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excised tissue. b A. BRODAL In chronic encephalitis the pathological changes are found in the same regions as in the acute stages. V. NABOKOV Age had developed in her a pathological stinginess.

B n. A person whose psychological disposition or state is pathological. M20.

pathologically /paθə'lɒdʒık(ə)li/ adv. Ε19. [f. PATHOLOGIC or prec.: see -ICALLY.] 1 In terms of pathology. Ε19. b colloq. Abnormally. M20. 2 In relation to the passions or emotions. rare. E19.

pathologist /pə'θɒlədʒɪst/ n. м17. [f. next + -IST.] An expert in or student of pathology; esp. a specialist in the laboratory examination of samples of body tissue, usu. for diagnostic or forensic purposes.

speech pathologist: see SPEECH n.

pathology /pɔ'0blədʒi/ n. l16. [Fr. pathologie or mod.L pathologia, f. (as) PATHO-: see -LOGY.] † 1 In pl. Sorrows. Only in l16. 2 The science of the causes and effects of diseases; esp. the branch of medicine that deals with the laboratory examination of samples of body tissue for diagnostic or forensic purposes. E17. b Pathological features considered collectively; the typical behaviour of a disease; a pathological condition. L17. c transf. & fig. (The science of) mental, social, or linguistic, etc., abnormality or malfunction. Usu. w. specifying wd. M19. 3 The branch of knowledge that deals with the passions or emotions. rare. L17. 4 Math. A pathological feature of a mathematical system, esp. of a surface or field in the neighbourhood of a particular point. M20.

2 A. MACLEAN I'm not a specialist in pathology—and you require one for an autopsy. plant pathology: see PLANT n. b Scientific American For every D. M. SMITH The major metropolitan states.. experience high levels of social pathology speech pathology see SPEECH n.

patholopolis /pa θ ə'lop(ə)lis/ n. rare. E20. [f. PATHOLO(GICAL + -POLIS.] A diseased or morally degenerate city.

pathos /'pei θ ps/ n. L16. [Gk = suffering, feeling, rel. to paskhein suffer, penthos grief.] 1 A pathetic expression or utterance. rare. L16. 2 A quality in speech, writing, events, persons, etc., which excites pity or sadness; the power of stirring tender or melancholy emotion. M17. 3 Physical or mental suffering. rare. L17.

2 V. SACKVILLE-WEST His death held no pathos, since it was in accordance with what he had chosen. A. Livingstone The war had a special pathos for Lou, since fighting on each side was a country she felt to be

pathway /'pa: θ wei/ n. MI6. [f. PATH n.] + WAY n.] 1 A way that constitutes or serves as a path; the course of a path or track. M16. 2a Physiol. A route, formed by a chain of nerve cells, along which impulses of a particular kind usually travel. E20. b A sequence of chemical reactions undergone by a compound or class of compounds, esp. in a living organism. E20.

1 M. Moorcock The procession moved along gravel pathways. fig.: Scientific American The flow diagram shows the pathways of the energy that drives machines. 2a H. L. HOLLINGWORTH The course of the various sensory pathways in the spinal cord. b *Nature* The pathways and interactions of mercury in the estuarine and marine environment. metabolic pathway:

-pathy /pəθi/ suff. [Gk -patheia suffering, feeling: see -y³. In sense 2 extracted f. HOMOEOPATHY.] Forming ns. w. the senses (a) a disease or disorder in a particular part, as encephalopathy, neuropathy, or of a particular kind, as idiopathy; (b) a method of cure, curative treatment, as allopathy, hydropathy, etc.

†patible n. LME-M18. [L. patibulum fork-shaped yoke or gibbet, f. patere lie open + bulum instrumental suff.] A gibbet, a cross; the horizontal bar of a cross

†patible a. E17. [L patibilis, f. pati suffer: see -IBLE.] 1 Capable of or liable to suffering; passible. Only in 17. 2 Capable of undergoing something; subject to something. E17-M19.

patibulary /pə'tɪbjʊləri/ a. rare. Chiefly joc. MI7. [f. as PATIBLE n. + -ARY¹.] Of or pertaining to the gallows; suggesting or resembling the gallows

patibulate v.t. kill by hanging M17.

patience /'peif(ə)ns/ n. ME. [(O)Fr. f. L patientia, f. patient- pres. ppl stem of pati suffer: see -ENCE.] I Being patient. 1a (The capacity for) calm endurance of pain, trouble, inconvenience, etc. Formerly also foll. by of pain etc. ME. b Forbearance under provocation, esp. tolerance of the faults or limitations of other people. LME. c (The capacity for) calm selfpossessed waiting. LME. d Constancy exertion or effort; perseverance. E16. †2

Indulgence; permission. LME-E17.

1a Shakes. Rich. III How hath your lordship brook'd imprisonment? . With patience, noble lord, as prisoners must. Blackwood's Magazine Queues of workers formed to wait in patience for the . . trams H. KELLER I had made many mistakes, and Miss Sullivan had pointed them out again and again with gentle patience. c H. HUNTER Behold the fruits of eleven years patience. d W. HARTE He learnt with patience and with meekness taught. 2 SHAKES. 1 Hen. VI Nor other satisfaction do I crave But only, with your patience, that we may Taste of your wine

II Special senses. 3 Bot. = patience-dock (a) below. LME. 4 A card-game for one player in which the object is to arrange cards turned up at random into a specified order (also called solitaire); an adaptation of such a game for more than one person. E19.

Phrases: have no patience with (a) be unable to tolerate; (b) be irritated by. lose patience become impatient (with).

Comb.: patience-dock (a) a kind of dock, Rumex patientia, formerly grown as a pot-herb; (b) north. = PASSION-DOCK

patience /'peif(ə)ns/ v.i. rare. Li6. [f. the n.] Have or exercise patience.

patiency /'peiʃ(ə)nsi/ n. rare. L17. [f. PATIENT
after agency: see -ENCY.] The quality or condition of being patient or passive.

patient /'peif(a)nt/ a., n., & v. ME. [(O)Fr. f. L patient: see PATIENCE n., -ENT.] A adj. 1 Having or exercising patience (with, to, or towards a person, fault, etc.). ME. 2 Foll. by of: a Enduring or capable of enduring (evil, suffering, etc); tolerant of. arch. or poet. LME. b Of a word, statement, etc.: capable of bearing (a

particular interpretation). M17.

1 AV 1 Thess. 5:14 Now we exhort you, brethren.. be patient toward all men. R. M. Benson We must form a habit of patient expectation. A. Cross You've been very patient with my bad temper. P. Gay His search . . helped to school Freud in patient and precise observation. 2a EVELYN Plants least patient of Cold. Wordsworth Streams that April could not check Are patient of thy rule. b Church Times It is a carefully worded motion and . patient of many interpretations. Special collocations: patient Lucy = busy Lizzie s.v.

LIZZIE 4.

B n. 1 A person receiving or registered to receive medical treatment; a sick person, esp. one staying in a hospital. LME. b A person who suffers (patiently). Now rare or obs. LME. †2 A person subject to supervision or correction by another. LME-M17. 3 A person who or thing which undergoes an action (arch.). Now chiefly Gram., the entity affected by the action of a

verb. Opp. agent. L15.

1 D. CARNEGIE More patients suffering from mental diseases in the hospitals. private patient: see PRIVATE a. voluntary patient: see VOLUNTARY a. 3 E. UNDERHILL Baptism is a crucial act of surrender performed by the baptised, who is agent, not patient.

†C v.t. & i. Make or be patient; refl. calm

oneself. M16-M17.

patienthood n. the state or condition of being a patient L20. patientless a. having no patients E19. patiently adv. ME. patientness n. LME.

patiki /'pa:tiki/ n. NZ. M19. [Maori.] Any of several flatfishes found in New Zealand waters.

patina /'patinə/ n. M18. [It. f. L = shallow dish or pan.] A usu. green film or incrustation produced by oxidation on the surface of old bronze; a similar alteration of the surface of coins, flint, etc. Also, a gloss or sheen on wooden furniture produced by age, polishing, etc; an acquired change in the appearance of a

surface, esp. one suggestive of age.

R. Frame A mahogany dining-table shows its patina best by candlelight. fig.: R. Hoggart He develops a strong patina of resistance, a thick . . skin for not taking notice.

patinaed /'patinəd/ a. covered with a patina, patinated M20.

patinate /'patineit/ v.t. L19. [f. prec. + -ATE3.] Cause to develop a patina; cover with a patina.

D. Welch Console tables charmingly patinated with dust and furniture polish. L. R. Rogers Most

sculptors today.. use acids.. to patinate their work. patination n. the formation or production of a patina; the condition of having a patina: L19.

patine /po'ti:n/ n.1 & v. L19. [Fr. f. as PATINA.] A n. = PATINA. LI9. B v.t. = PATINATE. LI9.

† patine n. var. of PATEN.

patio /'patieu/ n. Pl. -os. E19. [Sp. = court of a house.] 1 Orig., an inner court, open to the sky, in a Spanish or Spanish-American house. Now also, a usu. roofless paved area adjoining and belonging to a house. E19. 2 Mining. A yard or floor where ores are cleaned, sorted, or amalgamated. Also ellipt., the patio process.

Comb.: patio door a large glass sliding door leading to a patio, garden, or balcony; patio process an orig. Mexican process of amalgamating silver ores on an

open floor

patisserie /pəˈtiːs(ə)ri/ n. Also pât-. L16. [Fr. pâtisserie f. med.L pasticium, f. pasta PASTE n.] 1 sing. & in pl. Articles of food made by a pastrycook, pastries collectively. L16. 2 A shop which sells pastries, E20.

patissier /pə'ti:siə, foreign patisje/ n. Fem. -iere, -ière /-19:, foreign -je:r/. Also pât-. E20. [Fr.] A pastry-cook.

Patjitanian /padʒi'tɑ:niən/ a. M20. [f. Pajitan (see below) + -IAN.] Of or pertaining to Pajitan, a town on the south coast of Java in Indonesia; spec. (Archaeol.) designating or pertaining to an early palaeolithic industry discovered near there.

patka /'patka:, -ka/ n. L19. [Panjabi patkā f. Skt pattikā turban-cloth.] A kind of light headcovering worn by people of the Indian subcontinent, esp. Sikhs.

patlander /'patlandə/ n. slang. Now rare or obs. E19. [f. PAT n.² + LAND n.¹ + -ER¹.] An Irishman.

† patlet n. var. of PARTLET n.2

Pat Malone /pat mə'ləun/ n. phr. slang (chiefly Austral.). E20. [Rhyming slang.] on one's Pat Malone, on one's own, alone. Cf. PAT n.² 2, TOD

Patmorean /patmorran/ a. M19.[f. Patmore (see below) + -AN.] Of, pertaining to, or characteristic of the English poet Coventry K. D. Patmore (1823-96) or his writing.

Patna /'patnə/ n. M19. [A district in north central Bihar, India.] In full Patna rice. A variety of long-grained rice, used chiefly in curries and other savoury dishes.

patness /'patnis/ n. MI7. [f. PAT a. + -NESS.]
The quality or condition of being pat; contrived neatness; glibness.

patois /'patwa:/ n. & a. M17. [(O)Fr. = rough speech, perh. f. OFr. patoier handle roughly, trample, f. patte paw, of unkn. origin.] A n. Pl. same /-wa:z/. 1 A dialect (orig. in France) of the common people in a particular area, differing fundamentally from the literary language; any non-standard local dialect. M17. 2 transf. A social dialect; jargon. L18. 3 The creole of the English-speaking Caribbean, esp. Jamaica. M20. B attrib. or as adj. Of, pertaining to, or of the nature of a patois. L18.

patonce /po'tons/ a. M16. [Perh. rel. to POTENCE.] Her. Of a cross: having limbs usu. expanding in a curved form from the centre, with ends resembling those of the cross flory. Usu. postpositive.

patootie /pə'tu:ti/ n. US slang. E20. [Perh. alt. of POTATO.] A sweetheart, a girlfriend; a pretty girl.

patresfamilias n. pl. of PATERFAMILIAS.

a cat, a: arm, ɛ bed, ə: her, ɪ sit, i cosy, i: see, ɒ hot, ɔ: saw, ʌ run, ʊ put, u: too, ə ago, ʌɪ my, aʊ how, eɪ day, əʊ no, ɛ: hair, ɪə near, ɔɪ boy, ʊə poor, ʌɪə tire, aʊə sour

