





Combating Winter Ailment
The new vaccines

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How to choose a
cough/cold medicine

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neta-nemolytic streptococci. The injudic panel juxtaposes a sneeze in a cold sufferer with a chest x-ray of a patient with influenza complicated by bacterial pneumonia. The lung section in the bottom panel demonstrates lobar consolidation in a case of pneumococcal pneumonia. As pointed out in this issue, the availability of vaccines may prove an important deterrant to the development of influenza and pneumococcal disease in susceptible patients. Culture plate courtesy of the Center for Disease Control, Atlanta. X-ray and lung section courtesy of J. Kelly Smith, M.D., Department of Medicine, East Tennessee State University College of Medicine, Johnson City. Art credits: Top panel-drawing by Miki; middle panel-photo by Bob Walsh; bottom panel-drawing by Hodges Soileau.

The new vaccines

Abundant progress has been made in developing new vaccines, not only for the control of viral infections for which no current specific treatment exists, but also to afford protection against serious bacterial infections resistant to antibiotic therapy.

MAURICE A. MUFSON, M.D.

How to choose a cough/cold medicine

A wide array of medications are available for palliative treatment of upper respiratory infections, but the effects of each may vary, depending upon the actions of the component ALAN D. BARREUTHER, Pharm.D.

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The "feedback" method—adjusting dosage on the basis of pharmacokinetic data, plasma concentration, and clinical response—is the most desirable approach to therapy, particularly for drugs with a narrow therapeutic range. MICHAEL MAYERSOHN, Ph.D.

Lithium and diuretics: Using synergy to advantage 107

The combination of lithium and a thiazide diuretic can be safely prescribed for the synergistic treatment of hypertension and manic-depressive conditions if the lithium LAWRENCE F. GOSENFELD, D.O. dosage is adjusted judiciously.

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The differential diagnosis of ventricular tachycardia, supraventricular tachycardia with aberrant ventricular conduction, and supraventricular tachycardia with antegrade conduction over an accessory pathway—all of which produce a widening of the QRS complex—can be made by careful analysis of the electrocardiogram or, if the diagnosis is still unclear, by invasive electrophysiologic studies.

ERIC N. PRYSTOWSKY, M.D., DOUGLAS P. ZIPES, M.D.

Managing peripheral nerve damage due to systemic causes +123Establishing the underlying cause—usually toxic or metabolic—is the first step in

treating a polyneuropathy. All too often, management must be empiric and supportive. ELLIOTT L. MANCALL, M.D.

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Both the accepted diagnostic criteria and recommended therapies of this disorder have STEVEN B. LEICHTER, M.D. changed in light of recent discoveries.

Head lice: Epidemic in the schoolroom 145

A complaint of head itching from your well-groomed and otherwise healthy school-age patient may signify a case of head lice-pediculosis capitis. LAWRENCE CHARLES PARISH, M.D., JOSEPH A. WITKOWSKI, M.D.



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	178	Clinical pharmacology reports: Recognizing CNS toxicity from lidocaine Central nervous system signs of lidocaine toxicity usually appear at excessive doses or in patients with impaired hepatic drug clearance due to congestive heart failure, or liver disease. LINDA A. HERSHEY, M.D., Ph.D., CHARLES O. HERSHEY, M.D.
FOR YOUR PATIENTS	74	A Drug Therapy patient guide: What you need to know about the common cold This month's patient guide, prepared with the help of Dr. Alan D. Barreuther, Assistant Professor of Pharmacy Practice and Director of the Self-Care Cold Center, Student Health Service, University of Arizona, Tucson, provides some common- and not-so- common-sense answers to patients' questions about the common cold.
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DOCKE.

a dosage regimen

Michael Mayersohn, Ph.D.

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Summary

Drug plasma concentration is a more reliable index than dose for predicting clinical response and potential toxicity. The two extremes in designing a dosage regimen are the empirical approach and the "feedback" method. The empirical approach results in large variations in plasma concentration and clinical response. In contrast, in the feedback approach, dosage is individualized according to pharmacokinetic data, measurements of plasma concentration, and clinical response. This method is therefore especially useful for drugs with a narrow therapeutic range.

Because of the large number of factors that influence the achievement of desired plasma concentrations (see part 1 of this article [Drug Therapy, September, 1980 p 79]), it is not surprising to find large variations in average steady-state plasma concentration and clinical response among a group of patients who are receiving identical daily doses of a drug. As a result dose per se is often a poor index of the anticipated average steady-state plasma concentration and clinical response.

THERAPEUTIC RANGE AND CLINICAL RESPONSE

The relationship between therapeuti plasma concentration and clinical re sponse has been demonstrated for severa drugs whose therapeutic ranges hav been determined.1 For example, th Table shows the relationship betwee phenytoin dose, plasma concentration and seizure frequency. As seen in th Table, seizure frequency was reduce when plasma concentrations were withi or above the therapeutic plasma cor centration range of phenytoin (which generally considered to be between 1 and 20 µg/ml), whereas dose per se wa not related to response. On the contrary the group having the greatest number seizures actually received the large average daily phenytoin dose, but not that the average plasma concentration i this group was below the usual ther: peutic range. Similar relationships hav been reported for numerous other drug



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