

COMPACT **AMERICAN**

MEDICAL DICTIONARY

A Concise
and Up-to-Date
Guide to Medical
Terms

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dry pleurisy *n.* Pleurisy characterized by a fibrinous exudation, resulting in adhesion between the opposing surfaces of the pleura.

dry rale *n.* An auscultative sound produced by a bronchial constriction or narrowing.

dry socket *n.* A painful inflamed condition at the site of extraction of a tooth that occurs when a blood clot fails to form properly or is dislodged.

dry synovitis *n.* Synovitis with little serous or purulent effusion.

dry vomiting *n.* See **vomiturition**.

DT *abbr.* delirium tremens; duration tetany

DTaP *abbr.* acellular pertussis vaccine

DTIC (dĕ'tĕ-i-sĕ') *n.* Dacarbazine; an antineoplastic agent used in the treatment of malignant melanoma and Hodgkin's disease.

DTP *abbr.* diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and pertussis vaccine

du-al-ism (doo'ā-lĭz'əm, dyoo'-) *n.* The view in psychology that the mind and body function separately, without interchange.

Du-bin John-son syndrome (doo'bĭn-jŏn'sən, dyoo'-) *n.* An inherited defect in hepatic excretory function characterized by an increase of serum bilirubin concentration, high urinary excretion of a form of coproporphyrin, retention of dark pigment by hepatocytes, and nonvisualization of gall bladder using cholecystogram.

dub-ni-um (doo'bĭ-nĕ-əm) *n.* An artificially produced radioactive element with atomic number 105.

Du-bo-witz score (doo'ba-wĭts', dyoo'-) *n.* A method of clinical assessment of a newborn from birth until five days old that includes neurological criteria for its maturity and other physical criteria to determine its gestational age.

Du-crey's bacillus (doo-krĕz') *n.* A gram-negative, rod-shaped bacterium *Haemophilus ducreyi* that causes chancroids in humans.

duct (dŭkt) *n.* A tubular bodily canal or passage, especially one for carrying a glandular secretion such as bile.

duc-tion (dŭk'shən) *n.* 1. The act of leading, bringing, or conducting. 2. The rotation of an eye on the vertical and horizontal axis.

duct-less (dŭkt'lis) *adj.* Lacking a duct, as glands that only secrete internally.

ductless gland *n.* See **endocrine gland**.

duc-tule (dŭk'tool', -tyool') *n.* A small duct.

Du-gas' test (doo-gāz', dyoo-) *n.* A test performed to determine whether an injured shoulder is due to a dislocation or a fracture.

Dukes classification (dooōks, dyooōks) *n.* A classification into three stages of the extent of spread of operable carcinoma of the large intestine.

dull (dŭl) *adj.* **dull-er**, **dull-est**. 1. Lacking responsiveness or alertness; insensitive. 2. Not intensely or keenly felt, as in pain. — **dullness** *n.*

dump-ing syndrome (dŭm'pĭng) *n.* A condition occurring after eating in patients with shunts of the upper alimentary canal and including flushing, sweating, dizziness, weakness, and vaso-

motor changes. — **dump-ing syndrome** *n.* Surgical excision of all or part of the duodenum.

du-o-de-ni-tis (doo'ō-dĕ-nĭ'tĭs, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ĭ', dyoo-) *n.* Inflammation of the duodenum.

du-o-de-no-en-ter-os-to-my (doo'ā-dĕ'nō-ĕn'tā-rōs'tā-mĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ō-, dyoo-) *n.* The surgical formation of a passage between the duodenum and another part of the intestinal tract.

du-o-de-no-je-ju-nos-to-my (doo'ā-dĕ'nō-jā-jōō'nōs'tā-mĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ō-, dyoo-) *n.* The surgical formation of a passage between the duodenum and the jejunum.

du-o-de-nol-y-sis (doo'ō-dĕ-nōl'ĭ-sĭs, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ōl', dyoo-) *n.* The freeing of the duodenum from adhesions by means of surgery.

du-o-de-nor-rha-phy (doo'ā-dā-nōr'ā-fĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ōr'-, dyoo-) *n.* Suture of a tear or incision in the duodenum.

du-o-de-nos-co-py (doo'ā-dā-nōs'kō-pĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ōs'-, dyoo-) *n.* The examination of the interior of the duodenum through an endoscope.

du-o-de-nos-to-my (doo'ā-dā-nōs'tā-mĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ōs'-, dyoo-) *n.* The surgical establishment of an opening into the duodenum.

du-o-de-not-o-my (doo'ā-dā-nōt'ā-mĕ, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ōt'-, dyoo-) *n.* Surgical incision of the duodenum.

du-o-de-num (doo'ā-dĕ'nəm, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-əm, dyoo-) *n.*, *pl.* **du-o-de-nums** or **du-o-de-na** (doo'ā-dĕ'nā, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-ā, dyoo-). The beginning portion of the small intestine, starting at the lower end of the stomach and extending to the jejunum. — **du'o-de'nal** (doo'ā-dĕ'nəl, dyoo'-, dōō-ōd'n-əl, dyoo-) *adj.*

du-plex uterus (doo'plĕks', dyoo'-) *n.* A uterus with a double lumen.

du-pli-ca-tion (doo'pli-kā'shən, dyoo'-) *n.* The existence or growth into two corresponding parts.

duplication of chromosomes *n.* The repetition of a section of genetic material in a chromosome.

Du-puy-Du-temps operation (dū-pwĕ'-dū-tān') *n.* An operation for correcting stenosis of the lacrimal duct.

du-ra (doo'rā, dyoo'rā) *n.* See **dura mater**. — **du'ral** *adj.*

dura ma-ter (mā'tar, mā-) *n.* The tough fibrous membrane covering the brain and spinal cord and lining the inner surface of the skull.

dur. dol. *abbr.* *Latin.* durante dolore (while the pain lasts)

Du-ro-ziez murmur (doo-rō'zĕ-ā', dū-rō-zyā') *n.* See **Duroziez symptom**.

Duroziez symptom *n.* A double murmur heard over the femoral artery in cases of aortic insufficiency.

dwarf (dwōrf) *n.*, *pl.* **dwarfs** or **dwarves** (dwōrvz). An abnormally small person, often having limbs and features not properly proportioned or formed.

dwarf-ism (dwōr'fĭz'əm) *n.* A pathological condition of arrested growth having various causes.

duo (doo) *n.* 1. Two individuals or units

DTP *abbr.* diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and pertussis vaccine

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