

27th Edition Illustrated in Color



Philadelphia • Baltimore • New York • London Buenos Aires • Hong Kong • Sydpay • Tolya

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

R

Δ

Senior Managing Editor: Maureen Barlow Pugh Managing Editor: Barbara Werner
New Terms Editor: Thomas W. Filardo, MD
Copy Editors: Peter W. Binns, Linda G. Francis, Raymond Lukens, Bonnie Montgomery
Chief On-Line Editor: Barbara L. Ferretti
On-Line Editors: Kathryn J. Cadle, Dana Workman
Proofreaders: Peter W. Binns; David A. Bloom, MD; Alfred J. Bollet, MD; Ted Burk; Regina Lavette Davis; John A. Day, Jr., MD, FCCP; Richard Diamanti; John H. Dirckx, MD; Thomas W. Filardo, MD; Linda G. Francis; John M. Last, MD, FRACP, FRCPC; Raymond Lukens; Kate Mason, CMT; Joan Sarchese
Database Programmers: Dave Marcus, Lexi-Comp Inc., Hudson, OH
Art Director: Jonathan Dimes
Illustrations: Neil O. Hardy
Additional artwork by: Mary Anna Barratt-Dimes, Kathryn Born, Rob Duckwall, Timothy Hengst, Mikki Senkarik, Michael Schenk, Larry Ward

Graphic preparation assistance: Susan Caldwell, Jennifer Clements, Thomas Dolan, Christina Nihira Design: Dan Pfisterer

Copyright © 2000 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins 351 West Camden Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201–2436 USA



Copyright () by William Wood and Company: 1911, 1st ed.; 1912, 2nd ed.; 1914, 3rd ed.; 1916, 4th ed.; 1918, 5th ed.; 1920, 6th ed.; 1922, 7th ed.; 1924, 8th ed.; 1926, 9th ed.; 1928, 10th ed.; 1930, 11th ed.

Copyright © by Williams & Wilkins: 1933, 12th ed.; 1935, 13th ed.; 1939, 14th ed.; 1942, 15th ed.; 1946, 16th ed.; 1949, 17th ed.; 1953, 18th ed.; 1957, 19th ed.; 1961, 20th ed.; 1966, 21st ed.; 1972, 22nd ed.; 1976, 23rd ed.; 1982, 24th ed.; 1990, 25th ed.; 1995, 26th ed.

All rights reserved. This book is protected by copyright. No part of this book may be reproduced in any form or by any means, including photocopying, or utilized by any information storage and retrieval system without written permission from the copyright owner.

Stedman's is a registered trademark of Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

The publisher is not responsible (as a matter of product liability, negligence or otherwise) for any injury resulting from any material contained herein. This publication contains information relating to general principles of medical care which should not be construed as specific instructions for individual patients. Manufacturers' product information and package inserts should be reviewed for current information, including contraindications, dosages and precautions.

Database design by Lexi-Comp Inc., Hudson, OH Printed in the United States of America by World Color, Inc.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Stedman, Thomas Lathrop, 1853-1938.
Stedman's medical dictionary.—27th ed. p.; cm.
ISBN 0-683-40007-X (regular).—ISBN 0-683-40008-8 (deluxe)
1. Medicine—Dictionaries. I. Title: Medical dictionary. II. Title.
[DNLM: 1. Medicine—Dictionary—English. W 13 S812m 1999]
R121.S8 1999
610'.3—dc21

99-056094

00 01 02 03 04 05 1 2 3 4 5

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

theory theory 1821 therapy ics inhibit oxidathe impulses transmitted over the auditory nerve fibers correanticoagulant t., the use of anticoagulant drugs to reduce or sponds to the frequency of the sound vibrations, and is the sole prevent intravascular or intracardiac clotting. esia basis for pitch discrimination; a t. no longer tenable. SEE ALSO antisense t., use of antisense DNA for the inhibition of transcripility of the cell traveling wave t. tion or translation of a specific gene or gene product for therapeuions of aliphatic thermodynamic t. of narcosis, that the interposition of narcotic tic purposes. molecules in nonaqueous cellular phase causes changes that interautoserum t., t. with serum obtained from the patient's own fere with facilitation of ionic exchange. blood. the ape from a traveling wave t., generally held t. that a wave travels from the aversion t., a form of behavior t. that pairs an unpleasant stimulus base to the apex of the basilar membrane of the cochlea in rewith undesirable behavior(s) so that the patient learns to avoid the sponse to acoustic stimulation, and that the site of maximal dishe region of the latter. SEE ALSO aversive training. ibration depends placement of the basilar membrane depends on the frequency of behavior t., an offshoot of psychotherapy involving the use of e t. of hearing. the stimulating tone with higher frequencies causing maximal procedures and techniques associated with research in the fields displacement near the base and lower frequencies causing maxiof conditioning and learning for the treatment of a variety of mal displacement near the apex. psychologic conditions; distinguished from psychotherapy bevan't Hoff t., that substances in dilute solution obey the gas laws. fully formed in cause specific symptoms (e.g., phobia, enuresis, high blood pres-Cf. van't Hoff law. ption. SEE ALSO sure) are selected as the target for change, planned interventions Warburg t., that the development of cancer is due to irreversible ncasement t. or remedial steps to extinguish or modify these symptoms are damage to the respiratory mechanism of cells, leading to the d, and absorbed then employed, and the progress of changes is continuously and selective multiplication of cells with increased glycolytic metaboquantitatively monitored. SEE systematic desensitization. SYN conand subatomic lism, both aerobic and anaerobic. 'N Planck t. ditioning t. Wollaston t., a t. that the semidecussation of the optic nerves at client-centered t., a system of nondirective psychotherapy based el that individuthe chiasm is proved by the homonymous hemianopia seen in tages similar in passed through on the assumption that the client (patient) both has the internal brain lesions. resources to improve and is in the best position to resolve his or hat ontogeny is Young-Helmholtz t. of color vision, a t. that there are three her own personality dysfunction, provided that the therapist can biogenetic law, color-perceiving elements in the retina: red, green, and blue. Perestablish a permissive, accepting, and genuine atmosphere in ception of other colors arises from the combined stimulation of which the client feels free to discuss problems and to obtain ion. these elements; deficiency or absence of any one of these eleinsight into them in order to achieve self-actualization. o explain how ments results in inability to perceive that color and a mispercepcognitive t., any of a variety of techniques in psychotherapy that tion of any other color of which it forms a part. syn Helmholtz t. that in human utilizes guided self-discovery, imaging, self-instruction, symbolic of color vision. er similar to a modeling, and related forms of explicitly elicited cognitions as the principal mode of treatment. collapse t., the surgical treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis of an impulse the o ther a py (the -o - thar' a - pe). Treatment of disease by prayer whereby the diseased lung is placed, totally or partially, tempoto which the or religious exercises. [G. theos, god, + therapeia, therapy] rarily or permanently, in a nonfunctional respiratory state of rethèque (tek). A nest or aggregation of nevocytes in the epidermis. traction and immobilization. Now rarely performed. of the cochlea [Fr. a small box] mes activating conditioning t., syn behavior thera-peu-sis (thar-a-pu'sis). 1. SYN therapeartes. 2. SYN theraating it in the conjoint t., a type of t. in which a therapist sees the two spouses, seded by von py. or parent and child, or other partners together in joint sessions. ther a peu tic (thar-ă-pū'tik). Relating to therapeutics or to the hearing. convulsive t., SYN electroshoch lly disproved; treatment, remediating, or curing of a disorder or disease. [G. cytoreductive t., t. with the intention of reducing the number of e in it, but it therapeutikos] cells in a lesion, usually a malignancy. ther a peu tics (ther-ă-pū'tiks). The practical branch of medicine depot t., injection of a drug together with a substance that slows concerned with the treatment of disease or disorder. SYN therapeuthe release and prolongs the action of the drug. te postulation sis (1), therapia (2). [G. therapeutike, medical practice] diathermic t., treatment of various lesions by diathermy. a transformaray t., obsolete term for radiotherapy. directly observed t., visual monitoring by a health care worker of al shift from suggestive t., treatment of disease or disorder by means of sugingestion of medications, to ensure compliance in difficult or ed to objectlong-term regimens, such as in oral treatment for tuberculosis; a gestion. behavior and contentious aspect of some WHO programs. ther a peu tist (thar-a-pu'tist). An older term to denote one skilled in therapeutics. electroconvulsive t. (ECT), syn electroshock d surface exthe ra pia (thar-ă-pē'ă). 1. SYN therapy. 2. SYN therapeutics. [L. electroshock t. (ECT), a form of treatment of mental disorders in the antigenic fr. G. therapeia, therapy] which convulsions are produced by the passage of an electric imulated, the current through the brain. SYN convulsive t., electroconvulsive t. t. mag'na sterili'sans, Ehrlich concept that an infectious disease, become the especially one of protozoal origin, can be cured by one large dose electrotherapeutic sleep t., treatment by inducing sleep by means of nonconvulsive electric stimulation of the brain. of a suitable remedy, large enough to sterilize all the tissues and 1 by a mutagerm cells), to destroy the microorganism contained therein. NAR (REAR) ther a pist (thar'a-pist). One professionally trained and/or skilled sed proliferestrogen replacement t., administration of sex hormones to in the practice of a particular type of therapy. women after menopause or oophorectomy. syn hormone replacement t. the heart of itulations of Administration of estrogen after natural or surgical menouently cited pause reverses atrophic vaginitis, relieves vasomotor insta-THERAPY bility ("hot flashes"), lowers LDL cholesterol, raises HDL cholesterol, reduces the risk of osteoporosis and colorectal sus to form eved by the cancer, and may retard onset and progression of parkin-sonism, Alzheimer dementia, and type 2 diabetes mellitus. ting that in 1 a manner Observational studies have found lower rates of coronary ther a py (ther-ă-pē). 1. The treatment of disease or disorder by artery disease (CAD) in postmenopausal women taking any method. SEE ALSO therapeutics. 2. In psychiatry, and clinical estrogen, but clinical trials have not confirmed this effect. psychology, a short term for psychotherapy. see Also psychother-apy, psychiatry, psychology, psychoanalysis. svn therapeusis (2), therapia (1). [G. therapeia, medical treatment] h lower the A large randomized study of postmenopausal women with 1 and cause

th

the cochlea equency of established CAD showed no difference between women taking estrogen-progestogen and controls in the incidence

of fatal and nonfatal myocardial infarction, congestive

heart failure, stroke, and in total mortality. In limited stud-

analytic t., short term for psychoanalytic t.

alkali t., SEE alkalitherapy.

RM