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              IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
               FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
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                         TYLER DIVISION
    VIRNETX, INC.
 4
                                     DOCKET NO. 6:10cv417
         -vs-
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 5
                                     Tyler, Texas
                                 )
                                     12:05 p.m.
                                     November 5, 2012
   APPLE, INC.
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                      TRANSCRIPT OF TRIAL
 8
                        AFTERNOON SESSION
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               BEFORE THE HONORABLE LEONARD DAVIS,
         UNITED STATES CHIEF DISTRICT JUDGE, AND A JURY
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                      APPEARANCES
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14 FOR THE PLAINTIFFS:
15
   MR. DOUGLAS CAWLEY
16 MR. BRADLEY W. CALDWELL
   MR. JASON D. CASSADY
17 MR. JOHN AUSTIN CURRY
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21 COURT REPORTERS:
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- 1 Let's go back to that construction and
- 2 see it real quick.
- 3 Q. (By Mr. Curry) We see that direct
- 4 communication link that provides data security through
- 5 encryption in Judge Davis's instruction.
- 6 Does Kiuchi teach a secure communication link?
- 7 A. No. Because it does not meet that
- 8 construction that we've been given by the Court. It
- 9 can't meet that. And, therefore, that claim element is
- 10 missing from Kiuchi. It doesn't teach that.
- 11 Q. And just fundamentally, why doesn't Kiuchi
- 12 teach a secure communication link?
- 13 A. Well, at a basic level, Kiuchi is teaching --
- 14 is a system that prevents direct communication. It's
- 15 keeping networks apart while still allowing a browser
- 16 computer to retrieve resources from an origin server, as
- 17 we see over here on the board.
- 18 Q. Since Kiuchi doesn't teach a secure
- 19 communication link, can it anticipate any claim of the
- 20 '504 or '211 patents?
- 21 A. No, it can't. That secure communication link
- 22 is required in all of the claims of the '504 and '211
- 23 patents. So it's missing from all of them; therefore,
- 24 those can't be anticipated.
- 25 Q. Are the proxy servers in Kiuchi terminating



- 1 servers?
- 2 A. Yes, they are. What the proxy servers do --
- 3 as we see in the middle of the communication, a proxy
- 4 server will terminate communication from one computer.
- 5 So there will be the connection on one side of it. It
- 6 will process the data, and then there will be a
- 7 connection on the other side of it.
- 8 Q. In -- excuse me -- are all parties in
- 9 agreement that a terminating server prevents direct
- 10 communication?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 O. And who told us that?
- 13 A. As we saw, that's from Mr. Desmarais, Apple's
- 14 lawyer.
- 15 Q. And does the HTTP flow through a proxy server?
- 16 A. No, it doesn't. These are HTTP proxy servers.
- 17 What they do is, they take in an HTTP request. For
- 18 example, the client-side proxy could take in an HTTP
- 19 request from one of the client computers on the left on
- 20 one connection, a TCP connection. It will process it
- 21 and generate a distinct request and forward that on by
- 22 another new connection.
- Q. Now, is the failure to teach a secure
- 24 communication link the only reason that Kiuchi does not
- 25 invalidate Claim 1 of the '504 patent?



- 1 that I've explained, Kiuchi cannot anticipate this,
- 2 because it doesn't meet each and every element
- 3 identically and, therefore, it's valid.
- Q. Let me move on to Claim 13 of the '151 patent.
- 5 Is this claim similar to Claim 1 of the '151
- 6 patent?
- 7 A. Yes, it is. And the limitations that are
- 8 missing are similar as well. In the first case, it's
- 9 missing the sent-by-a-client, and in this case, the
- 10 other missing limitation is that there's not a secure
- 11 channel between the client and the server.
- 12 And for the reasons I said there wasn't an
- 13 encrypted channel, there's not a secure channel.
- Q. Let's move on to the '135 patent.
- Does Kiuchi teach a VPN?
- 16 A. No, it does not. The way we can look at that
- 17 is that we need to look at the construction for VPN; and
- 18 then we can see, for example, a network of computers
- 19 which privately and directly communicate with each
- 20 other. And let's just stop there for the moment.
- 21 The computers in Kiuchi don't directly
- 22 communicate. Dr. Alexander has identified the VPN as
- 23 running from the client-side proxy to the origin server.
- 24 That communication is not direct. That communication
- 25 passes through the server-side proxy.



- 1 And as we know, a server-side proxy is a
- 2 terminating server. It's going to prevent direct
- 3 communication. Kiuchi is quite clear that there is not
- 4 to be that direct communication.
- 5 Q. So did you find this element missing in Claim
- 6 1 of the '135?
- 7 A. Yes, I did.
- 8 Q. What does that necessarily mean about all
- 9 claims of the '135 patent?
- 10 A. Well, all the claims of the '135 patent
- 11 require a VPN. Since Kiuchi doesn't teach that, then
- 12 Kiuchi can't anticipate those claims.
- Q. I want to move on to Claim 8.
- In this claim, what does Dr. Alexander
- 15 identify as the DNS proxy server in Kiuchi?
- 16 A. For this claim, he has identified it as the
- 17 C-HTTP name server up there at the top.
- 18 Q. Is that -- is that consistent with his
- 19 analysis for the '151 patent?
- 20 A. No. In the '151 patent, he puts the DNS proxy
- 21 at the client-side proxy.
- Q. Well, in any event, does the C-HTTP name
- 23 server, the thing that Dr. Alexander identified here as
- 24 the DNS proxy server, perform this step of the claim?
- 25 A. No. What this claim is requiring is that the

