

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
Petitioner,

v.

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION,
Patent Owner.

Case IPR2016-00952
Patent 9,121,412 B2

Before BENJAMIN D. M. WOOD, HYUN J. JUNG, and
RICHARD E. RICE, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

JUNG, *Administrative Patent Judge*.

DECISION
Institution of *Inter Partes* Review
37 C.F.R. § 42.108

I. INTRODUCTION

General Electric Company (“Petitioner”) filed a Petition (Paper 1, “Pet.”), requesting institution of an *inter partes* review of claims 1–5 and 7–11 of U.S. Patent No. 9,121,412 B2 (Ex. 1001, “the ’412 patent”). United Technologies Corporation (“Patent Owner”) timely filed a Preliminary Response (Paper 7, “Prelim. Resp.”). Under 35 U.S.C. § 314, an *inter partes* review may not be instituted “unless . . . there is a reasonable likelihood that the petitioner would prevail with respect to at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition.”

Upon consideration of the Petition and the Preliminary Response and for the reasons explained below, we determine that Petitioner has shown that there is a reasonable likelihood that it would prevail with respect to at least one of the challenged claims, and we institute an *inter partes* review of claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, and 11 of the ’412 patent.

A. *Related Proceedings*

The parties indicate that there are no related proceedings involving the ’412 patent. Pet. 1; Paper 5, 1.

B. *The ’412 Patent (Ex. 1001)*

The ’412 patent relates to “an engine having a geared turbo fan architecture that is designed to efficiently operate with a high bypass ratio and a low pressure ratio.” Ex. 1001, 1:14–17. Figure 1 of the ’412 patent is reproduced below.

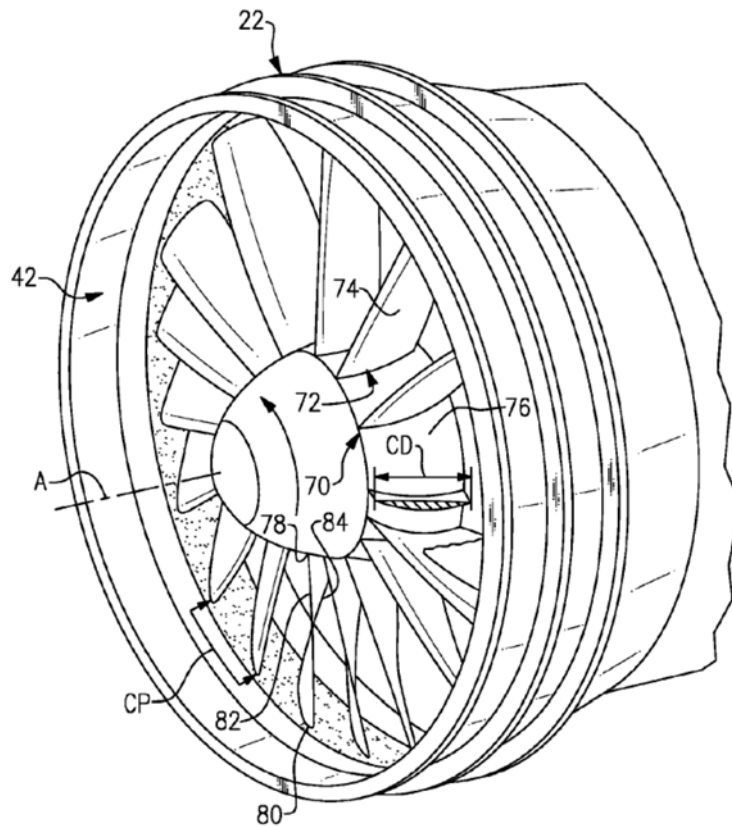


FIG. 2

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a fan section. *Id.* at 2:5–6. Propulsor 42 includes rotor 70 having row 72 of blades 74 that extend from hub 76. *Id.* at 2:66–3:2. Blades 74 extend between root 78 and tip 80 and have leading edge 82 and trailing edge 84. *Id.* at 3:2–5. In Figure 2, a number (“N”) of blades 74 is no more than 16 but can be 10–16. *Id.* at 3:16–21.

Also, a chord dimension (“CD”) is a length between leading edge 82 and trailing edge 84 at tip 80 (*id.* at 3:5–7); a circumferential pitch (“CP”) is equivalent to the arc distance between tips 80 of neighboring blades 74 (*id.* at 3:7–10); a solidity value is defined as a ratio (“R”) of CD/CP (*id.* at 3:22–24); and propulsor 42 defines a ratio of N/R (*id.* at 3:37). The solidity value

can be between 0.6 and 1.1 (*id.* at 3:25–26), and the ratio N/R can be between 8 and 28 (*id.* at 3:37–38).

C. Illustrative Claim

Petitioner challenges claims 1–5 and 7–11 of the '412 patent. Of the challenged claims, claims 1 and 9 are independent. Patent Owner states that it has disclaimed claims 9 and 10. PO Resp. 26 (citing Ex. 2008). Claim 1 is reproduced below:

1. A gas turbine engine comprising:
 - a spool;
 - a turbine coupled to drive the spool;
 - a propulsor coupled to be driven by said turbine through said spool;
 - a gear assembly coupled between said propulsor and said spool such that rotation of said spool drives said propulsor at a different speed than said spool,
 - wherein said propulsor includes a hub and a row of propulsor blades that extend from said hub, and said row includes a number (N) of said propulsor blades that is no more than 16, and the propulsor is located at an inlet of a bypass flow passage having a pressure ratio that is between 1.1 and 1.35 with regard to an inlet pressure and an outlet pressure of said bypass flow passage;
 - wherein each of said propulsor blades extends radially between a root and a tip and in a chord direction between a leading edge and a trailing edge at the tip to define a chord dimension (CD), said row of propulsor blades defining a circumferential pitch (CP) with regard to said tips, wherein said row of propulsor blades has a solidity value (R) defined as CD/CP that is between 0.6 and 0.9, and a ratio of N/R is between 8 and 16 or between 18 and 28.

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