors may be selected from the first 68 colors specified in the image palette. Therefore, an application content designer should ensure that the most important colors are placed first in the palette.

If it is necessary to support multiple applications, each of which brings its own color palette, then the system may choose to place into the palette a mixture of the first colors in each of the application/image specific palettes. Similarly, any time it is expected that multiple images will be sharing the screen, the author of those applications may get best results by using only the fixed colors in one of the images or the same palette for both of the images.

Transparency between the graphics and video plane may be important in interactive television, as the viewer often wants to be able to see the video that is running under the interactive text or images. In one embodiment, the Porter-Duff SRC composition rules may be used for composing graphics with each other. Generally, the



underlying video is opaque, hence the video shows through the graphics when they are transparent. The Porter-Duff SRC rule is relatively easy to compute because the transparency of one object over the top of another chooses the alpha (transparency) value of the object on top as the transparency of the composed objects. While in some cases this result may appear somewhat un-natural looking, graphic artists are accustomed to planning their layout with this rule in mind.

Because it may be computationally complex to compute the resulting alpha value, set-top boxes may be permitted to approximate the SRC-Over rule using the SRC rule (unless the object on top is completely transparent, in which case, the pixel values for the transparent object should not be applied). In one embodiment, HTML applications may specify a particular default composition rule, such as SRC-Over. However, in those cases in which a set-top box does not have sufficient computational power to compute the SRC-Over composition, an approximation of the SRC-Over rule may be used (e.g., using the Porter-Duff SRC rule.)

### 3.1.1 The clut property

The palette format discussed below allows images whose colors are specified using an index into a palette to also specify per-pixel transparency values through the use of an alpha channel. However, for other images, backgrounds, etc., another method may be required for specifying the transparency. Therefore, new properties which allow the specification of these alpha values is described in the subsection below entitled "Alpha Properties."

An application author may specify that a particular palette (often referred to as a color lookup table or "clut" for short) may be useful in rendering objects in the body of an HTML page. This palette could be used in one of several ways. For example, in a vertical network the author may specify both a palette and the colors of objects using only that palette because they know that all receivers have similar color capabilities.

Alternatively, when the author expects that their application may be used in a network that includes receivers of varying capabilities, this palette may serve as a hint as to the best colors to use. In either case the author may specify a color palette by using the 'clut' property documented below.

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 'clut'            |                    |
| Value             | : <url>  none      |
| Initial           | : selected default |
| Applies to        | : body             |
| Inherited         | : yes              |
| Percentage Values | : N/A              |
| Media type        | : tv               |

The <url> value above may be used to identify the location of the actual palette. If no <url> value is specified, or there is no 'clut' property in the style sheet or inline, a default palette may be used.

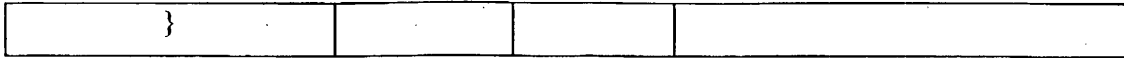
In the table which follows, one embodiment of a palette format is presented. In one embodiment, the MIME type associated with a url that contains a palette in the format defined by the table below may be "application/clut," with an extension of ".clt". In addition, user agents and HTML applications may accept cluts in the format used by "png" images. The types of these cluts may be the same as entire png images.

Usage example (using inline style):

```
<BODY style="http://cnn.com/demoClut.clt">
```

**Format of palettes of type application/clut:**

|                       | No. of bits | Identifier | Notes   |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------|---|
| PaletteResource() {   |             |            |   |
| color_model           | 8           | uimsbf     | The value of 1 for the color model may be used to indicate RGB, whereas the value 2 is used to indicate YUV.  |
| nb_colors             | 16          | uimsbf     | The value in nb_colors is the number of colors in the palette.  |
| first_color           | 8           | uimsbf     | The purpose of the first_color value is to allow multiple resources, each specifying their own palette, to share the color space.   |
| for (i=0; i<n; i++) { |             |            | The first, second, and third amounts (amt_first, etc.) refer to the amount of RGB or YUV, depending upon the value of color_model. The value in alpha (amt_transparency) represents transparency with 0 being transparent and 255 being opaque. |
| amt_first             | 8           | uimsbf     |   |
| amt_second            | 8           | uimsbf     |   |
| amt_third             | 8           | uimsbf     |   |
| amt_transparency      | 8           | uimsbf     |   |
| }                     |             |            |   |



### 3.1.2 Alpha Properties

Use of an application-specific palette allows an author to specify the alpha channel corresponding to a particular index. Below is one embodiment illustrating how alpha properties may be specified.

'alpha'

|                   |   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Value             | : | <hexadecimal-integer>   <percentage>   <normalized-number> |
| Initial           | : | #FF  |
| Applies to        | : | All elements   |
| Inherited         | : | yes  |
| Percentage Values | : | percent opacity  |
| Media type        | : | tv   |

Usage example:

```
<EM color=#008080 style="alpha:#C0">
```

In one embodiment, the value #FF is fully opaque and the value #00 is fully transparent. The normalized-number may range between 0.0 (fully transparent) and 1.0 (fully opaque). Similarly, 0% may indicate full transparency and 100% fully opaque. These same terms may be used with similar meanings in the additional properties illustrated below.

**'background-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
<normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
Applies to: All elements  
Inherited: no  
Percentage Values: percent opacity  
Media type: tv

**Usage example:**

<BODY style="background: black; background-alpha:#00">

**'border-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
<normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
Applies to: All elements  
Inherited: no  
Percentage Values: percent opacity  
Media type: tv

**'border-top-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
<normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
Applies to: All elements  
Inherited: no  
Percentage Values: percent opacity  
Media type: tv

**'border-bottom-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
<normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
Applies to: All elements  
Inherited: no  
Percentage Values: percent opacity  
Media type: tv

**'border-left-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
<normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
Applies to: All elements  
Inherited: no  
Percentage Values: percent opacity  
Media type: tv

**'border-right-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
 <normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
 Applies to: All elements  
 Inherited: no  
 Percentage Values: percent opacity  
 Media type: tv

**'outline-alpha'**

Value: <hexadecimal-integer> | <percentage> |  
 <normalized-number>

Initial: #FF  
 Applies to: All elements  
 Inherited: no  
 Percentage Values: percent opacity  
 Media type: tv

**3.2 Positioning of Graphics on top of Video**

An HTML developer may use Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) to specify relative or absolute positioning of graphics on top of video. Additionally, CSS may be used to specify other characteristics as well, such as a border, associated with the visual appearance of a graphic or text block.

In one embodiment, the size of the OSD may be defined as the size of the block (div) whose name has been defined to be "osd." If there are no such blocks, the size may be the size of the first division in a top level window. Where a set-top box cannot create an OSD of exactly that size, the closest available size to the specified size may be used. The examples below illustrate how graphics may be positioned relative to background video. The resulting display for each of the examples is the same, given the assumptions stated below in the descriptions.

In this first example, the background is set to a broadcast video via a url by using a background-image attribute. In this case it is assumed that the application has been granted the tuning privilege and therefore the tuner is tuned to the station carrying the Family-Videos network and the default video and audio is displayed.

#### **First Example of Positioning images on top of video**

```
<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
<body style="background-image: url(broadcast://family-videos.com)>
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border: thin
solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
<p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
```



```
</body>  
</html>
```

In the second example, it is assumed that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network.

#### Second Example of Positioning images on top of video

```
<html>  
<head>  
<title>example</title>  
</head>  
<body style="background-image: url(broadcast://current); ">  
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border: thin  
solid red">  
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt; line-  
height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;  
background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">  
<p>Nicolas a 18 mois  
</div>  
  
</div>  
</body>  
</html>
```

In the third example, it is once again assumed that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network and a transparent color for the background is explicitly selected (though this would be the default anyway).

**Third Example of Positioning images on top of video**

```
<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
<body style=" background-color: transparent">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border: thin
    solid red">
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
    line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
    background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
<p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
</body>
</html>
```

The fourth example shows that the background need not be specified at all, assuming again that the television has already been tuned to the Family-Videos network.

**Fourth Example of Positioning images on top of video**

```
<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
<div style="position: absolute; left: 200px; top: 80px; color=gray; border: thin
    solid red">
```

```
<div style="position: absolute; left: 10px; top: 10px; font-size=18pt;
        line-height=120%; color=yellow; border: thin solid yellow;
        background-alpha: #01; compose-rule: src">
<p>Nicolas a 18 mois
</div>

</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Some set-top boxes may lack the resources to to simultaneously play video and display a full OSD at the same time. Therefore, to account for this possibility, an HTML application on one of these boxes may not attempt to interpret any content on those boxes unless a META element, as shown below, is used to indicate that the content was designed specifically for these boxes.

Header meta-data:

```
<META name="tv-use" content="full-screen">
```

### 3.3 When To Render Graphics

When rendering graphics as they are downloaded, it sometimes makes sense to delay displaying to the viewer until at least a subset of the resources, which have been deemed as essential by the content creator, have been downloaded. In one embodiment, a content creator may label the essential subset of resources by identifying them using a directive such as a "prerequisite" meta-data header. For example, the following indicates that no rendering for the page may occur prior to acquiring "background.mpg"

<META name="prerequisite" content="http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg">

In addition to indicating that certain resources may be required prior to rendering, a content author may further control the rendering through the use of a render-policy and/or render-timeout properties as described below.

render-policy: progressive | layoutComplete | loadComplete

Applies to: Body

Initial: progressive

Inherited: no

Percentage: N/A

The progressive rendering policy indicates that displaying can start as soon as the essential resources (those marked as prerequisites in meta-data headers) have been acquired. With this policy, as resources are acquired, they are incorporated into the rendered and displayed graphics.

The layoutComplete rendering policy indicates that the rendered image may not be displayed until the software has acquired sufficient information to determine the complete on-screen layout and has acquired those resources labeled as prerequisites. This policy prevents objects from appearing to move around as the rendered graphics incrementally appear onscreen.

The loadComplete rendering policy indicates that the graphics may not be displayed until all resources that will be used for rendering the display have been downloaded. The only difference between the loadComplete rendering policy and labeling all resources as prerequisites, is that in the first case the OnLoad event will have been delivered to the appropriate handler, if any, prior to rendering, and hence may affect the rendered view.

In certain circumstances the specified rendering policy may not be possible, i.e., if a prerequisite resource has been removed from the carousel and acquisition via a modem has been denied by the viewer. In one embodiment, if no timeout for this loading has been specified, then the timeout may default to an indicated value (15s) as shown in the render-timeout property below. If a timeout occurs, and at least all of the prerequisite resources have been acquired, what is available for the new page may be displayed, independent of the specified rendering policy. If some of the prerequisite resources have not been acquired, then it may be preferable, if possible, for the display to show the previous page, if any. If this is not possible, then either an error message may appear or the box may render and display those resources which it has been able to acquire.

|                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| render-timeout | none   <time> |
| Initial        | 15s           |

In any case, while the box is acquiring the resources for the new page, it may be preferable to continue to display the old page, and, if possible, allow the viewer to interact with the old page.

Scene transitions

In one embodiment, all user agents may be required to comply with the following two requirements:

- if the element which contains the video neither moves nor changes size during a transition from one page to another, there will be no video glitch; and
- if the size or location of an element containing video does change during a transition from one page to another, the changes in video and graphics will be closely synchronized with one another.

### 3.4 Video positioning and resizing

In addition to considering video as being a virtual underlying plane, the content author may place video boxes within html content by using "broadcast:" as the "src", or as the source of "data" of an HTML element, for which location and/or size are specified. In particular, the location can be specified through the use of CSS.

The examples below demonstrate how a "broadcast:" url may be used in an IMG or OBJECT element to request a particular scaling size.

```
<IMG height=300 width=400 style="position:absolute; left:200px; top:80px"
      src="broadcast://current ">
```

```
<OBJECT height=300 width=400 data="broadcast://current
      "></OBJECT>
```

Both of the examples above request that the currently tuned channel (identified by the url, "broadcast:") be scaled to the size of 300 by 400. The first example also demonstrates how CSS properties can be used to position the resulting video box. Although the actual size and position of the video may be partly determined by the capabilities of both the set-top box and the drivers supplied for given hardware, applications should attempt to position and scale the video as specified by the content author.

### 3.5 Support for MPEG stills

HTML applications may also support the displaying of still images, such as MPEG I-Frames, in either the video plane or in the multi-plane graphics layer. Because set-top boxes frequently have special purpose hardware for efficient rendering of MPEG, MPEG images are particularly appropriate for the television environment. MPEG I-frames may be recognized by the MIME type of image/mpeg and will have an extension of mpg.

The following example demonstrates the use of an MPEG I-Frame.

```
<html>
<head>
<title>example</title>
</head>
  <body style="background-image:url(http://pepsi.com/pepsi-
    ad.mpg)" >
</body>
</html>
```

### 3.6 Control of Audio

This section deals with playing of audio from memory and controlling the audio stream after it has been selected. The CSS aural properties can be used to control the audio stream and audio being played from memory. Aural style sheets allow content developers to control the volume, allow the presentation of audio icons (cues), and even allow the developer to control spatial properties and mixing. These style sheets may further support the volume properties, the pause properties, and the mixing properties. HTML itself provides a way to specify an audio element using the <object> tag. There are currently a few events defined on this element: onlayoutcomplete, onmouseenter, onmouseleave, onreadystatechange.

Although CSS provides a way to support volume control, a Javascript object may be used to implement 'mute.' The reason for this requirement is that the object needs to remember the previous volume setting, so that when the sound is turned back on, it will immediately be set back to the volume to which it was set prior to muting.

#### 4. OBTAINING NON-AV RESOURCES

Applications and data may be obtained from sources including broadcast or point-to-point (e.g., over a return channel via modem). In one embodiment, HTML applications may provide access to broadcast resources via the broadcast: URL protocol, as well as those that are carried within a broadcast http: protocol (bhttp). Access via the broadcast: protocol is as described above. For the bhttp protocol, whose client-side behavior is as described below, the client side treats the broadcast stream as a cache.

##### 4.1 Access to Broadcast Resources

###### 4.1.1 Access via the broadcast: URL Protocol

The HTML/JS content developer may access non-AV broadcast resources using the broadcast: protocol in a way that is similar to the way they use the broadcast: protocol to access AV resources.

###### An Informal Description of the Scheme for non-AV resources

The description here differs from that provided in the previous section in that path\_segments have been added to allow specification of particular data streams.

`broadcast : { //<service_address>{ ;<component_list> } } { /<path_segments> }`

A *service\_address* is defined as follows:



*service\_address* ::= *channel\_name* | *current*

where:

*channel\_name* specifies a DNS-style name that uniquely identifies the channel,  
and  
*current* specifies the service currently selected.

As stated in the previous section, the *component\_list* is a comma-separated list selecting specific components in the stream. The *component\_list* is defined as follows:

*component\_list* ::= *component* \* ( “,” *component* )  
*component* ::= *stream\_type* “=” ( *track\_tag* | “default” | “current” | “none” )  
*stream\_type* ::= “video” | “audio” | “data” | “subtitle” | “teletext”

The presence of *path\_segments* in a URL indicates that it references a specific module in the data carousel associated with the *service\_address*. For example, the URL “broadcast://tfl.fr/background.png” refers to the background.png module on the default data carousel.

## Examples

**broadcast:/background.png**

Load the module background.png from the default data carousel on the current service.

**broadcast://current;data=htp0/**

Select the data carousel with track\_tag "htp0", examine the directory module and load the "default" module in that directory (e.g., index.htm).

Some applications may require the ability to load a specific module within a data carousel. For example, the following HTML loads the background.png module from the default carousel and uses it as a background image.

```
<BODY background="broadcast:/background.png">
```

During a carousel request, typical HTML events which may be dispatched include.

**Load** If the request succeeded, a load event is dispatched after the URL is finished loading.

**Error** If the request is denied or otherwise invalid an error event is dispatched.

**Abort** If the user aborts the request before it complete, an abort event is dispatched.

Resident applications (such as a control task, or EPG) may require the ability to automatically launch an application during service selection. In these instances a URL of the form

```
broadcast://cnn.com; data=htp0/
```

informs a browser to automatically execute the default module on a specific data carousel.

Note: The default module may be selected by checking the specified directory for the following modules. The first module name that exists is automatically loaded.

BHTTP  
Index.htp  
Index.htm

A simpler URL of the form "broadcast:/" informs the browser to automatically execute the default module in the default carousel of the currently selected service.

#### **4.1.2 Access Via the Http: URL Scheme and the broadcast carousel**

In one embodiment, HTML pages may use "http:" URLs to load resources from the carousel. In particular, the HTTP cache may be enhanced to automatically cache HTTP entities from the data carousel. Therefore, the http: URL handler will be able to load HTTP entities directly from the HTTP cache without opening an HTTP connection to the origin server. Hence, HTML pages that use an "http:" URL to reference HTTP entities may not notice any difference between resources retrieved from the broadcast and those retrieved using the client/server HTTP URL protocol.

One embodiment of such a model is illustrated in Fig. 4. In the example of Fig. 4, the Head End 402 is acting as a proxy, is responsible for fetching data from the Origin Server 410 which has been requested by the carousel manager 420 (through as many hops as needed), and for placing the proper cache headers according to HTTP syntax and semantics (based upon expires header). The set-top-box 404 may then populate its cache from the carousel. The Expires entity-header field may give the date/time after which the response is considered stale.

In response to detecting an http url, the client-side may first check its local cache. If the requested data is not found in the cache, the client may check the current carousel if any, possibly retrieving data from the carousel. Alternatively, it may send an HTTP request for the specified URL.

In order to allow proper cache behavior, the carousel may provide expiration dates and other cache control information in HTTP headers. For example, such information may include:

1. Cache-Control (HTTP 1.1) header information that specifies the maximum amount of time that a particular page may be considered to be fresh.
2. In a response to either the head-end or the client, the origin server may add the following headers in order to allow efficient and accurate caching:
  - expires, indicating the data/time after which the page may be considered stale;
  - last-modified, indicating the last time the data was modified at the origin server;
  - and
  - ETag (HTTP 1.1) data, for use with conditional requests, that provides a value indicative of the current page (e.g., some generation number or checksum).
3. Conditional get requests that require the set-top-box to verify either the last-modified value or the ETag value will result in an appropriate request to the origin server, which may return the Not Modified status code if the data is still valid. However, the set-top box may be configured to "believe" the expiration time provided in a header. Note that the server-side may modify the actual expiration time from the value to which it was set by the Origin Server.

It is noted that since network congestion can delay a response, revalidation of data which becomes obsolete during transit could result in an infinite loop. Consequently,

HTTP 1.1 specifies that a response may not be revalidated in order to avoid infinite loops. This rule may be followed whether the data comes from the carousel or directly from the origin server.

#### 4.1.3 Relative URLs

The use of relative URLs, which specify neither “http:” nor “broadcast:”, may work with either protocol. In one embodiment, relative URLs may be automatically translated to one containing the same prefix that was used to obtain the page which contained the reference. Therefore, if a page was obtained using the “broadcast:” URL, then all relative references within that page may also be obtained using the “broadcast:” URL. Because it is possible that initial pages of an application may be downloaded via “broadcast:”, it is possible to author applications which never explicitly specify either “broadcast:” or “http:” yet will perform correctly.

#### 4.2 Modem Control

In Europe, and elsewhere, local communications are still expensive and it might be necessary to warn the user and perhaps display the communication price. While it may be up to the system to actually open and close connections, it may be useful for the application to notify the system when it is finished with a system. Also, in many networks, it is common for different applications to require connections to different phone numbers, rather than to a single phone number associated with a particular Internet Service Provider (ISP). In such systems it is common for the different numbers to be associated with a single modem bank with the different numbers being used for accounting and other information. Hence, the HTML/JS application needs to notify the system when it finishes using a connection and needs to be able to request a connection,

providing appropriate parameters. Therefore, various embodiments may support the following methods on the navigator.modem object.

```
navigator.modem.disconnect()
```

-- indicates to the system that the application has finished using the connection. There may be no events associated with completion.

If an application invokes the following method:

```
navigator.modem.connect(string parameter, int ms_timeout),
```

the string parameter could contain, for example, a phone number to which the system may connect. The ms\_timeout parameter may be used to indicate how long (e.g., in milliseconds) the system may try to connect. The 'modem' object may be configured to provide the connection status as a read-only property.

The system may automatically generate connection events when something happens on the modem. Examples of such connection events include: success, failure, and disconnect\_occurred.

#### **4.3 Caching Hints – Pre-Requisite, Link, and Prefetch**

There are at least two important clues that may be present within an HTML application to aid the HTML/JS client-side application in determining which resources have higher caching priority. The two clues are represented by the pre-requisite meta data in the header and the link style which is used to indicate which pages, though not needed immediately, may soon be requested by the application.

##### Pre-Requisite Meta header

As explained above and illustrated below, all resources which are labeled as a pre-requisite must generally be available prior to rendering the corresponding page for presentation.

```
<META name="prerequisite" content="http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg">
```

Consequently, pre-requisite resources may be identified and given a higher priority for caching.

#### Using the Link data for pre-fetching

In addition to the above, a link element, which may appear in the <head> portion of a page, indicates resources that may be desired by the viewer of the current page. Therefore, resources listed in this element are also good candidates for pre-fetching into the cache.

However, certain caveats must be observed. For example, if a CSS document is listed in the link element, it is possible that it may be applied to the current document rather than to a document which would be cached for later use. In order to avoid such a possibility, a new value, prefetch, is introduced for the rel attribute. If a resource is indicated in a link statement in the head, and it is identified as having a prefetch relationship, then the set-top box may determine that it is a good candidate for caching.

```
<link rel="prefetch">
```

#### **4.4 An Event that indicates that a URL was updated**

One of the advantages of interactive television is that the viewer's presentation can be updated in real-time. For example, if there is a new goal scored on a soccer game,

the viewer may want to receive an update even though they are watching a movie. Such an update can be broadcast by changing the content corresponding to a URL. This section describes how applications can be notified when the content corresponding to a URL changes, using a URLEvent.

The target of a UriEvent generated by the user agent is determined by the user agent according to the following rules:

1. If the URL whose status has changed is identified as the attribute's value of the corresponding node type as listed in the table below, then the UriEvent is delivered by the user agent to the corresponding node.
2. If the URL whose status has changed is the url for the page itself, then the UriEvent will be delivered to the body.

| Attribute  | Corresponding Node |
|------------|--------------------|
| background | Body               |
| src        | Image              |
| data       | Object             |
| href       | Link               |
| src        | Input              |
| src        | Frame              |
| src        | IFrame             |

#### Attributes

url of type DOMString, readonly

Identifies the URL from which the event was generated.

#### Methods



### initUrlEvent

The `initUrlEvent` method is used to initialize the value of a `UrlEvent` created through the `DocumentEvent` interface.

#### Parameters

`typeArg` of type `DOMString`

Specifies the event type.

`canBubbleArg` of type `boolean`

Specifies whether or not the event can bubble.

`cancelableArg` of type `boolean`

Specifies whether or not the event's default action can be prevented.

`urlArg` of type `DOMString`

Specifies the Event's url.

The different types of `UrlEvents` that can occur are:

#### `URLInserted`

The `URLInserted` event occurs when a URL is added to the carousel.

Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: No, Context Info: url

#### `URLUpdated`

The `URLUpdated` event occurs when a new version of an URL is created on the carousel.

Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: Yes, Context Info: url

#### `URLRemoved`

The `URLRemoved` event occurs when a URL is removed from the data carousel.

Bubbles: Yes, Cancelable: No, Context Info: url

The default action in the case of `URLUpdated` (which can be cancelled by calling `preventDefault()`) is to reload the content of the associated url). There is no default action for `URLInserted` or `URLRemoved`.

Also, note, that it is guaranteed that the events will be delivered in a top-down order; hence, if the body changes, then the event representing the update of the url associated with the body will be delivered prior to delivering any events concerning urls referred to by the body.

Note that the above event can be signaled in the carousel by carrying a delta directory that indicates differences between the last directory and the current directory. That way, an implementation need not download the entire content before it knows whether the app is going to use it or not – it need only find out that there's a new version available.

## **The Cache Object**

### Introduction to dynamic cache hints

Since typically the amount of information that can be presented on a television screen is substantially less than contained in a page that is typically viewed on a PC, an author creating content for television will most often spread the same amount of information over multiple pages. Hence, the viewer will typically “scroll” between pages, and their navigation through a page can be a good indicator of which resources will be needed next. An author making use of such information by conveying hints based upon this navigation to the user agent can enable much better performance on lower end clients.

### A Host Cache Interface

The cache interface supports two methods, `prefetch` and `remove`. The `prefetch` method specifies both the URL associated with the resource to be prefetched as well as a priority indicating how likely it is that the viewer will need that resource.

The cache priority value is a non-negative integer. The author can use a cache priority value of 0 to indicate that the referenced content is useful, but that the author may be unsure of its likelihood of use in comparison with other items that they are requesting to be cached. The author can use a cache priority value of 1 to indicate the belief that caching the specified resource is very important. A very large value for the priority indicates that a resource will likely not be used (hence informing the user agent that it may reclaim the memory currently used to hold the URL's associated resource in cases where it is needed).

The `remove` method may be used to remove a cached copy of the resource associated with the URL argument. Since it is to be removed from the cache, and not just invalidated, the system will not waste resources re-validating the entry. Note that invoking the `remove` method is different from assigning a very large integer as the cache priority value in that assigning such a large integer value only makes the space used to store that resource more available for garbage collecting and/or to hold high priority resources.

```
Interface cache {
    void prefetch(in DOMString URL, in short priority);
    void remove (in DOMString URL);
};
```

#### Binding of the Cache Interface to Script

The Cache Object, which implements the cache interface above, is accessible as a property of the Navigator (`Navigator::cache`).

#### Object `cache`

The `cache` object has the following methods:

`prefetch( URLArg, priorityArg)` - This method does not return a value.

The URLArg is of type **String**.

The priorityArg is of type **Number**.

**Remove(URLArg)** - This method does not return a value.

The URLArg is of type **String**.

### The farPrefetch Method

Sometimes the size of the resources needed for a given application is very large, and, in this case, it is often true that many of the resources, e.g., fonts, are actually sharable with other applications on different services. When such is the case, the shared resources are often bundled together and transmitted on a single service. Hence, there is a need for an application to be able to obtain resources from another service, which will usually require temporarily changing the tuner to a different frequency and/or at least choosing a different service that is carried on that frequency, caching the resources from that other service, and tuning back to the original service. Another example use case for this scenario is the case where a viewer wants to download mail or chat information or a game, then interact with the downloaded data while watching video that is broadcast on a different service from the downloaded data.

In one embodiment, the following JS method is provided to permit an application to tune to a different service and download information from that service, then automatically come back to the original service:

```
void navigator.cache.farPrefetch(carouselUrl, ArrayOfUrlsToLoad,
functionToCallWhenDone)
```

Where the carouselURL is identified via the tvx: protocol.

The following actions may occur asynchronously when this function is called. First, the permission of the application is checked to ensure that it is allowed to change

the service. If this request is permitted, the specified service is tuned, all urls requested are cached, then the tuner/demuxer re-selects the previous service, and the `functionToCallWhenDone` is invoked. This call may be guaranteed not to cause a kill event to be generated for the application that requested the `farPrefetch`.

Event defining result of farPrefetch Method

The following event may be delivered to the cache object after the `farPrefetch` completes. The `detail` value indicates whether all requested resources were obtained or not. That is, in one embodiment, if less than all of the requested resources are obtained, then the `farPrefetch` may be considered to have failed. The content author should note that they are responsible for requesting all required resources when a `farPrefetch` is used.

**detail** read-only property is a **Number**.

The **detail** property has the value: 1 for success,  
NaN failure.

The **CacheEvent** object has the following method:

**initCacheEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg, detailArg)**

This method is used to initialize the value of a **CacheEvent** created through the **DocumentEvent** interface. This method may only be called before the **CacheEvent** has been dispatched.

The different types of cache events that can be dispatched to `navigator.cache` are:

**FarPrefetchStatus** - This event notifies that a farPrefetch() request has completed.

Bubbles : No  
Cancelable : No  
Context Info : **detail**

### **The Interaction Channel**

HTML/JS applications may use the modem(s) attached to and/or present within a set-top box to interface with the interaction channel. Two types of modems are considered, an always-on modem (e.g., cable DOCSIS) and a use-time-only modem (e.g., POTS), either or both of which may be accessible from a given set-top box.

Two different uses of interaction channel have proven useful in interactive television. One use, which is also commonly found in PC applications, is the use of modems to send and/or receive a substantial amount of data. Since a substantial amount of data will be exchanged, the overhead of establishing a connection such as that associated with PPP is insignificant. A different use, however, has proven to be a source of major revenue generation for pay television operators: the capability to call a premium phone number, optionally exchange a few bytes, and hang up. The amount of time required to establish a PPP link in this second type of usage is therefore excessive, and, hence, undesirable.

In addition to the issue of use as described above, also important is the degree of control that an application may exercise over a modem connection. In one embodiment, if an application has not explicitly opened a link, the application may automatically open a link (e.g., using a network-dependent connection string), or use an existing open link, when access to content corresponding to an "http:" url is required by the application.

In order to permit developers to exercise control over high level protocols, such as PPP, the **links** structure described below may be provided. Further, to allow applications direct access to raw data where high level protocols cause too much overhead, and to allow those applications to dial premium phone numbers through dialup modems, the **modem** structure described below may be provided.

### The Links Structure

The links structure defined below may be used to (1) explicitly control when connections are opened and closed, and (2) specify connection attributes. It also provides methods that allow an application to determine attributes of the link.

A user application may be configured to always select a *best* link (often designated by the network) and specify that as the default link (`[window].navigator.tv.links.default` below). In such a case, the author need not always search for a link with particular attributes. However, should an application author determine that they seek a particular type of link, they may directly access the links array (`[window].navigator.tv.links[i]` below).

#### Object Model Reference:

**`[window].navigator.tv.links[i]`**

**`[window].navigator.tv.links.default`**

The links array is a collection of objects of type TVLink as defined below. Also, the `links.default` is of type TVLink.

The `type` property allows the content author to determine the type of link. While the first three types are named according to the standardized protocol that they support,

the fourth type refers to a particular product that supports a more lightweight protocol in lower end boxes.

The status property allows an application to determine the current status of the link and the always\_on property allows the application to determine whether the link is persistent. If the link is connected and not always on, the application can determine the amount of time that the link has been connected by using the time property.

It is typical in pay television networks for the networks themselves to require the connection attributes to be specified in a network-formatted way. That is, one network may require the application to specify the entire phone number, while another network will only permit an application to specify an index into an array of network-supplied phone numbers, and still a third network may not allow specification of the phone number at all, but only of the username and password. Therefore, the format of the connection string attribute associated with the connect request is network-dependent.

The TVLink object is defined as follows.

**Properties:**

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| type        | “PPP”   “DVB-RC”   “DOCSIS”   “OTV_Gateway” (read-only)       |
| status      | “connected”   “connecting”   “disconnected”   “disconnecting” |
| (read-only) |   |
| always_on   | “True”   “False”  |
| time        | int -- # seconds connected (0 if not in “connected” state)    |
| name        | String a unique property associated with this link.           |

**Methods:**

**open(attributes, timeout) --**



This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, -1 if the link that was specified does not exist, -2 if the link is already open, and -4 if permission to open this existing link is denied.

Note that although this call may fail immediately, the actual connection is asynchronous with the requester being notified via a LinkUp event when the connection has been successfully made. (or by a LinkDown event should the request fail)

The attributes parameter is String that contains the connection attributes as determined by the content author in consultation with the network (must at least know network-specified format)

The timeout parameter is Number that contains time-out (in seconds).

**close()**

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, NaN for failure  
This method may also be asynchronous.

**addEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)**

**removeEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)**

**dispatchEvent(evt)**

-- These methods are the basic methods of the DOM level 2 **EventTarget** interface.

**Events:**

The **LinkUp** and **LinkDown** events are of type **LinkEvent**. The **LinkEvent** object has all of the properties of the **Event** interface plus the following additional property:

**detail** read-only property is a **Number**.

Where the **detail** property has the value:

- 1 for normal disconnect,
- 2 for line was dropped (by other side),
- 3 time-out occurred,
- NaN other failure

The **LinkEvent** object has the following method:

**initLinkEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg, detailArg)**

This method is used to initialize the value of a **LinkEvent** created through The **DocumentEvent** interface. This method may only be called before the **LinkEvent** has been dispatched.

The different types of link events that can be dispatched to **navigator.modem** are:

**LinkUp**

This event notifies that a basic modem connection has been established.

- Bubbles : No
- Cancelable : No
- Context Info : none

**LinkDown**

This event notifies that the modem has been disconnected.

- Bubbles: No
- Cancelable: No
- Context Info: detail

## The Modem Structure

The modem structure defined below is used for access to raw data. For example, this structure is useful when an application simply wants to dial a premium phone number, make a connection, and hang up. It can also be used when only a few bytes of information need to be exchanged, and, in such a situation, the higher level protocols required by the links structure above carry too much overhead for such a use.

Object Model Reference:

**[window].navigator.modem**

The **modem** object has the following methods:

### **connect(tel, timeout)**

This method returns a **Number**: 1 for OK, -1 for parameter error, -7 modem is use, NaN other failure.

The **tel** parameter is type **String** that contains telephone number.

The **timeout** parameter is **Number** that contains time-out (in seconds).

### **disconnect()**

This method returns a **Number**: 1 for OK, NaN for failure

### **sendData(data, timeout)**

This method returns a Number: 1 for OK, -1 for parameter error, -2 not connected, NaN other failure.

The **data** parameter is type **String** that contains a sequence of byte values 0-255.

The **timeout** parameter is **Number** that contains time-out (in seconds).

**receiveData()**

This method returns a **String** that contains the available data (empty string if no data available).

**addEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)**

**removeEventListener(type, listener, useCapture)**

**dispatchEvent(evt)**

These methods are the basic methods of the DOM level 2 **EventTarget** interface.

The **ModemEvent** object has all the properties of the **Event** interface plus the following additional properties:

**detail** read-only property is a **Number**.

The **detail** property has the value: >0 for the number of bytes sent,  
-2 for line was dropped (by other side),  
-3 time-out occurred,  
NaN other failure.

The **ModemEvent** object has the following method:

**initModemEvent(typeArg, canBubbleArg, cancelableArg, detailArg)**

This method is used to initialize the value of a **ModemEvent** created through the

DocumentEvent interface. This method may only be called before the ModemEvent has been dispatched.

The different types of modem events that can be dispatched to **navigator.modem** are:

**ModemConnect**

This event notifies that a basic modem connection has been established.

- Bubbles: No
- Cancelable: No
- Context Info: none

**ModemDisconnect**

This event notifies that the modem has been disconnected.

- Bubbles: No
- Cancelable: No
- Context Info: detail

The **detail** property has the value:

- 1 for normal disconnect,
- 2 for line was dropped (by other side),
- 3 time-out occurred,
- NaN other failure (e.g., authentication error).

**ModemReceiveData**

- Context Info: detail

The **detail** property contains the number of data bytes available to receive.

**ModemSentData**

This event notifies that a basic modem connection sent some data.

- Bubbles: No

- Cancelable: No
- Context Info: detail

## 5. USER INTERACTION

### 5.1 Navigation

#### Focus & focus highlight

CSS2 provides a number of ways to control how to highlight focused elements. For example, CSS2 provides three pseudo-classes related to focus navigation: “:hover”, “:active”, and “:focus”. In addition to these pseudo-classes, the html ‘tabindex’ attribute for input and anchor elements may also be utilized to support navigation. The purpose of this attribute is to allow the viewer to “tab” around the rendered page prior to selecting an element. The value assigned to the tabindex attribute determines the order in which the elements are visited upon tabbing.

Certain interactive television standards provide “nav-x” properties to support navigation using the arrow keys (DOM\_VK\_UP, DOM\_VK\_DOWN, DOM\_VK\_LEFT, and DOM\_VK\_RIGHT). In particular, both DVB MHP and Association of Radio Industries and Businesses (ARIB) define similar, though not identical, “nav-index”, “nav-right”, “nav-left”, “nav-up” and “nav-down” properties. In both of those specifications, the “nav-index” property is used to associate unique integer values with particular elements as follows.

```

'nav-index'
Value:          <integer> | none
Initial:       none
Applies to:    All elements that can get focus
Inherited:    no
    
```

Percentage Values: N/A

Media type: tv

Because elements with associated “nav-index” properties have associated unique integer values, the content author may then use the set of properties to control navigation between elements.

- nav-up
- nav-down
- nav-left, and
- nav-right

There are several differences between DVB-MHP’s definition of these properties and the definition provided by ARIB. DVB-MHP permits the use of this property to control navigation between frames by allowing the content author to specify a frame along with an element index to which to transition when the viewer presses the corresponding arrow key. It seems appropriate in high-end receivers to permit navigation between frames using this property, although it is not expected to be an issue in low to mid-size receivers.

Another difference between DVB-MHP’s definition of these properties and the definition assigned by ARIB is the behavior specified to occur when the content author does not provide one or more of these properties for various elements. ARIB indicates that if a particular property is not specified for an element, then pressing an arrow key when focused on that element results in no movement of focus. The result of applying this rule to elements for which none of these properties, except the nav-index, have been specified is that one can never navigate out of those elements, if indeed one can navigate to those elements. Additionally, if no nav-index property has been specified for an element, then it is not possible to navigate to that element. DVB-MHP specifies a

different default behavior wherein if one of the properties is not specified, then navigation via the arrow keys defaults to the pre-defined user agent behavior.

In one embodiment, if navigational direction is not explicitly controlled, the middleware (similar to the user agent) uses its default behavior for navigation. When the default behavior is not the behavior desired by the content author for a particular move, they may add directives for explicit control to override the undesirable behavior. In this manner, content authors are not required to explicitly re-define all of the behavior that they already find acceptable/desirable. Therefore the default behavior is more closely aligned with the behavior of DVB-MHP. The difference is to allow explicit specification of both “none” and “default” user agent behavior.

‘nav-up’

Value: <integer> | none | default  
 Initial: default  
 Applies to: All elements that can get focus  
 Inherited: no  
 Percentage Values: N/A  
 Media type: tv

‘nav-left’

Value: <integer> | none | default  
 Initial: default  
 Applies to: All elements that can get focus  
 Inherited: no  
 Percentage Values: N/A  
 Media type: tv

‘nav-down’

Value: <integer> | none | default



|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |

#### 'nav-right'

|                    |                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Value:             | <integer>   none   default      |
| Initial:           | default                         |
| Applies to:        | All elements that can get focus |
| Inherited:         | no                              |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                             |
| Media type:        | tv                              |

#### Usage example:

```
<FORM action="http://somesite.com/prog/adduser" method="post">
<P>
First name: <INPUT style="nav-index:100; nav-up:105; nav-down:101" type="text"
name="firstname"><BR>
Last name: <INPUT style="nav-index:101; nav-up:100; nav-down:102" type="text"
name="lastname"><BR>
email: <INPUT style="nav-index:102; nav-down:103; nav-up:101" type="text"
name="email"><BR>
<INPUT style="nav-index:103; nav-down:104; nav-up:102" type="radio"
name="gender" value="Male"> Male<BR>
<INPUT style="nav-index:104; nav-down:105; nav-up:103" type="radio"
name="gender" value="Female"> Female<BR>
<INPUT style="nav-index:105; nav-up:104; nav-down:100" type="submit"
value="Send"> <INPUT type="reset">
</P>
```

</FORM>

A content developer requiring additional control over navigation may specify key event handlers using Javascript.

### 5.2 Virtual Keyboard control

The following CSS property may be used for controlling the automated appearance of a keyboard. This property may be specified on a per-element basis for text, password, and text area elements. Hence, if an application is aware that a particular form element is a zip code for example, and hence entering numbers via the remote control is easier, that may be specified.

“virtual-keyboard”

|                    |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Value:             | disable   enable   auto |
| Initial:           | enable                  |
| Applies to:        | all input elements      |
| Inherited:         | no                      |
| Percentage Values: | N/A                     |
| Media type:        | tv                      |

The value “disable” means that the virtual keyboard is not available when the viewer wants to enter data into the area, i.e., they may enter numbers via the remote control instead. The value “auto” means that when the element to which the property applies receives focus, the virtual keyboard will automatically be presented to the viewer. The value “enable” means that the virtual keyboard will automatically be presented to the viewer when the viewer selects the element to which the property applies. If the viewer’s user preferences have indicated that there is an alternate preferred non-virtual

keyboard available, then the virtual keyboard may not be displayed even if the value has been set to enable or auto.

An example demonstrating how application writers could prevent the virtual keyboard from appearing for a password type element is:

```
Input [typ=passwd] {virtual-keyboard:disable}
```

Similarly, if the user preference indicates that the remote control may be used as a numeric speller, as with a cell phone, then no virtual keyboard will automatically appear. Alternatively, the network operator may specify a system preference if it knows that all viewers will have access to a physical keyboard or a cell phone.

### 5.3 Key Input

Applications may specify sets of keys for which they request notification by the system when they are in a maximized state. Generally, though not necessarily, they may not receive notification when they are in a minimized state. Notification of certain of the sets of keys will be provided to applications solely on the basis that they requested them.

However, for other keys, the network-supplied task may be queried as to whether or not the application may be presented with the keys that it has requested. Hence, it is possible that applications may not be notified of all key presses to which they have subscribed. HTML applications may specify which keys they wish to receive notification by stipulating sets of *key groups* shown in the key-list property below. If the system grants the key group request, then notification of the key press is given only to the requesting application and will not be delivered to other (native) applications in the system.

For example, an application may know that a viewer may only be entering digits between 1 and 8, yet wants to be forgiving enough so that if the viewer may enter a 0 or a 9, the channel will not change. In this case, the application can request notification of all of the numeric keys, ignoring anything except the digits between 1 and 8. It is possible that in some networks there will be a pre-defined set of keys that all pages which do not specify otherwise, will receive.

#### 5.4 Key-list property

HTML type applications may add a CSS property called Key-list that indicates for which key presses an application may be notified. This property may apply to the body element. A content provider wishing more control can use the appropriate javascript to implement more fine-grained control, making use of the on-focus event. All pages using the same style sheet will share the same definition of keys, in which the application is interested. This is a comma-separated list of key-groups (such as navigation, selection, information, numeric, color, alpha, etc). Note that included included below is the reserved\_set in the initial value for key-list even though these keys are typically not explicitly so marked on a typical remote control. Therefore, even though they're in the initial set, there may be no way for a viewer to use these keys. An application writer is therefore advised to exercise care when requesting that the viewer press these keys (e.g., have a fallback available in the event that these keys are not available to a particular viewer.)

“key-list”

|            |   |   |
|------------|---|---|
| Value      | : | <key-group> +   none  |
| Initial    | : | scroll_set, navigation_set, selection_set,<br>numeric_set, punctuation_set, alpha_upper_set,<br>alpha_lower_set, reserved_set |
| Applies to | : | body element  |

Inherited : no  
 Percentage Values : N/A  
 Media type : tv

Where key groups may be:

| KEY GROUP            | KEYS   |
|----------------------|--|
| user_information_set | HELP, INFO   |
| scroll_set           | HOME, PAGE_UP, PAGE_DOWN, END  |
| navigation_set       | LEFT_ARROW, RIGHT_ARROW, DOWN_ARROW, UP_ARROW  |
| selection_set        | CANCEL, ENTER, UNDO  |
| vcr_control_set      | STOP, PLAY, PAUSE, RECORD and SINGLE_STEP_FORWARD, SINGLE_STEP_REVERSE, FAST_FORWARD, FAST_REVERSE |
| edition_set          | CUT, COPY, PASTE   |
| teletext_set         | MIXING, MAGNIFY, CONTENT, REVEAL   |
| color_set            | RED, GREEN, BLUE, YELLOW   |
| numeric_set          | 0 to 9   |
| Punctuation_set      | all non-alphanumeric codes in (0x20 to 0x7f)   |
| alpha_upper_set      | all alphabetic codes in (0x41 to 0x5a)   |
| alpha_lower_set      | all alphabetic codes in (0x61 to 0x7a)   |
| network_set          | all codes in (0x0080 to 0x8f)  |
| manufacturer_set     | all codes in (0x0090 to 0x97)  |
| Extended_set         | all ISO-LATIN codes in (0x00a0 to 0xff)  |
| sound_set            | VOLUME_DOWN, VOLUME_UP, MUTE_AUDIO   |
| station_set          | CHANNEL_UP, CHANNEL_DOWN, PREVIOUS_CHANNEL, RADIO_TOGGLE, TV_TOGGLE                                |
| reserved_set         | TAB, BACKSPACE, RETURN   |

Usage example:

<BODY style="key-list: selection\_set, navigation\_set">

## 5.5 Key codes

There are generally two major groups of key events.

The first contains the `textEvent` event. The `textEvent` event indicates that text information has been entered, either in the form of printable characters or non-printable text information such as modifier keys. These `textEvent` events are sometimes, but not necessarily, accompanied by the events of a second major groups of key events - `keydown` and `keyup`.

### TextEvent

This event indicates that text information has been entered. The text information entered can originate from a variety of sources. It could, for example, be a character resulting from a keypress. It could also be a string resulting from an input method.

The `keydown` and `keyup` events comprise the second group of key events. These events are fired to indicate the physical motion of the keys on the character generation device. Depending on the input system being used, `textEvent` events may or may not be generated for each pair of `keydown` and `keyup` events.

### **keydown**

The `keydown` event occurs when a key is pressed down.

### **keyup**

The `keyup` event occurs when a key is released.

All these events may share the following attributes:

TextEvent, keydown, keyup:

bubbles: yes

cancelable: yes

context info: 0

context outputString: output generated by the key event or null.

context keyVal: Unicode character generated by the key event, or 0.

context virtkeyVal:

virtual key code generated by the key event if the key event has not a Unicode value, or DOM\_VK\_UNDEFINED. Here is the list of virtual key codes:

```
const unsigned long DOM_VK_UNDEFINED = 0x0;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_ALT = 0x01;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_ALT = 0x02;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_CONTROL = 0x03;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_CONTROL = 0x04;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_SHIFT = 0x05;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_SHIFT = 0x06;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT_META = 0x07;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT_META = 0x08;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_CAPS_LOCK = 0x09;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_DELETE = 0x0A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_END = 0x0B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_ENTER = 0x0C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_ESCAPE = 0x0D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_HOME = 0x0E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_INSERT = 0x0F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_NUM_LOCK = 0x10;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAUSE = 0x11;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PRINTSCREEN = 0x12;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_SCROLL_LOCK = 0x13;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_LEFT = 0x14;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RIGHT = 0x15;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_UP = 0x16;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_DOWN = 0x17;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAGE_DOWN = 0x18;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_PAGE_UP = 0x19;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F1 = 0x1A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F2 = 0x1B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F3 = 0x1C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F4 = 0x1D;
```

```
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F5 = 0x1E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F6 = 0x1F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F7 = 0x20;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F8 = 0x21;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F9 = 0x22;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F10 = 0x23;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F11 = 0x24;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F12 = 0x25;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F13 = 0x26;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F14 = 0x27;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F15 = 0x28;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F16 = 0x29;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F17 = 0x2A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F18 = 0x2B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F19 = 0x2C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F20 = 0x2D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F21 = 0x2E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F22 = 0x2F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F23 = 0x30;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_F24 = 0x31;

const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_POWER = 0x32;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TV = 0x33;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SET_UP = 0x34;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_INFO = 0x35;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RADIO = 0x36;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_NAV = 0x37;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PIP = 0x38;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MENU = 0x39;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TEXT = 0x3A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_HELP = 0x3B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SELECT = 0x3C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_EXIT = 0x3D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GUIDE = 0x3E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RED = 0x3F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GREEN = 0x40;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_YELLOW = 0x41;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BLUE = 0x42;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CHANNEL_UP = 0x43;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CHANNEL_DOWN = 0x44;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VOLUME_UP = 0x45;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VOLUME_DOWN = 0x46;
```



```

const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MUTE = 0x47;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_INFO = 0x48;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CANCEL = 0x49;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_UNDO = 0x4A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_STOP = 0x4B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PAUSE = 0x4C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RESUME = 0x4D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SINGLE_STEP_FORWARD = 0x4E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SINGLE_STEP_REVERSE = 0x4F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_FAST_FORWARD = 0x50;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_FAST_REVERSE = 0x51;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CUT = 0x52;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COPY = 0x53;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PASTE = 0x54;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MIXING = 0x55;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_MAGNIFY = 0x56;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTENT = 0x57;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_REVEAL = 0x58;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_VCR = 0x59;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SATELLITE_DEL = 0x5A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CABLE_DEL = 0x5B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_TERR_DEL = 0x5C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_DISPLAY_CLOCK = 0x5D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SET_CLOCK = 0x5E;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COLOR_UP = 0x5F;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_COLOR_DOWN = 0x60;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BRIGHT_UP = 0x61;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BRIGHT_DOWN = 0x62;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTRAST_UP = 0x63;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_CONTRAST_DOWN = 0x64;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PREVIOUS_CHANNEL = 0x65;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PREFERENCES = 0x66;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PARENTAL_CONTROL = 0x67;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_BOX_OFFICE = 0x68;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PURCHASE = 0x69;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_PPV_SERVICES = 0x6A;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_GO_ONLINE = 0x6B;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_EXIT_APP = 0x6C;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_SHOW_INTERACTIVE = 0x6D;
const unsigned long DOM_VK_RC_RECORD = 0x6E;

```

context inputGenerated:

false if the key event does not generate any visible output, such as the use of a function key or the combination of certain modifier keys used in conjunction with another key, true if the key event normally causes visible output. The value of `inputGenerated` does not guarantee the creation of a character, as the event may be canceled.

**Context numPad:**

If the number pad was used to generate the key event the value is true, otherwise the value is false.

While the codes above, and this data structure, are similar to those defined in DOM-Level 3 Key code definitions. Codes have been added for the remote control. These new codes have been named `DOM_VK_RC_...` (RC for remote control). In one embodiment, the keys on a keyboard which are labeled like these would generate these keys. Also, `DOM_VK_HOME` has been declared above in lieu of an `RC_RIGHT`, `LEFT`, `RC_HOME`, etc. Other keys are possible and are contemplated.

**Key event methods**

**checkModifier**

The `CheckModifier` method returns true or false, depending on whether a single modifier key is associated with a `KeyEvent`. The list of keys below represents the allowable modifier parameters for this method.

- DOM\_VK\_LEFT\_ALT
- DOM\_VK\_RIGHT\_ALT
- DOM\_VK\_LEFT\_CONTROL
- DOM\_VK\_RIGHT\_CONTROL
- DOM\_VK\_LEFT\_SHIFT
- DOM\_VK\_RIGHT\_SHIFT
- DOM\_VK\_META

**Parameters**

modifier of type unsigned long The modifier which the user wishes to query.

**Return Value**

Boolean The status of the modifier represented as a boolean.

No Exceptions

### 5.6 Event handlers

In addition to the Document Object Model (DOM) Level 2 listeners, Key events may be directed to legacy key handlers: onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, plus onFocus, onBlur, onChange and onClick, onSubmit.

## 6. SECURITY

Two types of security which may be required in a receiver include:

- (1) protection for html resources, including both document resources as well as cookies; and
- (2) protected access to receiver resources such as the tuner or modem.

Policies that govern the application of the various security mechanisms may be set by the network and/or by the receiver manufacturer and viewers themselves.

### 6.1 Protection For Html Resources

Same Origin Mechanism

The same origin policy may be defined in order to restrict one resource's capability to access other resources in such a way as to leave the viewer vulnerable. In particular, when one resource attempts to access one of the object properties shown in the table below, a same origin check is needed.

In one embodiment, the first step of a same origin check is to determine whether the object being referenced was created by the same context as the currently running script. If so, the access is permitted. Otherwise, additional information may be examined to determine whether the url of the accessing document has the same origin as the object being accessed. If the origin is the same, then the access may be permitted; otherwise, the access may be denied.

Two documents may be said to have the same origin if the following elements of the "protocol://host" (where host includes the optional port) are identical:

- the protocol,
- the host, and
- the port.

If any of these values differ, then the access may be denied. It may be assumed that any data that is acquired via the broadcast: is acquired on the same port.

| Object | Property   | Access Type | Checked |
|--------|--|-------------|---------|
| window | All except location (see below), frames, parent, and top | Read        | yes     |

|                   |                                    |          |     |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----|
|                   | All except location<br>(see below) | Write    | yes |
| (window.)location | All                                | Read     | yes |
|                   | href                               | Write    | yes |
|                   | protocol                           | Write    | yes |
|                   | toString                           | (method) | yes |

Mechanism and rules for changing the origin

It is often the case that a single organization may provide multiple servers, but may wish to allow certain documents provided from particular ones of these servers to access certain other documents provided from different ones of these servers. One mechanism to allow such sharing includes permitting a document to change its (document.)domain property. However, such changes may be restricted. For example, in one embodiment it may only change its domain to a proper suffix of its current domain. That is, www.xyz.com may be changed to xyz.com, but not to abc.com. Additionally, at least one period may be required to remain in the new name, so, for example, xyz.com could not be shortened at all. Consequently, if the origins of two different resources were originally www.xyz.com and intranet.xyz.com, both would have to change their domain in order for access to be allowed.

There may be a problem with the mechanism for changing the origin which relates to internationalization. The fact that this mechanism could be easily abused on servers outside the U.S. could open up the resource to all kinds of security attacks. Another potential problem is the granularity of this rule. Two resources from the same domain may not be able to provide mutual access only to one another without permitting

other resources in that domain the same access. This problem may be exacerbated by the mechanism that allows resources to change their domain.

One technique that would permit finer granularity of sharing uses a mechanism called a credential. In one embodiment, a credential is a signed *statement* from one party granting access to one (or more) of its resources to another party. The *statement* is a formatted chunk of data identifying the grantor, the grantee, the resource to which access is being granted, the permitted actions on that resource (i.e., read, write, or another property), and optionally a date until which that access is being permitted. The credential may be accompanied by a certificate chain, the leaf certificate in the chain identifying the grantor and providing their public key and the root certificate of the chain being identical to one of the root certificates in the receiver.

## 6.2 Protecting access to receiver resources

Networks often prefer to control access to certain hardware and software receiver resources. Those resources that may be granted to HTML applications which are acquired via the broadcast are enumerated below. The authorization process for granting these privileges to broadcast applications is described in later.

While applications which are obtained directly from the web may be prohibited from executing privileged operations, a special application, configured by or for the network operator known as the UI may access all of the privileged core operations.

In addition to the above, the network may be allowed to specify that certain of the operations below might be allowed to all apps, no matter where they're obtained from. Also, a network may be allowed to furnish domain-name/set-of-privileges pairs.

### Privileged core operations

The following is a list of operations that may be permitted only when permission to access them is signaled as explained in the next section.

- Download modules from the broadcast
- Download modules from any source
- Switch tracks
- Switch programs (services)
- Connect to a remote server (via a phone or cable modem)
- Make any arbitrary connection
- Allow some modules not to be signed (the directory and initial modules must always be signed)
- Allow the application to become resident in the receiver
- Create or modify the service list
- Use the service list
- Request the viewer sign the data that they are providing for transmission
- Request the viewer approve access to restricted files and/or phone numbers
- Change some default settings (exactly which settings can be modified depends upon the other privileges granted to the application)
- Inform the system that it need not clean (non osd) memory after execution
- Inform the system that it need not clean the osd memory after execution
- Change the EIT cache window
- Release cache reserved for EIT
- Arbitrate between conflicting event broker requests

#### Allocating Receiver Privileges

In one embodiment, a directory module includes a corresponding per-application set of privileges that are requested. This directory module must contain a request for this set of privileges along with the producer's certificate and must be signed with the producer's private key. The producer's certificate is signed using the network's private

key. The producer's certificate states the maximum privileges that may be granted to any application under that producer. Hence, an application will only be granted a privilege if it is in its per-application set of privileges and it is among the set of maximum privileges that may be granted to any application associated with that producer. In addition to the signature, security is enhanced by requiring the signed directory to contain an accurate hash value corresponding to at least the initial code segment, and optionally to other code and data segments used by the application.

As stated above, all receiver privileges listed above may be granted to the special process known as UI. Additionally, privileges for applications received over the broadcast may be allocated in the same manner as they are allocated for core broadcast applications. Finally, applications received via the return channel may not be granted any receiver privileges. The set of privileges granted to a broadcast application or the UI application are known as its maximum set. Unless the application indicates otherwise using the methods described in the next section, its maximum set of privileges is equal to its current working set of privileges. Applications can set their current working set to a subset of their associated maximum set of privileges using the methods described below.

#### Least privileged mode

Using the methods described in this section, an application can execute in least-privileged mode. This is actually a much more secure mode which ensures that prior to using a privilege, an application specifically states that it is going to use that privilege. One advantage of this mode is that a content author cannot accidentally use a privilege that a network too freely grants. Using this mode, therefore, an application does not obtain more privileges than the network or receiver allows (known as the maximum set), but rather carefully manipulates a working set of privileges that are always a strict subset of that maximum set.



In order to support this mode, two new objects are required in the DOM: (1) the security object and (2) the privilegeManager object. The security object (of class "Security") is accessed through the "security" property of the global object (i.e., the window object). The security object's purpose currently is to contain a property, "privilegeManager", that allows access to the privilegeManager object (class "PrivilegeManager").

The privilegeManager object has four methods: enablePrivilege, disablePrivilege, revertPrivilege, and removePrivilege. These methods allow a script to manipulate privileges.

**enablePrivilege** Enables a privilege for the duration of the current function.

**disablePrivilege** Disables a privilege for the duration of the current function.

**revertPrivilege** Allows a script to revert a privilege to the state that it was in before the current function was called.

**removePrivilege** Allows a script to remove a privilege from its maximum set. (It is also removed from the working set if enabled.)

Each of these functions returns either true or false depending on whether the operation was successful. Note: when a function returns, any privileges enabled by that function may be automatically reverted to the state they were in at the point when the function was called. When a script attempts to perform a privileged operation without the necessary privilege enabled, an appropriate *TBD* exception will be thrown. If the exception is not caught, an error dialog box may be displayed before aborting the script.

### **Additional HTML-specific privileges**

There are a set of privileges which are HTML-specific and mostly may be restricted to a subset of the broadcast html applications. A set of flags may be reserved to be used for additional restricted operations. In one embodiment, HTML applications may use one of these flags to indicate whether an application will be granted all of the following privileges. (That is, if the flag is set, the broadcast HTML application will be granted all of the privileges below and if it is not set, that application will be granted none of the privileges below.)

- Script can override the same origin policy, and read properties in another frame that was loaded from a different domain
- Script can override the same origin policy, and change properties in another frame that was loaded from a different domain.
- Script can query user preferences from the HTML Application only uim object.
- Script can create, change, and save user preferences from the HTML application only uim object.
- Script may submit a form to a mailto: URL
- Script may manipulate cookies when and if a more extensive cookie management system is added
- Script is granted the union of the runtime code extension privileges defined in both ATSC DASE 1 and DVB MHP 1.1.

Whether these privileges are granted to a broadcast application or not may be determined using the same mechanism as described in the section entitled "Allocating Receiver Privileges". As above, these privileges may always be granted to the special UI application and/or never granted to applications that are not broadcast.

## **7. TOWARD A DECLARATIVE APPROACH TO AUTHORIZING FOR SHOWSTOPPERS AND PREFETCH PRIORITIES**

Early programming languages were generally very *procedural* requiring a programmer to tell the computer *how* to carry out the program in detail. As the examples show, the trend has been towards languages where you specify *what* to do, but not how. Such languages may be said to be more *declarative*. Generally speaking, a declarative language is one in which you specify what you want, and not how to get it. Such languages may be particularly useful in providing higher level interfaces to underlying complex systems. For example, HTML may allow you to specify what is to appear on a page, but not how it is to be laid out. Another example is SQL where you specify what you want out of a database query, but do not give code for the looping and testing needed to produce it. It is noted that the discussion herein is not strictly limited to declarative languages per se. Rather, HTML, JavaScript, CSS, and other such languages and constructs are contemplated. In one embodiment, languages and constructs which are commonly used in creating and manipulating Web content are contemplated. In any such case, the declarations or other statements used in the creation and/or manipulation of resources and content in this document may be generally referred to as “directives”.

### Background

This section (1) describes the showstopper and prefetch requirements; (2) identifies how such information may be carried in both DASE and DVB-MHP; and (3) proposes ways in which authors may indicate both showstopper and prefetch resources within their XHTML documents.

Although details of a transcoding implementation are not described, those skilled in the art may ascertain that the initial values assigned for showstopper and prefetch resources may be automatically translated to existing DASE/DVB-MHP facilities for transport.

### Showstopper and prefetch requirements

The content creator often wishes to use multiple resources in constructing a scene or presentation and may consider the acquisition of a subset of these resources to be essential before displaying to the viewer. That is, they may prefer that the old scene should continue to be displayed until at least the essential resources have been received and decoded. These essential resources may be referred to as showstoppers because creators do not want anything displayed until at least these essential resources are available. Further, if these resources never become available, the content creator may prefer that nothing be displayed. In addition, marking these resources as essential may enable the broadcast stream to be more easily packaged together to enhance performance.

In general, performance may be enhanced by intelligent pre-fetching of resources. In particular, remarkable performance improvements may be possible when the pre-fetching priorities can be dynamically modified depending upon viewer interaction. Therefore, it is desirable to allow content authors to stipulate both essential resources as well as (dynamically modifiable) prefetch prioritization.

Fig. 5 illustrates one embodiment of a method for prefetching prerequisite resources. In the example shown, a centrally located proxy performs preprocessing or transcoding of content which is requested by a client or otherwise destined for a client. When the proxy receives content including presentation directives (block 502), the proxy may scan the content for directives which indicate certain content is deemed a prerequisite for the presentation. If no such directives are detected (decision block 504), then the directives (or signals and/or data corresponding to the presentation directives) are conveyed to the client (block 16) and the presentation may be initiated (block 518).

On the other hand, if such prerequisites directives are detected by the proxy, the proxy may immediately convey an indication to the client (block 506) that these identified resources are considered prerequisites. Upon receiving this indication, the client may then determine whether or not is currently has the identified prerequisite

resources (decision block 508). If the client does not have these resources, the client may then take any actions necessary to prefetch the prerequisite resources (block 510). Subsequently, or concurrently, the proxy may convey the remaining presentation content or directives to the client (block 512). Once the client has obtained the prerequisite resources (decision block 514), presentation of the content corresponding to the prerequisite resources is permitted.

It is to be understood that numerous alternatives are possible. For example, in an alternative embodiment, there is not proxy as described. Rather, the client is configured to process resources and content directly. In such an embodiment, the client may be configured to first scan received content for prerequisite directives. Alternatively, the prerequisite directives may be processed as received. Other embodiments are possible and are contemplated.

#### **Support within DASE and DVB MHP**

Currently neither DASE's DAE nor MHP's DVB-HTML provides a facility that allows content authors to identify showstoppers or prefetch prioritization. However, they do provide facilities which may be utilized for transporting such information.

#### Support within DASE

There is explicit support for identifying the initial static priority of resources within an application in DASE's root entity DTD. This support is in the form of the definition of a priority value for a cache item that is associated with a preload attribute. It perhaps in DASE Level 2, to enhance the root entity DTD so that it includes support for showstopper identification; that is, one possible embodiment would be to add an attribute called showstopper.

Prior to such addition, of course, DDE-2 could recommend the use of x-dde2-showstopper as a non-standardized attribute value. Elements identifying the showstoppers and initial pre-fetch priorities could be automatically formulated from the HTML enhancements proposed in the following section and, therefore, would be available to the receiver as soon as the application enters the initialized state. It would not be necessary to modify the prefetch priorities in the root element in response to user interaction, so this very minor enhancement, along with the authoring proposal below, would suffice for fully supporting prefetch and showstopper requirements in the DASE DAE.

Support within DVB-MHP

DVB-MHP provides an optional descriptor, known as the pre-fetch descriptor, within the AIT. As with the DASE root element preload attribute, this descriptor could be automatically generated from the HTML enhancements proposed below. The showstopper resources could be accommodated one of several ways; either by adding a new AIT descriptor for showstopper resources or, alternatively, by setting the priority of showstopper resources to the highest possible value (100).

**PROPOSAL FOR AUTHORIZING**

Showstoppers

Content authors may desire that there exist a way to identify those resources such that if they are not obtained by a receiver, displaying should be delayed.

Minimal proposal

It is proposed that DDE may define a profile for DDE specific META name/value pairs. Among those pairs would be the *name* "prerequisite," with the *value* being the

target URI of the essential resource. An example of this name/value pair would be the one below which indicates that “background.mpg” is an essential resource that needs to be acquired and processed by the receiver prior to displaying the application’s initial content.

```
<META name=”prerequisite” content=”http://www.cnn.com/background.mpg”>
```

### Prefetch prioritization

As mentioned earlier, content authors may wish to provide a hint concerning both broadcast parameters as well as caching behavior by indicating that it may be desirable to initially prefetch certain resources, independent of whether those resources are considered as essential or prerequisite resources as defined above. It is not necessary that the author-supplied initial prefetch prioritization be identical to the prioritization that is eventually carried in the corresponding signaling file (i.e., the DASE root element or the MHP prefetch descriptor). However, content developers are typically not very good at choosing from among too many different priorities. (Absolute numerical priorities, such as a value between 1 and 100 are often better chosen by more complicated metrics that account for the size of the resource, expected size of cache, rate of transmission of the broadcast stream, etc.)

Therefore, as proposed herein, the content author may be permitted to identify whether or not it is desirable for a receiver to prefetch a particular resource. For example, the content author may identify resources to be prefetched using the `link` element in the `<head>` of the initial document and by defining a new value “prefetch” for the `rel` attribute of this element. Since there may be several resources that the author would recommend for prefetching, they may indicate a prefetch priority as well. For example, they may order these multiple resources so that the first ones have higher priority than latter ones.

As the DOM allows dynamic modification of the list of `link` resources at runtime, e.g., based upon user interaction, modified `link` resources may serve as a hint to the receiver concerning dynamically changing priorities. However, it may also be useful to permit the content author to not only dynamically control prefetch priorities, but also to indicate that the use of a resource is imminent so that the terminal may wish to “precreate” the resource (e.g., allocate resources such as memory, and decode) instead of simply prefetching that resource. In order to permit the content author to accomplish this, a *cache* object may be used that implements both a `prefetch()` as well as a `precreate()` method.

## **8. EXTENDED UNIFORM RESOURCE IDENTIFIERS FOR TELEVISION BROADCASTS**

The use of W3C standards for authoring interactive television content that is to be carried with digital television signals has begun to increase significantly. RFC 2838 (Uniform Resource Identifiers for Television Broadcasts) addressed the need to reference television broadcast streams as a whole; this section extends the description contained therein to include the ability to reference particular substreams and non-video resources that may also be carried in the broadcast stream. In addition to being useful directly within existing client set-top box or television implementations, the scheme described herein may be mapped to proposed transport-specific television schemes, e.g., `dvb`, `ocap`, and `arib`. The purpose of such mapping is to allow a content developer to author their content using the URI described herein, while permitting automatic (or manual) transcoding to one or more of the other proposed schemes.

### Extended Television Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)

The basic structure of the extended television URI is:



tvx:<service-address>[<track-list>][<abs-path>]

where

<service-address> is a description of the data source, which may correspond to the DNS-style identifiers defined for “tv:” in RFC 2838. The optional

<track-list> can specify audio, video, subtitle, teletext, or data substreams within the stream emanating from the service-address. The

<abs-path> can be used to identify individual resources within a substream, or, since its syntax is quite flexible, can be further defined by various of the transport-specific URIs.

#### Current channel

The current channel can be specified as

tvx://current

This URI refers to whichever television broadcast is currently being accessed by the referring object. This definition differs from the “tv:” definition, as it is specific to the referring object. This difference is necessary because set-top boxes containing multiple tuners, decoders, etc. are becoming more commonplace.

This “current” broadcast may contain multiple audios (e.g., different languages), multiple videos (e.g., different camera angles), and different types of data. However, this URI refers to only those sub-streams that are being used by the destination associated with the referring object. For example, if there are both English and German sub-titles available, but the display associated with the object referencing this URI is only showing

the German sub-titles (i.e., is not showing the English sub-titles), then the English sub-titles would not be part of tvx://current.

### Syntax (BNF) for Extended Television URIs

The following is an example of a formal specification for the extended television URIs:

```

tvx_uri          = "tvx:" [tvx_hier_part]
tvx_hier_part    = tvx_net_path | tvx_abs_path
tvx_net_path     = "//" service_addr [comp_list] [tvx_abs_path]
service_addr    = broadcast | "current"
comp_list       = ";" component *(", " component )
component        = stream_selector
stream_selector  = stream_type "=" stream_id
stream_type     = "video" | "audio" | "data" | "subtitle" |
"teletext"
stream_id       = 1*alphanum | "default" | "current" | "none"
tvx_abs_path    = "/" path_segments

```

where:

```

broadcast      may be as defined in RFC2838)
path_segments  may be as defined in RFC 2396
alphanum      may be as defined in RFC 2396

```

### **Semantics for Extended Television URIs**

This section defines the meaning of the various forms of the extended television URIs.

#### Service Address Alone

The substream referenced by a service address alone may consist of video, audio, teletext, subtitle, and data streams. Data streams may contain executable code in addition to data used by that code or data used by a resident application. In addition, there may be more than one stream of each type in the referenced substream. For example, `tvx://bcd.com` may contain 2 video streams, 4 audio streams, one teletext stream, one subtitle stream, and five data streams. Which streams are “displayed” by the object referencing this URI can depend upon many factors. If the viewer has selected a default setting which indicates a preference concerning whether or not teletext and/or subtitles are displayed, then that preference may be used to determine whether these streams are displayed. Additionally a viewer may indicate a preferred audio language.

The broadcasting network may use signaling to indicate the default video stream, and, for example, in the case of DVB MHP, may indicate that particular applications should be downloaded and executed. If the receiver has the ability to decode at least one video stream and one audio stream concurrently, then in one embodiment at least one of each will be decoded when a `tvx` URI of this form is specified. Further, the viewer may be provided with controls which enable them to “mute” the audio or video. If the viewer has not muted a stream, but also has not selected a preference, and the network has not indicated a preference, then any one of the corresponding streams may be decoded and displayed.

As stated above, while a URI of the form “`tvx://current`” may also be used, referencing this URI does not generally change which streams are being decoded (and presented).

#### Specifying Components

The content author can reference particular substreams within the stream using this URI. For example, “`tvx://bcd.com;audio=eng`” may refer to an English audio substream. Also, more than one stream may be referenced using this form of the URI. For example, “`tvx://bcd.com;video=catcher;audio=eng`” may be used to refer to a video

which is shot from behind a baseball catcher along with the English audio. It is expected that the content author may have appropriate tools by which they can either set a “track tag” (e.g., catcher, eng) to correspond to a particular substream, or that a set of track tags may be determined by a standard or by a video producer, for example.

In one embodiment, there are two special keywords that may be used as track tags which are defined in this document: “current” and “default.” The “current” track tag indicates the substream that is currently being displayed. For example, if the viewer is currently watching a movie and is listening to the French audio, their audio may be changed to English without affecting the video through the use of the following URI: “tvx://current;video=current;audio=eng” (providing that the track tag “eng” had been associated with the audio).

The “default” keyword may be used to refer to the default as defined by the viewer, author, receiver, content author or some combination, as per a particular specification and/or instantiation. That is, in some vertical networks, the network operator may have the authority to set a default preference and in other networks, it may be up to the viewer.

#### Path Segments

Path segments may be used to identify a resource within a particular component. For example, “tvx://bcd.com;data=novice/game/chess/move3” may refer to the resource game/chess/move3 which is carried in the data substream with the track tag of novice.

Additional meanings may be assigned to the path segments when the various transport-specific television URIs are mapped to this URI. However, until they are so defined, path segments shall only be meaningful when the component type is data.

Various embodiments may further include receiving, sending or storing instructions and/or data implemented in accordance with the foregoing description upon a carrier medium. Generally speaking, a carrier medium may include transmission media or signals used in broadcast systems and otherwise such as electrical, electromagnetic, or digital signals, conveyed via a communication medium such as network and/or a wireless link. For example, a network operator may convey signals which describe program instructions via a broadcast system. A carrier medium may also include storage media or memory media such as magnetic or optical media, e.g., disk or CD-ROM, volatile or non-volatile media such as RAM (e.g. SDRAM, RDRAM, SRAM, etc.), ROM, etc.

It is to be understood that the above embodiments are intended to be exemplary only. Numerous alternative configurations are possible and are contemplated.

**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method comprising:  
receiving one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources;  
determining from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and  
prohibiting the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein said subset of resources are indicated using directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein said directives are received by a proxy server in an interactive television system.
4. The method of claim 3, wherein said determining is performed by said proxy server, and wherein said method further comprises said proxy server conveying signals which correspond to said subset of resources to a remote client device.
5. The method of claim 4, further comprising said client device acquiring said subset of resources in response to detecting said signals.
6. The method of claim 5, wherein said subset comprises streaming audio and/or video, and wherein acquisition of the streaming audio and/or video comprises configuring hardware resources within said client device.
7. The method of claim 5, wherein acquisition of the subset of resources comprises the client device initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD to add a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.
9. The method of claim 1, further comprising using a label within a Declarative Data Essence standard as an attribute to indicate a prerequisite resource.
10. The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing DVB-MHP by adding a showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.
11. The method of claim 1, further comprising defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.
12. The method of claim 1, wherein said prohibiting is in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said method further comprises allowing the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.
13. An interactive television system comprising:
  - a remote proxy server configured to:
    - receive one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources;
    - determine from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation;
    - convey first signals which identify said subset of resources to a remote client device; and
    - convey second signals which correspond to said directives.

a client device configured to:

receive said first signals;  
receive said second signals; and  
prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources  
are acquired, in response to detecting said first signals.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein said subset of resources are indicated using directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises said client device configuring hardware resources within said client device.

16. The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.

17. The system of claim 13, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD by adding a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.

18. The system of claim 13, wherein said directives include the use of a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.

19. The system of claim 13, wherein said server is configured to detect a DVB-MHP showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.

20. The system of claim 13, wherein said directives define a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.

21. The system of claim 13, wherein said device is configured to prohibit said presenting in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said device is further configured to allow the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.



22. A client device in an interactive television system, said device comprising:
- a receiver configured to receive signals corresponding to directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; and
  - a processing unit coupled to said receiver, wherein said processing unit is configured to:
    - determine from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation;
    - and
    - prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired.
23. A carrier medium comprising program instructions executable to:
- receive directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources;
  - determine from said directives that a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and
  - prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired.

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

A method and mechanism for enabling the creation and/or control of interactive television content using declarative-like directives such as HTML, scripting languages, or other languages. A centrally located proxy server is configured to receive, transcode and convey transcoded web based content to client devices. Upon detecting directives which indicate particular resources required for a presentation are prerequisites, the proxy server conveys signals to a client device that these particular resources are prerequisites. In response to receiving the conveyed signals, the client device may take actions to prefetch these resources. The client device is further configured to prohibit initiation of the presentation until the prerequisite resources are acquired.

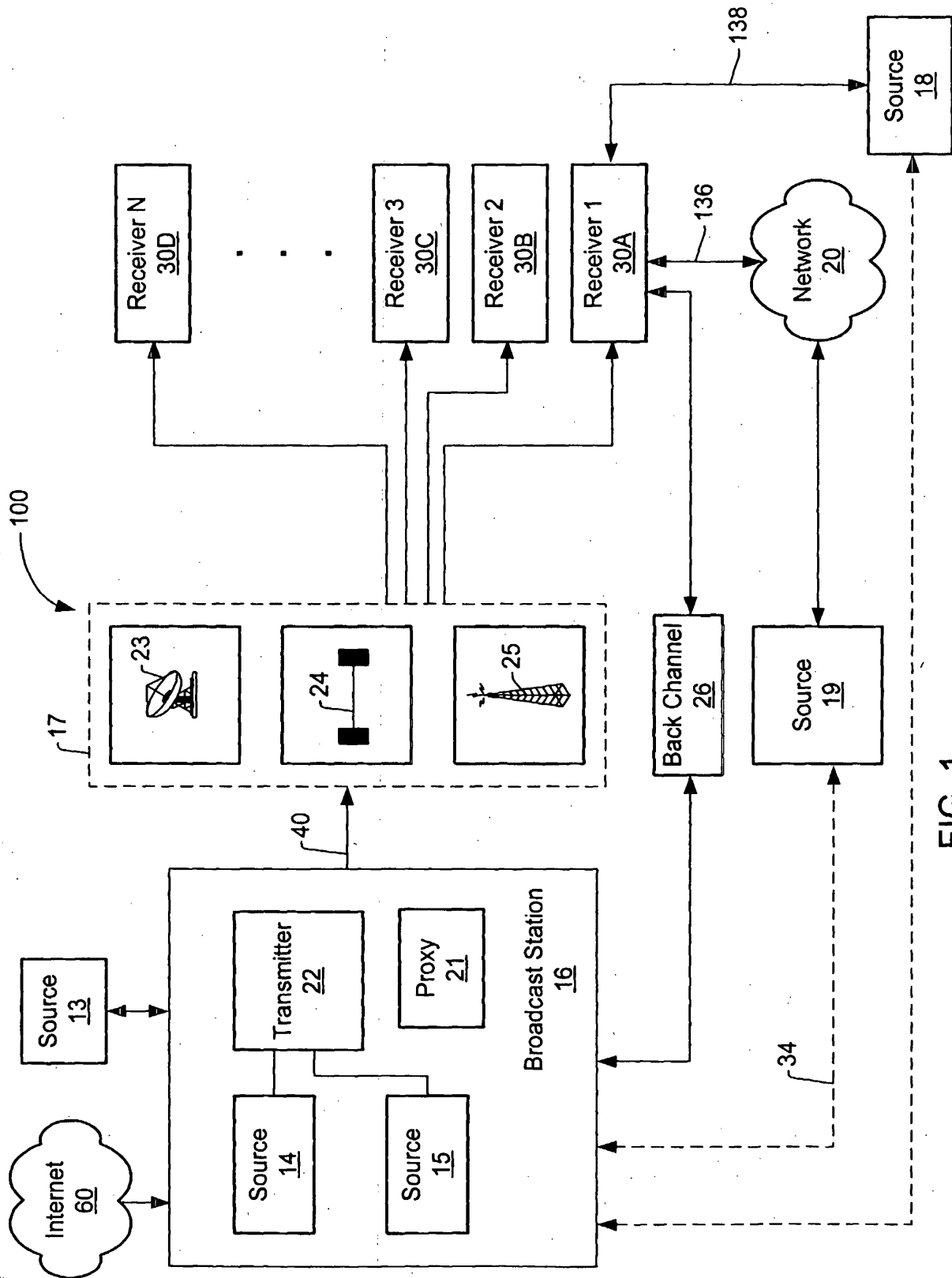


FIG. 1

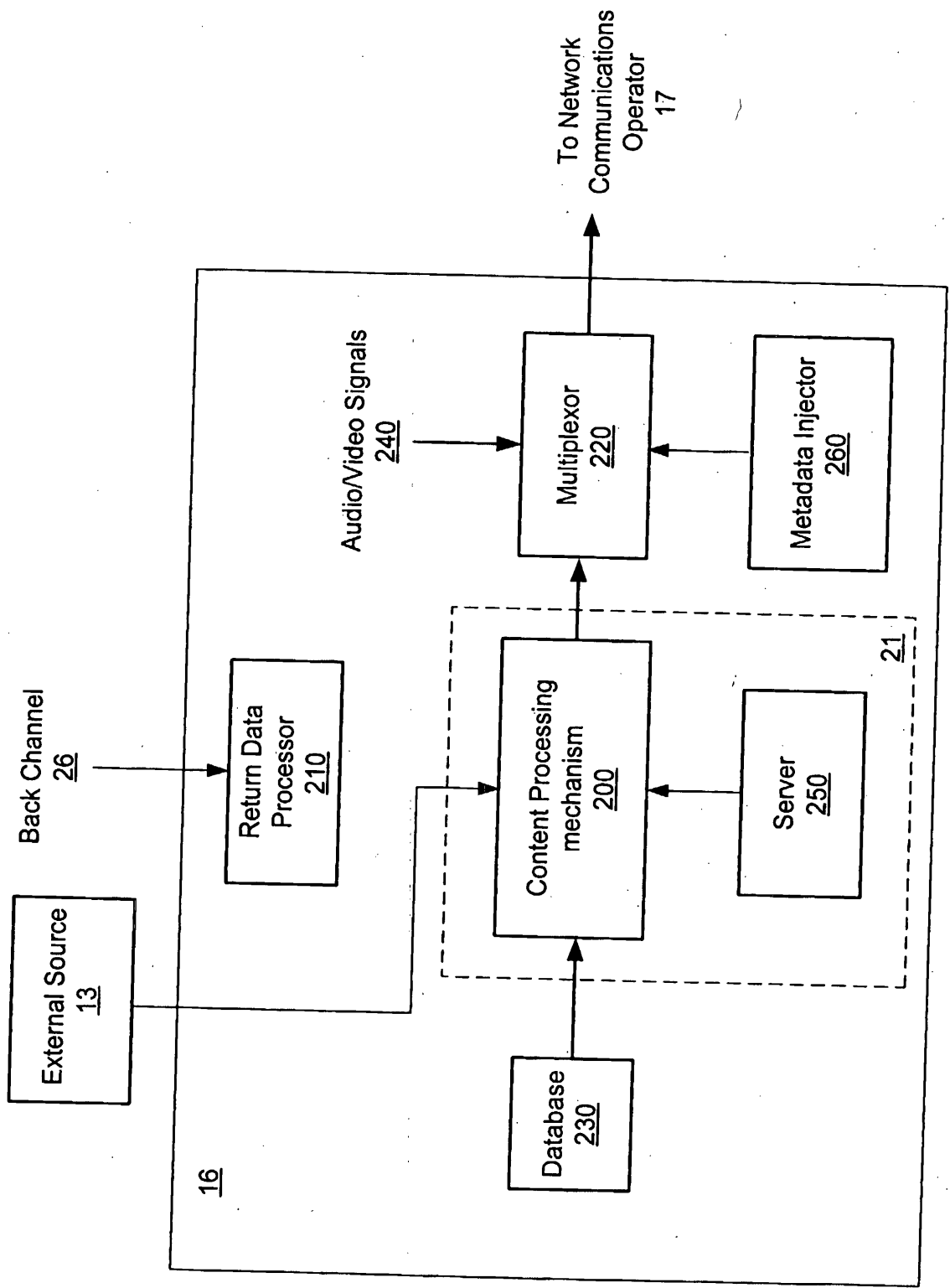


FIG. 2

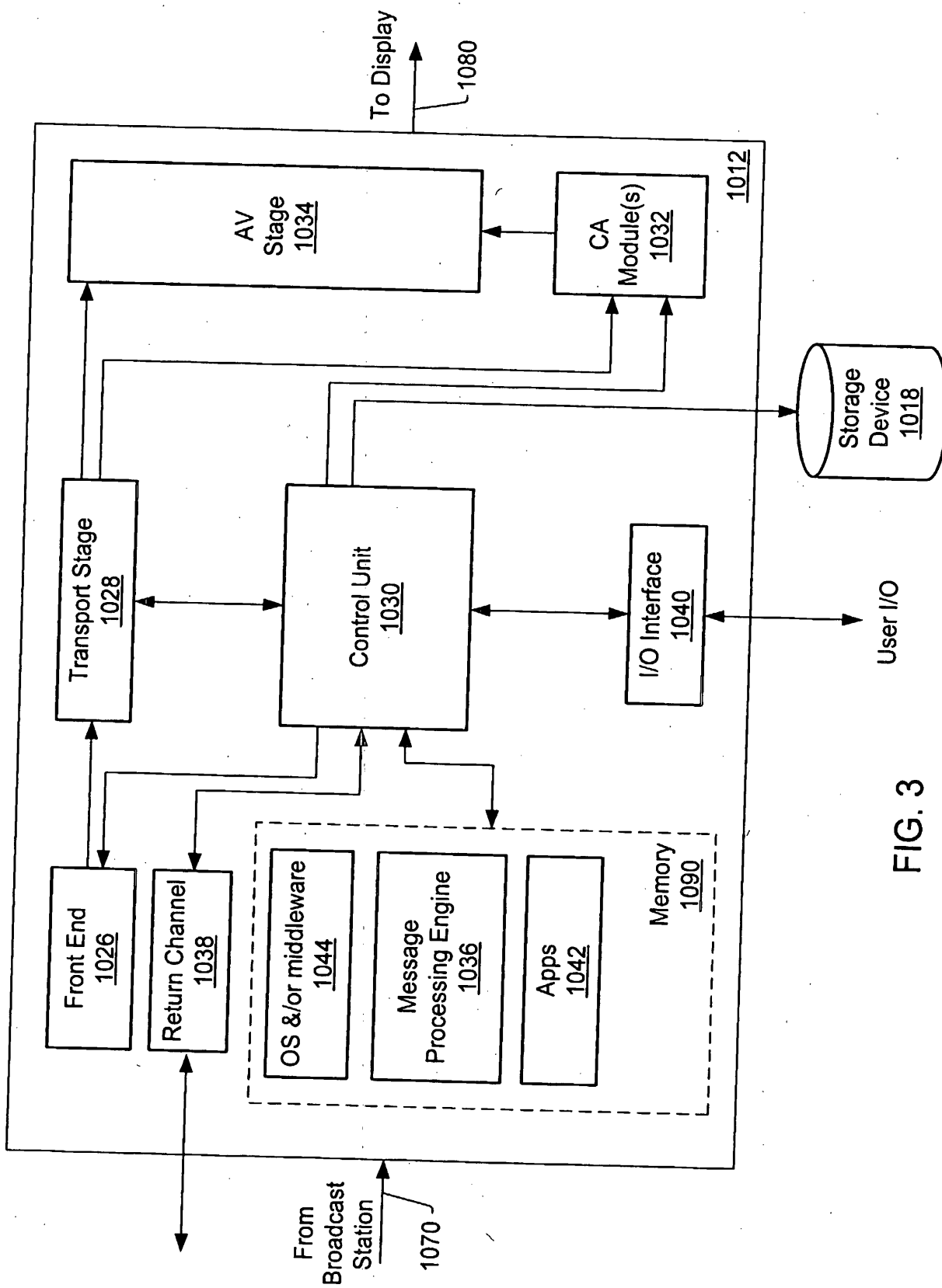


FIG. 3

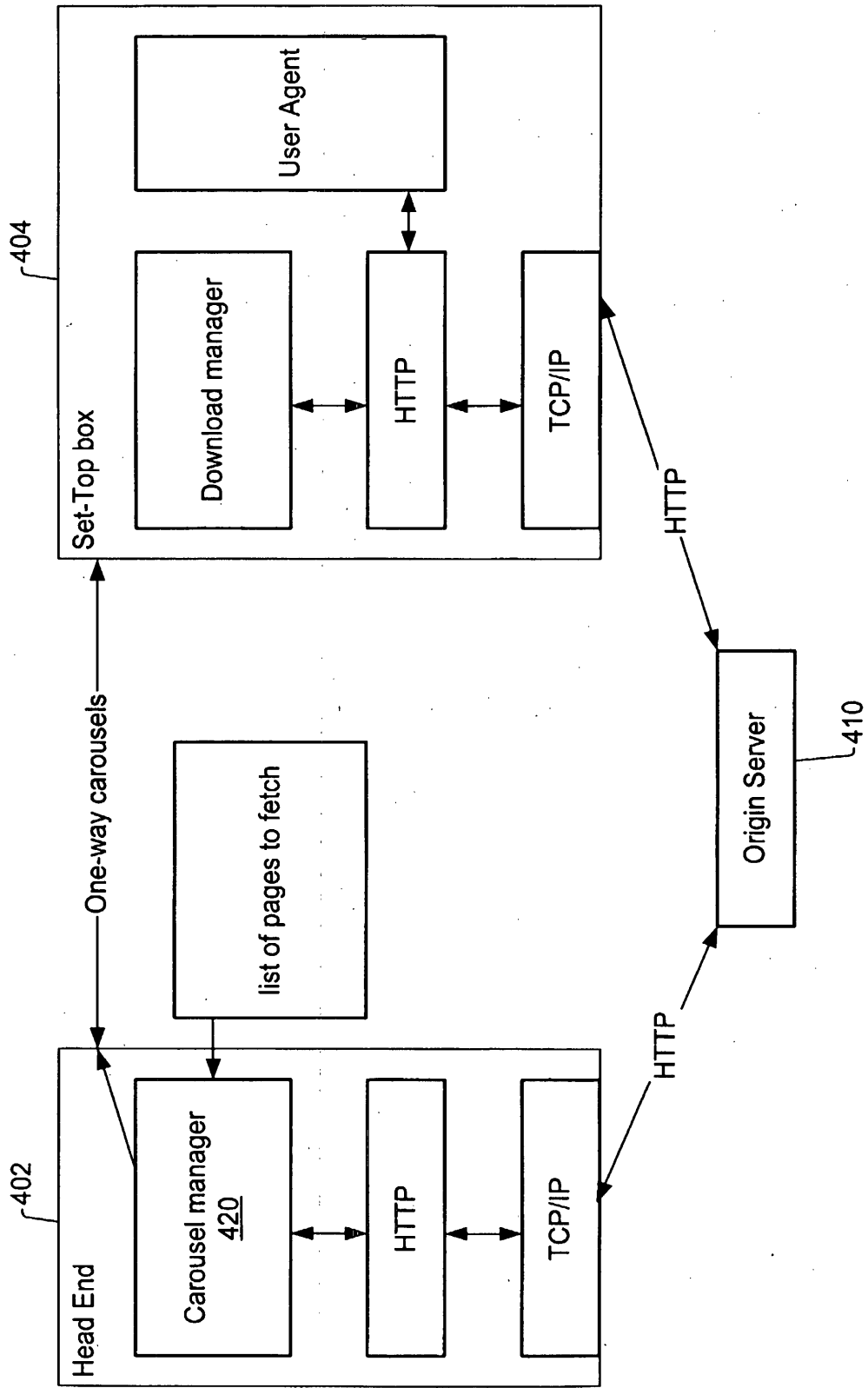


FIG. 4

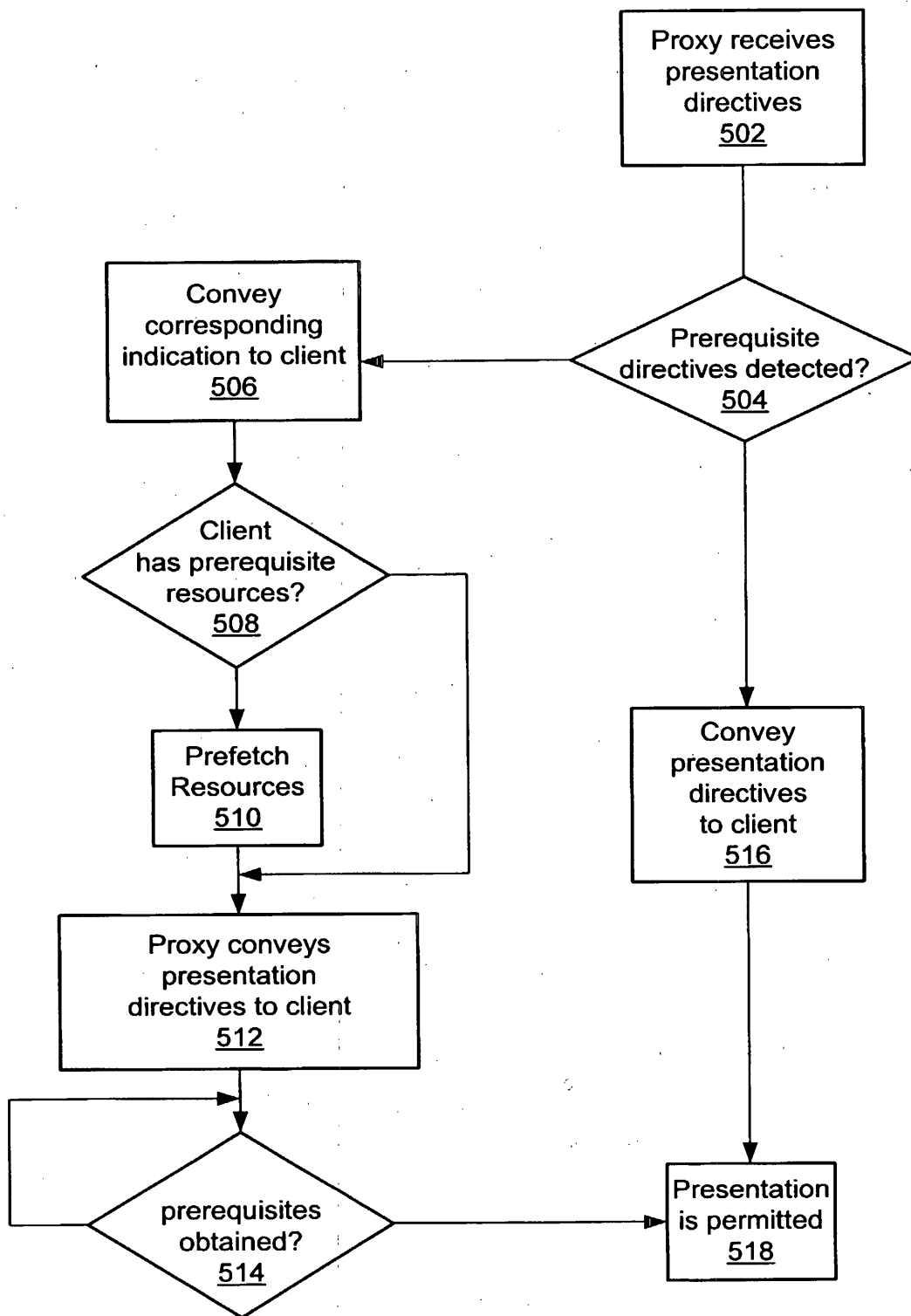


FIG. 5

ASSIGNMENT

FOR GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, the receipt, sufficiency and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the undersigned, does hereby:

SELL, ASSIGN AND TRANSFER to OpenTV, Inc. (the "Assignee"), a corporation having its principal place of business at 401 East Middlefield Road, Mountain View, California 94043-4005, the entire right, title and interest for the United States and all foreign countries, in and to any and all improvements which are disclosed in the application for United States Letters Patent, which has been executed by the undersigned concurrently herewith, and is entitled "**SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX**," the specification of which was filed on **April 19, 2002**, receiving the Serial No. **60/373,883**, such application and all divisional, continuing, substitute, renewal, reissue and all other applications for patent which have been or shall be filed in the United States and all foreign countries on any of such improvements; all original and reissued patents which have been or shall be issued in the United States and all foreign countries on such improvements; and specifically including the right to file foreign applications under the provisions of any convention or treaty and claim priority based on such application in the United States;

AUTHORIZE AND REQUEST the issuing authority to issue any and all United States and foreign patents granted on such improvements to the Assignee;

WARRANT AND COVENANT that no assignment, grant, mortgage, license or other agreement affecting the rights and property herein conveyed has been or will be made to others by the undersigned, and that the full right to convey the same as herein expressed is possessed by the undersigned;

COVENANT that, when requested and at the expense of the Assignee, to carry out in good faith the intent and purpose of this assignment, the undersigned will execute all divisional, continuing, substitute, renewal, reissue, and all other patent applications on any and all such improvements; execute all rightful oaths, declarations, assignments, powers of attorney and other papers; communicate to the Assignee all facts known to the undersigned relating to such improvements and the history thereof; and generally do everything possible which the Assignee shall consider desirable for securing, maintaining and enforcing proper patent protection for such improvements and for vesting title to such improvements in the Assignee;



10429621, 042403

PATENT  
OPTV-187/PRV/US


COVENANT AND AGREE that the above is and will be binding on the heirs, assigns, representatives and successors of the undersigned and extend to the successors, assigns and nominees of the Assignee.

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Alain DELPUCH

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: James WHITLEDGE

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Jean-Rene MENAND

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Emmanuel BARBIER

Inventor Signature  \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 8/28/02  
Name: Kevin HAUSMAN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Debra HENSGEN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Dongmin SU

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PATENT  
OPTV-187/PRV/US

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Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Alain DELPUCH

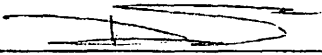
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Name: Emmanuel BARBIER

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kevin HAUSMAN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Debra HENSGEN

Inventor Signature  \_\_\_\_\_ Date: Aug 26, 2002  
Name: Dongmin SU

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COVENANT AND AGREE that the above is and will be binding on the heirs, assigns, representatives and successors of the undersigned and extend to the successors, assigns and nominees of the Assignee.

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Alain DELPUCH

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: James WHITLEDGE

Inventor Signature Jean-Rene Menand Date: 10/4/2002  
Name: Jean-Rene MENAND

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Emmanuel BARBIER

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kevin HAUSMAN

Inventor Signature Debra Hensgen Date: 10/4/02  
Name: Debra HENSGEN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Dongmin SU

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AUTHORIZE AND REQUEST the issuing authority to issue any and all United States and foreign patents granted on such improvements to the Assignee;

WARRANT AND COVENANT that no assignment, grant, mortgage, license or other agreement affecting the rights and property herein conveyed has been or will be made to others by the undersigned, and that the full right to convey the same as herein expressed is possessed by the undersigned;

COVENANT that, when requested and at the expense of the Assignee, to carry out in good faith the intent and purpose of this assignment, the undersigned will execute all divisional, continuing, substitute, renewal, reissue, and all other patent applications on any and all such improvements; execute all rightful oaths, declarations, assignments, powers of attorney and other papers; communicate to the Assignee all facts known to the undersigned relating to such improvements and the history thereof; and generally do everything possible which the Assignee shall consider desirable for securing, maintaining and enforcing proper patent protection for such improvements and for vesting title to such improvements in the Assignee;

COVENANT AND AGREE that the above is and will be binding on the heirs, assigns, representatives and successors of the undersigned and extend to the successors, assigns and nominees of the Assignee.

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Alain DELPUCH

Inventor Signature James R. Whitley Date: 8/26/02  
Name: James WHITLEDGE

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Jean-Rene MENAND

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Emmanuel BARBIER

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kevin HAUSMAN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Debra HENSGEN

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Dongmin SU

PATENT  
OPTV-187/PRV/US

ASSIGNMENT

FOR GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, the receipt, sufficiency and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the undersigned, does hereby:

SELL, ASSIGN AND TRANSFER to OpenTV, Inc. (the "Assignee"), a corporation having its principal place of business at 401 East Middlefield Road, Mountain View, California 94043-4005, the entire right, title and interest for the United States and all foreign countries, in and to any and all improvements which are disclosed in the application for United States Letters Patent, which has been executed by the undersigned concurrently herewith, and is entitled "**SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX**," the specification of which was filed on **April 19, 2002**, receiving the Serial No. **60/373,883**, such application and all divisional, continuing, substitute, renewal, reissue and all other applications for patent which have been or shall be filed in the United States and all foreign countries on any of such improvements; all original and reissued patents which have been or shall be issued in the United States and all foreign countries on such improvements; and specifically including the right to file foreign applications under the provisions of any convention or treaty and claim priority based on such application in the United States;

AUTHORIZE AND REQUEST the issuing authority to issue any and all United States and foreign patents granted on such improvements to the Assignee;

WARRANT AND COVENANT that no assignment, grant, mortgage, license or other agreement affecting the rights and property herein conveyed has been or will be made to others by the undersigned, and that the full right to convey the same as herein expressed is possessed by the undersigned;

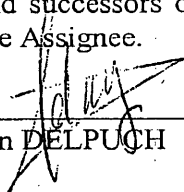
COVENANT that, when requested and at the expense of the Assignee, to carry out in good faith the intent and purpose of this assignment, the undersigned will execute all divisional, continuing, substitute, renewal, reissue, and all other patent applications on any and all such improvements; execute all rightful oaths, declarations, assignments, powers of attorney and other papers; communicate to the Assignee all facts known to the undersigned relating to such improvements and the history thereof; and generally do everything possible which the Assignee shall consider desirable for securing, maintaining and enforcing proper patent protection for such improvements and for vesting title to such improvements in the Assignee;



104439621 1042105

PATENT  
OPTV-187/PRV/US

COVENANT AND AGREE that the above is and will be binding on the heirs, assigns, representatives and successors of the undersigned and extend to the successors, assigns and nominees of the Assignee.

Inventor Signature   
Name: Alain DELPUCH

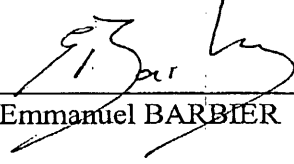
Date: 27 August 2002

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: James WHITLEDGE

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Jean-Rene MENAND

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor Signature   
Name: Emmanuel BARBIER

Date: 27 August 2002

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Kevin HAUSMAN

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Debra HENSGEN

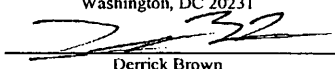
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Dongmin SU

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**  
**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
 (For new non-provisional applications under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

Atty. Dkt. No: 5266-06201 §  
 Inventor(s): §  
 Alain Delpuch §  
 James Whitledge §  
 Jean-Rene Menand §  
 Emmanuel Barbier §  
 Kevin Hausman §  
 Debra Hensgen §  
 Dongmin Su §  
 Title: SUPPORTING COMMON §  
 INTERACTIVE TELEVISION §  
 FUNCTIONALITY §  
 THROUGH PRESENTATION §  
 ENGINE SYNTAX §

| CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.10   |                        |
| "Express Mail" mailing label number:  | <u>EV 249056147 US</u> |
| DATE OF DEPOSIT:  | <u>April 21, 2003</u>  |
| I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. §1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to: |                        |
| Commissioner for Patents<br>Box Patent Application<br>Washington, DC 20231  |                        |
|   |                        |
| Derrick Brown   |                        |

**FEE AUTHORIZATION**

Commissioner for Patents  
 Washington, D.C. 20231

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fee to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzl, P.C. Deposit Account Number 501505/5266-06201/RDR:

|                           |    |      |   |   |   |            |    |          |
|---------------------------|----|------|---|---|---|------------|----|----------|
| Total Claims              | 23 | - 20 | = | 3 | x | \$18.00    | =  | \$54.00  |
| Independent Claims        | 4  | - 3  | = | 1 | x | \$84.00    | =  | \$ 84.00 |
| Multiple Dependent Claims |    |      |   |   |   | Fee:       |    |          |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   | Basic Fee: | \$ | 750.00   |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   | Total:     | \$ | 888.00   |

Attorney Docket No.: 5266-06201

The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fee or other fees which may be necessary to the same account number.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
 Name Rory D. Rankin  
 Registration No. 47,884  
 Date 4/21/03

104919521, 0423103

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
(For new non-provisional applications under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))

Atty. Dkt. No: 5266-06201

Inventor(s):

Alain Delpuch  
James Whittedge  
Jean-Rene Menand  
Emmanuel Barbier  
Kevin Hausman  
Debra Hensgen  
Dongmin Su

Title: SUPPORTING COMMON  
INTERACTIVE TELEVISION  
FUNCTIONALITY  
THROUGH PRESENTATION  
ENGINE SYNTAX


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CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL  
UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.10

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EY 249056147 US  
DATE OF DEPOSIT: April 21, 2003

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. § 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to:

Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231



Derrick Brown

**FEE AUTHORIZATION**

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

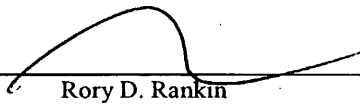
The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fee to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzl, P.C. Deposit Account Number 501505/5266-06201/RDR:

|                           |    |      |   |   |   |            |    |          |
|---------------------------|----|------|---|---|---|------------|----|----------|
| Total Claims              | 23 | - 20 | = | 3 | x | \$18.00    | =  | \$54.00  |
| Independent Claims        | 4  | - 3  | = | 1 | x | \$84.00    | =  | \$ 84.00 |
| Multiple Dependent Claims |    |      |   |   |   | Fee:       |    |          |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   | Basic Fee: | \$ | 750.00   |
|                           |    |      |   |   |   | Total:     | \$ | 888.00   |

Attorney Docket No.: 5266-06201

The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fee or other fees which may be necessary to the same account number.

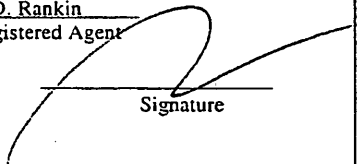
Signature  
Name  
Registration No.  
Date

  
Rory D. Rankin  
47,884  
4/21/03

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Atty. Dkt. No: | 5266-06200  |
| Inventor(s):   | Delpuch, et al.   |
| Title:         | SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX |

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|   |   |
|---|---|
| I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231, on the date indicated below: |   |
| Rory D. Rankin<br>Name of Registered Agent  |  |
| <u>Oct. 15, 2002</u><br>Date  | Signature   |

J1036 U.S. PTO  
10/419621  
04/21/03

**FEE AUTHORIZATION**

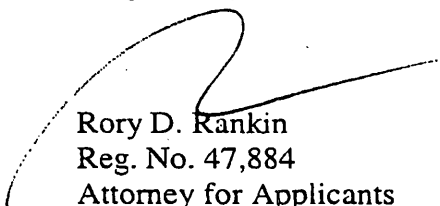
Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fee to Conley, Rose & Tayon, P.C. Deposit Account Number 501505/5266-06200/RDR:

Fee: Assignment  
Amount: \$40.00  
Attorney Docket No.: 5266-06200

The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fee or other fees, which may be necessary to the same account number. If the abovementioned account is found to have insufficient funds, the Commissioner is authorized to charge Conley, Rose & Tayon, P.C. Deposit Account Number 501623/5266-06200/RDR.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicants

Conley, Rose & Tayon, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767-0398  
Ph: (512) 476-1400  
Date: Oct. 15, 2002


**UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
 United States Patent and Trademark Office  
 Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS  
 P.O. Box 1450  
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING/RECEIPT DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10/419,621         | 04/21/2003          | Alain Delpuch         | 5266-06201             |

**CONFIRMATION NO. 2305**

35690  
 MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
 P.O. BOX 398  
 AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398

**FORMALITIES LETTER**


\*OC000000010286898\*

Date Mailed: 06/18/2003

**NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION**
**FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)**
*Filing Date Granted*
**Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:**

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The oath or declaration is missing.  
*A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.*
- To avoid abandonment, a late filing fee or oath or declaration surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(e) of \$130 for a non-small entity, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

**SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:**

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$130 for a Large Entity

- \$130 Late oath or declaration Surcharge.

*A copy of this notice **MUST** be returned with the reply.*

Customer Service Center  
 Initial Patent Examination Division (703) 308-1202

PART 3 - OFFICE COPY

# File History Content Report

The following content is missing from the original file history record obtained from the United States Patent and Trademark Office. No additional information is available.

Document Date - 2003-07-01

Document Title - Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed



Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

26 1178

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:  
Delpuch et al.

Serial No. 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: Supporting Common Interactive  
Television Functionality Through  
Presentation Engine Syntax

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Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below:

Rory D. Rankin  
Registered Representative

8/1/03  
Date Signature

**INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

RECEIVED

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AUG 06 2003

Technology Center 2600

Sir:

Applicant requests consideration of  the references listed on the attached Form PTO-1449 and/or  the additional information identified below in paragraph 3.

- A copy of each reference listed on the Form PTO-1449 is enclosed.
- The references listed on the Form PTO-1449 were previously cited in application serial no. \_\_\_\_\_ to which the captioned application is seeking priority under 35 U.S.C. §120; therefore, a copy of each reference is not enclosed.

1. This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted:

- a.  within 3 months of the filing date of a national application other than a continued prosecution application under § 1.53(d);
- within 3 months of the date of entry of the national stage as set forth in § 1.491 in an International application;
- before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits; or
- before the mailing of a first Office Action after the filing of a request for continued examination under § 1.114.
  
- b.  after the events of above paragraph 1a and prior to the mailing date of a final Office Action or Notice of Allowance, and thus:  the certification of paragraph 2 below is provided, or  a fee of \$180.00 is enclosed.


- c.  after the mailing date of a final Office Action or a Notice of Allowance and prior to payment of the issue fee, and thus: the certification of paragraph 2 below is provided and a fee of \$180.00 is enclosed.
2. It is hereby certified:
- that each item of information contained in this Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the Statement, or
- that no item of information contained in the Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application or, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, was known to any individual designated in § 1.56 (c) more than three months prior to the filing of the Statement.
3.  Consideration of the following additional information (including any co-pending or abandoned U.S. applications, prior uses and/or sales, etc.) is requested:
4. For each non-English language reference listed on the attached Form PTO-1449:
- reference is made to an English language translation submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to a foreign patent office search report (in the English language) submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to an English language translation of a foreign patent office search report submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to the concise explanation contained in the specification of the present application at page(s) \_\_\_\_\_, and/or
- reference is made to the concise explanation set forth below:
5.  Applicant also offers the following comments for the Examiner's consideration:
6.  Also enclosed is a copy of a foreign search report citing these references.
7.  The listed documents were brought to the attention of the Applicant(s) after payment of the issue fee in the captioned case. The documents were cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement. Applicant(s) request this Information Disclosure Statement and attached Form PTO-1449 be placed in the file of the captioned application.
8.  Applicant(s) requests that the Information Disclosure Statement and attached Form PTO-1449 and references, which are being filed before the grant of the



patent and pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(i), be placed in the file of the captioned application.

If any required fees are missing, the Commissioner is authorized to charge said fees to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzl, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicant(s)

MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN,  
KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.

P. O. Box 398

Austin, Texas 78767

(512) 853-8800

Date: 8/1/03

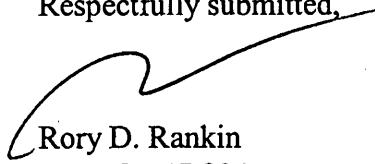




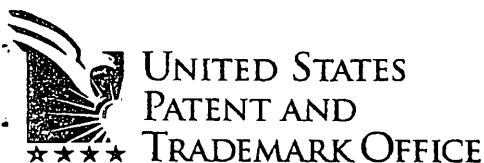
- (f) A Request for a One-Month Extension of Time.
- (g) A Fee Authorization form in the amount of \$410.00 to cover the filing fee for the Petition Fee (\$130.00), One-Month Extension (\$110.00), an Assignment Fee (\$40.00), and surcharge for late filing of oath or declaration for large entity (\$130.00).
- (h) A copy of Notice to File Missing Parts of Application Filing Date Granted.
- (i) A return postcard to acknowledge receipt of these materials. Please stamp and return this postcard to the undersigned.

If any fees are inadvertently omitted or if any additional fees are required or have been overpaid, please appropriately charge or credit those fees to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account Number 501505/5266-06201/RDR.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicants

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767-0398  
Ph: (512) 853-8800  
Date: Sep. 18, 2003

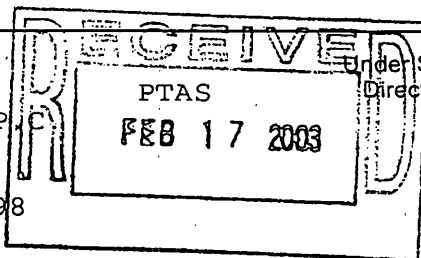


5266-06200 ✓

COPY

FEBRUARY 11, 2003

CONLEY, ROSE & TAYON, P.C.  
RORY D. RANKIN  
P.O. BOX 398  
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78767-0398



Under Secretary of Commerce For Intellectual Property and  
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Washington, DC 20231  
www.uspto.gov



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
NOTICE OF RECORDATION OF ASSIGNMENT DOCUMENT

THE ENCLOSED DOCUMENT HAS BEEN RECORDED BY THE ASSIGNMENT DIVISION OF THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE. A COMPLETE MICROFILM COPY IS AVAILABLE AT THE ASSIGNMENT SEARCH ROOM ON THE REEL AND FRAME NUMBER REFERENCED BELOW.

PLEASE REVIEW ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED ON THIS NOTICE. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED ON THIS RECORDATION NOTICE REFLECTS THE DATA PRESENT IN THE PATENT AND TRADEMARK ASSIGNMENT SYSTEM. IF YOU SHOULD FIND ANY ERRORS OR HAVE QUESTIONS CONCERNING THIS NOTICE, YOU MAY CONTACT THE EMPLOYEE WHOSE NAME APPEARS ON THIS NOTICE AT 703-308-9723. PLEASE SEND REQUEST FOR CORRECTION TO: U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE, ASSIGNMENT DIVISION, BOX ASSIGNMENTS, CG-4, 1213 JEFFERSON DAVIS HWY, SUITE 320, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231.

RECORDATION DATE: 10/21/2002 REEL/FRAME: 013418/0852  
NUMBER OF PAGES: 11

BRIEF: ASSIGNMENT OF ASSIGNOR'S INTEREST (SEE DOCUMENT FOR DETAILS).

- ASSIGNOR: DELPUCH, ALAIN DOC DATE: 08/27/2002
- ASSIGNOR: WHITLEDGE, JAMES DOC DATE: 08/26/2002
- ASSIGNOR: MENAND, JEAN-RENE DOC DATE: 10/04/2002
- ASSIGNOR: BARBIER, EMMANUEL DOC DATE: 08/27/2002
- ASSIGNOR: HAUSMAN, KEVIN DOC DATE: 08/28/2002
- ASSIGNOR: HENSGEN, DEBRA DOC DATE: 10/04/2002
- ASSIGNOR: SU, DONGMIN DOC DATE: 08/26/2002

013418/0852 PAGE 2

ASSIGNEE:  
OPENTV, INC.  
401 EAST MIDDLEFIELD ROAD  
MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA  
94043-  
4005

SERIAL NUMBER: 60373883  
PATENT NUMBER:

FILING DATE: 04/19/2002  
ISSUE DATE:

ALLYSON PURNELL, EXAMINER  
ASSIGNMENT DIVISION  
OFFICE OF PUBLIC RECORDS

REC'D

10-29-2002

Patent and Trademark Office



To the Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks. Please re

1. Name of conveying party(ies):

Alain Delpuch  
James Whitledge  
Jean-Rene Menand  
Emmanuel Barbier  
Kevin Hausman  
Debra Hensgen  
Dongmin Su

10-21-02

102264099

2. Name and address of receiving party(ies):

Name: OpenTV, Inc.  
Internal Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Street Address: 401 East Middlefield Road  
City Mountain View State CA ZIP 94043-4005

Additional name(s) of conveying party(ies) attached?  Yes  No

3. Nature of Conveyance:

- Assignment
- Merger
- Security Agreement
- Change of Name
- Other \_\_\_\_\_

Execution Date: October 4, 2002

OFFICE OF PUBLIC RECORDS  
2002 OCT 21 PM 12:02  
FINANCE SECTION

4. Application number(s) or patent number(s):

If this document is being filed together with a new application, the execution date of this application is:

A. Patent Application No.(s)  
60/373,883 filed 04/19/2002

B. Patent No.(s)

Additional numbers attached?  Yes  No

5. Name and address of party to whom correspondence concerning document should be mailed:

Name: Rory D. Rankin  
Internal Address: Conley, Rose & Tavon, P.C.  
Street Address: P.O. Box 398  
City Austin State TX ZIP 78767-0398

6. Total number of applications and patents involved: 1

7. Total fee (37 CFR 3.41): .....\$ 40.00

- Fee Authorization Form Enclosed
- Authorized to be charged to deposit account

8. Deposit account number: 501505/5266-06200/RDR  
(Attach a duplicate copy of this page if paying by deposit account)

DO NOT USE THIS SPACE

9. Statement and Signature.

*To the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing information is true and correct and any attached copy is a true copy of the original document.*

Rory D. Rankin  
Name of Person Signing  
Reg. No. 47,884

[Signature]  
Signature

Oct. 15, 2002  
Date

Total number of pages: 11

OMB No. 0651-011 (exp.4/94)

10/28/2002 LMUELLER 00000072 501505 60373883

FC:8021 40.00 CH



Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201  
OTV-187/ORG/US

#6

**DECLARATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority</u><br><u>Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy</u><br><u>Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| _____                                | _____          | _____                                   | _____                             | _____                                |
| _____                                | _____          | _____                                   | _____                             | _____                                |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>                         |
| _____                              | _____                                   |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| _____                         | _____                                   | _____  |
| _____                         | _____                                   | _____  |



I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitledge  
Inventor's Signature: James R. Whitledge Date: 6/22/03  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Naperville, IL Citizenship: USA  
Post Office and Residence Address: 30W345 Bruce Ln, Naperville IL 60563  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menand  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen  
Inventor's Signature: *Debra Hensgen* Date: 07/14/03  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Redwood City Citizenship: USA  
Post Office and Residence Address: 977 Upland Rd Redwood City, CA 94062  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)



**DECLARATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority</u><br><u>Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy</u><br><u>Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                                      |                |   |                                   |                                      |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>                         |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date</u><br><u>(mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
|                               |   |  |

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitley  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menard  
Inventor's Signature: Jean Rene Menard Date: 7/15/03  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: LOS ALTOS, CA Citizenship: FRANCE  
Post Office and Residence Address: 1535 SIESTA DRIVE, LOS ALTOS, CA 94024  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)



**DECLARATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                      |                |                               |                         |                            |
|                                      |                |                               |                         |                            |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>               |
|                                    |                               |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

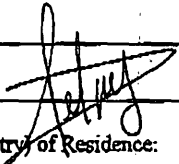
| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
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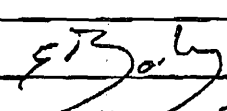
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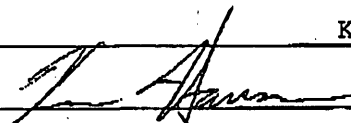
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: June 20, 2003  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: FRANCE Citizenship: FRANCE  
Post Office and Residence Address: 34 PARC DES ESSARTS 78690 LESESSARTS LE ROI  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitledge  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menand  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: June 20, 2003  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: FRANCE Citizenship: FRENCH  
Post Office and Residence Address: 6 BIS RUE DES ECOLES 75005 PARIS  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: 7/4/05  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Naperville IL Citizenship: US  
Post Office and Residence Address: 1105 Manchester Ct, Naperville, IL 60563  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)





45

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

OpenTV, Inc., owner of the application for United States Letters Patent on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

does hereby revoke any previous Powers of Attorney and appoint

|                     |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Mark K. Brightwell  | Reg. No. 47,446 |
| Kay A. Colapret     | Reg. No. 52,759 |
| Stephen J. Curran   | Reg. No. 50,664 |
| Mark R. DeLuca      | Reg. No. 44,649 |
| Heather L. Flanagan | Reg. No. 54,101 |
| Russell Henrichs    | Reg. No. 50,354 |
| Erik A. Heter       | Reg. No. 50,652 |
| Jeffrey C. Hood     | Reg. No. 35,198 |
| B. Noël Kivlin      | Reg. No. 33,929 |
| Robert C. Kowert    | Reg. No. 39,255 |
| Lawrence J. Merkel  | Reg. No. 41,191 |
| Eric B. Meyertons   | Reg. No. 34,876 |
| Neal E. Persky      | Reg. No. 53,452 |
| Liza Philip         | Reg. No. 51,352 |
| David W. Quimby     | Reg. No. 39,338 |
| Rory D. Rankin      | Reg. No. 47,884 |
| Gareth Sampson      | Reg. No. 52,191 |
| Russell C. Scott    | Reg. No. 43,103 |
| Chris Thompson      | Reg. No. 43,188 |
| Mark S. Williams    | Reg. No. 50,658 |

*each of said attorneys or agents being a member or an associate of the firm of Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C., as attorney or agent for so long as they remain with such company or firm, with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute the application, to make alterations and amendments therein, to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office in connection therewith, and to receive the Letters Patent.*

Please direct all communications to:

Rory D. Rankin  
Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767-0398  
Phone: (512) 853-8800

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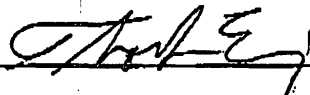
I, the undersigned, declare that I am the (an) owner of the above-identified application or, if the owner is a corporation, partnership or other association, I am authorized to make this appointment on behalf of the owner thereof.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of Declarant: OpenTV, Inc.  
(If owner is corporation, partnership or association)

Title of Declarant: Thomas L. Ewing  
Vice President and Chief Intellectual Property Officer

Address of Declarant: 275 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, CA 94111  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Signature of Owner:  Date: Sept. 18, 2003



Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

#3

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:  
Delpuch et al.

Serial No. 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: Supporting Common Interactive  
Television Functionality Through  
Presentation Engine Syntax

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Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

|   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below: |                    |
| Rory D. Rankin<br>Registered Representative   |                    |
| Sep. 18 2003<br>Date  | _____<br>Signature |

**PETITION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.47(a)**

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

The United States Patent and Trademark Office is respectfully requested to accept the above-referenced patent application pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.47(a). Executed declarations are submitted herewith for all of the inventors except Dongmin Su. As shown in the Statement of Facts submitted herewith, delivery of a copy of the above-referenced patent application and declaration has been made to Mr. Su's current address on multiple occasions. However, Mr. Su has not signed and returned the declaration. The remaining inventors submit the above-referenced patent application on behalf of themselves and on behalf of Dongmin Su.

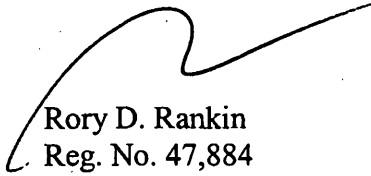
The non-joining inventor's last known address is:

Dongmin Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050  
U.S.A.

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A fee authorization form for the fee set forth in 37 CFR § 1.17(h) is enclosed herewith.

Respectfully submitted,



Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicants

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767-0398  
Ph: (512) 853-8850

Date: Sep. 18, 2003



**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:  
Delpuch et al.

Serial No. 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: Supporting Common Interactive  
Television Functionality Through  
Presentation Engine Syntax

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Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown.

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below:

Rory D. Rankin  
Registered Representative

Sep. 18, 2003  
Date Signature

**STATEMENT OF FACTS IN SUPPORT OF PETITION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.47(a)**

1. I, Rory D. Rankin, a registered patent attorney commissioned on behalf of OpenTV, Inc. to procure filing of the captioned matter before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, hereby state the following facts of which I have personal knowledge. The following facts are stated in support of the Petition under 37 CFR § 1.47(a) submitted herewith in regard to the above-referenced patent application.
2. A provisional patent application, Serial No. 60/373,883, was prepared corresponding to the captioned matter and filed on April 19, 2002, the technical substance and scope of which was approved by each of the present joint inventors. Each of the inventors further executed an assignment conveying their entire right and interest in the filed provisional application and any later filed applications based upon the provisional application. The corresponding assignment is recorded at Reel/Frame: 013418/0852.
3. On April 21, 2003, the above captioned non-provisional application claiming priority to the above provisional application was filed.
4. Subsequent to filing the above mentioned provisional application, but prior to filing the captioned non-provisional application, co-inventor Dongmin Su's employment at OpenTV, Inc. was terminated.

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01 FC:1460 130.00 DA

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5. On August 18, 2003, I delivered a copy of the above-referenced patent application and a Declaration form to Mr. Dongmin Su's present address. Delivery of the application papers was accepted on August 19, 2003, as evidenced by the attached Federal Express delivery receipt and corresponding cover letter, which accompanied the application papers.

6. On August 21, 2003, I placed a telephone call to Mr. Su at his home phone number 408-246-7572. A woman, who identified herself as Mr. Su's wife, answered the phone and indicated Mr. Su was unavailable. However, she did indicate that they had received the application papers which we delivered to Mr. Su and that Mr. Su was aware of the papers. I then asked her to have Mr. Su contact me with any questions or concerns he may have with regard to signing the documents he received. Mr. Su did not return the signed papers and did not contact me.

7. Mr. Su has refused to sign an Inventor's Declaration and Assignment papers in the past. On June 23, 2003, Christine M. Manchester who is currently employed with OpenTV, Inc, conveyed application papers including Declaration and Assignment forms to Mr. Su's current address. Delivery of the application papers was accepted on June 24, 2003, as evidenced by the attached Federal Express delivery receipt and corresponding cover letter, which accompanied the application papers. Mr. Su did not sign and return the delivered forms. Subsequently, on August 5, 2003, Christine M. Manchester again conveyed application papers including Declaration and Assignment forms to Mr. Su's current address. Delivery of the application papers was accepted on August 6, 2003, as evidenced by the attached Federal Express delivery receipt and corresponding cover letter, which accompanied the application papers. Mr. Su did not sign and return the delivered forms.

8. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

  
Rory D. Rankin

Date: Sep. 18, 2003



CHRISTINE M. MANCHESTER  
Direct Dial: 415-962-5295  
Direct Fax: 415-962-5364  
cmanchester@opentv.com

June 23, 2003

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Dongmin "Danny" Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050

**Re: United States Patent Application No. 10/419,621 entitled: "SUPPORTING  
COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX"**  
**Inventors: Alain Delpuch, et al.**  
**Our Ref.: OPTV-187/ORG/US**

Dear Danny:

We have received the Declaration and Assignment documents for your signature from our outside counsel in the above-referenced matter. Please sign and date the documents where indicated and return them to me as soon as possible, but no later than July 11, 2003, so that they can be filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Christine M. Manchester".

Christine M. Manchester  
Senior Intellectual Property Specialist

Enclosures

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**Tracking number** 792273727007  
**Signed for by** T.LU  
**Ship date** Jun 23, 2003  
**Delivery date/time** Jun 24, 2003 10:49 am

**Reference number** 130/CHRISTINE  
MANCHESTER  
**Delivery location** SANTA CLARA CA  
**Service type** Standard Envelope

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CHRISTINE M. MANCHESTER  
Direct Dial: 415-962-5295  
Direct Fax: 415-962-5364  
cmanchester@opentv.com

August 5, 2003

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Dongmin "Danny" Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050

**Re: United States Patent Application No. 10/419,621 entitled: "SUPPORTING  
COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX"**

**Inventors: Alaip Delpuch, et al.**

**Our Ref.: OPTV-187/ORG/US**

Dear Danny:

Further to my letter of June 23, 2003, forwarding the Declaration and Assignment documents for your signature in the above-referenced matter, we are still awaiting the signed documents from you. I am including a copy of the original letter with enclosures. Please sign and date the documents where indicated and return them to me as soon as possible. We have a deadline with the United States Patent and Trademark Office of August 18, 2003.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Christine M. Manchester".

Christine M. Manchester  
Senior Intellectual Property Specialist

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PATENTS, TRADEMARKS, COPYRIGHTS & UNFAIR COMPETITION

RORY D. RANKIN  
(512) 853-8866  
rrankin@intprop.com

FILE: 5266-06201  
OPTV-187/ORG/US

August 18, 2003

Via Federal Express

Dongmin Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050

RE: U.S. Patent Application Serial No.: 10/419,621  
Entitled : "Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through  
Presentation Engine Syntax";  
Inventor: *Delpuch, et al.*;  
(OpenTV Ref. No.: OPTV-187/ORG/US; Our Ref. No.: 5266-06201)

Dear Mr. Su:

Please find enclosed the above-referenced patent application, which was filed with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on April 21, 2003. Also enclosed are a Declaration and an Assignment form. Please complete all relevant information, sign and date these forms at the spaces provided, and return the signed forms including the enclosed application to me for filing with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

We have been informed that you are no longer employed by OpenTV, Inc. Consequently, I expect that you may have some questions regarding this application and the enclosed documents. Please give me a call as I would be happy to discuss this with you and to answer any questions you may have. You can reach me at (512) 853-8866.

Very truly yours,

  
Rory D. Rankin

RDR/psa  
Enclosure  
cc: Christine Manchester

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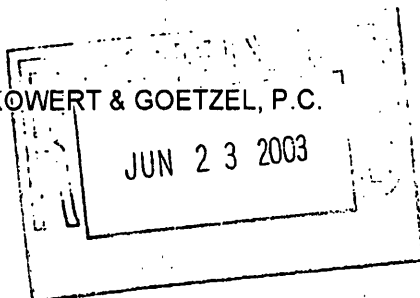


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 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING/RECEIPT DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10/419,621         | 04/21/2003          | Alain Delpuch         | 5266-06201             |

35690  
 MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
 P.O. BOX 398  
 AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398



CONFIRMATION NO. 2305  
 FORMALITIES LETTER



\*OC000000010286898\*

Date Mailed: 06/18/2003



NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Filing Date Granted

Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The oath or declaration is missing.  
 A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.
- To avoid abandonment, a late filing fee or oath or declaration surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(e) of \$130 for a non-small entity, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$130 for a Large Entity

- \$130 Late oath or declaration Surcharge.

09/24/2003 SLUANG1 00000020 10419621

03 FC:1051 130.00 DA

A copy of this notice **MUST** be returned with the reply.

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|   |   |                            |
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| In re Application of                        | : |                            |
| Delpuch et al.                              | : | <b>OFFICE OF PETITIONS</b> |
| Application No. 10/419,621                  | : | DECISION REFUSING          |
| Filed: April 21, 2003                       | : | STATUS UNDER               |
| Attorney Docket No. 5266-06201OTV187/ORG/US | : | 37 CFR 1.47(a)             |
| For: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE          | : |                            |
| TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY                    | : |                            |
| THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE                 | : |                            |
| SYNTAX                                      | : |                            |

This is a decision on the petition under 37 CFR 1.47(a), filed September 22, 2003.

The petition is **DISMISSED**.

Any request for reconsideration of this decision must be submitted within **TWO (2) MONTHS** from the mail date of this decision. Extensions of time under 37 CFR 1.136(a) are permitted. Any response should be entitled "Request for Reconsideration of Petition Under 37 CFR 1.47(a)" and may include an oath or declaration executed by the inventor. **Failure to respond will result in abandonment of the application.**

A grantable petition under 37 CFR 1.47(a) requires

- (1) proof that the non-signing inventor cannot be found or reached after diligent effort or that the inventor refuses to sign after having been presented with the application papers (specification, claims, and drawings),
- (2) a proper oath or Declaration executed by the available joint inventor(s),
- (3) the fee of \$130 as specified in 37 CFR § 1.17(h), and
- (4) the last known address of the omitted inventor(s).

In addition to the above requirements, the signing inventors must sign the declaration on behalf of the non-signing inventor. See MPEP 409.03(a).

The instant petition fails to satisfy item (2) above.

The declaration fails to list the citizenship of the non-signing inventor. The declaration fails to list the mailing or residential address for the non-signing inventor.

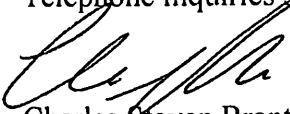
A proper declaration should be submitted with any request for reconsideration.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

By mail:                   Mail Stop Petition  
                                  Commissioner for Patents  
                                  P.O. Box 1450  
                                  Alexandria, VA 22313-1450



Telephone inquiries should be directed to Petitions Attorney Steven Brantley at (703) 306-5683.



Charles Steven Brantley  
Petitions Attorney  
Office of Petitions



Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

DA C

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In re Application of:  
Delpuch et al.

Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown

Serial No. 10/419,621

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: Supporting Common Interactive  
Television Functionality Through  
Presentation Engine Syntax

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below:

Rory D. Rankin  
Registered Representative

14 Nov 03  
Date

Signature

#9

**REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF PETITION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.47(a)**

Mail Stop Petitions  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

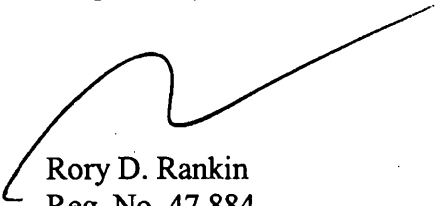
The United States Patent and Trademark Office is respectfully requested to reconsider the petition under 37 CFR § 1.47(a) submitted by Applicant on September 18, 2003. In the Decision Refusing Status mailed November 3, 2003, the only requirement which was indicated to be missing was an indication on the Declaration as to the non-joining inventor's last known mailing or residential address and citizenship. Applicant submits herewith a corrected Declaration. As noted in the Declaration, the non-joining inventor is a U.S. citizen and his last known address is:

Dongmin Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050  
U.S.A.

Should there be any questions the below signed representative may be reached at (512) 853-8866.

If any fees are due, the Commissioner is authorized to charge said fees to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert, & Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR.

Respectfully submitted,



Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicants

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767-0398  
Ph: (512) 853-8850

Date: 14 Nov 2003



Attorney File Number: 5266-06201 #10  
OTV-187/ORG/US

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DECLARATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
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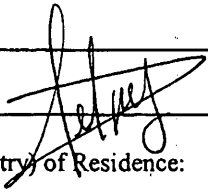
I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>               |
|                                    |                               |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

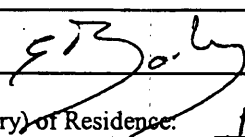
| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: June 20, 2003  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: FRANCE Citizenship: FRANCE  
Post Office and Residence Address: 34 PARC DES ESSANTS 78690 LES ESSANTS LE ROI  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitledge  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menand  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: June 20, 2003  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: FRANCE Citizenship: FRENCH  
Post Office and Residence Address: 6 BIS RUE DES ECOLES 75005 PARIS  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitley  
Inventor's Signature: James R. Whitley Date: 6/22/03  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Naperville, IL Citizenship: USA  
Post Office and Residence Address: 300345 Bruce Ln, Naperville IL 60563  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menand  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Full Name: Alain Delpuch

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: James Whitledge

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Jean-Rene Menard

Inventor's Signature: Jean Rene Menard Date: 7/15/03

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: LOS ALTOS, CA Citizenship: FRANCE

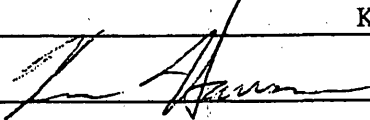
Post Office and Residence Address: 1535 SIESTA DRIVE, LOS ALTOS, CA 94024  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Emmanuel Barbier

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman  
Inventor's Signature:  Date: 7/6/05  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Naperville IL Citizenship: US  
Post Office and Residence Address: 1105 Manchester Ct, Naperville, IL 60563  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Santa Clara, CA Citizenship: USA  
Post Office and Residence Address: 2038 Finley Place, Santa Clara, CA 95050  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)



Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen

Inventor's Signature: Debra Hensgen Date: 07/14/03

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Redwood City Citizenship: USA

Post Office and Residence Address: 977 Upland Rd Redwood City, CA 94062  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Santa Clara, CA Citizenship: USA

Post Office and Residence Address: 2038 Finley Place, Santa Clara, CA 95050  
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Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201  
OTV-187/ORG/US

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DECLARATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| _____                                | _____          | _____                         | _____                   | _____                      |
| _____                                | _____          | _____                         | _____                   | _____                      |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>               |
| _____                              | _____                         |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| _____                         | _____                         | _____  |
| _____                         | _____                         | _____  |



DECLARATION

RECEIVED  
NOV 18 2003

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. OFFICE OF PETITIONS

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX," the specification of which:

- is attached hereto.
- was filed on April 21, 2003 as Application Serial No. 10/419,621.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or under § 365(a) of any PCT international application listed below designating least one country other than the United States of America, and have identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application, having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| <u>Prior Foreign Application No.</u> | <u>Country</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Priority Claimed</u> | <u>Cert. copy Attached</u> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| _____                                | _____          | _____                         | _____                   | _____                      |
| _____                                | _____          | _____                         | _____                   | _____                      |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

| <u>Provisional Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>60/373,883</u>                  | <u>04/19/02</u>               |
| _____                              | _____                         |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, or under § 365(c) of any PCT international application listed below designating the United States of America, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of the subject matter claimed in this application, as "materiality" is defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| <u>Parent Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date (mm/dd/yy)</u> | <u>Parent Patent No. (if applicable) or Status</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| _____                         | _____                         | _____  |
| _____                         | _____                         | _____  |

Inventor's Full Name: Kevin Hausman  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Debra Hensgen  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship: \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office and Residence Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)

Inventor's Full Name: Dongmin Su  
Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
City and State (or Foreign Country) of Residence: Santa Clara, CA Citizenship: USA  
Post Office and Residence Address: 2038 Finley Place, Santa Clara, CA 95050  
(Include number, street name, city, state and zip code)



**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

Inventor Application of:  
Delpuch, et al.

Serial No. 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: SUPPORTING COMMON  
INTERACTIVE TELEVISION  
FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX

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Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below:

Rory D. Rankin  
Registered Representative

1/9/04      \_\_\_\_\_  
Date                      Signature

#12  
2611  
RECEIVED  
JAN 14 2004  
TC 2600  
**RECEIVED**

**INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

JAN 14 2004

Technology Center 2600

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

Applicant requests consideration of  the references listed on the attached Form PTO-1449 and/or  the additional information identified below in paragraph 3.

- A copy of each required reference listed on the Form PTO-1449 is enclosed.
- The references listed on the Form PTO-1449 were previously cited in application serial no. \_\_\_\_\_ to which the captioned application is seeking priority under 35 U.S.C. §120; therefore, a copy of each reference is not enclosed.
- The present application is a U.S. national patent application filed after June 30, 2003, or an international application that entered the national stage under 35 USC § 371 after June 30, 2003. Therefore, copies of the cited U.S. patents and/or U.S. patent application publications are not enclosed.

1. This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted:

- a.  within 3 months of the filing date of a national application other than a continued prosecution application under § 1.53(d);
- within 3 months of the date of entry of the national stage as set forth in § 1.491 in an International application;
- before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits; or
- before the mailing of a first Office Action after the filing of a request for continued examination under § 1.114.

- b.  after the events of above paragraph 1a and prior to the mailing date of a final Office Action or Notice of Allowance, and thus:  the certification of paragraph 2 below is provided, or  a fee of \$180.00 is enclosed.
- c.  after the mailing date of a final Office Action or a Notice of Allowance and prior to payment of the issue fee, and thus: the certification of paragraph 2 below is provided and a fee of \$180.00 is enclosed.

2. It is hereby certified:

- that each item of information contained in this Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the Statement, or
- that no item of information contained in the Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application or, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, was known to any individual designated in § 1.56 (c) more than three months prior to the filing of the Statement.

3.  Consideration of the following additional information (including any co-pending or abandoned U.S. applications, prior uses and/or sales, etc.) is requested:

4. For each non-English language reference listed on the attached Form PTO-1449:

- reference is made to an English language translation submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to a foreign patent office search report (in the English language) submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to an English language translation of a foreign patent office search report submitted herewith, and/or
- reference is made to the concise explanation contained in the specification of the present application at page(s) \_\_\_\_\_, and/or
- reference is made to the concise explanation set forth below:

5.  Applicant also offers the following comments for the Examiner's consideration:

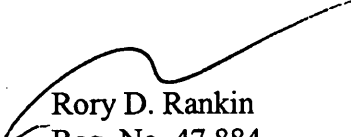
6.  Also enclosed is a copy of a foreign search report citing these references.

7.  The listed documents were brought to the attention of the Applicant(s) after payment of the issue fee in the captioned case. The documents were cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement. Applicant(s) request this Information Disclosure Statement and attached Form PTO-1449 be placed in the file of the captioned application.

8.  Applicant(s) requests that the Information Disclosure Statement and attached Form PTO-1449 and references, which are being filed before the grant of the patent and pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(i), be placed in the file of the captioned application.

If any required fees are missing, the Commissioner is authorized to charge said fees to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert & Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR.

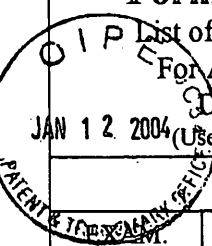
Respectfully submitted,

  
Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicant(s)

MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN,  
KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
P. O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767  
(512) 853-8800

Date: 1/3/04

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Form PTO-1449 (modified)</b><br>List of Patents and Publications<br>For Applicant's Information<br>Disclosure Statement<br>(Use several sheets if necessary) | ATTY. DKT. NO. 5266-06201<br><br>APPLICANT: Delpuch, et al.<br><br>FILING DATE: April 21, 2003 | SERIAL NO. 10/419,621<br><br>GROUP: 2611 |
|---|--|--|



**U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| EXAM. INITIALS | REF. DES. | DOCUMENT NUMBER | DATE       | NAME          | CLASS | SUB CLASS | FILING DATE APPROPRIATE |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-------|-----------|-------------------------|
|                | B1        | 6,539,359       | 03/25/2003 | Ladd, et al.  |       |           |                         |
|                | B2        | 6,415,303       | 07/02/2002 | Meier, et al. |       |           | JAN 14 2004             |
|                | B3        | 6,188,401       | 02/13/2001 | Peyer         |       |           | Technology Center 2600  |
|                | B4        | 5,790,198       | 08/04/1998 | Roop, et al.  |       |           |                         |
|                |           |                 |            |               |       |           |                         |
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|                |           |                 |            |               |       |           |                         |
|                |           |                 |            |               |       |           |                         |

**FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| EXAM. INITIALS | REF. DES. | DOCUMENT NUMBER | DATE | COUNTRY | CLASS | SUB CLASS | TRANSLATIO YES/NO |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|------|---------|-------|-----------|-------------------|
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                   |
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                   |
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                   |

**OTHER ART (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)**

|  |    |   |
|--|----|---|
|  | B5 | "CSS3 Module: The Box Model"; W3C Working Draft, July 26, 2001; This version: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/WD-css3-box-20010726">http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/WD-css3-box-20010726</a> ; Latest version: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/css3-box">http://www.w3.org/TR/css3-box</a> ; Editor: Bert Bos; Copyright ©2001 W3C® (MIT, INRIA, Keio); Pages 1-104. |
|  |    |   |
|  |    |   |
|  |    |   |

EXAMINER: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE CONSIDERED: \_\_\_\_\_

EXAMINER: Initial if citation considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to the patent owner.

Information Disclosure Statement--PTO 1449 (modified)





UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
P.O. Box 1450  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

Paper No. 11

MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
P.O. BOX 398  
AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398

COPY MAILED

JAN 12 2004

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of  
Delpuch et al.  
Application No. 10/419,621  
Filed: April 21, 2003  
Attorney Docket No. 5266-06201OTV187/ORG/US  
For: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE  
TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY  
THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE  
SYNTAX

DECISION ACCORDING  
STATUS UNDER  
37 CFR 1.47(a)

This is a decision on the renewed petition under 37 CFR 1.47(a), filed November 13, 2003.

The petition is **granted**.

Petitioner has shown that the non-signing inventor has refused to join in the filing of the above-identified application after having been presented with the application papers or cannot be located.

The above-identified application and papers have been reviewed and found in compliance with 37 CFR 1.47(a). This application is hereby accorded Rule 1.47(a) status.

As provided in Rule 1.47(c), this Office will forward notice of this application's filing to the non-signing inventor at the address given in the petition. Notice of the filing of this application will also be published in the Official Gazette.

After this decision is mailed, the above-identified application will be returned to the Office of Initial Patent Examination for further processing.

Telephone inquiries should be directed to Petitions Attorney Steven Brantley at (703) 306-5683.

Charles Steven Brantley  
Petitions Attorney  
Office of Petitions



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
P.O. BOX 1450  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

Paper No. 12

Dongmin Su  
2038 Finley Place  
Santa Clara, CA 95050

**COPY MAILED**

JAN 12 2004

**OFFICE OF PETITIONS**

In re Application of :  
Delpuch et al. :  
Application No. 10/419,621 :  
Filed: April 21, 2003 :  
Attorney Docket No. 5266-06201OTV187/ORG/US :  
For: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE :  
TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY :  
THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE :  
SYNTAX :

Letter

Dear Mr. Su:

You are named as a joint inventor in the above identified United States patent application, filed under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 116 (United States Code), and 37 CFR 1.47(a), Rules of Practice in Patent Cases. Should a patent be granted on the application you will be designated therein as a joint inventor.

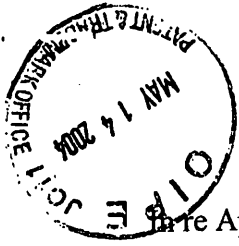
As a named inventor you are entitled to inspect any paper in the file wrapper of the application, order copies of all or any part thereof (at a prepaid cost per 37 CFR 1.19) or make your position of record in the application. Alternatively, you may arrange to do any of the preceding through a registered patent attorney or agent presenting written authorization from you. If you care to join the application, counsel of record (see below) would presumably assist you. Joining in the application would entail the filing of an appropriate oath or declaration by you pursuant to 37 CFR 1.63.

Requests for information regarding your application should be directed to the File Information Unit at (703)308-2733. Information regarding how to pay for and order a copy of the application, or a specific paper in the application, should be directed to Certification Division at (703)308-9726 or 1(800)972-6382 (outside the Washington D.C. area).

Telephone inquiries regarding this communication should be directed to Petitions Attorney Steven Brantley at (703) 306-5683.

Charles Steven Brantley  
Petitions Attorney  
Office of Petitions

cc: MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
P.O. BOX 398  
AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398



Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

**FILE COPY**

Receipt

#13

W. Lawson  
7/14/04

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor Application of:  
Delpuch, et al.

Serial No. 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

For: SUPPORTING COMMON  
INTERACTIVE TELEVISION  
FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX



Group Art Unit: 2611  
Examiner: Unknown

Atty. Dkt. No. 5266-06201

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the date indicated below:

Rory D. Rankin  
Registered Representative

5/11/04  
Date

Signature

REQUEST FOR CORRECTED OFFICIAL FILING RECEIPT

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**RECEIVED**

JUN 10 2004

Sir:

Technology Center 2600

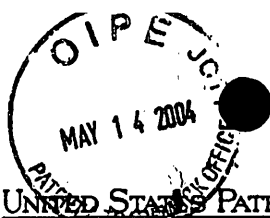
The official Filing Receipt mailed April 8, 2004, lists two of the Applicant's residences incorrectly. The correct residences should be Alain Delpuch, Les Essarts Le Roi, FRANCE and Kevin Hausman, Naperville, IL. I have provided a copy of the Filing Receipt with the change noted thereon. Applicants respectfully request that this change be made and a corrected Filing Receipt be reissued in the above-identified application.

Respectfully submitted,

Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
Attorney for Applicant(s)

MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN,  
KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
P. O. Box 398  
Austin, Texas 78767  
(512) 853-8800

Date: 5/11/04



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
 United States Patent and Trademark Office  
 Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
 P.O. Box 1450  
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
 www.uspto.gov

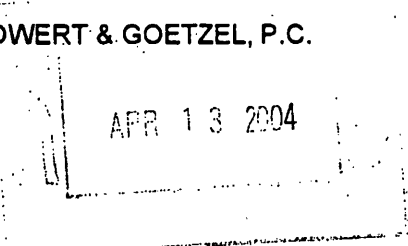
| APPL NO.   | FILING OR 371 (c) DATE | ART UNIT | FIL FEE REC'D | ATTY. DOCKET NO | DRAWINGS | TOT CLMS | IND CLMS |
|------------|------------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 10/419,621 | 04/21/2003             | 2611     | 1018          | 5266-06201      | 5        | 23       | 4        |

CONFIRMATION NO. 2305

UPDATED FILING RECEIPT



35690  
 MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
 P.O. BOX 398  
 AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398



Date Mailed: 04/08/2004

Receipt is acknowledged of this regular Patent Application. It will be considered in its order and you will be notified as to the results of the examination. Be sure to provide the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION when inquiring about this application. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please write to the Office of Initial Patent Examination's Filing Receipt Corrections, facsimile number 703-746-9195. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections (if appropriate).

Applicant(s)

*Les Essarts Le Roi*

Alain Delpuch, ~~Les Essarts Le Roi~~, FRANCE;  
 James Whitley, Naperville, IL;  
 Jean-Rene Menand, Los Altos, CA;  
 Emmanuel Barbier, Paris, FRANCE;  
 Kevin Hausman, ~~Naperville, IL~~ *Naperville, IL*  
 Debra Hensgen, Redwood City, CA;  
 Dongmin Su, Santa Clara, CA;

Atty Dkt#: \_\_\_\_\_ Atty: RDR  
 Transferred  Due Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Action: 30 Day  1 Mo.  2 Mo   
 3 Mo.  Final Action  Advsy Action   
 Ntc of Allow  Drawings  Issue Fee   
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Docketed: \_\_\_\_\_

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This appin-claims benefit of 60/373,883 04/19/2002

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 06/17/2003

Projected Publication Date: 07/15/2004

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

RECEIVED

JUN 10 2004

Technology Center 2600

Supporting common interactive television functionality through presentation engine syntax

Preliminary Class  
725

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**LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER  
Title 35, United States Code, Section 184  
Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15**

**GRANTED**

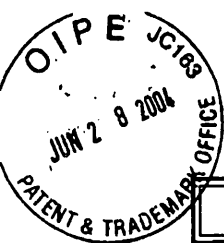
The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Office of Export Administration, Department of Commerce (15 CFR 370.10 (j)); the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

**NOT GRANTED**


No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).



**TRANSMITTAL**

Electronic Version v1.1  
 Stylesheet Version v1.1.0

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Title of Invention</b> | Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax |
|---------------------------|---|

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Application Number: 10/419621<br>Date: 2003-04-21<br>First Named Applicant: Alain Delpuch<br>Confirmation Number: 2305<br>Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201 |  | <div style="font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold; margin-bottom: 10px;">RECEIVED</div> <div style="font-size: 18pt; margin-bottom: 10px;">JUL 01 2004</div> <div style="font-size: 16pt;">Technology Center 2600</div> |
|--|--|--|

I hereby certify that the use of this system is for OFFICIAL correspondence between patent applicants or their representatives and the USPTO. Fraudulent or other use besides the filing of official correspondence by authorized parties is strictly prohibited, and subject to a fine and/or imprisonment under applicable law.

I, the undersigned, certify that I have viewed a display of document(s) being electronically submitted to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, using either the USPTO provided style sheet or software, and that this is the document(s) I intend for initiation or further prosecution of a patent application noted in the submission. This document(s) will become part of the official electronic record at the USPTO.

| Submitted by:                               | Elec. Sign.    | Sign. Capacity |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Rory D. Rankin<br>Registered Number: 47,884 | Rory D. Rankin | Attorney       |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Documents being submitted</b><br>us-ids | <b>Files</b><br>5266-06201IDS-usidst.xml<br>us-ids.dtd<br>us-ids.xsl |
|--|--|

**Comments**

If any required fees are missing, the Commissioner is authorized to charge said fees to

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert and Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR



**ELECTRONIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Electronic Version v18  
 Stylesheet Version v18.0

| <b>Title of Invention</b>   | <b>Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax</b> |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
|---|--|----------------------|-------------|------------|------|----------|----------|-------|----------|--|---|---------|------------|-------|--|--|--|
| <p>Application Number: 10/419621 </p> <p>Confirmation Number: 2305</p> <p>First Named Applicant: Alain Delpuch</p> <p>Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201</p> <p>Art Unit: 2611</p> <p>Examiner: Kieu Oanh T Bui</p> <p>Search string: ( 6345307 ).pn.</p>   |  |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <p><b>RECEIVED</b></p> <p>JUL 01 2004</p> <p>Technology Center 2600</p>   |  |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <p><b>Certification:</b> This Information Disclosure Statement was submitted under the following conditions, which satisfies the requirement under 37 CFR 1.97(e). The filer certified:</p> <p>That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement.</p>   |  |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <p><b>US Patent Documents</b></p> <p>Note: Applicant is not required to submit a paper copy of cited US Patent Documents</p>  |  |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width:5%;">init</th> <th style="width:15%;">Cite.No.</th> <th style="width:20%;">Patent No.</th> <th style="width:15%;">Date</th> <th style="width:10%;">Patentee</th> <th style="width:5%;">Kind</th> <th style="width:5%;">Class</th> <th style="width:10%;">Subclass</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>6345307</td> <td>2002-02-05</td> <td>Booth</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |  | init                 | Cite.No.    | Patent No. | Date | Patentee | Kind     | Class | Subclass |  | 1 | 6345307 | 2002-02-05 | Booth |  |  |  |
| init  | Cite.No.   | Patent No.           | Date        | Patentee   | Kind | Class    | Subclass |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
|   | 1  | 6345307              | 2002-02-05  | Booth      |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <p><b>Signature</b></p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width:60%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"><b>Examiner Name</b></td> <td style="width:40%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"><b>Date</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="height: 20px;"></td> <td style="height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>   |  | <b>Examiner Name</b> | <b>Date</b> |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
| <b>Examiner Name</b>  | <b>Date</b>  |                      |             |            |      |          |          |       |          |  |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |
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#14  
W. Lawrence  
7/14/04

Electronic Filing System (EFS) Data  
Electronic Patent Application Submission  
USPTO Use Only

EFS ID: 63466  
Application ID: 10419621  
Title of Invention: Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax  
First Named Inventor: Alain Delpuch  
Domestic/Foreign Application: Domestic Application  
Filing Date: 2003-04-21  
Effective Receipt Date: 2004-06-28  
Submission Type: Information Disclosure Statement  
Filing Type:  
Confirmation number: 2305  
Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201



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Transaction History Date 2004-09-15  
Date information retrieved from USPTO Patent  
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**UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
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| APPLICATION NUMBER | PATENT NUMBER | GROUP ART UNIT | FILE WRAPPER LOCATION |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 10/419,621         |               | 2611           | 21M1                  |

**Change of Address/Power of Attorney**

The following fields have been set to Customer Number 44015 on

- Correspondence Address
- Power of Attorney

The address of record for Customer Number 44015 is:

OPTV/MEYERTONS  
THE CHASE BUILDING  
700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
AUSTIN, TX 78701

The Practitioners of record for Customer Number 44015 are:

**PTO INSTRUCTIONS:**

Please take the following action when the correspondence address has been changed to a customer number:

- 1) Add 'ADDRESS CHANGE TO CUSTOMER NUMBER' on the next available content line of the File Jacket.
- 2) Put a line through the old address on the File Jacket and enter the Customer Number as the new address.
- 3) File this Notice in the File Jacket.

Please take the following action when the correspondence address has NOT been changed:

- 1) File this Notice in the File Jacket

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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/419,621      | 04/21/2003  | Alain Delpuch        | 5266-06201          | 2305             |

44015 7590 10/15/2004

OPTV/MEYERTONS  
THE CHASE BUILDING  
700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
AUSTIN, TX 78701

EXAMINER

BUI, KIEU OANH T

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2611

DATE MAILED: 10/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



**DETAILED ACTION**

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC 102***

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

*A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --  
(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.*

2. Claims 1-7, 11-16, and 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ben-Shaul et al. (U.S. Patent Pub No. 2002/0010798 A1/or "Ben" for short).

Regarding claim 1, Ben discloses "a method comprising: receiving one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; determining from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and prohibiting the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired", i.e., Ben discloses a content and application delivery system that a user or a web client (as illustrated in Figs. 6-7) can receive one or more directives which indicative of audio, video and/or graphics presentation—content delivery from web servers to the user via a TV browser for local news and local sports and etc. (page 3/section 0027, page 5/sect. 0051, page 22/sect. 0221 & 0231, and page 24/sect. 0256 & 0263), the system has directive director 122 (Fig. 12, and page 35/section 0431 & 0432) has a control over the content delivery to the user based on service profile and other directives that can

either authorize or disable the service/ content delivery for presentation at the user's location if subset of resources are not acquired, for instance, the user is not subscribed so that some of required directives for billing is not acquired, the service is unauthorized or disabled (page 27/from section 0314 to section 0324).

As for claim 2, Ben discloses "wherein said subset of resources are indicated using directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet" (page 14/sections 0195, 0196, 0197 for all of these features for CDSL, XML, and XML style sheet language).

As for claim 3, Ben discloses "wherein said directives are received by a proxy server in an interactive television system" (page 37/section 0477 to section 0480 as the content marker as interactive tool to use in GUI editor and TV system –page 24/sect. 0256; and edge server 48 acts as a proxy server).

As for claim 4, Ben also discloses "wherein said determining is performed by said proxy server, and wherein said method further comprises said proxy server conveying signals which correspond to said subset of resources to a remote client device", i.e., the edge server directs the right subset of resources to the remote client device (page 24/section 0260 to page 25/section 0268 for redirecting contents and resources to the client).

As for claim 5, Ben discloses further "comprising said client device acquiring said subset of resources in response to detecting said signals", i.e., the client can obtain a subset of resources with the use of directive editor 122 for filtering and detecting the appropriate content from the edge server (page 35/section 0431 to page 36/section 0435).

As for claim 6, Ben further shows “wherein said subset comprises streaming audio and/or video, and wherein acquisition of the streaming audio and/or video comprises configuring hardware resources within said client device” (page 2/section 0019 & page 35/section 0425 for streaming media audio and video; and page 22/section 0230 & 0231 and page 26/section 0309-0312 for hardware configuration as configuration on targeting based on profiles, caching, mirroring, priorities of communication and processing, streaming media support etc. within the client device for receiving the content from different resources).

As for claim 7, Ben discloses “wherein acquisition of the subset of resources comprises the client device initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device” (as shown in Figs. 3-4, the client device at 14 is remotely located from resource local ISP or server 10; and the client can initiate the requests, page 37/section 0486 to page 38/section 0490 as the client requests for a personal “client view”).

As for claim 11, Ben discloses further “comprising defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource” (page 14/section 0192 for a meta value CDML code identified by two entities).

As for claim 12, Ben shows “wherein said prohibiting is in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said method further comprises allowing the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired” (page 27/sections 0323 & 0324 as the system can limit or prohibit the service or presentation to the client at a certain time period or per-service basis).

Regarding claims 13-16 and 20-21, these claims for “an interactive television system comprising: a remote proxy server configured to: receive one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; determining from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; convey first signals which identify said subset of resources to a remote client device; and convey second signals which correspond to said directives; a client device configured to: receive said first signals; receive said second signals; and prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to detecting said first signals” with same limitations as cited earlier are rejected for the reasons given in the scope of claims 1-7, and 11-12 as already discussed in details above.

Regarding claims 22 and 23, these claims for “a client device in an interactive television system, said device comprising: a receiver configured to receive signals corresponding to directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation acquiring a set of resources; and a processing-unit-coupled to said receiver, wherein said processing unit is configured to: determine from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired” and “a carrier medium comprising program instructions executable to: receive directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; determine from said directives that a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired” with same limitations



as cited earlier are rejected for the reasons given in the scope of claims 1-7 as already discussed in details above.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC 103***

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

*(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.*

4. Claims 8-10 and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ben (U.S. Patent Pub No. US 2002/0010798 A1).

Regarding claims 8-10, Ben does not further mention “comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD to add a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources”; “comprising using a label within a Declarative Data Essence standard as an attribute to indicate a prerequisite resource”; and “comprising enhancing DVB-MHP by adding a showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources”; however, the Examiner takes an official notice that these features are known in the art since these features are parts of the standard attributes for use within the HTML, and other scripting languages, i.e., DTD or Document Type Definition associated for use in Extensible Markup Language (XML). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ben’s system with some known features as “DTD, Declarative Data Essence and enhancing DVB-

MHP by adding a showstopper AIT descriptor" in order to add or indicate a prerequisite resource(s) for identifying different resources in delivering contents to the client devices.

**Conclusion**

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Bradley et al (US Pub 2002/0194219 A1) and Lamkin et al (US Pub 2002/0088011 A1) disclose systems related to content deliveries and content attributes.

6. **Any response to this action should be mailed to:**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

**or faxed to:** .....

**(703) 872-9306, (for Technology Center 2600 only)**

*Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).*

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krista Kieu-Oanh Bui whose telephone number is (703) 305-0095. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 AM to 6:30 PM, with alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Grant, can be reached on (703) 305-4755.

Application/Control Number: 10/419,621  
Art Unit: 2611

Page 8

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.



**KRISTA BUI  
PATENT EXAMINER**

Krista Bui  
Art Unit 2611  
October 5, 2004

|                                   |                                       |   |             |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| <b>Notice of References Cited</b> | Application/Control No.<br>10/419,621 | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination<br>ALAIN DELPUCH ET AL. |             |
|                                   | Examiner<br>KIEU-OANH T BUI           | Art Unit<br>2611  | Page 1 of 1 |

**U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Name             | Classification |
|---|--|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| A | US-2002/0010798 A1                               | 01-2002         | Ben-Shaul et al. | 709/247        |
| B | US-2002/0194219 A1                               | 12-2002         | Bradley et al.   | 707/506        |
| C | US-2002/0088011 A1                               | 07-2002         | Lamkin et al.    | 725/142        |
| D | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| E | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| F | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| G | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| H | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| I | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| J | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| K | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| L | US-  |                 |                  |                |
| M | US-  |                 |                  |                |

**FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS**

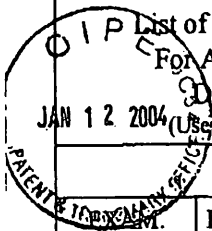
| * | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Country | Name | Classification |
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| N |  |                 |         |      |                |
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| R |  |                 |         |      |                |
| S |  |                 |         |      |                |
| T |  |                 |         |      |                |

**NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * | Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages) |
|---|---|
| U |   |
| V |   |
| W |   |
| X |   |

\*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)  
Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.





|   |                             |                       |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Form PTO-1449 (modified)</b><br>List of Patents and Publications<br>For Applicant's Information<br>Disclosure Statement<br>(Use several sheets if necessary) | ATTY. DKT. NO. 5266-06201   | SERIAL NO. 10/419,621 |
|   | APPLICANT: Delpuch, et al.  | GROUP: 2611           |
|   | FILING DATE: April 21, 2003 |                       |

**U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| INITIALS | REF. DES. | DOCUMENT NUMBER | DATE       | NAME          | CLASS | SUB CLASS | FILING DATE APPROPRIATE                                  |
|----------|-----------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-------|-----------|--|
| KB       | B1        | 6,539,359       | 03/25/2003 | Ladd, et al.  |       |           | <b>RECEIVED</b><br>JAN 14 2004<br>Technology Center 2600 |
| KB       | B2        | 6,415,303       | 07/02/2002 | Meier, et al. |       |           |  |
| KB       | B3        | 6,188,401       | 02/13/2001 | Peyer         |       |           |  |
| KB       | B4        | 5,790,198       | 08/04/1998 | Roop, et al.  |       |           |  |
|          |           |                 |            |               |       |           |  |
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**FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| EXAM. INITIALS | REF. DES. | DOCUMENT NUMBER | DATE | COUNTRY | CLASS | SUB CLASS | TRANSLATION YES/NO |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|------|---------|-------|-----------|--------------------|
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                    |
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                    |
|                |           |                 |      |         |       |           |                    |

**OTHER ART (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)**

|    |    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| KB | B5 | "CSS3 Module: The Box Model"; W3C Working Draft, July 26, 2001; This version: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/WD-css3-box-20010726">http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/WD-css3-box-20010726</a> ; Latest version: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/css3-box">http://www.w3.org/TR/css3-box</a> ; Editor: Bert Bos; Copyright ©2001 W3C® (MIT, INRIA, Keio); Pages 1-104. |  |  |  |  |  |
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EXAMINER: *D. Kuan* DATE CONSIDERED: 10/01/04

EXAMINER: Initial if citation considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to the patent owner.


Information Disclosure Statement--PTO 1449 (modified)



**ELECTRONIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Electronic Version v18  
 Stylesheet Version v18.0

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Title of Invention</b> | <b>Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax</b> |
|---------------------------|--|

Application Number: 10/419621   
 Confirmation Number: 2305  
 First Named Applicant: Alain Delpuch  
 Attorney Docket Number: 5266-06201  
 Art Unit: 2611  
 Examiner: Kieu Oanh T Bui  
 Search string: ( 6345307 ).pn.

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That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement.

**US Patent Documents** \_\_\_\_\_

Note: Applicant is not required to submit a paper copy of cited US Patent Documents

| init | Cite.No. | Patent No. | Date       | Patentee | Kind | Class | Subclass |
|------|----------|------------|------------|----------|------|-------|----------|
| KB   | 1        | 6345307    | 2002-02-05 | Booth    |      |       |          |

**Signature**

|                      |             |
|----------------------|-------------|
| <b>Examiner Name</b> | <b>Date</b> |
| <i>[Signature]</i>   | 10/01/04    |



**ELECTRONIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Electronic Version v18  
 Stylesheet Version v18.0

| <b>Title of Invention</b>   | <b>Supporting Common Interactive Television Functionality Through Presentation Engine Syntax</b> |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|----------|--|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|-----------|------|--|--|-----------|-----------------|--|--|----------------|-----------------|--|--|------|----------|------------|------|----------|------|-------|----------|----|---|---------|------------|-------|--|--|--|----------------------|-------------|--|----------|
| <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Application Number:</td> <td style="border: none;">10/419621</td> <td style="border: none; text-align: center;"></td> <td style="border: none; vertical-align: middle; text-align: right; font-size: 24px; font-weight: bold;">RECEIVED</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Confirmation Number:</td> <td style="border: none;">2305</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none; text-align: right;">JUL 01 2004</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">First Named Applicant:</td> <td style="border: none;">Alain Delpuch</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none; text-align: right;">Technology Center 2600</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Attorney Docket Number:</td> <td style="border: none;">5266-06201</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Art Unit:</td> <td style="border: none;">2611</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Examiner:</td> <td style="border: none;">Kieu Oanh T Bui</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">Search string:</td> <td style="border: none;">( 6345307 ).pn.</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> </table> <p style="margin-top: 10px;"><b>Certification:</b> This Information Disclosure Statement was submitted under the following conditions, which satisfies the requirement under 37 CFR 1.97(e). The filer certified:</p> <p>That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement.</p> <p><b>US Patent Documents</b></p> <p>Note: Applicant is not required to submit a paper copy of cited US Patent Documents</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 5%;">init</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Cite.No.</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Patent No.</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Date</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Patentee</th> <th style="width: 5%;">Kind</th> <th style="width: 5%;">Class</th> <th style="width: 10%;">Subclass</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">KB</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6345307</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2002-02-05</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Booth</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-top: 10px;"><b>Signature</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"><b>Examiner Name</b></td> <td style="width: 40%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"><b>Date</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">10/01/04</td> </tr> </table> |  | Application Number: | 10/419621              |          | RECEIVED | Confirmation Number: | 2305     |  | JUL 01 2004 | First Named Applicant: | Alain Delpuch |  | Technology Center 2600 | Attorney Docket Number: | 5266-06201 |  |  | Art Unit: | 2611 |  |  | Examiner: | Kieu Oanh T Bui |  |  | Search string: | ( 6345307 ).pn. |  |  | init | Cite.No. | Patent No. | Date | Patentee | Kind | Class | Subclass | KB | 1 | 6345307 | 2002-02-05 | Booth |  |  |  | <b>Examiner Name</b> | <b>Date</b> |  | 10/01/04 |
| Application Number:   | 10/419621  |                     | RECEIVED               |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| Confirmation Number:  | 2305   |                     | JUL 01 2004            |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| First Named Applicant:  | Alain Delpuch  |                     | Technology Center 2600 |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| Attorney Docket Number:   | 5266-06201   |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| Art Unit:   | 2611   |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| Examiner:   | Kieu Oanh T Bui  |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| Search string:  | ( 6345307 ).pn.  |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| init  | Cite.No.   | Patent No.          | Date                   | Patentee | Kind     | Class                | Subclass |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| KB  | 1  | 6345307             | 2002-02-05             | Booth    |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
| <b>Examiner Name</b>  | <b>Date</b>  |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |
|   | 10/01/04   |                     |                        |          |          |                      |          |  |             |                        |               |  |                        |                         |            |  |  |           |      |  |  |           |                 |  |  |                |                 |  |  |      |          |            |      |          |      |       |          |    |   |         |            |       |  |  |  |                      |             |  |          |





**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend claims 1-4, 13-14, and 21-22 as indicated below.

1. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:  
receiving one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires ~~requiring~~ a set of resources;  
determining whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;  
~~determining from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation; and~~  
initiating said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and  
prohibiting ~~the presenting initiation~~ of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.
2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said ~~subset of resources are indicated using~~ prerequisite directive comprises one or more directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.
3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein said one or more directives are received by a proxy server in an interactive television system.
4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein said determining is performed by said proxy server, and wherein said method further comprises said proxy server conveying signals ~~which correspond to~~ indicative of said subset of resources to a remote client device.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising said client device acquiring said subset of resources in response to detecting said signals.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein said subset comprises streaming audio and/or video, and wherein acquisition of the streaming audio and/or video comprises configuring hardware resources within said client device.
7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein acquisition of the subset of resources comprises the client device initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD to add a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising using a label within a Declarative Data Essence standard as an attribute to indicate a prerequisite resource.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing DVB-MHP by adding a showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.
11. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.
12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said prohibiting is in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said method further comprises allowing the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.

13. (Currently Amended) An interactive television system comprising:

a remote proxy server configured to:

receive one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires requiring a set of resources;

determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;

~~determine from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation;~~

convey first signals which identify said subset of resources to a remote client device, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive; and

convey second signals which correspond to said one or more directives.

a client device configured to:

receive said first signals;

receive said second signals; and

prohibit ~~the presenting~~ initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to detecting said first signals.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 13, wherein said ~~subset of resources are indicated using~~ prerequisite directive comprises one or more directives selected from the group consisting of: a markup language, a scripting language, and a style sheet.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises said client device configuring hardware resources within said client device.

16. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein acquiring said subset of resources comprises initiating requests for remotely located resources to be conveyed to said client device.
17. (Original) The system of claim 13, further comprising enhancing a root entity in DTD by adding a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.
18. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein said directives include the use of a showstopper attribute indicative of prerequisite resources.
19. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein said server is configured to detect a DVB-MHP showstopper AIT descriptor indicative of prerequisite resources.
20. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein said directives define a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.
21. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 13, wherein said device is configured to prohibit said ~~presenting~~ initiation in further response to detecting a corresponding time for expiration has not yet expired, and wherein said device is further configured to allow the presenting of said presentation in response to detecting said time for expiration has expired.
22. (Currently Amended) A client device in an interactive television system, said device comprising:
  - a receiver configured to receive signals corresponding to directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring a set of resources; and
  - a processing unit coupled to said receiver, wherein said processing unit is configured to:

determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;  
~~determine from said directives that acquisition of a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation;~~  
and  
initiate said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and  
prohibit the presenting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.

23. (Currently Amended) A carrier medium comprising program instructions executable to:  
receive directives which are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation requiring which requires a set of resources;  
determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for the presentation;  
~~determine from said directives that a subset of said resources are a prerequisite to the presenting of said presentation;~~ and  
initiate said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and  
prohibit the presenting of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.

**REMARKS**

Claims 1-23 were pending prior to the current amendment. Claims 1-4, 13-14, and 21-22 have been amended to further clarify the nature of the claimed invention. Accordingly, claims 1-23 remain pending.

In the present Office Action, claims 1-7, 11-16, and 20-23 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0010798 A1 (hereinafter "Ben"). In addition, claims 8-10 and 17-19 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ben. Applicant respectfully traverses the above rejections and requests reconsideration in view of the following discussion.

In order for there to be anticipation, each and every element of the claimed invention must be present in a single prior reference. However, Applicant submits that each of the pending claims recite elements which are not taught, suggested, or implied by Ben. In the present case, each of independent claims 1, 13, 22, and 23 stand rejected as being anticipated by Ben. For example, paragraph 2 of the Office Action suggests Ben discloses all of the features of claim 1. However, Applicant submits Ben does not disclose all of the features of claim 1. For example, claim 1, as amended, recites a method which includes:

“receiving one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of resources;  
determining whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation;  
initiating said presentation, in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and  
prohibiting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive.” (emphasis added).

Applicant submits at least the above highlighted features are neither taught nor suggested by Ben. With respect to claim 1, a number of portions of Ben are cited as disclosing the above features. For example, paragraphs 27, 51, 221, 231, 256, and 263 of Ben are cited. However, these portions of Ben merely describe the delivery of content to end customers and describe the ability to create server profiles. In addition, paragraphs 431 and 432 of Ben (reproduced below) are cited as being related to directives.

“Referring now to FIG. 12, the operation of the directives editor 122 of the front edge tool is now disclosed in further detail. The directives editor 122 is a graphical editor for generating service profiles. It is an important aspect of the invention that the directives editor 122 enables content providers to define advanced services on the edges of the internet. That is, providers can control what content is viewable by different users at different regions, and how content is delivered to different users/regions in terms of latency, reliability and overall quality of delivery.

As seen in FIG. 17 the directives editor 122 reads and writes data from a database 180, using the facilities of the database manager 182. The database manager 182 preferably uses the SQL protocol for sending and retrieving data from the database 180. It should be noted that the database manager 182 is the only element of the system having a direct connection to the database 180. An XML manager 184 is responsible for generating XML files based on the database 180 for use by the edge server 48 and the edge servers 120 (FIG. 6). Another important component is the import-export facility 186 that can export profiles from the database 180 to XML files, and can import profiles from XML files to the database 180.” (Ben, paras. 431-432).

However, as can be seen from the above, the directives editor of Ben is a tool for generating service profiles and is not directly related to Applicant’s claimed directives which are indicative of “an audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of resources.”

Finally, paragraphs 314-324 of Ben are cited as disclosing the recited features regarding “prohibiting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired.” More particularly, the examiner states that Ben discloses a service may be either authorized or denied depending upon whether required billing directives are



acquired. Applicant first notes that Ben nowhere discloses or makes any reference to billing directives. The only reference to billing in Ben is in paragraph 329 wherein it merely states that “[a]n interface to external billing software is provided, in order to provide billing services.” However, even if Ben did disclose such a billing directive, such a directive would merely serve to allow or deny access to a presentation and would not be equivalent to the features recited in claim 1. In any event, Applicant submits that Ben nowhere includes any disclosure related to the recited “determining”, “prerequisite directive”, or “subset of said resources”. Further, Ben nowhere discloses initiating or prohibiting as recited. Therefore, claim 1 is patentably distinguished from the cited art. As each of independent claims 13, 22, and 23 include similar features, each of these claims are similarly distinguished. In addition, as Ben does not disclose or suggest a prerequisite directive, the features of claims 2 and 14 which are directed to a prerequisite directive are not disclosed by Ben.

In addition to the above, the additional features of claim 6 are neither taught nor suggested by the cited art. Claim 6 recites “said subset comprises streaming audio and/or video, and wherein acquisition of the streaming audio and/or video comprises configuring hardware resources within said client device.” As claim 6 depends upon the prior claims, “said subset” is a direct reference to the subset recited in claim 1. As already discussed, the recited prerequisite directive indicates acquisition of this subset (which comprises streaming audio and/or video) is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation. In the discussion of claim 1, the office action made the suggestion that a “billing directive” represented the resources which have not been acquired. Applicant has already discussed the absence of disclosure of such a billing directive in Ben. However, Applicant further notes that Ben nowhere teaches or suggests the subset of resources comprise streaming audio and/or video as recited in the claims.

With respect to dependent claims 11 and 20, the present office action suggests that Ben discloses “defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.” In particular, reference is made to paragraph 192 of Ben wherein it states:

“The special content delivery markup language, CDML, is provided in preferred embodiments of the invention in order to assure highly controlled content delivery characteristics. CDML enables content providers to define precisely, and in as much detail as desired, how content is delivered to its destinations. It also enables the content provider to supply descriptive and classification information about its content so that local delivery directives, as seen at the edge, can identify the content to be delivered. As described above, CDML code is generated by graphical editors, and is interpreted by two entities. Referring again to FIG. 6, the source interpreter 52 at the origin controls how CDML meta-information is disseminated to the edges of the internet, and the target interpreter 56 implements the semantics of the CDML code at the edges. In addition, the source interpreter 52 and the target interpreter 56 cooperate to carry out distributed policies that require both interpreters, such as mirroring content from the origin server to some of the edges as well as pack and unpack operations.”

However, the above excerpt from Ben makes no reference to “defining a META name/value pair, wherein said name is indicative that said corresponding value is a prerequisite resource.” Rather, passing reference is made to “meta-information” which is in no way equivalent to the recited features of claims 11 and 20.

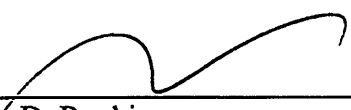
In view of the above, Applicant submits each of the pending claims are patentably distinguishable from the cited art and all claims are believed in condition for allowance.

**CONCLUSION**

Applicant submits the application is in condition for allowance, and an early notice to that effect is requested.

If any extensions of time (under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136) are necessary to prevent the above referenced application(s) from becoming abandoned, Applicant(s) hereby petition for such extensions. If any fees are due, the Commissioner is authorized to charge said fees to Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin, Kowert, & Goetzel, P.C. Deposit Account No. 501505/5266-06201/RDR.

Respectfully submitted,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT(S)

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin,  
Kowert, & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, TX 78767-0398  
Phone: (512) 853-8800

Date: January 18, 2005

|                               |                        |                     |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| <b>Notice of Allowability</b> | <b>Application No.</b> | <b>Applicant(s)</b> |  |
|                               | 10/419,621             | DELPUCH ET AL.      |  |
|                               | <b>Examiner</b>        | <b>Art Unit</b>     |  |
|                               | KIEU-OANH T. BUI       | 2611                |  |

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--**

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1.  This communication is responsive to Amendment filed on 01/21/2005.
2.  The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-23.
3.  The drawings filed on 21 April 2003 are accepted by the Examiner.
4.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a)  All    b)  Some\*    c)  None    of the:
    1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* Certified copies not received: \_\_\_\_\_

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.  
**THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.**

5.  A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.
  6.  CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
    - (a)  including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( PTO-948) attached
      - 1)  hereto or 2)  to Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
    - (b)  including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
- Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).**
7.  DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

**Attachment(s)**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)           |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413),<br>Paper No./Mail Date _____ |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08),<br>Paper No./Mail Date _____ | 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Amendment/Comment                              |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit<br>of Biological Material          | 8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance  |
|   | 9. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____   |

**DETAILED ACTION**

***Allowable Subject Matter***

1. Claims 1-23 are allowed.

***Reasons for Allowance***

2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Regarding claims 1, 13, 22 and 23, the closest prior art issued to Ben fails to teach or suggest all of the steps of "determining whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation; initiating said presentation. in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and prohibiting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired. in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive" as amended in claims.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

***Conclusion***

3. **Any response to this action should be mailed to:**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

**or faxed to:**

(703) 872-9306, (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Art Unit: 2611

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kieu-Oanh Bui whose telephone number is (571) 272-7291. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 AM to 6:30 PM, with alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Grant, can be reached on (571) 272-7294.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Kieu-Oanh Bui  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 2611

KB  
June 9, 2005



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NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

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THE CHASE BUILDING
700 LAVACA, SUITE 800
AUSTIN, TX 78701

EXAMINER

BUI, KIEU OANH T

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2611

DATE MAILED: 06/29/2005

Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.
10/419,621 04/21/2003 Alain Delpuch 5266-06201 2305

TITLE OF INVENTION: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX

Table with 6 columns: APPLN. TYPE, SMALL ENTITY, ISSUE FEE, PUBLICATION FEE, TOTAL FEE(S) DUE, DATE DUE
nonprovisional NO \$1400 \$300 \$1700 09/29/2005

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE REFLECTS A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE APPLIED IN THIS APPLICATION. THE PTOL-85B (OR AN EQUIVALENT) MUST BE RETURNED WITHIN THIS PERIOD EVEN IF NO FEE IS DUE OR THE APPLICATION WILL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status:

A. If the status is the same, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

B. If the status above is to be removed, check box 5b on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and twice the amount of the ISSUE FEE shown above, or

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO:

A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or

B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL should be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Even if the fee(s) have already been paid, Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and returned. If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

**PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL**

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: **Mail** **Mail Stop ISSUE FEE**  
**Commissioner for Patents**  
**P.O. Box 1450**  
**Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450**  
**or Fax (703) 746-4000**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

44015 7590 06/29/2005

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**THE CHASE BUILDING**  
**700 LAVACA, SUITE 800**  
**AUSTIN, TX 78701**

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

**Certificate of Mailing or Transmission**

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (703) 746-4000, on the date indicated below.

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| _____<br>(Depositor's name) |
| _____<br>(Signature)        |
| _____<br>(Date)             |

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/419,621      | 04/21/2003  | Alain Delpuch        | 5266-06201          | 2305             |

TITLE OF INVENTION: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX

| APPLN. TYPE    | SMALL ENTITY | ISSUE FEE | PUBLICATION FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE   |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | NO           | \$1400    | \$300           | \$1700           | 09/29/2005 |

| EXAMINER         | ART UNIT | CLASS-SUBCLASS |
|------------------|----------|----------------|
| BUI, KIEU OANH T | 2611     | 725-093000     |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required.</p> | <p>2. For printing on the patent front page, list</p> <p>(1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, _____ 1</p> <p>(2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. _____ 2</p> <p>_____ 3</p> |
|--|---|

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE \_\_\_\_\_ (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) \_\_\_\_\_

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent):  Individual  Corporation or other private group entity  Government

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>4a. The following fee(s) are enclosed:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Issue Fee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Advance Order - # of Copies _____</p> | <p>4b. Payment of Fee(s):</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of the fee(s) is enclosed.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized by charge the required fee(s), or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number _____ (enclose an extra copy of this form).</p> |
|--|---|

5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)

a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27.  b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).

The Director of the USPTO is requested to apply the Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if any) or to re-apply any previously paid issue fee to the application identified above. NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Authorized Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Typed or printed name \_\_\_\_\_ Registration No. \_\_\_\_\_

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.





UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
AUSTIN, TX 78701

EXAMINER

BUI, KIEU OANH T

ART UNIT      PAPER NUMBER

2611

DATE MAILED: 06/29/2005

**Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)**  
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 149 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 149 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (<http://pair.uspto.gov>).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571) 272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at (703) 305-8283.

|                          |                        |                     |  |
|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| <b>Interview Summary</b> | <b>Application No.</b> | <b>Applicant(s)</b> |  |
|                          | 10/419,621             | DELPUCH ET AL.      |  |
|                          | <b>Examiner</b>        | <b>Art Unit</b>     |  |
|                          | Christopher Grant      | 2611                |  |

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

(1) Christopher Grant. (3) \_\_\_\_\_.

(2) Rory Rankin. (4) \_\_\_\_\_.

Date of Interview: 7/7/05.

Type: a)  Telephonic b)  Video Conference  
c)  Personal [copy given to: 1)  applicant 2)  applicant's representative]

Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d)  Yes e)  No.  
If Yes, brief description: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) discussed: 23.

Identification of prior art discussed: none.

Agreement with respect to the claims f)  was reached. g)  was not reached. h)  N/A.

Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Discussed changes to make claim 23 in compliance with 35 USC 101.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.



CHRIS GRANT  
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner's signature, if required

## Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

### Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

### Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

### 37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,  
(The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

### Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.



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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/419,621      | 04/21/2003  | Alain Delpuch        | 5266-06201          | 2305             |

44015                      7590                      07/14/2005

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700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
AUSTIN, TX 78701

EXAMINER

BUI, KIEU OANH T

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
| 2611     |              |

2611

DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Supplemental  
Notice of Allowability**

Application No.

10/419,621

Examiner

KIEU-OANH T. BUI

Applicant(s)

DELPUCH ET AL.

Art Unit

2611

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--**

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1.  This communication is responsive to Amendment filed on 1/21/2005.
2.  The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-23.
3.  The drawings filed on \_\_\_\_\_ are accepted by the Examiner.
4.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a)  All b)  Some\* c)  None of the:
    1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* Certified copies not received: \_\_\_\_\_.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.  
**THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.**

5.  A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.
6.  CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
  - (a)  including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( PTO-948) attached
    - 1)  hereto or 2)  to Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (b)  including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.

Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).
7.  DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

**Attachment(s)**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>2. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08),<br/>Paper No./Mail Date _____</li> <li>4. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit<br/>of Biological Material</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)</li> <li>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413),<br/>Paper No./Mail Date _____</li> <li>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Amendment/Comment</li> <li>8. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance</li> <li>9. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____</li> </ol> |
|---|---|

  
CHRIS GRANT  
PRIMARY EXAMINER

**EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT**

1. An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Rory Rankin on 7/7/2005.

**The application has been amended as follows:**

**In the claims:**

In claim 23, lines 1-2, "A carrier medium comprising program instructions executable to" has been changed to

--A computer readable medium comprising program instructions executable by a computer to --

Claim 23 was amended to be in compliance with 35 USC 101.

Application/Control Number: 10/419,621  
Art Unit: 2611

Page 3

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kieu-Oanh T. Bui whose telephone number is (571) 272 7291. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00am - 6:30pm.

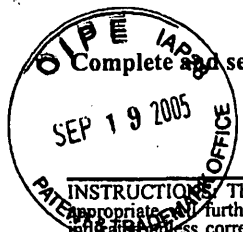
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Grant can be reached on (571) 272 7294. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



CHRIS GRANT  
PRIMARY EXAMINER

**PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL**



Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: **Mail** Mail Stop ISSUE FEE  
 Commissioner for Patents  
 P.O. Box 1450  
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
 or **Fax** (703) 746-4000

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CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

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 AUSTIN, TX 78701

09/20/2005 HDESTA2 00000045 501505 10419621

01 FC:1501 1400.00 DA  
 02 FC:1504 300.00 DA

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

**Certificate of Mailing or Transmission**  
 I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (703) 746-4000, on the date indicated below.

|                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Rory D. Rankin     | (Depositor's name) |
| <i>[Signature]</i> | (Signature)        |
| 9/16/05            | (Date)             |

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| nonprovisional | NO           | \$1400    | \$300           | \$1700           | 09/29/2005 |

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| BUI, KIEU OANH T | 2611     | 725-093000     |

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- Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.
  - "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required.
2. For printing on the patent front page, list
- (1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively,
  - (2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.
- Meyertons Hood Kivlin  
 1. Kowert & Goetzel, P.C.  
 2. Rory D. Rankin  
 3.

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY)

OpenTV, Inc. San Francisco, CA

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent):  Individual  Corporation or other private group entity  Government

- 4a. The following fee(s) are enclosed:
- Issue Fee
  - Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)
  - Advance Order - # of Copies \_\_\_\_\_
- 4b. Payment of Fee(s):
- A check in the amount of the fee(s) is enclosed.
  - Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.
  - The Director is hereby authorized by charge the required fee(s), or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 501505/5266-06201 (enclose an extra copy of this form).

5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)

- a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27.
- b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).

The Director of the USPTO is requested to apply the Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if any) or to re-apply any previously paid issue fee to the application identified above. NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Authorized Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date 9/16/05  
 Typed or printed name Rory D. Rankin Registration No. PTO # 47,884

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

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**● PRINTER RUSH ●**  
(PTO ASSISTANCE)

|                                 |                               |                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Application : <u>10/419,621</u> | Examiner : <u>K. Bui</u>      | GAU : <u>2611</u>     |
| From : <u>R. Mitchell</u>       | Location : <u>IDC</u> FMF FDC | Date : <u>11/3/05</u> |

Tracking #: EPM 10/419,621      Week Date: 7/4/05

| DOC CODE                                | DOC DATE       | MISCELLANEOUS                                |
|---|----------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1449           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Continuing Data     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IDS            | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Foreign Priority    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CLM | <u>1/21/05</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> Document Legibility |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IIFW           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Fees                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SRFW           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Other               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DRW            | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OATH           | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 312            | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SPEC           | _____          |  |

[RUSH] MESSAGE: CLAIM 13 HAS TWO PERIODS.

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THANK YOU  
Kern

[XRUSH] RESPONSE: \_\_\_\_\_

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**INITIALS:**

NOTE: This form will be included as part of the official USPTO record, with the Response document coded as XRUSH.  
REV 10/04

**PRINTER RUSH**  
(PTO ASSISTANCE)

|                                 |                                 |                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Application : <u>10/419,621</u> | Examiner : <u>K. Bui</u>        | GAU : <u>2611</u>     |
| From : <u>R. MITCHELL</u>       | Location : <u>(IDC) FMF FDC</u> | Date : <u>11/3/05</u> |

Tracking #: EPM 10/419,621      Week Date: 7/4/05

| DOC CODE                                | DOC DATE       | MISCELLANEOUS                                |
|---|----------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1449           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Continuing Data     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IDS            | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Foreign Priority    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CLM | <u>1/21/05</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> Document Legibility |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IIFW           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Fees                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SRFW           | _____          | <input type="checkbox"/> Other               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DRW            | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OATH           | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 312            | _____          |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SPEC           | _____          |  |

[RUSH] MESSAGE: CLAIM 13 HAS TWO PERIODS.

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THANK YOU  
KEM

[XRUSH] RESPONSE: Corrected - please process this case

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**INITIALS:** KB

NOTE: This form will be included as part of the official USPTO record, with the Response document coded as XRUSH.  
REV 10/04

# File History Content Report

The following content is missing from the original file history record obtained from the United States Patent and Trademark Office. No additional information is available.

Document Date - 2005-11-21

Document Title - Amendment After Final or under 37CFR 1.312 initialed by the examiner

Page(s) - fax 1

Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application No.: 10/419,621

Filed: April 21, 2003

Inventor(s):  
Delpuch, et al.

Title: SUPPORTING COMMON  
INTERACTIVE  
TELEVISION  
FUNCTIONALITY  
THROUGH  
PRESENTATION ENGINE  
SYNTAX

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Examiner: Bui, Kieu Oanh T.  
Group/Art Unit: 2611  
Atty. Dkt. No: 5266-06201

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being sent via  
facsimile to: Facsimile No. 703-746-5860, Commissioner for  
Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on the  
date indicated below:  
  
Rory D. Rankin  
Printed Name  
  
November 21, 2005  
Date  
  
Signature

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Madam:

Pursuant to your request, a copy of claim 13 is provided below. Correction of a  
typographical error is also indicated. Authorization to make the noted correction is  
provided.

13. (Currently Amended) An interactive television system comprising:

a remote proxy server configured to:

receive one or more directives, wherein said directives are indicative of an  
audio, video and/or graphic presentation which requires a set of  
resources;

*Please enter  
KB  
11/16/05*

Application Serial No. 10/419,621 - Filed April 21, 2003

determine whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation; convey first signals which identify said subset of resources to a remote client device, in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive; and convey second signals which correspond to said one or more directives[.];

a client device configured to:

receive said first signals;  
receive said second signals; and  
prohibit initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired, in response to detecting said first signals.

Please contact me at (512) 853-8866 should any issues remain.

Respectfully submitted,

---

Rory D. Rankin  
Reg. No. 47,884  
ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT(S)

Meyertons, Hood, Kivlin,  
Kowert, & Goetzel, P.C.  
P.O. Box 398  
Austin, TX 78767-0398  
Phone: (512) 853-8800

Date: November 21, 2005

2 / 2



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/419,621      | 04/21/2003  | Alain Delpuch        | 5266-06201          | 2305             |

44015      7590      11/28/2005

OPTV/MEYERTONS  
THE CHASE BUILDING  
700 LAVACA, SUITE 800  
AUSTIN, TX 78701

EXAMINER

BUI, KIEU OANH T

ART UNIT      PAPER NUMBER

2611

DATE MAILED: 11/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

*Supplemental*  
**Notice of Allowability**

Application No.

10/419,621

Applicant(s)

DELPUCH ET AL.

Examiner

KIEU-OANH T. BUI

Art Unit

2611

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1.  This communication is responsive to Amendment filed on 01/21/2005.
2.  The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-23.
3.  The drawings filed on 21 April 2003 are accepted by the Examiner.
4.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a)  All b)  Some\* c)  None of the:
    1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* Certified copies not received: \_\_\_\_\_.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.  
**THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.**

5.  A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.
  6.  CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
    - (a)  including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( PTO-948) attached
      - 1)  hereto or 2)  to Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
    - (b)  including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
- Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).
7.  DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

**Attachment(s)**

1.  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2.  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3.  Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
4.  Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material
5.  Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6.  Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
7.  Examiner's Amendment/Comment
8.  Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance
9.  Other \_\_\_\_\_

*Supplemental*

Application/Control Number: 10/419,621

Page 2

Art Unit: 2611

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Allowable Subject Matter*

1. Claims 1-23 are allowed.

### *Reasons for Allowance*

2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Regarding claims 1, 13, 22 and 23, the closest prior art issued to Ben fails to teach or suggest all of the steps of "determining whether said one or more directives includes a prerequisite directive which indicates that acquisition of a subset of said set of resources is a prerequisite for initiating the presentation; initiating said presentation. in response to determining the one or more directives do not include said prerequisite directive; and prohibiting initiation of said presentation until said subset of resources are acquired. in response to determining the one or more directives include said prerequisite directive" as amended in claims.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

### *Conclusion*

3. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9306, (for Technology Center 2600 only)



Art Unit: 2611

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kieu-Oanh Bui whose telephone number is (571) 272-7291. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 AM to 6:30 PM, with alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Grant, can be reached on (571) 272-7294.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

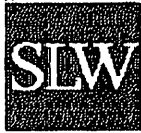


Kieu-Oanh Bui  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 2611

KB  
June 9, 2005

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MAY 22 2012



**SCHWEGMAN • LUNDBERG • WOESSNER**  
PATENT PROTECTION FOR HIGH TECHNOLOGY

P.O. Box 2938  
Minneapolis, MN 55402  
Telephone (612) 373-6900 Facsimile (612) 339-3061

Date: 05/22/2012

Time: 11:04 AM  
(Minneapolis, Minn.)

TO: Commissioner for Patents  
Attn: Kieu Oanh T. (Krista) Bui  
Patent Examining Corps  
Facsimile Center  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450  
**FAX NUMBER 571-273-8300**

FROM: Garth Vivier  
OUR REF: 2050.216US1

\* Please deliver to Examiner Kieu Oanh T. (Krista) Bui in Art Unit 2623. \*

Document(s) Transmitted: **Power of Attorney to Prosecute Applications before the USPTO (PTO/SB/80) (1 pg.), Statement Under 37 C.F.R. 3.73(b) (PTO/SB/96) (1 pg.)**

Total pages of this transmission, including cover letter: 3

If you do NOT receive all of the pages described above, please telephone us at 612-373-6900 or fax us at 612-339-3061.

In re. Patent Application of: Alain Delpuch et al.

Examiner: Kieu Oanh T. (Krista) Bui

Serial No.: 10/419,621

Group Art Unit: 2623

Filed: April 21, 2003

Docket No.: 2050.216US1

Title: SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX

Please charge any additional fees or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-0743.

By: Garth Vivier  
Name: Garth Vivier  
USPTO Reg. No. 57,313

I hereby certify that this paper is being transmitted by facsimile to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on the date shown below.

Mandy Brown  
Mandy Brown

22 May 2012  
Date of Transmission

Best Available Copy

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(2/3) 05/22/2012 11:06:18 AM -0500

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MAY 22 2012

MODIFIED PTO/SB/20 (11-08)

Approved for use through 11/30/2011, OMB 0651-0035

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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**POWER OF ATTORNEY TO PROSECUTE APPLICATIONS BEFORE THE USPTO**

I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney given in the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b).

I hereby appoint:

Practitioners associated with the Customer Number:

44367

OR

Practitioner(s) named below (if more than ten patent practitioners are to be named, then a customer number must be used.

| Name | Registration Number | Name | Registration Number |
|------|---------------------|------|---------------------|
|      |                     |      |                     |
|      |                     |      |                     |
|      |                     |      |                     |
|      |                     |      |                     |
|      |                     |      |                     |

as attorney(s) or agent(s) to represent the undersigned before the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) in connection with any and all patent applications assigned only to the undersigned according to the USPTO assignment records or assignment documents attached to this form in accordance with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Please change the correspondence address for the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) to:

The address associated with Customer Number:

44367

OR

Firm or Individual Name  
Address  
City State Zip  
Country  
Telephone Email

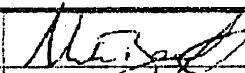
Assignee Name and Address:

OpenTV, Inc.  
275 Sacramento Street  
San Francisco, CA 94111  
United States of America

A copy of this form, together with a statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) (Form PTO/SB/96 or equivalent) is required to be filed in each application in which this form is used. The statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) may be completed by one of the practitioners appointed in this form if the appointed practitioner is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee, and must identify the application in which this Power of Attorney is to be filed.

**SIGNATURE of Assignee of Record**

The individual whose signature and title is supplied below is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee

|           |   |                           |
|-----------|---|---------------------------|
| Signature |  | Date: August 27, 2010     |
| Name      | Mark Beffault   | Telephone: (415) 962-5000 |
| Title     | Senior Vice President Legal and IP  |                           |

Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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MAY 22 2012

MODIFIED PTO/SB/98 (07-09)

Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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**STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. 3.73(b)**

Applicant/Patent Owner: Alain Delpuch et al. Attorney Docket No. 2050.216US1  
Application No./Patent No.: 10/419,621 Filed/Issue Date: April 21, 2003  
Titled: **SUPPORTING COMMON INTERACTIVE TELEVISION FUNCTIONALITY THROUGH PRESENTATION ENGINE SYNTAX**

OpenTV, Inc., a Corporation  
(Name of Assignee) (Type of Assignee, e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.)

States that it is:

- 1.  the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest in;
- 2.  an assignee of less than the entire right, title, and interest in  
(The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is \_\_\_\_\_ %); or
- 3.  the assignee of an undivided interest in the entirety of (a complete assignment from one of the joint inventors was made)

the patent application/patent identified above, by virtue of either:

A.  An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified above. The assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel 014519, Frame 0695 - 0703, or for which a copy therefore is attached.

OR

B.  A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent application/patent identified above, to the current assignee as follows:

- 1. From: \_\_\_\_\_ To: \_\_\_\_\_  
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel \_\_\_\_\_, Frame \_\_\_\_\_, or for which a copy thereof is attached.
- 2. From: \_\_\_\_\_ To: \_\_\_\_\_  
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel \_\_\_\_\_, Frame \_\_\_\_\_, or for which a copy thereof is attached.
- 3. From: \_\_\_\_\_ To: \_\_\_\_\_  
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel \_\_\_\_\_, Frame \_\_\_\_\_, or for which a copy thereof is attached.

Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a supplemental sheet(s).

As required by 37 CFR 3.73(b)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the chain of title from the original owner to the assignee was, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant to 37 CFR 3.11.  
[NOTE: A separate copy (i.e., a true copy of the original assignment document(s)) must be submitted to Assignment Division in accordance with 37 CFR Part 3, to record the assignment in the records of the USPTO. See MPEP 302.08]

The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature *Garth Vivier*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date 5.21.2012

Garth Vivier  
Printed or Typed Name

USPTO Reg. No. 57,313  
Title

Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10/419,621         | 04/21/2003            | Alain Delpuch         | 2050.216US1            |

**CONFIRMATION NO. 2305**

**POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER**

44367  
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG & WOESSNER/OPEN TV  
P.O. BOX 2938  
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0938



Date Mailed: 06/04/2012

**NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY**

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 05/22/2012.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/zabraha/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10/419,621         | 04/21/2003            | Alain Delpuch         | 5266-06201             |

CONFIRMATION NO. 2305

POWER OF ATTORNEY NOTICE

44015  
OPTV/MEYERTONS  
MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL, P.C.  
P.O. BOX 398  
AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398



Date Mailed: 06/04/2012

NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 05/22/2012.

- The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the assignee who has intervened as provided by 37 CFR 3.71. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

/zabraha/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| TO: <b>Mail Stop 8</b><br><b>Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office</b><br><b>P.O. Box 1450</b><br><b>Alexandria, VA 22313-1450</b> | <b>REPORT ON THE</b><br><b>FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN</b><br><b>ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR</b><br><b>TRADEMARK</b> |
|---|---|

In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court District of Delaware on the following

Trademarks or  Patents. (  the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):

|                           |                             |   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| DOCKET NO.                | DATE FILED<br>12/19/2012    | U.S. DISTRICT COURT<br>District of Delaware |
| PLAINTIFF<br>OPENTV, INC. |                             | DEFENDANT<br>NETFLIX, INC.                  |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.   | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK               |
| 1 6,018,768               | 1/25/2000                   | OpenTV, Inc.                                |
| 2 6,233,736 B1            | 5/15/2001                   | OpenTV, Inc.                                |
| 3 7,055,169 B2            | 5/30/2006                   | OpenTV, Inc.                                |
| 4 7,409,437 B2            | 8/5/2008                    | OpenTV, Inc.                                |
| 5                         |                             | See attachment for remaining patents        |

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

|                         |   |                               |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| DATE INCLUDED           | INCLUDED BY<br><input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading |                               |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO. | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK   | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK |
| 1                       |   |                               |
| 2                       |   |                               |
| 3                       |   |                               |
| 4                       |   |                               |
| 5                       |   |                               |

In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

|                    |
|--------------------|
| DECISION/JUDGEMENT |
|--------------------|

|       |                   |      |
|-------|-------------------|------|
| CLERK | (BY) DEPUTY CLERK | DATE |
|-------|-------------------|------|

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director    Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director  
 Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director    Copy 4—Case file copy

| <b><u>PATENT OR<br/>TRADEMARK NO.</u></b> | <b><u>DATE OF PATENT<br/>OR TRADEMARK</u></b> | <b><u>HOLDER OF PATENT OR<br/>TRADEMARK</u></b> |
|---|---|---|
| 7,490,346 B2                              | 2/10/2009                                     | OpenTV, Inc.                                    |
| 7,949,722 B1                              | 5/24/2011                                     | OpenTV, Inc.                                    |
| 8,107,786                                 | 1/31/2012                                     | OpenTV, Inc.                                    |



AO 120 (Rev. 2/99)

|   |  |
|---|--|
| TO: <b>Mail Stop 8</b><br><b>Director of the U.S. Patent &amp; Trademark Office</b><br>P.O. Box 1450<br>Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 | <b>REPORT ON THE<br/>                 FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN<br/>                 ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR<br/>                 TRADEMARK</b> |
|---|--|

In Compliance with 35 § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Northern District California on the  Patents or  Trademarks:

|                              |                             |   |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| DOCKET NO.<br>CV 14-01525 RS | DATE FILED<br>4/2/14        | U.S. DISTRICT COURT<br>450 Golden Gate Avenue, 16 <sup>th</sup> Floor, San Francisco CA 94102 |
| PLAINTIFF<br>OPENTV INC      |                             | DEFENDANT<br>NETFLIX INC  |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.      | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK   |
| 1 6,018,768                  |                             |   |
| 2 6,233,734                  |                             |   |
| 3 7,055,169                  |                             |   |
| 4 7,409,437                  |                             |   |
| 5 7,949,722                  |                             |   |

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s) have been included:

|                         |   |                               |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| DATE INCLUDED           | INCLUDED BY<br><input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading |                               |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO. | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK   | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK |
| 1 7,490,346             |   |                               |
| 2 8,107,786             |   |                               |
| 3                       |   |                               |
| 4                       |   |                               |
| 5                       |   |                               |

In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

|   |
|---|
| DECISION/JUDGEMENT<br><br>Stipulation and Order of Dismissal was efiled on 2/11/15. |
|---|

|                             |                                     |                           |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| CLERK<br>Richard W. Wieking | (BY) DEPUTY CLERK<br>Gina Augustine | DATE<br>February 12, 2015 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Commissioner    Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Commissioner  
 Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Commissioner    Copy 4—Case file copy

1 Russell E. Levine, P.C. (*pro hac vice*)  
rlevine@kirkland.com  
2 Paul D. Collier (*pro hac vice*)  
pcollier@kirkland.com  
3 James B. Medek (*pro hac vice*)  
jmedek@kirkland.com  
4 Greg Polins (*pro hac vice*)  
greg.polins@kirkland.com  
5 George William Foster (*pro hac vice*)  
billy.foster@kirkland.com  
6 KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP  
300 North LaSalle Street  
7 Chicago, IL 60654  
Telephone: (312) 862-2000  
8 Facsimile: (312) 862-2200

9 John R. Edwards (S.B.N. 244310)  
john.edwards@kirkland.com  
10 Brian W. Lee (S.B.N. 255363)  
brian.lee@kirkland.com  
11 Mark D. Fahey (S.B.N. 294551)  
mark.fahey@kirkland.com  
12 KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP  
3330 Hillview Avenue  
13 Palo Alto, CA 94304  
Telephone: (650) 859-7000  
14 Facsimile: (650) 859-7500

15 Attorneys for Plaintiffs OpenTV, Inc. and  
16 Nagra France SAS

DURIE TANGRI LLP  
DARALYN J. DURIE (SBN 169825)  
ddurie@durietangri.com  
CLEMENT S. ROBERTS (SBN 209203)  
croberts@durietangri.com  
LAURA E. MILLER (SBN 271713)  
lmiller@durietangri.com  
ZAC A. COX (SBN 283535)  
zcox@durietangri.com  
217 Leidesdorff Street  
San Francisco, CA 94111  
Telephone: (415) 362-6666  
Facsimile: (415) 236-6300

Attorneys for Defendant  
NETFLIX, INC.

**ECF DOCUMENT**

I hereby attest and certify this is a printed copy of a document which was electronically filed with the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

Date Filed: 2/11/15

RICHARD W. WIEKING, Clerk  
By: GINA AGUSTINE, Deputy Clerk

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

**OPENTV, INC.,**

**Plaintiff,**

**v.**

**NETFLIX, INC.,**

**Defendant.**

Case No. 3:14-cv-01525-RS  
Case No. 3:14-cv-01723-RS

**AMENDED STIPULATION AND JOINT  
MOTION TO DISMISS WITHOUT  
PREJUDICE AND [PROPOSED] ORDER**

Judge: Hon. Richard Seeborg

**OPENTV, INC. and NAGRA FRANCE  
SAS,**

**Plaintiffs,**

**v.**

**NETFLIX, INC.,**

**Defendant.**

AMENDED STIPULATED AND JOINT MOTION  
TO DISMISS AND [PROPOSED] ORDER

3:14-cv-01525  
3:14-cv-01723

1 Plaintiffs OpenTV, Inc. and Nagra France SAS (collectively "OpenTV") and Defendant Netflix,  
2 Inc. ("Netflix") hereby stipulate and request that the Court order as follows:

3 1. All claims between OpenTV and Netflix, including all claims presented by OpenTV's  
4 Complaints and all of Netflix's Counterclaims, shall be dismissed without prejudice; and

5 2. OpenTV and Netflix each shall bear their own costs and attorneys' fees.

6 Dated: February 11, 2015

*/s/ John R. Edwards*

7 \_\_\_\_\_  
Counsel for Plaintiffs


8  
9  
10 Dated: February 11, 2015

*/s/ Laura E. Miller*

11 \_\_\_\_\_  
Counsel for Defendant

12 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

13 Dated: 2/11/2015

14   
\_\_\_\_\_

15 Richard Seeborg  
16 United States District Judge  
17  
18  
19  
20  
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22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

**PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD**

Effective January 1, 2003

Application or Docket Number

10419621

**CLAIMS AS FILED - PART I**

|   | (Column 1)    | (Column 2)   |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| TOTAL CLAIMS  | 23            |              |
| FOR   | NUMBER FILED  | NUMBER EXTRA |
| TOTAL CHARGEABLE CLAIMS                                   | 23 minus 20 = | * 3          |
| INDEPENDENT CLAIMS  | 21 minus 3 =  | * 1          |
| MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT <input type="checkbox"/> |               |              |

SMALL ENTITY TYPE

OR OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY

| RATE      | FEE    |
|-----------|--------|
| BASIC FEE | 375.00 |
| X\$ 9=    |        |
| X42=      |        |
| +140=     |        |
| TOTAL     |        |

| RATE      | FEE    |
|-----------|--------|
| BASIC FEE | 750.00 |
| X\$18=    | 54     |
| X84=      | 39     |
| +280=     |        |
| TOTAL     | 288    |

\* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2

**CLAIMS AS AMENDED - PART II**

|   | (Column 1)                       | (Column 2)                         | (Column 3)    |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| AMENDMENT A   | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA |
|   | Total *                          | Minus **                           | =             |
|   | Independent *                    | Minus ***                          | =             |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |                                  |                                    |               |

SMALL ENTITY OR

OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$ 9=           |                |
| X42=             |                |
| +140=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$18=           |                |
| X84=             |                |
| +280=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

|   | (Column 1)                       | (Column 2)                         | (Column 3)    |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| AMENDMENT B   | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA |
|   | Total *                          | Minus **                           | =             |
|   | Independent *                    | Minus ***                          | =             |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |                                  |                                    |               |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$ 9=           |                |
| X42=             |                |
| +140=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$18=           |                |
| X84=             |                |
| +280=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

|   | (Column 1)                       | (Column 2)                         | (Column 3)    |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| AMENDMENT C   | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA |
|   | Total *                          | Minus **                           | =             |
|   | Independent *                    | Minus ***                          | =             |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |                                  |                                    |               |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$ 9=           |                |
| X42=             |                |
| +140=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|
| X\$18=           |                |
| X84=             |                |
| +280=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

\* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.

\*\* If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20."

\*\*\* If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3."

The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1.



**PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD**  
Effective December 8, 2004

*10/49621*

**CLAIMS AS FILED - PART I**

|   | (Column 1)   | (Column 2)   |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| TOTAL CLAIMS  |              |              |
| FOR   | NUMBER FILED | NUMBER EXTRA |
| TOTAL CHARGEABLE CLAIMS                                   | minus 20= *  |              |
| INDEPENDENT CLAIMS  | minus 3 =    |              |
| MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT <input type="checkbox"/> |              |              |

SMALL ENTITY TYPE  OR OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY

| RATE      | FEE    |    | RATE      | FEE    |
|-----------|--------|----|-----------|--------|
| BASIC FEE | 150.00 | OR | BASIC FEE | 300.00 |
| X\$ 25=   |        | OR | X\$50=    |        |
| X100=     |        | OR | X200=     |        |
| +180=     |        | OR | +360=     |        |
| TOTAL     |        | OR | TOTAL     |        |

\* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2

**CLAIMS AS AMENDED - PART II**

|   | (Column 1)     | (Column 2)                       | (Column 3)                         |
|---|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>AMENDMENT A</b>  | <i>1-21-05</i> | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR |
|   | Total          | * <i>23</i> Minus                | ** <i>23</i> = /                   |
|   | Independent    | * <i>4</i> Minus                 | *** <i>4</i> = /                   |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |                |                                  |                                    |

SMALL ENTITY OR OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |    | RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|----|------------------|----------------|
| X\$ 25=          |                | OR | X\$50=           |                |
| X100=            |                | OR | X200=            |                |
| +180=            |                | OR | +360=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                | OR | TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

|   | (Column 1)  | (Column 2)                       | (Column 3)                         |
|---|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>AMENDMENT B</b>  |             | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR |
|   | Total       | * Minus                          | ** =                               |
|   | Independent | * Minus                          | *** =                              |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |             |                                  |                                    |

| RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |    | RATE             | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|------------------|----------------|----|------------------|----------------|
| X\$ 25=          |                | OR | X\$50=           |                |
| X100=            |                | OR | X200=            |                |
| +180=            |                | OR | +360=            |                |
| TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                | OR | TOTAL ADDIT. FEE |                |

|   | (Column 1)  | (Column 2)                       | (Column 3)                         |
|---|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>AMENDMENT C</b>  |             | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR |
|   | Total       | * Minus                          | ** =                               |
|   | Independent | * Minus                          | *** =                              |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM <input type="checkbox"/> |             |                                  |                                    |

| RATE    | ADDITIONAL FEE |    | RATE   | ADDITIONAL FEE |
|---------|----------------|----|--------|----------------|
| X\$ 25= |                | OR | X\$50= |                |
| X100=   |                | OR | X200=  |                |
| +180=   |                | OR | +360=  |                |

# CLAIMS ONLY

SERIAL NO.

FILING DATE

APPLICANT(S)

## CLAIMS

|              | AS FILED |      | AFTER 1st AMENDMENT |      | AFTER 2nd AMENDMENT |      | * | * | * |      |      |
|--------------|----------|------|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|---|---|---|------|------|
|              | IND.     | DEP. | IND.                | DEP. | IND.                | DEP. |   |   |   | IND. | DEP. |
| 1            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 2            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 3            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 4            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 5            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 6            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 7            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 8            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 9            |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 10           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 11           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 12           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 13           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 14           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 15           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 16           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 17           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 18           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 19           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 20           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 21           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 22           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 23           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 24           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 25           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 26           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 27           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 28           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 29           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 30           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 31           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 32           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 33           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 34           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 35           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 36           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 37           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 38           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 39           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 40           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 41           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 42           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 43           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 44           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 45           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 46           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 47           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 48           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 49           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 50           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL IND.   |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL DEP.   |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL CLAIMS |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 51           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 52           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 53           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 54           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 55           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 56           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 57           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 58           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 59           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 60           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 61           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 62           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 63           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 64           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 65           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 66           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 67           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 68           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 69           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 70           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 71           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 72           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 73           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 74           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 75           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 76           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 77           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 78           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 79           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 80           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 81           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 82           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 83           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 84           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 85           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 86           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 87           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 88           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 89           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 90           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 91           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 92           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 93           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 94           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 95           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 96           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 97           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 98           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 99           |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| 100          |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL IND.   |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL DEP.   |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |
| TOTAL CLAIMS |          |      |                     |      |                     |      |   |   |   |      |      |

MAY BE USED FOR ADDITIONAL CLAIMS OR ADMENDMENTS