UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES – GENERAL

Case No.	LA CV14-02457 JAK (JEMx) LA CV14-02962 JAK (JEMx) LA CV14-02963 JAK (JEMx) SA C	CV14-03111 JAK (JEMx) CV14-03113 JAK (JEMx) CV14-03114 JAK (JEMx) CV14-00491 JAK (JEMx) CV14-00497 JAK (JEMx)	Date	April 17, 2015
Title	Signal IP v. American Honda Motor Co., Signal IP v. Kia Motors America, Inc. Signal IP v. Nissan North America, Inc. Signal IP v. Subaru of America, Inc. Signal IP v. Jaguar Land Rover North A Signal IP v. Mercedes-Benz USA, LLC,	Signal IP v. Volk Signal IP v. Pors Signal IP v. Maz m., LLC Signal IP v. Mits	swagen (che Cars da Motor	n America, LLC, et al. Group of America, Inc. of North America, Inc. of America, Inc. tors North America, Inc.

Present: The Honorable	JOHN A. KRONS	TADT, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE				
Andrea Keifer	r	Not Reported				
Deputy Clerk		Court Reporter / Recorder				
Attorneys Present fo	or Plaintiff:	Attorneys Present for Defendants:				
Not Presen	ıt	Not Present				

Proceedings: (IN CHAMBERS) ORDER RE CLAIM CONSTRUCTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION4
	FACTUAL BACKGROUND4
III. A. B.	
C.	
1V. A.	
	Term No. 1: "In a radar system wherein a host vehicle uses radar to detect a target vehicle in a blind spot of the host vehicle driver, a method of improving the perceived zone of coverage response automotive radar comprising the steps of" (Claim 1)
	Term No. 2: "Variable Sustain Time" (Claims 1 and 2)14



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES – GENERAL

Case No.	LA CV14-02454 JAK (JEMx) AND RELATED CASES	Date	April 17, 2015
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Title Signal IP v. American Honda Motor Co., Inc. -- AND RELATED CASES

	Term No. 4:	"A Threshold Time" (Claim 1)	23
	Term No. 5:	"Improving the Perceived Zone of Coverage" (Claim 1)	24
В.	The '375 Patent.		24
	Term No. 6:	"Force Distribution" (Claim 1)	29
	Term No. 7:	"On the Passenger Seat" (Claim 1)	33
	Term No. 8:	"Seat Area" (Claim 1)	35
	Term No. 9:	"Sensor Array / Array of Force Sensors" (Claim 1)	36
	Term No. 10:	"Seat Area Threshold Force" (Claim 1)	39
	Term No. 11:	"Concentrated" (Claim 1)	41
C.	The '007 Patent.		43
	Term No. 12:	"Seat Sensors" (Claims 1, 17, 18 & 19)	48
	Term No. 13:	"Lock Flag" / "Flag" (Claims 1, 17)	51
	Term No. 14:	"For a Time" / "For a Given Time" (Claims 1 & 17)	53
	Term No. 15:	"A Second Threshold" (Claim 20)	56
	Term No. 16:	"Relative Weight Parameter" (Claims 1, 17, 20-22)	60
	Term No. 17:	"Setting" / "Set a Lock Flag When" (Claims 1, 17)	63
	Term No. 18:	"A Level Indicative of an Empty Seat" (Claims 1, 17)	65
	Term No. 19:	"Arrayed in an Interface Defined by the Bottom Surface" (Claim	19)68
	Term No. 20: Seat Sensors I	"Means for Selectively Allowing Deployment According to the Ou Responding to the Weight of an Occupant" (Claim 1)"	•
	Term No. 21:	"Means for Inhibiting and Allowing Deployment" (Claim 17)	73
D.	The '486 Patent.		75
	Term No. 22: Warning Dista	"Warning Distance Based upon the Current Steering Angle"/ nce" (Claims 21 & 28)	"Desired 79
E.	The '601 Patent.		85

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES – GENERAL

LA CV14-02454 JAK (JEMx) -- AND RELATED CASES Case No.

Date April 17, 2015

Olgridi II V. Ali	HERCAIT HORIDA MOTOR CO., IIIC AND INCLATED GAGES	
Term Nos. 23 8	& 25: [Listed in Chart Below]	88
Term No. 24: Vehicle Torque	"Threshold Torque Range Indicative of Conditions of Relatively Low Demand" (Claim 8)	93
Term No. 25:	[See Term No. 23 (above)]	97
•	n Efficiency" / "Relatively High and Relatively Low Efficiency (Claims 15	, 17)
Term No. 27: Efficiency in an		
Term No. 28:	"Efficiency Map" (Claims 15 & 17)	101
he '374 Patent		105
Term No. 29: Transmitters a	"All Having the Same Data Format but Distinctive Codes for Tire and Vehicle Function Transmitters" (Claim 1)	108
Term No. 30:	"A Switch Activated by a Vehicle User" (Claim 3)	111
Term No. 31:	"Sign Up Message" (Claim 3)	113
Term No. 32:	"Each Tire" (Claim 3)	116
he '775 Patent		117
Term No. 33:	"Message Rate" (Claim 6)	120
Term No. 34:	"Message Rate Interval" (Claim 6)	122
Term No. 35:	"Message" (Claim 6)	127
Term No. 36:	"Complete Message" / "Fragment of a Complete Message" (Claim 6)	128
CLUSION		132
	Term Nos. 23 & Term No. 24: Vehicle Torque Term No. 25: Term No. 26: "Region of High Term No. 27: Efficiency in an Term No. 28: The '374 Patent Term No. 29: Transmitters an Term No. 30: Term No. 31: Term No. 32: The '775 Patent Term No. 33: Term No. 34: Term No. 35: Term No. 36:	Term Nos. 23 & 25: [Listed in Chart Below]



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES – GENERAL

LA CV14-02454 JAK (JEMx) -- AND RELATED CASES Case No.

Date April 17, 2015

Title

Signal IP v. American Honda Motor Co., Inc. -- AND RELATED CASES

INTRODUCTION

In April, 2014, Plaintiff Signal IP ("Plaintiff") brought separate actions against Defendants Mitsubishi Motors North America, Inc. ("Mitsubishi"), Mazda Motor of America, Inc. ("Mazda"), BMW of North America, LLC ("BMW"), Porsche Cars North America, Inc. ("Porsche"), American Honda Motor Co., Inc. and Honda of America Mfg., Inc. (collectively, "Honda"), Nissan North America, Inc. ("Nissan"), Mercedes-Benz USA LLC ("Mercedes"), Volkswagen Group of America, Audi of America, LLC, and Bentley Motors, Inc. (collectively "VW/Bentley"), Jaguar Land Rover North America, LLC ("Jaguar"), Subaru of America, Inc. ("Subaru"), and Kia Motors America, Inc. ("Kia") (collectively, "Defendants"), alleging infringement as to one or more of seven U.S. Patents (the "Patents in Suit").

The parties filed their Joint Claim Construction and Prehearing Statement ("Joint Statement") on January 30, 2015, Signal IP, Inc. v. Am. Honda Motor Co., Inc., No. LA CV14-2454, Dkt. 46, and their Amended Joint Claim Construction Brief ("Joint Brief") and Joint Evidentiary Appendix ("JA") on March 11, 2015, Signal IP, Inc. v. Am. Honda Motor Co., Inc., No. LA CV14-2454, Dkts. 52-53.2 The parties disputed the construction of 36 terms. Id. The week before the hearing, the parties came to agreement on one of those terms. This left 35 for construction. Notice of Agreed Construction as to Claim Term Threshold Time, Dkt. 55.

A Markman hearing was held on March 31, 2015, and the matter was taken under submission. Minutes of *Markman* Hearing, Dkt. 57. The disputed terms are construed, or otherwise addressed, in this Order.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The Patents in Suit are: U.S. Patent No. 5,714,927 ("the '927 Patent"), "Method of Improving Zone of Coverage Response of Automotive Radar"; U.S. Patent No. 5,732,375 ("the '375 Patent"), "Method of Inhibiting or Allowing Airbag Deployment"; U.S. Patent No. 6,012,007 ("the '007 Patent"), "Occupant Detection Method and System for Air Bag System"; U.S. Patent No. 6,434,486 ("the '486 Patent"), "Technique for Limiting the Range of an Object Sensing System in a Vehicle"; U.S. Patent No. 6,775, 601 ("the '601 Patent"), "Method and Control System for Controlling Propulsion in a Hybrid Vehicle"; U.S. Patent No. 5,463,374 ("the '374 Patent"), "Method and Apparatus for Tire Pressure Monitoring and for Shared Keyless Entry Control"; and U.S. Patent No. 5,954,775 ("the '775 Patent"), "Dual-rate Communication Protocol." Joint Report, Dkt.35 at 3-4.

The following table shows the patents that are asserted against each Defendant.

² I Inless otherwise noted, all references to a docket number are to Signal IP. Inc. v. Am. Honda Motor Co. Inc.



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¹ Several additional defendants were named in cases that have been dismissed or transferred from this District.

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Case No. LA CV14-02454 JAK (JEMx) -- AND RELATED CASES

Date

April 17, 2015

Title

Signal IP v. American Honda Motor Co., Inc. -- AND RELATED CASES

Patent	Honda	Kia	Mazda	Mitsubishi	Nissan	Subaru	Jaguar	Mercedes	ВММ	WW	Porsche
'601 Patent	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
'486 Patent	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
'775 Patent								Х	Х	Х	
'375 Patent	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х	
'007 Patent	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Χ
'927 Patent	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
'374 Patent			Х	Х	Х	Х					

III. LEGAL STANDARD

A. Claim Construction

Claim construction is the process of determining the meaning and scope of patent claims. *Markman v. Westview Instruments, Inc.*, 52 F.3d 967, 976 (Fed. Cir. 1995) (en banc), *aff'd*, 517 U.S. 370 (1996). It is a matter that is addressed by the district court; in general, the findings are reviewed *de novo* on appeal, although underlying factual determinations are reviewed for clear error. *Teva Pharm. USA, Inc. v. Sandoz, Inc.*, 135 S. Ct. 831, 840-41 (2015).

"[T]he words of a claim are generally given their ordinary and customary meaning," which is "the meaning that the term would have to a person of ordinary skill in the art in question at the time of the invention, *i.e.*, as of the effective filing date of the patent application." *Phillips v. AWH Corp.*, 415 F.3d 1303, 1313 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (internal citations and quotations omitted). "In some cases, the ordinary meaning of claim language as understood by a person of skill in the art may be readily apparent even to lay judges, and claim construction in such cases involves little more than the application of the widely accepted meaning of commonly understood words." *Id.* at 1314. "In such circumstances, general purpose dictionaries may be helpful." *Id.* "In many cases that give rise to litigation, however, determining the ordinary and customary meaning of the claim requires examination of terms that have a particular meaning in a field of art." *Id.*

"Because the meaning of a claim term as understood by persons of skill in the art is often not immediately apparent, and because patentees frequently use terms idiosyncratically, the court looks to 'those sources available to the public that show what a person of skill in the art would have understood disputed claim language to mean." *Id.* (quoting *Innova/Pure Water, Inc. v. Safari Water Filtration Sys., Inc.*, 381 F.3d 1111, 1116 (Fed. Cir. 2004)). "Those sources include 'the words of the claims themselves, the remainder of the specification, the prosecution history, and extrinsic evidence concerning relevant scientific principles, the meaning of technical terms, and the state of the art." *Id.*

Claim construction "begins and ends" with the words of the claims. Renishaw PLC v. Marposs Societa'



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