

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

---

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

---

ZTE (USA) INC., HTC CORPORATION, HTC AMERICA, INC., SAMSUNG  
ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., AND SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS AMERICA,  
INC.,  
Petitioners,

v.

EVOLVED WIRELESS LLC,  
Patent Owner.

---

Case IPR2016-00757<sup>1</sup>  
Patent 7,881,236 B2

---

PATENT OWNER'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS REQUEST FOR  
REHEARING PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 42.71(d)

---

<sup>1</sup>IPR2016-01345 has been consolidated with this proceeding

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>
I. The Board overlooked Patent Owner’s argument that Petitioners had not demonstrated that the proposed combination would transmit the stored Msg 3 buffer data only when the claim limitations were true. ....	1
II. The Board overlooked the Patent Owner’s argument that the 321 reference taught the <i>only if</i> behavior only in hindsight.....	4
III. The Board misapprehended Petitioners’ argument about the 321 reference, and adopted a different basis for the rejection than Petitioners offered. ....	5

**Table of Authorities**

	<b>Page(s)</b>
<b>Cases</b>	
<i>Canon Inc. et al. v. Papst Licensing GmbH &amp; Co. KG</i> , IPR2016-01213, Paper 33.....	4
<i>In re Kahn</i> , 441 F.3d 977 (Fed. Cir. 2006) .....	5
<i>In re Nuvasive</i> , 841 F.3d 966, PINCITE (Fed. Cir. 2016).....	5

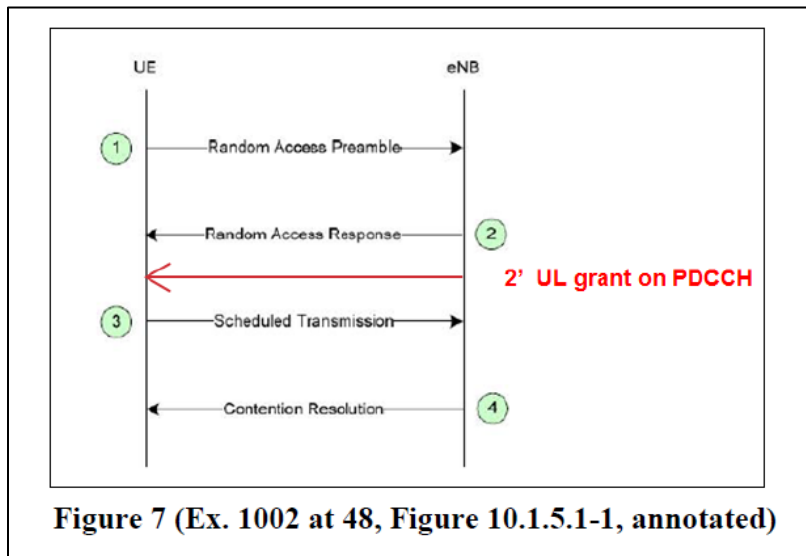
**I. The Board overlooked Patent Owner’s argument that Petitioners had not demonstrated that the proposed combination would transmit the stored Msg 3 buffer data only when the claim limitations were true.**

The Board overlooked Patent Owner’s argument that Petitioners failed to show that the proposed combination would satisfy the claim limitation of transmitting in all circumstances the stored Msg 3 buffer data *only when* the two limitations were true. Petitioners encourage the Board to continue to overlook this argument because the only conclusion that can reach upon consideration of this argument is that the challenged claims are patentable.

The Board correctly determined that the term “if” in limitations 1(e) and 7(e) in the challenged claims means “only when.” FWD at 15. As Patent Owner argued, Petitioners were then required to show that the prior art disclosed that in *all circumstances* the stored Msg 3 buffer data would be transmitted *only when* the two claim limitations were true. *See, e.g.* Res. at 9-24, 29-32, 35-47. However, the Petition and supplemental briefing rely on disclosures that allegedly show transmission of stored Msg 3 buffer data in only one scenario, but, importantly, do not demonstrate that such transmission will occur “only when” the claim limitations are met because they do not address the scenario below. Pet. at 31-32, Opp. at 1-2.

Indeed, the below scenario demonstrates that Petitioners have not shown the proposed combination discloses the “only when” limitation because it proves that

in the proposed combination stored Msg 3 buffer data would be sent in response to the UL Grant on the PDCCH.



As argued by Patent Owner, Sec. 5.4.2.1 of 36.321 states that stored Msg 3 buffer data will be sent if there is an (1) on-going random access procedure and (2) stored Msg 3 data. Res. at 42-46; Ex. 1003 at 18. In Fig. 7 above, these two conditions in 5.4.2.1 would be true such that stored Msg 3 buffer data would be sent in response to receiving UL Grant on the PDCCH. The UL Grant on the PDCCH may include a C-RNTI. Ex. 1008 at 10. 36.321 states “[i]f the UE receives both a grant for its RA-RNTI [random access response] and a grant for its C-RNTI [PDCCH] [like in Fig. 7], the UE may *choose to continue* with either the grant for its RA-RNTI or the grant for its C-RNTI.” Ex. 1008 at 18 (emphasis added). Thus, the proposed combination, when faced with the scenario in Fig. 7, could *choose* to continue with the UL Grant on the PDCCH and transmit stored

# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

## LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

## FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.