

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

PALO ALTO NETWORKS, INC.,
Petitioner,

v.

FINJAN, INC.,
Patent Owner.

Case IPR2015-02001
Case IPR2016-00157
Patent No. 8,225,408 B2¹

PATENT OWNER RESPONSE

¹ These proceedings have been consolidated.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PATENT OWNER’S EXHIBIT LIST	i
I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. FACTS	5
A. The ‘408 Patent	5
B. Challenged Claims	10
C. The Institution Decision	12
III. CLAIM CONSTRUCTION	12
IV. GROUND 1: Chandnani in view of Kolawa Does Not Render Obvious Claims 1, 3–5, 9, 12–16, 18, and 19, 22, 23, 29, and 35 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)	13
A. Chandnani in view of Kolawa Does not Disclose “dynamically building, [by the computer] while said receiving receives the incoming stream, a parse tree” (claims 1, 22, 23, and 35) or “a parser [...], for dynamically building while said receiver is receiving the incoming stream, a parse tree” (claims 9 and 29)	19
1. The Combination of Chandnani and Kolawa Does Not Disclose Dynamically Building a Parse Tree Because Chandnani’s Data Stream is Resident on the Computer Before Tokenization Begins	19
2. The Combination of Chandnani and Kolawa Does Not Disclose Dynamically Building a Parse Tree Because the References in Combination Teach Fully Tokenizing a Data Stream Before Building a Parse Tree	24
B. Chandnani In View of Kolawa Does Not Disclose dynamically detecting while dynamically building the parse tree (all challenged claims)	30

1.	Chandnani Does Not Teach Dynamically Detecting While Dynamically Building	30
2.	Petitioner’s Argument is Not Tied to the Claim Language	36
C.	Chandnani In View of Kolawa Does Not Disclose Detecting Potential Exploits (all challenged claims).....	38
D.	The Petition Provides Inadequate Motivation to Combine Chandnani and Kolawa	41
1.	A POSITA Would Not Have Modified Chandnani With Kolawa Because Doing So Changes Chandnani’s Principle of Operation.....	41
2.	A POSITA Would Not Have Modified Chandnani With Kolawa Because They Have Different Goals	44
3.	Petitioner Failed to Explain Why a POSITA Would Have Modified Chandnani With Kolawa to Dynamically Detect	48
V.	Ground 2: Chandnani in View of Kolawa and Walls Does Not Render Obvious Claims 1, 3–5, 9, 12–16, 18, 19, 22, 23, 29, and 35	49
A.	Chandnani in view of Kolawa and Walls Does not Disclose “dynamically building, [by the computer] while said receiving receives the incoming stream, a parse tree” (claims 1, 22, 23, and 35) or “a parser [...], for dynamically building while said receiver is receiving the incoming stream, a parse tree” (claims 9 and 29).....	50
B.	Chandnani in view of Kolawa and Walls Does Not Disclose dynamically detecting while dynamically building the parse tree (all challenged claims).....	56
VI.	Grounds 3 and 4: Chandnani in View of Kolawa, Walls and Huang Do Not Render Obvious Claims 6, 7, 20, and 21 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).....	59
VII.	SECONDARY CONSIDERATIONS	60
A.	Commercial Success and Licensing.....	61

B. Industry Praise67
VIII. CONCLUSION.....67

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	Page(s)
Cases	
<i>ActiveVideo Networks, Inc. v. Verizon Commc'n, Inc.</i> , 694 F.3d 1312 (Fed. Cir. 2012)	60
<i>Demaco Corp. v. F. Von Langsdorff Licensing Ltd.</i> , 851 F.2d 1387 (Fed. Cir. 1988)	62
<i>In re Gordon</i> , 733 F.2d 900 (Fed. Cir. 1984)	42
<i>GrafTech Int'l Holdings, Inc., v. Laird Techs., Inc.</i> , Nos. 2015-1796, -1797, -1798, 2016 WL 3357427 (Fed. Cir. June 17, 2016)	61
<i>Graham v. John Deere Co.</i> , 383 U.S. 1 (1966).....	5
<i>Heart Failure Techs., LLC v. CardioKinetix, Inc.</i> , IPR2013-00183, Paper 12 (P.T.A.B. July 31, 2013).....	48
<i>Institut Pasteur & Universite Pierre Et Marie Curie v. Focarino</i> , 738 F.3d 1337 (Fed. Cir. 2013)	61
<i>J.T. Eaton & Co. v. Atl. Paste & Glue Co.</i> , 106 F.3d 1563 (Fed. Cir. 1997)	61
<i>Kinetic Techs., Inc. v. Skyworks Solutions, Inc.</i> , IPR2014-00529, Paper 8 (P.T.A.B. Sept. 23, 2014).....	48
<i>KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc.</i> , 550 U.S. 398 (2007).....	5, 41
<i>In re Magnum Oil Tools Int'l, Ltd.</i> , No. 2015-1300, 2016 WL 3974202 (Fed. Cir. July 25, 2016)	1, 55, 57
<i>Minnesota Mining & Mfg. Co. v. Johnson & Johnson Orthopaedics, Inc.</i> , 976 F.2d 1559 (Fed. Cir. 1992)	66

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.