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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/964,938	08/12/2013	Donald K. Smith	EGQ-005CP3C1	1022
42532 7590 02/27/2015 PROSKAUER ROSE LLP			EXAMINER	
	ATIONAL PLACE		MCCORMACK, JASON L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2881	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/27/2015	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.Applicant(s)13/964,938SMITH, DONALD K.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner JASON MCCORMACK	Art Unit 2881	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1/6/20  A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.13						
	action is non-final.					
3) An election was made by the applicant in respo	•		ng the interview on			
4) Since this application is in condition for allowan	; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims*						
5) Claim(s) 1-4,6,8,9,13-20,26-28 and 31-39 is/are pending in the application.  5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  7) Claim(s) 1,4,13-20,26,31-33 and 37-39 is/are rejected.  8) Claim(s) 2,3,6,8,9,27,28 and 34-36 is/are objected to.  9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  If any claims have been determined allowable, you may be eligible to benefit from the Patent Prosecution Highway program at a articipating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp">http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp</a> or send an inquiry to PHfeedback@uspto.gov.						
<b>Application Papers</b> 10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the c	•		(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 3	37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  Certified copies:  a) All b) Some** c) None of the:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  ** See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
oce the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(c)						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	3) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) M Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/S	Paper No(a)/Mail D					



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1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/6/2015 has been entered.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4, 6, 8, 9, 13-20, 26-28, and 31-39 have been considered but are moot because the arguments do not apply to any of the references being used in the current rejection.

## Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory double patenting rejection is appropriate where the claims at issue are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been



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obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the reference application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement. A terminal disclaimer must be signed in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(b).

The USPTO internet Web site contains terminal disclaimer forms which may be used. Please visit http://www.uspto.gov/forms/. The filing date of the application will determine what form should be used. A web-based eTerminal Disclaimer may be filled out completely online using web-screens. An eTerminal Disclaimer that meets all requirements is auto-processed and approved immediately upon submission. For more information about eTerminal Disclaimers, refer to http://www.uspto.gov/patents/process/file/efs/guidance/eTD-info-l.jsp.

5. Claims 1, 4, and 31 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 34 of copending application No. 14/510959. Although the claims at issue are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other



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because it is impossible to practice the invention of copending application No. 14/510959 without infringing on claims 1 and 4 of the immediate application.

This is a provisional nonstatutory double patenting rejection because the patentably indistinct claims have not in fact been patented.

6. Claims 13, 37, and 39 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 19 of copending application No. 14/510959. Although the claims at issue are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it is impossible to practice the invention of copending application No. 14/510959 without infringing on claims 13, 37, and 39 of the immediate application.

This is a provisional nonstatutory double patenting rejection because the patentably indistinct claims have not in fact been patented.

7. Claim 26 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and/or 15 of copending application No. 14/510959. Although the claims at issue are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it is impossible to practice the invention of copending application No. 14/510959 without infringing on claim 26 of the immediate application.

This is a provisional nonstatutory double patenting rejection because the patentably indistinct claims have not in fact been patented.

8. Claims 32 and 33 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 33 of copending application No. 14/510959. Although the claims at issue are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other



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