Attorney's Docket No.: FIN0009CIP1 PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Re Patent Application of:)	
	Yuval Ben-Itzhak Golan Yosef Israel Taub) Examiner:)) Art Unit:)	Gary Gracia 2491
Applicat	ion No: 12/174,592)	
Filed:	July 16, 2008))	
For:	COMPUTER SECURITY METHOD AND SYSTEM WITH INPUT PARAMETER VALIDATION))))	
Mail Sto	p AMENDMENT	,	
Commis P. O. Bo	ssioner for Patents ox 1450		
Alexand	ria, VA 22313-1450		

<u>UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.111</u>

Sir:

In response to the Office Action dated June 1, 2011, applicants respectfully request that the above-identified application be amended as follows.



IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows.

[0026] Downloadables may be inter alia in the form of source code, such as JavaScript, or in the form of complied compiled code, such as Java applets, that is de-compiled in order to derive its source code.

At step **230** a determination is made whether or not suspicious computer operations have been detected in the downloadable. If not, then the downloadable is deemed safe and is forwarded to its destination at step **240**. Otherwise, if one or more suspicious computer operations have been detected, then at step **250** monitoring program code is appended to the original downloadable. Referring to the example above, the monitoring code includes lines 11 – 36, and has two functions; namely, makeVulnDict(Arr) makeVulnObiDict(arr) and checkAcx(acxId).

makeVulnObjDict() is called with array parameter VulnAcxStruct[], to build a dictionary, Vuln_Obj_Dict, of potentially malicious function calls. As seen at lines 6 – 9, VulnAcxStruct[] is an array of three-element arrays, each three-element array corresponding to a potentially malicious function. For purposes of clarity, only one three-element array is defined in lines 6 – 9, corresponding to the method setRequestHeader() of object Msxml2.XMLHTTP, but it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that additional three-element arrays may be defined. The first element of the three-element array in VulnAcxStruct[] is the name of the object containing the potentially malicious function; i.e. "Msxml2.XMLHTTP".



The second element of this array is the name of the suspicious method, setRequestHeader(), together with the function to be used for input validation of the method; namely,

Thus to validate input parameters for the method setRequestHeader(), the input parameter is matched against six expected non-malicious parameter values GET, POST, HEAD, DELETE, PUT, CONNECT and OPTIONS. If no match is found then an alert is made. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the function given above is but one of many methods for validating input parameters. Other such methods to validate input parameters and to issue a notification when input parameters are not validated, are also within the scope of the present invention.

[0042] At step **280** a determination is made whether or not the input parameters to each of the suspicious computer operations have been validated. If so, then the downloadable is deemed safe and is forwarded to its destination at step **240**. Otherwise, the downloadable is deemed suspicious, an alert is made, and various preventive actions may be taken. One such action, at step **291**, is simply not to forward the downloadable to the destination computer. Another such action, at step **292**, is to neutralize the input parameters that were not validated, by replacing them with valid input parameters, and then forwarding the



remedied downloadable to the destination computers <u>computer</u>. Another such action, at step **293**, is to consult a computer security policy to determine whether or not to forward the downloadable to the destination computer, based on the suspicious computer operations that were detected.

Subsequent to step **350** the modified downloadable is executed. At step **355** suspicious computer operations are identified at run-time. Step **355** may be performed by referencing a structure, such as the VulnAcxStruct[] structure in the example JavaScript, that lists predesignated suspicious computer operations. Alternatively, step **355** may be performed by referencing structure a structure that lists predesignated safe computer non-malicious computer operations.

At step **380** a determination is made whether or not the input parameters to each of the suspicious computer operations have been validated. If so, then the downloadable is deemed safe and is forwarded to its destination at step **340**. Otherwise, the downloadable is deemed malicious, an alert is made, and various preventive actions may be taken. One such action, at step **391**, is simply not to forward the downloadable to the destination computer. Another such action, at step **392**, is to neutralize the input parameters that were not validated, by replacing them with valid input parameters, and then forwarding the remedied downloadable to the destination computers computer. Another such action, at step **393**, is to consult a computer security policy to determine whether or not to forward the downloadable to the destination computer, based on the suspicious computer operations that were detected.



IN THE DRAWINGS:

Please replace FIG. 2 with the attached replacement sheet. FIG. 2 has been amended to insert the word "TO" in box 250.

Please replace FIG. 3 with the attached replacement sheet. FIG. 3 has been amended to insert the word "TO" in box 350.

The amendments to FIGS. 2 and 3 are shown as mark ups in the attached annotated sheets.



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