



Computer Networks

Third Edition

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Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Tanenbaum, Andrew S. 1944-.

Computer networks / Andrew S. Tanenbaum. -- 3rd ed.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-13-349945-6

1. Computer networks. I. Title.

TK5105.5.T36 1996

004.6--dc20

96-4121

CIP

Editorial/production manager: Camille Trentacoste Interior design and composition: Andrew S. Tanenbaum Cover design director: Jerry Votta

Cover designer: Don Martinetti, DM Graphics, Inc.

Cover concept: Andrew S. Tanenbaum, from an idea by Marilyn Tremaine

Interior graphics: Hadel Studio

Manufacturing manager: Alexis R. Heydt Acquisitions editor: Mary Franz Editorial Assistant: Noreen Regina



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Printed in the United States of America 10 9 8 7 6 5

ISBN 0-13-349945-6

Prentice-Hall International (UK) Limited, London Prentice-Hall of Australia Pty. Limited, Sydney Prentice-Hall Canada Inc., Toronto Prentice-Hall Hispanoamericana, S.A., Mexico Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi Prentice-Hall of Japan, Inc., Tokyo Simon & Schuster Asia Pte. Ltd., Singapore Editora Prentice-Hall do Brasil, Ltda., Rio de Janeiro

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THE TELEPHONE SYSTEM

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town, and the other one's wife was the town telephone operator. He quickly saw that either he was going to have to invent automatic telephone switching equipment or he was going to go out of business. He chose the first option. For nearly 100 years, the circuit switching equipment used worldwide was known as Strowger gear. (History does not record whether the now-unemployed switchboard operator got a job as an information operator, answering questions such as: What is the phone number of an undertaker?

The model shown in Fig. 2-34(a) is highly simplified of course, because parts of the "copper" path between the two telephones may, in fact, be microwave links onto which thousands of calls are multiplexed. Nevertheless, the basic idea is valid: once a call has been set up, a dedicated path between both ends exists and will continue to exist until the call is finished.

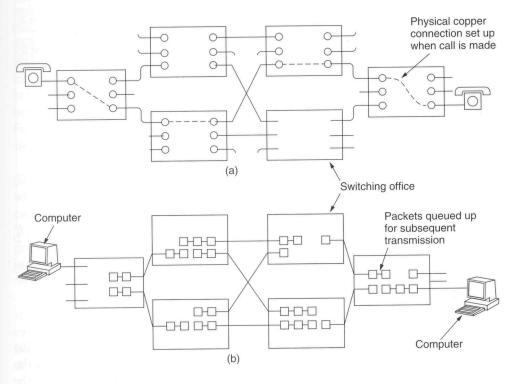


Fig. 2-34. (a) Circuit switching. (b) Packet switching.

An important property of circuit switching is the need to set up an end-to-end path *before* any data can be sent. The elapsed time between the end of dialing and the start of ringing can easily be 10 sec, more on long-distance or international calls. During this time interval, the telephone system is hunting for a copper path, as shown in Fig. 2-35(a). Note that before data transmission can even begin, the call request signal must propagate all the way to the destination, and be