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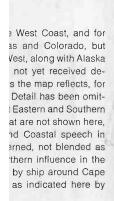
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SIMON AND SCHUSTER





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monolingual

mon·o (män'ō) adj. clipped form of MONOPHONIC (sense 2)
—n. clipped form of MONONUCLEOSIS
mon·o· (män'ə, -ō; occas. mō'nō) [Gr. mono- < monos, single, alone < IE. base \*men., small, single, whence Olr. menb, small] a prefix meuning: 1. one, alone, single [monoclinic] 2. containing one atom or one group (of a specified element) [monochloride] 3. [< mono-molecular] having a thickness of one molecule [monolayer]
mon·o·ac·id (män'ō as'id) adj. same as MONOACIDIC —n. an acid having only one replaceable hydrogen atom per molecule

molecule

molecule

mon·o·a·cid·ic (-ə sid'ik) adj. 1. designating a base or alcohol one molecular weight of which can react with only one equivalent weight of an acid, or that has one hydroxyl group capable of replacing one acid hydrogen atom 2. having only one acid hydrogen atom per molecule

mon·o·a·tom·ic (-ə tām'ik) adj. same as Monatomic

mon·o·bas·ic (mān'ə bāsik) adj. Chem. 1. designating an acid the molecule of which contains one hydrogen atom replaceable by a metal or positive radical or capable of reacting with the hydroxyl group 2. designating a compound in which a metal or positive radical has replaced one acid hydrogen atom —mon'o·ba·sic'i·ty (-bā sis'ə tē) n.

tē) n.

mon·o·car·box·yl·ic (-kār/bāk sil/ik) adj. having only
one carboxylic acid group in the molecule
mon·o·car·pel·lar·y (-kār/pə ler'ē) adj. consisting of or
having only a single carpel
mon·o·car·pic (-kār/pik) adj. [Mono· + -CARPIC] bearing
fruit only once and then dying: said of annuals, biennials,
and some long-lived plants, as the bamboos and century
plants: also mon·o·car'pous
Mo·no·er·os (mə nās/ər əs) [L., the unicorn] a S constellation east of Orion
mon·o·car sum (mān/a kā/zhē am .zē am) n. thl sais

mon-o-cha-si-um (män'ə kā'zhē əm, -zē əm) n., pl. -si-a (-a) [ModL. < Mono- + Gr. chassis, division, akin to chainein, to yawn, GAPE] Bot, a cymose or determinate inflorescence having only a single main axis —mon'o-

mon-o-chla-myd-e-ous (-kla-mid/ē-as) adj. [< ModL. m nochlamydeae, name of the group < Mono- + Gr. chlamyd-, base of chlamys, a mantle + -ous] having only one series of perianth parts, usually designated as sepals,

in the flower

mon o-chlo-ride (klôr'id) n. a chloride containing one
chlorine atom per molecule

mon o-chord (män'ə kôrd') n. [ME. monocorde < MFr.
< LL. monochordon < Gr. monochordon: see Monochordl an acoustical instrument consisting of a wooden
sounding box with a single string and a movable bridge
set on a graduated scale: used for determining musical
intervals mathematically by dividing the string into separate parts whose vibrations can be measured
mono-chro-mat (män'ə krō'mat) n. [< L. monochromatos, one-colored < Gr. monochrōmatos: see Monochromatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see Monochromatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see Monochro-mat-ic (män'ə krō mat'ik) adj. [< L. monochromatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see Monochrochro-mat ic (män'ə krō mat'ik) adj. [< L. monochrochro-mat ic (män'ə krō mat'ik) adj. [< L. monochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see Monochrochro-mat ic (män'ə krō mat'ik) adj. [< L. monochrochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see monochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos: see monochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos < Gr. monochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos < Gr. monochronatos < Gr. monochrōmatos < Gr. monochronatos < Gr. monochronatos < Gr. monochronatos < Gr. monochroc

mon-o-chro-ma-tism (-krō/mə tiz'm) n. [MONOCHROMAT-(IC) + -ISM] total colorblindness in which all objects appear as shades of gray

(IC) + ISM total colorbindness in which all objects appear as shades of gray mon-o-chrome (män'3 krōm') n. [ML, monochroma < Gr. monochrōmos, of one color < monos, single + chrōma, color] 1. a painting, drawing, or photograph in one color or shades of one color 2, the art or process of making these—mon'o-chro'mic adj. —mon'o-chro'mist n. mon-o-cle (män'3 k'l) n. [Fr. < LL. monoculus, one-eyed < Gr. monos, single (see mono-) + L. oculus, eve] an eyeglass for one eye only —mon'o-cled adj. mon-o-cli mai (män'a kli'n'i) adj. Geol. 1. dipping in one direction: said of strata, or rock layers 2. of strata dipping in the same direction —n. same as monocline mon-o-cline (män'a klin'in) n. [< mono-clin-cline in the same direction of the color of the stresses 2. designating or of a kind of construction, as of an airplane fuselage, in which the skin or outer shell bears all or most of the stresses 2. designating or of a kind of construction, as of an airplane fuselage, in which the skin or outer shell bears all or most of the stresses 2. designating or of a kind of construction, as of an automobile, in which the body and chassis are one unit mon-o-cot-y-le-don (män'a kät'l ē'd'n) n. Bot. any of a subclass (Monocotyledoneae) of flowering plants having an embryo containing only one seed leaf, and usually having parallel-veined leaves, flower parts in multiples of three, and no secondary growth in stems and roots, as illies, orchids, grasses, etc.: sometimes clipped to mon'-o-cot'—mon'o-cot'y-le'don-ous

mo·noc·ra·cy (mə näk'rə sē) n., pl. -cies [mono- + -cracy] government by one person; autocracy —mono·crat'ic adj. amon·o·crat (män'ə krat') n. a person who favors monocracy, esp. monarchy: term applied by Thomas Jefferson c. 1790 to pro-English Federalists in the war between England and France

monocracy, esp. monarchy: term applied by Thomas Jefferson c. 1790 to pro-English Federalists in the war between England and France

mo-noc-u-lar (ma näk'yə lər) adj. [< LL. monoculus (see MoNoCLE) + -AR] 1. having only one eye 2. of, or for use by, only one eye —n. a field glass or telescopic device with a single eyepiece

mon-o-cul-ture (mān'ə kul'chər) n. [MoNo- + CULTURE] the raising of only one crop or product without using the land for other purposes

mon-o-cy-cle (si'k'l) n. same as UNICYCLE

mon-o-cy-clic (mān'ə si'klik) adj. 1. of or forming one cycle, circle, whorl, etc. 2. Chem. containing one ring of atoms in the molecule

mon-o-cyte (mān'ə sit') n. [MoNo- + -CYTE] a large, nongranular white blood cell with a relatively small, kidney-shaped nucleus —mon'o-cyt'ic (-sit'ik) adj.

mon-o-dist (mān'ə dist) n. a writer or singer of monody mon-o-dra-ma (mān'ə drā'ma, -dram'ə) n. drama acted, or written to be acted, by only one performer —mon'o-dra-mat'ic (-dra mat'ik) adj.

mon-o-dy (mān'ə dē) n., pl. -dies [LL. monodia < Gr. monodida < monodidos, singing alone < monos, alone (see MoNo-) + acidein, to sing: see ODE] 1. in ancient Greek literature, an ode sung by a single voice, as in a tragedy; lyric solo, generally a lament or dirge 2. a poem in which the poet mourns another's death \*3. a monotonous sound or tone, as of waves 4. Music a) a style of composition in which one part, or voice, predominates, and the others serve as accompaniment; homophony, as distinguished from polyphony b) a composition in this style —mo-nod-ic (ma-nād'ik), mo-nod'i-cal adj. —mo-nod'i-cal-iy adv.

mo-noe-cious (ma nē'shas, mō-) adj. (5 MoN- + Gr. oikos, a house + -10US] 1. Bot, having separate male flowers and female flowers on the same plant, as in maize 2. Zool. having both male and female reproductive organs in the same individual; hermaphroditic —mo-noe'cism (-siz'm) n.

mon-o-fil-a-ment (mān'ə fil'ə mənt) n. a single, untwisted strand of synthetic marterial also monlo.

2. Zool. having both in the same individual; hermaphroduce—in the same individual; hermaphroduce—inc. (siz'm) n.

mono-o-fil-a-ment (män'ə fil'ə mənt) n. a single, untwisted strand, of synthetic material: also mon'o-fil'
mo-nog-a-my (mə näg'ə mə n. [Fr. monogamie < LL.(Ec.)
monogamia < Gr. monogamia: see MONO- & GAMY] 1. the practice or state of being married to only one person at a time 2. [Rarel the practice of marrying only once during life 3. Zool. the practice of having only one mate—monog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mous, mon-o-gam-ic (män'ə monog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo-nog'a-mist n.—mo

nog'a·mist n. —mo·nog'a·mous, mon·o·gam·ic (män'ə gam'ik) adi.

mon·o·gen·e·sis (män'ə jen'ə sis) n. [ModL.: see Mono-a genesis [1. Biol. the hypothetical descent of all living organisms from a single original organism dr cell 2. Zool. asexual reproduction, as by budding or spore formation mon·o·ge·net·ic (-ji net'ik) adj. 1. of or pertaining to monogenesis 2. designating or of animals without alternating asexual and sexual generations mon·o·gen·ic (-jen'ik) adj. 1. [Mono- + GEN(E) + 1C] Biol. designating or of a mode of inheritance in which a character is controlled by one pair of genes 2. [Mono- + GEN + 1C] Zool. producing offspring of one sex only, as females only in some species of aphids —mo·nog·e·ny (mə näj'ə nē) n.

mo·nog·e·nism (mə näj'ə niz'm) n. [Mono- + GEN + 1SM] the doctrine that all human beings are descended from a single pair of ancestors

mon·o·glot (män'ə glät') adj. [Gr. monoglöttos: cf. Mono-a (POLY)GLOT] speaking or writing only one language—n. a monoglot person

mon·o·gram (mān'ə gram') n. [LL. monogramma < Gr. mono-ygnam (mān'ə gram') n. [LL. monogramma con figure made up of two or more letters, often initials of a name, combined in a single design: used on writing paper, ornaments, clothing, etc. —vt. -grammed', -gram'ming to put a monogram on —mon'o·gram·mat'ic (-grə mat'ik) adj.

mon·o·graph (män'ə graf', -gräf') n. [Mono- + -GRAPH]

to put a monogram on —mon'o gram mat'le (-gra mat' ik) adj.

mon o graph (mān'ə graf', -grāf') n. [mono - + -GRAPH]

1. orig., a treatise on a single genus, species, etc. of plant or animal 2. a book, article, or paper written about a particular subject; esp., a scholarly writing on some detailed aspect of a subject —mon'o graph' cadj.

mo-nog y-nous (ma näj'ə nas) adj. 1. of or characterized by monogyny 2. Bot. having one style or pistil

mo-nog y-ny (nē) n. [mono + -Gyny] the practice or state of being married to only one woman at a time mon-o-hy-drate (mān'ə hi'drāt) n. a hydrate containing one molecule of water per molecule of combining compound mon-o-hy-droic (-hi'drik) adj. [mono + -Hydric] 1. same as monothy-droic y (-hi'drik) adj. [mono + Hydroxy] having one hydroxyl group in the molecule

mo-nol-a-try (mə näl'ə trē) n. [mono + -LATRY] the worship of only one god, where several are believed to exist: distinguished from monothy-tre n. mono-lin-tund [may a lintowal] adj. [mono + LATRY] the mono-lin-tund [may a lintowal] adj. [mono + LATRY] the worship of only one god, where several are believed to exist: distinguished from monothy-tre n. mono-o-lin-tund [mān'ə lā'ən' n. a layer or film one molecule thick

mon.o.lin.gual (män/ə lin/gwəl) adj. [MONO- + LINGUAL] using or knowing only one language

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