United States Patent and Trademark Office Patent Trial and Appeal Board

NeoChord, Inc. **v.** University of Maryland, Baltimore

IPR2016-00208

Patent Owner's Demonstratives

Oral Argument

<u>lanuary 31 2017</u>

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

Claim 19

19. A method for treating a defective mitral or tricu valve, comprising:

percutaneously accessing an apical region of a heart w

catheter-based device; and repairing a cardiac valve by use of said device, wherein the repairing comprises replacing at least chordae tendineae, and wherein the replaced chordae tendineae comprises a su with one or more leaflets of the heart.

<u>('386 Patent (Ex. 1001) at</u>

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com

Proposed Constructions - "Percutaneo Accessing an Apical Region of a Hear Patent Owner's Construction

Accordingly, PO proposes that "percutaneously accessing an apical region of the heart" should be construed as "direct transmyocardial puncture through unbroken skin or endovascularly accessing an apical region of a heart." (See Ex. 2001, ¶ 29-43.)

Petitioner's Construction

(Patent Owner Response (Pape

heart in the apical region. Ex.1011, ¶46. Accordingly, the BRI construction of "percutaneously accessing an apical region of a heart" in claim 19 as properly construed and understood by a person skilled in the art is "the process of obtaining access through the skin to a region of a ventricular chamber of the heart near the apex of the heart." *Id*.

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

The Specification

the procedure(s) to be performed. The incision(s) should be made in such a manner so as to be minimally invasive. By "minimally invasive" is meant in a manner by which an interior organ or tissue may be accessed with as little as possible damage being done to the anatomical structure through which entry is sought. Typically, a minimally invasive procedure is one that involves accessing a body cavity by a small incision made in the skin of the body. By "small incision" is meant that the length of the incision generally should be about 1 cm to about 10 cm, or about 4 cm to about 8 cm, or about 7 cm in length. Additionally, where direct needle access to the heart is sought, the methods of the invention may be performed with even smaller incisions, for instance, an incision of about 1 mm to about 8 mm, from about 3 mm to about 5 mm, or even percutaneously, that is without the need for an incision. The

('386 Patent (Ex. 1001) at 7:35-44, see also Patent Owner Response (Pape

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

RM

The Specification

procedure. Additionally, it is also to be noted that, although the following describes accessing the heart via an apical incision, percutaneous access through direct puncture of the heart (transmyocardial) may also be used, via the insertion of an appropriate grade needle (e.g., an 18 gauge needle) into the apical region of the heart and advancement of a repair instru-

with the methods described herein below. Still yet, other percutaneous approaches may be employed where access is made endovascularly through a cut-down or puncture in the

('386 Patent (Ex. 1001) at 11:35-52, see also Patent Owner Response (Pape



DOCKET A L A R M



Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.