# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD PALO ALTO NETWORKS, INC. Petitioner, v. FINJAN, INC., Patent Owner.

Case IPR2015-02001 Case IPR2016-00157 Patent 8,225,408

PATENT OWNER'S PARTIAL REQUEST FOR REHEARING PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. §§ 42.71(c) and 42.71(d)<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word-for-word identical paper is filed in each proceeding identified in the caption.



# Patent Owner's Partial Request for Rehearing IPR2015-02001 & IPR2016-00157 (U.S. Patent No. 8,225,408)

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## Patent Owner's Partial Request for Rehearing IPR2015-02001 & IPR2016-00157 (U.S. Patent No. 8,225,408)

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Patent Owner's Partial Request for Rehearing IPR2015-02001 & IPR2016-00157 (U.S. Patent No. 8,225,408)

Patent Owner, Finjan, Inc. ("Finjan" or "Patent Owner"), respectfully requests rehearing of the Board's Decision on Institution (IPR2015-02001, Paper No. 7; IPR2016-00157, Paper No. 10) (the "Consolidated Institution Decision") under 37 C.F.R. § 42.71(d). In particular, Finjan respectfully requests reconsideration of the decision to institute trial on the four grounds identified in the Consolidated Institution Decision.

### I. Introduction

The Board applies an abuse of discretion standard when rehearing a decision on institution. "An abuse of discretion occurs where the decision is based on an erroneous interpretation of the law, on factual findings that are not supported by substantial evidence, or represents an unreasonable judgment in weighing relevant factors." *Star Fruits S.N.C. v. U.S.*, 393 F.3d 1277, 1281 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (citation omitted). Here, the Board should grant Patent Owner's Request for Rehearing of the Institution Decision because the Board's decision to institute trial with respect to Chandnani and Kolawa (and Chandnani and Kolawa further in view of Walls and/or Huang) rely on factual findings that are not supported by substantial evidence.



II. THE BOARD OVERLOOKED PATENT OWNER'S SUBSTANTIVE ARGUMENTS REGARDING CHANDNANI'S FAILURE TO DISCLOSE "DYNAMICALLY DETECTING..."

The Institution Decision should be modified because it relies "on factual findings that are not supported by substantial evidence." Star Fruits, 393 F.3d at 1281. In particular, the Board overlooked Patent Owner's argument that Chandnani does not disclose the "dynamically detecting..." feature of the challenged claims at least because Chandnani "discloses a sequential, disjointed process for tokenizing a data stream and processing the tokens." See IPR2016-00157, Paper No. 9 ("157 POPR") at 29; see also IPR2015-02001, Paper No. 6 ("2001 POPR") at 19–20 and 30 n.6. In its Consolidated Institution Decision, the Board indicated that it adopted Petitioner's fatally flawed argument because "Patent Owner's counterargument relies on its position that Chandnani fails to disclose receipt of an incoming stream that is scanned." See Institution Decision at 18. However, this analysis does not address Patent Owner's substantive arguments regarding the clear deficiencies of Chandnani presented in the '157 and '2001 POPRs:

In fact, Chandnani's lexical analyzer (notably, tokenizer is not mentioned anywhere in the reference) does not operate 'continuously and simultaneously,' but rather discloses a sequential, disjointed process for tokenizing a data stream and processing the tokens. Once the data stream is generated on the computer, **Chandnani discloses** 



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