JOINT DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As the below named inventors, we hereby declare that:

Our residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to our names;

We believe we are the original, first and joint inventors of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled AN AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES, the specification of which is attached hereto. was filed on as Application Serial Number _____and was amended on applicable). was filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) and accorded International Application No. _____, filed _____, and amended on _____ (if any). We hereby state that we have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. We hereby acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, \$1.56(a). Prior Foreign Application(s) We hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35. United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed: Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. Date of Filing Date of Issue Country Application No (day month year) (day month year) §119 Prior United States Provisional Application(s) We hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119(e)(1) of any U.S. provisional application listed below: Priority Claimed Date of Filing U.S. Provisional Application No. (day month year) Under 35 U.S.C. &119(e)(1); 60/106,261 30 October 1998 Yes 60/137,704 7 June 1999 Yes Prior United States Application(s) We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application: BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD. Rev 1.1 10-09-2001

Page 1 of 2

| Application Serial No. | Date of Filing (Day, Month, Year) | Status — Patented, Pending, Abandoned |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 09/558,210 | 26 April 2000 | Pending |
| 09/504,783 | 15 February 2000 | Patented |
| 09/429,643 | 29 October 1999 | Pending |

Power of Attorney

And we hereby appoint, both jointly and severally, as our attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith the practitioners at:

Customer Number: 22907 (WDC)

Please address all correspondence and telephone communications to the address and telephone number for this Customer Number.

We hereby declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

| Signature Vieta torna | | Date | 11/10/2003 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------|
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| BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD. | T. 0. 0. | | Rev 1.1 10-09 | -2001 |

Page 2 of 2

JOINT DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

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| DOMAIN NAMES, the specification of is attached hereto. was filed on | I, first and joint inventors of the subject made of the subject of the | und was amended on led International Applicat any). | NS USING SECURE(if |
| claims, as amended by any amendment | t referred to above. | c above-identified specif | neation, including the |
| We hereby acknowledge the d Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) | uty to disclose information which is materi | al to patentability in acco | ordance with Title 37, |
| | Prior Foreign Application(s) | | |
| parent of inventors certificate listed be | rity benefits under Title 35, United States elow and have also identified below any in that of the application on which priority is | Code, §119 of any fore | gn application(s) for r patent or inventor's |
| . Country App | Date of Filing (day month year) | Date of Issue (day month year) | Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C \$119 |
| Prior We hereby claim priority bene listed below: | * United States Provisional Appli Efits under Title 35, United States Code, § | cation(s) 119(e)(1) of any U.S. pro | ovisional application |
| U.S. Provisional Application No. | Date of Filing 1.2. (day, month, year) | Priority C | |
| 60/106,261 | 30 October 1998 | Ye | |
| 60/137,704 | 7 June 1999 | | |

Prior United States Application(s)

We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

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Rev 1.1 10-09-2001

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| Signature | | Date | |
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| BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD. | | | Rev 1.1 10-09-2001 |

Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 4

JOINT DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

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| We believe we are the sought on the invention entitle DOMAIN NAMES, the speci | MAN AGILENET | ioint inventors of the subject r WORK PROTOCOL FOR SE | matter which is claimed CURE COMMUNICAT | and for which a patent is FIONS USING SECURE |
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| is attached | hereto. onas Applic | ation Serial Number | _and was amended on | (if |
| was filed ur | der the Patent Coop | eration Treaty (PCT) and acco | rded International Appli if any). | cation |
| We hereby state that claims, as amended by any an | we have reviewed an nendment referred to | nd understand the contents of above. | the above-identified spe | ecification, including the |
| We hereby acknowle Code of Federal Regulations, | dge the duty to discless §1.56(a). | ose information which is mate | erial to patentability in a | ccordance with Title 37, |
| We hereby claim for patent or inventor's certificate certificate having a filing date | eign priority benefit listed below and h | r Foreign Application(s under Title 35, United State ave also identified below any pplication on which priority i | es Code, §119 of any for | oreign application(s) for for patent or inventor's |
| Country | Application No | Date of Filing (day month year) | Date of Issue (day month year) | Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. §119 |
| | ority benefits under I | States Provisional App Fitle 35, United States Code, Date of Filing | §119(e)(1) of any U.S. | provisional application y Claimed |
| U.S. Provisional Applicati | on No. | (day month year) | | S.C. §119(e)(1) |
| 60/106,261 | | 30 October 1998 | Yes | |
| 60/137,704 | | 7 June 1999 | | Yes |
| We hereby claim the band, insofar as the subject matter the manner provided by the first information as defined in Title pplication and the national or | enefit under Title 35 er of each of the clain t paragraph of Title 3 37, Code of Federal | 35, United States Code, §112, Regulations, §1,56(a) which | of any United States app. | ed States application in |
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| Signature | | Date_ | |
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| , | | | Rev 1.1 10-09-2001 |

Page 2 of 2

Attorney Docket No.: 077580-0177

U.S. PATENT APPLICATION FOR

AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

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DM_US 38877810-1.077580.0177

AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority from and is a continuation of a co-pending U.S. Application No. 13/049,552, filed March 16, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 11/840,560, filed August 17, 2007, now U.S. Patent No. 7,921,211, issued April 5, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 10/714,849, filed November 18, 2003, now U.S. Patent No. 7,418,504, issued August 26, 2008, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 09/558,210, filed April 26, 2000, now abandoned, which is a continuation-inpart of U.S. Application No. 09/504,783, filed on February 15, 2000, now U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135, issued December 31, 2002, which claims priority from and is a continuation-in-part patent application of previously-filed U.S. Application No. 09/429,643, filed on October 29, 1999, now U.S. Patent No. 7,010,604, issued March 07, 2006, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes. The subject matter of U.S. application serial number 09/429,643 derives from provisional U.S. Application Nos. 60/106,261 (filed October 30, 1998) and 60/137,704 (filed June 7, 1999), all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes. The present application is also related to U.S. application serial number 09/558,209, filed April 26, 2000, now abandoned, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety for all purposes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] A tremendous variety of methods have been proposed and implemented to provide security and anonymity for communications over the Internet. The variety stems, in part, from the different needs of different Internet users. A basic heuristic framework to aid in discussing these different security techniques is illustrated in FIG. 1. Two terminals, an originating terminal 100 and a destination terminal 110 are in communication over the Internet. It is desired for the communications to be secure, that is, immune to eavesdropping. For example, terminal 100 may transmit secret information to terminal 110 over the Internet 107. Also, it may be desired to prevent an eavesdropper from discovering that terminal 100 is in communication with terminal 110. For example, if terminal 100 is a user and terminal 110 hosts a web site, terminal 100's user may not want anyone in the intervening networks to know what

web sites he is "visiting." Anonymity would thus be an issue, for example, for companies that want to keep their market research interests private and thus would prefer to prevent outsiders from knowing which websites or other Internet resources they are "visiting." These two security issues may be called data security and anonymity, respectively.

[0003] Data security is usually tackled using some form of data encryption. An encryption key 48 is known at both the originating and terminating terminals 100 and 110. The keys may be private and public at the originating and destination terminals 100 and 110, respectively or they may be symmetrical keys (the same key is used by both parties to encrypt and decrypt). Many encryption methods are known and usable in this context.

[0004] To hide traffic from a local administrator or ISP, a user can employ a local proxy server in communicating over an encrypted channel with an outside proxy such that the local administrator or ISP only sees the encrypted traffic. Proxy servers prevent destination servers from determining the identities of the originating clients. This system employs an intermediate server interposed between client and destination server. The destination server sees only the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the proxy server and not the originating client. The target server only sees the address of the outside proxy. This scheme relies on a trusted outside proxy server. Also, proxy schemes are vulnerable to traffic analysis methods of determining identities of transmitters and receivers. Another important limitation of proxy servers is that the server knows the identities of both calling and called parties. In many instances, an originating terminal, such as terminal A, would prefer to keep its identity concealed from the proxy, for example, if the proxy server is provided by an Internet service provider (ISP).

[0005] To defeat traffic analysis, a scheme called Chaum's mixes employs a proxy server that transmits and receives fixed length messages, including dummy messages. Multiple originating terminals are connected through a mix (a server) to multiple target servers. It is difficult to tell which of the originating terminals are communicating to which of the connected target servers, and the dummy messages confuse eavesdroppers' efforts to detect communicating pairs by analyzing traffic. A drawback is that there is a risk that the mix server could be compromised. One way to deal with this risk is to spread the trust among multiple mixes. If one mix is compromised, the identities of the originating and target terminals may remain concealed.

This strategy requires a number of alternative mixes so that the intermediate servers interposed between the originating and target terminals are not determinable except by compromising more than one mix. The strategy wraps the message with multiple layers of encrypted addresses. The first mix in a sequence can decrypt only the outer layer of the message to reveal the next destination mix in sequence. The second mix can decrypt the message to reveal the next mix and so on. The target server receives the message and, optionally, a multi-layer encrypted payload containing return information to send data back in the same fashion. The only way to defeat such a mix scheme is to collude among mixes. If the packets are all fixed-length and intermixed with dummy packets, there is no way to do any kind of traffic analysis.

[0006] Still another anonymity technique, called 'crowds,' protects the identity of the originating terminal from the intermediate proxies by providing that originating terminals belong to groups of proxies called crowds. The crowd proxies are interposed between originating and target terminals. Each proxy through which the message is sent is randomly chosen by an upstream proxy. Each intermediate proxy can send the message either to another randomly chosen proxy in the "crowd" or to the destination. Thus, even crowd members cannot determine if a preceding proxy is the originator of the message or if it was simply passed from another proxy.

[0007] ZKS (Zero-Knowledge Systems) Anonymous IP Protocol allows users to select up to any of five different pseudonyms, while desktop software encrypts outgoing traffic and wraps it in User Datagram Protocol (UDP) packets. The first server in a 2+-hop system gets the UDP packets, strips off one layer of encryption to add another, then sends the traffic to the next server, which strips off yet another layer of encryption and adds a new one. The user is permitted to control the number of hops. At the final server, traffic is decrypted with an untraceable IP address. The technique is called onion-routing. This method can be defeated using traffic analysis. For a simple example, bursts of packets from a user during low-duty periods can reveal the identities of sender and receiver.

[0008] Firewalls attempt to protect LANs from unauthorized access and hostile exploitation or damage to computers connected to the LAN. Firewalls provide a server through which all access to the LAN must pass. Firewalls are centralized systems that require

- 3 -

administrative overhead to maintain. They can be compromised by virtual-machine applications ("applets"). They instill a false sense of security that leads to security breaches for example by users sending sensitive information to servers outside the firewall or encouraging use of modems to sidestep the firewall security. Firewalls are not useful for distributed systems such as business travelers, extranets, small teams, etc.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] A secure mechanism for communicating over the internet, including a protocol referred to as the Tunneled Agile Routing Protocol (TARP), uses a unique two-layer encryption format and special TARP routers. TARP routers are similar in function to regular IP routers. Each TARP router has one or more IP addresses and uses normal IP protocol to send IP packet messages ("packets" or "datagrams"). The IP packets exchanged between TARP terminals via TARP routers are actually encrypted packets whose true destination address is concealed except to TARP routers and servers. The normal or "clear" or "outside" IP header attached to TARP IP packets contains only the address of a next hop router or destination server. That is, instead of indicating a final destination in the destination field of the IP header, the TARP packet's IP header always points to a next-hop in a series of TARP router hops, or to the final destination. This means there is no overt indication from an intercepted TARP packet of the true destination of the TARP packet since the destination could always be next-hop TARP router as well as the final destination.

[0010] Each TARP packet's true destination is concealed behind a layer of encryption generated using a link key. The link key is the encryption key used for encrypted communication between the hops intervening between an originating TARP terminal and a destination TARP terminal. Each TARP router can remove the outer layer of encryption to reveal the destination router for each TARP packet. To identify the link key needed to decrypt the outer layer of encryption of a TARP packet, a receiving TARP or routing terminal may identify the transmitting terminal by the sender/receiver IP numbers in the cleartext IP header.

[0011] Once the outer layer of encryption is removed, the TARP router determines the final destination. Each TARP packet 140 undergoes a minimum number of hops to help foil traffic analysis. The hops may be chosen at random or by a fixed value. As a result, each TARP

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packet may make random trips among a number of geographically disparate routers before reaching its destination. Each trip is highly likely to be different for each packet composing a given message because each trip is independently randomly determined. This feature is called a gile routing. The fact that different packets take different routes provides distinct advantages by making it difficult for an interloper to obtain all the packets forming an entire multi-packet message. The associated advantages have to do with the inner layer of encryption discussed below. Agile routing is combined with another feature that furthers this purpose; a feature that ensures that any message is broken into multiple packets.

- [0012] The IP address of a TARP router can be changed, a feature called *IP agility*. Each TARP router, independently or under direction from another TARP terminal or router, can change its IP address. A separate, unchangeable identifier or address is also defined. This address, called the TARP address, is known only to TARP routers and terminals and may be correlated at any time by a TARP router or a TARP terminal using a Lookup Table (LUT). When a TARP router or terminal changes its IP address, it updates the other TARP routers and terminals which in turn update their respective LUTs.
- [0013] The message payload is hidden behind an inner layer of encryption in the TARP packet that can only be unlocked using a session key. The session key is not available to any of the intervening TARP routers. The session key is used to decrypt the payloads of the TARP packets permitting the data stream to be reconstructed.
- [0014] Communication may be made private using link and session keys, which in turn may be shared and used according to any desired method. For example, public/private keys or symmetric keys may be used.
- [0015] To transmit a data stream, a TARP originating terminal constructs a series of TARP packets from a series of IP packets generated by a network (IP) layer process. (Note that the terms "network layer," "data link layer," "application layer," etc. used in this specification correspond to the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) network terminology.) The payloads of these packets are assembled into a block and chain-block encrypted using the session key. This assumes, of course, that all the IP packets are destined for the same TARP terminal. The block is

then interleaved and the interleaved encrypted block is broken into a series of payloads, one for each TARP packet to be generated. Special TARP headers IP_T are then added to each payload using the IP headers from the data stream packets. The TARP headers can be identical to normal IP headers or customized in some way. They should contain a formula or data for deinterleaving the data at the destination TARP terminal, a time-to-live (TTL) parameter to indicate the number of hops still to be executed, a data type identifier which indicates whether the payload contains, for example, TCP or UDP data, the sender's TARP address, the destination TARP address, and an indicator as to whether the packet contains real or decoy data or a formula for filtering out decoy data if decoy data is spread in some way through the TARP payload data.

[0016] Note that although chain-block encryption is discussed here with reference to the session key, any encryption method may be used. Preferably, as in chain block encryption, a method should be used that makes unauthorized decryption difficult without an entire result of the encryption process. Thus, by separating the encrypted block among multiple packets and making it difficult for an interloper to obtain access to all of such packets, the contents of the communications are provided an extra layer of security.

[0017] Decoy or dummy data can be added to a stream to help foil traffic analysis by reducing the peak-to-average network load. It may be desirable to provide the TARP process with an ability to respond to the time of day or other criteria to generate more decoy data during low traffic periods so that communication bursts at one point in the Internet cannot be tied to communication bursts at another point to reveal the communicating endpoints.

[0018] Dummy data also helps to break the data into a larger number of inconspicuously-sized packets permitting the interleave window size to be increased while maintaining a reasonable size for each packet. (The packet size can be a single standard size or selected from a fixed range of sizes.) One primary reason for desiring for each message to be broken into multiple packets is apparent if a chain block encryption scheme is used to form the first encryption layer prior to interleaving. A single block encryption may be applied to a portion, or entirety, of a message, and that portion or entirety then interleaved into a number of separate packets. Considering the agile IP routing of the packets, and the attendant difficulty of

- 6 -

reconstructing an entire sequence of packets to form a single block-encrypted message element, decoy packets can significantly increase the difficulty of reconstructing an entire data stream.

[0019] The above scheme may be implemented entirely by processes operating between the data link layer and the network layer of each server or terminal participating in the TARP system. Because the encryption system described above is insertable between the data link and network layers, the processes involved in supporting the encrypted communication may be completely transparent to processes at the IP (network) layer and above. The TARP processes may also be completely transparent to the data link layer processes as well. Thus, no operations at or above the Network layer, or at or below the data link layer, are affected by the insertion of the TARP stack. This provides additional security to all processes at or above the network layer, since the difficulty of unauthorized penetration of the network layer (by, for example, a hacker) is increased substantially. Even newly developed servers running at the session layer leave all processes below the session layer vulnerable to attack. Note that in this architecture, security is distributed. That is, notebook computers used by executives on the road, for example, can communicate over the Internet without any compromise in security.

[0020] IP address changes made by TARP terminals and routers can be done at regular intervals, at random intervals, or upon detection of "attacks." The variation of IP addresses hinders traffic analysis that might reveal which computers are communicating, and also provides a degree of immunity from attack. The level of immunity from attack is roughly proportional to the rate at which the IP address of the host is changing.

[0021] As mentioned, IP addresses may be changed in response to attacks. An attack may be revealed, for example, by a regular series of messages indicating that a router is being probed in some way. Upon detection of an attack, the TARP layer process may respond to this event by changing its IP address. In addition, it may create a subprocess that maintains the original IP address and continues interacting with the attacker in some manner.

[0022] Decoy packets may be generated by each TARP terminal on some basis determined by an algorithm. For example, the algorithm may be a random one which calls for the generation of a packet on a random basis when the terminal is idle. Alternatively, the algorithm

may be responsive to time of day or detection of low traffic to generate more decoy packets during low traffic times. Note that packets are preferably generated in groups, rather than one by one, the groups being sized to simulate real messages. In addition, so that decoy packets may be inserted in normal TARP message streams, the background loop may have a latch that makes it more likely to insert decoy packets when a message stream is being received. Alternatively, if a large number of decoy packets is received along with regular TARP packets, the algorithm may increase the rate of dropping of decoy packets rather than forwarding them. The result of dropping and generating decoy packets in this way is to make the apparent incoming message size different from the apparent outgoing message size to help foil traffic analysis.

[0023] In various other embodiments of the invention, a scalable version of the system may be constructed in which a plurality of IP addresses are preassigned to each pair of communicating nodes in the network. Each pair of nodes agrees upon an algorithm for "hopping" between IP addresses (both sending and receiving), such that an eavesdropper sees apparently continuously random IP address pairs (source and destination) for packets transmitted between the pair. Overlapping or "reusable" IP addresses may be allocated to different users on the same subnet, since each node merely verifies that a particular packet includes a valid source/destination pair from the agreed-upon algorithm. Source/destination pairs are preferably not reused between any two nodes during any given end-to-end session, though limited IP block sizes or lengthy sessions might require it.

[0024] Further improvements described in this continuation-in-part application include: (1) a load balancer that distributes packets across different transmission paths according to transmission path quality; (2) a DNS proxy server that transparently creates a virtual private network in response to a domain name inquiry; (3) a large-to-small link bandwidth management feature that prevents denial-of service attacks at system chokepoints; (4) a traffic limiter that regulates incoming packets by limiting the rate at which a transmitter can be synchronized with a receiver; and (5) a signaling synchronizer that allows a large number of nodes to communicate with a central node by partitioning the communication function between two separate entities.

[0025] The present invention provides key technologies for implementing a secure virtual Internet by using a new agile network protocol that is built on top of the existing Internet

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protocol (IP). The secure virtual Internet works over the existing Internet infrastructure, and interfaces with client applications the same way as the existing Internet. The key technologies provided by the present invention that support the secure virtual Internet include a "one-click" and "no-click" technique to become part of the secure virtual Internet, a secure domain name service (SDNS) for the secure virtual Internet, and a new approach for interfacing specific client applications onto the secure virtual Internet. According to the invention, the secure domain name service interfaces with existing applications, in addition to providing a way to register and serve domain names and addresses.

[0026] According to one aspect of the present invention, a user can conveniently establish a VPN using a "one-click" or a "no-click" technique without being required to enter user identification information, a password and/or an encryption key for establishing a VPN. The advantages of the present invention are provided by a method for establishing a secure communication link between a first computer and a second computer over a computer network, such as the Internet. In one embodiment, a secure communication mode is enabled at a first computer without a user entering any cryptographic information for establishing the secure communication mode of communication, preferably by merely selecting an icon displayed on the first computer. Alternatively, the secure communication mode of communication can be enabled by entering a command into the first computer. Then, a secure communication link is established between the first computer and a second computer over a computer network based on the enabled secure communication mode of communication. According to the invention, it is determined whether a secure communication software module is stored on the first computer in response to the step of enabling the secure communication mode of communication. A predetermined computer network address is then accessed for loading the secure communication software module when the software module is not stored on the first computer. Subsequently, the proxy software module is stored in the first computer. The secure communication link is a virtual private network communication link over the computer network. Preferably, the virtual private network can be based on inserting into each data packet one or more data values that vary according to a pseudo-random sequence. Alternatively, the virtual private network can be based on a computer network address hopping regime that is used to pseudorandomly change computer network addresses or other data values in packets transmitted between the first computer and the

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second computer, such that the second computer compares the data values in each data packet transmitted between the first computer and the second computer to a moving window of valid values. Yet another alternative provides that the virtual private network can be based on a comparison between a discriminator field in each data packet to a table of valid discriminator fields maintained for the first computer.

[0027] According to another aspect of the invention, a command is entered to define a setup parameter associated with the secure communication link mode of communication. Consequently, the secure communication mode is automatically established when a communication link is established over the computer network.

[0028] The present invention also provides a computer system having a communication link to a computer network, and a display showing a hyperlink for establishing a virtual private network through the computer network. When the hyperlink for establishing the virtual private network is selected, a virtual private network is established over the computer network. A non-standard top-level domain name is then sent over the virtual private network communication to a predetermined computer network address, such as a computer network address for a secure domain name service (SDNS).

[0029] The present invention provides a domain name service that provides secure computer network addresses for secure, non-standard top-level domain names. The advantages of the present invention are provided by a secure domain name service for a computer network that includes a portal connected to a computer network, such as the Internet, and a domain name database connected to the computer network through the portal. According to the invention, the portal authenticates a query for a secure computer network address, and the domain name database stores secure computer network addresses for the computer network. Each secure computer network address is based on a non-standard top-level domain name, such as .scom, .sorg, .snet, .snet, .sedu, .smil and .sint.

[0030] The present invention provides a way to encapsulate existing application network traffic at the application layer of a client computer so that the client application can securely communicate with a server protected by an agile network protocol. The advantages of

the present invention are provided by a method for communicating using a private communication link between a client computer and a server computer over a computer network, such as the Internet. According to the invention, an information packet is sent from the client computer to the server computer over the computer network. The information packet contains data that is inserted into the payload portion of the packet at the application layer of the client computer and is used for forming a virtual private connection between the client computer and the server computer. The modified information packet can be sent through a firewall before being sent over the computer network to the server computer and by working on top of existing protocols (i.e., UDP, ICMP and TCP), the present invention more easily penetrates the firewall. The information packet is received at a kernel layer of an operating system on the server side. It is then determined at the kernel layer of the operating system on the host computer whether the information packet contains the data that is used for forming the virtual private connection. The server side replies by sending an information packet to the client computer that has been modified at the kernel layer to containing virtual private connection information in the payload portion of the reply information packet. Preferably, the information packet from the client computer and the reply information packet from the server side are each a UDP protocol information packet. Alternative, both information packets could be a TCP/IP protocol information packet, or an ICMP protocol information packet.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [0031] FIG. 1 is an illustration of secure communications over the Internet according to a prior art embodiment.
- [0032] FIG. 2 is an illustration of secure communications over the Internet according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0033] FIG. 3A is an illustration of a process of forming a tunneled IP packet according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0034] FIG. 3B is an illustration of a process of forming a tunneled IP packet according to another embodiment of the invention.

- [0035] FIG. 4 is an illustration of an OSI layer location of processes that may be used to implement the invention.
- [0036] FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating a process for routing a tunneled packet according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0037] FIG. 6 is a flow chart illustrating a process for forming a tunneled packet according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0038] FIG. 7 is a flow chart illustrating a process for receiving a tunneled packet according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0039] FIG. 8 shows how a secure session is established and synchronized between a client and a TARP router.
- [0040] FIG. 9 shows an IP address hopping scheme between a client computer and TARP router using transmit and receive tables in each computer.
- [0041] FIG. 10 shows physical link redundancy among three Internet Service Providers (ISPs) and a client computer.
- [0042] FIG. 11 shows how multiple IP packets can be embedded into a single "frame" such as an Ethernet frame, and further shows the use of a discriminator field to camouflage true packet recipients.
- [0043] FIG. 12A shows a system that employs hopped hardware addresses, hopped IP addresses, and hopped discriminator fields.
- [0044] FIG. 12B shows several different approaches for hopping hardware addresses, IP addresses, and discriminator fields in combination.
- [0045] FIG. 13 shows a technique for automatically re-establishing synchronization between sender and receiver through the use of a partially public sync value.

- [0046] FIG. 14 shows a "checkpoint" scheme for regaining synchronization between a sender and recipient.
 - [0047] FIG. 15 shows further details of the checkpoint scheme of FIG. 14.
- [0048] FIG. 16 shows how two addresses can be decomposed into a plurality of segments for comparison with presence vectors.
 - [0049] FIG. 17 shows a storage array for a receiver's active addresses.
 - [0050] FIG. 18 shows the receiver's storage array after receiving a sync request.
- [0051] FIG. 19 shows the receiver's storage array after new addresses have been generated.
 - [0052] FIG. 20 shows a system employing distributed transmission paths.
- [0053] FIG. 21 shows a plurality of link transmission tables that can be used to route packets in the system of FIG. 20.
- [0054] FIG. 22A shows a flowchart for adjusting weight value distributions associated with a plurality of transmission links.
- [0055] FIG. 22B shows a flowchart for setting a weight value to zero if a transmitter turns off.
- [0056] FIG. 23 shows a system employing distributed transmission paths with adjusted weight value distributions for each path.
 - [0057] FIG. 24 shows an example using the system of FIG. 23.
 - [0058] FIG. 25 shows a conventional domain-name look-up service.
- [0059] FIG. 26 shows a system employing a DNS proxy server with transparent VPN creation.

- [0060] FIG. 27 shows steps that can be carried out to implement transparent VPN creation based on a DNS look-up function.
- [0061] FIG. 28 shows a system including a link guard function that prevents packet overloading on a low-bandwidth link LOW BW.
- [0062] FIG. 29 shows one embodiment of a system employing the principles of FIG. 28.
- [0063] FIG. 30 shows a system that regulates packet transmission rates by throttling the rate at which synchronizations are performed.
- [0064] FIG. 31 shows a signaling server 3101 and a transport server 3102 used to establish a VPN with a client computer.
- [0065] FIG. 32 shows message flows relating to synchronization protocols of FIG. 31.
- [0066] FIG. 33 shows a system block diagram of a computer network in which the "one-click" secure communication link of the present invention is suitable for use.
- [0067] FIG. 34 shows a flow diagram for installing and establishing a "one-click" secure communication link over a computer network according to the present invention.
- [0068] FIG. 35 shows a flow diagram for registering a secure domain name according to the present invention.
- [0069] FIG. 36 shows a system block diagram of a computer network in which a private connection according to the present invention can be configured to more easily traverse a firewall between two computer networks.
- [0070] FIG. 37 shows a flow diagram for establishing a virtual private connection that is encapsulated using an existing network protocol.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0071] Referring to FIG. 2, a secure mechanism for communicating over the internet employs a number of special routers or servers, called TARP routers 122-127 that are similar to regular IP routers 128-132 in that each has one or more IP addresses and uses normal IP protocol to send normal-looking IP packet messages, called TARP packets 140. TARP packets 140 are identical to normal IP packet messages that are routed by regular IP routers 128-132 because each TARP packet 140 contains a destination address as in a normal IP packet. However, instead of indicating a final destination in the destination field of the IP header, the TARP packet's 140 IP header always points to a next-hop in a series of TARP router hops, or the final destination, TARP terminal 110. Because the header of the TARP packet contains only the next-hop destination, there is no overt indication from an intercepted TARP packet of the true destination of the TARP packet 140 since the destination could always be the next-hop TARP router as well as the final destination, TARP terminal 110.

[0072] Each TARP packet's true destination is concealed behind an outer layer of encryption generated using a link key 146. The link key 146 is the encryption key used for encrypted communication between the end points (TARP terminals or TARP routers) of a single link in the chain of hops connecting the originating TARP terminal 100 and the destination TARP terminal 110. Each TARP router 122-127, using the link key 146 it uses to communicate with the previous hop in a chain, can use the link key to reveal the true destination of a TARP packet. To identify the link key needed to decrypt the outer layer of encryption of a TARP packet, a receiving TARP or routing terminal may identify the transmitting terminal (which may indicate the link key used) by the sender field of the clear IP header. Alternatively, this identity may be hidden behind another layer of encryption in available bits in the clear IP header. Each TARP router, upon receiving a TARP message, determines if the message is a TARP message by using authentication data in the TARP packet. This could be recorded in available bytes in the TARP packet's IP header. Alternatively, TARP packets could be authenticated by attempting to decrypt using the link key 146 and determining if the results are as expected. The former may have computational advantages because it does not involve a decryption process.

[0073] Once the outer layer of decryption is completed by a TARP router 122-127, the TARP router determines the final destination. The system is preferably designed to cause each TARP packet 140 to undergo a minimum number of hops to help foil traffic analysis. The time to live counter in the IP header of the TARP message may be used to indicate a number of TARP router hops yet to be completed. Each TARP router then would decrement the counter and determine from that whether it should forward the TARP packet 140 to another TARP router 122-127 or to the destination TARP terminal 110. If the time to live counter is zero or below zero after decrementing, for an example of usage, the TARP router receiving the TARP packet 140 may forward the TARP packet 140 to the destination TARP terminal 110. If the time to live counter is above zero after decrementing, for an example of usage, the TARP router receiving the TARP packet 140 may forward the TARP packet 140 to a TARP router 122-127 that the current TARP terminal chooses at random. As a result, each TARP packet 140 is routed through some minimum number of hops of TARP routers 122-127 which are chosen at random.

[0074] Thus, each TARP packet, irrespective of the traditional factors determining traffic in the Internet, makes random trips among a number of geographically disparate routers before reaching its destination and each trip is highly likely to be different for each packet composing a given message because each trip is independently randomly determined as described above. This feature is called *agile routing*. For reasons that will become clear shortly, the fact that different packets take different routes provides distinct advantages by making it difficult for an interloper to obtain all the packets forming an entire multi-packet message. Agile routing is combined with another feature that furthers this purpose, a feature that ensures that any message is broken into multiple packets.

[0075] A TARP router receives a TARP packet when an IP address used by the TARP router coincides with the IP address in the TARP packet's IP header IPc. The IP address of a TARP router, however, may not remain constant. To avoid and manage attacks, each TARP router, independently or under direction from another TARP terminal or router, may change its IP address. A separate, unchangeable identifier or address is also defined. This address, called the TARP address, is known only to TARP routers and terminals and may be correlated at any time by a TARP router or a TARP terminal using a Lookup Table (LUT). When a TARP router

or terminal changes its IP address, it updates the other TARP routers and terminals which in turn update their respective LUTs. In reality, whenever a TARP router looks up the address of a destination in the encrypted header, it must convert a TARP address to a real IP address using its LUT.

[0076] While every TARP router receiving a TARP packet has the ability to determine the packet's final destination, the message payload is embedded behind an inner layer of encryption in the TARP packet that can only be unlocked using a session key. The session key is not available to any of the TARP routers 122-127 intervening between the originating 100 and destination 110 TARP terminals. The session key is used to decrypt the payloads of the TARP packets 140 permitting an entire message to be reconstructed.

[0077] In one embodiment, communication may be made private using link and session keys, which in turn may be shared and used according any desired method. For example, a public key or symmetric keys may be communicated between link or session endpoints using a public key method. Any of a variety of other mechanisms for securing data to ensure that only authorized computers can have access to the private information in the TARP packets 140 may be used as desired.

[0078] Referring to FIG. 3A, to construct a series of TARP packets, a data stream 300 of IP packets 207a, 207b, 207c, etc., such series of packets being formed by a network (IP) layer process, is broken into a series of small sized segments. In the present example, equal-sized segments 1-9 are defined and used to construct a set of interleaved data packets A, B, and C. Here it is assumed that the number of interleaved packets A, B, and C formed is three and that the number of IP packets 207a-207c used to form the three interleaved packets A, B, and C is exactly three. Of course, the number of IP packets spread over a group of interleaved packets may be any convenient number as may be the number of interleaved packets over which the incoming data stream is spread. The latter, the number of interleaved packets over which the data stream is spread, is called the *interleave window*.

[0079] To create a packet, the transmitting software interleaves the normal IP packets 207a et. seq, to form a new set of interleaved payload data 320. This payload data 320 is then

encrypted using a session key to form a set of session-key-encrypted payload data 330, each of which, A, B, and C, will form the payload of a TARP packet. Using the IP header data, from the original packets 207a-207c, new TARP headers IPT are formed. The TARP headers IPT can be identical to normal IP headers or customized in some way. In a preferred embodiment, the TARP headers IPT are IP headers with added data providing the following information required for routing and reconstruction of messages, some of which data is ordinarily, or capable of being, contained in normal IP headers:

- 1. A window sequence number an identifier that indicates where the packet belongs in the original message sequence.
- 2. An interleave sequence number an identifier that indicates the interleaving sequence used to form the packet so that the packet can be deinterleaved along with other packets in the interleave window.
- 3. A time-to-live (TTL) datum indicates the number of TARP-router-hops to be executed before the packet reaches its destination. Note that the TTL parameter may provide a datum to be used in a probabilistic formula for determining whether to route the packet to the destination or to another hop.
- 4. Data type identifier indicates whether the payload contains, for example, TCP or UDP data.
 - 5. Sender's address indicates the sender's address in the TARP network.
- 6. Destination address indicates the destination terminal's address in the TARP network.
- 7. Decoy/Real an indicator of whether the packet contains real message data or dummy decoy data or a combination.
- [0080] Obviously, the packets going into a single interleave window must include only packets with a common destination. Thus, it is assumed in the depicted example that the IP headers of IP packets 207a-207c all contain the same destination address or at least will be

received by the same terminal so that they can be deinterleaved. Note that dummy or decoy data or packets can be added to form a larger interleave window than would otherwise be required by the size of a given message. Decoy or dummy data can be added to a stream to help foil traffic analysis by leveling the load on the network. Thus, it may be desirable to provide the TARP process with an ability to respond to the time of day or other criteria to generate more decoy data during low traffic periods so that communication bursts at one point in the Internet cannot be tied to communication bursts at another point to reveal the communicating endpoints.

[0081] Dummy data also helps to break the data into a larger number of inconspicuously-sized packets permitting the interleave window size to be increased while maintaining a reasonable size for each packet. (The packet size can be a single standard size or selected from a fixed range of sizes.) One primary reason for desiring for each message to be broken into multiple packets is apparent if a chain block encryption scheme is used to form the first encryption layer prior to interleaving. A single block encryption may be applied to a portion, or the entirety, of a message, and that portion or entirety then interleaved into a number of separate packets.

[0082] Referring to FIG. 3B, in an alternative mode of TARP packet construction, a series of IP packets are accumulated to make up a predefined interleave window. The payloads of the packets are used to construct a single block 520 for chain block encryption using the session key. The payloads used to form the block are presumed to be destined for the same terminal. The block size may coincide with the interleave window as depicted in the example embodiment of FIG. 3B. After encryption, the encrypted block is broken into separate payloads and segments which are interleaved as in the embodiment of Fig 3A. The resulting interleaved packets A, B, and C, are then packaged as TARP packets with TARP headers as in the Example of FIG. 3A. The remaining process is as shown in, and discussed with reference to, FIG. 3A.

[0083] Once the TARP packets 340 are formed, each entire TARP packet 340, including the TARP header IPT, is encrypted using the link key for communication with the first-hop-TARP router. The first hop TARP router is randomly chosen. A final unencrypted IP header IPc is added to each encrypted TARP packet 340 to form a normal IP packet 360 that can be transmitted to a TARP router. Note that the process of constructing the TARP packet 360

does not have to be done in stages as described. The above description is just a useful heuristic for describing the final product, namely, the TARP packet.

[0084] Note that, TARP header IP_T could be a completely custom header configuration with no similarity to a normal IP header except that it contain the information identified above. This is so since this header is interpreted by only TARP routers.

[0085] The above scheme may be implemented entirely by processes operating between the data link layer and the network layer of each server or terminal participating in the TARP system. Referring to FIG. 4, a TARP transceiver 405 can be an originating terminal 100, a destination terminal 110, or a TARP router 122-127. In each TARP Transceiver 405, a transmitting process is generated to receive normal packets from the Network (IP) layer and generate TARP packets for communication over the network. A receiving process is generated to receive normal IP packets containing TARP packets and generate from these normal IP packets which are "passed up" to the Network (IP) layer. Note that where the TARP Transceiver 405 is a router, the received TARP packets 140 are not processed into a stream of IP packets 415 because they need only be authenticated as proper TARP packets and then passed to another TARP router or a TARP destination terminal 110. The intervening process, a "TARP Layer" 420, could be combined with either the data link layer 430 or the Network layer 410. In either case, it would intervene between the data link layer 430 so that the process would receive regular IP packets containing embedded TARP packets and "hand up" a series of reassembled IP packets to the Network layer 410. As an example of combining the TARP layer 420 with the data link layer 430, a program may augment the normal processes running a communications card, for example, an Ethernet card. Alternatively, the TARP layer processes may form part of a dynamically loadable module that is loaded and executed to support communications between the network and data link layers.

[0086] Because the encryption system described above can be inserted between the data link and network layers, the processes involved in supporting the encrypted communication may be completely transparent to processes at the IP (network) layer and above. The TARP processes may also be completely transparent to the data link layer processes as well. Thus, no

operations at or above the network layer, or at or below the data link layer, are affected by the insertion of the TARP stack. This provides additional security to all processes at or above the network layer, since the difficulty of unauthorized penetration of the network layer (by, for example, a hacker) is increased substantially. Even newly developed servers running at the session layer leave all processes below the session layer vulnerable to attack. Note that in this architecture, security is distributed. That is, notebook computers used by executives on the road, for example, can communicate over the Internet without any compromise in security.

[0087] Note that IP address changes made by TARP terminals and routers can be done at regular intervals, at random intervals, or upon detection of "attacks." The variation of IP addresses hinders traffic analysis that might reveal which computers are communicating, and also provides a degree of immunity from attack. The level of immunity from attack is roughly proportional to the rate at which the IP address of the host is changing.

[0088] As mentioned, IP addresses may be changed in response to attacks. An attack may be revealed, for example, by a regular series of messages indicates that a router is being probed in some way. Upon detection of an attack, the TARP layer process may respond to this event by changing its IP address. To accomplish this, the TARP process will construct a TARPformatted message, in the style of Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) datagrams as an example; this message will contain the machine's TARP address, its previous IP address, and its new IP address. The TARP layer will transmit this packet to at least one known TARP router; then upon receipt and validation of the message, the TARP router will update its LUT with the new IP address for the stated TARP address. The TARP router will then format a similar message, and broadcast it to the other TARP routers so that they may update their LUTs. Since the total number of TARP routers on any given subnet is expected to be relatively small, this process of updating the LUTs should be relatively fast. It may not, however, work as well when there is a relatively large number of TARP routers and/or a relatively large number of clients; this has motivated a refinement of this architecture to provide scalability; this refinement has led to a second embodiment, which is discussed below.

[0089] Upon detection of an attack, the TARP process may also create a subprocess that maintains the original IP address and continues interacting with the attacker. The latter may

provide an opportunity to trace the attacker or study the attacker's methods (called "fishbowling" drawing upon the analogy of a small fish in a fish bowl that "thinks" it is in the ocean but is actually under captive observation). A history of the communication between the attacker and the abandoned (fishbowled) IP address can be recorded or transmitted for human analysis or further synthesized for purposes of responding in some way.

[0090] As mentioned above, decoy or dummy data or packets can be added to outgoing data streams by TARP terminals or routers. In addition to making it convenient to spread data over a larger number of separate packets, such decoy packets can also help to level the load on inactive portions of the Internet to help foil traffic analysis efforts.

[0091] Decoy packets may be generated by each TARP terminal 100, 110 or each router 122-127 on some basis determined by an algorithm. For example, the algorithm may be a random one which calls for the generation of a packet on a random basis when the terminal is idle. Alternatively, the algorithm may be responsive to time of day or detection of low traffic to generate more decoy packets during low traffic times. Note that packets are preferably generated in groups, rather than one by one, the groups being sized to simulate real messages. In addition, so that decoy packets may be inserted in normal TARP message streams, the background loop may have a latch that makes it more likely to insert decoy packets when a message stream is being received. That is, when a series of messages are received, the decoy packet generation rate may be increased. Alternatively, if a large number of decoy packets is received along with regular TARP packets, the algorithm may increase the rate of dropping of decoy packets rather than forwarding them. The result of dropping and generating decoy packets in this way is to make the apparent incoming message size different from the apparent outgoing message size to help foil traffic analysis. The rate of reception of packets, decoy or otherwise, may be indicated to the decoy packet dropping and generating processes through perishable decoy and regular packet counters. (A perishable counter is one that resets or decrements its value in response to time so that it contains a high value when it is incremented in rapid succession and a small value when incremented either slowly or a small number of times in rapid succession.) Note that destination TARP terminal 110 may generate decoy packets equal in number and size to those TARP packets received to make it appear it is merely routing packets and is therefore not the destination terminal.

[0092] Referring to FIG. 5, the following particular steps may be employed in the above-described method for routing TARP packets.

- S0. A background loop operation is performed which applies an algorithm which determines the generation of decoy IP packets. The loop is interrupted when an encrypted TARP packet is received.
- S2. The TARP packet may be probed in some way to authenticate the packet before attempting to decrypt it using the link key. That is, the router may determine that the packet is an authentic TARP packet by performing a selected operation on some data included with the clear IP header attached to the encrypted TARP packet contained in the payload. This makes it possible to avoid performing decryption on packets that are not authentic TARP packets.
- S3. The TARP packet is decrypted to expose the destination TARP address and an indication of whether the packet is a decoy packet or part of a real message.
- S4. If the packet is a decoy packet, the perishable decoy counter is incremented.
- S5. Based on the decoy generation/dropping algorithm and the perishable decoy counter value, if the packet is a decoy packet, the router may choose to throw it away. If the received packet is a decoy packet and it is determined that it should be thrown away (S6), control returns to step S0.
- S7. The TTL parameter of the TARP header is decremented and it is determined if the TTL parameter is greater than zero.
- S8. If the TTL parameter is greater than zero, a TARP address is randomly chosen from a list
 of TARP addresses maintained by the router and the link key and IP address corresponding
 to that TARP address memorized for use in creating a new IP packet containing the TARP
 packet.

- S9. If the TTL parameter is zero or less, the link key and IP address corresponding to the TARP address of the destination are memorized for use in creating the new IP packet containing the TARP packet.
- S 10. The TARP packet is encrypted using the memorized link key.
- S 11. An IP header is added to the packet that contains the stored IP address, the encrypted TARP packet wrapped with an IP header, and the completed packet transmitted to the next hop or destination.
- [0093] Referring to FIG. 6, the following particular steps may be employed in the above- described method for generating TARP packets.
- S20. A background loop operation applies an algorithm that determines the generation of decoy IP packets. The loop is interrupted when a data stream containing IP packets is received for transmission.
- S21. The received IP packets are grouped into a set consisting of messages with a constant IP
 destination address. The set is further broken down to coincide with a maximum size of an
 interleave window The set is encrypted, and interleaved into a set of payloads destined to
 become TARP packets.
- S22. The TARP address corresponding to the IP address is determined from a lookup table
 and stored to generate the TARP header. An initial TTL count is generated and stored in the
 header. The TTL count may be random with minimum and maximum values or it may be
 fixed or determined by some other parameter.
- S23. The window sequence numbers and interleave sequence numbers are recorded in the TARP headers of each packet.
- S24. One TARP router address is randomly chosen for each TARP packet and the IP address
 corresponding to it stored for use in the clear IP header. The link key corresponding to this
 router is identified and used to encrypt TARP packets containing interleaved and encrypted
 data and TARP headers.

- S25. A clear IP header with the first hop router's real IP address is generated and added to
 each of the encrypted TARP packets and the resulting packets.
- [0094] Referring to FIG. 7, the following particular steps may be employed in the above-described method for receiving TARP packets.
- S40. A background loop operation is performed which applies an algorithm which determines the generation of decoy IP packets. The loop is interrupted when an encrypted TARP packet is received.
- S42. The TARP packet may be probed to authenticate the packet before attempting to decrypt it using the link key.
- S43. The TARP packet is decrypted with the appropriate link key to expose the destination TARP address and an indication of whether the packet is a decoy packet or part of a real message.
- S44. If the packet is a decoy packet, the perishable decoy counter is incremented.
- S45. Based on the decoy generation/dropping algorithm and the perishable decoy counter value, if the packet is a decoy packet, the receiver may choose to throw it away.
- S46. The TARP packets are cached until all packets forming an interleave window are received.
- S47. Once all packets of an interleave window are received, the packets are deinterleaved.
- S48. The packets block of combined packets defining the interleave window is then decrypted using the session key.
- S49. The decrypted block is then divided using the window sequence data and the IP_T headers are converted into normal IP_C headers. The window sequence numbers are integrated in the IP_C headers.
- S50. The packets are then handed up to the IP layer processes.

1. SCALABILITY ENHANCEMENTS

[0095] The IP agility feature described above relies on the ability to transmit IP address changes to all TARP routers. The embodiments including this feature will be referred to as "boutique" embodiments due to potential limitations in scaling these features up for a large network, such as the Internet. (The "boutique" embodiments would, however, be robust for use in smaller networks, such as small virtual private networks, for example). One problem with the boutique embodiments is that if IP address changes are to occur frequently, the message traffic required to update all routers sufficiently quickly creates a serious burden on the Internet when the TARP router and/or client population gets large. The bandwidth burden added to the networks, for example in ICMP packets, that would be used to update all the TARP routers could overwhelm the Internet for a large scale implementation that approached the scale of the Internet. In other words, the boutique system's scalability is limited.

[0096] A system can be constructed which trades some of the features of the above embodiments to provide the benefits of IP agility without the additional messaging burden. This is accomplished by IP address-hopping according to shared algorithms that govern IP addresses used between links participating in communications sessions between nodes such as TARP nodes. (Note that the IP hopping technique is also applicable to the boutique embodiment.) The IP agility feature discussed with respect to the boutique system can be modified so that it becomes decentralized under this scalable regime and governed by the above-described shared algorithm. Other features of the boutique system may be combined with this new type of IP-agility.

[0097] The new embodiment has the advantage of providing IP agility governed by a local algorithm and set of IP addresses exchanged by each communicating pair of nodes. This local governance is session-independent in that it may govern communications between a pair of nodes, irrespective of the session or end points being transferred between the directly communicating pair of nodes.

[0098] In the scalable embodiments, blocks of IP addresses are allocated to each node in the network. (This scalability will increase in the future, when Internet Protocol addresses are

increased to 128-bit fields, vastly increasing the number of distinctly addressable nodes). Each node can thus use any of the IP addresses assigned to that node to communicate with other nodes in the network. Indeed, each pair of communicating nodes can use a plurality of source IP addresses and destination IP addresses for communicating with each other.

[0099] Each communicating pair of nodes in a chain participating in any session stores two blocks of IP addresses, called netblocks, and an algorithm and randomization seed for selecting, from each netblock, the next pair of source/destination IP addresses that will be used to transmit the next message. In other words, the algorithm governs the sequential selection of IP-address pairs, one sender and one receiver IP address, from each netblock. The combination of algorithm, seed, and netblock (IP address block) will be called a "hopblock." A router issues separate transmit and receive hopblocks to its clients. The send address and the receive address of the IP header of each outgoing packet sent by the client are filled with the send and receive IP addresses generated by the algorithm. The algorithm is "clocked" (indexed) by a counter so that each time a pair is used, the algorithm turns out a new transmit pair for the next packet to be sent.

[00100] The router's receive hopblock is identical to the client's transmit hopblock. The router uses the receive hopblock to predict what the send and receive IP address pair for the next expected packet from that client will be. Since packets can be received out of order, it is not possible for the router to predict with certainty what IP address pair will be on the next sequential packet. To account for this problem, the router generates a range of predictions encompassing the number of possible transmitted packet send/receive addresses, of which the next packet received could leap ahead. Thus, if there is a vanishingly small probability that a given packet will arrive at the router ahead of 5 packets transmitted by the client before the given packet, then the router can generate a series of 6 send/receive IP address pairs (or "hop window") to compare with the next received packet. When a packet is received, it is marked in the hop window as such, so that a second packet with the same IP address pair will be discarded. If an out-of-sequence packet does not arrive within a predetermined timeout period, it can be requested for retransmission or simply discarded from the receive table, depending upon the protocol in use for that communications session, or possibly by convention.

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[00101] When the router receives the client's packet, it compares the send and receive IP addresses of the packet with the next N predicted send and receive IP address pairs and rejects the packet if it is not a member of this set. Received packets that do not have the predicted source/destination IP addresses falling with the window are rejected, thus thwarting possible hackers. (With the number of possible combinations, even a fairly large window would be hard to fall into at random.) If it is a member of this set, the router accepts the packet and processes it further. This link-based IP-hopping strategy, referred to as "IHOP," is a network element that stands on its own and is not necessarily accompanied by elements of the boutique system described above. If the routing agility feature described in connection with the boutique embodiment is combined with this link-based IP-hopping strategy, the router's next step would be to decrypt the TARP header to determine the destination TARP router for the packet and determine what should be the next hop for the packet. The TARP router would then forward the packet to a random TARP router or the destination TARP router with which the source TARP router has a link-based IP hopping communication established.

Figure 8 shows how a client computer 801 and a TARP router 811 can [00102] establish a secure session. When client 801 seeks to establish an IHOP session with TARP router 811, the client 801 sends "secure synchronization" request ("SSYN") packet 821 to the TARP router 811. This SYN packet 821 contains the client's 801 authentication token, and may be sent to the router 811 in an encrypted format. The source and destination IP numbers on the packet 821 are the client's 801 current fixed IP address, and a "known" fixed IP address for the router 811. (For security purposes, it may be desirable to reject any packets from outside of the local network that are destined for the router's known fixed IP address.) Upon receipt and validation of the client's 801 SSYN packet 821, the router 811 responds by sending an encrypted "secure synchronization acknowledgment" ("SSYN ACK") 822 to the client 801. This SSYN ACK 822 will contain the transmit and receive hopblocks that the client 801 will use when communicating with the TARP router 811. The client 801 will acknowledge the TARP router's 811 response packet 822 by generating an encrypted SSYN ACK ACK packet 823 which will be sent from the client's 801 fixed IP address and to the TARP router's 811 known fixed IP address. The client 801 will simultaneously generate a SSYN ACK ACK packet; this SSYN ACK packet, referred to as the Secure Session Initiation (SSI) packet 824, will be sent with the first {sender, receiver}

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IP pair in the client's transmit table 921 (FIG. 9), as specified in the transmit hopblock provided by the TARP router 811 in the SSYN ACK packet 822. The TARP router 811 will respond to the SSI packet 824 with an SSI ACK packet 825, which will be sent with the first {sender, receiver} IP pair in the TARP router's transmit table 923. Once these packets have been successfully exchanged, the secure communications session is established, and all further secure communications between the client 801 and the TARP router 811 will be conducted via this secure session, as long as synchronization is maintained. If synchronization is lost, then the client 801 and TARP router 802 may re-establish the secure session by the procedure outlined in Figure 8 and described above.

[00103] While the secure session is active, both the client 901 and TARP router 911 (FIG. 9) will maintain their respective transmit tables 921, 923 and receive tables 922, 924, as provided by the TARP router during session synchronization 822. It is important that the sequence of IP pairs in the client's transmit table 921 be identical to those in the TARP router's receive table 924; similarly, the sequence of IP pairs in the client's receive table 922 must be identical to those in the router's transmit table 923. This is required for the session synchronization to be maintained. The client 901 need maintain only one transmit table 921 and one receive table 922 during the course of the secure session. Each sequential packet sent by the client 901 will employ the next {send, receive} IP address pair in the transmit table, regardless of TCP or UDP session. The TARP router 911 will expect each packet arriving from the client 901 to bear the next IP address pair shown in its receive table.

[00104] Since packets can arrive out of order, however, the router 911 can maintain a "look ahead" buffer in its receive table, and will mark previously-received IP pairs as invalid for future packets; any future packet containing an IP pair that is in the look-ahead buffer but is marked as previously received will be discarded. Communications from the TARP router 911 to the client 901 are maintained in an identical manner; in particular, the router 911 will select the next IP address pair from its transmit table 923 when constructing a packet to send to the client 901, and the client 901 will maintain a look-ahead buffer of expected IP pairs on packets that it is receiving. Each TARP router will maintain separate pairs of transmit and receive tables for each client that is currently engaged in a secure session with or through that TARP router.

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[00105] While clients receive their hopblocks from the first server linking them to the Internet, routers exchange hopblocks. When a router establishes a link-based IP-hopping communication regime with another router, each router of the pair exchanges its transmit hopblock. The transmit hopblock of each router becomes the receive hopblock of the other router. The communication between routers is governed as described by the example of a client sending a packet to the first router.

While the above strategy works fine in the IP milieu, many local networks that [00106] are connected to the Internet are Ethernet systems. In Ethernet, the IP addresses of the destination devices must be translated into hardware addresses, and vice versa, using known processes ("address resolution protocol," and "reverse address resolution protocol"). However, if the link- based IP-hopping strategy is employed, the correlation process would become explosive and burdensome. An alternative to the link-based IP hopping strategy may be employed within an Ethernet network. The solution is to provide that the node linking the Internet to the Ethernet (call it the border node) use the link-based IP-hopping communication regime to communicate with nodes outside the Ethernet LAN. Within the Ethernet LAN, each TARP node would have a single IP address which would be addressed in the conventional way. Instead of comparing the {sender, receiver} IP address pairs to authenticate a packet, the intra-LAN TARP node would use one of the IP header extension fields to do so. Thus, the border node uses an algorithm shared by the intra-LAN TARP node to generate a symbol that is stored in the free field in the IP header, and the intra-LAN TARP node generates a range of symbols based on its prediction of the next expected packet to be received from that particular source IP address. The packet is rejected if it does not fall into the set of predicted symbols (for example, numerical values) or is accepted if it does. Communications from the intra-LAN TARP node to the border node are accomplished in the same manner, though the algorithm will necessarily be different for security reasons. Thus, each of the communicating nodes will generate transmit and receive tables in a similar manner to that of Figure 9; the intra-LAN TARP nodes transmit table will be identical to the border node's receive table, and the intra-LAN TARP node's receive table will be identical to the border node's transmit table.

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[00107] The algorithm used for IP address-hopping can be any desired algorithm. For example, the algorithm can be a given pseudo-random number generator that generates numbers of the range covering the allowed IP addresses with a given seed. Alternatively, the session participants can assume a certain type of algorithm and specify simply a parameter for applying the algorithm. For example the assumed algorithm could be a particular pseudo-random number generator and the session participants could simply exchange seed values.

[00108] Note that there is no permanent physical distinction between the originating and destination terminal nodes. Either device at either end point can initiate a synchronization of the pair. Note also that the authentication/synchronization-request (and acknowledgment) and hopblock-exchange may all be served by a single message so that separate message exchanges may not be required.

[00109] As another extension to the stated architecture, multiple physical paths can be used by a client, in order to provide link redundancy and further thwart attempts at denial of service and traffic monitoring. As shown in Figure 10, for example, client 1001 can establish three simultaneous sessions with each of three TARP routers provided by different ISPs 1011, 1012, 1013. As an example, the client 1001 can use three different telephone lines 1021, 1022, 1023 to connect to the ISPs, or two telephone lines and a cable modem, etc. In this scheme, transmitted packets will be sent in a random fashion among the different physical paths. This architecture provides a high degree of communications redundancy, with improved immunity from denial-of- service attacks and traffic monitoring.

2. FURTHER EXTENSIONS

[00110] The following describes various extensions to the techniques, systems, and methods described above. As described above, the security of communications occurring between computers in a computer network (such as the Internet, an Ethernet, or others) can be enhanced by using seemingly random source and destination Internet Protocol (IP) addresses for data packets transmitted over the network. This feature prevents eavesdroppers from determining which computers in the network are communicating with each other while permitting the two communicating computers to easily recognize whether a given received data packet is legitimate

or not. In one embodiment of the above-described systems, an IP header extension field is used to authenticate incoming packets on an Ethernet.

[00111] Various extensions to the previously described techniques described herein include: (1) use of hopped hardware or "MAC" addresses in broadcast type network; (2) a self synchronization technique that permits a computer to automatically regain synchronization with a sender; (3) synchronization algorithms that allow transmitting and receiving computers to quickly re-establish synchronization in the event of lost packets or other events; and (4) a fast-packet rejection mechanism for rejecting invalid packets. Any or all of these extensions can be combined with the features described above in any of various ways.

A. Hardware Address Hopping

[00112] Internet protocol-based communications techniques on a LAN—or across any dedicated physical medium—typically embed the IP packets within lower-level packets, often referred to as "frames." As shown in FIG. 11, for example, a first Ethernet frame 1150 comprises a frame header 1101 and two embedded IP packets IP1 and IP2, while a second Ethernet frame 1160 comprises a different frame header 1104 and a single IP packet IP3. Each frame header generally includes a source hardware address 1101 A and a destination hardware address 1101 B; other well-known fields in frame headers are omitted from FIG. 11 for clarity. Two hardware nodes communicating over a physical communication channel insert appropriate source and destination hardware addresses to indicate which nodes on the channel or network should receive the frame.

[00113] It may be possible for a nefarious listener to acquire information about the contents of a frame and/or its communicants by examining frames on a local network rather than (or in addition to) the IP packets themselves. This is especially true in broadcast media, such as Ethernet, where it is necessary to insert into the frame header the hardware address of the machine that generated the frame and the hardware address of the machine to which frame is being sent. All nodes on the network can potentially "see" all packets transmitted across the network. This can be a problem for secure communications, especially in cases where the communicants do not want for any third party to be able to identify who is engaging in the

information exchange. One way to address this problem is to push the address-hopping scheme down to the hardware layer. In accordance with various embodiments of the invention, hardware addresses are "hopped" in a manner similar to that used to change IP addresses, such that a listener cannot determine which hardware node generated a particular message nor which node is the intended recipient.

[00114] FIG. 12A shows a system in which Media Access Control ("MAC") hardware addresses are "hopped" in order to increase security over a network such as an Ethernet. While the description refers to the exemplary case of an Ethernet environment, the inventive principles are equally applicable to other types of communications media. In the Ethernet case, the MAC address of the sender and receiver are inserted into the Ethernet frame and can be observed by anyone on the LAN who is within the broadcast range for that frame. For secure communications, it becomes desirable to generate frames with MAC addresses that are not attributable to any specific sender or receiver.

[00115] As shown in FIG. 12A, two computer nodes 1201 and 1202 communicate over a communication channel such as an Ethernet. Each node executes one or more application programs 1203 and 1218 that communicate by transmitting packets through communication software 1204 and 1217, respectively. Examples of application programs include video conferencing, e-mail, word processing programs, telephony, and the like. Communication software 1204 and 1217 can comprise, for example, an OSI layered architecture or "stack" that standardizes various services provided at different levels of functionality.

[00116] The lowest levels of communication software 1204 and 1217 communicate with hardware components 1206 and 1214 respectively, each of which can include one or more registers 1207 and 1215 that allow the hardware to be reconfigured or controlled in accordance with various communication protocols. The hardware components (an Ethernet network interface card, for example) communicate with each other over the communication medium. Each hardware component is typically pre-assigned a fixed hardware address or MAC number that identifies the hardware component to other nodes on the network. One or more interface drivers control the operation of each card and can, for example, be configured to accept or reject packets from certain hardware addresses. As will be described in more detail below, various

embodiments of the inventive principles provide for "hopping" different addresses using one or more algorithms and one or more moving windows that track a range of valid addresses to validate received packets. Packets transmitted according to one or more of the inventive principles will be generally referred to as "secure" packets or "secure communications" to differentiate them from ordinary data packets that are transmitted in the clear using ordinary, machine-correlated addresses.

[00117] One straightforward method of generating non-attributable MAC addresses is an extension of the IP hopping scheme. In this scenario, two machines on the same LAN that desire to communicate in a secure fashion exchange random-number generators and seeds, and create sequences of quasi-random MAC addresses for synchronized hopping. The implementation and synchronization issues are then similar to that of IP hopping.

[00118] This approach, however, runs the risk of using MAC addresses that are currently active on the LAN—which, in turn, could interrupt communications for those machines. Since an Ethernet MAC address is at present 48 bits in length, the chance of randomly misusing an active MAC address is actually quite small. However, if that figure is multiplied by a large number of nodes (as would be found on an extensive LAN), by a large number of frames (as might be the case with packet voice or streaming video), and by a large number of concurrent Virtual Private Networks (VPNs), then the chance that a non-secure machine's MAC address could be used in an address-hopped frame can become non-trivial. In short, any scheme that runs even a small risk of interrupting communications for other machines on the LAN is bound to receive resistance from prospective system administrators. Nevertheless, it is technically feasible, and can be implemented without risk on a LAN on which there is a small number of machines, or if all of the machines on the LAN are engaging in MAC-hopped communications.

[00119] Synchronized MAC address hopping may incur some overhead in the course of session establishment, especially if there are multiple sessions or multiple nodes involved in the communications. A simpler method of randomizing MAC addresses is to allow each node to receive and process every incident frame on the network. Typically, each network interface driver will check the destination MAC address in the header of every incident frame to see if it matches that machine's MAC address; if there is no match, then the frame is discarded. In one

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embodiment, however, these checks can be disabled, and every incident packet is passed to the TARP stack for processing. This will be referred to as "promiscuous" mode, since every incident frame is processed. Promiscuous mode allows the sender to use completely random, unsynchronized MAC addresses, since the destination machine is guaranteed to process the frame. The decision as to whether the packet was truly intended for that machine is handled by the TARP stack, which checks the source and destination IP addresses for a match in its IP synchronization tables. If no match is found, the packet is discarded; if there is a match, the packet is unwrapped, the inner header is evaluated, and if the inner header indicates that the packet is destined for that machine then the packet is forwarded to the IP stack—otherwise it is discarded.

[00120] One disadvantage of purely-random MAC address hopping is its impact on processing overhead; that is, since every incident frame must be processed, the machine's CPU is engaged considerably more often than if the network interface driver is discriminating and rejecting packets unilaterally. A compromise approach is to select either a single fixed MAC address or a small number of MAC addresses (e.g., one for each virtual private network on an Ethernet) to use for MAC-hopped communications, regardless of the actual recipient for which the message is intended. In this mode, the network interface driver can check each incident frame against one (or a few) pre-established MAC addresses, thereby freeing the CPU from the task of physical-layer packet discrimination. This scheme does not betray any useful information to an interloper on the LAN; in particular, every secure packet can already be identified by a unique packet type in the outer header. However, since all machines engaged in secure communications would either be using the same MAC address, or be selecting from a small pool of predetermined MAC addresses, the association between a specific machine and a specific MAC address is effectively broken.

[00121] In this scheme, the CPU will be engaged more often than it would be in non-secure communications (or in synchronized MAC address hopping), since the network interface driver cannot always unilaterally discriminate between secure packets that are destined for that machine, and secure packets from other VPNs. However, the non-secure traffic is easily eliminated at the network interface, thereby reducing the amount of processing required of the

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CPU. There are boundary conditions where these statements would not hold, of course—e.g., if all of the traffic on the LAN is secure traffic, then the CPU would be engaged to the same degree as it is in the purely-random address hopping case; alternatively, if each VPN on the LAN uses a different MAC address, then the network interface can perfectly discriminate secure frames destined for the local machine from those constituting other VPNs. These are engineering tradeoffs that might be best handled by providing administrative options for the users when installing the software and/or establishing VPNs.

[00122] Even in this scenario, however, there still remains a slight risk of selecting MAC addresses that are being used by one or more nodes on the LAN. One solution to this problem is to formally assign one address or a range of addresses for use in MAC-hopped communications. This is typically done via an assigned numbers registration authority; e.g., in the case of Ethernet, MAC address ranges are assigned to vendors by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE). A formally-assigned range of addresses would ensure that secure frames do not conflict with any properly-configured and properly-functioning machines on the LAN.

[00123] Reference will now be made to FIGS. 12A and 12B in order to describe the many combinations and features that follow the inventive principles. As explained above, two computer nodes 1201 and 1202 are assumed to be communicating over a network or communication medium such as an Ethernet. A communication protocol in each node (1204 and 1217, respectively) contains a modified element 1205 and 1216 that performs certain functions that deviate from the standard communication protocols. In particular, computer node 1201 implements a first "hop" algorithm 1208X that selects seemingly random source and destination IP addresses (and, in one embodiment, seemingly random IP header discriminator fields) in order to transmit each packet to the other computer node. For example, node 1201 maintains a transmit table 1208 containing triplets of source (S), destination (D), and discriminator fields (DS) that are inserted into outgoing IP packet headers. The table is generated through the use of an appropriate algorithm (e.g., a random number generator that is seeded with an appropriate seed) that is known to the recipient node 1202. As each new IP packet is formed, the next sequential entry out of the sender's transmit table 1208 is used to populate the IP source, IP destination, and

IP header extension field (e.g., discriminator field). It will be appreciated that the transmit table need not be created in advance but could instead be created on-the-fly by executing the algorithm when each packet is formed.

[00124] At the receiving node 1202, the same IP hop algorithm 1222X is maintained and used to generate a receive table 1222 that lists valid triplets of source IP address, destination IP address, and discriminator field. This is shown by virtue of the first five entries of transmit table 1208 matching the second five entries of receive table 1222. (The tables may be slightly offset at any particular time due to lost packets, misordered packets, or transmission delays). Additionally, node 1202 maintains a receive window W3 that represents a list of valid IP source, IP destination, and discriminator fields that will be accepted when received as part of an incoming IP packet. As packets are received, window W3 slides down the list of valid entries, such that the possible valid entries change over time. Two packets that arrive out of order but are nevertheless matched to entries within window W3 will be accepted; those falling outside of window W3 will be rejected as invalid. The length of window W3 can be adjusted as necessary to reflect network delays or other factors.

[00125] Node 1202 maintains a similar transmit table 1221 for creating IP packets and frames destined for node 1201 using a potentially different hopping algorithm 1221 X, and node 1201 maintains a matching receive table 1209 using the same algorithm 1209X. As node 1202 transmits packets to node 1201 using seemingly random IP source, IP destination, and/or discriminator fields, node 1201 matches the incoming packet values to those falling within window WI maintained in its receive table. In effect, transmit table 1208 of node 1201 is synchronized (i.e., entries are selected in the same order) to receive table 1222 of receiving node 1202. Similarly, transmit table 1221 of node 1202 is synchronized to receive table 1209 of node 1201. It will be appreciated that although a common algorithm is shown for the source, destination and discriminator fields in FIG. 12A (using, e.g., a different seed for each of the three fields), an entirely different algorithm could in fact be used to establish values for each of these fields. It will also be appreciated that one or two of the fields can be "hopped" rather than all three as illustrated.

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[00126] In accordance with another aspect of the invention, hardware or "MAC" addresses are hopped instead of or in addition to IP addresses and/or the discriminator field in order to improve security in a local area or broadcast-type network. To that end, node 1201 further maintains a transmit table 1210 using a transmit algorithm 1210X to generate source and destination hardware addresses that are inserted into frame headers (e.g., fields 1101A and 1101 B in FIG. 11) that are synchronized to a corresponding receive table 1224 at node 1202. Similarly, node 1202 maintains a different transmit table 1223 containing source and destination hardware addresses that is synchronized with a corresponding receive table 1211 at node 1201. In this manner, outgoing hardware frames appear to be originating from and going to completely random nodes on the network, even though each recipient can determine whether a given packet is intended for it or not. It will be appreciated that the hardware hopping feature can be implemented at a different level in the communications protocol than the IP hopping feature (e.g., in a card driver or in a hardware card itself to improve performance).

[00127] FIG. 12B shows three different embodiments or modes that can be employed using the aforementioned principles. In a first mode referred to as "promiscuous" mode, a common hardware address (e.g., a fixed address for source and another for destination) or else a completely random hardware address is used by all nodes on the network, such that a particular packet cannot be attributed to any one node. Each node must initially accept all packets containing the common (or random) hardware address and inspect the IP addresses or discriminator field to determine whether the packet is intended for that node. In this regard, either the IP addresses or the discriminator field or both can be varied in accordance with an algorithm as described above. As explained previously, this may increase each node's overhead since additional processing is involved to determine whether a given packet has valid source and destination hardware addresses.

[00128] In a second mode referred to as "promiscuous per VPN" mode, a small set of fixed hardware addresses are used, with a fixed source/destination hardware address used for all nodes communicating over a virtual private network. For example, if there are six nodes on an Ethernet, and the network is to be split up into two private virtual networks such that nodes on one VPN can communicate with only the other two nodes on its own VPN, then two sets of

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hardware addresses could be used: one set for the first VPN and a second set for the second VPN. This would reduce the amount of overhead involved in checking for valid frames since only packets arriving from the designated VPN would need to be checked. IP addresses and one or more discriminator fields could still be hopped as before for secure communication within the VPN. Of course, this solution compromises the anonymity of the VPNs (i.e., an outsider can easily tell what traffic belongs in which VPN, though he cannot correlate it to a specific machine/person). It also requires the use of a discriminator field to mitigate the vulnerability to certain types of DoS attacks, (For example, without the discriminator field, an attacker on the LAN could stream frames containing the MAC addresses being used by the VPN; rejecting those frames could lead to excessive processing overhead. The discriminator field would provide a low-overhead means of rejecting the false packets.)

[00129] In a third mode referred to as "hardware hopping" mode, hardware addresses are varied as illustrated in FIG. 12A, such that hardware source and destination addresses are changed constantly in order to provide non-attributable addressing. Variations on these embodiments are of course possible, and the invention is not intended to be limited in any respect by these illustrative examples.

B. Extending the Address Space

[00130] Address hopping provides security and privacy. However, the level of protection is limited by the number of addresses in the blocks being hopped. A hopblock denotes a field or fields modulated on a packet-wise basis for the purpose of providing a VPN. For instance, if two nodes communicate with IP address hopping using hopblocks of 4 addresses (2 bits) each, there would be 16 possible address-pair combinations. A window of size 16 would result in most address pairs being accepted as valid most of the time. This limitation can be overcome by using a discriminator field in addition to or instead of the hopped address fields. The discriminator field would be hopped in exactly the same fashion as the address fields and it would be used to determine whether a packet should be processed by a receiver.

[00131] Suppose that two clients, each using four-bit hopblocks, would like the same level of protection afforded to clients communicating via IP hopping between two A blocks (24)

address bits eligible for hopping). A discriminator field of 20 bits, used in conjunction with the 4 address bits eligible for hopping in the IP address field, provides this level of protection. A 24-bit discriminator field would provide a similar level of protection if the address fields were not hopped or ignored. Using a discriminator field offers the following advantages: (1) an arbitrarily high level of protection can be provided, and (2) address hopping is unnecessary to provide protection. This may be important in environments where address hopping would cause routing problems.

C. Synchronization Techniques

[00132] It is generally assumed that once a sending node and receiving node have exchanged algorithms and seeds (or similar information sufficient to generate quasi-random source and destination tables), subsequent communication between the two nodes will proceed smoothly. Realistically, however, two nodes may lose synchronization due to network delays or outages, or other problems. Consequently, it is desirable to provide means for re-establishing synchronization between nodes in a network that have lost synchronization.

[00133] One possible technique is to require that each node provide an acknowledgment upon successful receipt of each packet and, if no acknowledgment is received within a certain period of time, to re-send the unacknowledged packet. This approach, however, drives up overhead costs and may be prohibitive in high-throughput environments such as streaming video or audio, for example.

[00134] A different approach is to employ an automatic synchronizing technique that will be referred to herein as "self-synchronization." In this approach, synchronization information is embedded into each packet, thereby enabling the receiver to re-synchronize itself upon receipt of a single packet if it determines that is has lost synchronization with the sender. (If communications are already in progress, and the receiver determines that it is still in sync with the sender, then there is no need to re-synchronize.) A receiver could detect that it was out of synchronization by, for example, employing a "dead-man" timer that expires after a certain period of time, wherein the timer is reset with each valid packet. A time stamp could be hashed into the public sync field (see below) to preclude packet-retry attacks.

[00135] In one embodiment, a "sync field" is added to the header of each packet sent out by the sender. This sync field could appear in the clear or as part of an encrypted portion of the packet. Assuming that a sender and receiver have selected a random-number generator (RNG) and seed value, this combination of RNG and seed can be used to generate a random-number sequence (RNS). The RNS is then used to generate a sequence of source/destination IP pairs (and, if desired, discriminator fields and hardware source and destination addresses), as described above. It is not necessary, however, to generate the entire sequence (or the first N-1 values) in order to generate the Nth random number in the sequence; if the sequence index N is known, the random value corresponding to that index can be directly generated (see below). Different RNGs (and seeds) with different fundamental periods could be used to generate the source and destination IP sequences, but the basic concepts would still apply. For the sake of simplicity, the following discussion will assume that IP source and destination address pairs (only) are hopped using a single RNG sequencing mechanism.

[00136] In accordance with a "self-synchronization" feature, a sync field in each packet header provides an index (i.e., a sequence number) into the RNS that is being used to generate IP pairs. Plugging this index into the RNG that is being used to generate the RNS yields a specific random number value, which in turn yields a specific IP pair. That is, an IP pair can be generated directly from knowledge of the RNG, seed, and index number; it is not necessary, in this scheme, to generate the entire sequence of random numbers that precede the sequence value associated with the index number provided.

[00137] Since the communicants have presumably previously exchanged RNGs and seeds, the only new information that must be provided in order to generate an IP pair is the sequence number. If this number is provided by the sender in the packet header, then the receiver need only plug this number into the RNG in order to generate an IP pair — and thus verify that the IP pair appearing in the header of the packet is valid. In this scheme, if the sender and receiver lose synchronization, the receiver can immediately re-synchronize upon receipt of a single packet by simply comparing the IP pair in the packet header to the IP pair generated from the index number. Thus, synchronized communications can be resumed upon receipt of a single packet, making this scheme ideal for multicast communications. Taken to the extreme, it could

obviate the need for synchronization tables entirely; that is, the sender and receiver could simply rely on the index number in the sync field to validate the IP pair on each packet, and thereby eliminate the tables entirely.

[00138] The aforementioned scheme may have some inherent security issues associated with it — namely, the placement of the sync field. If the field is placed in the outer header, then an interloper could observe the values of the field and their relationship to the IP stream. This could potentially compromise the algorithm that is being used to generate the IP-address sequence, which would compromise the security of the communications. If, however, the value is placed in the inner header, then the sender must decrypt the inner header before it can extract the sync value and validate the IP pair; this opens up the receiver to certain types of denial-of-service (DoS) attacks, such as packet replay. That is, if the receiver must decrypt a packet before it can validate the IP pair, then it could potentially be forced to expend a significant amount of processing on decryption if an attacker simply retransmits previously valid packets. Other attack methodologies are possible in this scenario.

[00139] A possible compromise between algorithm security and processing speed is to split up the sync value between an inner (encrypted) and outer (unencrypted) header. That is, if the sync value is sufficiently long, it could potentially be split into a rapidly-changing part that can be viewed in the clear, and a fixed (or very slowly changing) part that must be protected. The part that can be viewed in the clear will be called the "public sync" portion and the part that must be protected will be called the "private sync" portion.

[00140] Both the public sync and private sync portions are needed to generate the complete sync value. The private portion, however, can be selected such that it is fixed or will change only occasionally. Thus, the private sync value can be stored by the recipient, thereby obviating the need to decrypt the header in order to retrieve it. If the sender and receiver have previously agreed upon the frequency with which the private part of the sync will change, then the receiver can selectively decrypt a single header in order to extract the new private sync if the communications gap that has led to lost synchronization has exceeded the lifetime of the previous private sync. This should not represent a burdensome amount of decryption, and thus

should not open up the receiver to denial-of-service attack simply based on the need to occasionally decrypt a single header.

[00141] One implementation of this is to use a hashing function with a one-to-one mapping to generate the private and public sync portions from the sync value. This implementation is shown in FIG. 13, where (for example) a first ISP 1302 is the sender and a second ISP 1303 is the receiver. (Other alternatives are possible from FIG. 13.) A transmitted packet comprises a public or "outer" header 1305 that is not encrypted, and a private or "inner" header 1306 that is encrypted using for example a link key. Outer header 1305 includes a public sync portion while inner header 1306 contains the private sync portion. A receiving node decrypts the inner header using a decryption function 1307 in order to extract the private sync portion. This step is necessary only if the lifetime of the currently buffered private sync has expired. (If the currently-buffered private sync is still valid, then it is simply extracted from memory and "added" (which could be an inverse hash) to the public sync, as shown in step 1308.) The public and decrypted private sync portions are combined in function 1308 in order to generate the combined sync 1309. The combined sync (1309) is then fed into the RNG (1310) and compared to the IP address pair (1311) to validate or reject the packet.

[00142] An important consideration in this architecture is the concept of "future" and "past" where the public sync values are concerned. Though the sync values, themselves, should be random to prevent spoofing attacks, it may be important that the receiver be able to quickly identify a sync value that has already been sent — even if the packet containing that sync value was never actually received by the receiver. One solution is to hash a time stamp or sequence number into the public sync portion, which could be quickly extracted, checked, and discarded, thereby validating the public sync portion itself.

[00143] In one embodiment, packets can be checked by comparing the source/destination IP pair generated by the sync field with the pair appearing in the packet header. If (1) they match, (2) the time stamp is valid, and (3) the dead-man timer has expired, then re-synchronization occurs; otherwise, the packet is rejected. If enough processing power is available, the dead-man timer and synchronization tables can be avoided altogether, and the receiver would simply resynchronize (e.g., validate) on every packet.

[00144] The foregoing scheme may require large-integer (e.g., 160-bit) math, which may affect its implementation. Without such large-integer registers, processing throughput would be affected, thus potentially affecting security from a denial-of-service standpoint. Nevertheless, as large integer math processing features become more prevalent, the costs of implementing such a feature will be reduced.

D. Other Synchronization Schemes

[00145] As explained above, if W or more consecutive packets are lost between a transmitter and receiver in a VPN (where W is the window size), the receiver's window will not have been updated and the transmitter will be transmitting packets not in the receiver's window. The sender and receiver will not recover synchronization until perhaps the random pairs in the window are repeated by chance. Therefore, there is a need to keep a transmitter and receiver in synchronization whenever possible and to re-establish synchronization whenever it is lost.

[00146] A "checkpoint" scheme can be used to regain synchronization between a sender and a receiver that have fallen out of synchronization. In this scheme, a checkpoint message comprising a random IP address pair is used for communicating synchronization information. In one embodiment, two messages are used to communicate synchronization information between a sender and a recipient:

- 1. SYNC_REQ is a message used by the sender to indicate that it wants to synchronize; and
- 2. SYNC_ACK is a message used by the receiver to inform the transmitter that it has been synchronized.
- [00147] According to one variation of this approach, both the transmitter and receiver maintain three checkpoints (see FIG. 14):
- 1. In the transmitter, ckpt_o ("checkpoint old") is the IP pair that was used to re-send the last SYNC_REQ packet to the receiver. In the receiver, ckpt_o ("checkpoint old") is the IP pair that receives repeated SYNC_REQ packets from the transmitter.

- 2. In the transmitter, ckpt_n ("checkpoint new") is the IP pair that will be used to send the next SYNC_REQ packet to the receiver. In the receiver, ckpt_n ("checkpoint new") is the IP pair that receives a new SYNC_REQ packet from the transmitter and which causes the receiver's window to be re-aligned, ckpt_o set to ckpt_n, a new ckpt_n to be generated and a new ckpt_r to be generated.
- 3. In the transmitter, ckpt_r is the IP pair that will be used to send the next SYNC_ACK packet to the receiver. In the receiver, ckpt_r is the IP pair that receives a new SYNC_ACK packet from the transmitter and which causes a new ckpt_n to be generated. Since SYNC_ACK is transmitted from the receiver ISP to the sender ISP, the transmitter ckpt_r refers to the ckpt_r of the receiver and the receiver ckpt_r refers to the ckpt_r of the transmitter (see FIG. 14).

When a transmitter initiates synchronization, the IP pair it will use to transmit the next data packet is set to a predetermined value and when a receiver first receives a SYNC_REQ, the receiver window is updated to be centered on the transmitter's next IP pair. This is the primary mechanism for checkpoint synchronization.

[00148] Synchronization can be initiated by a packet counter (e.g., after every N packets transmitted, initiate a synchronization) or by a timer (every S seconds, initiate a synchronization) or a combination of both. See FIG. 15. From the transmitter's perspective, this technique operates as follows: (1) Each transmitter periodically transmits a "sync request" message to the receiver to make sure that it is in sync. (2) If the receiver is still in sync, it sends back a "sync ack" message. (If this works, no further action is necessary). (3) If no "sync ack" has been received within a period of time, the transmitter retransmits the sync request again. If the transmitter reaches the next checkpoint without receiving a "sync ack" response, then synchronization is broken, and the transmitter should stop transmitting. The transmitter will continue to send sync_reqs until it receives a sync_ack, at which point transmission is reestablished.

[00149] From the receiver's perspective, the scheme operates as follows: (1) when it receives a "sync request" request from the transmitter, it advances its window to the next checkpoint position (even skipping pairs if necessary), and sends a "sync ack" message to the

transmitter. If sync was never lost, then the "jump ahead" really just advances to the next available pair of addresses in the table (i.e., normal advancement).

[00150] If an interloper intercepts the "sync request" messages and tries to interfere with communication by sending new ones, it will be ignored if the synchronization has been established or it will actually help to re-establish synchronization.

[00151] A window is realigned whenever a re-synchronization occurs. This realignment entails updating the receiver's window to straddle the address pairs used by the packet transmitted immediately after the transmission of the SYNC_REQ packet. Normally, the transmitter and receiver are in synchronization with one another. However, when network events occur, the receiver's window may have to be advanced by many steps during resynchronization. In this case, it is desirable to move the window ahead without having to step through the intervening random numbers sequentially. (This feature is also desirable for the auto-sync approach discussed above).

E. Random Number Generator with a Jump-Ahead capability

[00152] An attractive method for generating randomly hopped addresses is to use identical random number generators in the transmitter and receiver and advance them as packets are transmitted and received. There are many random number generation algorithms that could be used. Each one has strengths and weaknesses for address hopping applications.

[00153] Linear congruential random number generators (LCRs) are fast, simple and well characterized random number generators that can be made to jump ahead n steps efficiently. An LCR generates random numbers $X_1, X_2, X_3 ... X_k$ starting with seed X_0 using a recurrence

$$X_{i}=(a X_{i-1} + b) \mod c,$$
 (1)

where a, b and c define a particular LCR. Another expression for X_i,

$$X_i = ((a^i(X_0 + b) - b)/(a-1)) \mod c$$
 (2)

enables the jump-ahead capability. The factor aⁱ can grow very large even for modest i if left unfettered. Therefore some special properties of the modulo operation can be used to control the size and processing time required to compute (2). (2) can be rewritten as:

$$X_i = (a^i(X_0(a-1)+b)-b)/(a-1) \mod c.$$
 (3)

It can be shown that:

$$(a^{i}(X_{0}(a-1)+b)-b)/(a-1) \mod c =$$

$$((a^{i} \mod((a-1)c)(X_{0}(a-1)+b)-b)/(a-1)) \mod c \qquad (4).$$

[00154] $(X_0(a-1)+b)$ can be stored as $(X_0(a-1)+b)$ mod c, b as b mod c and compute a^i mod((a-1)c) (this requires $O(\log(i))$ steps).

[00155] A practical implementation of this algorithm would jump a fixed distance, n, between synchronizations; this is tantamount to synchronizing every n packets. The window would commence n IP pairs from the start of the previous window. Using X_j^w , the random number at the j^{th} checkpoint, as X_0 and n as i, a node can store $a^n \text{mod}((a-1)c)$ once per LCR and set

$$\begin{tabular}{ll} \pmb{[00156]} & X_{j+1} & = X_{n(j+1)} = & ((a^n \ mod((a-1)c) \ (X_j & (a-1)+b)-b)/(a-1)) mod \ c, \ (5) \\ \end{tabular}$$

to generate the random number for the j+1th synchronization. Using this construction, a node could jump ahead an arbitrary (but fixed) distance between synchronizations in a constant amount of time (independent of n).

[00157] Pseudo-random number generators, in general, and LCRs, in particular, will eventually repeat their cycles. This repetition may present vulnerability in the IP hopping scheme. An adversary would simply have to wait for a repeat to predict future sequences. One way of coping with this vulnerability is to create a random number generator with a known long cycle. A random sequence can be replaced by a new random number generator before it repeats. LCRs can be constructed with known long cycles. This is not currently true of many random number generators.

[00158] Random number generators can be cryptographically insecure. An adversary can derive the RNG parameters by examining the output or part of the output. This is true of LCGs. This vulnerability can be mitigated by incorporating an encryptor, designed to scramble the output as part of the random number generator. The random number generator prevents an adversary from mounting an attack—e.g., a known plaintext attack—against the encryptor.

F. Random Number Generator Example

[00159] Consider a RNG where a=31,b=4 and c=15. For this case equation (1) becomes:

$$X_{i}=(31 X_{i-1}+4) \mod 15.$$
 (6)

If one sets X_0 =1, equation (6) will produce the sequence 1, 5, 9, 13, 2, 6, 10, 14, 3, 7, 11, 0, 4, 8, 12. This sequence will repeat indefinitely. For a jump ahead of 3 numbers in this sequence a^n = 31^3 =29791, $c^*(a-1)$ = 15^*30 =450 and a^n mod((a-1)c) = 31^3 mod (15^*30) =29791mod(450)=91. Equation (5) becomes:

$$((91 (X_i30+4)-4)/30) \mod 15 (7).$$

Table 1 shows the jump ahead calculations from (7) . The calculations start at 5 and jump ahead 3.

TABLE 1

| I | X_i | (X_i30+4) | 91 (X _i 30+4)-4 | $((91 (X_i 30+4)-4)/30$ | X_{i+3} |
|----|-------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | 5 | 154 | 14010 | 467 | 2 |
| 4 | 2 | 64 | 5820 | 194 | 14 |
| 7 | 14 | 424 | 38580 | 1286 | 11 |
| 10 | 11 | 334 | 30390 | 1013 | 8 |
| 13 | 8 | 244 | 22200 | 740 | 5 |

G. Fast Packet Filter

[00160] Address hopping VPNs must rapidly determine whether a packet has a valid header and thus requires further processing, or has an invalid header (a hostile packet) and should be immediately rejected. Such rapid determinations will be referred to as "fast packet filtering." This capability protects the VPN from attacks by an adversary who streams hostile packets at the receiver at a high rate of speed in the hope of saturating the receiver's processor (a so-called "denial of service" attack). Fast packet filtering is an important feature for implementing VPNs on shared media such as Ethernet.

[00161] Assuming that all participants in a VPN share an unassigned "A" block of addresses, one possibility is to use an experimental "A" block that will never be assigned to any machine that is not address hopping on the shared medium. "A" blocks have a 24 bits of address that can be hopped as opposed to the 8 bits in "C" blocks. In this case a hopblock will be the "A" block. The use of the experimental "A" block is a likely option on an Ethernet because:

- 4. The addresses have no validity outside of the Ethernet and will not be routed out to a valid outside destination by a gateway.
- 5. There are 2²⁴ (~16 million) addresses that can be hopped within each "A" block. This yields >280 trillion possible address pairs making it very unlikely that an adversary would guess a valid address. It also provides acceptably low probability of collision between separate VPNs (all VPNs on a shared medium independently generate random address pairs from the same "A" block).
- 6. The packets will not be received by someone on the Ethernet who is not on a VPN (unless the machine is in promiscuous mode) minimizing impact on non-VPN computers.

[00162] The Ethernet example will be used to describe one implementation of fast packet filtering. The ideal algorithm would quickly examine a packet header, determine whether the packet is hostile, and reject any hostile packets or determine which active IP pair the packet header matches. The problem is a classical associative memory problem. A variety of techniques have been developed to solve this problem (hashing, B—trees etc). Each of these approaches has

its strengths and weaknesses. For instance, hash tables can be made to operate quite fast in a statistical sense, but can occasionally degenerate into a much slower algorithm. This slowness can persist for a period of time. Since there is a need to discard hostile packets quickly at all times, hashing would be unacceptable.

H. Presence Vector Algorithm

[00163] A presence vector is a bit vector of length 2^n that can be indexed by n-bit numbers (each ranging from 0 to 2^n -1). One can indicate the presence of k n-bit numbers (not necessarily unique), by setting the bits in the presence vector indexed by each number to 1. Otherwise, the bits in the presence vector are 0. An n-bit number, x, is one of the k numbers if and only if the xth bit of the presence vector is 1. A fast packet filter can be implemented by indexing the presence vector and looking for a 1, which will be referred to as the "test."

[00164] For example, suppose one wanted to represent the number 135 using a presence vector. The 135th bit of the vector would be set. Consequently, one could very quickly determine whether an address of 135 was valid by checking only one bit: the 135th bit. The presence vectors could be created in advance corresponding to the table entries for the IP addresses. In effect, the incoming addresses can be used as indices into a long vector, making comparisons very fast. As each RNG generates a new address, the presence vector is updated to reflect the information. As the window moves, the presence vector is updated to zero out addresses that are no longer valid.

[00165] There is a trade-off between efficiency of the test and the amount of memory required for storing the presence vector(s). For instance, if one were to use the 48 bits of hopping addresses as an index, the presence vector would have to be 35 terabytes. Clearly, this is too large for practical purposes. Instead, the 48 bits can be divided into several smaller fields. For instance, one could subdivide the 48 bits into four 12-bit fields (see FIG. 16). This reduces the storage requirement to 2048 bytes at the expense of occasionally having to process a hostile packet. In effect, instead of one long presence vector, the decomposed address portions must match all four shorter presence vectors before further processing is allowed. (If the first part of

the address portion doesn't match the first presence vector, there is no need to check the remaining three presence vectors).

[00166] A presence vector will have a 1 in the yth bit if and only if one or more addresses with a corresponding field of y are active. An address is active only if each presence vector indexed by the appropriate sub-field of the address is 1.

[00167] Consider a window of 32 active addresses and 3 checkpoints. A hostile packet will be rejected by the indexing of one presence vector more than 99% of the time. A hostile packet will be rejected by the indexing of all 4 presence vectors more than 99.9999995% of the time. On average, hostile packets will be rejected in less than 1.02 presence vector index operations.

[00168] The small percentage of hostile packets that pass the fast packet filter will be rejected when matching pairs are not found in the active window or are active checkpoints. Hostile packets that serendipitously match a header will be rejected when the VPN software attempts to decrypt the header. However, these cases will be extremely rare. There are many other ways this method can be configured to arbitrate the space/speed tradeoffs.

I. Further Synchronization Enhancements

[00169] A slightly modified form of the synchronization techniques described above can be employed. The basic principles of the previously described checkpoint synchronization scheme remain unchanged. The actions resulting from the reception of the checkpoints are, however, slightly different. In this variation, the receiver will maintain between OoO ("Out of Order") and 2xWINDOW_SIZE+OoO active addresses (1 ≤OoO ≤WINDOW_SIZE and WINDOW_SIZE ≥1). OoO and WINDOW_SIZE are engineerable parameters, where OoO is the minimum number of addresses needed to accommodate lost packets due to events in the network or out of order arrivals and WINDOW_SIZE is the number of packets transmitted before a SYNC_REQ is issued. FIG. 17 depicts a storage array for a receiver's active addresses.

[00170] The receiver starts with the first 2xWINDOW_SIZE addresses loaded and active (ready to receive data). As packets are received, the corresponding entries are marked as

"used" and are no longer eligible to receive packets. The transmitter maintains a packet counter, initially set to 0, containing the number of data packets transmitted since the last *initial* transmission of a SYNC_REQ for which SYNC_ACK has been received. When the transmitter packet counter equals WINDOW_SIZE, the transmitter generates a SYNC_REQ and does its initial transmission. When the receiver receives a SYNC_REQ corresponding to its current CKPT_N, it generates the next WINDOW_SIZE addresses and starts loading them in order starting at the first location after the last active address wrapping around to the beginning of the array after the end of the array has been reached. The receiver's array might look like FIG. 18 when a SYNC_REQ has been received. In this case a couple of packets have been either lost or will be received out of order when the SYNC_REQ is received.

[00171] FIG. 19 shows the receiver's array after the new addresses have been generated. If the transmitter does not receive a SYNC_ACK, it will re-issue the SYNC_REQ at regular intervals. When the transmitter receives a SYNC_ACK, the packet counter is decremented by WINDOW_SIZE. If the packet counter reaches 2xWINDOW_SIZE — OoO then the transmitter ceases sending data packets until the appropriate SYNC_ACK is finally received. The transmitter then resumes sending data packets. Future behavior is essentially a repetition of this initial cycle. The advantages of this approach are:

- 7. There is no need for an efficient jump ahead in the random number generator,
- 8. No packet is ever transmitted that does not have a corresponding entry in the receiver side
- 9. No timer based re-synchronization is necessary. This is a consequence of 2.
- 10. The receiver will always have the ability to accept data messages transmitted within OoO messages of the most recently transmitted message.

J. Distributed Transmission Path Variant

[00172] Another embodiment incorporating various inventive principles is shown in FIG. 20. In this embodiment, a message transmission system includes a first computer 2001 in communication with a second computer 2002 through a network 2011 of intermediary

computers. In one variant of this embodiment, the network includes two edge routers 2003 and 2004 each of which is linked to a plurality of Internet Service Providers (ISPs) 2005 through 2010. Each ISP is coupled to a plurality of other ISPs in an arrangement as shown in FIG. 20, which is a representative configuration only and is not intended to be limiting. Each connection between ISPs is labeled in FIG. 20 to indicate a specific physical transmission path (e.g., AD is a physical path that links ISP A (element 2005) to ISP D (element 2008)). Packets arriving at each edge router are selectively transmitted to one of the ISPs to which the router is attached on the basis of a randomly or quasi-randomly selected basis.

[00173] As shown in FIG. 21, computer 2001 or edge router 2003 incorporates a plurality of link transmission tables 2100 that identify, for each potential transmission path through the network, valid sets of IP addresses that can be used to transmit the packet. For example, AD table 2101 contains a plurality of IP source/destination pairs that are randomly or quasi-randomly generated. When a packet is to be transmitted from first computer 2001 to second computer 2002, one of the link tables is randomly (or quasi-randomly) selected, and the next valid source/destination address pair from that table is used to transmit the packet through the network. If path AD is randomly selected, for example, the next source/destination IP address pair (which is pre-determined to transmit between ISP A (element 2005) and ISP B (element 2008)) is used to transmit the packet. If one of the transmission paths becomes degraded or inoperative, that link table can be set to a "down" condition as shown in table 2105, thus preventing addresses from being selected from that table. Other transmission paths would be unaffected by this broken link.

3. CONTINUATION-IN-PART IMPROVEMENTS

[00174] The following describes various improvements and features that can be applied to the embodiments described above. The improvements include: (1) a load balancer that distributes packets across different transmission paths according to transmission path quality; (2) a DNS proxy server that transparently creates a virtual private network in response to a domain name inquiry; (3) a large-to-small link bandwidth management feature that prevents denial-of-service attacks at system chokepoints; (4) a traffic limiter that regulates incoming packets by limiting the rate at which a transmitter can be synchronized with a receiver; and (5) a signaling

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synchronizer that allows a large number of nodes to communicate with a central node by partitioning the communication function between two separate entities. Each is discussed separately below.

A. Load Balancer

[00175] Various embodiments described above include a system in which a transmitting node and a receiving node are coupled through a plurality of transmission paths, and wherein successive packets are distributed quasi-randomly over the plurality of paths. See, for example, FIGS. 20 and 21 and accompanying description. The improvement extends this basic concept to encompass distributing packets across different paths in such a manner that the loads on the paths are generally balanced according to transmission link quality.

[00176] In one embodiment, a system includes a transmitting node and a receiving node that are linked via a plurality of transmission paths having potentially varying transmission quality. Successive packets are transmitted over the paths based on a weight value distribution function for each path. The rate that packets will be transmitted over a given path can be different for each path. The relative "health" of each transmission path is monitored in order to identify paths that have become degraded. In one embodiment, the health of each path is monitored in the transmitter by comparing the number of packets transmitted to the number of packet acknowledgements received. Each transmission path may comprise a physically separate path (e.g., via dial-up phone line, computer network, router, bridge, or the like), or may comprise logically separate paths contained within a broadband communication medium (e.g., separate channels in an FDM, TDM, CDMA, or other type of modulated or unmodulated transmission link).

[00177] When the transmission quality of a path falls below a predetermined threshold and there are other paths that can transmit packets, the transmitter changes the weight value used for that path, making it less likely that a given packet will be transmitted over that path. The weight will preferably be set no lower than a minimum value that keeps nominal traffic on the path. The weights of the other available paths are altered to compensate for the change in the affected path. When the quality of a path degrades to where the transmitter is turned off by the

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synchronization function (i.e., no packets are arriving at the destination), the weight is set to zero. If all transmitters are turned off, no packets are sent.

[00178] Conventional TCP/IP protocols include a "throttling" feature that reduces the transmission rate of packets when it is determined that delays or errors are occurring in transmission. In this respect, timers are sometimes used to determine whether packets have been received. These conventional techniques for limiting transmission of packets, however, do not involve multiple transmission paths between two nodes wherein transmission across a particular path relative to the others is changed based on link quality.

[00179] According to certain embodiments, in order to damp oscillations that might otherwise occur if weight distributions are changed drastically (e.g., according to a step function), a linear or an exponential decay formula can be applied to gradually decrease the weight value over time that a degrading path will be used. Similarly, if the health of a degraded path improves, the weight value for that path is gradually increased.

[00180] Transmission link health can be evaluated by comparing the number of packets that are acknowledged within the transmission window (see embodiments discussed above) to the number of packets transmitted within that window and by the state of the transmitter (i.e., on or off). In other words, rather than accumulating general transmission statistics over time for a path, one specific implementation uses the "windowing" concepts described above to evaluate transmission path health.

[00181] The same scheme can be used to shift virtual circuit paths from an "unhealthy" path to a "healthy" one, and to select a path for a new virtual circuit.

[00182] FIG. 22A shows a flowchart for adjusting weight values associated with a plurality of transmission links. It is assumed that software executing in one or more computer nodes executes the steps shown in FIG. 22A. It is also assumed that the software can be stored on a computer-readable medium such as a magnetic or optical disk for execution by a computer.

[00183] Beginning in step 2201, the transmission quality of a given transmission path is measured. As described above, this measurement can be based on a comparison between the

number of packets transmitted over a particular link to the number of packet acknowledgements received over the link (e.g., per unit time, or in absolute terms). Alternatively, the quality can be evaluated by comparing the number of packets that are acknowledged within the transmission window to the number of packets that were transmitted within that window. In yet another variation, the number of missed synchronization messages can be used to indicate link quality. Many other variations are of course possible.

[00184] In step 2202, a check is made to determine whether more than one transmitter (e.g., transmission path) is turned on. If not, the process is terminated and resumes at step 2201.

[00185] In step 2203, the link quality is compared to a given threshold (e.g., 50%, or any arbitrary number). If the quality falls below the threshold, then in step 2207 a check is made to determine whether the weight is above a minimum level (e.g., 1%). If not, then in step 2209 the weight is set to the minimum level and processing resumes at step 2201. If the weight is above the minimum level, then in step 2208 the weight is gradually decreased for the path, then in step 2206 the weights for the remaining paths are adjusted accordingly to compensate (e.g., they are increased).

[00186] If in step 2203 the quality of the path was greater than or equal to the threshold, then in step 2204 a check is made to determine whether the weight is less than a steady-state value for that path. If so, then in step 2205 the weight is increased toward the steady-state value, and in step 2206 the weights for the remaining paths are adjusted accordingly to compensate (e.g., they are decreased). If in step 2204 the weight is not less than the steady-state value, then processing resumes at step 2201 without adjusting the weights.

[00187] The weights can be adjusted incrementally according to various functions, preferably by changing the value gradually. In one embodiment, a linearly decreasing function is used to adjust the weights; according to another embodiment, an exponential decay function is used. Gradually changing the weights helps to damp oscillators that might otherwise occur if the probabilities were abruptly.

[00188] Although not explicitly shown in FIG. 22A the process can be performed only periodically (e.g., according to a time schedule), or it can be continuously run, such as in a background mode of operation. In one embodiment, the combined weights of all potential paths should add up to unity (e.g., when the weighting for one path is decreased, the corresponding weights that the other paths will be selected will increase).

[00189] Adjustments to weight values for other paths can be prorated. For example, a decrease of 10% in weight value for one path could result in an evenly distributed increase in the weights for the remaining paths. Alternatively, weightings could be adjusted according to a weighted formula as desired (e.g., favoring healthy paths over less healthy paths). In yet another variation, the difference in weight value can be amortized over the remaining links in a manner that is proportional to their traffic weighting.

[00190] FIG. 22B shows steps that can be executed to shut down transmission links where a transmitter turns off. In step 2210, a transmitter shut-down event occurs. In step 2211, a test is made to determine whether at least one transmitter is still turned on. If not, then in step 2215 all packets are dropped until a transmitter turns on. If in step 2211 at least one transmitter is turned on, then in step 2212 the weight for the path is set to zero, and the weights for the remaining paths are adjusted accordingly.

[00191] FIG. 23 shows a computer node 2301 employing various principles of the above- described embodiments. It is assumed that two computer nodes of the type shown in FIG. 23 communicate over a plurality of separate physical transmission paths. As shown in FIG. 23, four transmission paths X1 through X4 are defined for communicating between the two nodes. Each node includes a packet transmitter 2302 that operates in accordance with a transmit table 2308 as described above. (The packet transmitter could also operate without using the IP-hopping features described above, but the following description assumes that some form of hopping is employed in conjunction with the path selection mechanism.). The computer node also includes a packet receiver 2303 that operates in accordance with a receive table 2309, including a moving window W that moves as valid packets are received. Invalid packets having source and destination addresses that do not fall within window W are rejected.

[00192] As each packet is readied for transmission, source and destination IP addresses (or other discriminator values) are selected from transmit table 2308 according to any of the various algorithms described above, and packets containing these source/destination address pairs, which correspond to the node to which the four transmission paths are linked, are generated to a transmission path switch 2307. Switch 2307, which can comprise a software function, selects from one of the available transmission paths according to a weight distribution table 2306. For example, if the weight for path X1 is 0.2, then every fifth packet will be transmitted on path X1. A similar regime holds true for the other paths as shown. Initially, each link's weight value can be set such that it is proportional to its bandwidth, which will be referred to as its "steady-state" value.

[00193] Packet receiver 2303 generates an output to a link quality measurement function 2304 that operates as described above to determine the quality of each transmission path. (The input to packet receiver 2303 for receiving incoming packets is omitted for clarity). Link quality measurement function 2304 compares the link quality to a threshold for each transmission link and, if necessary, generates an output to weight adjustment function 2305. If a weight adjustment is required, then the weights in table 2306 are adjusted accordingly, preferably according to a gradual (e.g., linearly or exponentially declining) function. In one embodiment, the weight values for all available paths are initially set to the same value, and only when paths degrade in quality are the weights changed to reflect differences.

[00194] Link quality measurement function 2304 can be made to operate as part of a synchronizer function as described above. That is, if resynchronization occurs and the receiver detects that synchronization has been lost (e.g., resulting in the synchronization window W being advanced out of sequence), that fact can be used to drive link quality measurement function 2304. According to one embodiment, load balancing is performed using information garnered during the normal synchronization, augmented slightly to communicate link health from the receiver to the transmitter. The receiver maintains a count, MESS_R(W), of the messages received in synchronization window W. When it receives a synchronization request (SYNC_REQ) corresponding to the end of window W, the receiver includes counter MESS_R in the resulting synchronization acknowledgement (SYNC_ACK) sent back to the transmitter. This

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allows the transmitter to compare messages sent to messages received in order to asses the health of the link.

[00195] If synchronization is completely lost, weight adjustment function 2305 decreases the weight value on the affected path to zero. When synchronization is regained, the weight value for the affected path is gradually increased to its original value. Alternatively, link quality can be measured by evaluating the length of time required for the receiver to acknowledge a synchronization request. In one embodiment, separate transmit and receive tables are used for each transmission path.

[00196] When the transmitter receives a SYNC_ACK, the MESS_R is compared with the number of messages transmitted in a window (MESS_T). When the transmitter receives a SYNC_ACK, the traffic probabilities will be examined and adjusted if necessary. MESS_R is compared with the number of messages transmitted in a window (MESS_T). There are two possibilities:

1. If MESS_R is less than a threshold value, THRESH, then the link will be deemed to be unhealthy. If the transmitter was turned off, the transmitter is turned on and the weight P for that link will be set to a minimum value MIN. This will keep a trickle of traffic on the link for monitoring purposes until it recovers. If the transmitter was turned on, the weight P for that link will be set to:

$$P' = \alpha x MIN + (1 - \alpha)xP(1)$$

Equation 1 will exponentially damp the traffic weight value to MIN during sustained periods of degraded service.

2. If MESS_R for a link is greater than or equal to THRESH, the link will be deemed healthy. If the weight P for that link is greater than or equal to the steady state value S for that link, then P is left unaltered. If the weight P for that link is less than THRESH then P will be set to:

$$P' = \beta x S + (1 - \beta) x P (2)$$

where β is a parameter such that $0 \le \beta \le 1$ that determines the damping rate of P.

[00197] Equation 2 will increase the traffic weight to S during sustained periods of acceptable service in a damped exponential fashion.

[00198] A detailed example will now be provided with reference to FIG. 24. As shown in FIG. 24, a first computer 2401 communicates with a second computer 2402 through two routers 2403 and 2404. Each router is coupled to the other router through three transmission links. As described above, these may be physically diverse links or logical links (including virtual private networks).

[00199] Suppose that a first link L1 can sustain a transmission bandwidth of 100 Mb/s and has a window size of 32; link L2 can sustain 75 Mb/s and has a window size of 24; and link L3 can sustain 25 Mb/s and has a window size of 8. The combined links can thus sustain 200Mb/s. The steady state traffic weights are 0.5 for link L1; 0.375 for link L2, and 0.125 for link L3. MIN=1Mb/s, THRESH =0.8 MESS_T for each link, α =.75 and β =.5. These traffic weights will remain stable until a link stops for synchronization or reports a number of packets received less than its THRESH. Consider the following sequence of events:

- 1. Link L1 receives a SYNC_ACK containing a MESS_R of 24, indicating that only 75% of the MESS_T (32) messages transmitted in the last window were successfully received. Link 1 would be below THRESH (0.8). Consequently, link L1's traffic weight value would be reduced to 0.12825, while link L2's traffic weight value would be increased to 0.65812 and link L3's traffic weight value would be increased to 0.217938.
- 2. Link L2 and L3 remained healthy and link L1 stopped to synchronize. Then link L1's traffic weight value would be set to 0, link L2's traffic weight value would be set to 0.75, and link L33's traffic weight value would be set to 0.25.
- 3. Link L1 finally received a SYNC_ACK containing a MESS_R of 0 indicating that none of the MESS_T (32) messages transmitted in the last window were successfully received. Link L1 would be below THRESH. Link L1's traffic weight value would be increased to .005,

link L2's traffic weight value would be decreased to 0.74625, and link L3's traffic weight value would be decreased to 0.24875.

- 4. Link Ll received a SYNC_ACK containing a MESS_R of 32 indicating that 100% of the MESS_T (32) messages transmitted in the last window were successfully received. Link L1 would be above THRESH. Link L1's traffic weight value would be increased to 0.2525, while link L2's traffic weight value would be decreased to 0.560625 and link L3's traffic weight value would be decreased to .186875.
- 5. Link L1 received a SYNC_ACK containing a MESS_R of 32 indicating that 100% of the MESS_T (32) messages transmitted in the last window were successfully received. Link L1 would be above THRESH. Link L1's traffic weight value would be increased to 0.37625; link L2's traffic weight value would be decreased to 0.4678125, and link L3's traffic weight value would be decreased to 0.1559375.
- 6. Link L1 remains healthy and the traffic probabilities approach their steady state traffic probabilities.

B. Use of a DNS Proxy to Transparently Create Virtual Private Networks

[00200] A second improvement concerns the automatic creation of a virtual private network (VPN) in response to a domain-name server look-up function.

- [00201] Conventional Domain Name Servers (DNSs) provide a look-up function that returns the IP address of a requested computer or host. For example, when a computer user types in the web name "Yahoo.com," the user's web browser transmits a request to a DNS, which converts the name into a four-part IP address that is returned to the user's browser and then used by the browser to contact the destination web site.
- [00202] This conventional scheme is shown in FIG. 25. A user's computer 2501 includes a client application 2504 (for example, a web browser) and an IP protocol stack 2505. When the user enters the name of a destination host, a request DNS REQ is made (through IP protocol stack 2505) to a DNS 2502 to look up the IP address associated with the name. The DNS returns the IP address DNS RESP to client application 2504, which is then able to use the

IP address to communicate with the host 2503 through separate transactions such as PAGE REQ and PAGE RESP.

[00203] In the conventional architecture shown in FIG. 25, nefarious listeners on the Internet could intercept the DNS REQ and DNS RESP packets and thus learn what IP addresses the user was contacting. For example, if a user wanted to set up a secure communication path with a web site having the name "Target.com," when the user's browser contacted a DNS to find the IP address for that web site, the true IP address of that web site would be revealed over the Internet as part of the DNS inquiry. This would hamper anonymous communications on the Internet.

[00204] One conventional scheme that provides secure virtual private networks over the Internet provides the DNS server with the public keys of the machines that the DNS server has the addresses for. This allows hosts to retrieve automatically the public keys of a host that the host is to communicate with so that the host can set up a VPN without having the user enter the public key of the destination host. One implementation of this standard is presently being developed as part of the FreeS/WAN project(RFC 2535).

[00205] The conventional scheme suffers from certain drawbacks. For example, any user can perform a DNS request. Moreover, DNS requests resolve to the same value for all users.

[00206] According to certain aspects of the invention, a specialized DNS server traps DNS requests and, if the request is from a special type of user (e.g., one for which secure communication services are defined), the server does not return the true IP address of the target node, but instead automatically sets up a virtual private network between the target node and the user. The VPN is preferably implemented using the IP address "hopping" features of the basic invention described above, such that the true identity of the two nodes cannot be determined even if packets during the communication are intercepted. For DNS requests that are determined to not require secure services (e.g., an unregistered user), the DNS server transparently "passes through" the request to provide a normal look-up function and return the IP address of the target web server, provided that the requesting host has permissions to resolve unsecured sites. Different users who make an identical DNS request could be provided with different results.

[00207] FIG. 26 shows a system employing various principles summarized above. A user's computer 2601 includes a conventional client (e.g., a web browser) 2605 and an IP protocol stack 2606 that preferably operates in accordance with an IP hopping function 2607 as outlined above. A modified DNS server 2602 includes a conventional DNS server function 2609 and a DNS proxy 2610. A gatekeeper server 2603 is interposed between the modified DNS server and a secure target site 2704. An "unsecure" target site 2611 is also accessible via conventional IP protocols.

[00208] According to one embodiment, DNS proxy 2610 intercepts all DNS lookup functions from client 2605 and determines whether access to a secure site has been requested. If access to a secure site has been requested (as determined, for example, by a domain name extension, or by reference to an internal table of such sites), DNS proxy 2610 determines whether the user has sufficient security privileges to access the site. If so, DNS proxy 2610 transmits a message to gatekeeper 2603 requesting that a virtual private network be created between user computer 2601 and secure target site 2604. In one embodiment, gatekeeper 2603 creates "hopblocks" to be used by computer 2601 and secure target site 2604 for secure communication. Then, gatekeeper 2603 communicates these to user computer 2601. Thereafter, DNS proxy 2610 returns to user computer 2601 the resolved address passed to it by the gatekeeper (this address could be different from the actual target computer) 2604, preferably using a secure administrative VPN. The address that is returned need not be the actual address of the destination computer.

[00209] Had the user requested lookup of a non-secure web site such as site 2611, DNS proxy would merely pass through to conventional DNS server 2609 the look-up request, which would be handled in a conventional manner, returning the IP address of non-secure web site 2611. If the user had requested lookup of a secure web site but lacked credentials to create such a connection, DNS proxy 2610 would return a "host unknown" error to the user. In this manner, different users requesting access to the same DNS name could be provided with different look-up results.

[00210] Gatekeeper 2603 can be implemented on a separate computer (as shown in FIG. 26) or as a function within modified DNS server 2602. In general, it is anticipated that

gatekeeper 2703 facilitates the allocation and exchange of information needed to communicate securely, such as using "hopped" IP addresses. Secure hosts such as site 2604 are assumed to be equipped with a secure communication function such as an IP hopping function 2608.

[00211] It will be appreciated that the functions of DNS proxy 2610 and DNS server 2609 can be combined into a single server for convenience. Moreover, although element 2602 is shown as combining the functions of two servers, the two servers can be made to operate independently.

[00212] FIG. 27 shows steps that can be executed by DNS proxy server 2610 to handle requests for DNS look-up for secure hosts. In step 2701, a DNS look-up request is received for a target host. In step 2702, a check is made to determine whether access to a secure host was requested. If not, then in step 2703 the DNS request is passed to conventional DNS server 2609, which looks up the IP address of the target site and returns it to the user's application for further processing.

[00213] In step 2702, if access to a secure host was requested, then in step 2704 a further check is made to determine whether the user is authorized to connect to the secure host. Such a check can be made with reference to an internally stored list of authorized IP addresses, or can be made by communicating with gatekeeper 2603 (e.g., over an "administrative" VPN that is secure). It will be appreciated that different levels of security can also be provided for different categories of hosts. For example, some sites may be designated as having a certain security level, and the security level of the user requesting access must match that security level. The user's security level can also be determined by transmitting a request message back to the user's computer requiring that it prove that it has sufficient privileges.

[00214] If the user is not authorized to access the secure site, then a "host unknown" message is returned (step 2705). If the user has sufficient security privileges, then in step 2706 a secure VPN is established between the user's computer and the secure target site. As described above, this is preferably done by allocating a hopping regime that will be carried out between the user's computer and the secure target site, and is preferably performed transparently to the user (i.e., the user need not be involved in creating the secure link). As described in various

embodiments of this application, any of various fields can be "hopped" (e.g., IP source/destination addresses; a field in the header; etc.) in order to communicate securely.

[00215] Some or all of the security functions can be embedded in gatekeeper 2603, such that it handles all requests to connect to secure sites. In this embodiment, DNS proxy 2610 communicates with gatekeeper 2603 to determine (preferably over a secure administrative VPN) whether the user has access to a particular web site. Various scenarios for implementing these features are described by way of example below:

[00216] Scenario #1: Client has permission to access target computer, and gatekeeper has a rule to make a VPN for the client. In this scenario, the client's DNS request would be received by the DNS proxy server 2610, which would forward the request to gatekeeper 2603. The gatekeeper would establish a VPN between the client and the requested target. The gatekeeper would provide the address of the destination to the DNS proxy, which would then return the resolved name as a result. The resolved address can be transmitted back to the client in a secure administrative VPN.

[00217] Scenario #2: Client does not have permission to access target computer. In this scenario, the client's DNS request would be received by the DNS proxy server 2610, which would forward the request to gatekeeper 2603. The gatekeeper would reject the request, informing DNS proxy server 2610 that it was unable to find the target computer. The DNS proxy 2610 would then return a "host unknown" error message to the client.

[00218] Scenario #3: Client has permission to connect using a normal non-VPN link, and the gatekeeper does not have a rule to set up a VPN for the client to the target site. In this scenario, the client's DNS request is received by DNS proxy server 2610, which would check its rules and determine that no VPN is needed. Gatekeeper 2603 would then inform the DNS proxy server to forward the request to conventional DNS server 2609, which would resolve the request and return the result to the DNS proxy server and then back to the client.

[00219] Scenario #4: Client does not have permission to establish a normal/non-VPN link, and the gatekeeper does not have a rule to make a VPN for the client to the target site. In

this scenario, the DNS proxy server would receive the client's DNS request and forward it to gatekeeper 2603. Gatekeeper 2603 would determine that no special VPN was needed, but that the client is not authorized to communicate with non-VPN members. The gatekeeper would reject the request, causing DNS proxy server 2610 to return an error message to the client.

C. Large Link to Small Link Bandwidth Management

[00220] One feature of the basic architecture is the ability to prevent so-called "denial of service" attacks that can occur if a computer hacker floods a known Internet node with packets, thus preventing the node from communicating with other nodes. Because IP addresses or other fields are "hopped" and packets arriving with invalid addresses are quickly discarded, Internet nodes are protected against flooding targeted at a single IP address.

[00221] In a system in which a computer is coupled through a link having a limited bandwidth (e.g., an edge router) to a node that can support a much higher-bandwidth link (e.g., an Internet Service Provider), a potential weakness could be exploited by a determined hacker. Referring to FIG. 28, suppose that a first host computer 2801 is communicating with a second host computer 2804 using the IP address hopping principles described above. The first host computer is coupled through an edge router 2802 to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) 2803 through a low bandwidth link (LOW BW), and is in turn coupled to second host computer 2804 through parts of the Internet through a high bandwidth link (HIGH BW). In this architecture, the ISP is able to support a high bandwidth to the internet, but a much lower bandwidth to the edge router 2802.

[00222] Suppose that a computer hacker is able to transmit a large quantity of dummy packets addressed to first host computer 2801 across high bandwidth link HIGH BW. Normally, host computer 2801 would be able to quickly reject the packets since they would not fall within the acceptance window permitted by the IP address hopping scheme. However, because the packets must travel across low bandwidth link LOW BW, the packets overwhelm the lower bandwidth link before they are received by host computer 2801. Consequently, the link to host computer 2801 is effectively flooded before the packets can be discarded.

[00223] According to one inventive improvement, a "link guard" function 2805 is inserted into the high-bandwidth node (e.g., ISP 2803) that quickly discards packets destined for a low-bandwidth target node if they are not valid packets. Each packet destined for a low-bandwidth node is cryptographically authenticated to determine whether it belongs to a VPN. If it is not a valid VPN packet, the packet is discarded at the high-bandwidth node. If the packet is authenticated as belonging to a VPN, the packet is passed with high preference. If the packet is a valid non-VPN packet, it is passed with a lower quality of service (e.g., lower priority).

[00224] In one embodiment, the ISP distinguishes between VPN and non-VPN packets using the protocol of the packet. In the case of IPSEC [rfc 2401], the packets have IP protocols 420 and 421. In the case of the TARP VPN, the packets will have an IP protocol that is not yet defined. The ISP's link guard, 2805, maintains a table of valid VPNs which it uses to validate whether VPN packets are cryptographically valid. According to one embodiment, packets that do not fall within any hop windows used by nodes on the low-bandwidth link are rejected, or are sent with a lower quality of service. One approach for doing this is to provide a copy of the IP hopping tables used by the low-bandwidth nodes to the high-bandwidth node, such that both the high-bandwidth and low-bandwidth nodes track hopped packets (e.g., the high-bandwidth node moves its hopping window as valid packets are received). In such a scenario, the high-bandwidth node discards packets that do not fall within the hopping window before they are transmitted over the low-bandwidth link. Thus, for example, ISP 2903 maintains a copy 2910 of the receive table used by host computer 2901. Incoming packets that do not fall within this receive table are discarded. According to a different embodiment, link guard 2805 validates each VPN packet using a keyed hashed message authentication code (HMAC) [rfc 2104].

[00225] According to another embodiment, separate VPNs (using, for example, hopblocks) can be established for communicating between the low-bandwidth node and the high-bandwidth node (i.e., packets arriving at the high-bandwidth node are converted into different packets before being transmitted to the low-bandwidth node).

[00226] As shown in FIG. 29, for example, suppose that a first host computer 2900 is communicating with a second host computer 2902 over the Internet, and the path includes a high

bandwidth link HIGH BW to an ISP 2901 and a low bandwidth link LOW BW through an edge router 2904. In accordance with the basic architecture described above, first host computer 2900 and second host computer 2902 would exchange hopblocks (or a hopblock algorithm) and would be able to create matching transmit and receive tables 2905, 2906, 2912 and 2913. Then in accordance with the basic architecture, the two computers would transmit packets having seemingly random IP source and destination addresses, and each would move a corresponding hopping window in its receive table as valid packets were received.

[00227] Suppose that a nefarious computer hacker 2903 was able to deduce that packets having a certain range of IP addresses (e.g., addresses 100 to 200 for the sake of simplicity) are being transmitted to ISP 2901, and that these packets are being forwarded over a low-bandwidth link. Hacker computer 2903 could thus "flood" packets having addresses falling into the range 100 to 200, expecting that they would be forwarded along low bandwidth link LOW BW, thus causing the low bandwidth link to become overwhelmed. The fast packet reject mechanism in first host computer 3000 would be of little use in rejecting these packets, since the low bandwidth link was effectively jammed before the packets could be rejected. In accordance with one aspect of the improvement, however, VPN link guard 2911 would prevent the attack from impacting the performance of VPN traffic because the packets would either be rejected as invalid VPN packets or given a lower quality of service than VPN traffic over the lower bandwidth link. A denial-of- service flood attack could, however, still disrupt non-VPN traffic.

[00228] According to one embodiment of the improvement, ISP 2901 maintains a separate VPN with first host computer 2900, and thus translates packets arriving at the ISP into packets having a different IP header before they are transmitted to host computer 2900. The cryptographic keys used to authenticate VPN packets at the link guard 2911 and the cryptographic keys used to encrypt and decrypt the VPN packets at host 2902 and host 2901 can be different, so that link guard 2911 does not have access to the private host data; it only has the capability to authenticate those packets.

[00229] According to yet a third embodiment, the low-bandwidth node can transmit a special message to the high-bandwidth node instructing it to shut down all transmissions on a particular IP address, such that only hopped packets will pass through to the low-bandwidth

node. This embodiment would prevent a hacker from flooding packets using a single IP address. According to yet a fourth embodiment, the high-bandwidth node can be configured to discard packets transmitted to the low-bandwidth node if the transmission rate exceeds a certain predetermined threshold for any given IP address; this would allow hopped packets to go through. In this respect, link guard 2911 can be used to detect that the rate of packets on a given IP address are exceeding a threshold rate; further packets addressed to that same IP address would be dropped or transmitted at a lower priority (e.g., delayed).

D. Traffic Limiter

[00230] In a system in which multiple nodes are communicating using "hopping" technology, a treasonous insider could internally flood the system with packets. In order to prevent this possibility, one inventive improvement involves setting up "contracts" between nodes in the system, such that a receiver can impose a bandwidth limitation on each packet sender. One technique for doing this is to delay acceptance of a checkpoint synchronization request from a sender until a certain time period (e.g., one minute) has elapsed. Each receiver can effectively control the rate at which its hopping window moves by delaying "SYNC_ACK" responses to "SYNC_REQ" messages.

[00231] A simple modification to the checkpoint synchronizer will serve to protect a receiver from accidental or deliberate overload from an internally treasonous client. This modification is based on the observation that a receiver will not update its tables until a SYNC_REQ is received on hopped address CKPT_N. It is a simple matter of deferring the generation of a new CKPT_N until an appropriate interval after previous checkpoints.

[00232] Suppose a receiver wished to restrict reception from a transmitter to 100 packets a second, and that checkpoint synchronization messages were triggered every 50 packets, A compliant transmitter would not issue new SYNC_REQ messages more often than every 0.5 seconds. The receiver could delay a non-compliant transmitter from synchronizing by delaying the issuance of CKPT_N for 0.5 second after the last SYNC_REQ was accepted.

[00233] In general, if M receivers need to restrict N transmitters issuing new SYNC_REQ messages after every W messages to sending R messages a second in aggregate,

each receiver could defer issuing a new CKPT_N until MxNxW/R seconds have elapsed since the last SYNC_REQ has been received and accepted. If the transmitter exceeds this rate between a pair of checkpoints, it will issue the new checkpoint before the receiver is ready to receive it, and the SYNC_REQ will be discarded by the receiver. After this, the transmitter will re-issue the SYNC_REQ every T1 seconds until it receives a SYNC_ACK. The receiver will eventually update CKPT_N and the SYNC_REQ will be acknowledged. If the transmission rate greatly exceeds the allowed rate, the transmitter will stop until it is compliant. If the transmitter exceeds the allowed rate by a little, it will eventually stop after several rounds of delayed synchronization until it is in compliance. Hacking the transmitter's code to not shut off only permits the transmitter to lose the acceptance window. In this case it can recover the window and proceed only after it is compliant again.

[00234] Two practical issues should be considered when implementing the above scheme:

- 7. The receiver rate should be slightly higher than the permitted rate in order to allow for statistical fluctuations in traffic arrival times and non-uniform load balancing.
- 8. Since a transmitter will rightfully continue to transmit for a period after a SYNC_REQ is transmitted, the algorithm above can artificially reduce the transmitter's bandwidth. If events prevent a compliant transmitter from synchronizing for a period (e.g. the network dropping a SYNC_REQ or a SYNC_ACK) a SYNC_REQ will be accepted later than expected. After this, the transmitter will transmit fewer than expected messages before encountering the next checkpoint. The new checkpoint will not have been activated and the transmitter will have to retransmit the SYNC_REQ. This will appear to the receiver as if the transmitter is not compliant. Therefore, the next checkpoint will be accepted late from the transmitter's perspective. This has the effect of reducing the transmitter's allowed packet rate until the transmitter transmits at a packet rate below the agreed upon rate for a period of time.

[00235] To guard against this, the receiver should keep track of the times that the last C SYNC_REQs were received and accepted and use the minimum of MxNxW/R seconds after the last SYNC_REQ has been received and accepted, 2xMxNxW/R seconds after next to the last

SYNC_REQ has been received and accepted, CxMxNxW/R seconds after (C-1)th to the last SYNC_REQ has been received, as the time to activate CKPT_N. This prevents the receiver from inappropriately limiting the transmitter's packet rate if at least one out of the last C SYNC_REQs was processed on the first attempt.

[00236] FIG. 30 shows a system employing the above-described principles. In FIG. 30, two computers 3000 and 3001 are assumed to be communicating over a network N in accordance with the "hopping" principles described above (e.g., hopped IP addresses, discriminator values, etc.). For the sake of simplicity, computer 3000 will be referred to as the receiving computer and computer 3001 will be referred to as the transmitting computer, although full duplex operation is of course contemplated. Moreover, although only a single transmitter is shown, multiple transmitters can transmit to receiver 3000.

[00237] As described above, receiving computer 3000 maintains a receive table 3002 including a window W that defines valid IP address pairs that will be accepted when appearing in incoming data packets. Transmitting computer 3001 maintains a transmit table 3003 from which the next IP address pairs will be selected when transmitting a packet to receiving computer 3000. (For the sake of illustration, window W is also illustrated with reference to transmit table 3003). As transmitting computer moves through its table, it will eventually generate a SYNC_REQ message as illustrated in function 3010. This is a request to receiver 3000 to synchronize the receive table 3002, from which transmitter 3001 expects a response in the form of a CKPT_N (included as part of a SYNC_ACK message). If transmitting computer 3001 transmits more messages than its allotment, it will prematurely generate the SYNC_REQ message. (If it has been altered to remove the SYNC_REQ message generation altogether, it will fall out of synchronization since receiver 3000 will quickly reject packets that fall outside of window W, and the extra packets generated by transmitter 3001 will be discarded).

[00238] In accordance with the improvements described above, receiving computer 3000 performs certain steps when a SYNC_REQ message is received, as illustrated in FIG. 30. In step 3004, receiving computer 3000 receives the SYNC_REQ message. In step 3005, a check is made to determine whether the request is a duplicate. If so, it is discarded in step 3006. In step 3007, a check is made to determine whether the SYNC_REQ received from transmitter 3001 was

received at a rate that exceeds the allowable rate R (i.e., the period between the time of the last SYNC_REQ message). The value R can be a constant, or it can be made to fluctuate as desired. If the rate exceeds R, then in step 3008 the next activation of the next CKPT_N hopping table entry is delayed by W/R seconds after the last SYNC_REQ has been accepted.

[00239] Otherwise, if the rate has not been exceeded, then in step 3109 the next CKPT_N value is calculated and inserted into the receiver's hopping table prior to the next SYNC_REQ from the transmitter 3101. Transmitter 3101 then processes the SYNC_REQ in the normal manner.

E. Signaling Synchronizer

[00240] In a system in which a large number of users communicate with a central node using secure hopping technology, a large amount of memory must be set aside for hopping tables and their supporting data structures. For example, if one million subscribers to a web site occasionally communicate with the web site, the site must maintain one million hopping tables, thus using up valuable computer resources, even though only a small percentage of the users may actually be using the system at any one time. A desirable solution would be a system that permits a certain maximum number of simultaneous links to be maintained, but which would "recognize" millions of registered users at any one time. In other words, out of a population of a million registered users, a few thousand at a time could simultaneously communicate with a central server, without requiring that the server maintain one million hopping tables of appreciable size.

[00241] One solution is to partition the central node into two nodes: a signaling server that performs session initiation for user log-on and log-off (and requires only minimally sized tables), and a transport server that contains larger hopping tables for the users. The signaling server listens for the millions of known users and performs a fast-packet reject of other (bogus) packets. When a packet is received from a known user, the signaling server activates a virtual private link (VPL) between the user and the transport server, where hopping tables are allocated and maintained. When the user logs onto the signaling server, the user's computer is provided with hop tables for communicating with the transport server, thus activating the VPL. The VPLs can be torn down when they become inactive for a time period, or they can be torn down upon

user log-out. Communication with the signaling server to allow user log-on and log-off can be accomplished using a specialized version of the checkpoint scheme described above.

[00242] FIG. 31 shows a system employing certain of the above-described principles. In FIG. 31, a signaling server 3101 and a transport server 3102 communicate over a link. Signaling server 3101 contains a large number of small tables 3106 and 3107 that contain enough information to authenticate a communication request with one or more clients 3103 and 3104. As described in more detail below, these small tables may advantageously be constructed as a special case of the synchronizing checkpoint tables described previously. Transport server 3102, which is preferably a separate computer in communication with signaling server 3101, contains a smaller number of larger hopping tables 3108, 3109, and 3110 that can be allocated to create a VPN with one of the client computers.

[00243] According to one embodiment, a client that has previously registered with the system (e.g., via a system administration function, a user registration procedure, or some other method) transmits a request for information from a computer (e.g., a web site). In one variation, the request is made using a "hopped" packet, such that signaling server 3101 will quickly reject invalid packets from unauthorized computers such as hacker computer 3105. An "administrative" VPN can be established between all of the clients and the signaling server in order to ensure that a hacker cannot flood signaling server 3101 with bogus packets. Details of this scheme are provided below.

[00244] Signaling server 3101 receives the request 3111 and uses it to determine that client 3103 is a validly registered user. Next, signaling server 3101 issues a request to transport server 3102 to allocate a hopping table (or hopping algorithm or other regime) for the purpose of creating a VPN with client 3103. The allocated hopping parameters are returned to signaling server 3101 (path 3113), which then supplies the hopping parameters to client 3103 via path 3114, preferably in encrypted form.

[00245] Thereafter, client 3103 communicates with transport server 3102 using the normal hopping techniques described above. It will be appreciated that although signaling server 3101 and transport server 3102 are illustrated as being two separate computers, they could of

course be combined into a single computer and their functions performed on the single computer. Alternatively, it is possible to partition the functions shown in FIG. 31 differently from as shown without departing from the inventive principles.

[00246] One advantage of the above-described architecture is that signaling server 3101 need only maintain a small amount of information on a large number of potential users, yet it retains the capability of quickly rejecting packets from unauthorized users such as hacker computer 3105. Larger data tables needed to perform the hopping and synchronization functions are instead maintained in a transport server 3102, and a smaller number of these tables are needed since they are only allocated for "active" links. After a VPN has become inactive for a certain time period (e.g., one hour), the VPN can be automatically torn down by transport server 3102 or signaling server 3101.

[00247] A more detailed description will now be provided regarding how a special case of the checkpoint synchronization feature can be used to implement the signaling scheme described above.

[00248] The signaling synchronizer may be required to support many (millions) of standing, low bandwidth connections. It therefore should minimize per-VPL memory usage while providing the security offered by hopping technology. In order to reduce memory usage in the signaling server, the data hopping tables can be completely eliminated and data can be carried as part of the SYNC_REQ message. The table used by the server side (receiver) and client side (transmitter) is shown schematically as element 3106 in FIG. 31.

[00249] The meaning and behaviors of CKPT_N, CKPT_O and CKPT_R remain the same from the previous description, except that CKPT_N can receive a combined data and SYNC_REQ message or a SYNC_REQ message without the data.

[00250] The protocol is a straightforward extension of the earlier synchronizer. Assume that a client transmitter is on and the tables are synchronized. The initial tables can be generated "out of band." For example, a client can log into a web server to establish an account

over the Internet. The client will receive keys etc encrypted over the Internet. Meanwhile, the server will set up the signaling VPN on the signaling server.

- [00251] Assuming that a client application wishes to send a packet to the server on the client's standing signaling VPL:
 - 9. The client sends the message marked as a data message on the inner header using the transmitter's CKPT_N address. It turns the transmitter off and starts a timer T1 noting CKPT_O. Messages can be one of three types: DATA, SYNC_REQ and SYNC_ACK. In the normal algorithm, some potential problems can be prevented by identifying each message type as part of the encrypted inner header field. In this algorithm, it is important to distinguish a data packet and a SYNC_REQ in the signaling synchronizer since the data and the SYNC_REQ come in on the same address.
 - 10. When the server receives a data message on its CKPT_N, it verifies the message and passes it up the stack. The message can be verified by checking message type and other information (i.e., user credentials) contained in the inner header It replaces its CKPT_O with CKPT_N and generates the next CKPT_N. It updates its transmitter side CKPT_R to correspond to the client's receiver side CKPT_R and transmits a SYNC_ACK containing CKPT_O in its payload.
 - 11. When the client side receiver receives a SYNC_ACK on its CKPT_R with a payload matching its transmitter side CKPT_O and the transmitter is off, the transmitter is turned on and the receiver side CKPT_R is updated. If the SYNC_ACK's payload does not match the transmitter side CKPT_O or the transmitter is on, the SYNC_ACK is simply discarded.
 - 12. T1 expires: If the transmitter is off and the client's transmitter side CKPT_O matches the CKPTO associated with the timer, it starts timer T1 noting CKPT_O again, and a SYNC_REQ is sent using the transmitter's CKPT_O address. Otherwise, no action is taken.
 - 13. When the server receives a SYNC_REQ on its CKPT_N, it replaces its CKPT_O with CKPT_N and generates the next CKPT_N. It updates its transmitter side CKPT_R to

correspond to the client's receiver side CKPT_R and transmits a SYNC_ACK containing CKPT_O in its payload.

14. When the server receives a SYNC_REQ on its CKPT_O, it updates its transmitter side CKPT_R to correspond to the client's receiver side CKPT_R and transmits a SYNC_ACK containing CKPT_O in its payload.

[00252] FIG. 32 shows message flows to highlight the protocol. Reading from top to bottom, the client sends data to the server using its transmitter side CKPT_N. The client side transmitter is turned off and a retry timer is turned off. The transmitter will not transmit messages as long as the transmitter is turned off. The client side transmitter then loads CKPT_N into CKPT_O and updates CKPT_N. This message is successfully received and a passed up the stack. It also synchronizes the receiver i.e., the server loads CKPT_N into CKPT_O and generates a new CKPT_N, it generates a new CKPT_R in the server side transmitter and transmits a SYNC_ACK containing the server side receiver's CKPT_O the server. The SYNC_ACK is successfully received at the client. The client side receiver's CKPT_R is updated, the transmitter is turned on and the retry timer is killed. The client side transmitter is ready to transmit a new data message.

[00253] Next, the client sends data to the server using its transmitter side CKPT_N. The client side transmitter is turned off and a retry timer is turned off. The transmitter will not transmit messages as long as the transmitter is turned off. The client side transmitter then loads CKPT_N into CKPT_O and updates CKPT_N. This message is lost. The client side timer expires and as a result a SYNC_REQ is transmitted on the client side transmitter's CKPT_O (this will keep happening until the SYNC_ACK has been received at the client). The SYNC_REQ is successfully received at the server. It synchronizes the receiver i.e., the server loads CKPT_N into CKPT_O and generates a new CKPT_N, it generates an new CKPT_R in the server side transmitter and transmits a SYNC_ACK containing the server side receiver's CKPT_O the server. The SYNC_ACK is successfully received at the client. The client side receiver's CKPT_R is updated, the transmitter is turned off and the retry timer is killed. The client side transmitter is ready to transmit a new data message.

[00254] There are numerous other scenarios that follow this flow. For example, the SYNC_ACK could be lost. The transmitter would continue to re-send the SYNC_REQ until the receiver synchronizes and responds.

[00255] The above-described procedures allow a client to be authenticated at signaling server 3201 while maintaining the ability of signaling server 3201 to quickly reject invalid packets, such as might be generated by hacker computer 3205. In various embodiments, the signaling synchronizer is really a derivative of the synchronizer. It provides the same protection as the hopping protocol, and it does so for a large number of low bandwidth connections.

F. One-Click Secure On-line Communications and Secure Domain Name Service

[00256] The present invention provides a technique for establishing a secure communication link between a first computer and a second computer over a computer network. Preferably, a user enables a secure communication link using a single click of a mouse, or a corresponding minimal input from another input device, such as a keystroke entered on a keyboard or a click entered through a trackball. Alternatively, the secure link is automatically established as a default setting at boot-up of the computer (i.e., no click). FIG. 33 shows a system block diagram 3300 of a computer network in which the one-click secure communication method of the present invention is suitable. In FIG. 33, a computer terminal or client computer 3301, such as a personal computer (PC), is connected to a computer network 3302, such as the Internet, through an ISP 3303. Alternatively, computer 3301 can be connected to computer network 3302 through an edge router. Computer 3301 includes an input device, such as a keyboard and/or mouse, and a display device, such as a monitor. Computer 3301 can communicate conventionally with another computer 3304 connected to computer network 3302 over a communication link 3305 using a browser 3306 that is installed and operates on computer 3301 in a well-known manner.

[00257] Computer 3304 can be, for example, a server computer that is used for conducting e-commerce. In the situation when computer network 3302 is the Internet, computer 3304 typically will have a standard top-level domain name such as .com, .net, .org, .edu, .mil or .gov.

[00258] FIG. 34 shows a flow diagram 3400 for installing and establishing a "one-click" secure communication link over a computer network according to the present invention. At step 3401, computer 3301 is connected to server computer 3304 over a non-VPN communication link 3305. Web browser 3306 displays a web page associated with server 3304 in a well-known manner. According to one variation of the invention, the display of computer 3301 contains a hyperlink, or an icon representing a hyperlink, for selecting a virtual private network (VPN) communication link ("go secure" hyperlink) through computer network 3302 between terminal 3301 and server 3304. Preferably, the "go secure" hyperlink is displayed as part of the web page downloaded from server computer 3304, thereby indicating that the entity providing server 3304 also provides VPN capability.

[00259] By displaying the "go secure" hyperlink, a user at computer 3301 is informed that the current communication link between computer 3301 and server computer 3304 is a non-secure, non-VPN communication link. At step 3402, it is determined whether a user of computer 3301 has selected the "go secure" hyperlink. If not, processing resumes using a non-secure (conventional) communication method (not shown). If, at step 3402, it is determined that the user has selected the "go secure" hyperlink, flow continues to step 3403 where an object associated with the hyperlink determines whether a VPN communication software module has already been installed on computer 3301. Alternatively, a user can enter a command into computer 3301 to "go secure."

[00260] If, at step 3403, the object determines that the software module has been installed, flow continues to step 3407. If, at step 3403, the object determines that the software module has not been installed, flow continues to step 3404 where a non-VPN communication link 3307 is launched between computer 3301 and a website 3308 over computer network 3302 in a well- known manner. Website 3308 is accessible by all computer terminals connected to computer network 3302 through a non-VPN communication link. Once connected to website 3308, a software module for establishing a secure communication link over computer network 3302 can be downloaded and installed. Flow continues to step 3405 where, after computer 3301 connects to website 3308, the software module for establishing a communication link is downloaded and installed in a well-known manner on computer terminal 3301 as software

module 3309. At step 3405, a user can optionally select parameters for the software module, such as enabling a secure communication link mode of communication for all communication links over computer network 3302. At step 3406, the communication link between computer 3301 and website 3308 is then terminated in a well-known manner.

[00261] By clicking on the "go secure" hyperlink, a user at computer 3301 has enabled a secure communication mode of communication between computer 3301 and server computer 3304. According to one variation of the invention, the user is not required to do anything more than merely click the "go secure" hyperlink. The user does not need to enter any user identification information, passwords or encryption keys for establishing a secure communication link. All procedures required for establishing a secure communication link between computer 3301 and server computer 3304 are performed transparently to a user at computer 3301.

[00262] At step 3407, a secure VPN communications mode of operation has been enabled and software module 3309 begins to establish a VPN communication link. In one embodiment, software module 3309 automatically replaces the top-level domain name for server 3304 within browser 3406 with a secure top-level domain name for server computer 3304. For example, if the top-level domain name for server 3304 is .com, software module 3309 replaces the .com top-level domain name with a .scom top-level domain name, where the "s" stands for secure. Alternatively, software module 3409 can replace the top-level domain name of server 3304 with any other non-standard top-level domain name.

[00263] Because the secure top-level domain name is a non-standard domain name, a query to a standard domain name service (DNS) will return a message indicating that the universal resource locator (URL) is unknown. According to the invention, software module 3409 contains the URL for querying a secure domain name service (SDNS) for obtaining the URL for a secure top-level domain name. In this regard, software module 3309 accesses a secure portal 3310 that interfaces a secure network 3311 to computer network 3302. Secure network 3311 includes an internal router 3312, a secure domain name service (SDNS) 3313, a VPN gatekeeper 3314 and a secure proxy 3315. The secure network can include other network services, such as e-mail 3316, a plurality of chatrooms (of which only one chatroom 3317 is shown), and a standard

domain name service (STD DNS) 3318. Of course, secure network 3311 can include other resources and services that are not shown in FIG. 33.

When software module 3309 replaces the standard top-level domain name for [00264] server 3304 with the secure top-level domain name, software module 3309 sends a query to SDNS 3313 at step 3408 through secure portal 3310 preferably using an administrative VPN communication link 3319. In this configuration, secure portal 3310 can only be accessed using a VPN communication link. Preferably, such a VPN communication link can be based on a technique of inserting a source and destination IP address pair into each data packet that is selected according to a pseudo-random sequence; an IP address hopping regime that pseudorandomly changes IP addresses in packets transmitted between a client computer and a secure target computer; periodically changing at least one field in a series of data packets according to a known sequence; an Internet Protocol (IP) address in a header of each data packet that is compared to a table of valid IP addresses maintained in a table in the second computer; and/or a comparison of the IP address in the header of each data packet to a moving window of valid IP addresses, and rejecting data packets having IP addresses that do not fall within the moving window. Other types of VPNs can alternatively be used. Secure portal 3310 authenticates the query from software module 3309 based on the particular information hopping technique used for VPN communication link 3319.

[00265] SDNS 3313 contains a cross-reference database of secure domain names and corresponding secure network addresses. That is, for each secure domain name, SDNS 3313 stores a computer network address corresponding to the secure domain name. An entity can register a secure domain name in SDNS 3313 so that a user who desires a secure communication link to the website of the entity can automatically obtain the secure computer network address for the secure website. Moreover, an entity can register several secure domain names, with each respective secure domain name representing a different priority level of access in a hierarchy of access levels to a secure website. For example, a securities trading website can provide users secure access so that a denial of service attack on the website will be ineffectual with respect to users subscribing to the secure website service. Different levels of subscription can be arranged based on, for example, an escalating fee, so that a user can select a desired level of guarantee for

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connecting to the secure securities trading website. When a user queries SDNS 3313 for the secure computer network address for the securities trading website, SDNS 3313 determines the particular secure computer network address based on the user's identity and the user's subscription level.

[00266] At step 3409, SDNS 3313 accesses VPN gatekeeper 3314 for establishing a VPN communication link between software module 3309 and secure server 3320. Server 3320 can only be accessed through a VPN communication link. VPN gatekeeper 3314 provisions computer 3301 and secure web server computer 3320, or a secure edge router for server computer 3320, thereby creating the VPN. Secure server computer 3320 can be a separate server computer from server computer 3304, or can be the same server computer having both non-VPN and VPN communication link capability, such as shown by server computer 3322. Returning to FIG. 34, in step 3410, SDNS 3313 returns a secure URL to software module 3309 for the .scom server address for a secure server 3320 corresponding to server 3304.

[00267] Alternatively, SDNS 3313 can be accessed through secure portal 3310 "in the clear", that is, without using an administrative VPN communication link. In this situation, secure portal 3310 preferably authenticates the query using any well-known technique, such as a cryptographic technique, before allowing the query to proceed to SDNS 3319. Because the initial communication link in this situation is not a VPN communication link, the reply to the query can be "in the clear." The querying computer can use the clear reply for establishing a VPN link to the desired domain name. Alternatively, the query to SDNS 3313 can be in the clear, and SDNS 3313 and gatekeeper 3314 can operate to establish a VPN communication link to the querying computer for sending the reply.

[00268] At step 3411, software module 3309 accesses secure server 3320 through VPN communication link 3321 based on the VPN resources allocated by VPN gatekeeper 3314. At step 3412, web browser 3306 displays a secure icon indicating that the current communication link to server 3320 is a secure VPN communication link. Further communication between computers 3301 and 3320 occurs via the VPN, e.g., using a "hopping" regime as discussed above. When VPN link 3321 is terminated at step 3413, flow continues to step 3414 where software module 3309 automatically replaces the secure top-level domain name with the

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corresponding non-secure top-level domain name for server 3304. Browser 3306 accesses a standard DNS 3325 for obtaining the non-secure URL for server 3304. Browser 3306 then connects to server 3304 in a well-known manner. At step 3415, browser 3306 displays the "go secure" hyperlink or icon for selecting a VPN communication link between terminal 3301 and server 3304. By again displaying the "go secure" hyperlink, a user is informed that the current communication link is a non-secure, non-VPN communication link.

[00269] When software module 3309 is being installed or when the user is off-line, the user can optionally specify that all communication links established over computer network 3302 are secure communication links. Thus, anytime that a communication link is established, the link is a VPN link. Consequently, software module 3309 transparently accesses SDNS 3313 for obtaining the URL for a selected secure website. In other words, in one embodiment, the user need not "click" on the secure option each time secure communication is to be effected.

[00270] Additionally, a user at computer 3301 can optionally select a secure communication link through proxy computer 3315. Accordingly, computer 3301 can establish a VPN communication link 3323 with secure server computer 3320 through proxy computer 3315. Alternatively, computer 3301 can establish a non-VPN communication link 3324 to a non-secure website, such as non-secure server computer 3304.

[00271] FIG. 35 shows a flow diagram 3500 for registering a secure domain name according to the present invention. At step 3501, a requester accesses website 3308 and logs into a secure domain name registry service that is available through website 3308. At step 3502, the requestor completes an online registration form for registering a secure domain name having a top-level domain name, such as .com, .net, .org, .edu, .mil or .gov. Of course, other secure top-level domain names can also be used. Preferably, the requestor must have previously registered a non- secure domain name corresponding to the equivalent secure domain name that is being requested. For example, a requester attempting to register secure domain name "website.scom" must have previously registered the corresponding non-secure domain name "website.com".

[00272] At step 3503, the secure domain name registry service at website 3308 queries a non-secure domain name server database, such as standard DNS 3322, using, for example, a

whois query, for determining ownership information relating to the non-secure domain name corresponding to the requested secure domain name. At step 3504, the secure domain name registry service at website 3308 receives a reply from standard DNS 3322 and at step 3505 determines whether there is conflicting ownership information for the corresponding non-secure domain name. If there is no conflicting ownership information, flow continues to step 3507, otherwise flow continues to step 3506 where the requestor is informed of the conflicting ownership information. Flow returns to step 3502.

[00273] When there is no conflicting ownership information at step 3505, the secure domain name registry service (website 3308) informs the requestor that there is no conflicting ownership information and prompts the requestor to verify the information entered into the online form and select an approved form of payment. After confirmation of the entered information and appropriate payment information, flow continues to step 3508 where the newly registered secure domain name sent to SDNS 3313 over communication link 3326.

[00274] If, at step 3505, the requested secure domain name does not have a corresponding equivalent non-secure domain name, the present invention informs the requestor of the situation and prompts the requestor for acquiring the corresponding equivalent non-secure domain name for an increased fee. By accepting the offer, the present invention automatically registers the corresponding equivalent non-secure domain name with standard DNS 3325 in a well-known manner. Flow then continues to step 3508.

G. Tunneling Secure Address Hopping Protocol Through Existing Protocol Using Web Proxy

[00275] The present invention also provides a technique for implementing the field hopping schemes described above in an application program on the client side of a firewall between two computer networks, and in the network stack on the server side of the firewall. The present invention uses a new secure connectionless protocol that provides good denial of service rejection capabilities by layering the new protocol on top of an existing IP protocol, such as the ICMP, UDP or TCP protocols. Thus, this aspect of the present invention does not require changes in the Internet infrastructure.

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[00276] According to the invention, communications are protected by a client-side proxy application program that accepts unencrypted, unprotected communication packets from a local browser application. The client-side proxy application program tunnels the unencrypted, unprotected communication packets through a new protocol, thereby protecting the communications from a denial of service at the server side. Of course, the unencrypted, unprotected communication packets can be encrypted prior to tunneling.

[00277] The client-side proxy application program is not an operating system extension and does not involve any modifications to the operating system network stack and drivers. Consequently, the client is easier to install, remove and support in comparison to a VPN. Moreover, the client- side proxy application can be allowed through a corporate firewall using a much smaller "hole" in the firewall and is less of a security risk in comparison to allowing a protocol layer VPN through a corporate firewall.

[00278] The server-side implementation of the present invention authenticates valid field-hopped packets as valid or invalid very early in the server packet processing, similar to a standard virtual private network, for greatly minimizing the impact of a denial of service attempt in comparison to normal TCP/IP and HTTP communications, thereby protecting the server from invalid communications.

[00279] FIG. 36 shows a system block diagram of a computer network 3600 in which a virtual private connection according to the present invention can be configured to more easily traverse a firewall between two computer networks. FIG. 37 shows a flow diagram 3700 for establishing a virtual private connection that is encapsulated using an existing network protocol.

[00280] In FIG. 36 a local area network (LAN) 3601 is connected to another computer network 3602, such as the Internet, through a firewall arrangement 3603. Firewall arrangement operates in a well-known manner to interface LAN 3601 to computer network 3602 and to protect LAN 3601 from attacks initiated outside of LAN 3601.

[00281] A client computer 3604 is connected to LAN 3601 in a well-known manner. Client computer 3604 includes an operating system 3605 and a web browser 3606. Operating

system 3605 provides kernel mode functions for operating client computer 3604. Browser 3606 is an application program for accessing computer network resources connected to LAN 3601 and computer network 3602 in a well-known manner. According to the present invention, a proxy application 3607 is also stored on client computer 3604 and operates at an application layer in conjunction with browser 3606. Proxy application 3607 operates at the application layer within client computer 3604 and when enabled, modifies unprotected, unencrypted message packets generated by browser 3606 by inserting data into the message packets that are used for forming a virtual private connection between client computer 3604 and a server computer connected to LAN 3601 or computer network 3602. According to the invention, a virtual private connection does not provide the same level of security to the client computer as a virtual private network. A virtual private connection can be conveniently authenticated so that, for example, a denial of service attack can be rapidly rejected, thereby providing different levels of service that can be subscribed to by a user.

[00282] Proxy application 3607 is conveniently installed and uninstalled by a user because proxy application 3607 operates at the application layer within client computer 3604. On installation, proxy application 3607 preferably configures browser 3606 to use proxy application for all web communications. That is, the payload portion of all message packets is modified with the data for forming a virtual private connection between client computer 3604 and a server computer. Preferably, the data for forming the virtual private connection contains field-hopping data, such as described above in connection with VPNs. Also, the modified message packets preferably conform to the UDP protocol. Alternatively, the modified message packets can conform to the TCP/IP protocol or the ICMP protocol. Alternatively, proxy application 3606 can be selected and enabled through, for example, an option provided by browser 3606. Additionally, proxy application 3607 can be enabled so that only the payload portion of specially designated message packets is modified with the data for forming a virtual private connection between client computer 3604 and a designated host computer. Specially designated message packets can be, for example, selected predetermined domain names.

[00283] Referring to FIG. 37, at step 3701, unprotected and unencrypted message packets are generated by browser 3606. At step 3702, proxy application 3607 modifies the

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DM US 38873985-1.077580.0116

payload portion of all message packets by tunneling the data for forming a virtual private connection between client computer 3604 and a destination server computer into the payload portion. At step, 3703, the modified message packets are sent from client computer 3604 to, for example, website (server computer) 3608 over computer network 3602.

[00284] Website 3608 includes a VPN guard portion 3609, a server proxy portion 3610 and a web server portion 3611. VPN guard portion 3609 is embedded within the kernel layer of the operating system of website 3608 so that large bandwidth attacks on website 3608 are rapidly rejected. When client computer 3604 initiates an authenticated connection to website 3608, VPN guard portion 3609 is keyed with the hopping sequence contained in the message packets from client computer 3604, thereby performing a strong authentication of the client packet streams entering website 3608 at step 3704. VPN guard portion 3609 can be configured for providing different levels of authentication and, hence, quality of service, depending upon a subscribed level of service. That is, VPN guard portion 3609 can be configured to let all message packets through until a denial of service attack is detected, in which case VPN guard portion 3609 would allow only client packet streams conforming to a keyed hopping sequence, such as that of the present invention.

[00285] Server proxy portion 3610 also operates at the kernel layer within website 3608 and catches incoming message packets from client computer 3604 at the VPN level. At step 3705, server proxy portion 3610 authenticates the message packets at the kernel level within host computer 3604 using the destination IP address, UDP ports and discriminator fields. The authenticated message packets are then forwarded to the authenticated message packets to web server portion 3611 as normal TCP web transactions.

[00286] At step 3705, web server portion 3611 responds to message packets received from client computer 3604 in accordance with the particular nature of the message packets by generating reply message packets. For example, when a client computer requests a webpage, web server portion 3611 generates message packets corresponding to the requested webpage. At step 3706, the reply message packets pass through server proxy portion 3610, which inserts data into the payload portion of the message packets that are used for forming the virtual private connection between host computer 3608 and client computer 3604 over computer network 3602.

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Preferably, the data for forming the virtual private connection is contains field-hopping data, such as described above in connection with VPNs. Server proxy portion 3610 operates at the kernel layer within host computer 3608 to insert the virtual private connection data into the payload portion of the reply message packets. Preferably, the modified message packets sent by host computer 3608 to client computer 3604 conform to the UDP protocol. Alternatively, the modified message packets can conform to the TCP/IP protocol or the ICMP protocol.

[00287] At step 3707, the modified packets are sent from host computer 3608 over computer network 3602 and pass through firewall 3603. Once through firewall 3603, the modified packets are directed to client computer 3604 over LAN 3601 and are received at step 3708 by proxy application 3607 at the application layer within client computer 3604. Proxy application 3607 operates to rapidly evaluate the modified message packets for determining whether the received packets should be accepted or dropped. If the virtual private connection data inserted into the received information packets conforms to expected virtual private connection data, then the received packets are accepted. Otherwise, the received packets are dropped.

[00288] While the present invention has been described in connection with the illustrated embodiments, it will be appreciated and understood that modifications may be made without departing from the true spirit and scope of the invention.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow audio video communications between the client device and the target device over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the method comprising:
- (1) receiving from the client device a request for a network address associated with the target device;
- (2) determining whether the request transmitted in step (1) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining that the address request in step (2) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/video communications transmitted between the two devices.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a virtual private network link.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the address request includes a secure domain name.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.

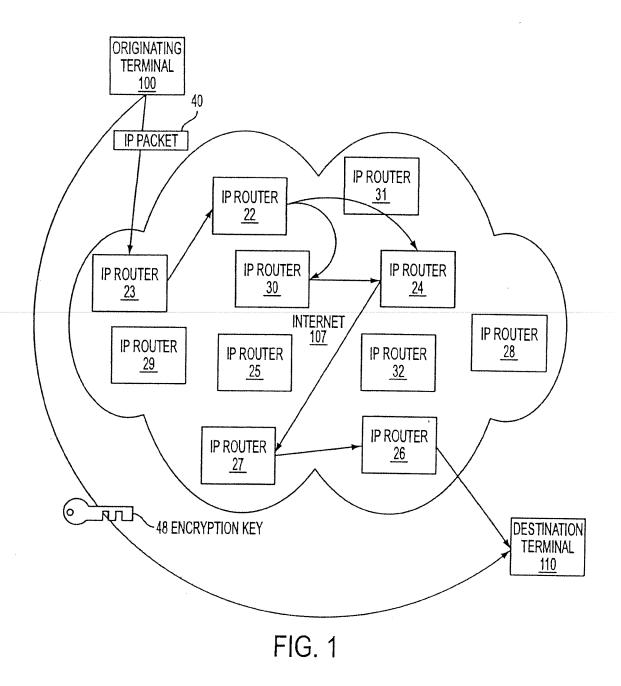
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a unmodulated transmission link.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a umodulated transmission link.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FTM, TDM and CDMA.
 - 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the client device is a phone.
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a virtual private network link.
- 12. The method of claim 9, wherein the address request includes a secure domain name.
- 13. The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 14. The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a unmodulated transmission link.
- 15. The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 16. The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FTM, TDM and CDMA.
 - 17. The method of claim 9, wherein the target device is a server.

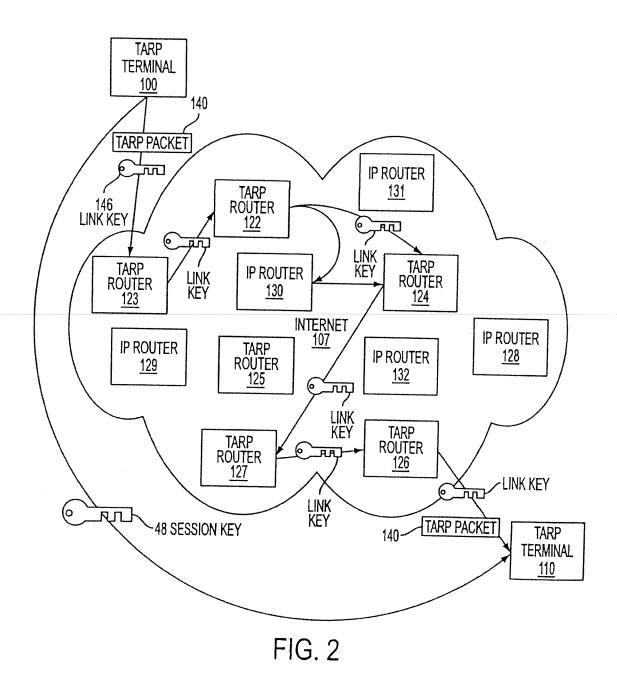
- 18. The method of claim 9, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 19. A system for transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow audio video communications therebetween over an encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the system including a server configuration arranged to:
- (1) receive from the client device a request for a network address associated with the target device;
- (2) determine whether the request transmitted in step (1) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining that the address request in step (2) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, provide provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/video communications transmitted between the two devices.
- 20. A system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services comprising a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.

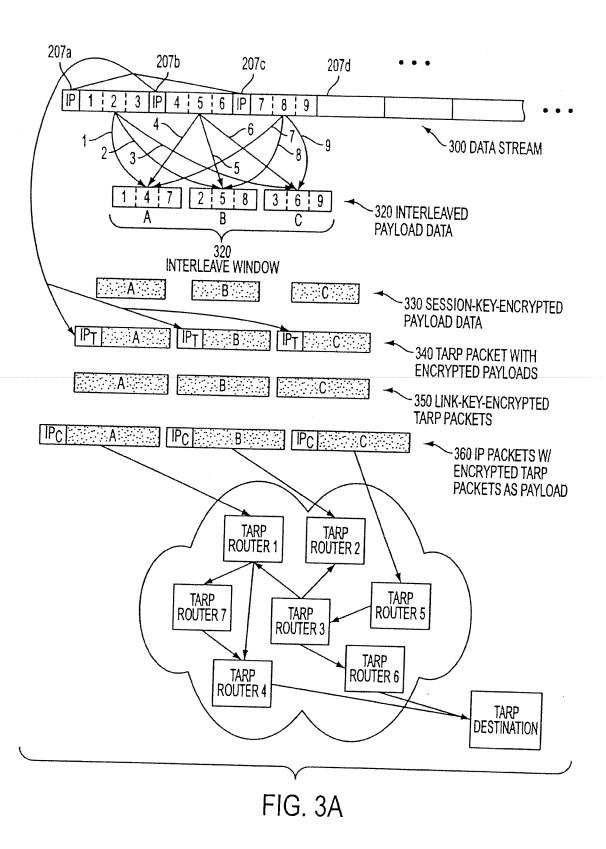
ABSTRACT

A method is used to transparently create an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device. Each device is configured to allow audio video communications between the client device and the target device over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created. The method comprises: (1) receiving from the client device a request for a network address associated with the target device; (2) determining whether the request transmitted in step (1) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and (3) in response to determining that the address request in step (2) is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/video communications transmitted between the two devices.

- 91 -







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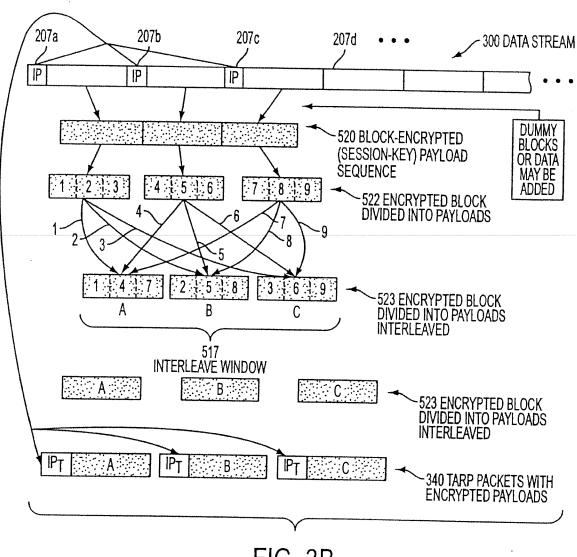
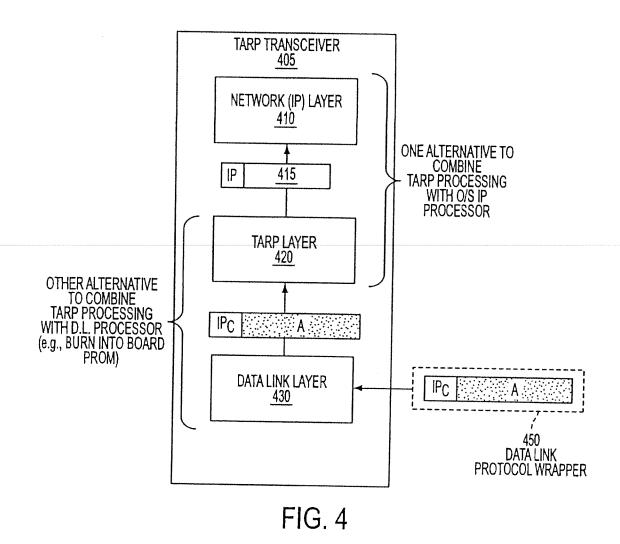
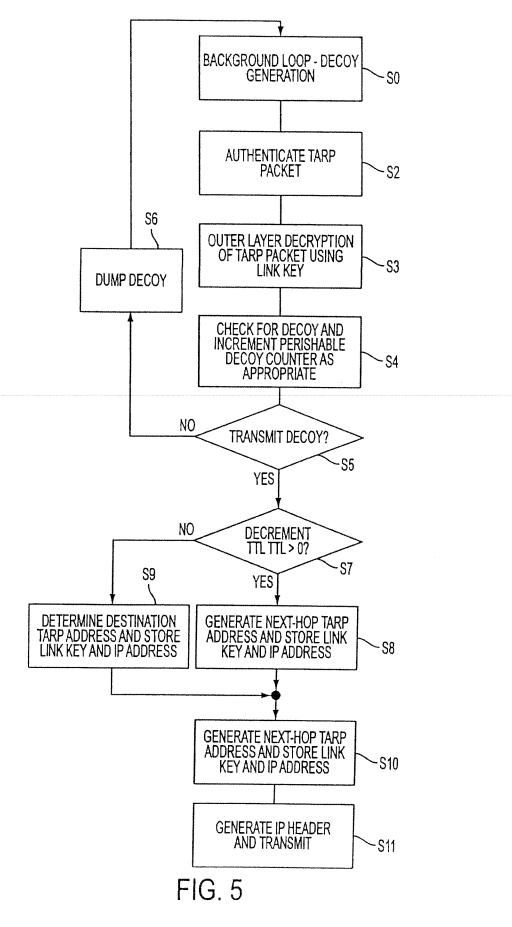
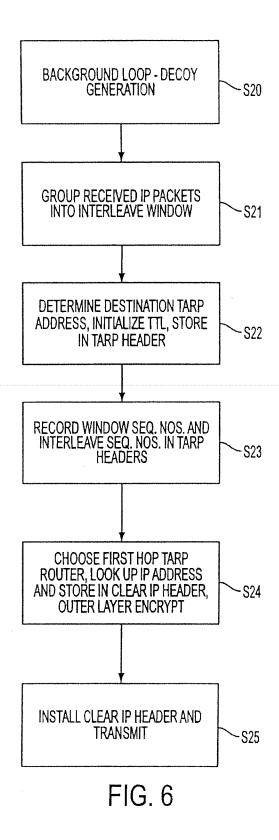


FIG. 3B





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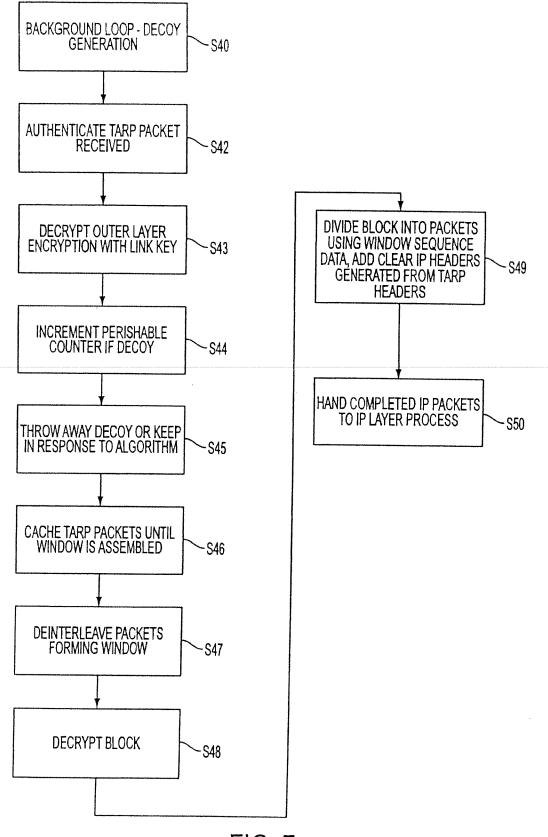


FIG. 7

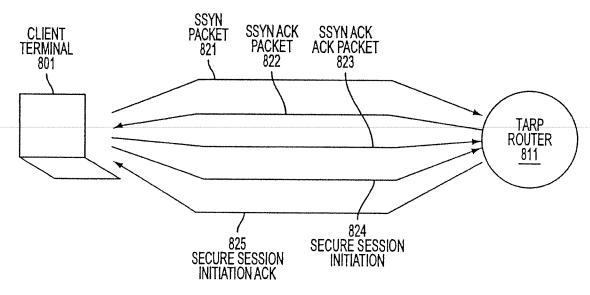


FIG. 8

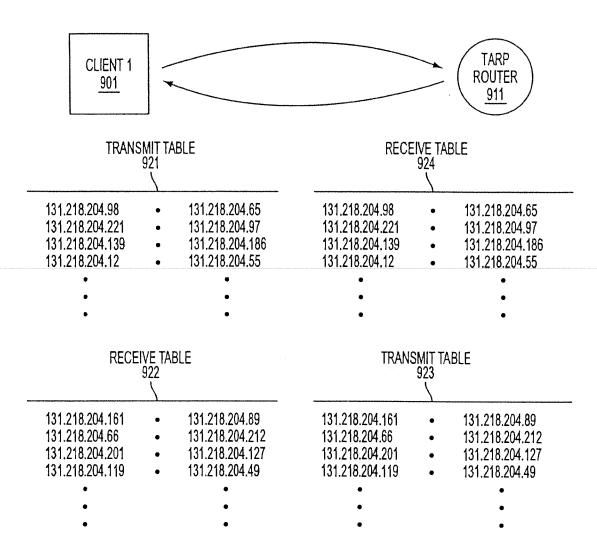
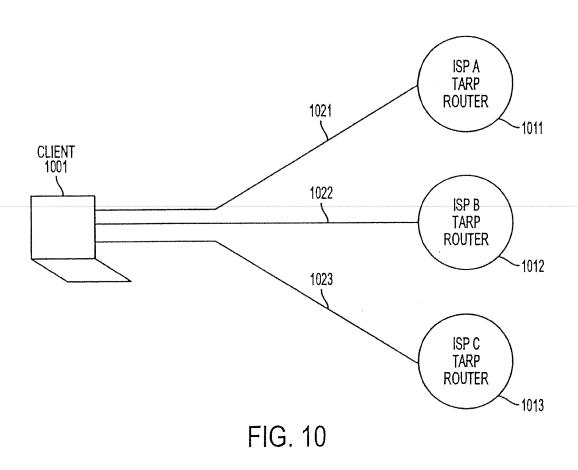
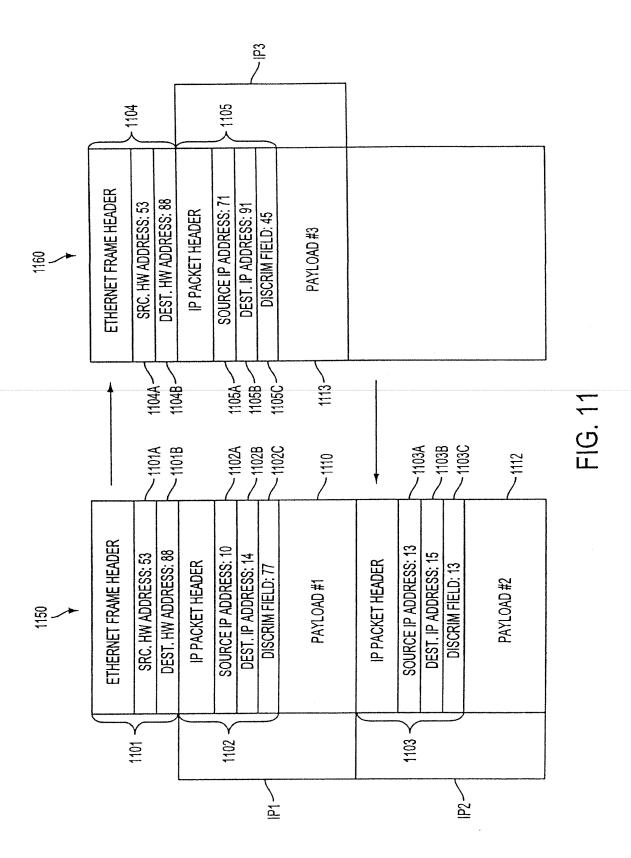


FIG. 9

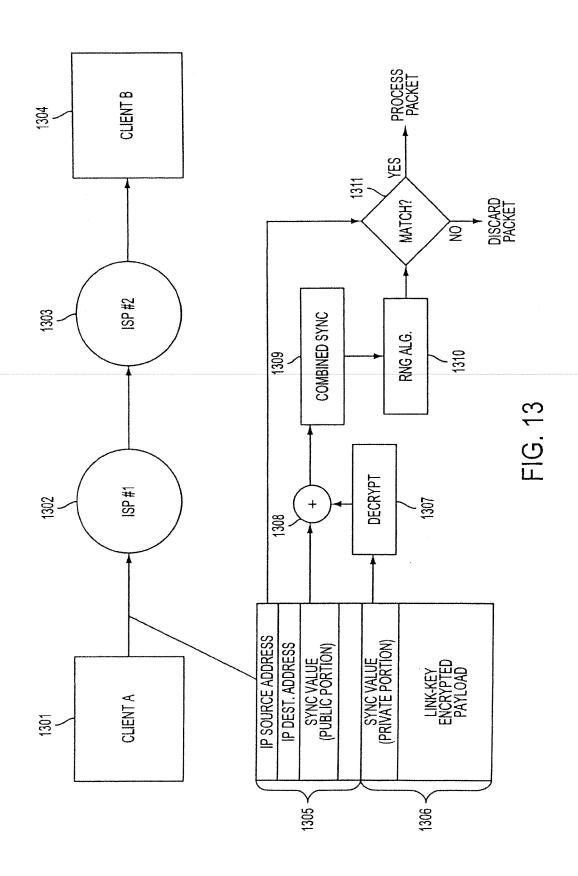




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| MODE OR EMBODIMENT | HARDWARE ADDRESSES | IP ADDRESSES | DISCRIMINATOR FIELD VALUES |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. PROMISCUOUS | SAME FOR ALL NODES OR COMPLETELY RANDOM | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC |
| 2. PROMISCUOUS PER VPN | | | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC |
| 3. HARDWARE HOPPING | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC |

FIG. 12B



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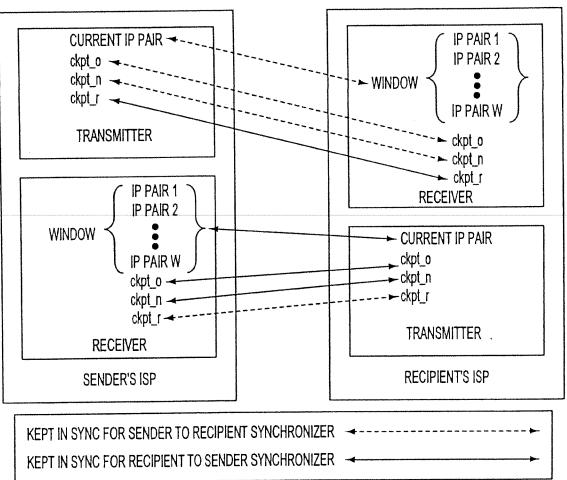
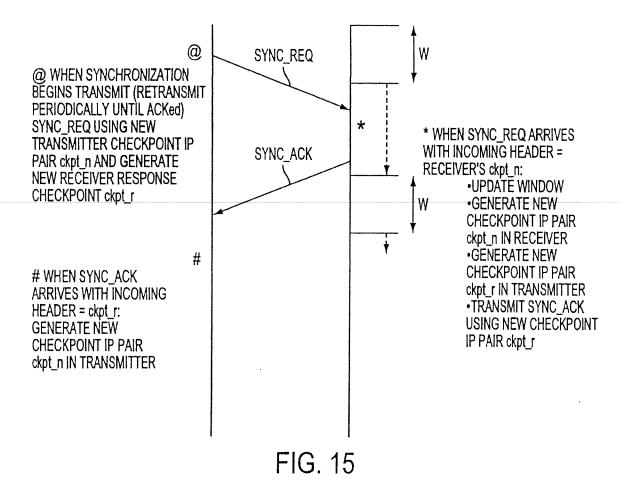
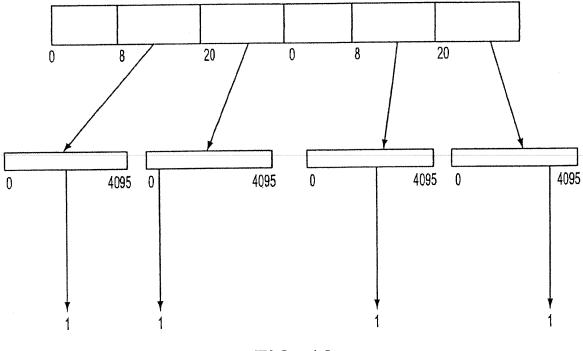
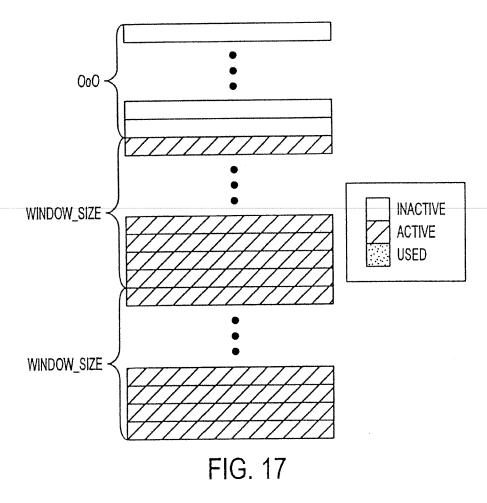
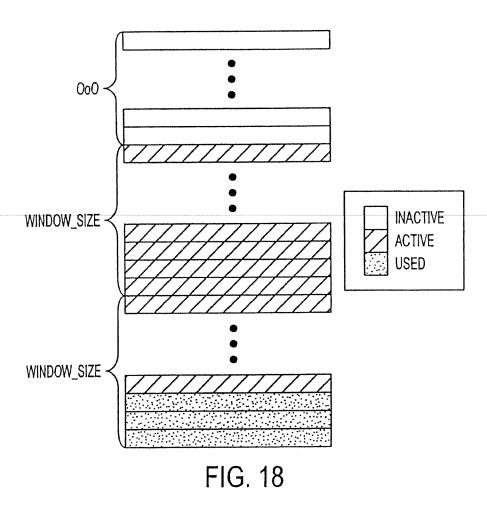


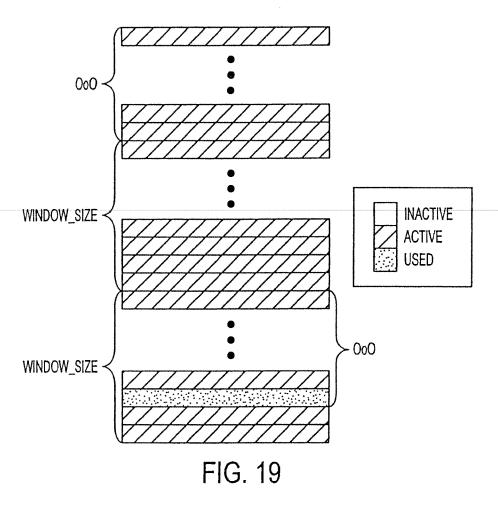
FIG. 14

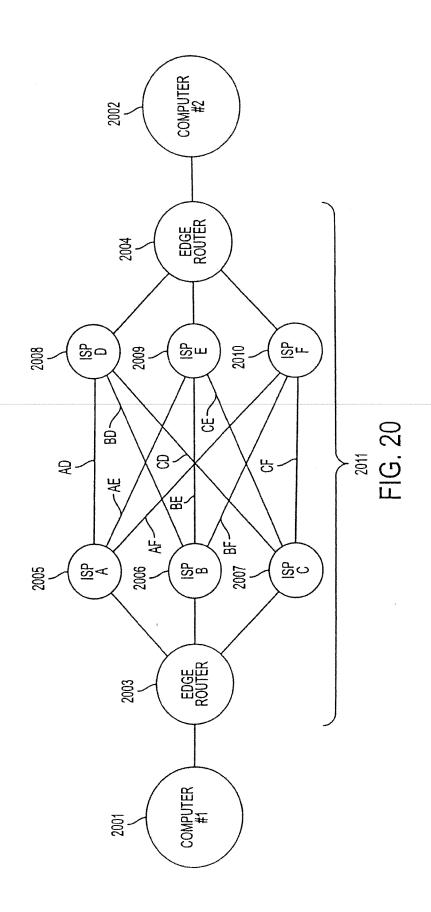


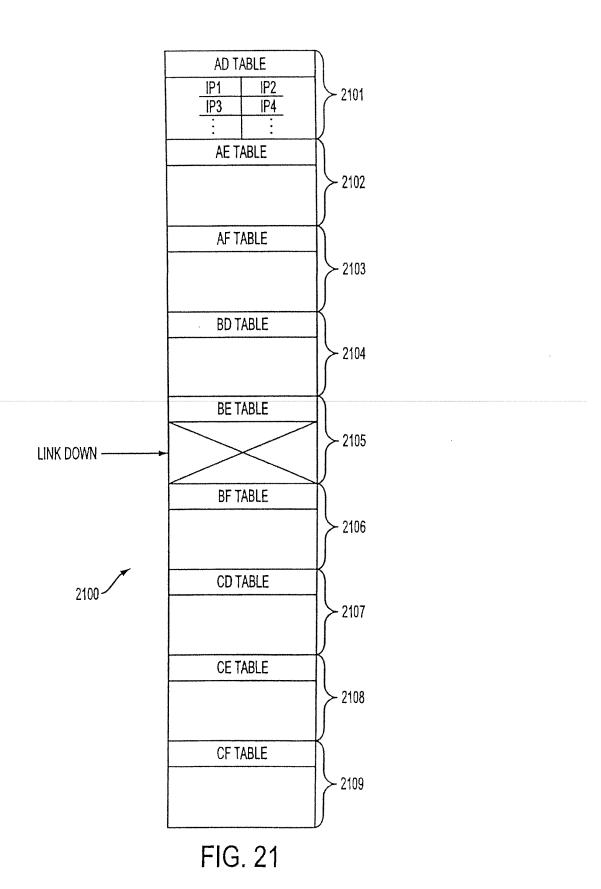












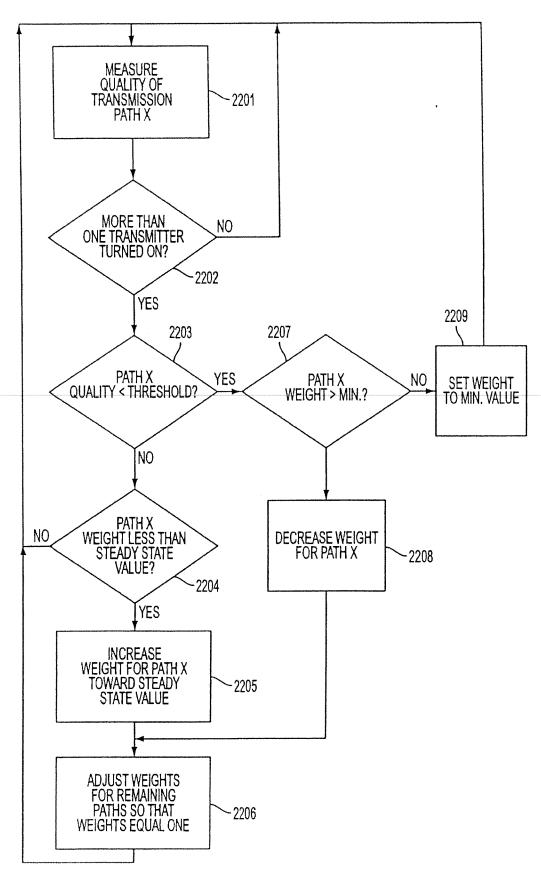


FIG. 22A

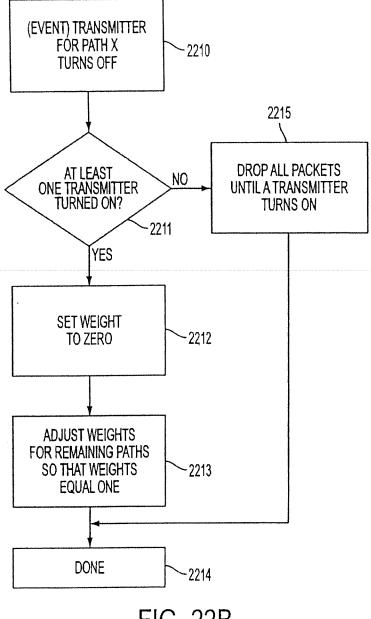


FIG. 22B

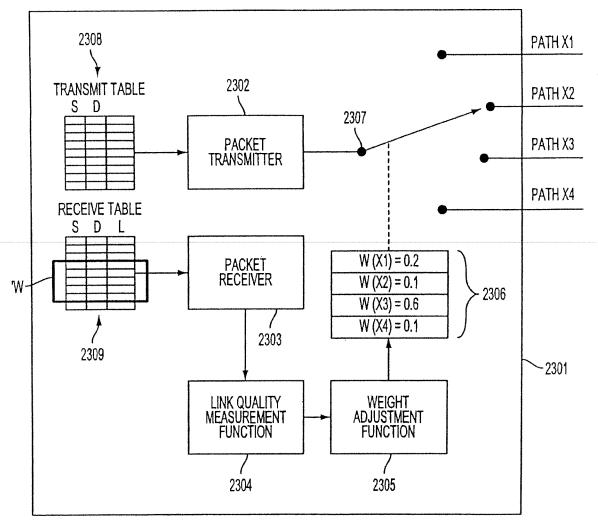


FIG. 23

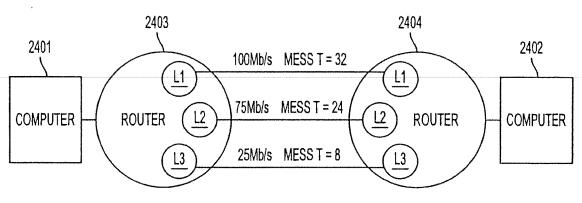
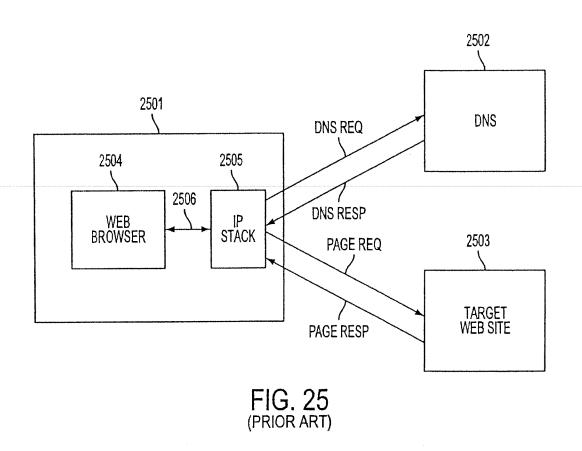
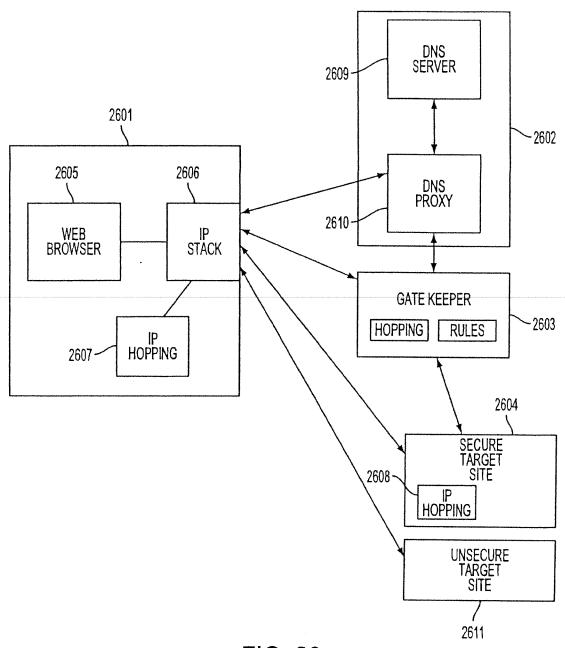


FIG. 24





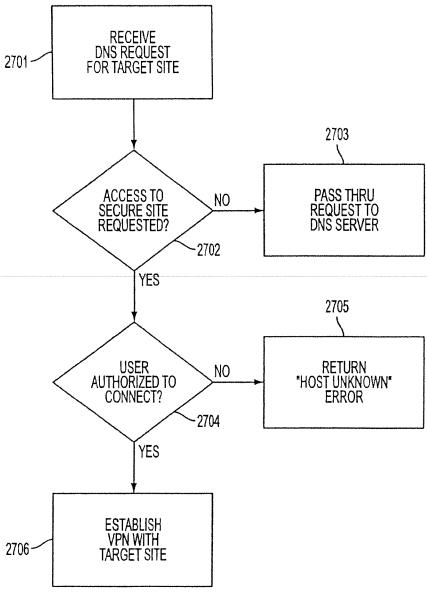
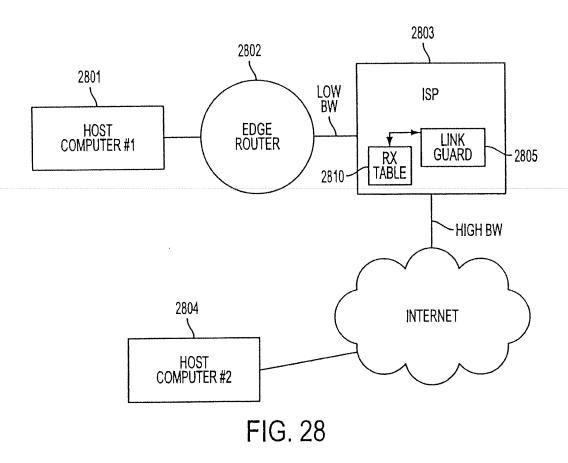
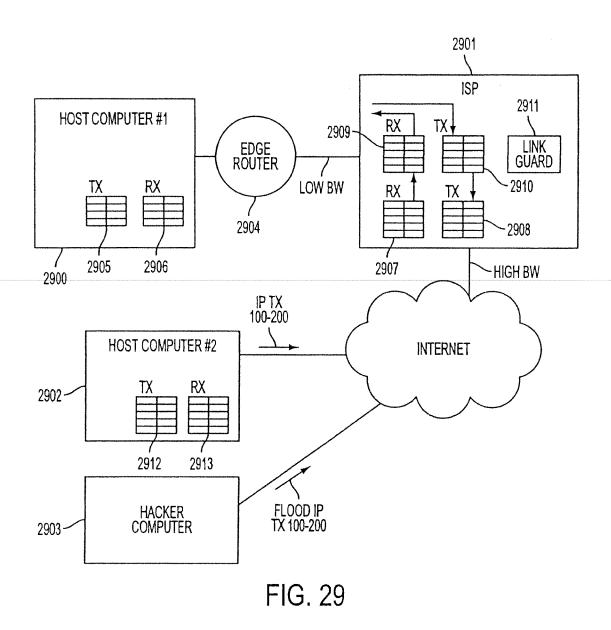
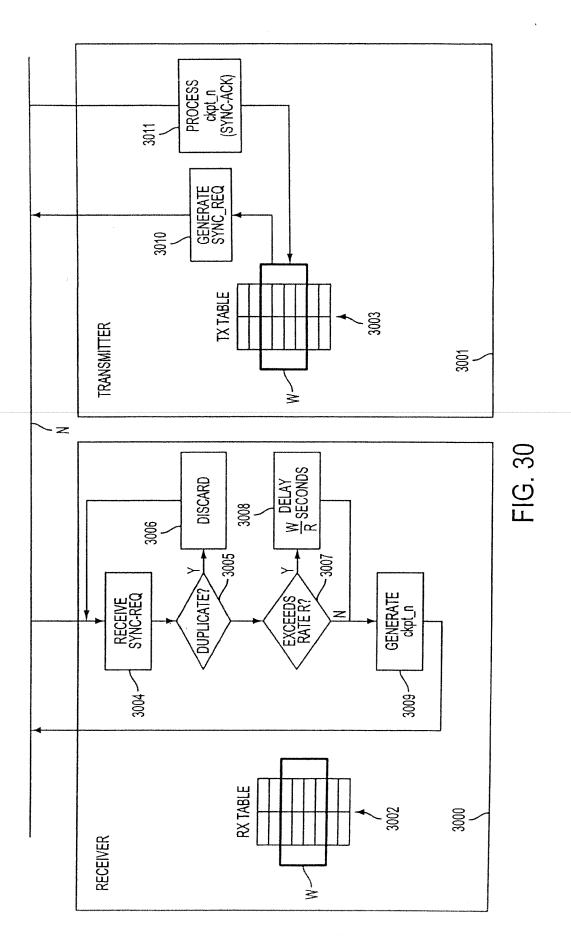


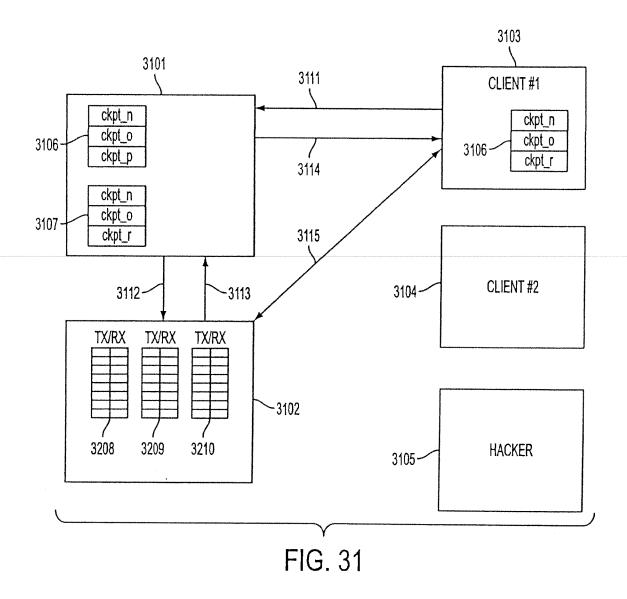
FIG. 27

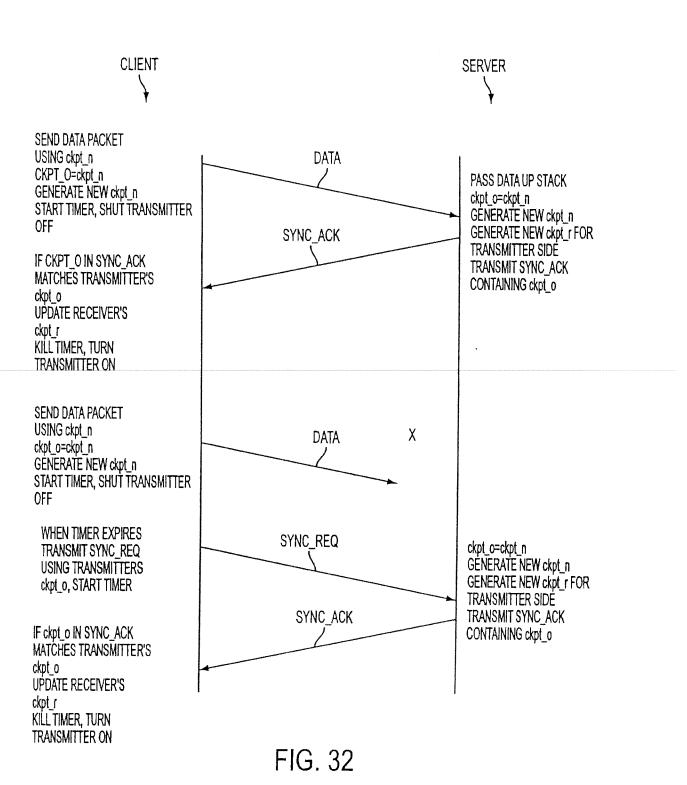


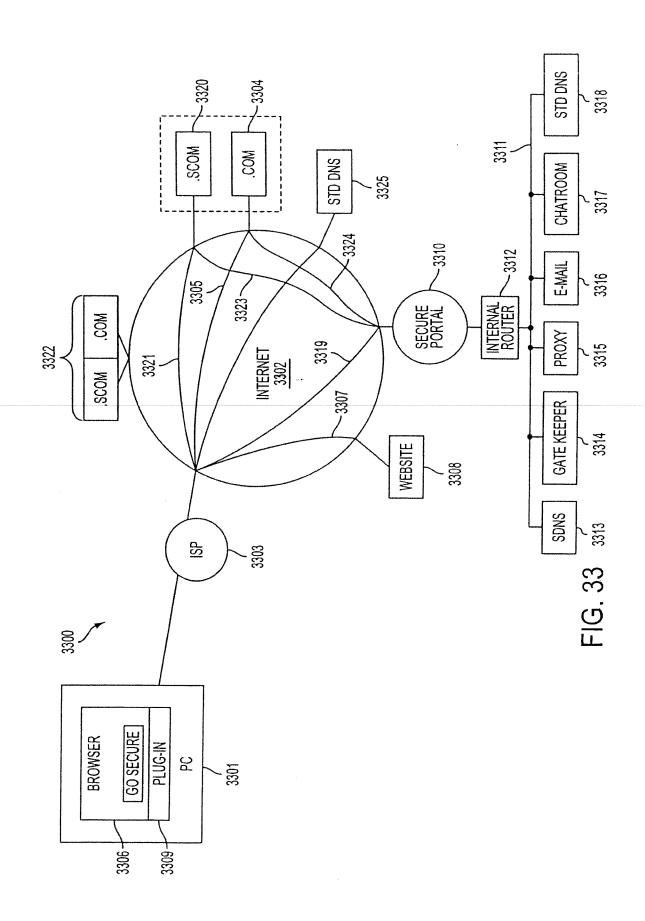


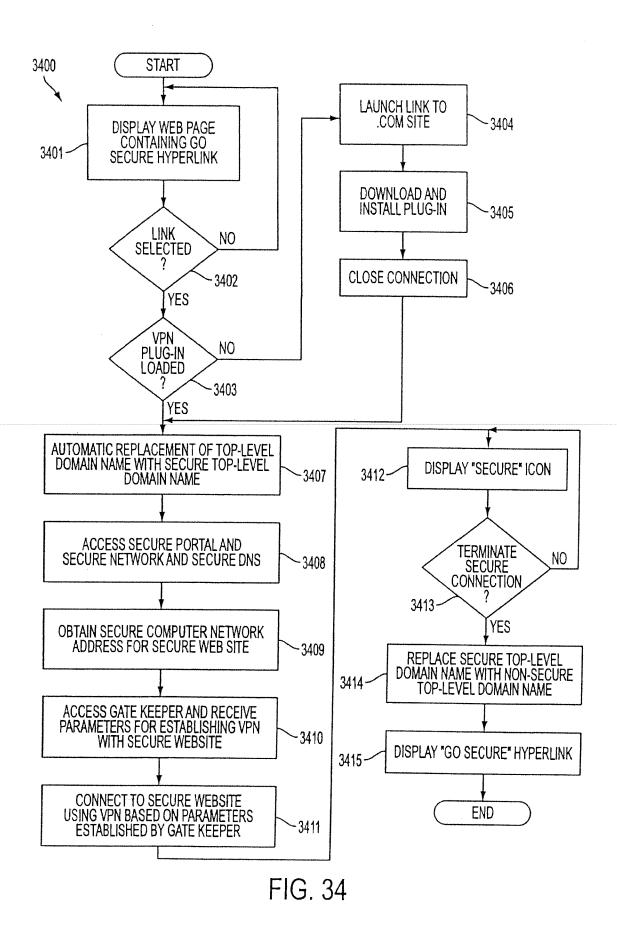


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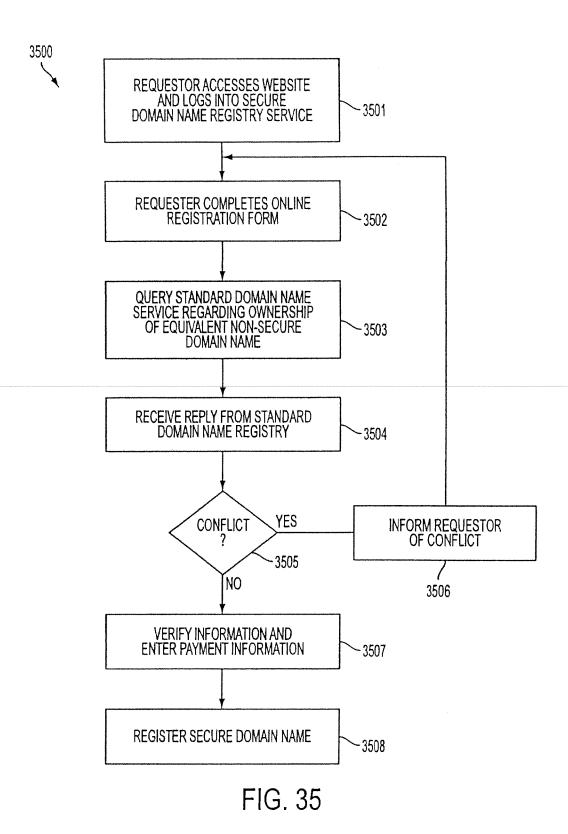


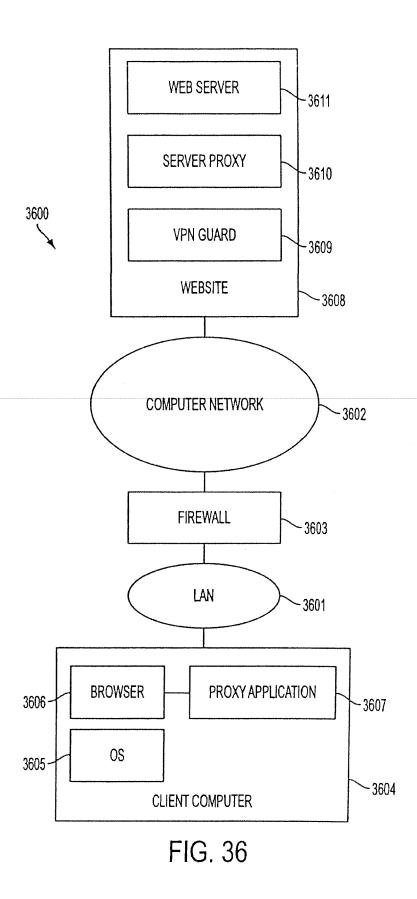




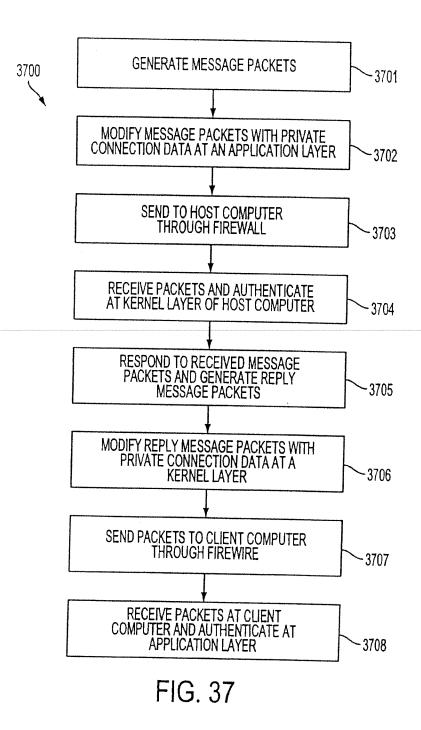


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| Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Application Number: | | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | | ILE NETWORK PROT MAIN NAMES | FOCOL FOR SEC | JRE COMMUNICA | TIONS USING SECURE | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor LARSON | | | | | |
| Filer: | Tol | by H. Kusmer./Kimil | a Carraway | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077 | 7580-0177 | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Utility application filing | | 1011 | 1 | 380 | 380 | |
| Utility Search Fee | | 1111 | 1 | 620 | 620 | |
| Utility Examination Fee | | 1311 | 1 | 250 | 250 | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: | | | | |
| Miscellaneous: | | | | |
| | Tot | al in USD | (\$) | 1250 |

| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 13742625 | | | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor LARSON | | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kimila Carraway | | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | | | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 23:27:46 | | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | | |

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| | Multip | oart Description/PDF files in . | zip description | | | | | |
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| | Specificat | 12 99 | | 99 | | | | |
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| 2 | Fee Worksheet (SB06) | fee-info.pdf | 33236 | no | 2 | | | |
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| Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76 | | | | | Attorney [| Docket N | lumber | 077580-0177 | | | |
| | | | | | Applicatio | n Numb | er | | | | |
| Title of | le of Invention AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | | | | MES | | |
| bibliogra _l This doc | phic data arran cument may be | ged in a format sp | ecified by onically a | y the Uni and subr | ited States Pat mitted to the 0 | tent and T | rademark O | ffice as | outlined in 37 (| ollowing form contains CFR 1.76. nic Filing System (EF | |
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| | | ty Olnventor | OLeg | gal Rep | presentative under 35 U.S.C. 117 | | | 7 Party of Interest under 35 U.S. | | S.C. 118 | |
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| Citizen | ship under | 37 CFR 1.41(| b) | US | | • | • | | | | |
| Mailing | a Address o | of Applicant: | | | | | | | | | |

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Non US Residency

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20175

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Applicant 3

Applicant Authority Olnventor

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| Postal | Code | | 21032 | | | | Cou | ntry | US | | • | | | |
| Applic | ant 4 | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| | ant Authori | itv | nventor | OLe | gal Rep | resentative | e unde | er 35 l | J.S.C. 11 | 7 (| Party of Ir | nterest un | der 35 U.S | .C. 118 |
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| Attorn | ey Docket I | Numbe | r 0775 | 80-017 | 7 | | | S | mall Ent | ity Stat | tus Claime | ed 🗌 | | |
| Applic | ation Type | | Nonp | rovisior | nal | | | | | | | | | |
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| Total N | Number of E | Orawin | g Sheet | ts (if a | ny) | 40 | | S | uggeste | d Figu | re for Pub | lication | (if any) | |
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| Application Da | ta Shoot 37 CER 1 76 | Attorney Docket Number | 077580-0177 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76 | | Application Number | |
| Title of Invention | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCO | OL FOR SECURE COMMUNICA | ATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |

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| Customer Number | 23630 | | |

Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information:

This section allows for the applicant to either claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121, or 365(c) or indicate National Stage entry from a PCT application. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the specific reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or 120, and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or CFR 1.78(a)(4), and need not otherwise be made part of the specification.

| 33 0.0.0. 115(0) 0 | 7 120, and | 57 Of It 1.70(a) | (2) 01 01 11 1.70(a)(+) | , and need not otherwise be made part of the specification. | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
| Prior Application Status | | Pending | | | | Rer | nove | |
| Application Number | | Continuity Type | | Prior Application Number Filing D | | Filing Da | te (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| | | Continuation of | of | 13049552 2011-03-16 | | | | |
| Prior Application | on Status | Patented | | | | Rer | nove | |
| Application Number | Cont | tinuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Pate | nt Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| 13049552 | Continua | tion of | 11840560 | 2007-08-17 | 792 | 1211 | 2011-04-05 | |
| Prior Application | on Status | Patented | | Remove | | | nove | |
| Application Number | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| 11840560 | Continua | tion of 10714849 | | 2003-11-18 7418504 | | 8504 | 2008-08-26 | |
| Prior Application | on Status | Abandoned | | Remove | | | nove | |
| Application N | lumber | Continuity Type | | Prior Application Number Filing Da | | te (YYYY-MM-DD) | | |
| 10714849 | | Continuation of | of | 09558210 2000-0 | | 2000-04-26 | -26 | |
| Prior Applicati | on Status | Patented | | | Remove | | nove | |
| Application Cont | | tinuity Type Prior Application Number | | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | | nt Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| 09558210 | Continua | tion in part of | 09504783 | 2000-02-15 6502135 | | 2002-12-31 | | |
| Prior Application | on Status | Patented | | | | Rer | nove | |

| Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76 | | Attorney Docket Number | 077580-0177 | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Application Number | | |
| | Title of Invention | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCO | DL FOR SECURE COMMUNICA | ATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |

| Application Number | Conf | inuity Type Prior Application Number | | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| 09504783 | Continuation in part of | | 09429643 | 1999-10-29 | 7010604 | 2006-03-07 | |
| Prior Application Status | | Expired | | Remove | | | |
| Application N | umber | Continuity Type | | Prior Application Num | ber Filing Da | ite (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| 09429643 | | non provisional of | | 60137704 | 1999-06-07 | , | |
| Prior Application | on Status | Expired | | | move | | |
| Application N | umber | Continuity Type | | Prior Application Num | ber Filing Da | ite (YYYY-MM-DD) | |
| 09429643 | | non provisional of | | 60106261 | 1998-10-30 | 1998-10-30 | |
| Additional Dome | stic Benef | it/National Sta | ge Data may be ge | nerated within this form | • | | |

Additional Domestic Benefit/National Stage Data may be generated within this form by selecting the **Add** button.

Foreign Priority Information:

This section allows for the applicant to claim benefit of foreign priority and to identify any prior foreign application for which priority is not claimed. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the claim for priority as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b) and 37 CFR 1.55(a).

| and or of it 1.00(a). | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Re | move | | | | | | | | |
| Application Number | Country ⁱ | Parent Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Priority Claimed | | | | | | | | |
| | | | ◯ Yes ⑤ No | | | | | | | | |
| Additional Foreign Priority Add button. | Additional Foreign Priority Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button. | | | | | | | | | | |

Providing this information in the application data sheet does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37

Assignee Information:

of the CFR to have an assignment recorded in the Office. Assignee 1 If the Assignee is an Organization check here. \boxtimes Organization Name VIRNETX, INC. **Mailing Address Information:** Address 1 P.O. Box 439 Address 2 City State/Province Zephyr Cove NV Country US Postal Code 89448 Phone Number Fax Number **Email Address** Additional Assignee Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add

Signature:

button.

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33 and 10.18. Please see 37 CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

| Application Da | sta Shoot 37 CED 1 76 | Attorney Docket Number | 077580-0177 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76 | | Application Number | | |
| Title of Invention | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCO | OL FOR SECURE COMMUNICA | ATIONS USING SECURE D | OMAIN NAMES |
| | | | | |

| Signature | /Toby H. Kusmar/ | | Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | 2012-09-13 | |
|------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|-------|
| First Name | Toby H. | Last Name | Kusmar | Registration Number | 26418 |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.76. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 23 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application data sheet form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PC. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER FILING OR 371(C) DATE FIRST NAMED APPLICANT ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE

13/615.557 09/13/2012 Victor Larson 077580-0177

CONFIRMATION NO. 1089 FORMALITIES LETTER

23630 McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20001



Date Mailed: 10/04/2012

NOTICE TO FILE CORRECTED APPLICATION PAPERS

Filing Date Granted

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The application is informal since it does not comply with the regulations for the reason(s) indicated below. Applicant is given TWO MONTHS from the date of this Notice within which to correct the informalities indicated below. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Replacement drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.84 and 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required. The drawings submitted are not acceptable because:
 - The drawings must be reasonably free from erasures and must be free from alterations, overwriting, interlineations, folds, and copy marks. See Figure(s) all.
- A replacement abstract not exceeding 150 words in length and commencing on a separate sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 1.72(b) and 37 CFR 1.121 is required.

Applicant is cautioned that correction of the above items may cause the specification and drawings page count to exceed 100 pages. If the specification and drawings exceed 100 pages, applicant will need to submit the required application size fee.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria VA 22313-1450

Registered users of EFS-Web may alternatively submit their reply to this notice via EFS-Web. https://sportal.uspto.gov/authenticate/AuthenticateUserLocalEPF.html

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| Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) |) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101 |

| | PATE | NT APPLI | | N FEE DE titute for Form | | ION RECORI |) | | tion or Docket Num 5,557 | ber |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | APPL | ICATION A | S FILE[| | umn 2) | SMALL | ENTITY | OR | OTHER SMALL | |
| FOR NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA | | | | | | RATE(\$) | FEE(\$) | 1 | RATE(\$) | FEE(\$) |
| | IC FEE FR 1.16(a), (b), or (c)) | N | I/A | <u> </u> | I/A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 380 |
| SEA | RCH FEE FR 1.16(k), (i), or (m)) | N | I/A | <u> </u> | √A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 620 |
| EXA | MINATION FEE FR 1.16(o), (p), or (q)) | N | I/A | <u> </u> | √A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 250 |
| TOT | AL CLAIMS FR 1.16(i)) | 20 | minus 2 | 20 = * | | | | OR | x 60 = | 0.00 |
| INDE | EPENDENT CLAIM FR 1.16(h)) | S 2 | minus (| 3 = * | | | | 1 | x 250 = | 0.00 |
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| AMENDMENT A | Total | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | Minus | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) | OB | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |
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| | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * | Minus | *** | = | X = | | OR | x = | |
| ₹ | Application Size Fee | (37 CFR 1.16(s)) | 1 | | | | | | | |
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| H B | | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) | | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |
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| AMENDMENT | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * | Minus | *** | = | x = | | OR | x = | |
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| 1 | APPLICATION | FILING or | GRP ART | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| | NUMBER | 371(c) DATE | UNIT | FIL FEE REC'D | ATTY.DOCKET.NO | TOT CLAIMS | IND CLAIMS |
| | 13/615 557 | 09/13/2012 | 2431 | 1250 | 077580-0177 | 20 | 2. |

CONFIRMATION NO. 1089

23630 McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W.

Washington, DC 20001

FILING RECEIPT

OC00000056885488

Date Mailed: 10/04/2012

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply

to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

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Robert Dunham Short III, Leesburg, VA; Edmund Colby Munger, Crownsville, MD;

Michael Williamson, South Riding, VA;

Applicant(s)

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Robert Dunham Short III, Leesburg, VA; Edmund Colby Munger, Crownsville, MD; Michael Williamson, South Riding, VA;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

VIRNETX, INC., Zephyr Cove, NV

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 22907

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of $13/049,552\ 03/16/2011$ which is a CON of $11/840,560\ 08/17/2007$ PAT 7921211 which is a CON of $10/714,849\ 11/18/2003$ PAT 7418504 which is a CON of $09/558,210\ 04/26/2000$ ABN which is a CIP of $09/504,783\ 02/15/2000$ PAT 6502135 which is a CIP of $09/429,643\ 10/29/1999$ PAT 7010604 which claims benefit of $60/106,261\ 10/30/1998$

which claims benefit of 60/106,261 10/30/1998 and claims benefit of 60/137,704 06/07/1999

Foreign Applications (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.)

page 1 of 3

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 10/02/2012

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 13/615.557**

Projected Publication Date: To Be Determined - pending completion of Corrected Papers

Non-Publication Request: No Early Publication Request: No

Title

AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Preliminary Class

713

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

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Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

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| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| INFORMATION DIGGL COURT | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) | Filing Dates | September 13, 2012 | | |
| | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| ose as many sneets as necessary) | Art Unit | 2431 | | |
| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580 177 (VPNK 0001CD2CONO) | | |

| | | | | Examiner Name | | Not Yet Assigned |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | Docket Number | 77 | 580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
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| EXAMI | CITE | Patent Number | Publication/Pat | Name of Patentee or Appli | cant of | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant |
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Subst. for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) Application Number 13/615,557 Filing Dates September 13, 2012 First Named Inventor Victor Larson Art Unit 2431 Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8)

| | | | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
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| D378 | Exhibit 65, RFC 2401 vs. Claims of the '21 | | | | | |
| D379 | Exhibit 66, RFC 2401 vs. Claims of the '50 | | | | | |
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| D390 | Exhibit 77, US '019 vs. Claims of the '504 I | | | | | |
| D391 | Exhibit 78, US '049 vs. Claims of the '135 I | | | | | |
| D392 | Exhibit 79, US '049 vs. Claims of the '211 I | | | | | |
| D393 | Exhibit 80, US '049 vs. Claims of the '504 I | | | | | |
| D394 | Exhibit 81, US '748 vs. Claims of the '135 I | | | | | |
| D395 | Exhibit 82, US '261 vs. Claims of the '135 I | | | | | |
| D396 | Exhibit 83, US '261 vs. Claims of the '211 I | | | | | |
| D397 | Exhibit 84, US '261 vs. Claims of the '504 I | | | | | |
| D398 | Exhibit 85, US '900 vs. Claims of the '135 I | | | | | |
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| D402 | Exhibit 89, US '671 vs. Claims of the '211 F Exhibit 90, US '671 vs. Claims of the '504 F | | | | | |
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| D404 | Exhibit 92, JP '704 vs. Claims of the '211 P | | | | | |
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| D407 | Exhibit 94, GB '841 vs. Claims of the '135 F | | | | | |
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| D409 | Exhibit 95, GB '841 vs. Claims of the 211 r | | | | | |
| D410 | Exhibit 97, US '318 vs. Claims of the '135 F | | | | | |
| D411 | Exhibit 98, US '318 vs. Claims of the '211 F | | | | | |
| D412 | Exhibit 99, US '318 vs. Claims of the '504 F | | | | | |
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| D415 | Exhibit 102, NIKKEI vs. Claims of the '211 i | | | | | |
| D416 | Exhibit 103, NIKKEI vs. Claims of the '504 | ······································ | | | | |
| D417 | Exhibit 104, Special Anthology vs. Claims of | | | | | |
| D418 | Exhibit 105, Omron vs. Claims of the '135 F | | | | | |
| D419 | Exhibit 106, Gauntlet System vs. Claims of | | | | | |
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| | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | | | |
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| | | | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | | |
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| D457 | Exhibit 144, Solana vs. Claims of the '151 | | | | | | |
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| D459 | Exhibit 146, Solana vs. Claims of the '211 I | | | | | | |
| D460 | | Exhibit 147, Solana vs. Claims of the '504 Patent | | | | | |
| D461 | Exhibit 148, Solana vs. Claims of the '759 Patent | | | | | | |
| D462 | Exhibit 149, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '135 Patent | | | | | | |
| D463 | Exhibit 150, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '151 Patent Exhibit 151, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '180 Patent | | | | | | |
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| D467 | Exhibit 154, Atkinson vs. Claims of the 1759 | | | | | | |
| D468 | Exhibit 155, Marino vs. Claims of the '135 F | ratent | The state of the s | | | | |

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name** Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D469 Exhibit 156, Marino vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D470 Exhibit 157, Marino vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D471 Exhibit 158, Marino vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D472 Exhibit 159, Marino vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D473 Exhibit 160, Marino vs. Claims of the '759 Patent Exhibit 161, Aziz ('646) vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D474 D475 Exhibit 162, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D476 Exhibit 163, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D477 Exhibit 164, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D478 Exhibit 165, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D479 Exhibit 166, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D480 Exhibit 167, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D481 Exhibit 168, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D482 Exhibit 169, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D483 Exhibit 170, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D484 Exhibit 171, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D485 Exhibit 172, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D486 Exhibit 173, Aziz ('234) vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D487 Exhibit 174, Schneider vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D488 Exhibit 175, Valencia vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D489 Exhibit 176, Valencia vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D490 Exhibit 177, Valencia vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D491 Exhibit 178, Valencia vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D492 Exhibit 179, Valencia vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 180, RFC 2401 in Combination with U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D493 D494 Exhibit 181, Davison vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D495 Exhibit 182, Davison vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D496 Exhibit 183, Davison vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D497 Exhibit 184, Davison vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D498 Exhibit 185, Davison vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D499 Exhibit 186, Davison vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D500 Exhibit 187, AutoSOCKS v2.1 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D501 Exhibit 188, AutoSOCKS v2.1 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D502 Exhibit 189, AutoSOCKS v2.1 Administrator's Guide vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D503 Exhibit 190, AutoSOCKS vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D504 Exhibit 191, Aventail Connect 3.01/2.51 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D505 Exhibit 192, Aventail Connect v3.01/2.51 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D506 Exhibit 193, Aventail Connect 3.01/2.51 vs. Claims of the '180 Patent Exhibit 194, Aventail Connect 3.01/2.51 vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D507 D508 Exhibit 195, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 Administrator's Guide vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D509 Exhibit 196, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 Administrator's Guide vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D510 Exhibit 197, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D511 Exhibit 198, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D512 Exhibit 199, BinGO! User's User's Guide/Extended Features Reference vs. Claims of the '151 Patent Exhibit 200, BinGO! User's User's Guide/Extended Features Reference vs. Claims of the '135 D513 Patent D514 Exhibit 201, BinGO! vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D515 Exhibit 202, BinGO! vs. Claims of the '759 Patent

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name** Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D516 Exhibit 203, Broadband Forum Technical Report TR-025 (Issue 1.0/5.0) vs. Claims of the '135 D517 Exhibit 204, Domain Name System (DNS) Security vs. Claims of the '211 Patent Exhibit 205, Domain Name System (DNS) Security vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D518 Exhibit 206, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D519 D520 Exhibit 207, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D521 Exhibit 208, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS) vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D522 Exhibit 209, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS) vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 210, IETF RFC 2065: Domain Name System Security Extensions; Published January 1997 D523 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D524 Exhibit 211, IETF RFC 2065: Domain Name System Security Extensions; Published January 1997 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D525 Exhibit 212, RFC 2486, RFC 2661, RFC 2401, and Internet-Draft, "Secure Remote Access with L2TP" vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D526 Exhibit 213, U.S. Patent No. 7,100,195 in Combination with RFC 2401 and U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D527 Exhibit 214, U.S. Patent No. 7,100,195 in Combination with RFC 2401 and U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D528 Exhibit 215, U.S. Patent No. 6,643,701 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D529 Exhibit 216, U.S. Patent No. 6,643,701 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent Exhibit 217, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 in Combination with RFC 2401 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D530 D531 Exhibit 218, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 in Combination with RFC 2401 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D532 Exhibit 219, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D533 Exhibit 220, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 221, RFC 2486, RFC 2661, RFC 2401, and Internet-Draft, "Secure Remote Access with D534 L2TP" vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D535 Exhibit 222, U.S. Patent No. 6,557,037 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D536 Exhibit 223, U.S. Patent No. 6,557,037 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D537 Exhibit 224, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D538 Exhibit 225, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '151 Patent Exhibit Cisco-1, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D539 D540 Exhibit Cisco-2, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D541 Exhibit Cisco-3, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D542 Exhibit Cisco-4, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D543 Exhibit Cisco-5, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D544 Exhibit Cisco-6, Cisco's Prior Art Systems vs. Claims of the '759 Patent Exhibit Cisco-7, Cisco's Prior Art PIX System vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D545 D546 Exhibit A: Copy of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135 D547 Exhibit A: Copy of U.S. Patent No. 7,490,151 Exhibit B: Certificate of Service to Request For Inter Partes Reexamination Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D548 (Patent No. 6,502,135) Exhibit B: Certificate of Service to Request For Inter Partes Reexamination Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D549 (Patent No. 7,490,151) D550 Exhibit B-1: File History of U.S. Patent 6,502,135 D551 Exhibit B-2: Reexamination Record No. 95/001,269 Exhibit C1: Claim Chart - Aventail Connect v3.1 (Patent No. 6,502,135) D552 D553 Exhibit C2: Claim Chart Aventail Connect V3.01 (Patent No. 6,502,135) D554 Exhibit C-1: Copy of U.S. Patent No. 7,010,604 D555 Exhibit C2: Claim Chart Aventail Autosocks (Patent No. 7,490,151)

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| D660 | F-h-1-20 PEC 2004 - Ol-1(1) | | 77 300-177 (\$1000-107 300148) | |
| D661 | Exhibit 38, RFC 2661 vs. Claims of the | | | |
| D662 | Exhibit 39, RFC 2661 vs. Claims of the Exhibit 40, SecureConnect vs. Claims of | | | |
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| | | Application Number | 13/615,557 |
| INFORM | ATION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | September 13, 2012 |
| | ENT BY APPLICANT | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| (Use as man) | y sheets as necessary) | Art Unit | 2431 |
| | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned |
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Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name** Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D756 Exhibit 203, Broadband Forum Technical Report TR-025 (Issue 1.0/5.0) vs. Claims of the '135 D757 Exhibit 206, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D758 Exhibit 207, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D759 Exhibit 208, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS) vs. Claims of the '211 Patent Exhibit 209, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS) vs. Claims of the D760 '504 Patent Exhibit 212, RFC 2486, RFC 2661, RFC 2401 and Internet-Draft, "Secure Remote Access with D761 L2TP' vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D762 Exhibit 218, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 in combination with RFC 2401'vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D763 Exhibit 219, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D764 Exhibit 220, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D765 Exhibit 222, U.S. Patent No. 6,557,037 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D766 Exhibit 223, U.S. Patent No. 6,557,037 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D767 Exhibit 224, RFC 2230, Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D768 Exhibit 228, U.S. 588 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent (Final) D769 Exhibit 229, U.S. 588 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent (Final) D770 Exhibit 230, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '135 Patent (Final) D771 Exhibit 231, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '211 Patent (Final) D772 Exhibit XX, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D773 Exhibit Cisco-1, Cisco's Prior Art System vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit Cisco-4, Cisco's Prior Art System vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D774 D775 Exhibit Cisco-5, Cisco's Prior Art System vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D776 Exhibit 225, US '037 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D777 Exhibit 226, ITU-T Standardization Activities vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D778 Exhibit 227, US '393 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D779 Exhibit 233, The Miller Application vs. Claim 13 of the '135 Patent D780 Exhibit 234, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 Administrator's Guide ("Aventail Connect") vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D781 Exhibit 235, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D782 Exhibit 1, IETF RFC 2065: Domain Name System Security Extensions; published January 1997 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D783 Exhibit 2, IETF RFC 2065: Domain Name System Security Extensions; published January 1997 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 3, RFC 2543 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D784 D785 Exhibit 4, RFC 2543 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D786 Exhibit 5, RFC 2543 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D787 Exhibit 6, SIP Draft v.2 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D788 Exhibit 7, SIP Draft v.2 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D789 Exhibit 8, SIP Draft v.2 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D790 Exhibit 9, H.323 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D791 Exhibit 10, H.323 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D792 Exhibit 11, H.323 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D793 Exhibit 12, SSL 3.0 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit 13, SSL 3.0 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D794 D795 Exhibit 14, SSL 3.0 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 15, RFC 2487 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D796 D797 Exhibit 16, RFC 2487 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent Exhibit 17, RFC 2487 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D798

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| | TION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | September 13, 2012 | |
| • • — | NT BY APPLICANT sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
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| | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | |
| ··· | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CO | N8) |
| D799 | Exhibit 18, RFC 2595 vs. Claims of the | ne '135 Patent | | |
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| | Exhibit 23, iPass vs. Claims of the '50 | | | |
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| | Exhibit 25, U.S. Patent No. 6,453,034 | | ······································ | |
| D805 | Exhibit 26, U.S. Patent No. 6,453,034 | ('034 Patent") vs. Claims of the | e 504 Patent | |
| D806 | Exhibit 27, U.S. Patent No. 6,223,287 | 7 ("287 Patent") vs. Claims of the | e 135 Patent | |
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| | Exhibit 130, Overview of Access VPN 135 Patent | Is and Tunneling Technologies (| ("Overview") vs. Claims of the | |
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| | Exhibit 191, Aventail Connect 3.01/2. | | | |
| | Exhibit 195, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 135 Patent | Administrator's Guide ("Aventai | i Connect") vs. Claims of the | |
| | Exhibit 204, Domain Name System (I | ONS) Security vs. Claims of the " | 211 Patent | |
| | Exhibit 205, Domain Name System (I | | | |
| | Exhibit 210, Lendenmann vs. Claims | | | |
| | Exhibit 211, Lendenmann vs. Claims | | | ., |
| D830 | Exhibit 213, U.S. Patent No. 7,100,19 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '135 Pate | 5 in combination with RFC 2401 | 1 and U.S. Patent No. | |
| | Exhibit 215, Aziz vs. Claims of the '13 | | | |
| | Cisco '180, Efiling Acknowledgment | | | |
| | Exhibit A, U.S. Patent 7,188,180 | | | |
| D834 I | Exhibit B1, File History of U.S. Patent | 7,188,180 | | |
| D835 I | Exhibit B2, File History of U.S. Patent | Application No. 09/588,209 | | |
| | Exhibit B3, File History of Reexamina requested by Microsoft Corp | tion Control No. 95/001,270, Re | examination of U.S. 7,188,180 | |
| D837 E | Exhibit D1, "Lendenmann": Rolf Lend nternational Technical Support Organ | | E 1.1 For AIX and OS/2, IBM | |
| | Exhibit D5, "Schneier": Bruce Schneie | | | |
| | Exhibit D6, RFC 793; Information Scientific Science 2015 | | | |

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| | ATION DIGG: COURT | Application Number | 13/615,557 |
| | ATION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | September 13, 2012 |
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| as many | sneets as necessary) | Art Unit 2431 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
| D840 | Exhibit D7, "Schimpf"; Brian C. Schimpf, " | | DCE," Presented at Network |
| | and Distributed System Security (Feb. 10- | | |
| D841 | Exhibit D8, "Rosenberry"; Ward Rosenber (1993) | | |
| D842 | Exhibit D9, Masys; Daniel R. Masys & Dix Computers: The PCASSO Approach," Pro Florida (Nov. 7-11, 1998) | | |
| D843 | Exhibit E1, Claim Charts Applying Lenden | mann as a Primary Refere | nce to the '180 Patent. |
| D844 | Exhibit E2, Claim Charts Applying Kiuchi a | | |
| D845 | Exhibit E3, Claim Charts Applying Solana | | |
| D846 | Exhibit E4, Claim Charts Applying Schimp Patent | f and Rosenberry as a Prin | nary Reference to the '180 |
| D847 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamination of | Patent No. 7,188,180 | |
| D848 | Modified PTO Form 1449 | | |
| D849 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamination To | | 180 |
| D850 | Exhibit A; U.S. Patent 7,921,211 with Tern | | |
| D851 | Exhibit B, Certificate of Service to Reques (Patent No. 7,921,211) | t For Inter Partes Reexami | nation Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 |
| D852 | Exhibit C1, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 920, Reed and Beser | Relative to Solana, Alone a | and in Conjunction with RFC |
| D853 | Exhibit C2, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 Relative to Solana in view of RFC 2504 and Further in conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser | | of RFC 2504 and Further in |
| D854 | Exhibit C3, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 920, Reed, and Beser) | Relative to Provino, Alone | and in Conjunction with RFC |
| D855 | Exhibit C4, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Best | | of RFC 2230 and Further in |
| D856 | Exhibit C5, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Best | | of RFC 2504 and in Further |
| D857 | Exhibit C6, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 920, RFC 2401, and Reed | | |
| D858 | Exhibit C7, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, and Beser | | , |
| D859 | Exhibit C8, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and Rf | FC 2065 | • |
| D860 | Exhibit D1, Asserted Claim and Infringeme Cisco Systems, Inc., Apple Inc., Aastra Te America and Aastra USA, Inc., Civ. Act 6:2 | chnologies Ltd, NEC Corpo 2010cv00417 (E.D. Tex) | pration, NEC Corporation of |
| D861 | Exhibit D2, Asserted Claims and Infringem based on 7,921,211 Patent | | |
| D862 | Exhibit X1, Solana, E. et al. "Flexible Interr Domains" | net Secure Transactions Ba | ased on Collaborative |
| D863 | Exhibit X2, U.S. Patent 6,557,037 | | |
| D864 | Exhibit X4, Atkinson, R., IETF RFC 2230, (November 1997) | | |
| D865 | Exhibit X6, Kent, et al., IETF RFC 2401, "S 1998) Is Accessible at: http://www.ietf.org/r | rfc/rfc2401.txt | · |
| D866 | Exhibit X7, Eastlake, D. et al., IETF RFC 2 (January 1997) Is Accessible at: http://www | v.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2065.txt | |
| D867 | Exhibit X9, Guttman, E. et al., IETF RFC 2: Accessible At: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc250 |)4.txt | |
| D868 | Exhibit Y3, Braden, R., RFC 1123, "Require October 1989 ("RFC1123"). | ements for Internet Hosts - | - Application and Support," |

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name** Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D869 Exhibit Y4, Atkinson, R., RFC 1825, "Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol (August 1995) Is Accessible At: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1825.txt Exhibit Y5, Housley, R. et al., RFC 2459, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and D870 CRL Profile" (January 1999) Is accessible At: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2459.txt D871 Exhibit A. U.S. Patent 7,418,504 Exhibit B, Certificate of Service to Request For Inter Partes Reexamination Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D872 (Patent No. 7,418,504) D873 Exhibit C1, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Solana, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser D874 Exhibit C2, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Solana in view of RFC 2504 and Further in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser Exhibit C3, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Provino, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC D875 920, Reed, and Beser D876 Exhibit C4, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Provino in View of RFC 2230 and Further in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser D877 Exhibit C5, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Provino in View of RFC 2504 and in Further Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser D878 Exhibit C6, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to Beser, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, and Reed Exhibit C7, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to RFC 2230, Alone and in Conjunction with D879 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, and Beser Exhibit C8, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 Relative to RFC 2538, Alone and in Conjunction with D880 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and RFC 2065 D881 Exhibit D1, Asserted Claims and Infringement Contentions by Plaintiff VirnetX Inc. in VimetX, Inc. v. Cisco Systems, Inc., Applice, Inc., Aastra Technologies Ltd., NEC Corporation, NEC Corporation of America and Aastra USA, Inc., Civ. Act. 6:2010cv00417 (E.D. Tex) D882 Exhibit D2, Asserted Claims and Infringement Contentions by Plaintiff VirnetX Inc. against Apple Inc. Based on the 7,418,504 Exhibit X5, Eastlake, D., et al., IETF RFC 2538, "Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System D883 (DNS)" (March 1999) Exhibit X6, Kent, S. IETF RFC 2401, "Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol, D884 (November1998) http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2401.txt D885 Exhibit X8, Postel, J. et al., IETF RFC 920, "Domain Requirements" (October 1984) Is Accessible at http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc920.txt Exhibit X10, Reed, M. et al. "Proxies for Anonymous Routing," 12th Annual Computer Security D886 Applications Conference, San Diego, CA, Dec. 9-13, 1996. D887 Request for Inter Partes Reexamination Transmittal form D888 Transmittal Letter Request for Inter Partes Reexamination Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D889 D890 Exhibit D-7, "Thomas": Brian Thomas, "Recipe for E-Commerce, IEEE Internet Computing, (Nov.-Exhibit D-9, "Kent II": Stephen Kent & Randall Atkinson, "IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)," D891 Internet Engineering Task Force, Internet Draft (Feb. 1998) Exhibit C1. Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Solana, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC D892 920, Reed and Beser (Came from Inval. Cisco dtd 11/18/11) Exhibit C2, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Solana in View of RFC 2504 and Further in D893 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser Exhibit C3, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC D894 920, Reed, and Beser D895 Exhibit C4, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino in View of RFC 2230 and Further in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C5, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino in View of RFC 2504 and in Further D896 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser

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Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name** Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D1043 Exhibit C6, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 relative to Beser, Alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, and Reed Exhibit C7, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 relative to RFC 2230, alone and in conjunction with RFC D1044 2401, Reed, and Beser D1045 Exhibit C8, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 relative to RFC 2538, alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and RFC 2065 D1046 Request for Inter Partes Reexamination under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D1047 Exhibit C1, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 relative to Solana, alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C2, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 relative to Solana in view of RFC 2504 and further in D1048 conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser Exhibit C3, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 relative to Provino, alone and in conjunction with RFC D1049 920, Reed, and Beser D1050 Exhibit C5, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 relative to Provino in view of RFC 2504 and in further conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C6, USP 7,418,504 relative to Beser, alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, D1051 and Reed D1052 Exhibit C7, Claim Chart - USP 7,418,504 relative to RFC 2230, alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, and Beser D1053 Exhibit C8, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 relative to RFC 2538, alone and in conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and RFC 2065 D1054 Request for Inter Partes Reexamination under 35 U.S.C. § 311 D1055 Exhibit 226, Securing Web Access with DCE vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1056 Exhibit 227, Securing Web Access with DCE vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1057 Exhibit 228, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1058 Exhibit 229, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1059 Exhibit 230, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D1060 Exhibit 231, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1061 Exhibit 232, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1062 Exhibit 233, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/2 vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D1063 Exhibit 234, U.S. '648 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1064 Exhibit 235, U.S. '648 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1065 Exhibit 236, U.S. '648 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1066 Exhibit 237, U.S. '072 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1067 Exhibit 238, Gauntlet System vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1068 Exhibit 239, Gauntlet System vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1069 Exhibit 240, Gauntlet System vs. Claims of the 135 Patent D1070 Exhibit 241, U.S. '588 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1071 Exhibit 242, U.S. '588 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1072 Exhibit 243, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit 244, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1073 D1074 Exhibit 245, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '504 Patent Exhibit 246, ITU-T Standardization Activities vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1075 D1076 Exhibit 247, U.S. '393 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1077 Exhibit 248, The Miller Application vs. Claim 13 of the '135 Patent D1078 Exhibit 249, Gauntlet System vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1079 Exhibit 250, ITU-T Standardization Activities vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1080 Exhibit 251, U.S. Patent No. 5,940,393 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1081 Exhibit 252, Microsoft VPN vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1082 Exhibit 253, U.S. Patent No.6,324,648 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent

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Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) Docket Number D1119 Hopen Transcript dated April 11, 2012 D1120 VirnetX Claim Construction Opinion D1121 Declaration of Angelos D. Keromytic, Ph.D. D1122 Declaration of Dr. Robert Dunham Short III D1123 Exhibit A-1, Verdict Form from VirnetX, Inc. v. Microsoft Corp., No. 6:07-CV-80 (E.D. Tex.) D1124 Exhibit A-3, Declaration of Jason Nieh, Ph.D. (Control No. 95/001,269) D1125 Exhibit A-4, Redacted Deposition of Chris Hopen from VirnetX, Inc. v. Cisco Systems, Inc., No. 6:07-CV 417 (E.D. Tex. April 11, 2012 D1126 Exhibit B-1, Excerpt from Deposition of Defense FY 2000/2001 Biennial Budget Estimates, Feb. D1127 Exhibit B-2, Collection of Reports and Presentations on DARPA Projects D1128 Exhibit B-3, Maryann Lawlor, Transient Partnerships Stretch Security Policy Management, Signal Magazine (Sept. 2001) http://www.afcea.org/signal/articles/anmviewer.asp?a=494&print=yes D1129 Joel Snyder, Living in Your Own Private Idaho, Network World (January 28, 1998) http://www.networkworld.com/intranet/0126review.html. D1130 Time Greene, CEO's Chew the VPN Fat, CNN.com (June 17, 1999). http://www.cnn.com/TECH/computing/9906/17/vpnfat.ent.idg/index.html?iref=allsearch D1131 Peter Alexander Invalidity Report D1132 Defendants' Second Supplemental Joint Invalidity Contentions D1133 Exhibit 118A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '135 Patent ² D1134 Exhibit 119A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '151 Patent ² D1135 Exhibit 120A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '180 Patent ² D1136 Exhibit 121A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '211 Patent ² D1137 Exhibit 122A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '504 Patent ² D1138 Exhibit 123A, Altiga VPN System¹ vs. Claims of the '759 Patent ² D1139 Exhibit 12A, SSL 3.01 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent2 D1140 Exhibit 13A, SSL 3.01 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent2 D1141 Exhibit 14A, SSL 3.01 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent2 D1142 Exhibit 228A, Understanding OSF DCE 1. for AIX and OS/21 (APP VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '135 Patent² D1143 Exhibit 229A, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/21 (APP_VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '151 Patent² D1144 Exhibit 230A, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/21 (APP_VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '180 Patent² D1145 Exhibit 231A, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/21 (APP VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '211 Patent² D1146 Exhibit 232A, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/21 (APP VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '504 Patent² Exhibit 233A, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 for AIX and OS/21 (APP_VX0556531-804) vs. Claims of the '759 Patent² Exhibit 255, Schulzrinne¹ vs. Claims of the '135 Patent²

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| se as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson 2431 | |
| | Art Unit | | |
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| D1158 Wang ¹ vs. Claims of the '211 Patent ² | | | |
| D1159 Exhibit 1, Alexander CV.pdf | | | |
| D1160 Exhibit 2, Materials Considered by Peter | Alexander | | |
| D1161 Exhibit 3, Cross Reference Chart | | | |
| D1162 Exhibit 4, RFC 2543 ¹ vs. Claims of the '1 | 35 Patent | | |
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| D1165 Exhibit 7, The Schulzrinne Presentation ¹ | vs. Claims of the '135 Patent | t | |
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| D1179 Exhibit 21, Kiuchi ¹ vs. Claims of the '151 F | atent | | |
| D1180 Exhibit 22, Kiuchi ¹ vs. Claims of the '180 P | atent | | |
| D1181 Exhibit 23, Kiuchi ¹ vs. Claims of the '759 F | | | |
| D1182 Exhibit 24, U.S. Patent No. 6,119,234 (her Patent | | 01 ² vs. Claims of the '135 | |
| D1183 Exhibit 25, U.S. Patent No. 6,119,234 (her | reinafter "Aziz") and RFC 240 | 01 ² vs. Claims of the '504 | |

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615.557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D1184 Exhibit 26, U.S. Patent No. 6,119,234 (hereinafter "Aziz") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '211 D1185 Exhibit 27, U.S. Patent No. 6,119,234 (hereinafter "Aziz") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1186 Exhibit 28 D1187 Exhibit 29, The Altiga System¹ vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1188 Exhibit 30, The Altiga System¹ vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1189 Exhibit 31, The Altiga System¹ vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1190 Exhibit 32, The Altiga System¹ vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D1191 Exhibit 33, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 ("Beser") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D1192 Exhibit 34, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 ("Beser") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D1193 Exhibit 35, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 ("Beser") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D1194 Exhibit 36, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 ("Beser") and RFC 24012 vs. Claims of the '151 Patent D1195 Exhibit 37, U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 ("Beser")¹ and RFC 2401² vs. Claims of the '180 Patent D1196 Exhibit 38, Kent¹ vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D1197 Exhibit 39, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS)¹ vs. Claims of the '504 Patent2 D1198 Exhibit 40, RFC 2538, Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS)¹ vs. Claims of the D1199 Exhibit 41, Aziz ('646)¹ vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D1200 Exhibit 42, The PIX Firewall vs. Claims of the '759 Patent D1201 Exhibit A-1, Kiuchi¹ vs. Claims of the '135 Patent² D1202 Exhibit B-1, Kiuchi¹ vs. Claims of the '211 Patent² D1203 Exhibit C-1, Kiuchi¹ vs. Claims of the '504 Patent² D1204 Exhibit D, Materials Considered D1205 Exhibit E, Expert Report of Stuart G. Stubblebine, Ph.D. D1206 Exhibit F, Expert Report of Stuart G. Stubblebine, Ph.D. D1207 Exhibit G, Opening Expert Report of Dr. Stuart Stubblebine Regarding Invalidity of the '135, '211, and '504 Patents D1208 Cisco Comments and Petition for Reexamination 95/001,679 dated June 14, 2012 D1209 Exhibit S, Declaration of Nathaniel Polish, Ph.D. D1210 Exhibit R, Excerpts from Patent Owner & Plaintiff VirnetX Inc.'s First Amended P.R. 3-1 and 3-2 Disclosure of Asserted Claims and Infringement Contentions D1211 Third Party Requester Comments dated June 25, 2012 - After Non Final Office Action (95/001,788) D1212 Reexam Affidavit/Declaration/Exhibit Filed by 3rd Party on June 25, 2012 (95/001,788) D1213 Extended European Search Report dated 03/26/12 from Corresponding European Application Number 11005793.2 (077580-0144) D1214 Bergadano, et al., "Secure WWW Transactions Using Standard HTTP and Java Applets," Proceedings of the 3rd USENIX Workshop on Electronic Commerce, 1998 D1215 Alexander Invalidity Expert Report dtd May 22, 2012 with Exhibits

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known Application Number 13/615.557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned** Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) D1216 Deposition of Peter Alexander dtd July 27, 2012 D1217 Cisco '151 Comments by Third Party Requester dtd August 17, 2012 with Exhibits D1218 Cisco '151 Petition to Waive Page Limit Requirement for Third Party Comments dtd August August 17, 2012 D1219 Deposition of Stuart Stubblebine dtd August 22, 2012 D1220 Defendants' Motion For Reconsideration of the Construction of the Term "Secure Communication Link," 7 pages, June 2012 D1221 Green, "Cisco Leverages Altiga Technology for VPN's," 2 pages, 2000 http://www.crn.com/news/channel-programs/18807923/cisco-leverages-altiga-technology-forvpns.htm D1222 Altiga Networks Archived at http://web.archive.org/web/20000823023437/http:/www.altiga.com/products/ 1999 and Retrieved by the Wayback Machine D1223 Kiuchi, "C-HTTP The Development of a Secure, Closed HTTP-Based Network on the Internet," Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo, Japan D1224 Lee et al., "Uniform Resource Locators (URL)," Network Working Group, RFC 1738, December 1994 (25 pages) D1225 VPN 3000 Concentrator Series, User Guide; Release 2.5 July 2000 (489 pages) D1226 VPN 3000 Concentrator Series, Getting Started; Release 2.5 July 2000 (122 pages) D1227 Fratto, Altiga Concentrates on VPN Security (Hardware Review Evaluation), Network Computing, March 22, 1999 (2 pages) D1228 Response to RFP: Altiga, Network World Fusion, May 10, 1999 (7 pages) D1229 Altiga Proves Multi-Vendor Interoperability for Seamless VPN Deployment; VPN Workshop Marks Significant Development in the VPN Market, July 12, 1999 (2 pages) D1230 Altiga VPN Concentrator Series (C50) Versus Nortel Networks Contivity Extranet Switch 4000 and 4500, VPN Tunneling competitive Evaluation, 1999 (6 pages) D1231 VPN 3000 Client User Guide, Release 2.5, July 2000 (94 pages) D1232 Digital Certificates Design Specification for Release 2.0, May 17, 1999 (21 pages) D1233 Altiga IPSec Client Architecture, Revision 1.0, April 5, 1999 (34 pages) D1234 Altiga IPSec Functional Specification, Revision 2.1, (17 pages) D1235 Altiga Product Requirements, Revision 1.7, May 26, 1998 (17 pages) D1236 Altiga Network Lists Feature Functional Specification, Revision 1.0, (7 pages) D1237 Altiga Split Tunneling Functional/Design Specification, (15 pages) D1238 Altiga Digital Certificate Support for IPSec Client V2.1 Functional Specification, August 12, 1999 (24 D1239 Altiga IPSec LAN to LAN Tunnel Autodiscovery Functional Specification, (5 pages) D1240 Altiga Split Tunneling Testplan, Revision 1.0, (8 pages) D1241 Altiga VPN Concentrator Getting Started, Revision 1, March 1999 (116 pages) D1242 Altiga VPN Concentrator Getting Started, Version 2, June 1999 (102 pages) D1243 Altiga VPN Concentrator Getting Started, Version 3, December 1999 (130 pages) D1244 Altiga VPN Concentrator Getting Started, Version 4, March 2000 (138 pages) D1245 Altiga VPN Concentrator User Guide, Revision 1, March 1999 (304 pages)

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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | Application Number | Application Number 13/615,557 Filing Date September 13, 2012 | | |
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| | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | rson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2431 | | |
| | | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | |
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| D1246 | Altiga VPN Concer | ntrator User Gui | de, Revision 1.1, March 1999 (30 | 94 pages) | ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | September 13, 2012 | |
| STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | Art Unit | 2431 | |
| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

[X] Under 37 C.F.R. 1.98(d), copies of all patent, publication, pending U.S. application or other information that was previously submitted to, or cited by the USPTO in an earlier application are not required. Applicant will provide copies of the previously submitted references at the Examiner's request.

This application claims priority from and is a continuation of a co-pending U.S. Application No. 13/049,552, filed March 16, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 11/840,560, filed August 17, 2007, now U.S. Patent No. 7,921,211, issued April 5, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 10/714,849, filed November 18, 2003, now U.S. Patent No. 7,418,504, issued August 26, 2008, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 09/558,210, filed April 26, 2000, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/504,783, filed on February 15, 2000, now U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135, issued December 31, 2002, which claims priority from and is a continuation-in-part patent application of previously-filed U.S. Application No. 09/429,643, filed on October 29, 1999, now U.S. Patent No. 7,010,604, issued March 07, 2006.

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

| () | [7] Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ţ |] That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or |
| |] That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| } | The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$180.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |
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SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Toby H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418

McDernott Will & Emery L.L.P.

28 State Street Boston, MA 02109 Tel. (617) 535-4000 Fax (617) 535-3800 Date: October 22, 2012

| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 14053382 | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | |
| International Application Number: | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kerrie Jones | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | |
| Receipt Date: | 23-OCT-2012 | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | |
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| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | |

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If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Docket No.: 077580-0177 PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of : Customer Number: 23630

:

Victor Larson, et al. : Confirmation Number: 1089

:

Application No.: 13/615,557 : Group Art Unit: 2447

:

Filed: September 13, 2012 : Examiner: Not yet assigned

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Mail Stop Missing Parts Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO FILE CORRECTED APPLICATION PAPERS

Sir:

In response to the Notice To File Corrected Application Papers dated October 4, 2012, submitted herewith are the following for filing in the above-referenced application:

- 1. Replacement Abstract; and
- 2. Replacement Drawings (clean without copy marks) for Figures 1-37 for filing in the above-referenced application. No new matter is believed to have been added to the application by way of the Replacement Drawings.

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account No. 501133 and please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP

Date: November 21, 2012 /Toby H. Kusmer/

Toby H. Kusmer, P.C., Reg. No. 26,418

Customer No. 23630

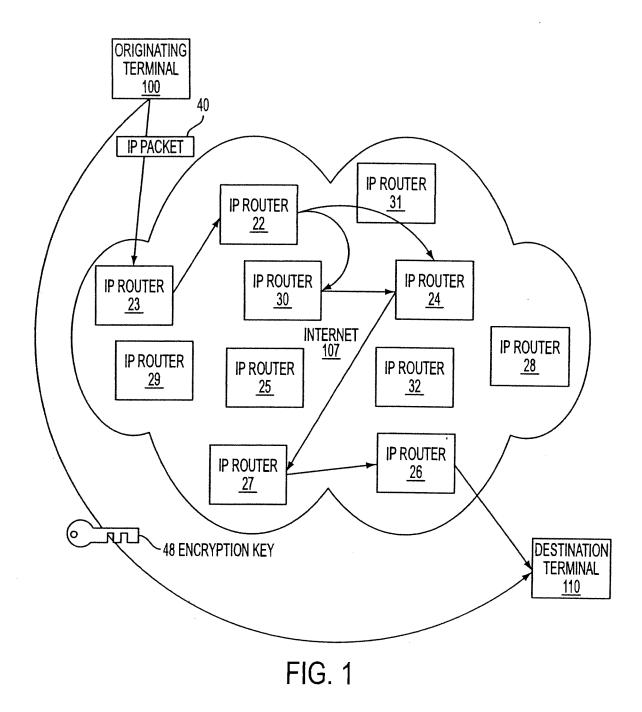
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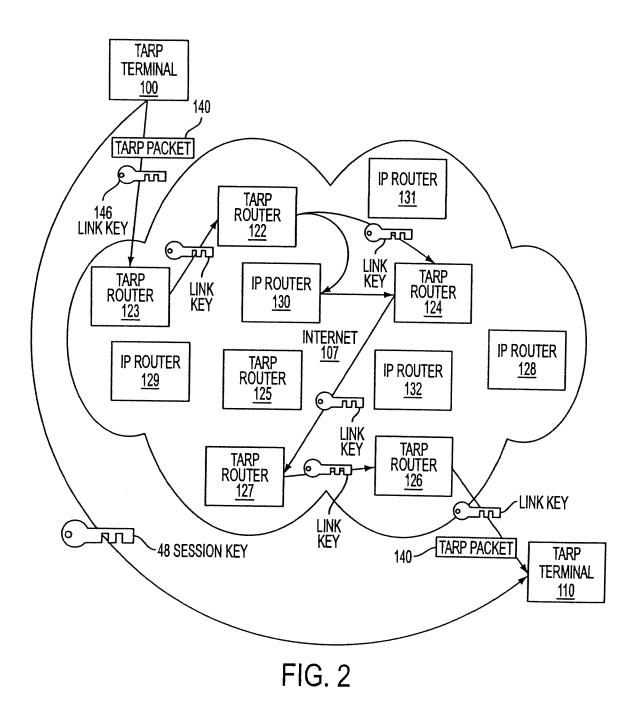
Boston, MA 02109-1775 Telephone: (617) 535-4000 Facsimile: (617)535-3800

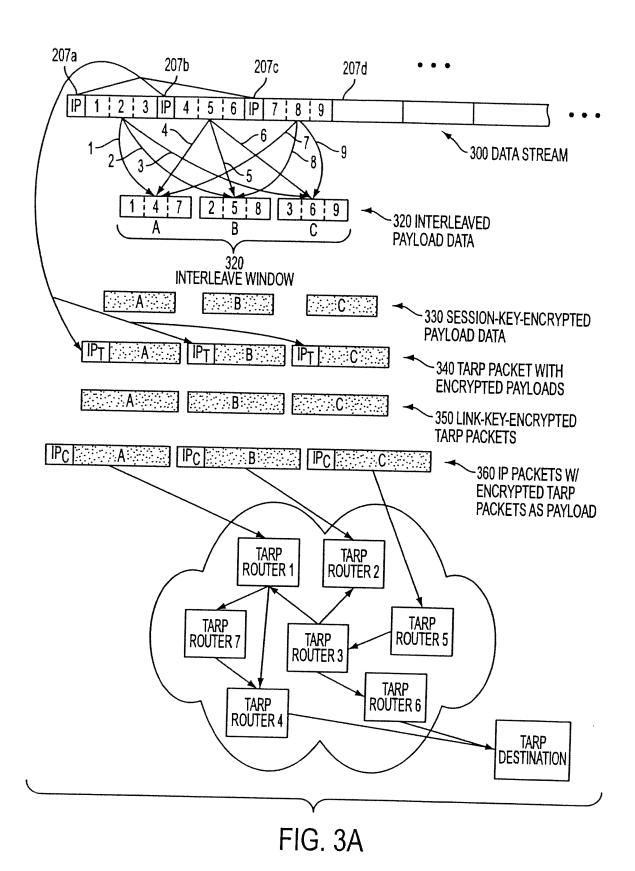
E-mail: tkusmer@mwe.com

REPLACEMENT ABSTRACT

A method is used to transparently create an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device. Each device is configured to allow audio/video communications between the client and target devices over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created. The method comprises receiving from the client device a request for a network address associated with the target device, determining whether the request is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device, and in response to determining that the request is requesting access to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/video communications transmitted between the two devices.







Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 205

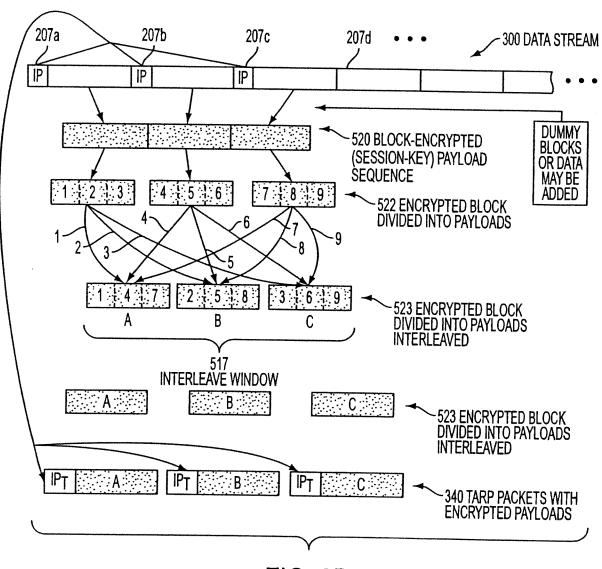
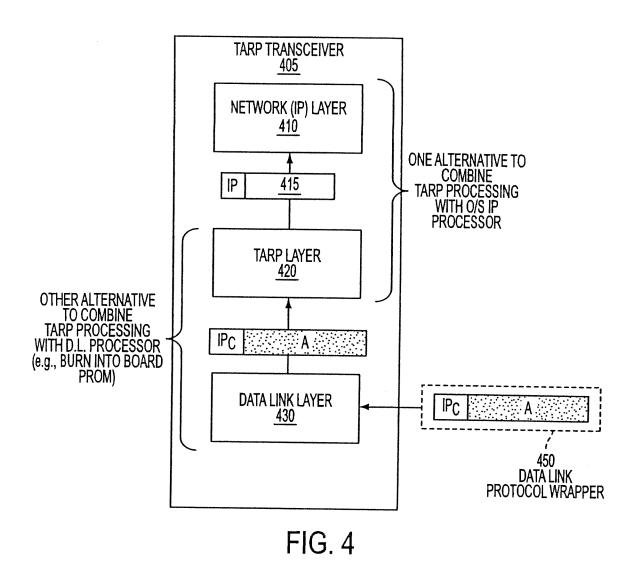
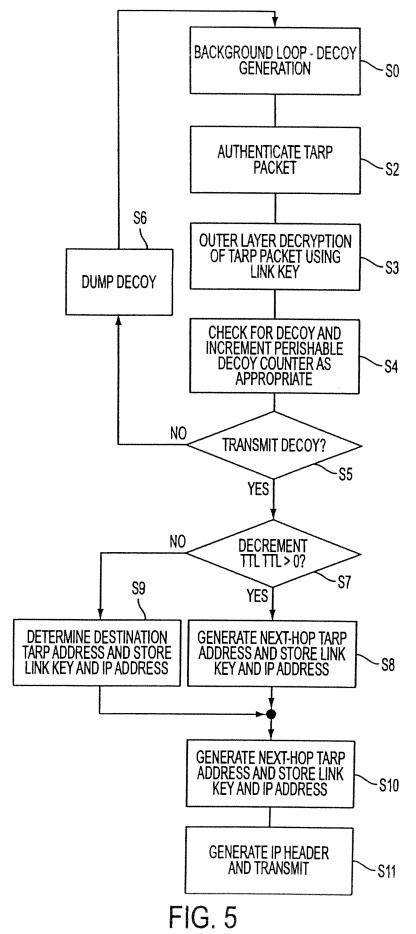
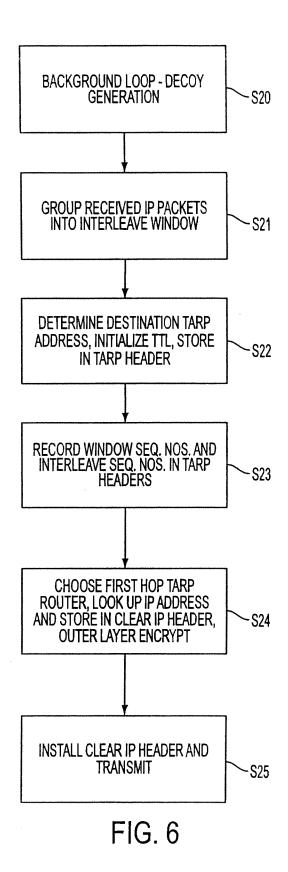


FIG. 3B





Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 208



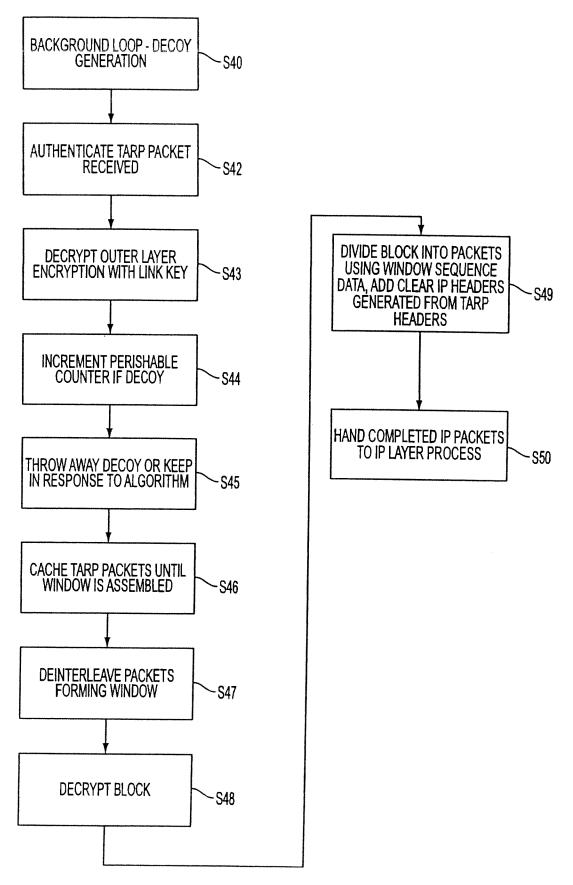


FIG. 7

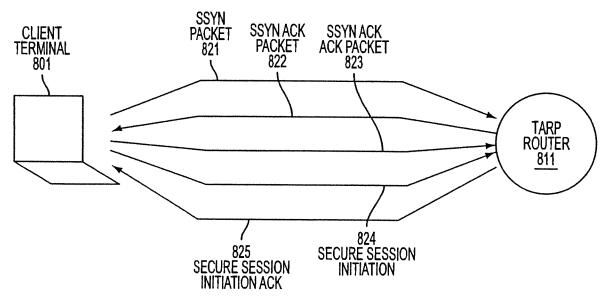


FIG. 8

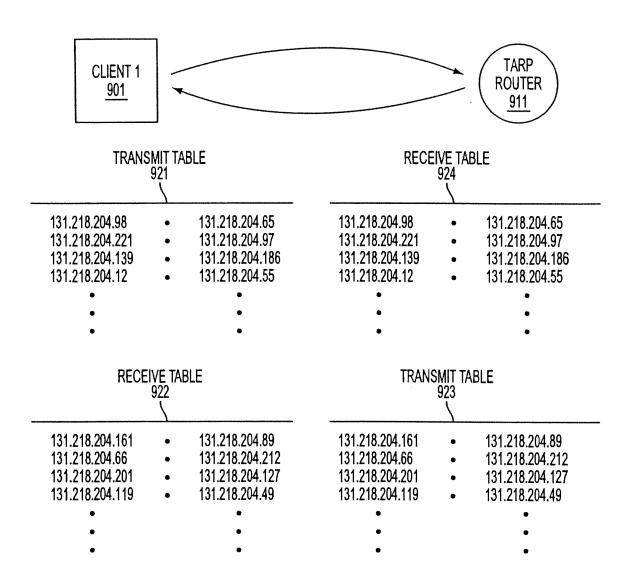
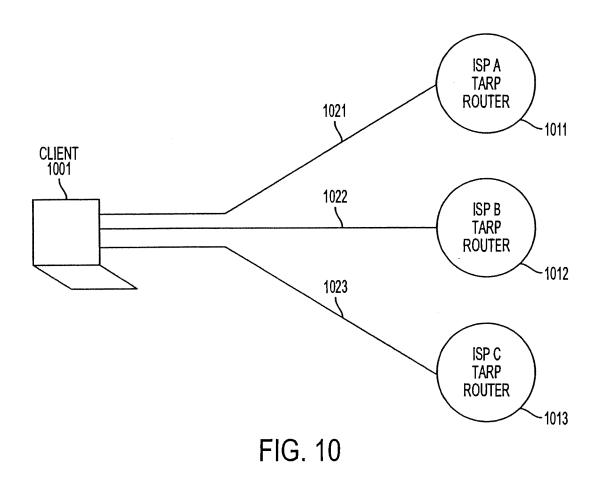
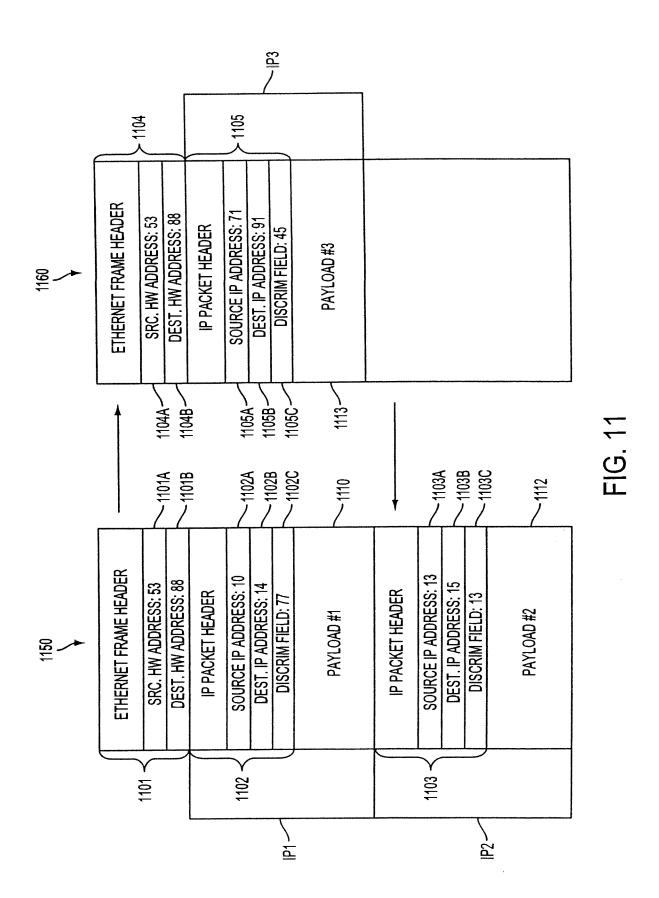
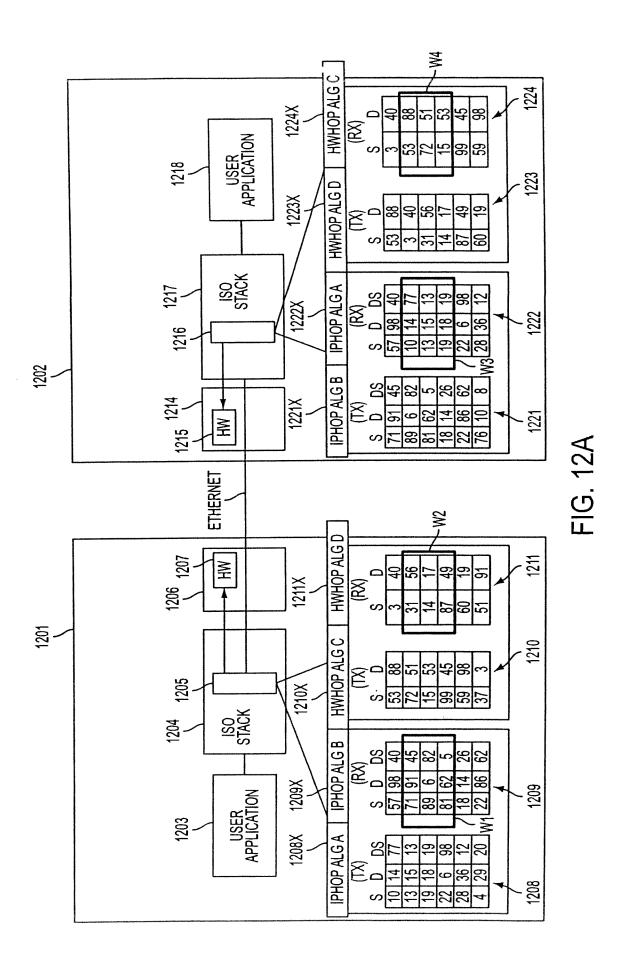


FIG. 9





Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 214

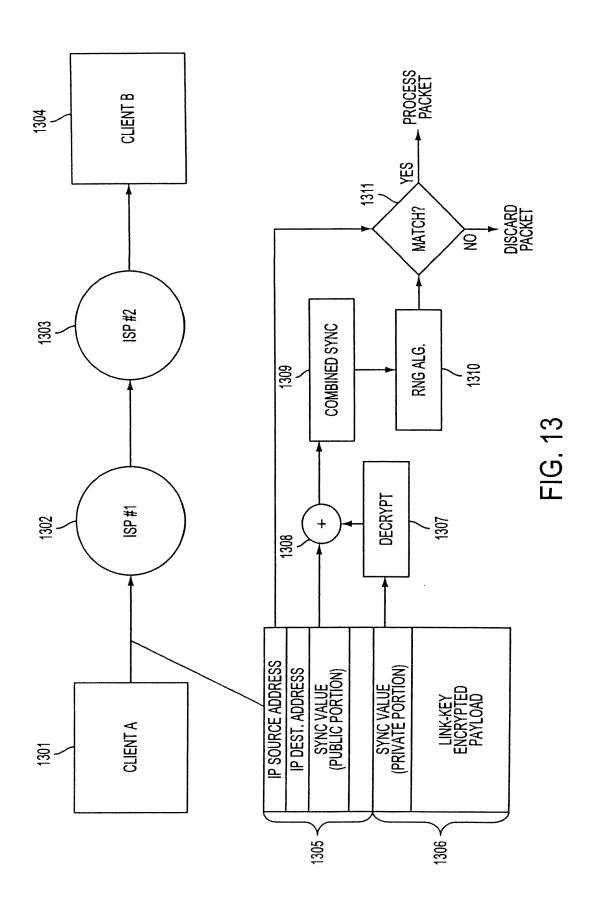


Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 215

REPLACEMENT SHEET

| MODE OR EMBODIMENT | HARDWARE ADDRESSES | IP ADDRESSES | DISCRIMINATOR FIELD VALUES |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. PROMISCUOUS | SAME FOR ALL NODES OR COMPLETELY RANDOM | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC | CAN BE VARIED IN SYNC |
| 2. PROMISCUOUS | FIXED FOR EACH VPN | CAN BE VARIED | CAN BE VARIED |
| PER VPN | | IN SYNC | IN SYNC |
| 3. HARDWARE | CAN BE VARIED | CAN BE VARIED | CAN BE VARIED |
| HOPPING | IN SYNC | IN SYNC | IN SYNC |

FIG. 12B



Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 217

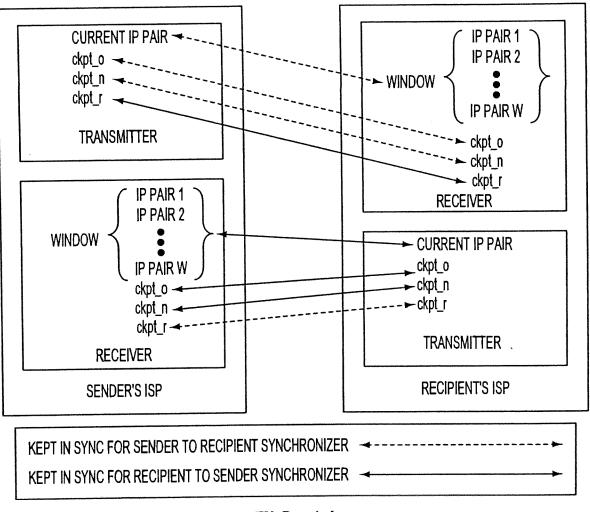
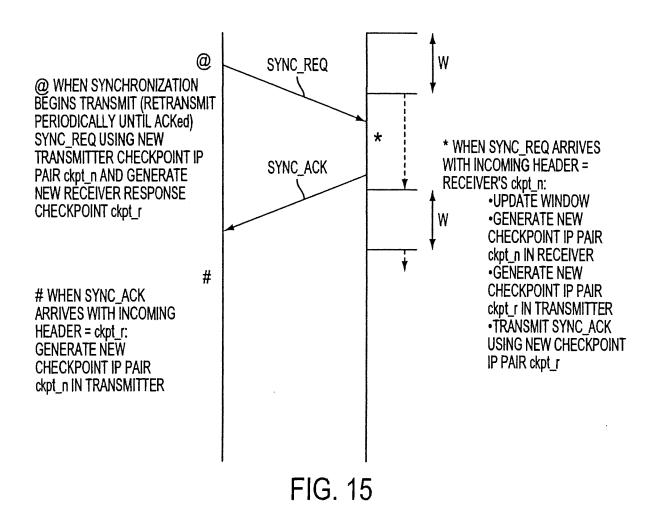


FIG. 14



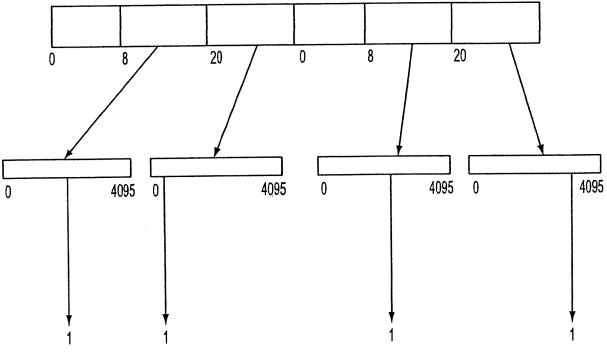
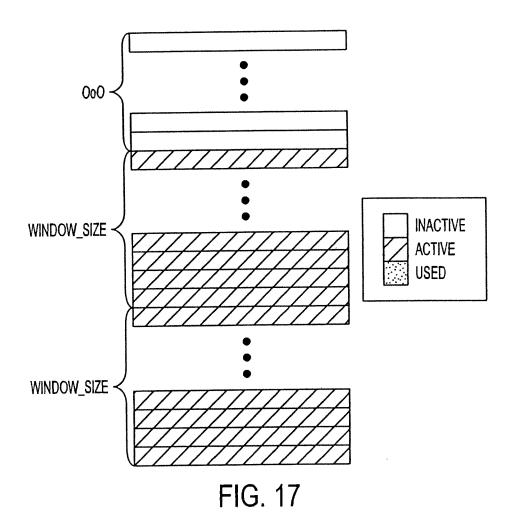
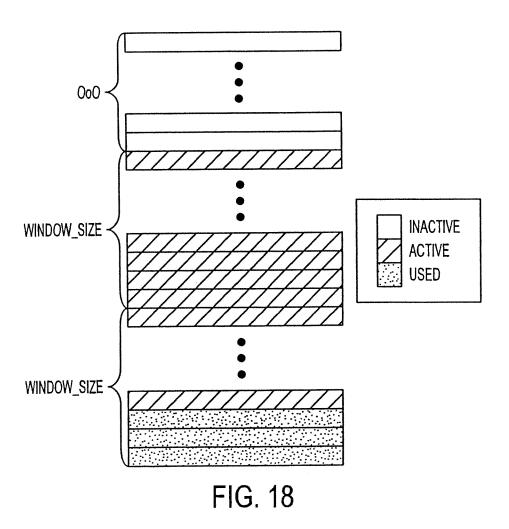
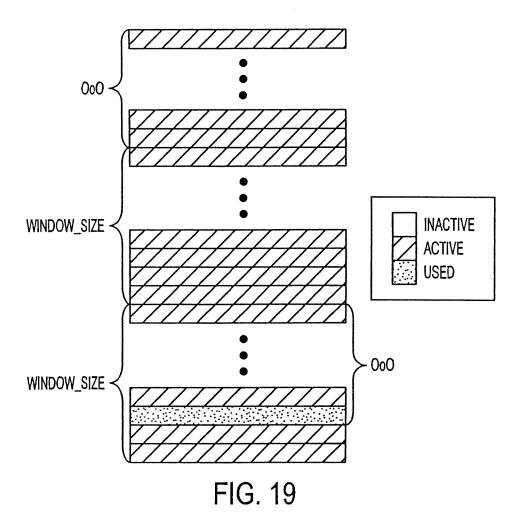
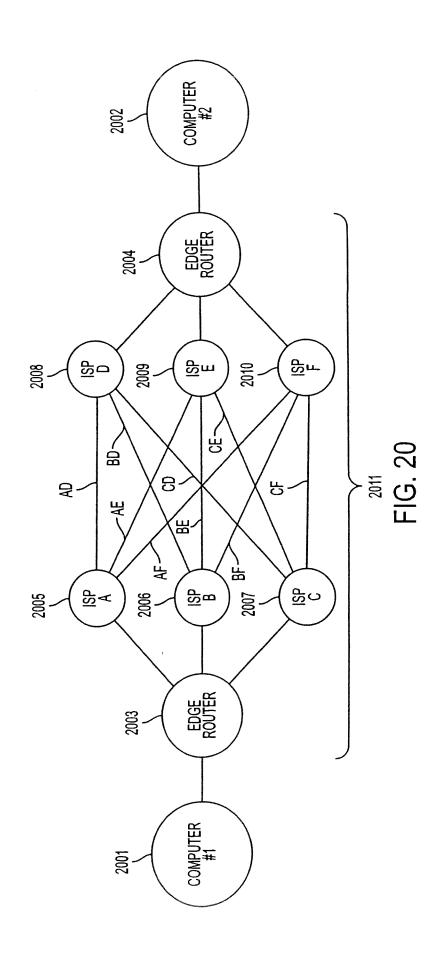


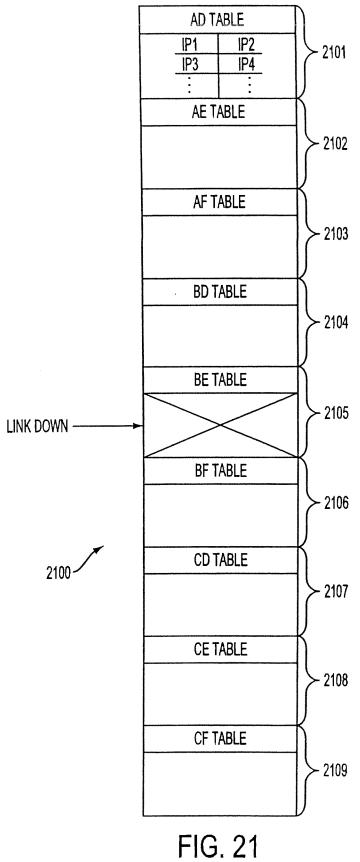
FIG. 16











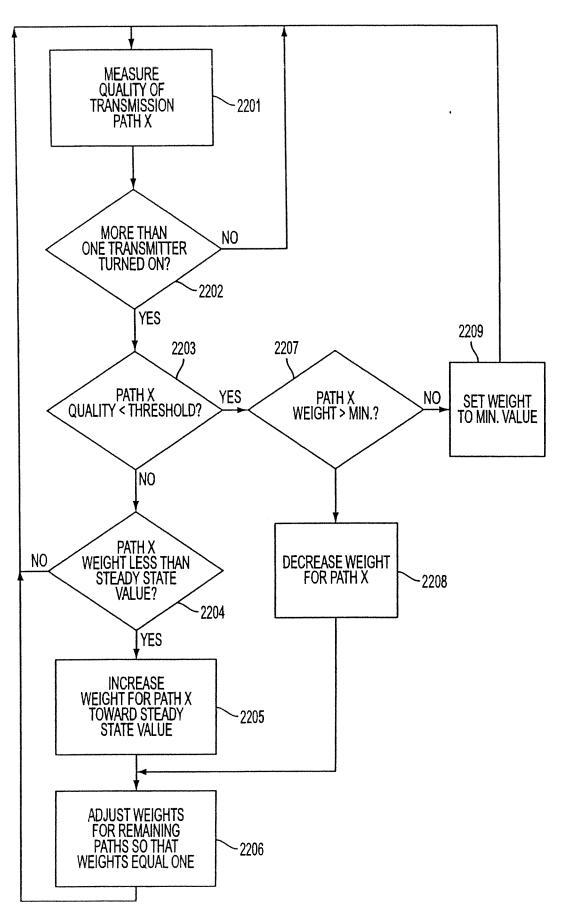
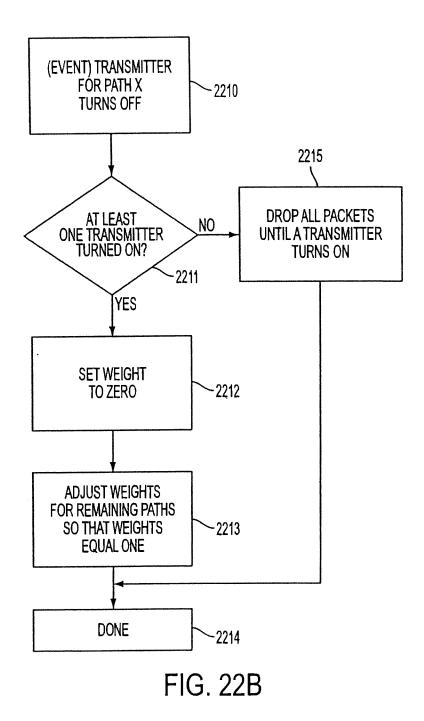


FIG. 22A

Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 226



Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 227

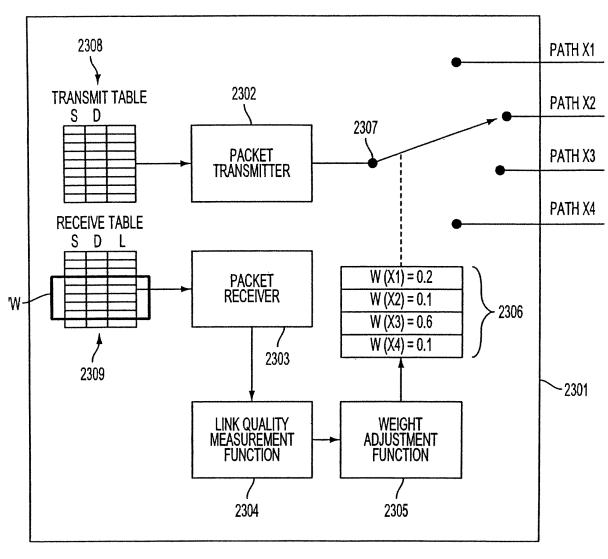


FIG. 23

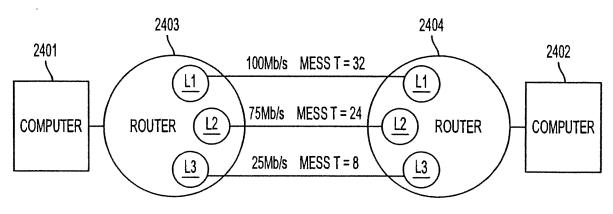
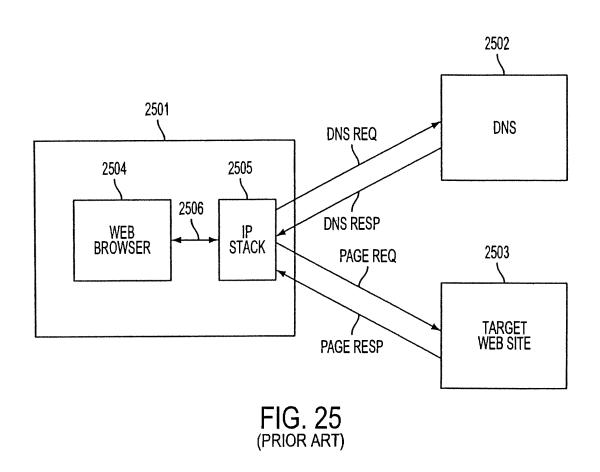
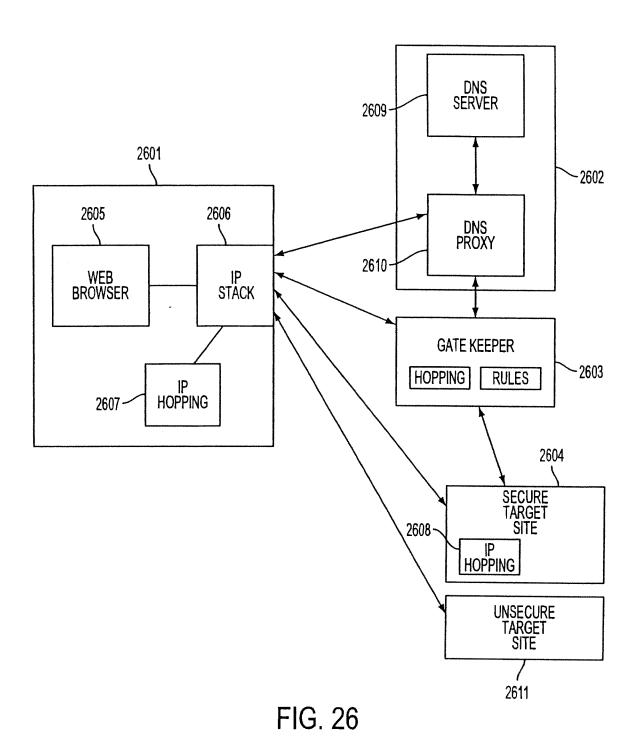
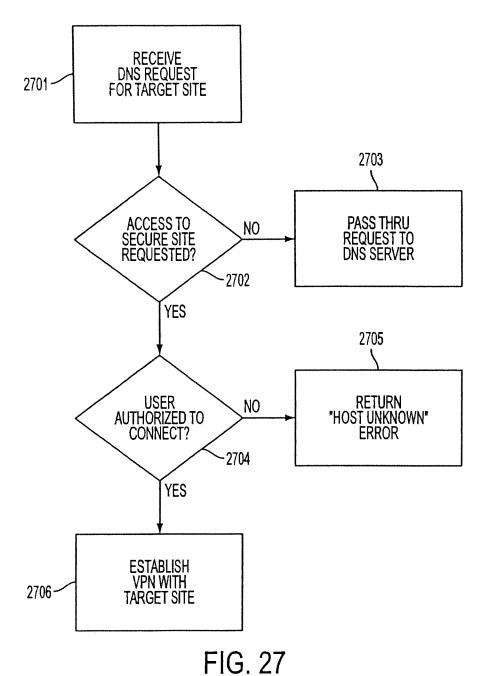
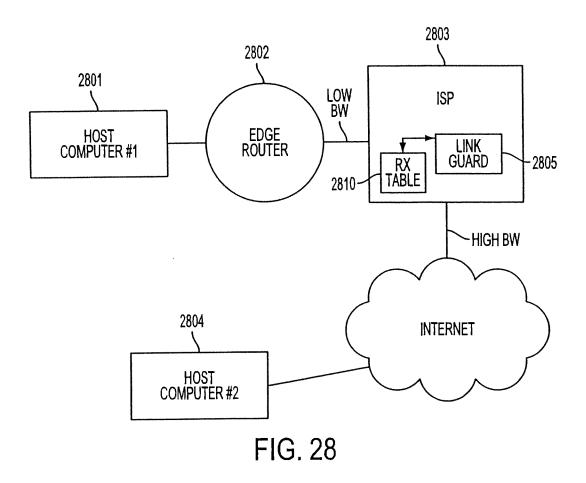


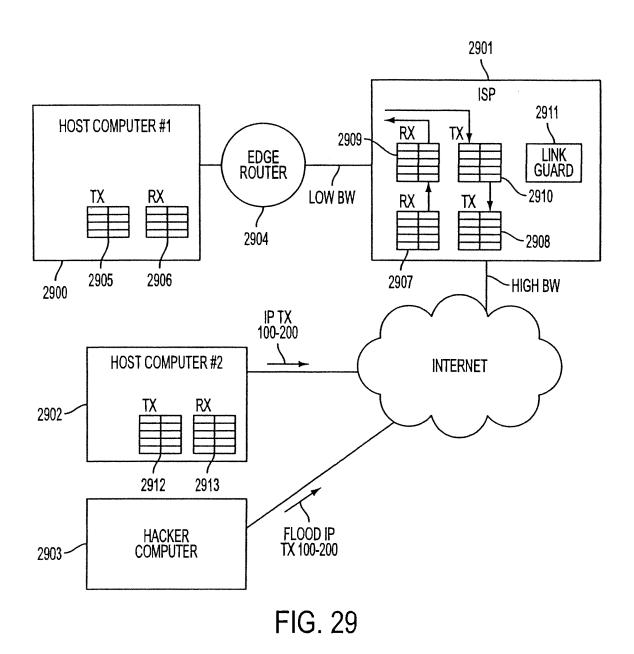
FIG. 24

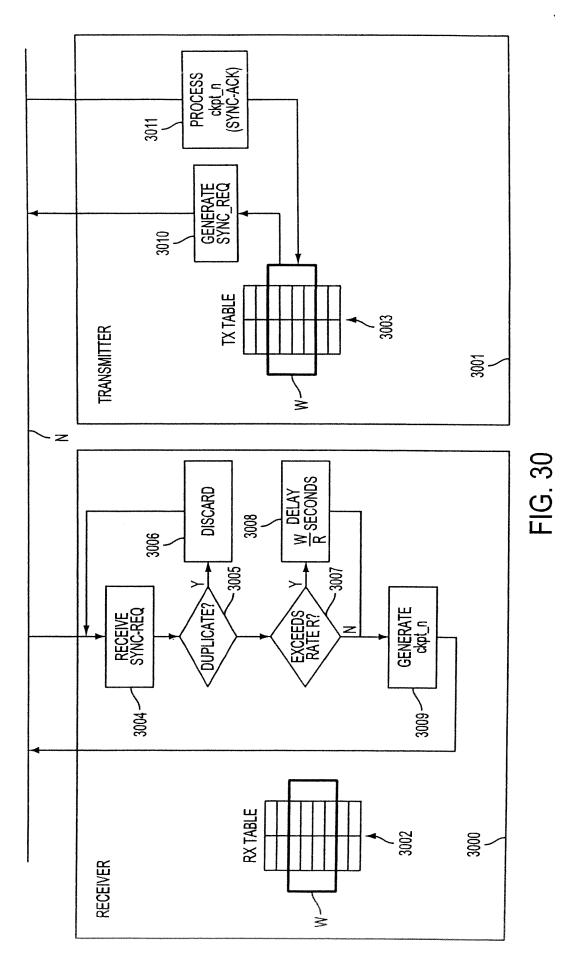




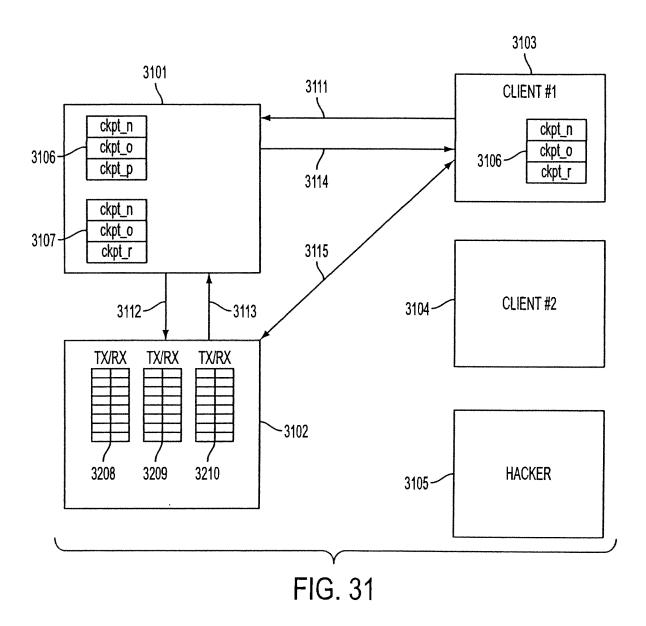








Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 235



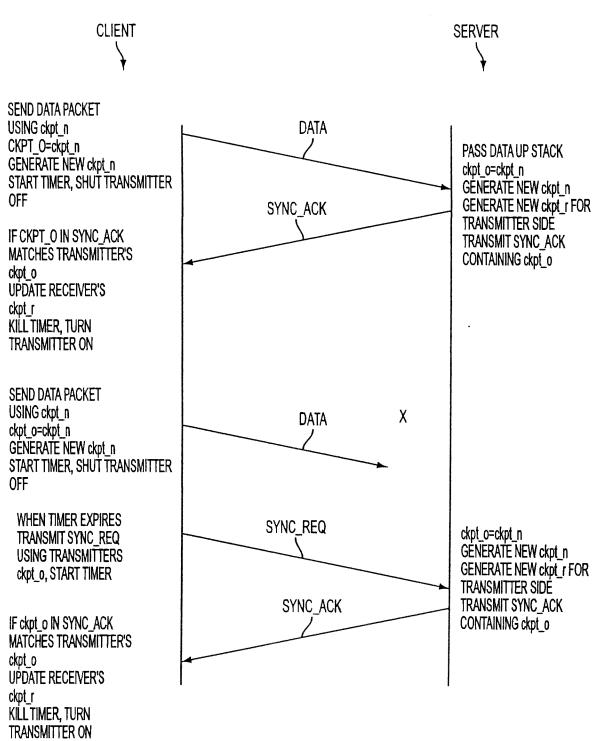
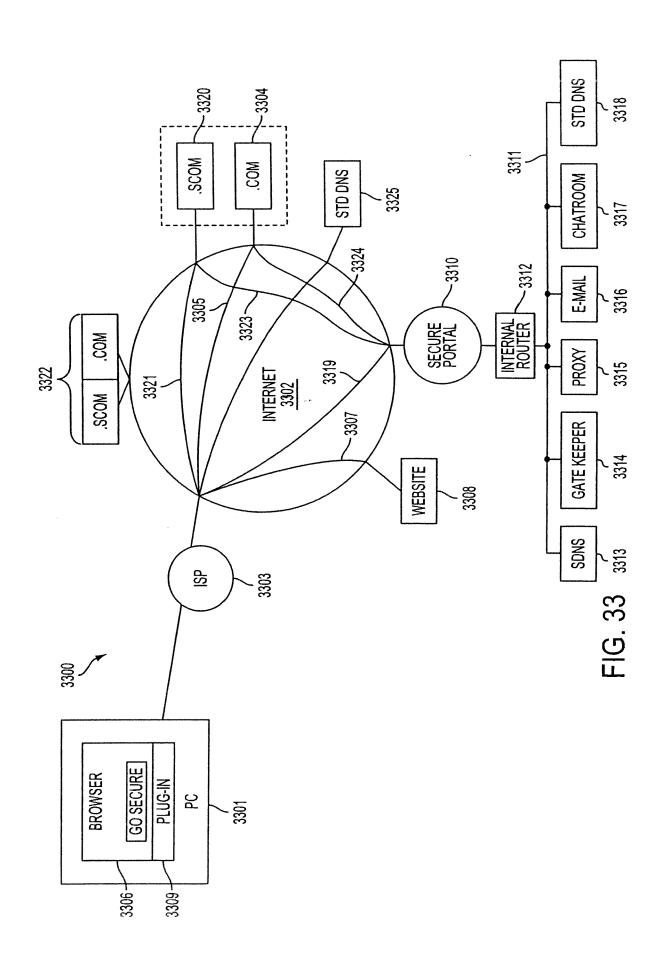


FIG. 32



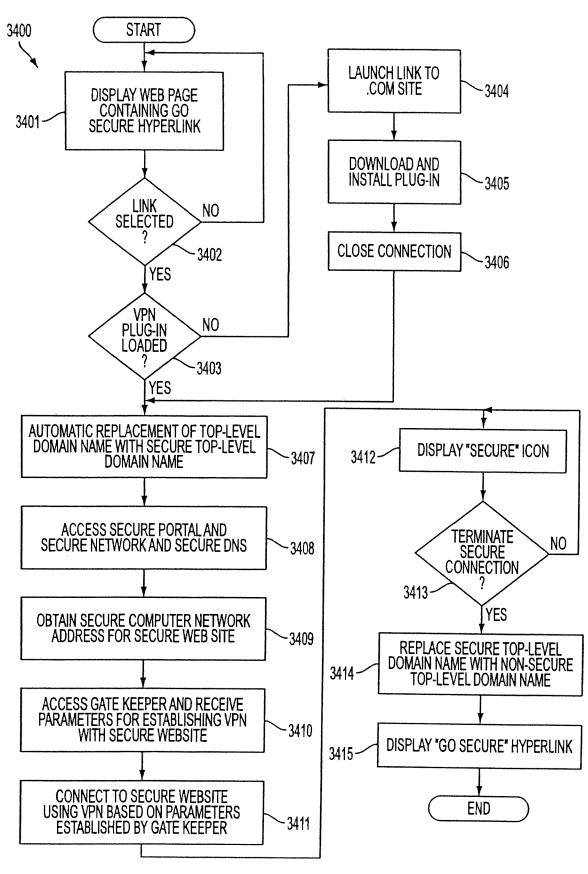
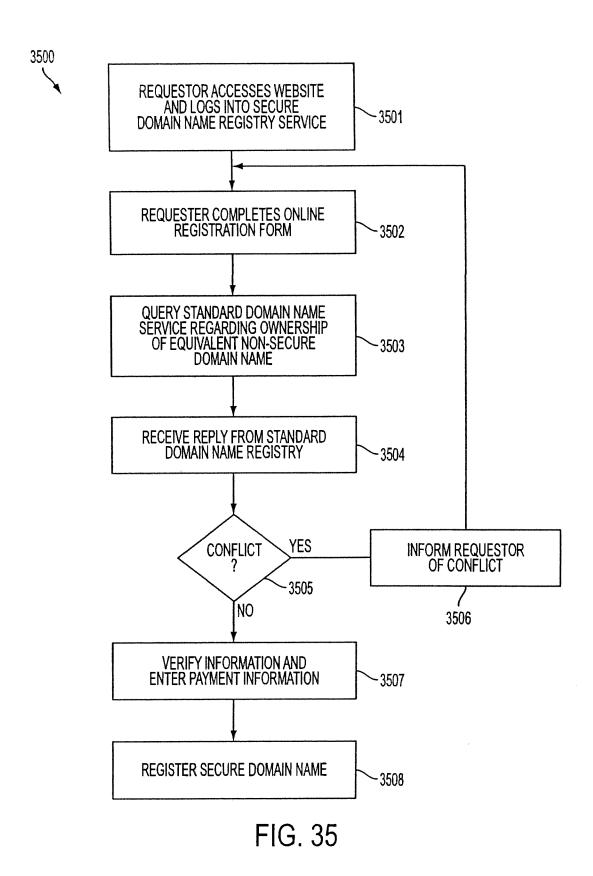
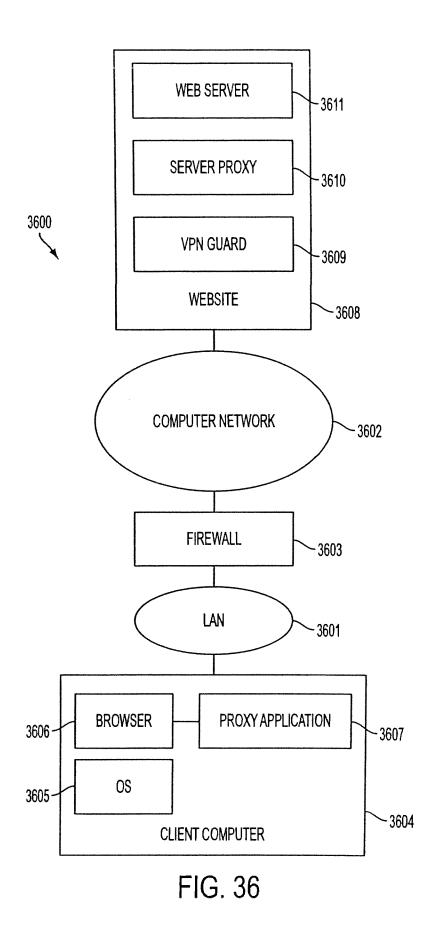


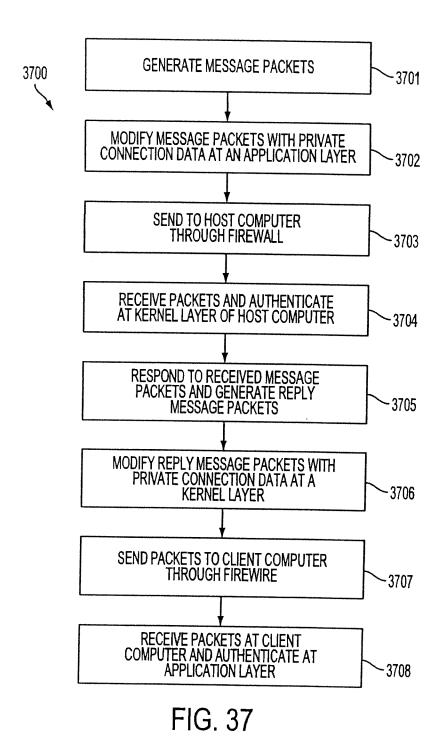
FIG. 34



Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 240



Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 241



| Electronic Acl | knowledgement Receipt |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EFS ID: | 14292943 |
| Application Number: | 13615557 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson |
| Customer Number: | 23630 |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kimila Carraway |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 |
| Receipt Date: | 21-NOV-2012 |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 |
| Time Stamp: | 21:11:40 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | no |
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| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

| | PATI | ENT APPLI | | N FEE DE | | ION RECOR | D | Applica 13/61 | tion or Docket Num 5,557 | ber |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | APPI | _ICATION A | | | umn 2) | SMALL | ENTITY | OR | OTHEF SMALL | |
| | FOR | NUMBE | R FILE | NUMBE | R EXTRA | RATE(\$) | FEE(\$) | 1 | RATE(\$) | FEE(\$) |
| | IC FEE FR 1.16(a), (b), or (c)) | N | /A | | I/A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 390 |
| SEA | RCH FEE FR 1.16(k), (i), or (m)) | N | /A | N | I/A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 620 |
| | MINATION FEE FR 1.16(o), (p), or (q)) | N | /A | N | J/A | N/A | | 1 | N/A | 250 |
| TOT | AL CLAIMS FR 1.16(i)) | 20 | minus 2 | 20= * | | | | OR | x 62 = | 0.00 |
| NDE | PENDENT CLAIN FR 1.16(h)) | ^{IS} 2 | minus : | 3 = * | | | | 1 | x 250 = | 0.00 |
| FEE | PLICATION SIZE E CFR 1.16(s)) | \$310 (\$15 50 sheets | oaper, the 5 for sma or fractio | and drawings e e application si all entity) for ea n thereof. See CFR 1.16(s). | ze fee due is ch additional | | | | | 0.00 |
| MUL | TIPLE DEPENDE | NT CLAIM PRE | SENT (37 | ' CFR 1.16(j)) | | | | | | 0.00 |
| * If ti | ne difference in co | lumn 1 is less th | an zero, e | enter "0" in colur | nn 2. | TOTAL | | 1 | TOTAL | 1260 |
| AMENDMENT A | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | Minus | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) | OR | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |
| 20 | Independent | * | Minus | *** | = | x = | | OR | x = | |
| ME | (37 CFR 1.16(h)) Application Size Fe | e (37 CFB 1 16(s)) | | | | × = | | - | | |
| ^ | FIRST PRESENTA | | | DENIT OF AIM (37.0 | YER 1 16(i)) | | | OR | | |
| | THOTTRESERVA | TION OF MOETH O | | SEIVI GEAIW (G) C | , ret. 13(j) | TOTAL ADD'L FEE | | OR | TOTAL ADD'L FEE | |
| | | (Column 1) | | (Column 2) | (Column 3) | | | _ | | |
| NT B | | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) | | RATE(\$) | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |
| ME | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | * | Minus | ** | = | х = | | OR | x = | |
| AMENDMENT | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * | Minus | *** | = | x = | | OR | x = | |
| AM | Application Size Fe | e (37 CFR 1.16(s)) | | | • | | |] | | |
| | FIRST PRESENTA | TION OF MULTIPI | E DEPENI | DENT CLAIM (37 C | CFR 1.16(j)) | | | OR | | |
| | | | | | | TOTAL ADD'L FEE | | OR | TOTAL ADD'L FEE | |
| * | If the entry in col If the "Highest N If the "Highest Number The "H | umber Previous mber Previously | ly Paid Fo Paid For" I | or" IN THIS SPA N THIS SPACE is | CE is less than 2 s less than 3, ente | 20, enter "20". | in column 1. | | | |



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| APPLICATION | FILING or | GRP ART | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| NUMBER | 371(c) DATE | UNIT | FIL FEE REC'D | ATTY.DOCKET.NO | TOT CLAIMS | IND CLAIMS |
| 13/615.557 | 09/13/2012 | 2431 | 1250 | 077580-0177 | 20 | 2 |

CONFIRMATION NO. 1089
UPDATED FILING RECEIPT

OC00000057854810

23630
McDermott Will & Emery
The McDermott Building
500 North Capitol Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

Date Mailed: 12/03/2012

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Victor Larson, Fairfax, VA;

Robert Dunham Short III, Leesburg, VA; Edmund Colby Munger, Crownsville, MD; Michael Williamson, South Riding, VA;

Applicant(s)

Victor Larson, Fairfax, VA;

Robert Dunham Short III, Leesburg, VA; Edmund Colby Munger, Crownsville, MD; Michael Williamson, South Riding, VA;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

VIRNETX, INC., Zephyr Cove, NV

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 22907

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 13/049,552 03/16/2011 which is a CON of 11/840,560 08/17/2007 PAT 7921211 which is a CON of 10/714,849 11/18/2003 PAT 7418504 which is a CON of 09/558,210 04/26/2000 ABN which is a CIP of 09/504,783 02/15/2000 PAT 6502135 which is a CIP of 09/429,643 10/29/1999 PAT 7010604 which claims benefit of 60/106,261 10/30/1998 and claims benefit of 60/137,704 06/07/1999

Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.

Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 10/02/2012

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 13/615,557**

Projected Publication Date: 03/14/2013

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN

Preliminary Class

713

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, page 2 of 3

this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

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NOT GRANTED

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The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application publication pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seg. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

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| NFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT Use as many sheets as necessary) | | | EMICIAI DI | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | | |
| | | | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| | | | | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | | | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | | D1406 Davies, Supervisor of Translation: Tac McGraw-Hill Inc., First Edition, First Co Japanese Version Submitted) Comer, "Translated by Jun Murai and Principles, Protocols, and Architecture Edition, First Copy, p 161-193 (August | | | Docket Number | 077580-0177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | 18) | |
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| | D1407 | | | | Third Edition," Japan Kyor | itsu Shuppan Co., Ltd., First | enerite care | |
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| | D1409 | Office A 2723504 | ction dated [| December 27, 2012 | 012 from Corresponding Canadian Patent Application Number | | | |
| | D1410 | Office A 2011-08 | ction dated [1417 | December 5, 2012 f | rom Corresponding Japan | ese Patent Application Number | | |
| | D1411 Office Action dated December 13, 2012 2011-085052 | | | December 13, 2012 | from Corresponding Japa | nese Patent Application Number | | |
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^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | Docket Number | 077580-0177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

[X] Under 37 C.F.R. 1.98(d), copies of all patent, publication, pending U.S. application or other information that was previously submitted to, or cited by the USPTO in an earlier application are not required. Applicant will provide copies of the previously submitted references at the Examiner's request.

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

| [X] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
|] | That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| 1 | The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Account 50-1133. |
| I | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$930.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

/Toby H. Kusmer/
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Fax (617) 535-3800

DM_US 42160652-1.077580,0177

Date: April 9, 2013

| Electronic Acl | Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 15467015 | | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kerrie Jones | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 09-APR-2013 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 11:23:01 | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | |

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
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| | | | 08/01/2013 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mweipdocket@mwe.com

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) LARSON ET AL. | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Office Action Summary | 13/615,557 | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner KRISNA LIM | Art Unit 2453 | AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondenc | e address |
| Period for Reply | / 10 0 T T 0 T V D D T - 110 N T U / | o, op zupz | 7/ (22) 7 1) (2 |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | J. nely filed the mailing date of O (35 U.S.C. § 133 | this communication. |
| Status | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Se | eptember 2012. | | |
| A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.1 | 30(b) was/were filed on | | |
| 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This | action is non-final. | | |
| 3) An election was made by the applicant in response | - | | g the interview on |
| ; the restriction requirement and election | • | | |
| 4) Since this application is in condition for allowar | · | | o the merits is |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 G.D. 11, 45 | 3 O.G. 213. | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | |
| 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray | vn from consideration. | | |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected. | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | alogtion requirement | | |
| * If any claims have been determined <u>allowable</u> , you may be eli | | secution High | way program at a |
| participating intellectual property office for the corresponding as | | | way program at a |
| http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send | | | |
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| Application Papers 10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine | r | | |
| 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce | | - - - - - - - - | |
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| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | priority under 25 H S C & 110(a) | (d) or (f) | |
| Certified copies: | priority under 33 0.3.0. § 119(a) | -(u) or (i). | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of the: | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority document | s have been received. | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority document | | ion No. | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio | | | |
| application from the International Bureau | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | the certified copies not received. | | |
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| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 3) Interview Summary | (PTO-413) | |
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| 2) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) | | |

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1. Claims 1-20 are presented for examination.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1-20 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 7,933,990.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they all directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. **automatically initiating** an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a

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determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

4. Claims 1-20 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 5-9 and 11-15 of U.S. Patent No. 7,490,151.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. automatically initiating an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

5. Claims 1-19 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. transparently creating a virtual private network) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in

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the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" **supports communications audio/video**" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained through the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wesinger [U.S. Patent No. 5,898,830].
- 9. Wesinger disclosed the invention substantially as claimed. Taking claims 1-4, 10-12 and 19-20 as exemplary claims, the reference disclose a client device comprising: a) memory configured and arranged to facilitate a connection (i.e., see Internet 120 of Fig. 1) of the client device (i.e. a client C) with a target device (i.e. a host D) over a secure communication link created (i.e., at 12:23-27 Wesinger disclosed "... combining encryption capabilities allows for the creation of virtual private networksnetworks in which two remote machine communicate securely ...") based on (i) an address request generated by the client device (i.e., see 9:1-25), and (ii) a

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determination as a result of the address request that the target device is a device with which a <u>secure communication link can be established</u> (i.e. at 12:4-47, Wesinger disclosed channel processing may be used to perform virus protection.... Encryption and decryption are particularly important to **Internet and network communication** ... encryption could be performed") when the requested address is identified in an address lookup (i.e. at 8:25-9:25, Wesinger disclosed "... DNS is a ... system that translates host name address to IP address and IP address to host name ... stored in DNS tables ... When client C tries to initiates a connection to host D The DNS server for D returns the network address D ... from which it receives the look up request ..." Moreover see Wesinger's teaching at 9:53-60, 16:57-17:5, 12:23-27),

wherein the establishment of the secure communication link (i.e., at 12:23-27). Wesinger disclosed "... combining encryption capabilities allows for the creation of virtual private networks-networks in which two remote machine communicate securely ...") is based on a determination being made by a proxy module (i.e., a proxy server) that the target device is a device with which a secure communication link can be established when the address request corresponds to a target device identified in a DNS lookup table (i.e. Wesinger disclosed at col. 8 (line 25) to col. 9 (line 25) "... DNS is a ... system that translates host name address to IP address and IP address to host name ... stored in DNS tables ... When client C tries to initiates a connection to host D The DNS server for D returns the network address D ... from which it receives the look up request ..." Moreover, see col. 8 (lines 33-48), col. 8 (line 65) to col. 9 (line 2), col. 9 (lines 19-25), col. 16 (line 57) to col. 17 (line 5) and col. 12 (lines 23-27)),

wherein the address lookup is a network address lookup (i.e. Wesinger disclosed at col. 8 (line 25) to col. 9 (line 25) " ... DNS is a ... system that translates host name address to IP address and IP address to host name ... stored in DNS tables ... When client C tries to initiates a connection to host D The DNS server for D returns the network address D ... from which it receives the look up request ...";

wherein the secure communication link is a virtual private network link (i.e., Wesinger at col. 12 (lines 23-27) disclosed "... combining encryption capabilities

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allows for the creation of virtual private networks-networks in which two remote machine communicate securely ..."); and

wherein the address request includes a secure domain name (i.e., see DNS of figure 1 and columns 8-9).

- 10. Wesinger did not explicitly mention a specific application program configured and arranged so as to allow participation in audio/video communications with the target device over the secure communication link, it would however have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to recognize that having such audio/video application to communicate over the secure communication link would have been a matter of choice, and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.
- 11. As to claims 5-9 and 13-18, those features (i.e., a computer, a server, a phone, a broadband connection, TCP/IP protocols support, using modulation based on FDM, TDM, or CDMA, etc.) are well known the art at the time the invention was made and they are not patentably distinguishable features.

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months and 0 (zero) days from the mail date of this letter.

Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of

Page 6

Application/Control Number: 13/615,557

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this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisna Lim whose telephone number is 571-272-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Friday from 7:10 AM to 5:40 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Krista Zele, can be reached on 571-272-7288. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (In USA or Canada) or 571-272-100.

KI July 25, 2013

/Krisna Lim/
Primary Examiner Art Unit 2453

Page 7

Search Notes Application/Control No. Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LARSON ET AL. Examiner KRISNA LIM Art Unit 2453

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| SEARCH NOTES | | |
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| Search Notes | Date | Examiner |
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| | INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | |
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| | se as many sheets as necessary) | | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| | | | | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | | | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | | | | | Docket Number | 077580-0177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | | |
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^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

All references with no date, there are no date provided. /K.L./

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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | Docket Number | 077580-0177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

[X] Under 37 C.F.R. 1.98(d), copies of all patent, publication, pending U.S. application or other information that was previously submitted to, or cited by the USPTO in an earlier application are not required. Applicant will provide copies of the previously submitted references at the Examiner's request.

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

| [X] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| 1 | That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| 1 | The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Account 50-1133. |
| 1 | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$930.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

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Date: April 9, 2013



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| Foreign Priority claime | | Yes No | ☐ Metaf | er | STATE OR | | IEETS | TOT | | INDEPENDENT |
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| Index of Claims | 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

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| | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| (Soc as many sheets as necessary) | Art Unit | 2431 | | | |
| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | |

| | | | | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned |
|----------------------|------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
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| | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | | |
| | Filing Dates | September 13, 2012 | | | |
| | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| | Art Unit | 2431 | | | |
| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | |

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| STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
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| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | |

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| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | | |
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| se as many sheets as necessary) | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | | |
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| | | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001C | P3CON8) | |
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| D554 | ~=~+** | | S. Patent No. 7,010, | | | | |
| D555 | | | | (Patent No. 7,490,151) | | | |

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Request for Inter Partes Reexamination Transmittal Form (PTO/SB/58) (Patent No. 6,502,135)

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Exhibit 37, RFC 2661 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent

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Complete if Known Subst. for form 1449/PTO Application Number 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned** 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) Docket Number Exhibit 18, RFC 2595 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D799 D800 Exhibit 21, iPass vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D801 Exhibit 22, iPass vs. Claims of the '211 Patent Exhibit 23, iPass vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D802 D803 Exhibit 24, U.S. Patent No. 6,453,034 ('034 Patent") vs. Claims of the 135 Patent Exhibit 25, U.S. Patent No. 6,453,034 ('034 Patent") vs. Claims of the 211 Patent D804 D805 Exhibit 26, U.S. Patent No. 6,453,034 ('034 Patent") vs. Claims of the 504 Patent D806 Exhibit 27, U.S. Patent No. 6,223,287 ("287 Patent") vs. Claims of the 135 Patent D807 Exhibit 28, U.S. Patent No. 6,223,287 ("287 Patent") vs. Claims of the 211 Patent D808 Exhibit 29, U.S. Patent No. 6,223,287 ("287 Patent") vs. Claims of the 504 Patent D809 Exhibit 35, RFC 1928 vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D810 Exhibit 36, RFC 1928 vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D811 Exhibit 106, Gaunlet System and Gaunlet References vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D812 Exhibit 109, Gaunlet System and Gaunlet References vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D813 Exhibit 110, Gaunlet System vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D814 Exhibit 130, Overview of Access VPNs and Tunneling Technologies ("Overview") vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit 133, Overview of Access VPNs and Tunneling Technologies ("Overview") vs. Claims of the D815 '211 Patent Exhibit 134, Overview of Access VPNs and Tunneling Technologies ("Overview") vs. Claims of the D816 '504 Patent D817 Exhibit 149, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit 152, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D818 D819 Exhibit 153, Atkinson vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D820 Exhibit 162, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D821 Exhibit 165, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D822 Exhibit 166, Wesinger vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D823 Exhibit 187, AutoSOCKS v2.1 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D824 Exhibit 191, Aventail Connect 3.01/2.51 ("Aventail Connect") vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D825 Exhibit 195, Aventail Connect 3.1/2.6 Administrator's Guide ("Aventail Connect") vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D826 Exhibit 204, Domain Name System (DNS) Security vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D827 Exhibit 205, Domain Name System (DNS) Security ("DNS Security") vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D828 Exhibit 210, Lendenmann vs. Claims of the '211 Patent D829 Exhibit 211, Lendenmann vs. Claims of the '504 Patent D830 Exhibit 213, U.S. Patent No. 7,100,195 in combination with RFC 2401 and U.S. Patent No. 6,496,867 vs. Claims of the '135 Patent Exhibit 215, Aziz vs. Claims of the '135 Patent D831 Cisco '180, Efiling Acknowledgment D832 D833 Exhibit A, U.S. Patent 7,188,180 D834 Exhibit B1, File History of U.S. Patent 7,188,180 D835 Exhibit B2, File History of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/588,209 D836 Exhibit B3, File History of Reexamination Control No. 95/001,270, Reexamination of U.S. 7,188,180 requested by Microsoft Corp D837 Exhibit D1, "Lendenmann": Rolf Lendenman, Understanding OSF DCE 1.1 For AIX and OS/2, IBM International Technical Support Organization (Oct. 1995) Exhibit D5, "Schneier": Bruce Schneier, Applied Cryptography (1996) D838 D839 Exhibit D6, RFC 793; Information Sciences Institute, "Transmission Control Protocol," DARPA Internet Program Specification RFC 793 (Sept. 1981)

Complete if Known Subst. for form 1449/PTO Application Number 13/615.557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date September 13, 2012 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Victor Larson (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit 2431 **Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned** Docket Number 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) Exhibit D7, "Schimpf"; Brian C. Schimpf, "Securing Web Access with DCE," Presented at Network D840 and Distributed System Security (Feb. 10-11, 1997) D841 Exhibit D8, "Rosenberry"; Ward Rosenberry, David Kenney, and Gerry Fisher, Understanding DCE D842 Exhibit D9, Masys; Daniel R. Masys & Dixie B. Baker, "Protecting Clinical Data on Web Client Computers: The PCASSO Approach," Proceedings of the AMIA '98 Annual Symposium, Orlando, Florida (Nov. 7-11, 1998) Exhibit E1, Claim Charts Applying Lendenmann as a Primary Reference to the '180 Patent. D843 D844 Exhibit E2, Claim Charts Applying Kiuchi as a Primary Reference to the '180 Patent D845 Exhibit E3, Claim Charts Applying Solana as a Primary Reference to the '180 Patent D846 Exhibit E4, Claim Charts Applying Schimpf and Rosenberry as a Primary Reference to the '180 Patent Request for Inter Partes Reexamination of Patent No. 7,188,180 D847 D848 Modified PTO Form 1449 D849 Request for Inter Partes Reexamination Transmittal Form No. 7,188,180 D850 Exhibit A; U.S. Patent 7,921,211 with Terminal Disclaimer D851 Exhibit B, Certificate of Service to Request For Inter Partes Reexamination Under 35 U.S.C. § 311 (Patent No. 7,921,211) D852 Exhibit C1, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Solana, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C2, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Solana in view of RFC 2504 and Further in D853 conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser D854 Exhibit C3, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Beser) D855 Exhibit C4, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino in view of RFC 2230 and Further in Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C5, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Provino in view of RFC 2504 and in Further D856 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Beser Exhibit C6, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to Beser, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC D857 920, RFC 2401, and Reed Exhibit C7, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to RFC 2230, Alone and in Conjunction with D858 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, and Beser Exhibit C8, Claim Chart - USP 7,921,211 Relative to RFC 2538, Alone and in Conjunction with D859 RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and RFC 2065 Exhibit D1, Asserted Claim and Infringement Contentions by Plaintiff VirnetX, Inc. in VimetX, Inc. v. D860 Cisco Systems, Inc., Apple Inc., Aastra Technologies Ltd, NEC Corporation, NEC Corporation of America and Aastra USA, Inc., Civ. Act 6:2010cv00417 (E.D. Tex) Exhibit D2, Asserted Claims and Infringement Contentions by Plaintiff VirnetX, Inc. against Apple D861 based on 7,921,211 Patent Exhibit X1, Solana, E. et al. "Flexible Internet Secure Transactions Based on Collaborative D862 D863 Exhibit X2, U.S. Patent 6,557,037 Exhibit X4, Atkinson, R., IETF RFC 2230, "Key Exchange Delegation Record for the DNS" D864 (November 1997) Exhibit X6, Kent, et al., IETF RFC 2401, "Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol" (November D865 1998) Is Accessible at: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2401.txt Exhibit X7, Eastlake, D. et al., IETF RFC 2065, "Domain Name System Security Extensions" D866 (January 1997) Is Accessible at: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2065.txt Exhibit X9, Guttman, E. et al., IETF RFC 2504, "Users' Security Handbook" (February 1999) Is D867 Accessible At: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2504.txt D868 Exhibit Y3, Braden, R., RFC 1123, "Requirements for Internet Hosts – Application and Support." October 1989 ("RFC1123").

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| D869 | Exhibit Y4, Atkinson, R., RFC 1825, "Sec Accessible At: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc18 | | ernet Protocol (August 1995) Is | |
| D870 | Exhibit Y5, Housley, R. et al., RFC 2459, CRL Profile" (January 1999) Is accessible | "Internet X.509 Public Key | | |
| D871 | Exhibit A, U.S. Patent 7,418,504 | | | |
| D872 | Exhibit B, Certificate of Service to Reque- (Patent No. 7,418,504) | | | |
| D873 | Exhibit C1, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 920, Reed, and Beser | | | |
| D874 | Exhibit C2, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Be | ser | | |
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| D879 | Exhibit C7, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 Relative to RFC 2230, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, and Beser | | | |
| D880 | Exhibit C8, Claim Chart – USP 7,418,504 Relative to RFC 2538, Alone and in Conjunction with RFC 920, RFC 2401, Reed, Beser, and RFC 2065 | | | |
| D881 | Exhibit D1, Asserted Claims and Infringer Cisco Systems, Inc., Applce, Inc, Aastra America and Aastra USA, Inc., Civ. Act. 6 | Technologies Ltd., NEC Cor | | |
| D882 | Exhibit D2, Asserted Claims and Infringer Inc. Based on the 7,418,504 | ment Contentions by Plaintif | ff VirnetX Inc. against Apple | |
| D883 | Exhibit X5, Eastlake, D., et al., IETF RFC 2538, "Storing Certificates in the Domain Name System (DNS)" (March 1999) | | | |
| D884 | Exhibit X6, Kent, S. IETF RFC 2401, "Sec (November1998) http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc | | ternet Protocol, | |
| D885 | Exhibit X8, Postel, J. et al., IETF RFC 920, "Domain Requirements" (October 1984) Is Accessible at http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc920.txt | | October 1984) Is Accessible at | |
| D886 | Exhibit X10, Reed, M. et al. "Proxies for A Applications Conference, San Diego, CA, | Dec. 9-13, 1996. | Annual Computer Security | |
| D887 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamination T | ransmittal form | | |
| D888 | Transmittal Letter | | | |
| D889 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamination U | | | |
| D890 | Exhibit D-7, "Thomas": Brian Thomas, "Re Dec. 1997) | | | |
| D891 | Exhibit D-9, "Kent II": Stephen Kent & Rar Internet Engineering Task Force, Internet | Draft (Feb. 1998) | | |
| D892 | Exhibit C1, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 920, Reed and Beser (Came from Inval. C | Cisco dtd 11/18/11) | • | |
| D893 | Exhibit C2, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed, and Be | ser | | |
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| D896 | Exhibit C5, Claim Chart – USP 7,921,211 Conjunction with RFC 920, Reed and Bes | | of RFC 2504 and in Further | |
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All references with no date, there are no date provided. /K.L./

/Krisna Lim/ 07/24/2013

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | |
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| | Application Number | 13/615,557 | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | September 13, 2012 | |
| STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | Art Unit | 2431 | |
| | Examiner Name | Not Yet Assigned | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

[X] Under 37 C.F.R. 1.98(d), copies of all patent, publication, pending U.S. application or other information that was previously submitted to, or cited by the USPTO in an earlier application are not required. Applicant will provide copies of the previously submitted references at the Examiner's request.

This application claims priority from and is a continuation of a co-pending U.S. Application No. 13/049,552, filed March 16, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 11/840,560, filed August 17, 2007, now U.S. Patent No. 7,921,211, issued April 5, 2011, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 10/714,849, filed November 18, 2003, now U.S. Patent No. 7,418,504, issued August 26, 2008, which is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 09/558,210, filed April 26, 2000, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/504,783, filed on February 15, 2000, now U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135, issued December 31, 2002, which claims priority from and is a continuation-in-part patent application of previously-filed U.S. Application No. 09/429,643, filed on October 29, 1999, now U.S. Patent No. 7,010,604, issued March 07, 2006.

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

| [| X] Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
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| [|] That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or |
| [|] That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| [|] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$180.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |
| [|] Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$810.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |

SIGNATURE

Date: October 22, 2012

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Toby H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418

McDermott Will & Emery L.L.P.

28 State Street Boston, MA 02109 Tel. (617) 535-4000 Fax (617) 535-3800

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| (Use as ma | ny sheets a | s necessary) | | <u></u> | First Named Inventor Victor Larson | | | | | |
| | | | | | Art Unit 2453 | | | | | |
| | | | | E | Examiner Name | | Kris | na Lim | | |
| | | TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRA | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 | (VRN | K-0001CP | 3CON8) | |
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| | A171 | 7,225,249 | 05/29/2 | 007 | Barry et | al. | <u> </u> | *************************************** | | |
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1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | | Complete if Known |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

| [|] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office |
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information disclosure statement; or

| | action. |
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| [] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the |
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- [] Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$810.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133.

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/Toby H. Kusmer/
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DM_US 45414536-1.077580.0177

Date: September 30, 2013

| Electronic Acl | knowledgement Receipt |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EFS ID: | 16990580 |
| Application Number: | 13615557 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson |
| Customer Number: | 23630 |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kerrie Jones |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 |
| Receipt Date: | 30-SEP-2013 |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 |
| Time Stamp: | 15:00:00 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | no |
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File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
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| 1 | Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) | 177.pdf | 124933 | no | 2 |
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| 2 | Non Patent Literature | NOA892from164.pdf | 409716 | no | 9 | |
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

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| | A173 | | 8,504,696 | | 08/06/2013 | 3 | Larson e | t al | * | | | *************************************** | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | |
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1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | | Complete if Known |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DV | Application Number | 13/615,557 |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

| [|] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
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| [|] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or |
| [] | × j | That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
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/Toby H. Kusmer/
Toby H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418
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28 State Street
Boston, MA 02109
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Fax (617) 535-3800

DM_US 45488253-1.077580.0177

Date: September 30, 2013

| Electronic Acl | knowledgement Receipt |
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| EFS ID: | 17040648 |
| Application Number: | 13615557 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson |
| Customer Number: | 23630 |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer. |
| Filer Authorized By: | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 |
| Receipt Date: | 04-OCT-2013 |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 |
| Time Stamp: | 16:44:08 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | no |
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File Listing:

| 1 Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08) 177.pdf 121183 no | Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
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| | | | | | E: | xaminer Name | | | Krisr | na Lim | | |
| | | | | | D | ocket Number | | 77580-177 | (VRN | (-0001CP: | CON8 | 3) |
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| | D1416 | Office Action dated 13/950,877 (07758 | d Octob 30-0198 | er 10, 2013 fi | rom | n Corresponding U.S. | Pa | tent Applicat | ion Nun | nber | | |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | | | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | |

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A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Toby H. Kusmer/
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due, to Deposit Account 50-1133.

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Date: October 16, 2013

| Electronic Acl | Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 17139233 | | | | | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kerrie Jones | | | | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | | | | |
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| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | | | | |

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File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
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| 1 | Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) | 177.pdf | 54300 | no | 2 |
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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Docket No.: 077580-0177

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Victor Larson, et al.

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Serial No.: 13/615,557 : Confirmation No. 1089

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Filed: September 13, 2012 : Group Art Unit: 2453

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Customer Number: 23630 Examiner: Lim, Krisna

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT

Dear Commissioner:

In response to the Office Action mailed from the United States Patent and Trademark Office on August 1, 2013, please enter and consider the following:

Claims begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 7 of this paper.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- (Currently Amended) A method of transparently creating an encrypted communications
 channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow
 audio video secure data communications between the client device and the target device
 over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is
 created, the method comprising:
 - (1) receiving intercepting from the client device a request for a networkto look up an Internet Protocol (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
 - (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) is requesting access corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
 - (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the address-request to look up the IP address in step (2) is requesting access corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/videodata communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the <u>IP</u> address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.
- 3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the address request includes domain name is a secure domain name.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a <u>umodulated modulated transmission link</u>.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDMFTM, TDM and CDMA.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client device is a phone.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the <u>IP</u> address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the address request includes domain name is a secure domain name.
- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FTMFDM, TDM and CDMA.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9claim 1, wherein the target device is a server.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9claim 1, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A system for transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow audio videosecure data communications therebetween over an encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the system including a memory storing instructions, and a server configuration arranged to:
 - (1) receive-intercept from the client device a request to look up an Internet Protcol (IP) for a network address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
 - (2) determine whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) is requesting access corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
 - (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address request in step (2) is requesting access corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, provide provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure audio/video data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services comprising a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.

- 21. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.
- 22. (New) The system according to claim 21, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.
- 23. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.
- 24. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 25. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 26. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 27. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.
- 28. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the client device is a phone.
- 29. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a server.
- 30. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 31. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request consists of the system receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 32. (New) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.

- 33. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein intercepting the request consists of receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 34. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.
- 35. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services.
- 36. (New) The method according to claim 35, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.
- 37. (New) The method according to claim 36, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.

REMARKS

After entry of the foregoing amendments, claims 1, 2, 4-10, and 12, 14-37 are pending in the application, with claims 1 and 19 being the independent claims. Claims 3, 11, 13 are canceled without prejudice or disclaimer of subject matter. Claims 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 16-20 are amended, and new dependent claims 21-37 are added. No new matter is believed to have been added herein.

Claim Rejection – Double Patenting

Claims 1-20 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting over various claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,933,990 and 7,490,151, and claims 1-19 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting over various claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135. Without conceding the correctness of the double patenting rejections, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the double patenting rejections in view of the foregoing claim amendments. Additionally or in the alternative, Applicants request that the requirement to file a terminal disclaimer be held in abeyance until the claims are indicated to be otherwise allowable.

Claim Rejection – 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over U.S. Patent No. 5,898,830 ("Wesinger"). Reconsideration and withdrawal of the § 103 rejections are respectfully requested in view of the following remarks.

As an initial matter, the analysis provided by the Office Action does not address the language of the claims. For example, regarding claim 1, the Office Action contends that Wesinger discloses "a memory configured and arranged to facilitate a connection . . . of the client device . . . with a target device . . . over a secure communication link created . . . based on (i) an address request generated by the client device . . . and (ii) a determination as a result of the address request that the target device is a device with which a secure communication link can be established." (Office Action at 4-5 (emphasis in original).) However, original claim 1 does not recite these features, or other features used to support the rejection. Since the Office Action has not addressed the claim language of original claim 1, the Office Action has not provided

sufficient evidence to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness with respect to original claim 1. Accordingly, the rejection of claim 1 is deficient.

Wesinger teaches a firewall system that is configured as two or more sets of virtual hosts, with DNS mappings between the virtual hosts and respective remote hosts to be accessed through network interfaces of the firewall. (Wesinger Abstract.) The virtual hosts and DNS mappings enable transparent communications through the firewall. Each firewall "selectively allows 'acceptable' computer transmissions to pass through it and disallows other non-acceptable computer transmissions." (Id. at 1:8-12.)

In *Wesinger*, "[w]hen a connection request is received, the firewall spawns a process, or execution thread, to create a virtual host VHn to handle that connection request." (*Id.* at 15:9-12.) "Each virtual host has a separate configuration sub-file (sub-database) C1, C2, etc., that may be derived from a master configuration file, or database, 510. The configuration sub-files are text files that may be used to enable or disable different functions for each virtual host, specify which connections and types of traffic will be allowed and which will be denied, etc." (*Id.* at 14:46-52.) "Also as part of the configuration file of each virtual host, an access rules database is provided governing access to and through the virtual host, i.e., which connections will be allowed and which connections will be denied." (*Id.* at 15:24-28.) The virtual host process in *Wesinger* uses the access rules database to "allow only a connection from a specified secure client." (*Id.* at 10:14-16.)

In addition to connection requests, which trigger the virtual host process, *Wesinger* also separately discusses processing of DNS requests:

When client C tries to initiate a connection to host D using the name of D, DNS operates in the usual manner to propagate a name request to successive levels of the network until D is found. The DNS server for D returns the network address of D to a virtual host on the firewall 155. The virtual host returns its network address to the virtual host on the firewall 157 from which it received the lookup request, and so on, until a virtual host on the firewall 105 returns its network address (instead of the network address of D) to the client C.

(Wesinger 9:16-24 (emphasis added).) Accordingly, when client C uses a name of D in a DNS request, C gets back an address for a virtual host of firewall 105, which faces C (See Fig. 1).

The presently-claimed subject matter is patentable over *Wesinger*'s approach, as discussed below. Independent claim 1 is a representative claim.

Without conceding the correctness of the rejection, independent claim 1 has been amended to recite, *inter alia*:

a method of transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow secure data communications between the client device and the target device over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the method comprising:

- (1) intercepting from the client device a request to look up an Internet Protocol (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
- (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.

With regard to claim 1, Wesinger is not seen to disclose or suggest the feature "(2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device." (See Office Action at 4-5.) As discussed above, Wesinger's virtual host process checks parameters of a requested connection to determine whether a given connection should be allowed or denied. But this process acts upon a connection request and is not a "determin[ation] whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device," as recited by independent claim 1. This is because, in Wesinger, "[w]hen a connection request is received, the firewall spawns a process, or execution thread, to create a virtual host VHn to handle that connection request." (Wesinger at 15:9-12, emphasis added.) Wesinger's DNS processing, on the other hand, "operates in the usual manner" to return an IP address (Wesinger 9:17), and is not seen to perform the virtual host process, or a "determin[ation] whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in

step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device." Accordingly, *Wesinger* is not seen to disclose or suggest the features of claim 1.

Additionally, *Wesinger* is not concerned with "determining whether the request to look up the IP address . . . corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device," as recited by claim 1. *Wesinger* merely discloses that encryption may be used after a connection is established. (*See Wesinger* at 4:39-42; 12:22-28.) For this additional reason, *Wesinger* is not seen to disclose or suggest the claimed "determining" feature.

Claim 1 additionally recites "(3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device" *Wesinger* is not seen to disclose or suggest this feature for at least two reasons.

First, since *Wesinger* is not understood to disclose the claimed "determining" step, *Wesinger* also cannot disclose the "providing" step, which is "in response to determining." Second, *Wesinger* states that, "[o]nce a connection has been allowed, the virtual host process invokes code that performs . . . channel processing (encryption . . .)." (*Id.* at 17:1-7.) But a review of *Wesinger* does not reveal that performing encryption involves providing any provisioning information required to initiate the creation of an encrypted channel, much less doing so in response to a determination from a request to look up an IP address. Indeed, *Wesinger* only briefly mentions encryption and is not seen to describe the particulars of how it might be implemented. Accordingly, *Wesinger* is not seen to to disclose or suggest the "providing" feature of claim 1.

To support an obvious rejection, "all of the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art applied and that all words in a claim must be considered in judging the patentability of that claim against the prior art." *Ex Parte Karl Burgess*, Appeal 2008-2820, 2009 WL 291172 (B.P.A.I. 2009), at *3 (citing *In re Royka*, 490 F.2d 981, 984-85 (CCPA 1974), *In re Wilson*, 424 F.2d 1382, 1385 (CCPA 1970)) (emphasis added). A rejection based on obviousness "cannot be sustained with mere conclusory statements; instead, there must be some articulated reasoning with some rational underpinning to support the legal conclusion of

obviousness." KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 126 S. Ct. 1727, 1741 (2007) (citing In re Kahn, 441 F.3d at 988).

Since *Wesinger* is not seen to teach or suggest all of the claimed elements, a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been established with respect to claim 1. Amended independent claim 19 is different in scope but contains similar features to those discussed above for claim 1. Accordingly, for reasons similar to those identified above for claim 1, *Wesinger* is not seen to teach or suggest all of the claimed elements of claim 19.

The other claims currently under consideration in the application (claims 2, 4-10, 12, 18, and 20-37) are dependent from their respective independent claims discussed above and therefore are believed to be allowable for at least similar reasons. Additionally, the dependent claims are allowable for the additional reason that one or more features recited therein are not disclosed or suggested by the cited references. Because each dependent claim is deemed to define an additional aspect of the invention, individual consideration of each on its own merits is respectfully requested. Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of dependent claims 2, 4-10, 12, 18, and 20 are respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully submit that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance. If any questions remain, or should the present response not place the claims in condition for allowance, Applicants respectfully invite the Examiner to contact the undersigned attorney so that any such matters may be promptly resolved.

Any remarks in support of patentability of one claim should not be imputed to any other claim, even if similar terminology is used. Any remarks referring to only a portion of a claim should not be understood to base patentability on that portion; rather, patentability rests on each claim taken as a whole. The absence of a reply to a specific rejection, issue, or comment does not signify agreement with or concession of that rejection, issue, or comment. In addition, because the arguments made above may not be exhaustive, there may be other reasons for patentability of any or all claims that have not been expressed. Finally, nothing in this paper should be construed as intent to concede any issue with regard to any claim, except as specifically stated in this paper, and the amendment or cancellation of any claim does not

Application No. 13/615,557 Attorney Docket No. 077580-0177

necessarily signify concession of unpatentability of the claim prior to its amendment or cancellation.

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 501133 and please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP /Kenneth C. Cheney/

Kenneth C. Cheney Registration No. 61,841

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Date: November 1, 2013

| Electronic Patent A | App | olication Fee | e Transmi | ttal | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-Sep-2012 | | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | | | |
| Filer: | Kenneth C. Cheney/Kimila Carraway | | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 07 | 7580-0177 | | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 17298435 | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | |
| International Application Number: | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | |
| Filer: | Kenneth C. Cheney/Kimila Carraway | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Kenneth C. Cheney | | |
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| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | |
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| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | |

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| X | SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), o | or (m)) | | N/A | | | N/A | | N/ | Ά | | 620 |
| \boxtimes | EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), | | | N/A | | | N/A | | N/A | | 250 | |
| | TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i)) | | | 20 min | us 20 = * | 0 | | | × \$60 = | | | 0 |
| | EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h)) | S | | 2 mi | nus 3 = * | 0 | | | × \$250 | = | | 0 |
| | If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$310 (\$155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MULTIPLE DEPEN | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| * If 1 | the difference in colu | ımn 1 is les | s than ze | ero, ente | r "0" in colur | mn 2. | | | TOT | ΓAL | | 1250 |
| | APPLICATION AS AMENDED – PART II (Column 1) (Column 2) (Column 3) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMENDMENT | 11/01/2013 | CLAIMS REMAINI AFTER AMENDM | | | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOU PAID FOR | l JSLY | PRESENT EX | TRA | RATE | ≡ (\$) | ADDITIO | DNAL FEE (\$) |
| OME | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | * 34 | | Minus | ** 20 | | = 14 | | x \$80 = | | | 1120 |
| EN | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * 2 | | Minus | ***3 | | = 0 | | x \$420 | = | | 0 |
| AM | Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FIRST PRESEN | NTATION OF | MULTIPLE | E DEPENI | DENT CLAIM | (37 CFF | R 1.16(j)) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | TOTAL A | DD'L FEE | | 1120 |
| | | (Columr | n 1) | | (Columr | n 2) | (Column 3 |) | | | | |
| | | CLAIM REMAIN AFTE AMENDM | II N G R | | HIGHE: NUMBE PREVIOL PAID FO | ER JSLY | PRESENT EX | TRA | RATE | ≣ (\$) | ADDITIO | ONAL FEE (\$) |
| AMENDMENT | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | * | | Minus | ** | | = | | X \$ | = | | |
| IDM | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * | | Minus | *** | | = | | X \$ | = | | |
| JEN | Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| ** If *** | the entry in column the "Highest Numbe If the "Highest Numb • "Highest Number P | er Previousl er Previous | y Paid Fo sly Paid F | or ["] IN TH For" IN TI | IIS SPACE I HIS SPACE | is less t is less | than 20, enter "20" than 3, enter "3". | | LIE /DIANE | | | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS

ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 Victor Larson | | 077580-0177 | 1089 |
| 23630 McDermott Wil | 7590 11/13/201 ll & Emery | 3 | EXAM | IINER |
| The McDermot | t Building | | LIM, K | RISNA |
| Washington, D | tol Street, N.W. C 20001 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| _ | | | 2453 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 11/13/2013 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mweipdocket@mwe.com

| | Application No. 13/615,557 | Applicant(s) LARSON ET | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Examiner KRISNA LIM | Art Unit 2453 | AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondend | e address | |
| Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of O (35 U.S.C. § 133 | this communication. | |
| Status | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11/01 | <u> //2013</u> . | | | |
| A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.1 | 30(b) was/were filed on | | | |
| · <u> </u> | action is non-final. | | | |
| 3) An election was made by the applicant in response | • | | ig the interview on | |
| ; the restriction requirement and election | • | | | |
| 4) Since this application is in condition for allowar | · | | o the merits is | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 3 O.G. 213. | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,12 and 14-37</u> is/are pending | | | | |
| 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray | vn from consideration. | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,12 and 14-37</u> is/are rejected. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | |
| 9) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | alection requirement | | | |
| * If any claims have been determined <u>allowable</u> , you may be eli | | secution High | way program at a | |
| participating intellectual property office for the corresponding as | | | way program at a | |
| http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send | · | | | |
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| Application Papers 10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine | r | | | |
| 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce | | - - - - - - - - | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | | (a) | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti | | | | |
| | on 10 roquirou ii ano uranniig(0) 10 02) | | ,, o | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | priority under OF LLC C. \$ 110/e) | (d) or (f) | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) | -(a) or (t). | | |
| Certified copies: a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of the: | | | | |
| ·— <u> </u> | e have been received | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | |
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| Attachment(s) | _ | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 3) Interview Summary | | | |
| 2) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | Paper No(s)/Mail Da 4) | ue | | |

Art Unit: 2453

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

- 2. Claims 1-2, 4-10, 12 and 14-00 are still pending for examination. Claims 21-37 are newly added for examination. Claims 3, 11 and 13 have been canceled.
- 3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re LongL* 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321 (c) or 1.321 (d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 2453

4. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 7,933,990.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they all directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. automatically initiating an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a

determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

5. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 5-9 and 11-15 of U.S. Patent No. 7,490,151.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of **transparently creating** an encrypted communication channel (i.e. automatically initiating an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

Art Unit: 2453

6. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. transparently creating a virtual private network) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

- 7. In response to the above rejection, applicants request that the terminal disclaimer be held in abeyance until the claims are indicated to be allowable. Claims 1-2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 would be allowable when the terminal disclaimers are submitted and approved.
- 8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisna Lim whose telephone number is 571-272-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Friday from 7:10 AM to 5:40 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Krista Zele, can be reached on 571-272-7288. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (In USA or Canada) or 571-272-100.

ΚI

November 06, 2013

/Krisna Lim/

Primary Examiner Art Unit 2453

| | CPC- SEARCH | ED | |
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| | Symbol | Date | Examiner |
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| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner |

| SEARC | H NOTES | |
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| Search Notes | Date | Examiner |
| Inventors | 07/25/2013 | kl |

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222-227

| INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | | | |
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| US Class/ CPC Symbol | US Subclass / CPC Group | Date | Examiner | |
| | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20130725

07/25/2013

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| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Index of Claims | 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

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| 01 | A 184 | | | DATE | | | |
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| Final | Original | 07/25/2013 | 11/06/2013 | | | | |
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Part of Paper No.: 20131106

| | | | Application/C | Application/Control No. | | | | ent Under | |
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| | Index of Cla | ims | 13615557 | 13615557 | | | LARSON ET AL. | | |
| | | | Examiner | Examiner | | | Art Unit | | |
| | | | KRISNA LIM | KRISNA LIM | | | 2453 | | |
| ✓ | Rejected | - | Cancelled | N | Non-Ele | ected | Α | Appeal | |
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| ☐ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant ☐ CPA ☐ T.D. ☐ R.1.4 | | | | | | R.1.47 | | | |
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| CLAIM | | | | | | DATE | | | |
| Final | Original | 07/25/2013 | 11/06/2013 | | | | | | |
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. : 20131106

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| Subst. for fo | orm 1449/PT | O | | | | Complete if | Known | | |
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| INFORM | ATION DI | SCLOSURE STATEM | | A | pplication Number | | | 15,557 | <u> </u> |
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| | | is necessary) | | Fi | First Named Inventor Victor Larson | | | | |
| | | | | Ar | Art Unit 2453 | | | 153 | |
| | | | | E | xaminer Name | Krisna Lim | | | |
| | | | D | ocket Number | 77580-177 | (VRNI | K-0001CP | 3CON8) | |
| | | | U.S | . P/ | ATENTS | | | | |
| EXAMINER' S INITIALS | CITE NO. | Patent Number | Publication Da | ite | Name of Patentee or Cited Docur | | | es, Columns, L vant Passages Figures App | or Relevant |
| | A170 | 6,434,600 | 08/13/2002 | 2 | Waite et | al. | | | *************************************** |
| | A171 | 7,225,249 | 05/29/2007 | 7 | Barry et a | al. | | *************************************** | |
| | -L | U.S. F | PATENT APPL | LIC | ATION PUBLICATION | ONS | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| EXAMINER' S INITIALS | CITE NO. | Patent Number | Publication Dat | ite | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document Pages, Columns, Relevant Passage Figures A | | | es or Relevant | |
| | B23 | US2002/0004826 | 01/10/2002 | 2 | Waite et a | al. | *************************************** | | |
| | | | FOREIGN PA | TE | NT DOCUMENTS | | | | |
| EXAMINER' S INITIALS | CITE NO. | Foreign Patent Document Country Codes - Number 4 - Kind Codes (if known) | Publication Date | - 1 | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Documen | Pages, Columr t Where Rele Figures Ap | evant | Tran | slation |
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| EVALUES | r | | | | Title, Date, Pertine | | | | |
| EXAMINER 'S INITIALS | CITE NO. | Include name of the author (book, magazine, journal, s city and/or country where p | erial, symposium | TTE n, cat | RS), title of the article (watalog, etc.), date, page(s | hen appropriate), volume-issue |), title of number(s | the item s), publisher, | |
| | D1413 | Notice of Allowance date 13/474,397 | Notice of Allowance dated August 9, 2013 from Corresponding U.S. Application Number 13/474,397 | | | | | | |
| | D1414 | Office Action dated Aug | ust 19, 2013 fro | om C | Corresponding U.S. A | oplication Num | ber 13/9 | 903,788 | |
| D1414 Office Action dated August 19, 2013 from Corresponding U.S. Application Number 13/903,788 EXAMINER /Krisna Lim/ DATE CONSIDERED 11/05/2013 | | | | | | 13 | | | |

^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | | | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | |

| | | Docket Number | //580-1// (VRNK-0001CP3CON |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | CERTIFICATION STATEMENT | |
| Please | e See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make | the appropriate selection(s) | |
| [] | Information Disclosure Statement is action. | being filed with the filing of the application | or before the receipt of a first office |
| [] | That each item of information cont from a foreign patent office in a coinformation disclosure statement; or | ained in the information disclosure statement ounterpart foreign application not more that | ent was first cited in any communication an three months prior to the filing of the |
| [X] | foreign patent office in a counterpa after making reasonable inquiry, no | ned in the information disclosure statement foreign application, and, to the knowled item of information contained in the inform c) more than three months prior to the filing | ge of the person signing the certification ation disclosure statement was known to |
| [] | The Commissioner is hereby authorize | zed to charge any required fees to Deposit Ac | count 50-1133. |
| [] | | s being filed with the Request for Continu pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount | |
| | | SIGNATURE | |
| | ature of the applicant or representative f the signature. | is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 1 | 0.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the |
| Toby H McDer 28 Stat Boston Tel. (6° | H. Kusmer/ H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418 mott Will & Emery LLP te Street H. MA 02109 17) 535-4000 17) 535-3800 | Date: | September 30, 2013 |

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| APPLICA | | | | F | iling Date | 09-13-2012 Victor Larson | | | | |
| (Use as ma | ny sheets a | s necessary) | | F | irst Named Inventor | | | | | |
| | | | | A | Art Unit | | 2453 | | | |
| | | | | Examiner Name | | | Krisna Lim | | | |
| | | | | D | ocket Number | 77580-17 | 7 (VRNI | K-0001CP | 3CON8) | |
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| EXAMINER' | CITE NO. | Patent Numbe | er Publication D | ata | Name of Batanton o | r Applicant of | Dogo | o Columno I | inco Managa | |
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| | | | | | | | | Figures App | oear | |
| | A172 | 6,011,57 | 9 01/04/200 | 00 | Newlin | 1 | | *************************************** | | |
| | A173 | 8,504,69 | 6 08/06/201 | 13 | Larson et | al. | | | | |
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| | D1415 | Office Action date | ed October 1, 2013 fr | om | Corresponding U.S. P | atent Applicati | on Numb | per | | |
| | | 13/911,813 (0775 | 80-0197) | | | | | | | |
| | | EXAMINER | /Krisna Lim/ | | | DATE CONSID | DERED | 11/05/ | 2013 | |
| | | • | | | | | | 11/00/ | 2010 | |

^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 | | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

| Please See 3 | 7 CFR 1.97 | and 1.98 to | make the appropria | te selection(s) |
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| [|] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the filing of the application or before the receipt of a first office action. |
|-------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [|] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or |
| (×) | (] | That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. |
| [| 1 | The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Account 50-1133. |
| [|] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of \$810.00, or further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133. |

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

/Toby H. Kusmer/
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DM US 45488253-1.077580.0177

Date: September 30, 2013

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| | D1416 Office Action dated October 10, 2013 from Corresponding U.S. Patent Application Number 13/950,877 (077580-0198) | | | | | | | | | | |
| EXAMINER /Krisna Lim/ DATE CONSIDERED 11/05/2013 | | | | | | , | | | | | |

^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY | Application Number | 13/615,557 09-13-2012 | | |
| APPLICANT | Filing Date | | | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

| Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s) |
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| [] | That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statemen from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than information disclosure statement; or | t was first cited in any communication three months prior to the filing of the |
| [X] | That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of | of the person signing the certification on disclosure statement was known to |
| [] | The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Acco | ount 50-1133. |
| [] | Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continue hereby authorized to charge the fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17(P) in the amount of due to Deposit Account 50-1133 | d Examination. The Commissioner is \$810.00, or further fees which may be |

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

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DM_US 45906357-1.077580.0177

Date: October 16, 2013

RESPONSE UNDER 37 CFR 1.116 - EXPEDITED PROCEDURE TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2400

Docket No.: 077580-0177

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. : Customer Number: 23630

Application No.: 13/615,557 : Confirmation No. 1089

Filed: September 13, 2012 : Group Art Unit: 2453

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Examiner: Krisna Lim

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RESPONSE AFTER FINAL REJECTION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.116

Commissioner:

In response to the final Office Action dated November 13, 2013, please enter and consider the following:

A Listing of the Claims is provided on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 8 of this paper.

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims is provided for the sole convenience of the Examiner. No claims have been amended herein.

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Previously Presented) A method of transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow secure data communications between the client device and the target device over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the method comprising:
- (1) intercepting from the client device a request to look up an Internet Protocol (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
- (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the IP address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.

3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.
 - 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client device is a phone.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the IP address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.
 - 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.
 - 13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the target device is a server.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A system for transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow secure data communications therebetween over an encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the system including a memory storing instructions, and a server configuration arranged to:
- (1) intercept from the client device a request to look up an Internet Protcol (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
- (2) determine whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, provide provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two

channel.

devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications

- 20. (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 21, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.

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- 28. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the client device is a phone.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a server.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request consists of the system receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein intercepting the request consists of receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 35, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.

37. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 36, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.

REMARKS

Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12, and 14-37 are pending in the application, with claims 1 and 19 being the independent claims. No claims have been amended. However, a listing of the pending claims is provided herewith for the Examiner's convenience. Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections are respectfully requested.

Claim Rejection – Double Patenting

Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12, and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting over various claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,933,990, 7,490,151, and 6,502,135. Without conceding the correctness of the double patenting rejections, to expedite the allowance of this application, Applicants are submitting Terminal Disclaimers for the '990, '151, and '135 patents to obviate the double patenting rejections. Applicants note that the filing of a terminal disclaimer is not an admission of the propriety of the rejection. M.P.E.P. § 804.02 citing Quad Environmental Technologies Corp. v. Union Sanitary District, 946 F.2d 870, 20 USPQ2d 1392 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

Since the double patenting rejections are the sole remaining issues in the Office Action the application is believed to be in condition for allowance and such action is respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully submit that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance. If any questions remain, or should the present response not place the claims in condition for allowance, Applicants respectfully invite the Examiner to contact the undersigned attorney so that any such matters may be promptly resolved.

Any remarks in support of patentability of one claim should not be imputed to any other claim, even if similar terminology is used. Any remarks referring to only a portion of a claim should not be understood to base patentability on that portion; rather, patentability rests on each claim taken as a whole. The absence of a reply to a specific rejection, issue, or comment does not signify agreement with or concession of that rejection, issue, or comment. In addition,

cancellation.

because the arguments made above may not be exhaustive, there may be other reasons for patentability of any or all claims that have not been expressed. Finally, nothing in this paper should be construed as intent to concede any issue with regard to any claim, except as specifically stated in this paper, and the amendment or cancellation of any claim does not necessarily signify concession of unpatentability of the claim prior to its amendment or

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 501133 and please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP

/Kenneth C. Cheney/

Kenneth C. Cheney Registration No. 61,841

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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT

Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| ALDED HON OF LIKE THE THE |
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| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. |
| Application No.: 13/615,557 |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 |
| For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX, Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in the instant application hereby disclaims, except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant application which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>6,502,135</u> as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. |
| In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or |
| is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. |
| Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate. |
| 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization. |
| I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. |
| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 61,841 |
| |
| /Kenneth C. Cheney/ February 13, 2014 |
| Signature Date |
| Kenneth C. Cheney |
| Typed or printed name |
| (040) 954 0623 |
| (949) 851-0633 Telephone Number |
| ✓ Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. |
| WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038. |
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.321. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

| Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Application Number: | 13 | 13615557 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13 | 13-Sep-2012 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | TIONS USING SECURE | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | |
| Filer: | Kenneth C. Cheney/Kimila Carraway | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
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| EFS ID: | 18202047 | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | |
| Filer: | Kenneth C. Cheney/Kimila Carraway | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Kenneth C. Cheney | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 13-FEB-2014 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 20:36:36 | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | |

Payment information:

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| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$480 |
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT

Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| RESECTION OVER A PRIOR PATENT | *************************************** | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. | | | | |
| Application No.: 13/615,557 | | | | |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 | | | | |
| For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN I | NAMES | | | |
| | | | | |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX, Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in texcept as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant at the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>7,490,151</u> as the term of so by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application during such period that it and the <u>prior patent</u> are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. | aid prior patent is presently shortened tion shall be enforceable only for and | | | |
| In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent , "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. | | | | |
| Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate. | | | | |
| 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization. | , government agency, | | | |
| I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that will made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United Statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. | llful false statements and the like so | | | |
| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 61,841 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| /Kenneth C. Cheney/ | February 13, 2014 | | | |
| Signature | Date | | | |
| Kenneth C. Cheney | | | | |
| Typed or printed name | | | | |
| | (949) 851-0633 | | | |
| | Telephone Number | | | |
| ✓ Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. | | | | |
| WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card inform be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization | | | | |
| *Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324. | | | | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.321. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT

Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| RESESTION OF EACH TRICK THE EACH | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. | | | | |
| Application No.: 13/615,557 | | | | |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 | | | | |
| FOI: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN N | NAMES | | | |
| | | | | |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX, Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in texcept as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant at the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>7,933,990</u> as the term of set by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant applicated during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any parant disclaimer is successors or assigns. | pplication which would extend beyond aid prior patent is presently shortened tion shall be enforceable only for and | | | |
| In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. | | | | |
| Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate. | | | | |
| 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization. | , government agency, | | | |
| I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all st belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that will made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United Statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. | Iful false statements and the like so | | | |
| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 61,841 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| /Kenneth C. Cheney/ | February 13, 2014 | | | |
| Signature | Date | | | |
| Kenneth C. Cheney | | | | |
| Typed or printed name | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | (949) 851-0633 Telephone Number | | | |
| ✓ Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. | | | | |
| WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization | | | | |
| *Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324. | | | | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.321. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

| | | | | | | | or Docket Number /615,557 | Filing Date 09/13/2012 | To be Mailed |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | _ | ARGE SMA | LL MICRO |
| | | | | | ATION AS FIL | ED – PAR | TI | | |
| | | | (Column 1 |) | (Column 2) | | • | - | |
| Ļ | FOR | N | UMBER FIL | .ED | NUMBER EXTRA | | RATE (\$) | F | FEE (\$) |
| | BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), o | or (c)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c | or (m)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), o | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i)) | | mir | nus 20 = * | | | X \$ = | 1 | |
| IND | EPENDENT CLAIM | .S | m | inus 3 = * | | | X \$ = | 1 | |
| | If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$310 (\$155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). | | | | | | | | |
| | MULTIPLE DEPEN | IDENT CLAIM PF | ESENT (3 | 7 CFR 1.16(j)) | | | | | |
| * If t | the difference in colu | ımn 1 is less than | zero, ente | r "0" in column 2. | | | TOTAL | | |
| | | (Column 1) | | (Column 2) | ION AS AMEN | | RT II | | |
| AMENDMENT | 02/13/2014 | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EX | TRA | RATE (\$) | ADDITIO | ONAL FEE (\$) |
|)ME | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | * 34 | Minus | ** 34 | = 0 | | x \$80 = | | 0 |
| 片 | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * 2 | Minus | ***3 | = 0 | | x \$420 = | | 0 |
| AM | Application Si | ize Fee (37 CFR 1 | .16(s)) | | | | | | |
| | FIRST PRESEN | NTATION OF MULTIF | PLE DEPEN | DENT CLAIM (37 CFR | R 1.16(j)) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | TOTAL ADD'L FE | E | 0 |
| | | (Column 1) | | (Column 2) | (Column 3) |) | | | |
| | | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EX | TRA | RATE (\$) | ADDITIO | ONAL FEE (\$) |
| ENT | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i)) | * | Minus | ** | = | | X \$ = | | |
| ENDM | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h)) | * | Minus | *** | = | | X \$ = | | |
| ĘN | Application Si | ize Fee (37 CFR 1 | .16(s)) | | | | | | |
| AM | FIRST PRESEN | NTATION OF MULTIF | PLE DEPEN | DENT CLAIM (37 CFR | R 1.16(j)) | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | TOTAL ADD'L FE | E | |
| ** If *** I | the entry in column of the "Highest Number If the "Highest Numb | er Previously Paid oer Previously Paid | l For" IN TH d For" IN T | HIS SPACE is less t HIS SPACE is less | than 20, enter "20" s than 3, enter "3". | | LIE /DEBORAH N | | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

| Application Number | Application/Control No. | | pplicant(s)/Patent (eexamination ARSON ET AL. | under |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| Document Code - DISQ | Inte | ernal Do | cument – DC | NOT MAIL |
| [===================================== | | | | |
| TERMINAL DISCLAIMER | ☐ APPROVED | | ⊠ DISAPP | ROVED |
| Date Filed : 2/13/14 | This patent is | • | | |
| Date Flied . 2/13/14 | to a Termi Disclaime | - - | | |
| Approved/Disapproved | Disclaime | - - | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | Victor Larson | 077580-0177 | 1089 | |
| 23630 McDermott Wil | 7590 02/25/201 ll & Emery | 4 | EXAM | IINER | |
| The McDermot | t Building | LIM, KRISNA | | | |
| Washington, D | tol Street, N.W. C 20001 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| _ | | | 2453 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE | |
| | | | 02/25/2014 | ELECTRONIC | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mweipdocket@mwe.com

| | 13/615,557 | Applicant(s) LARSON ET AL. | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | Examiner KRISNA LIM | Art Unit 2453 | AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the o | orresponden | ce address | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, or Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | mely filed the mailing date c ED (35 U.S.C. § 13 | of this communication. 3). | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02/13/ | /2014. | | | | |
| A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.13 | | | | | |
| | action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) An election was made by the applicant in respon | | set forth duri | ng the interview on | | |
| ; the restriction requirement and election | · | | 9 | | |
| 4) Since this application is in condition for allowand | ' | | to the merits is | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex | • | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims* | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,12 and 14-37</u> is/are pending i | n the application | | | | |
| 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | | | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | Triffin sonsideration. | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37</u> is/are rejected | 1. | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | election requirement. | | | | |
| * If any claims have been determined <u>allowable</u> , you may be eli <u>c</u> | | secution High | nway program at a | | |
| participating intellectual property office for the corresponding ap | | | | | |
| http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send a | an inquiry to <u>PPHfeedback@uspto.</u> | gov. | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 10) The specification is objected to by the Examiner | | | | | |
| 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce | | Examiner. | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the d | | | ō(a). | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign r | oriority under 35 H.S.C. & 119/a |)-(d) or (f) | | | |
| Certified copies: | oriently under 65 o.e.o. § 115(a |) (a) or (i). | | | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some** c) ☐ None of the: | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents | s have been received. | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents | | tion No. | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau | (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | - | | |
| ** See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified | d copies not received. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 3) Interview Summary | (PTO-413) | | | |
| 2) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08a and/or PTO/SI | Paper No(s)/Mail D | | | | |
| 2) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/Sb/ood and/or PTO/Si | 4) 🔲 Other: | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-13)

Art Unit: 2453

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

- 2. Claims 1-2, 4-10, 12 and 14-00 are still pending for examination. Claims 21-37 are newly added for examination. Claims 3, 11 and 13 have been canceled.
- 3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re LongL* 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321 (c) or 1.321 (d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 2453

4. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 7,933,990.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they all directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. automatically initiating an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a

determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

5. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 5-9 and 11-15 of U.S. Patent No. 7,490,151.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of **transparently creating** an encrypted communication channel (i.e. automatically initiating an encrypted communication channel) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

Art Unit: 2453

6. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,135.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to a method of transparently creating an encrypted communication channel (i.e. transparently creating a virtual private network) between a client device and a target device based on a determination that a request access to a device that accepts an encrypted communication channel. The difference is the current application claimed language of "supports secure communications audio/video". It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that such additional claimed language" supports communications audio/video" would have been a matter of use and such feature is well known and it would not be a patentably distinguishable feature.

- 7. On February 13, 2014, in response to the above rejection, applicants submitted 3 terminal disclaimers but they have not been approved. Claims 1-2, 4-10, 12 and 14-37 would be allowable when the terminal disclaimers are submitted and approved.
- 8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

Art Unit: 2453

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisna Lim whose telephone number is 571-272-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Friday from 7:10 AM to 5:40 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Krista Zele, can be reached on 571-272-7288. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (In USA or Canada) or 571-272-100.

ΚI

February 19, 2014

/Krisna Lim/

Primary Examiner Art Unit 2453

Search Notes Application/Control No. Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LARSON ET AL. Examiner KRISNA LIM Art Unit 2453

| | CPC- SEARCHED | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner | | | | | | | | |

| SEARCH NOTES | | |
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| Search Notes | Date | Examiner |
| Inventors | 07/25/2013 | kl |

222-227

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| | INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | |
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07/25/2013

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| Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| Examiner | Art Unit |
| KRISNA LIM | 2453 |
| | 13615557 Examiner |

| ✓ | Rejected | - | Cancelled | N | Non-Elected | Α | Appeal |
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| = | Allowed | ÷ | Restricted | ı | Interference | 0 | Objected |

| CLAII | Original 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | \(\frac{1}{4} \) | 11/06/2013 | 3 02/19/2014 ✓ ✓ ✓ | DATE | | T |
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| | 10 | √ | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 11 | ✓ | - | - | | | |
| | 12 | ✓ | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 13 | ✓ | - | - | | | |
| | 14 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 15 | ✓ | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 16 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 17 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 18 | √ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 19 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 20 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 21 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
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| | 23 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 24 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 25 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 26 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 27 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 28 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 29 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 30 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 31 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 32 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 33 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 34 | | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 35 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |

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Part of Paper No.: 20140219

| | | | | | | | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|---|-------------|------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|--|---|----------|
| Index of Claims | | | 13615557 | | | LARSON ET AL. | | | | | |
| | | | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | | |
| | | | | KRISNA LIM | | 2453 | | | | | |
| ✓ | Rejected | - | - Cancelled | | N | ١ | Non-Ele | ected | | Α | Appeal |
| = | Allowed | ÷ | F | Restricted | estricted I Interfe | | Interfer | ence | | 0 | Objected |

| ☐ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant | | | | | | | □ СРА | □ т.с | D. 🗆 | R.1.47 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|-------|-------|------|--------|
| CLAIM | | DATE | | | | | | | | |
| Final | Original | 07/25/2013 | 11/06/2013 | 02/19/2014 | | | | | | |
| | 37 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |

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| ✓ Prac | titioners assoc | iated with the Customer Number: | | 23630 | | |
| ☐ OR | | | | | | |
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| | | Name | Registration Number | N | lame | Registration Number |
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| any and all | patent applica | to represent the undersigned before tions assigned only to the undersigned to the undersi | | | | |
| | | cordance with 37 CFR 3.73(b). | | | | |
| Please cha | nge the corres | pondence address for the applica | tion identified in the a | attached statement ur | nder 37 CFR | : 3.73(b) to: |
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| Country | | | | | | |
| Telephone | e | | | Email | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Assignee N | lame and Addr | ess: | | | | |
| VirnetX, I | | | | | | |
| | a Court , Su | | | | | |
| Zepnyr C | ove, Nevad | a 09440 | | | | |
| A copy of | f this form, t | ogether with a statement un | der 37 CFR 3.73(b |) (Form PTO/SB/ | 96 or equiv | /alent) is required to be |
| filed in each application in which this form is used. The statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) may be completed by one of | | | | | | |
| the practitioners appointed in this form if the appointed practitioner is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee, and must identify the application in which this Power of Attorney is to be filed. | | | | | | |
| SIGNATURE of Assignee of Record | | | | | | |
| The individual whose sixusture and title is supplied below is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee | | | | | | |
| Signature | | Similal | | | Date | 1/30/2013 |
| Name | | Sameer Ma | thur | | Telephone | 775-548-1785 |
| Title | | Vice Presiden | t - Corporate De | velopment and M | /larketing | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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| STATEMENT UND | ER 37 CFR 3.73(b) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Applicant/Patent Owner: Victor LARSON, et al. | |
| Application No./Patent No.: 13/615,557 | Filed/Issue Date: September 13, 2012 |
| Titled: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COI | MMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| VirnetX, Inc, aCorpo | pration |
| | of Assignee, e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc. |
| states that it is: | |
| 1. X the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest in; | |
| 2. an assignee of less than the entire right, title, and interes (The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is | |
| 3. the assignee of an undivided interest in the entirety of (a | complete assignment from one of the joint inventors was made) |
| the patent application/patent identified above, by virtue of either: | |
| A. An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent applica the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel copy therefore is attached. | tion/patent identified above. The assignment was recorded in, Frame, or for which a |
| OR | |
| B. X A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent applica | tion/patent identified above, to the current assignee as follows: |
| 1. From: Victor Larson, et al. | To: Science Applications International Corporati |
| The document was recorded in the United Sta | |
| From: Science Applications International Corp | oration To: VirnetX, Inc. |
| The document was recorded in the United Sta | tes Patent and Trademark Office at |
| Reel <u>027613</u> , Frame <u>0168</u> | or for which a copy thereof is attached. |
| 3. From: | To: |
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| Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a | supplemental sheet(s). |
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| [NOTE: A separate copy (i.e., a true copy of the original ass accordance with 37 CFR Part 3, to record the assignment in | ignment document(s)) must be submitted to Assignment Division in the records of the USPTO. <u>See</u> MPEP 302.08] |
| The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act | on behalf of the assignee. |
| /Toby H. Kusmer/ | April 8, 2014 |
| Signature | Date |
| Toby H. Kusmer, Registration No. 26,418 | Attorney for Assignee |
| Printed or Typed Name | Title |

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| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 18710002 | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kimila Carraway | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 08-APR-2014 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 21:18:37 | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | |

Payment information:

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.



23630

United States Patent and Trademark Office

United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

APPLICATION NUMBER

FILING OR 371(C) DATE

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT Victor Larson

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 077580-0177

13/615,557

McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W.

Washington, DC 20001

09/13/2012

CONFIRMATION NO. 1089

POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER

Date Mailed: 04/15/2014

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/08/2014.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

| /zabraha/ | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101



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United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

APPLICATION NUMBER

FILING OR 371(C) DATE

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE 077580-0177

13/615,557

McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W.

Washington, DC 20001

09/13/2012

Victor Larson

CONFIRMATION NO. 1089

POWER OF ATTORNEY NOTICE



Date Mailed: 04/15/2014

NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/08/2014.

 The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the assignee who has intervened as provided by 37 CFR 3.71. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

| /zabraha/ | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | - | |

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

Doc code: RCEX
Doc description: Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

PTO/SB/30EFS (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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| REQUEST FOR CONTINUED EXAMINATION(RCE)TRANSMITTAL (Submitted Only via EFS-Web) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Application Number | 13/615,557 | Filing Date | 2012-09-13 | Docket Number (if applicable) | 077580-0177 | Art Unit | 2453 |
| First Named Inventor | Victor LARSON | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application. The Instruction Sheet for this form is located at WWW.USPTO.GOV | | | | | | | |
| | | S | UBMISSION RE | QUIRED UNDER 37 | 7 CFR 1.114 | | |
| in which they | were filed unless | applicant in | | If applicant does not wi | nents enclosed with the RCE v sh to have any previously filed | | |
| | y submitted. If a fir on even if this box | | | g, any amendments file | ed after the final Office action r | nay be con | isidered as a |
| Co | nsider the argume | ents in the A | sppeal Brief or Rep | oly Brief previously filed | on | | |
| Oth | ner | | | | | | |
| Enclosed | | | | | | | |
| ⊠ An | nendment/Reply | | | | | | |
| {nfo | ormation Disclosu | re Statemer | nt (IDS) | | | | |
| Aff | idavit(s)/ Declarati | on(s) | | | | | |
| ⊠ Ot | her An Informa | tion Disclos | ure Statement is b | peing submitted by mail | concurrently with this filing. | | |
| | | | М | ISCELLANEOUS | | | |
| | | | | is requested under 37 onder 37 CFR 1.17(i) red | CFR 1.103(c) for a period of r quired) | nonths — | |
| Other | | | | | | | |
| | | | | FEES | | | |
| The Dire | ctor is hereby aut | | | CFR 1.114 when the F ayment of fees, or cred | RCE is filed. it any overpayments, to | | |
| SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED | | | | | | | |
| | Practitioner Signa ant Signature | ature | | | | | |

Doc code: RCEX

Doc description: Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
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| Signature of Registered U.S. Patent Practitioner | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Signature | /Toby H. Kusmer/ | Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | 2014-05-27 | | | |
| Name | Toby H. Kusmer | Registration Number | 26418 | | | |

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If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Docket No.: 077580-0177

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. : Customer Number: 23630

Application No.: 13/615,557 : Confirmation No. 1089

Filed: September 13, 2012 : Group Art Unit: 2453

0.000 1.110 0.110. 2.110

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Examiner: Krisna Lim

Mail Stop RCE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RESPONSE SUBMITTED WITH REQUEST FOR CONTINUED EXAMINATION

Commissioner:

In response to the final Office Action dated February 25, 2014, please enter and consider the following:

Remarks begin on page 2 of this paper.

REMARKS

Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12, and 14-37 are pending in the application, with claims 1 and 19 being the independent claims. No claims have been amended. Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections are respectfully requested.

Claim Rejection - Double Patenting

Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12, and 14-37 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting over various claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,933,990, 7,490,151, and 6,502,135. Applicants filed a Response on February 13, 2014, together with three Terminal Disclaimers. The Terminal Disclaimers were rejected because a proper Power of Attorney was not on file for the application. A Power of Attorney was submitted on April 8, 2014, and was accepted by the Office on April 15, 2014.

Applicants are re-submitting Terminal Disclaimers for the '990, '151, and '135 patents to obviate the double patenting rejections. Applicants note that the filing of a terminal disclaimer is not an admission of the propriety of the rejection. M.P.E.P. § 804.02 *citing Quad Environmental Technologies Corp. v. Union Sanitary District*, 946 F.2d 870, 20 USPQ2d 1392 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

Since the double patenting rejections are the sole remaining issues in the Office Action the application is believed to be in condition for allowance and such action is respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully submit that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance. If any questions remain, or should the present response not place the claims in condition for allowance, Applicants respectfully invite the Examiner to contact the undersigned attorney so that any such matters may be promptly resolved.

Any remarks in support of patentability of one claim should not be imputed to any other claim, even if similar terminology is used. Any remarks referring to only a portion of a claim should not be understood to base patentability on that portion; rather, patentability rests on each claim taken as a whole. The absence of a reply to a specific rejection, issue, or comment does

Docket No.: 077580-0177

not signify agreement with or concession of that rejection, issue, or comment. In addition, because the arguments made above may not be exhaustive, there may be other reasons for patentability of any or all claims that have not been expressed. Finally, nothing in this paper should be construed as intent to concede any issue with regard to any claim, except as specifically stated in this paper, and the amendment or cancellation of any claim does not necessarily signify concession of unpatentability of the claim prior to its amendment or cancellation.

Please charge any fees associated with filing the Terminal Disclaimers under 37 C.F.R. 1.20(d) to Deposit Account 50-1133.

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 50-1133 and please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP

Date: May 27, 2014 /Toby H. Kusmer/

Toby H. Kusmer, P.C., Reg. No. 26,418 Customer No. 23630 28 State Street

Boston, MA 02109-1775

Telephone: (617) 535-4000 Facsimile: (617) 535-3800

E-mail: tkusmer@mwe.com

Docket No.: 077580-0177

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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT

Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| RESESTION OF EATH FAIGHT FAILERS | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. | |
| Application No.: 13/615,557 | |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 | |
| For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN N | NAMES |
| | |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX. Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in the except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant at the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. $6,502,135$ as the term of set by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any part and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. | pplication which would extend beyond aid prior patent is presently shortened tion shall be enforceable only for and |
| In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any paten would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent, "as the term of said pri terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shorte | or patent is presently shortened by any |
| Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate. | |
| 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization. | , government agency, |
| I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all st belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that will made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United Statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. | Iful false statements and the like so |
| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 26,418 | |
| | |
| /Toby H. Kusmer/ | May 27, 2014 |
| Signature | Date |
| Toby H. Kusmer | |
| Typed or printed name | |
| | |
| | (617) 535-4000 Telephone Number |
| ✓ Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. | · |
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| | |
| *Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324. | |

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| Electronic Patent A | App | lication Fee | e Transmit | tal | | |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Application Number: | 136 | 515557 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13- | Sep-2012 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECUDOMAIN NAMES | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kimila Carraway | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 07 | 7580-0177 | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: | | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
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| Miscellaneous: | | | | |
| Request for Continued Examination | 1801 | 1 | 1200 | 1200 |
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| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 19138109 | | | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Kimila Carraway | | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 27-MAY-2014 | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 19:55:07 | | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | yes |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Payment Type | Deposit Account |
| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$1200 |
| RAM confirmation Number | 7446 |
| Deposit Account | 501133 |
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File Listing:

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If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

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If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT

Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Application No.: 13/615,557 |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 |
| For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX. Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in the instant application hereby disclaims, except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant application which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>7,933,990</u> as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. |
| In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. |
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| I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. |
| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 26,418 |
| |
| /Toby H. Kusmer/ May 27, 2014 |
| Signature Date |
| Toby H. Kusmer |
| Typed or printed name |
| |
| (617) 535-4000 Telephone Number |
| ✓ Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. |
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Docket Number (Optional) 077580-0177

| RESESTION OF EACH TRICK THE EACH | |
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| In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. | |
| Application No.: 13/615,557 | |
| Filed: September 13, 2012 | |
| FOI: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN N | NAMES |
| | |
| The owner*, <u>VirnetX. Inc.</u> , of <u>100</u> percent interest in texcept as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant at the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>7,490,151</u> as the term of so by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant applicated during such period that it and the prior patent are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any part and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns. | pplication which would extend beyond aid prior patent is presently shortened tion shall be enforceable only for and |
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| 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization. | government agency, |
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| 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 26,418 | |
| | |
| /Toby H. Kusmer/ | May 27, 2014 |
| Signature | Date |
| Toby H. Kusmer | |
| Typed or printed name | |
| | (617) 535-4000 |
| | Telephone Number |
| Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included. | |
| WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization | |
| *Statement_under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324. | |

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| P/ | ATENT APPLI | | E DETE | | | Application | n or Docket Number 8/615,557 | Filing Date 09/13/2012 | To be Mailed |
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| | BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), c | or (c)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), o | or (m)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), c | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | |
| | TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i)) | | 34 min | ius 20 = * | | | X \$ = | | |
| | EPENDENT CLAIMS CFR 1.16(h)) | S | 2 m | inus 3 = * | | | X \$ = | | |
| □ / | If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$310 (\$155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). | | | | | | | | |
| | MULTIPLE DEPEN | IDENT CLAIM PR | ESENT (3 | 7 CFR 1.16(j)) | | | | | |
| * If t | the difference in colu | ımn 1 is less than | zero, ente | r "0" in column 2. | | | TOTAL | | |
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| | | Application Number | 13/615,557 | AT WHICS IT GISDIAYS A VAIID OMB CONTROL NUMBER | |
| TF | RANSMITTAL | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | |
| | FORM | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| (lo be used for | all correspondence after initial filing) | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| (| f Pages in This Submission | Attorney Docket Number | 77580-177 | | |
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| | EN | CLOSURES (Check all | that apply) | | |
| Fee Tran | smittal Form | Drawing(s) | | After Allowance Communication to TC | |
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| | ` 12 Box | ces of Non Patent Literature; 11 | Foreign Publicati | ion References. The Request for flay 27, 2014 and all fees due will be paid | |
| Incomplet | te Application I at the | time of the RCE filing. | ornoally filed off iv | nay 27, 2014 and all lees due will be paid | |
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| | SIGNATURE | OF APPLICANT, ATTO | RNEY, OR AG | ENT | |
| Firm Name | | | ,, | | |
| Signatura | McDermott, Will @ Emery | | | | |
| Signature | /Toby H. Kusmer/ | • | | | |
| Printed name | Toby H. Kusmer | | • | | |
| Date | May 27, 2014 | F | Reg. No. 26,418 | В | |
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| Signature | nuw. | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | : | |
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March 8, 2004

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Other, description: **BROCHURE**

Doc Code: Artifact Artifact Type Code: Z

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | Complete if Known | | |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENTALS | Application Number | 13/615,557 | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT VS. APPLICANT | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) MAY 2 7 2014 | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| TRADEMARK | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |
| //AAUENIII | DOCKET NUMBER | 77300-177 (41/14/2-000 TCP3C) | |

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

- [] That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or
- [] That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement.
- [] The Commissioner is authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Account 50-1133.
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SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

/Toby H. Kusmer/
Toby H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418
McDermott Will & Emery LLP
28 State Street
Boston, MA 02109
Tel. (617) 535-4000
Fax (617) 535-3800

DM_US 52498342-1.077580.0177

Date: May 27, 2014

Subst. for form 1449/PTO Complete if Known **Application Number** 13/615,557 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT VS. Filing Date 09-13-2012 **APPLICANT** First Named Inventor (Use as many sheets as necessary) Victor Larson MAY 2 7 2014 Art Unit 2453 **Examiner Name** Krisna Lim **Docket Number** 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) PADENT U.S. PATENTS **EXAMINER'S** CITE NO. Patent Number Publication Date Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Name of Patentee or Applicant INITIALS Relevant Passages or Relevant of Cited Document Figures Appear A179 RE39.360 10/17/2006 Aziz et al. A180 5,416,842 05/16/1995 Aziz A181 5,420,926 05/30/1995 Low et al. 08/22/1995 A182 5,444,782 Adams, Jr. et al. A183 5,455,861 10/03/1995 Faucher et al. A184 5,530,758 06/25/1996 Marino, Jr. et al. A185 5,623,601 04/22/1997 Vu A186 5,636,139 06/03/1997 McLaughlin et al. A187 5,689,566 11/18/1997 Nguyen A188 5,781,550 07/14/1998 Templin et al. A189 5,805,820 09/08/1998 Bellovin et al. A190 09/22/1998 Micali 5.812.670 A191 5,884,270 03/16/1999 Walker et al. A192 5,889,863 03/30/1999 Weber A193 5,915,087 06/22/1999 Hammond et al. A194 5,940,393 08/17/1999 Duree et al. A195 5,961,593 10/05/1999 Gabber et al. A196 5,974,454 10/26/1999 Apfel et al. A197 6,003,084 12/14/1999 Green et al. A198 6,012,088 06/04/2000 Li et al. 01/18/2000 A199 6,016,504 Arnold et al. A200 6,023,510 02/08/2000 **Epstein** A201 02/29/2000 6,032,118 Tello et al. A202 6,055,236 04/25/200 Nessett et al. A203 6,055,518 04/25/2000 Franklin et al. A204 6,055,575 04/25/2000 Paulsen et al. A205 6,073,175 06/06/2000 Tavs et al. A206 08/29/2000 Terada et al. 6,111,883 A207 6,148,342 11/14/2000 Ho A208 6,151,628 11/21/2000 Xu et al. A209 6,154,839 11/28/2000 Arrow et al. A210 6,182,072 01/30/2001 Leak et al. A211 6,182,141 01/30/2001 Blum et al. A212 6,199,122 03/06/2001 Wilson A213 6,225,993 05/01/2001 Lindblad et al. A214 6,298,383 10/02/2001 Gutman et al.

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| INFORMATION DISCI | OSURE STATEMENT VS | . | | ation Number | 13/615,557 | | |
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| A216 | 6,366,912 | 04/02/ | 2002 | Wall | ent et al. | | |
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| (Use as man | AR Page ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | The state of the s | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | 2 7 2014 5 | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| <u> </u> | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |
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| | D1418 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamina Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit E1: [| | |
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| (Use as many sheets a | s necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CC | ON8) |
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| (Use as many sheets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| , | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
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| NPORMATION DISCL APPLICANT | OSORE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| Use as many sheets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| INFORMATION DISCL APPLICANT | OSURE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| (Use as many sheets as ne | cessarv) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| (000 do many oncolo do m | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
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| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |
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| D1504 | IPR2014-00174; Inter Partes Review Petitioner RPX Corporation; Petition | | | |
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| | Petitioner RPX Corporation; Petition | | | |
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| | Petitioner RPX Corporation; Exhibit | | nael Fratto Regarding U.S. Patent | |
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| APPLICANT | OSORE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | | |
| (Use as many sheets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | 18) | |
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| Use as many she | ets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8 |
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| (Use as many sheets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
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| APPLICANT | LOSURE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| (Use as many sheets as n | ecessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
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| | | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | 2010 |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | 2110 |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 | | |
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1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.



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Method for controlling a firewall

No documents available for this priority number.

KUBOTA AYUMU; KATAGISHI KAZUKI; ASAMI TOHRU <u>+</u> (AYUMU

* KUBOTA, ; KAZUKI * KATAGISHI, ; TOHRU * ASAMI)

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DENWA CO LTD)

Classification: - international: G06F13/00; H04L12/56; H04L12/66; H04L29/06;

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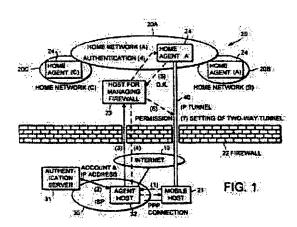
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Abstract of GB2316841 (A)

When a mobile terminal 21 connected to an Internet service provider (ISP) 30 intends to access an inner network 20 within a firewall 22 via the Internet 10, the ISP sends terminal user information to the inner network. An agent host 32 investigates the Internet protocol (IP) address and the account of the terminal and determines whether the mobile terminal is a terminal moved from the inner network based on this information. If this is the case, a host 23 managing the firewall sets a filter in the



firewall allowing telecommunication between the mobile terminal and the inner network. The communication between the terminal and inner network may be by means of a two-way IP tunnel 40.

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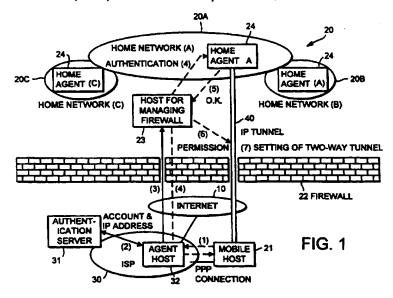
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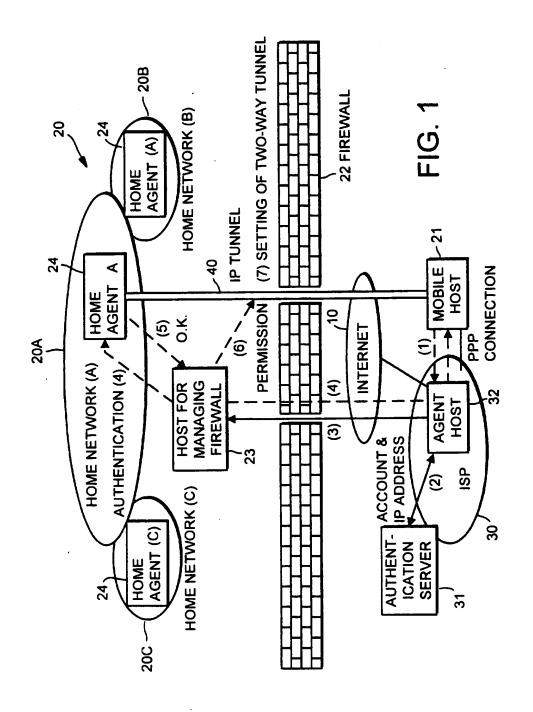
(54) Method for controlling a firewall

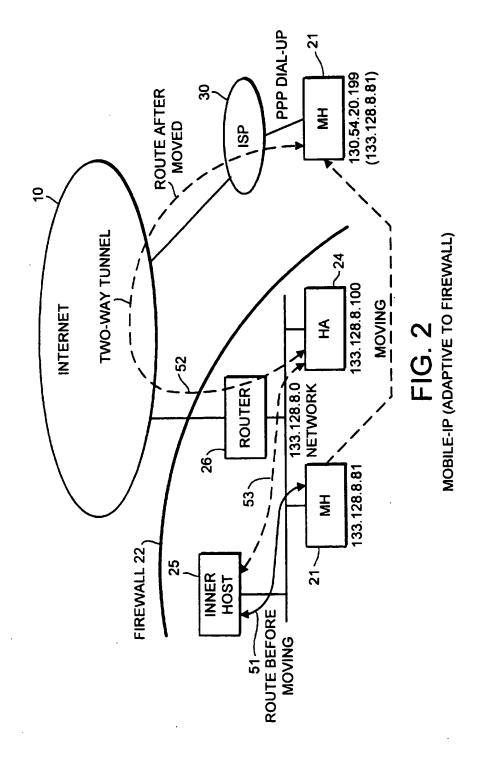
(57) When a mobile terminal 21 connected to an Internet service provider (ISP) 30 intends to access an inner network 20 within a firewall 22 via the Internet 10, the ISP sends terminal user information to the inner network. An agent host 32 investigates the Internet protocol (IP) address and the account of the terminal and determines whether the mobile terminal is a terminal moved from the inner network based on this information. If this is the case, a host 23 managing the firewall sets a filter in the firewall allowing telecommunication between the mobile terminal and the inner network. The communication between the terminal and inner network may be by means of a two-way IP tunnel 40.

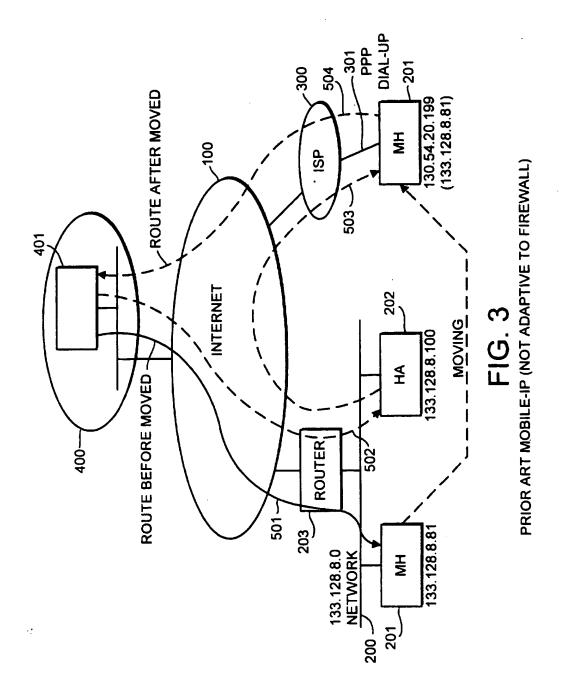


At least one drawing originally filed was informal and the print reproduced here is taken from a later filed formal copy.

This print takes account of replacement documents submitted after the date of filing to enable the application to comply with the formal requirements of the Patents Rules 1995







Specification

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Method for dynamically controlling a firewall FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a method for dynamically controlling a firewall.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In a case of connecting a private network with the Internet, it is necessary to prevent a dishonest access from the Internet. However, if perfectly shut down a telecommunication between an internal network and an external network, it is impossible for a user of the internal network to access to his home network via the Internet.

Therefore, it is necessary to construct a firewall which selectively permits a telecommunication from an outside via the Internet.

In a prior art of a firewall, out of all data packets between the internal network and the external network, a previously permitted packet is only passed, but, another packet is shut down by using a filter.

Generally, such a filter is set by designating an IP (Internet Protokol) address of a terminal sending a packet, an IP address of a terminal receiving the packet, a kind of used protokol and a port number etc. For example, in a case of a telecommunication from an specific external IP address to any internal host (terminal) by using TCP (Transmission Control Protokol), a telecommunication using a specific port number (for example, 110) is permitted.

Wherein, the port number is an identifier for indicating a process of an upper layer in TCP or UDP (User Datagram Protokol).

However, it is difficult to obtain a pertinent filtering when a

user accesses to his home network, by a dial-up or ppp connection via an ISP (Internet Service Provider) at outside of the home network, by using a mobile computer such as a note-type personal computer (a note-type PC), because upper 4 digits indicates a network with which the mobile PC is connected and lower 4 digits indicates an identifier of the mobile PC in the network, while the IP address used in the Internet telecommunication is indicated by 4 bytes number.

Namely, in a case of dial-up connection by a mobile host (MH) moved from its home network, the IP address assigned to the mobile host is different every connection, then it is impossible to take a telecommunication using an IP address assigned in its home network.

Therefore, it is difficult to set a filter in the firewall by designating an IP (Internet Protokol) address of the terminal sending a data packet and an IP address of the terminal receiving the data packet, because an IP address of a moved terminal is not constant in the dail-up connection.

Furthermore, it is not always possible for the user to use inner resources (a disk, data base and WWW etc.) of the home network to which he usually accesses, even if the filter of the firewall is pertinently set and it is possible only for an authorized mobile host and its user to permit an access from outside to the home network, because an access to the inner resources is individually limited and the access is permitted or is not permitted based on an IP address of a client terminal.

Next, referring to Fig.3, a mobile-IP address is explained, the mobile-IP is under work for standardization.

The mobile IP is a technique which enables to use a same IP address to the mobile terminal which moves anywhere, whenever the mobile terminal connects the Internet.

However, now, the mobile-IP is not adaptive to a network having the firewall.

In Fig.3, 100 denotes the Internet, 200 denotes a home network of a mobile terminal 201, 202 denotes a home agent (HA) on the home network 200, 203 denotes a router, 300 denotes an ISP, 400 denotes another network and 401 denotes a terminal on the network 400.

In Fig.3, an IP address of the home network 200 to which the mobile terminal 201 is usually connected is [133.128.8.0], an IP address of the mobile terminal 201 on the home network 200 is [133.128.8.81], an IP address of the home agent 202 is [133.128.8.100], and, an IP address of the mobile terminal 201 is [130.54.20.199] which is assigned by the ISP when the terminal 201 connects to the ISP by dial-up connection.

Generally, when a packet is sent from the terminal 401 on the network 400 to the terminal 201, as a rout 501 shown in Fig.3, the packet is transferred to the home network 200 to which the terminal 201 is usually connected. Therefore, when the terminal has been moved to another network, for example the ISP 300, it is necessary to transfer the packet to the network 300.

For transferring the packet, in the mobile-IP, an agent host is respectively provided to the network from which the mobile terminal is moved and the network to which the mobile terminal is moved. The agent in the network from which the mobile terminal is moved is called as a home agent and the agent in the network to which the mobile terminal is moved is called as a foreign agent. It is possible that the mobile terminal has a function of the foreign agent. In Fig.3, the mobile terminal 201 has a function of the foreign agent.

When the terminal 201 moved from its home network 200 connects to the ISP 300 by dial-up connection 301, a temporary IP address [130.54.2 0.199] is assigned to the terminal 201 by the ISP.

The IP address [130.54.20.199] of the mobile terminal 201 and its IP address [133.128.8.81] in the home network 200 are informed to the home agent 202 in the home network 200 via the ISP and the Internet100. Then, the home agent 202 records that the terminal 201 having the IP [133. 128.8.81] is moving and its temporary IP address is [130.54.20.199] in its data base, based on the received information.

When a packet is sent from the terminal 401 in the network 400 to the terminal 201 by using the usual IP address [133.128.8.81], as shown by route 502, the home agent 202 receives the packet instead of the mobile terminal 201. Then, as shown by the route 503, the home agent 202 transfers the packet from the terminal 401 to the mobile terminal 201 via the Internet 100 and the ISP 300 to the mobile terminal 201, by embedding the packet from the terminal 401 into a packet forwarded to the temporary IP address [130.54.20.199]. The mobile terminal 201 obtains the original packet of the terminal 401 from the received packet, if necessary, as shown by the route 504, any packet to the terminal 401 via the ISP and the Internet.

As mentioned-above, in the mobile-IP, it is possible to a packet from the terminal 401 to the mobile terminal 201 by using the usual IP address [133.128.8.81].

However, the telecommunication using the temporary IP address [130. 54.20.199] is necessary between the mobile terminal 201 and the home agent 202.

Namely, in the mobile-IP, since any process is not applied to the packet send from the mobile terminal 201, an usual routing is necessary.

Therefore, it is impossible for the mobile terminal 201 to another terminal inside the home network 200 except for the home agent 202 under the above-mentioned firewall, because only the telecommunication

between the mobile terminal 201 and the home agent 202 is allowed. This means that the mobile terminal 201 is limited to access to the resource of its home network 200.

An object of the present invention is to provide a method for dynamically controlling a firewall which enables to set a filter pertinent to the mobile terminal being connected with the ISP (Internet Service Provider) by the dial-up connection and its user.

An object of embodiments of the present invention is to provide a method for dynamically controlling a firewall which enables to pertinently permit that said mobile terminal and its user access to the resource of the home network from outside.

The present invention enables to set a pertinent filter by obtaining a user information from an Internet service provider. Embodiments of the present invention resolve an limitation of an access to a resource of a home network by combining the filter setting with a mobile-IP.

According to the present invention there is provided a method for enabling a pertinent filter comprising the steps of:

a step for sending a user information of a terminal being connected to an internet service provider by dial-up connection to an inner network inside a firewall from said internet service provider when said terminal accesses to said inner network via the Internet.

a step that said inner network determines whether said terminal is a mobile terminal moved from said inner network, based on said user information;

a step for setting a filter of said firewall to permit a telecommunication between said terminal when said terminal is said mobile terminal moved from said inner network.

In a method embodying the present invention, for resolving an limitation of an access, further an

IP tunnel is used after setting of said filter for a telecommunication between said terminal and inner network.

In another embodiment for resolving an limitation of an access, said user information is transferred between an agent host provided in said internet service provider and a host for managing said firewall which sets said filter of said firewall provided in said inner network, and said telecommunication using said IP tunnel is done between said terminal and a home agent provided in said inner network.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Fig. 1 shows a configuration of a system to which a method embodying the present invention is applied.
 - Fig. 2 shows a mobile-IP which is adaptive to a firewall.
- Fig. 3 shows an prior art mobile-IP which is not adaptive to a firewall.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

An embodiment of the present invention will be explained referring to the drawings.

In Fig. 1, 10 denotes the Internet, 20 denotes an inner network having plural home networks 20A, 20B and 20C, 21 denotes a mobile terminal which is usually connected to the inner network 20, 22 denotes a firewall, 23 denotes a host for managing the firewall, 24 denotes a home agent provided in each of home networks 20A, 20B and 20C,

30 denotes an ISP (Internet Service Provider), 31 denotes a server for authentication in the ISP, 32 denotes an agent host in the ISP.

The mobile terminal 21 has a function of a foreign agent for mobile-IP. The mobile terminal 21 is intended to connect the inner network 20 via the Internet, by dial-up connection to the ISP at any location after moving from the home network.

In this embodiment, a mechanism for controlling the firewall based

on a user information obtained from the ISP and a mobile-IP mechanism adaptive to the firewall are provided.

The mechanism for controlling the firewall 22 based on the user information obtained from ISP 30 will be explained referring to Fig.1.

A user account (ID) and a pass word are input to the ISP 30, when a user of the mobile terminal 21 intends to connect to the ISP 30 by the dial-up connection. In the ISP 30, the authentication server 31 determines whether the user input data are proper or not. Only when the user input data are proper, an IP address is assigned to the mobile terminal 21, then the mobile terminal 21 is connected to the Internet 100. For this purpose, the ISP 30 can always grasp which user is connecting to the ISP 30 based on the user information and which IP address is assigned to the mobile terminal 21.

When the inner network 20 can know the user and an IP address used by the user, by obtaining the user information from the ISP 30, it is possible to properly set the filter. Then, it is possible to permit a telecommunication from a user who is previously allowed to access to the inner network 20 and to exclude an access from a user who has not authority for the access.

In Fig.1, a mechanism for adding and/or deleting a filter is provided, by providing the host 23 for managing the firewall within the inner network 20. Further, the agent host 32 is provided within the ISP so that only the telecommunication between the agent host 32 and the host 23 for managing the firewall can be allowed. Since the hosts 23 and 32 can use a fixed IP address for this telecommunication, there is no problem on setting the filter for the firewall.

Concretely, the filter is set by the following steps $(1)\sim(7)$. The step (n) corresponds to an symbol (n) in Fig.1.

(1) When the mobile terminal 21 intends to access to the inner network

- 20 from outside of it, the mobile terminal 21 requests an establishment of the connection between the mobile terminal 21 and the inner network 20 via the the agent host 32 in the ISP.
- (2) The agent host 32 investigates an IP address and an account at dialup connection of the mobile terminal 21.
- (3) The agent host 32 relays a message from the mobile terminal 21 to the host 23 for managing the firewall, only when the mobile terminal 21 is connected by using a specific account which is allowed to access inside the firewall 22.
- (4) An authentication is done by end-to-end method between the mobile terminal 21 and the home agent 24 via the host 23 for managing the firewall, because, in mobile-IP, an authentication must be done between the mobile terminal and the home agent.
- (5) If the authentication is successful, the home agent sends a message of the success to the host 23 for managing the firewall.
- (6) Then, the host 23 for managing the firewall changes the setting of the firewall 22 so as to permit the telecommunication between the mobile terminal 21 and the home agent 24.
- (7) At the time when the host 23 for managing the firewall enables the telecommunication between the mobile terminal 21 and the home agent 24 by changing the setting of the firewall 22, the host 23 informs it to the home agent 24 and the host 23 informs it to the mobile terminal 21 via the agent host 32. After receiving the message, the home agent 24 sets an IP tunnel to the mobile terminal 21 and the mobile terminal 21 sets an IP tunnel to the home agent 24, then a two-way IP tunnel 40 is set.

By using the two-way IP tunnel 40, the mobile terminal 21 telecommunicates with each terminal of the inner network 20. Wherein, the mobile terminal 21 periodically sends a message for maintaining the

connection to the host 23 for managing the firewall. When the message for maintaining the connection from a certain mobile terminal stops, the host 23 for managing the firewall automatically deletes the filter setting to the mobile terminal.

As mentioned above, it is possible to set the firewall 22 only within a necessary term and only for the telecommunication of which start point and end point are distinctly restricted.

A specification of the mobile-IP which is under work for standardization is not adaptive to the network 20 having the firewall 22.

Then, the mobile-IP is improved to adapt to the firewall 22 as follows, and the improved mobile-IP is combined with the abovementioned filter setting.

An combination of the mobile-IP and the dynamic firewall control will be explained referring to Fig. 2.

As a route 52 shown in Fig.2, a packet from the mobile terminal 21 to the terminal 25 inside the firewall 22 is embedded in a packet to the home agent 24, then sent out. The home agent 24 obtains an original packet out of the received packet. The home agent 24 sends the obtained packet to the inner terminal 25, as a route 53 shown in Fig.2, by sends again the obtained packet to the Internet. In Fig.2, 26 denotes a router. When the mobile terminal exist in the inner network 20, the mobile terminal 21 telecommunicates with the inner terminal 25 via a route 51.

As mentioned-above, even if an authority is individually allowed in the inner network 20, it is possible to permit the access based on the IP address of the mobile terminal 21 which is usually connected with the network 20 by using the two-way tunnel between the mobile terminal 21 and the home agent 24. Therefore, it is possible to

communicate between the mobile terminal 21 and the inner terminal 25.

According to the present invention, it is possible to set the firewall so as to permit the communication from the specific user in connection with the ISP by dail-up connection.

Further, according to embodiments of the present invention, because of an improvement and an combination of the mobile-IP, it is possible to access to the resources of the inner network from outside as same as connected with the inner network.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for dynamically controlling a firewall comprising steps of:

a step for sending a user information of a terminal being connected to an internet service provider by dial-up connection to an inner network inside a firewall from said internet service provider when said terminal accesses to said inner network via the Internet;

a step that said inner network determines whether said terminal is a mobile terminal moved from said inner network, based on said user information;

a step for setting a filter of said firewall to permit a telecommunication between said terminal when said terminal is said mobile terminal moved from said inner network.

- 2. The method claimed in claim 1 wherein, an IP tunnel is used after setting of said filter for a telecommunication between said terminal and said inner network.
- 3. The method claimed in claim 2 wherein, said user information is transferred between an agent host provided in said internet service provider and a host for managing said firewall which sets said filter of said firewall provided in said inner network, and said telecommunication using said IP tunnel is done between said terminal and a home agent provided in said inner network.
- 4. A method for dynamically controlling a firewall substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.





Application No:

GB 9718374.3

Claims searched:

Examiner:

Matthew Nelson

Date of search:

20 November 1997

Patents Act 1977 Search Report under Section 17

Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.O): H4P (PPEB)

Int Cl (Ed.6): H04L 9/32, 12/22, 29/06

Other: Online:- WPI, JAPIO, INSPEC

Documents considered to be relevant:

| Сатедоту | Identity of document and relevant passage | Relevant to claims |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| x | INSPEC Abstract No. B9502-6210L-059, C9502-5620W-012 & "Tenth Annual Computer Security Applications Conference", published 1994, IEEE, pp212-18, Goldberg "The MITRE security perimeter" (see abstract). | |

- Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art. Document published on or after the declared priority date but before
- Member of the same patent family
- the filing date of this invention. Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.

Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step Document indicating tack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.

(11)Publication number:

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(43) Date of publication of application: 07.10.1997

(51)Int.Cl.

H04L 12/22

G06F 15/00

G09C 1/00

1/00 G09C

HO4L 9/32

(21) Application number: **08-073601**

(71)Applicant: HITACHI LTD

(22)Date of filing:

28.03.1996

(72)Inventor: SAWADA SUNAO

SUGAWARA MASAKATSU

NISHIKAWA JIKAI

(54) ADDRESS INFORMATION MANAGEMENT EQUIPMENT AND NETWORK **SYSTEM**

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To prevent an illicit user from acquiring a correct address by reporting other wrong address to be camouflaged as a normal address to the illicit user.

SOLUTION: Upon the receipt of a packet requesting an address of an LES, an ATM interface driver 21 gives the packet to packet check section 22. The packet check section 22 checks the content of the packet and discriminates it to be valid when the content is in matching with a preset range or to be an illicit request when not and reports the result of discrimination to a LECS protocol processing section 24 with the packet. When the result of discrimination indicates a valid packet, the LECS protocol processing section 24 retrieves an LES table 23 and generates an address notice

packet including the LES address and reports the packet to a request source via the ATM interface driver 21. When the discrimination results indicates an illicit request, the processing section 24 reports an address

notice packet including an address for hacker countermeasure terminal equipment to the request source via the driver 21.

(12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出顧公開發号

特開平9-266475

(43)公開日 平成9年(1997)10月7日

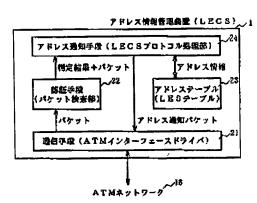
| nt.CL ⁶ | 織別配号 | 庁内整理番号 | ΡI | | | 技術表示管所 |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 4 L 12/22 | | 9466-5K | HO4L II | /26 | | |
| 0 6 F 15/00 | 3 3 0 | | G06F 15 | /00 | 330/ | 4 |
| 0 9 C 1/00 | 640 | 72 59 -5 J | G09C 1 | /00 | 6402 | Z |
| | 660 | 7259 – 5 J | | | 6601 | Ž |
| 04L 9/32 | | | HO4L 9 審査請求 | | 671 請求項の数4 | OL (全5頁) |
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| | | • | (74)代理人 | 4DAB-(- | 小川 勝男 | |

(54) 【発明の名称】 アドレス情報管理機関およびネットワークシステム

(57)【要約】

【課題】不正な要求元に対してアドレス情報の追知を拒否したことを知られることなく正しいアドレス情報を渡すことを防ぎ、不正なアクセスの記録を取ることを可能にするアドレス情報管理方法を提供する。

【解決手段】アドレス情報管理装置1は通信手段21、 認証手段22、アドレステーブル23、アドレス通知手段24より構成される。 西2



(11)Publication number:

10-032610

(43) Date of publication of application: 03.02.1998

(51)Int.Cl.

H04L 12/66

H04L 12/46

H04L 12/28

(21)Application number: **08-203015**

(71)Applicant: NEC CORP

(22) Date of filing:

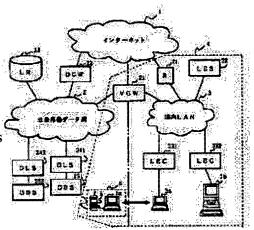
12.07.1996

(72)Inventor: TOMOIKE HIROMOTO

(54) VIRTUAL PRIVATE NETWORK CONSTITUTING METHOD IN MOBILE DATA COMMUNICATION

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To execute a data communication by one IP address by connecting a public mobile data network constituting a virtual private network with private branch LAN through a gate way so as to convert data to a mobile terminal to an address. SOLUTION: When a data terminal 3a connected to the subordinate of the LAN emulation server 32 of private branch LAN 3 stops connection with a LAN switch 331 and connects with a mobile equipment 5, the call control part of the mobile equipment 5 is informed of the address of the data terminal 3a. The mobile terminal 5 houses the informed address in a memory to form a mobile data terminal 6 accessable to the public mobile data network 2 and receives the kind of service, the number of the virtual private network and the node number from a location register 23. The server 32 retrieves address information of the terminal 3a and converts data to the mobile terminal 5 to an address to execute data communication by one IP address.



(12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出鄉公開發导

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(43)公開日 平成10年(1998)2月3日

| (51) Int.CL* | | 1 | 織別配号 | 庁内整理番号 | ΡI | | | 技術表示體所 |
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| H04L | 12/66 | | | 9744-5K | H04L | 11/20 | В | |
| | 12/46 | | | | | 11/00 | 310C | |
| | 12/28 | | | | | | 310B | |
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審査請求 有 商求項の最 5 FD (全 14 頁)

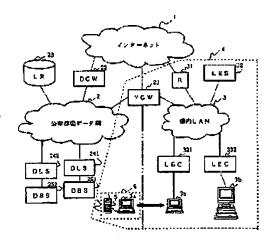
(21) 出顧番号 特顯平9-203015 (71) 出顧人 000004237 日本電気株式会社 京京都港区芝五丁目7番1号 (72) 発明者 女逸 裕元 東京都港区芝五丁目7番1号 日本電気株式会社内 (74) 代謝人 弁謝士 加藤 朝遊

(54) 【発明の名称】 移動データ流信における仮想窓設網の構成方法

(57)【要約】

【課題】インターネット接続を許容する移動データ通信網を利用した仮想私設網を構築する際に問題となる、! Pルーティングの問題を無くし、標内LAN端末が公衆移動データ網へアクセスしている移動環境においても構内LANに接続されている端末と自由に通信可能となるような仮想私設額サービスの提供。

【解決手段】LANエミュレーションサーバを有する構内LANと公衆移動データ網とをLANエミュレーションクライアント機能を有する仮想私設網ゲートウェイを介して接続し、該ゲートウェイは、IPアドレスと公衆移動データ網は移動データ端末からの位置登録要求受信時に該移動データ端末が届するゲートウェイに該移動データ端末が移動した旨通知する機能を構える。



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(51)Int.Cl.

H04L 12/22

H04L 12/56

(21)Application number : **11-126562**

(71)Applicant: LUCENT TECHNOL INC

(22) Date of filing:

07.05.1999

(72)Inventor: CHUAH MOOI CHOO

RAI GIRISH

(30)Priority

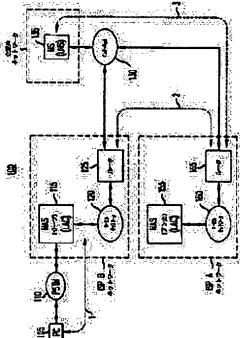
Priority number: 98 74582 Priority date: 08.05.1998 Priority country: US

(54) MOBILE POINT-TO-POINT PROTOCOL

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To incorporate a hand-off function of transferring an existing PPP connection from one network access server(NAS) to another NAS by establishing a call through a tunnel to a first packet server connected to a user in response to a call request message, transmitting a disconnection message and disconnecting the tunnel used before.

SOLUTION: When providing a virtual private network service for an employee at a distant place to perform access through a network server(NS) 135 to the network of a company by an internet service provider(ISP) A, for example, the remote user is sometimes located at a section to become the object of the service of an ISP B temporarily. At such a time, in response to the call request message, a serve LAC 115 establishes the call through the tunnel to an anchor LAC 155 connected to the user. Then, the disconnection message is transmitted and the tunnel used before is disconnected for supporting a call from the user.



(12) 公開特許公報(A)

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| | 12/56 | | | 11/20 | 102A |

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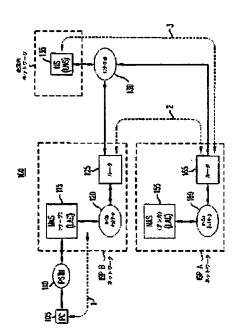
| (21)出劇番号 | 特顧平11−126562 | (71) 出顧人 596092698 |
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| | | ルーセント テクノロジーズ インコーポ |
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| | | アメリカ合衆国、07974-0636 ニュージ |
| (31)優先機主張番号 | 09/074582 | ャーシィ, マレイ ヒル, マウンテン ア |
| (32)優先日 | 1998年5月8日 | ヴェニュー 600 |
| (33) 優先權主張国 | 米国 (US) | (72)発明者 ムーイ チョー チュー |
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| | | 最終質に続く ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ |

(54)【発明の名称】 移版ポイント・ツー・ポイント・プロトコル

(57)【要約】

【課題】 本発明は、通信におけるバケット通信システムに関し、特に無線環境における仮想私設網(Vertual Private Network)に関する技術を提供する。

【解決手段】 本発明は、呼要求メッセージに応動して、ユーザに接続された第1のパケット・サーバへトンネルを介して呼を確立し、そして、切断メッセージを他のパケット・サーバに送信して、該ユーザからの該呼をサポートするために以前使用されていたトンネルを切断する、パケット・サーバからなることを特徴とする。これにより、ネットワークアクセスサーバが既存のPPP接続を1つのNASから別のNASに移転できる「ハンドオフ」機能がネットワーク・アクセス・サーバに組み込まれる。



(11)Publication number:

10-070576

(43) Date of publication of application: 10.03.1998

(51)Int.Cl.

H04L 12/66

G06F 13/00

G06F 13/00

H04L 12/24

H04L 12/26

(21)Application number: **08-227969**

(71)Applicant: KOKUSAI DENSHIN DENWA

CO LTD <KDD>

(22)Date of filing:

29.08.1996

(72)Inventor: KUBOTA AYUMI

KUDUTA ATUMI

KATAGISHI KAZUOKI

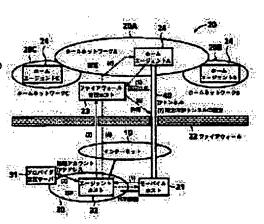
ASAMI TORU

(54) FIRE WALL DYNAMIC CONTROL METHOD

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To properly execute the filter setting of a fire wall to a moving terminal dial-up-connected to an internet service provider(ISP) and its user and to properly permit access to a home network resource.

SOLUTION: When the terminal 21 dial-up-connected to ISP 30 access to an internal network 20 within the fire wall 22 through the internet 10, user information of the terminal 21 is sent from ISP 30 to judge whether the terminal 21 is a moving terminal moved from the internal network 20 based on this user information. When it is the moving terminal, the filter of the fire wall 22 is set to permit communication between the terminal 21 and the internal network 20, and communication between the terminal 21 and the internal network 20 is executes through an IP tunnel.



(12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出關公開發号

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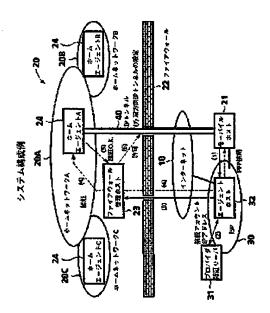
| (51) Int.CL* | | 織別配号 | 庁内整理證号 | PΙ | | | 技術表示體所 |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|----------|------------|-----------------|------------|
| H04L | 12/66 | | 9744-5K | HO4L L | 1/20 | 1 | В |
| G06F | 13/00 | 353 | | G06F 1 | 3/00 | 3531 | r |
| | | 3 5 7 | | | | 3572 | Z |
| H04L | 12/24 | | 9744-5K | HO4L I | 1/08 | | |
| | 12/28 | | | | | | |
| | | | | 審查請求 | 來館來 | 菌泉項の数3 | OL (全 7 頁) |
| (21)山嶼番 | | 特顯平3−227969 | | (71)出顧人 | 0000012 | 14 | |
| | | | | ŀ | 国版电 | 自電話株式会社 | |
| (22)出歸日 | | 平成8年(1996)8月29日 | | | 東京都線 | 所宿区西新宿27 | 「目3番2号 |
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| | | | | (74)代理人 | 非理士 | 光石 伊郎 | (外2名) |
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(54) 【発明の名称】 ファイアウォール側的制御方法

(57)【要約】

【課題】 インターネットサービスプロバイダ(ISP)にダイヤルアップ接続中の移動端末及びそのユーザに対してファイアウォールのフィルタ設定を適切に行い、更に、ホームネットワーク資源へのアクセスを適切に許可できること。

【解決手段】 ISP30にダイアルアップにより接続中の端末21がインターネット10を経由してファイアウォール22内の内部ネットワーク20にアクセスする際に、ISP30から端末21のユーザ情報を送り、このユーザ情報を基に端末21が内部ネットワーク20から移動した移動端末であるか否かを判断し、移動端末である場合に、同端末21と内部ネットワーク20との連信を許可するようにファイアウォール22のフィルタを設定し、更に、同端末21と内部ネットワーク20との通信を1Pトンネル40により行う。



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11-261704

(43) Date of publication of application: 24.09.1999

(51)Int.Cl.

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H04L 12/46

H04L 12/28

H04L 12/66

H04M 3/00

H04Q 3/545

H04Q 3/58

(21)Application number: 10-061200

(71)Applicant: FUJITSU LTD

(22) Date of filing:

12.03.1998

(72)Inventor: WA

WAKIMOTO TAKESHI

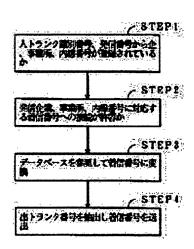
OHASHI MASAHIKO

(54) CONNECTION METHOD FOR VIRTUAL NETWORK AND GATEWAY EXCHANGE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To realize a connection method connected by means of the function of a gateway exchange without revising a numbering plan in the case of connecting prescribed business offices in plural private networks by a virtual network connected by the gateway exchanges as of the connection method and the gateway exchanges in the virtual network where the prescribed business offices in the plural private networks are connected by the gateway exchanges.

SOLUTION: This gateway exchange discriminates whether or not an enterprise, an office and an extension number of a caller are registered in a virtual network from an incoming trunk identification number and a caller number of a call (STEP1), discriminates whether or not the connection to an incoming call number is allowed to correspond to the enterprise, the office and the extension number of the caller (STEP2), converts the incoming call number into an incoming call number in a private network by referencing a database when the



| connection to the incor sends the incoming cal | ming call number is | allowed (STEP3) г ГЕР4). | and acquires an | outgoing trunk an | d |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|
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| (21)出劇番号 | | 特顯平10−61200 | | (71) [| 山庭人 | 000005 | 223 | | | |
| | • | | | | | 食土窟 | 快式会 | 社 | | |
| (22)出歸日 | | 平成10年(1998) 3月12日 | | ļ | | 川奈寺 | 吳川崎 | 四原中部 | 上小 | 田中4丁目1番 |
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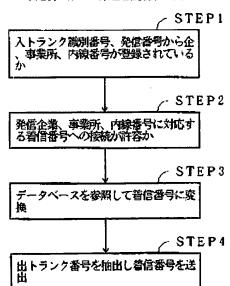
(54) 【発明の名称】 仮想ネットワークの接続方法およびゲートウェイ交換機

(57)【要約】

【課題】 本発明は、複数の私歌網の所定の享業所をゲートウェイ交換機で接続した仮想ネットワークにおける接続方法、およびゲートウェイ交換機に関し、複数の私設網の所定の享業所をゲートウェイ交換機で接続した仮想ネットワークで接続を行うとき、香号計画の変更を行うことなく、ゲートウェイ交換機の機能で接続する接続方法を実現することを目的とする。

【解決手段】ステップ1でゲートウェイ交換機は発呼してきた入トランク識別番号、発信番号から、発信者の企業、事業所、内容番号が仮想ネットワークに登録されているかを判定し、ステップ2で発信者の企業、事業所、内容番号対応に着信番号への接続が許容の場合、利定し、ステップ3で者信番号への接続が許容の場合、者信番号をデータベースと参照して、私設網の着信番号に変換し、ステップ4で出トランクを指揮して着信番号を送出するように構成する。

本発明の第1の原理を説明する図



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H04L 12/26 H04L 29/06

(21)Application number : 08-275809

(71)Applicant: HITACHI LTD

(22)Date of filing:

18.10.1996

(72)Inventor: KAYASHIMA MAKOTO

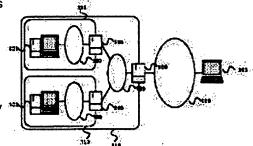
TERADA MASATOSHI FUJIYAMA TATSUYA OGINO TAKAAKI

(54) NETWORK COMMUNICATION METHOD AND EQUIPMENT

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain a virtual network environment in which communication is attained without notifying a relay path in the network communication system where communication between a client and a server is conducted in an environment in which a plurality of fire walls are interposed.

SOLUTION: A communication relay program that relays a communication client program on a client 303 and a communication server program of servers 301, 302 is started on servers 304, 305, 306 such as a fire wall, a relay path control table is provided to the client 303 and the relay servers 304–306, the communication client program is connected to the relay program of the relay server communicated by the client selected from the table in the connection processing to a server whose direct connection is unable due to a fire wall to request the relay of communication with the communication server program on the server to the relay server.



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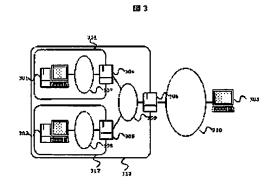
| (51) Int.CL4 | | 織別記号 | | ΡI | | | | | |
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| | | | 金拉苗泉 | 未商求 | 翻坡 | で項の数22 | OL | (全 13 頁) | 最終質に続く |
| (21) 出蝦番 | | 特顧平8-275309 | | (71) | 出願 , | L 000005 | 108 | | |
| | | | | | | 株式会 | 杜日立 | 製作所 | |
| (22)出難日 | | 平成8年(1996)10月18日 | | | | 建京家 | 千代田 | 区枠田駿河台 | 四丁目 6 番池 |
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| | | | | (72) | 発明 | ず 寺田 | 建筑 | | |
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| | | | | (72) | 発明: | 山藍山 | >色 | | |
| | | | | | | 神奈川 | 県川崎 | 作麻生区王禅 | 並1099母地徐式 |
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| | | | | (74) | 代理 | 人 弁理士 | 小川 | 勝男 | · = · · · · · · · · · |
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(54) 【発明の名称】 ネットワーク通信方法および装置

(52)【要約】 (修正有)

【課題】複数のファイアウォールが介在する環境でクライアントとサーバとの通信を行なうネットワーク通信システムにおいて、中継経路を意識せずに通信できる仮想ネットワーク環境を得る。

【解決手段】クライアント303上の通信クライアントプログラムと、サーバ301、302の通信サーバプログラムと、サーバ301、302の通信サーバプログラムの通信を中継する通信中継プログラムをファイアウォール等中継サーバ304、305、306上で起動し、クライアントおよび中継サーバには中継経路制御アーブルを持たせ、通信クライアントプログラムは、ファイアウォールにより直接接続できないサーバへの接続処理において、前記テーブルより選択したクライアントから通信可能な中継サーバの中継プログラムに接続し、通信サーバへの接続処理において、クライアントの通信クライアントプログラムと同様に、中継サーバにサーバ上の通信サーバプログラムとの通信の中継を依頼する。



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H04L 12/56

(21)Application number: 11-126563

(71)Applicant: LUCENT TECHNOL INC

(22) Date of filing:

07.05.1999

(72)Inventor: CHUAH MOOI CHOO

RAI GIRISH

(30)Priority

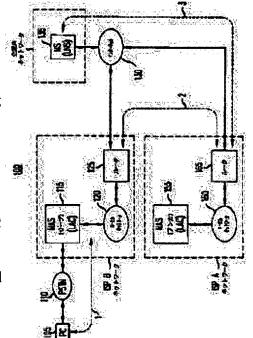
Priority number: 98 74745 Priority date: 08.05.1998 Priority country: US

(54) MULTIPLE HOP POINT-TO-POINT PROTOCOL

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To enable a remote user to perform access through an internet service provider(ISP) under visiting to a virtual private network in addition to a home ISP by establishing a multiple hop packet tunnel with another packet terminal and repeating a message with the other packet terminal through the multiple hop packet tunnel.

SOLUTION: A communication system 100 shows the multiple hop tunnel, one hop comes from an ISP B network to an ISP A network and the other hop comes from the ISP A network to the network of a company. The tunnel and call are established between a serve LAC 115 and an anchor LAC 155. Similarly, the tunnel and call are established between the anchor LAC 155 and an LSN 135. When the tunnel is established, a lot of control message transactions are generated and a point-to-point protocol is set.



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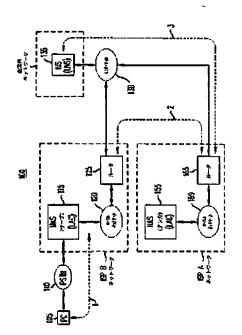
| (21) 山蘇番号 | 特顧平Ⅰ1-126563 | (71)出顧人 | 596092698 |
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| (22)出願日 | 平成11年(1999) 5月7日 | | レーテッド |
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| (31)優先機主張番号 | 09/074745 | | ャーシィ, マレイ ヒル, マウンテン ア |
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(54)【発明の名称】 多堂ホップ・ポイント・ツー・ポイント・プロトコル

(57)【要約】

【課題】 本発明は、通信におけるパケット通信システムに関し、特に多意トンネルによる私設網への適隔アクセスを可能にする仮想私設網(VPN)サービスに関する技術を提供する。

【解決手段】 本発明は、バケット・サーバで使用される方法であって、他のパケット終端間に多量ホップ・パケット・トンネルを確立する段階と、該多量ホップ・パケット・トンネルを確立て該他のパケット終端間でメッセージを中継する段階とからなることを特徴とする。これにより、多数のインターネット・サービス・プロバイダ(ISP)を通じて仮想ダイヤルアップ・サービスが提供され、特に、遠陽ユーザはサーブISPへの接続を確立することによって仮想ダイヤルアップ・サービスにアクセスする。サーブ ISPは、アンカ ISPへの第1トンネルを確立する。アンカ ISPは、例えば、私設イントラネットへのトンネルを確立する。その結果、多量トンネルによる私設網への連隔アクセスを可能にする仮想私設網(VPN)サービスが提供される。



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(43) Date of publication of application: 21.10.1997

(51)Int.Cl.

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H04L 12/46

H04L 29/06

(21)Application number: **08-083518**

(71)Applicant: NIPPON TELEGR & TELEPH

CORP <NTT>

(22)Date of filing:

05.04.1996

(72)Inventor: MURAYAMA JUNICHI TANIMOTO SHIGEAKI

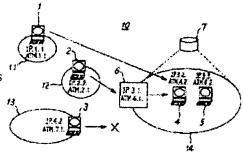
ISHIHARA FUMIAKI OZAWA KAZUYUKI

(54) ADDRESS SOLUTION PROCESSING METHOD

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an address solution processing method in which an intensified security function and high speed communication are made compatible.

SOLUTION: In the method for solving a physical address of a non-multiple address wide area network 10 from an internet address by an address solution server 7 used to build up an internet on the non-multiple address wide area network 10, in the case of receiving an address solution request with respect to a same destination internet address, a reply is made or not by a different physical address depending on the internet address of a request source for address solution. In the embodiment, based on information registered in advance, a reply is made by a physical address of a destination host with respect to an address solution request from a host whose communication is allowed and no reply is made to an address solution request from a host whose communication is not allowed, and reply is made with a



physical address of a router having a security function with respect to an address solution request from a host whose communication permission is not definitely decided.

(12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出願公開番号

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(43)公開日 平成9年(1997)10月21日

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| | 12/46 | | | | 11/00 | 310 | С | |
| H04L | 12/28 | | 9466-5K | H04L | 11/20 | | D | |
| (51) Int.Cl. | | 觀別記号 | 庁内整理番号 | FΙ | | | | 技術表示箇所 |

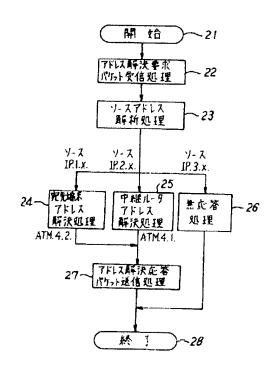
| (21)出顧番号 | 特願平8-83518 | (71)出願人 000004226 |
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| | | 日本電信電話株式会社 |
| (22)出顧日 | 平成8年(1996)4月5日 | 東京都新宿区西新宿三丁目19番2号 |
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(54)【発明の名称】 アドレス解決処理方法

(57)【要約】

【課題】 セキュリティ機能の強化と高速通信とが両立 したアドレス解決処理方法を提供する。

【解決手段】 非同報型広域網上にインタネットを構築する際に用いるアドレス解決サーバで、インタネットを構築ドレスから非同報型広域網の物理アドレスを解決する方法において、同一宛先インタネットアドレスに対するアドレス解決要求受信時に、アドレス解決の要求元のインタネットアドレスに応じて異なる物理アドレスで応答録された情報に基づき、通信許可済のホストからのアドレス解決要求に対しては宛先ホストの物理アドレスで応答し、通信不許可のホストからのアドレス解決要求に対してはセキュリティ機能を有する中継ルータの物理アドレスで応答する。



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【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 非同報型広域網上にインタネットを構築する際に用いられるアドレス解決サーバで、インタネットで用いられるインタネットアドレスから非同報型広域網で用いられる物理アドレスを解決するアドレス解決処理方法において、同一宛先インタネットアドレスに対するアドレス解決要求受信時に、アドレス解決の要求元のインタネットアドレスに応じて異なる物理アドレスで応答するか又は応答しないことを特徴とするアドレス解決処理方法。

【請求項2】 予め登録された情報に基づき、通信を許可されているホストからのアドレス解決要求に対しては宛先ホストの物理アドレスで応答し、通信を許可されていないホストからのアドレス解決要求に対しては応答せず、通信の許可又は不許可を一律に決められないホストからのアドレス解決要求に対してはセキュリティ機能を有する中継ルータの物理アドレスで応答することを特徴とする請求項1に記載のアドレス解決処理方法。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、非同報型広域網上 にインタネットを構築する際に用いられるアドレス解決 サーバに用いて好適なアドレス解決処理方法に関するも のである。

【0002】非同報型広域網上でのアドレス解決処理は、非同報型広域網上の異なるサブネットに帰属するホスト間で、中継ルータを介さない高速パケット通信経路を設定するために必要な処理である。これを実現する従来のアドレス解決処理方法では、同一宛先インタネットアドレスに対するアドレス解決要求に対しては、アドレス解決の要求元のインタネットアドレスに関わりなく、同一の物理アドレスで応答していた。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】非同報型広域網上に構築されたインタネットでは、異なるサブネットに帰属するホスト間通信でも中継ルータを介さない通信が可能であるため、同一宛先インタネットアドレスに対するアドレス解決要求に対して、アドレス解決の要求元のインタネットアドレスに関わりなく同一の物理アドレスで応答すると、常に中継ルータを介しない通信が行われてしま40う。中継ルータを介さない通信が行われると、パケット中継処理遅延を削減できるものの、パケット転送路上でファイアウォールと呼ばれるようなパケット中継装置を用いてパケットフィルタリングを行うことが不可能になる。

【0004】一方この問題を解決するために、常に中継ルータを介した通信を行うこともできるが、この場合、パケット転送路上でパケットフィルタリングを行うことが可能になるものの、常にパケット中継処理遅延が増加する。従って、このような従来のアドレス解決処理方法

では、セキュリティ機能の弱い高速通信又はセキュリティ機能の強い低速通信のいずれかしか実現できないという欠点があった。

【0005】そこで、本発明はこの問題を解決し、セキュリティ機能の強化と高速通信とを両立させるアドレス解決処理方法を提供することを目的とする。

[0006]

【課題を解決するための手段】本発明のアドレス解決処理方法は、上述の目的を達成するために行われた発明であって、パケット転送に先立つアドレス解決処理時に、同一宛先インタネットアドレスに対するアドレス解決要求受信時でも、アドレス解決の要求元のインタネットアドレスに応じて異なる物理アドレスで応答するか又は応答しないことを特徴とする。

【0007】このような本発明においては、アドレス解決処理時に、例えば、予め登録された情報に基づき、通信を許可されているホストからのアドレス解決要求に対しては直接宛先ホストの物理アドレスで応答し、通信を許可されていないホストからのアドレス解決要求に対しては応答せず、通信の許可又は不許可を一律に決められないホストからのアドレス解決要求に対してはセキュリティ機能を有する中継ルータの物理アドレスで応答するようにすることができる。

【0008】このようにすれば、通信を許可されているホストとは高速通信が実現され、通信を許可されていないホストからのアクセスが防止され、通信の許可又は不許可を一律に決められないホストとは、セキュリティ機能を有する中継ルータを介した通信が実現され、セキュリティ機能の強化と高速通信とを両立させることができる。

[0009]

【発明の実施の形態】次に図面を用いて、本発明の実施例を説明する。図1は本発明を実施するためのネットワークモデルを示す図、図2はアドレス解決サーバでの本発明におけるアドレス解決処理を説明するフローチャートである。

【0010】図1のネットワークモデルは広域 A T M網10を示しており、この広域 A T M網10は、端末1を含むサブネット11、端末2を含むサブネット12、端末3を含むサブネット13、並びに、端末4、端末5、ルータ6及びアドレス解決サーバ7を含むサブネット14から構成されている。図中のIP.a.b. はインタネットアドレスを意味し、ATM.a.b.は非同報型広域網の物理アドレスを意味し、aの部分はサブネット部、bの部分はホスト部を表す。また、図中のx は任意の正の整数を表す。このような構成において、例えば、アドレス解決サーバ7には、予め、ルータ6を介さない通信を許可するサブネットとしてサブネット13を登録する。

する。従って、このような従来のアドレス解決処理方法 50 【0011】先ず、ルータを介さない通信を許可する場

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合について説明する。サブネット11の端末 I がサブネット14の端末 4 と通信しようとした場合、端末 1 はアドレス解決サーバ7にアドレス解決要求パケットを送信する。アドレス解決サーバ7は、アドレス解決要求パケット受信処理を行い(図2のステップ22)、この後ソースアドレス解析処理を行い(ステップ23)端末 1 のIP.1.1. を特定する。IP.1.1. はルータを介さない通信を許可するサブネット 1 (IP.1.x) に帰属するため、宛先端末アドレス解析処理を行い(ステップ24)、ATM.4.2 を解決する。

【0012】この後アドレス解決応答パケット送信処理を行い(ステップ27)、アドレス解決要求パケット送信元の端末1に対してATM.4.2を解決したアドレス解決応答パケットを送り返す。アドレス解決終了後、端末1はIPパケットをATM.4.2を付与した内部転送用フレームにカプセル化し、これを直接端末4に転送する。なお、図2のステップ21及び28は、それぞれ開始及び終了のステップである。

【0013】次に、通信を許可しない場合について説明する。サブネット13の端末3がサブネット14の端末4と 通信しようとした場合、端末3はアドレス解決サーバ7にアドレス解決要求パケットを送信する。アドレス解決サーバ7は、アドレス解決要求パケット受信処理を行い(図2のステップ22)、この後ソースアドレス解析処理を行い(ステップ23)、端末1のIP.4.2.を特定する。IP.4.2.は通信を許可しないサブネット13(IP.4.x)に帰属するため、無応答処理を行い(ステップ26)、ここで処理が終了する。ここでは、アドレス解決が行われないため、端末3はIPパケットを端末4に向けて送信できない。

【0014】最後に通信の許可又は不許可が不明な場合について説明する。サブネット12の端末2がサブネット14の端末4と通信しようとした場合、端末2はアドレス解決サーバ7にアドレス解決要求パケットを送信する。アドレス解決サーバ7は、アドレス解決要求パケット受信処理を行い(図2のステップ22)、この後ソースアドレス解析処理を行い(ステップ23)、端末1のIP.2.2.を特定する。IP.2.2.の端末に関しては許可又は不許可が不明のため、中継ルータアドレス解決処理を行い(ス

テップ25)、ATM.4.1 を解決する。

【0015】この後アドレス解決応答パケット送信処理を行い(ステップ27)、アドレス解決要求パケット送信元の端末2に対してATM.4.1を解決したアドレス解決応答パケットを送り返す。アドレス解決終了後、端末2はIPパケットをATM.4.1を付与した内部転送用フレームにカプセル化し、これを中継ルータ6に転送する。中継ルータ6では、中継パケットのソースIPアドレス又はTCPポート番号等を基にしてパケットフィルタリングを行い、必要なパケットのみを端末4に転送する。

[0016]

【発明の効果】上述のように、本発明によれば、アドレス解決処理時におけるセキュリティ機能及びパケット転送時におけるセキュリティ機能が効果的に発揮される。即ち、アドレス解決処理時におけるセキュリティ機能に発揮される。よって、通信を許可されているホストとは中継ルータを介さない高速通信が実現され、通信を許可されていないホストからのアクセスが防止され、通信の許可又は本部可を一律に決められないホストとはセキュリティ機能を有する中継ルータを介した通信が実現される。また、パケット転送時のセキュリティ機能によって、通信時に、アリースは下のサールである。などである。従って、セキュリティ機能の強化と高速通信とを両立させることができる。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明を実施するためのネットワークモデルを示す図である。

30 【図2】アドレス解決サーバでの本発明におけるアドレス解決処理を説明するフローチャートである。 【符号の説明】

1、2、3、4、5 端末

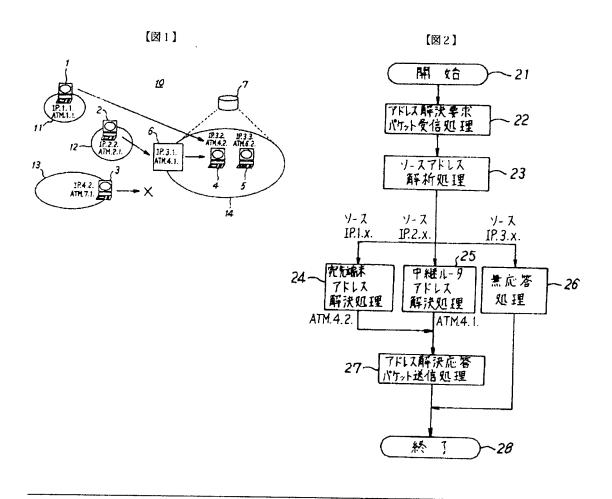
6 ルータ

7 アドレス解決サーバ

10 広域ATM網

11、12、13、14 サブネット

21~28 フローチャートの各ステップ



フロントページの続き

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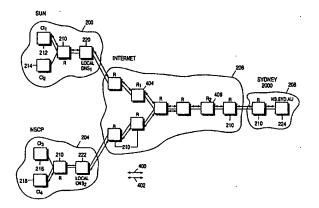
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(54) Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSPARENTLY PROCESSING DNS TRAFFIC



(57) Abstract

A method and apparatus for transparently processing DNS traffic. To access information on the internet using a domain name, the internet protocol (IP) address that maps to the host name must be determined. The host name system (DNS) is utilized to transmit and process the address and domain name information. DNS traffic comprises approximately 10 % of the internet network traffic. When a client requests a name server to translate a domain name into an IP address, the requests are forwarded from one network router to another network router until a name server that maintains the desired information is reached. The network routers do not examine the information, but merely forward the information along the pathway to the destination name server. One or more embodiments of the invention provide for updated routers that recognize when the information consists of DNS traffic, parses the information, caches the address information (if any), and then continues to forward the desired information back to the client of the name service. Consequently, when another request to similar address information is forwarded to a router, the router can provide the response to the requestor instead of forwarding the request to a distant name server. In this manner, routers intercept DNS traffic and cache DNS information, allowing clients that utilize different name servers to benefit from the cached information. Such updated routers reduce the latency in DNS responses and reduce network traffic.

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METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSPARENTLY PROCESSING DNS TRAFFIC

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to the field of computer software, and, more specifically, to caching DNS information.

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2. BACKGROUND ART

In a computer network environment and the internet, computers on the network (clients or servers) are assigned unique identifiers that may be mapped to a textual name referred to as a domain name. Computer users often only have knowledge of the domain name and not the unique identifier. To communicate with a computer on the network, the unique identifier of the computer you are contacting must be ascertained. To ascertain the unique identifier, network routers forward the identifier request to other routers until a domain name server that maintains the desired information is located. Existing schemes can waste time forwarding the identifier request from one router to another router resulting in an increase of traffic on the network and slowing down the time it takes to access and retrieve any information on the internet. These problems can be understood by reviewing networks, internets, and how they work.

Networks

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In modern computing environments, it is commonplace to employ multiple computers or workstations linked together in a network to communicate between, and share data with, network users. A network also may include resources, such as printers, modems, file servers, etc., and may also include services, such as electronic mail.

A network can be a small system that is physically connected by cables (a local area network or "LAN"), or several separate networks can be connected together to form a larger network (a wide area network or "WAN"). Other types of networks include the internet, tel-com networks, the World Wide Web, intranets, extranets, wireless networks, and other networks over which electronic, digital, and/or analog data may be communicated.

Computer systems sometimes rely on a server computer system to provide information to requesting computers on a network. When there are a large number of requesting computers, it may be necessary to have more than one server computer system to handle the requests. In prior art systems,

there is a problem in efficiently directing requests to the correct server in a multiple server system.

One area where this has been a problem is on the internet. The

problem can be better understood by reviewing the structure and operation of the internet below.

The Internet

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The Internet is a worldwide network of interconnected computers. An Internet client accesses a computer on the network via an Internet provider. An Internet provider is an organization that provides a client (e.g., an individual or other organization) with access to the Internet (via analog telephone line or Integrated Services Digital Network line, for example). A client can, for example, read information from, download a file from or send an electronic mail message to another computer/client using the Internet.

To retrieve a file or service on the Internet, a client must search for the file or service, make a connection to the computer on which the file or service is stored, and download the file or service. Each of these steps may involve a separate application and access to multiple, dissimilar computer systems. The World Wide Web (WWW) was developed to provide a simpler, more uniform means for accessing information on the Internet.

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The components of the WWW include browser software, network links, servers. and WWW protocols. The browser software, or browser, is a user-friendly interface (i.e., front-end) that simplifies access to the Internet. A

browser allows a client to communicate a request without having to learn a complicated command syntax, for example. A browser typically provides a graphical user interface (GUI) for displaying information and receiving input. Examples of browsers currently available include Mosaic, Netscape Navigator and Communicator, Microsoft Internet Explorer, and Cello.

Information servers maintain the information on the WWW and are capable of processing a client request. Hypertext Transport Protocol (HTTP) is the standard protocol for communication with an information server on the WWW. HTTP has communication methods that allow clients to request data from a server and send information to the server.

To submit a request, the client contacts the HTTP server and transmits the request to the HTTP server. The request contains the communication method requested for the transaction (e.g., GET an object from the server or POST data to an object on the server). The HTTP server responds to the client by sending a status of the request and the requested information. The connection is then terminated between the client and the HTTP server.

A client request therefore, consists of establishing a connection between the client and the HTTP server, performing the request, and terminating the connection. The HTTP server does not retain any information about the request after the connection has been terminated. HTTP is, therefore, a stateless protocol. That is, a client can make several requests of an HTTP server, but each individual request is treated independent of any other request. The server has no recollection of any previous request.

An addressing scheme is employed to identify Internet resources (e.g., HTTP server, file or program). This addressing scheme is called Uniform Resource Locator (URL). A URL contains the protocol to use when accessing the server (e.g., HTTP), the Internet domain name of the site on which the server is running, the port number of the server, and the location of the resource in the file structure of the server.

The WWW uses a concept known as hypertext. Hypertext provides the ability to create links within a document to move directly to other information. To activate the link, it is only necessary to click on the hypertext link (e.g., a word or phrase). The hypertext link can be to information stored on a different site than the one that supplied the current information. A URL is associated with the link to identify the location of the additional information. When the link is activated, the client's browser uses the link to access the data at the site specified in the URL.

If the client request is for a file, the HTTP server locates the file and sends it to the client. An HTTP server also has the ability to delegate work to gateway programs. The Common Gateway Interface (CGI) specification defines a mechanism by which HTTP servers communicate with gateway programs. A gateway program is referenced using a URL. The HTTP server activates the program specified in the URL and uses CGI mechanisms to pass program data sent by the client to the gateway program. Data is passed from the server to the gateway program via command-line arguments, standard input, or environment variables. The gateway program processes the data and returns its response to the server using CGI (via standard input, for example). The server forwards the data to the client using the HTTP.

A browser displays information to a client/user as pages or documents (referred to as "web pages" or "web sites"). A language is used to define the format for a page to be displayed in the WWW. The language is called Hypertext Markup Language (HTML). A WWW page is transmitted to a client as an HTML document. The browser executing at the client parses the document and displays a page based on the information in the HTML document.

that are nested within each other. An HTML document is a text file in which certain strings of characters, called tags, mark regions of the document and assign special meaning to them. These regions are called HTML elements.

Each element has a name, or tag. An element can have attributes that specify properties of the element. Blocks or components include unordered list, text boxes, check boxes, radio buttons, for example. Each block has properties such as name, type, and value. The following provides an example of the structure of an HTML document:

Each HTML element is delimited by the pair of characters "<" and ">".

The name of the HTML element is contained within the delimiting characters. The combination of the name and delimiting characters is referred to as a marker, or tag. Each element is identified by its marker. In most cases, each element has a start and ending marker. The ending marker

is identified by the inclusion of an another character, "/" that follows the "<" character.

HTML is a hierarchical language. With the exception of the HTML element, all other elements are contained within another element. The HTML element encompasses the entire document. It identifies the enclosed text as an HTML document. The HEAD element is contained within the HTML element and includes information about the HTML document. The BODY element is contained within the HTML. The BODY element contains all of the text and other information to be displayed. Other HTML elements are described in HTML reference manuals.

Domain Name Server

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A computer user navigates the internet or web from a browser on a computer system. To access a web site, the user enters the host name (or domain name) of the web site into the browser. This can be accomplished by clicking on a link, by activating a tool bar button, or by manually entering a name or address into a location field and pressing "enter". The names that a browser client uses are known as host names, such as www.sun.com for example. The name that is entered is not the actual Internet Protocol (IP) address of the intended web server. The actual IP address is a string of numbers that uniquely locate the web server that provides the web site data. A worldwide distributed database system, called the "Domain Name System (DNS)" provides the mapping between server names and the associated IP addresses.

Each client (or host) is configured with, or otherwise learns about, a name server that is willing to answer its queries (for mapping a domain name to an IP address, or vice versa). Such a name server is referred to as the "local name server" for that host. Client application software, such as a web 5 _ browser, also use a local library, called the "DNS resolver" to obtain the translation from server name to IP address. The resolver in turn contacts a predetermined local DNS name server to obtain the translation. DNS name servers can maintain caches of previously resolved names. More specifically, name resolution processes typically require two hosts on the client side. 10 Consider a user working on "asha.eng.sun.com" that wants to get the address of "whitehouse.gov". The client browser will talk with a local resolver (a library attached to the browser process itself, in the current example running on asha.eng.sun.com). The local resolver will go to one of a relatively small number of local name servers, e.g. "ns.sun.com". Here ns.sun.com is called the client side name server. The client side name server will communicate with the outside world to determine the IP address of whitehouse.gov, and forward this information to the resolver that is part of the browser process.

DNS is a global network of servers that translate host names into numerical addresses (known as Internet Protocol, or IP addresses) and provides IP address to name mapping as well. A DNS server consists of a name server and a resolver. The name server provides responses to resolver requests when it can by supplying the correct address for the host name supplied by the resolver. Referring to Figure 1, at step 100, the user enters the 25 domain name into the browser. At step 102, the browser requests the DNS Resolver to translate the domain name into the IP address. At step, 104, the resolver searches its cache to see if it already has a valid (unexpired) mapping available. If the cache has a valid mapping, it returns the IP address to the

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browser at step 116. If the mapping is not in cache, the resolver forwards the request to the local name server at step 106.

All name servers know about at least one other name server that provides the DNS service for the root (.) domain. Thus, at step 108, the local name server contacts the name server for the any known domain. For example, if the host name is "www.java.sun.com", and the local name server does not know the address for the name server "java.sun.com", it will check to see if it knows the next level domain, i.e., the address for "sun.com". If the local name server does not know the address for "sun.com", it will check to see if it knows the address of next level domain, i.e., ".com". If the local name server does not know the address for ".com", it will contact the root name server ".". At step 110, the local name server will obtain the address for the complete domain from the name server contacted (if that name server knows the address). Otherwise, at step 110, the local name server will obtain the address for the next level of the domain from the contacted name server. For example, if the local name server contacted the name server for ".com" and that name server does not know the full address, the ".com" name server will return the domain address for "sun.com". Steps 108 and 110 are then repeated until the complete domain address is obtained. Continuing with the above example, the local name server would contact the "java.com" name server and obtain the address for "java.sun.com". The local name server would then contact the name server for "java.sun.com" and obtain the address for "www.java.sun.com". When a request is made to a name server, there are often many network routers ("routers") that forward the request from one location to another until it reaches the desired name server.

Once an intermediate or complete IP address is obtained, the address is saved in cache so that a future request may be serviced entirely from local cache at step 114. Thus, if a request for an alternative domain is received (e.g., a request for "ftp.sun.com"), the local name server can contact the name server (e.g., "sun.com") directly, without repeating the communication with the root domain server or with intermediate name servers (e.g., the ".com" name server). At step, 116, the IP address is returned to the browser. Once the IP address is known, the browser communicates with the web server at that address to retrieve the requested web page or other information.

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The operation of the DNS network is described in:

P.V. Mockapetris "Domain names - concepts and facilities", RFC 1034. Nov 1987.

P.V. Mockapetris "Domain names - implementation and specification", RFC 1035. Nov 1987.

DNS Server Problems

When DNS information is cached in a local name server, the cached information is only available to the clients that access that particular local name server (e.g., clients of the same internet service provider, or members of the same organization). Thus, if two users access different local name servers and each user requests the same IP address, both requests will have to go up the chain of name servers through the various routers, to obtain the needed information.

For example, if two users in different universities in New Zealand were to query the DNS for the IP address of www.sun.com, both of the requests would be serviced by the local name server at ns.sun.com in the United States without any local caching benefit. Figure 2 provides another example of the prior art. Clients Cl₁ 212 and Cl₂ 214 are part of the SUN network 200 that utilizes local name server DNS₁ 220. Clients Cl₃ 216 and Cl₄ 218 are part on the NSCP network 204 that utilizes local name server DNS₂ 222. If client Cl₁ 212 requests information regarding an IP address on the SYDNEY 2000 network 208 in Sydney, Australia, the request is processed at the SYDNEY 2000 208 network's local name server ns.syd.au 224. Routers 210 would forward the request from Cl₁ to the local name servers 220 that forwards the request through routers 210 on the internet 206 until it reaches the SYDNEY 2000 network 208 and name server 224. The request is then transmitted back along the same route through routers 210 until it returns back to local name server 220 where it is cached.

Only clients that access that same local DNS name server benefit from the caching information. Thus, in the above example, only Cl₂ benefits from the Cl₁ request and its resulting cached information. If Cl₄ requests a DNS translation for www.syd.au, it does not benefit from the cached information, and the information is requested and transmitted all the way to Australia and back. Thus, both DNS₁ and DNS₂ would obtain the relevant information from Australia creating traffic on the individual networks 200 204 and 208 and internet 206.

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Networks may be divided up into layers. For example, one layer may provide for the forwarding of information from one location to another, referred to as the network layer, and another layer may provide for the

parsing and processing of the information passed across the network, referred to as the application layer. Name resolution as provided by the domain name system (DNS) is an application layer protocol. Network routers 210 are only concerned with the network layer protocol and forward the DNS request to its desired destination. Consequently, routers 210 don't parse or process the information that they forward in packets.

Network Traffic Reduction

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Prior art methods for reducing network traffic have provided methods for caching web pages and HTML information. Two such prior art methods are referred to as Active Networks and Transparent Proxies.

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Active Networks

Routers are dedicated machines for forwarding and switching traffic as quickly as possible. In an Active Network, specific routers are configured to process packets of web and other non-DNS information. Specific geographic locations are chosen to place the specially configured routers. Consequently, the performance of an Active Network is based on the placement strategy of the updated routers.

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Transparent Proxies

Transparent Proxies are used mostly by large corporations and internet service providers for reducing their web traffic. In a typical set-up, the domain administrator configures the routers so that all of the web requests (identified by a port number, e.g., 80) are automatically diverted to a proxy server ("transparent proxy"). A proxy server (or proxy) is a server that carries out requests transmitted to it (i.e., from a client), keeping copies of fetched documents or information for some time so that they can be accessed more quickly in the future, speeding up access for commonly requested 10 information. This storing and retrieval of information and fetched documents by the proxy is referred to as caching and the information maintained in the proxy is referred to as a cache or proxy cache. If the proxy does not have the desired information, the proxy sends a request to the appropriate web server (which may be processed through several routers) that 15 then returns the information to the proxy for caching. When the proxy gets the desired information, it provides this information to the requesting client.

The prior art methods do not provide any method for optimizing DNS traffic. Approximately 10% of the traffic on the internet is currently comprised of DNS traffic. Further, since DNS information does not change often (IP addresses often remain the same even when computers on a network are moved), the validity of a DNS entry may be much longer than that of data transmitted through the web. Consequently, an efficient method for optimizing and processing DNS traffic is needed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method and apparatus for transparently processing DNS traffic. To access information on the internet using a domain name, the internet protocol (IP) address that maps to the domain name must be determined. The domain name system (DNS) is utilized to transmit and process the address and domain name information. DNS traffic comprises approximately 10% of the internet network traffic.

When a client requests a name server to translate a domain name into an IP address, the requests are forwarded from one network router to another network router until a name server that maintains the desired information is located. The network routers do not examine the information, but merely forward the information along the pathway to the destination name server.

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One or more embodiments of the invention provide for updated routers that recognize when the information consists of DNS traffic, parses the information, caches the address information (if any), and then continues to forward the desired information back to the name server. Consequently, when another request for similar address information is forwarded to a router, the router can provide the response to the requestor instead of forwarding the request to a distant name server. In this manner, routers intercept DNS traffic and cache DNS information, allowing clients that utilize different name servers to benefit from the cached information. Such updated routers reduce the latency in DNS responses and reduce network traffic.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 illustrates a prior art method for processing DNS information.

5 Figure 2 demonstrates the relationship between several networks.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a computer system capable of providing a suitable execution environment for one or more embodiments of the invention.

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Figure 4 demonstrates the relationship between several networks and the path of DNS traffic according to one or more embodiments of the invention.

Figure 5 illustrates the steps executed by an updated router according to one or more embodiments of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention is a method and apparatus for transparently caching DNS traffic. In the following description, numerous specific details are set forth to provide a more thorough description of embodiments of the invention. It is apparent, however, to one skilled in the art, that the invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well known features have not been described in detail so as not to obscure the invention.

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Embodiment of Computer Execution Environment (Hardware)

An embodiment of the invention can be implemented as computer software in the form of computer readable code executed on a general purpose computer such as computer 300 illustrated in Figure 3, or in the form of bytecode class files running on such a computer. A keyboard 310 and mouse 311 are coupled to a bi-directional system bus 318. The keyboard and mouse are for introducing user input to the computer system and communicating that user input to processor 313. Other suitable input devices may be used in addition to, or in place of, the mouse 311 and keyboard 310. I/O (input/output) unit 319 coupled to bi-directional system bus 318 represents such I/O elements as a printer, A/V (audio/video) I/O, etc.

Computer 300 includes a video memory 314, main memory 315 and mass storage 312, all coupled to bi-directional system bus 318 along with keyboard 310, mouse 311 and processor 313. The mass storage 312 may include both fixed and removable media, such as magnetic, optical or magnetic optical storage systems or any other available mass storage

technology. Bus 318 may contain, for example, thirty-two address lines for addressing video memory 314 or main memory 315. The system bus 318 also includes, for example, a 32-bit data bus for transferring data between and among the components, such as processor 313, main memory 315, video memory 314 and mass storage 312. Alternatively, multiplex data/address lines may be used instead of separate data and address lines.

In one embodiment of the invention, the processor 313 is a microprocessor manufactured by Motorola, such as the 680X0 processor or a microprocessor manufactured by Intel, such as the 80X86, or Pentium processor, or a SPARC microprocessor from Sun Microsystems, Inc. However, any other suitable microprocessor or microcomputer may be utilized. Main memory 315 is comprised of dynamic random access memory (DRAM). Video memory 314 is a dual-ported video random access memory.

15 One port of the video memory 314 is coupled to video amplifier 316. The video amplifier 316 is used to drive the cathode ray tube (CRT) raster monitor 317. Video amplifier 316 is well known in the art and may be implemented by any suitable apparatus. This circuitry converts pixel data stored in video memory 314 to a raster signal suitable for use by monitor 317. Monitor 317 is a type of monitor suitable for displaying graphic images.

Computer 300 may also include a communication interface 320 coupled to bus 318. Communication interface 320 provides a two-way data communication coupling via a network link 321 to a local network 322. For example, if communication interface 320 is an integrated services digital network (ISDN) card or a modem, communication interface 320 provides a data communication connection to the corresponding type of telephone line, which comprises part of network link 321. If communication interface 320 is

a local area network (LAN) card, communication interface 320 provides a data communication connection via network link 321 to a compatible LAN. Wireless links are also possible. In any such implementation, communication interface 320 sends and receives electrical, electromagnetic or optical signals which carry digital data streams representing various types of information.

Network link 321 typically provides data communication through one or more networks to other data devices. For example, network link 321 may provide a connection through local network 322 to local server computer 323 or to data equipment operated by an Internet Service Provider (ISP) 324. ISP 324 in turn provides data communication services through the world wide packet data communication network now commonly referred to as the "Internet" 325. Local network 322 and Internet 325 both use electrical, electromagnetic or optical signals which carry digital data streams. The signals through the various networks and the signals on network link 321 and through communication interface 320, which carry the digital data to and from computer 300, are exemplary forms of carrier waves transporting the information.

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Computer 300 can send messages and receive data, including program code, through the network(s), network link 321, and communication interface 320. In the Internet example, remote server computer 326 might transmit a requested code for an application program through Internet 325, ISP 324, local network 322 and communication interface 320.

The received code may be executed by processor 313 as it is received, and/or stored in mass storage 312, or other non-volatile storage for later

execution. In this manner, computer 300 may obtain application code in the form of a carrier wave.

Application code may be embodied in any form of computer program product. A computer program product comprises a medium configured to store or transport computer readable code, or in which computer readable code may be embedded. Some examples of computer program products are CD-ROM disks, ROM cards, floppy disks, magnetic tapes, computer hard drives, servers on a network, and carrier waves.

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The computer systems described above are for purposes of example only. An embodiment of the invention may be implemented in any type of computer system or programming or processing environment.

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Embodiment of Software Apparatus for Transparently Caching DNS Traffic

One or more embodiments of the invention may be described by examining the layered model of networking and the peer relationships between the different layers. At the network layer, a peer relationship exists between each router that is connected by some type of wire. At the higher application layer, DNS entities (e.g., DNS resolvers and the local name servers) have a peer relationship with multiple hops in between (e.g., the routers). The routers at the network layer (the hops of the network layer) do not examine the information from application layer protocols. The routers merely transparently transfer the information between DNS clients and DNS servers.

In one or more embodiments of the invention, the layering model of networks is violated. DNS traffic is communicated from one machine to another machine through the use of name service ports. DNS traffic commonly arrives from and is transmitted to a specific DNS port (e.g., port 53). Consequently, based on the port information that is present in all IP packets, the routers have the ability to identify when DNS traffic is being transmitted versus when web or other traffic is being transmitted.

When an intermediate router (or hop in the network protocol layer)

identifies that DNS information is in the packet it is transmitting across the internet, the routers violate the layering model and examine the information in the packet as if the router were a member of the application protocol. The information is then parsed and cached. Thus, the routers snoop on the DNS replies from a name-server and cache the intercepted replies. The routers also intercept DNS requests, and determine if the request can be served from the cache. If the cache contains the requested information, the router provides the response to the DNS query. If the cache does not contain the requested information, the router forwards the request to the next router or hop along the path to the name server.

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Referring to the prior art system of Figure 1, at step 106, the resolver forwards the request to the local name server, and at step 108, the name server of the lowest level domain name is contacted. In one or more embodiments of the invention, the forwarding step 106 and the contacting step 108 are processed through routers that may intercept the transmissions. The routers examine the packet of information from the intercepted transmissions and store any necessary information in cache. Further, when the information is obtained from the name server and transmitted back to

the local name server at step 110, in one or more embodiments of the invention, the routers again intercept the transmission, parse the information, and cache the address information as it passes by on its way to the local name server.

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Figure 5 demonstrates the process performed by an updated router according to one or more embodiments of the invention. The process starts at step 500. At step 502, the router examines the port information to determine if the current information is DNS traffic or some other type of traffic (e.g., web traffic). If the information is not DNS traffic, the router merely performs as normal and forwards the request to the next hop to its destination at step 512.

If the information is DNS traffic, the router parses the information at step 504. At step 506, the router determines if the parsed information (e.g., the requested address information) is in its cache. If the information is not in its cache, the router stores the relevant information (if any) in its cache at step 510 and forwards the request to the next hop in the information's path at step 512. If the information is in the router's cache, the router returns the 20 requested information to the requestor at step 508. In this manner, the updated routers maintain their own cache and are capable of processing DNS translation requests.

Alternatively, between step 502 and step 504, if the information is DNS traffic, the router will automatically forward the DNS information to a preconfigured host. Routers are currently configured to recognize types of internet traffic and forward specified types of internet traffic to a specific location or host. Once the host receives the information, the host executes

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the remaining steps 504-514. For example, the host parses the information at step 504 and searches its own cache for valid information at step 506. If there is any information to store in the cache (i.e., the DNS information is being returned), the information is stored in the host's cache at step 510. In such an embodiment, the router classifies and diverts packets to the configured host, and the host performs all additional functionality.

Referring to Figure 4, in one or more embodiments of the invention, one or more of the routers 210 may be modified as defined in Figure 4, to intercept, parse, and cache DNS information. For example, routers 404 and 406 may be updated. Consequently, when Cl₁ 212 requests a DNS translation from ns.syd.au 224, the request is forwarded through route 400 along routers 210 and updated routers 404 and 406. However, updated router 404 determines that it is DNS traffic, violates its network layer, and intercepts the request. Router 404 parses the requested information and determines if it is in its cache. If the requested information is in its cache, router 404 returns the result back to Cl₁ 212 (along route 400). If the requested information is not in its cache, it merely forwards the request to the next hop in pathway 400. Router 406, upon determining that the transmission is DNS traffic, intercepts the request and searches its cache. Upon determining that the relevant information is not in its cache, router 406 forwards the request to the next hop in pathway 400. The request is forwarded until it reaches the local name server ns.syd.au 224. Alternatively, as described above, in one or more embodiments, the router forwards the request (if it is DNS traffic) to a configured host that maintains the cache and processing capabilities.

The request is processed by ns.syd.au 224 and returned back to Cl₁ 212 along path 400. When the information reaches router 406 on its way back to

Cl₁ 212, router 406 intercepts the request, the router or configured host parses the address information, and stores the address information in cache. Router 406 then forwards the results to the next hop along path 400. Each updated router or configured host along path 400 will store the result in its cache.

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Subsequent to the above request, if Cl4 requests a similar DNS translation, the request would be forwarded along route 402. However, router 406 would identify the request as DNS traffic, router 406 intercepts the request, router 406 or a configured host parses the request, searches cache, and returns the requested information back to the previous hop on pathway 402. Consequently, the request by Cl4 is serviced locally at router 406 or the configured host and does not need to be serviced in Australia at ns.syd.au 224.

As described above, according to one or more embodiments of the invention, the updated routers perform additional processing from other routers. The processing by the routers as described above and illustrated in Figure 5, includes viewing a portion of the DNS traffic, parsing the information, maintaining a database for cache storage, and searching cache for the information.

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Some DNS name servers return different answers for client requests for the same host name. Such a response may be based on load-balancing considerations (e.g., the attempt to balance network traffic across multiple servers), or it may be chosen to direct the clients to "nearby" hosts. Use of such schemes may be less effective with the transparent DNS caching according to one or more embodiments of the invention. Some schemes provide for strategic geographic placement of cacheable data (e.g., routers that may cache web traffic) in order to provide the information for the highest

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number of clients possible. The geographical scheme described in pending patent application number 09/081,860 entitled "Method and Apparatus for Effective Traffic Localization Through Domain Name System" which is hereby incorporated by reference, works well when used to determine which network routers are to be updated in accordance with one or more embodiments of the invention. In such a geographic scheme, the information returned is deliberately provided to be applicable to a large number of (if not all) DNS clients, with client-side computation to still achieve the load-balancing and traffic localization goals desired. Such a scenario reduces the network load as well as the latency observed in DNS translations.

Thus, a method and apparatus for encoding content characteristics for the retrieval of information is described in conjunction with one or more specific embodiments. The invention is defined by the claims and their full scope of equivalents. WO 00/14938 PCT/US99/20158 25

CLAIMS

- A method for transparently processing DNS traffic comprising: 1. transmitting a request for information to a network router; 5 parsing said transmitted request;
 - searching cache for said requested information; and returning said requested information if said requested information is in said cache.
- 10 The method of claim 1 further comprising: 2. forwarding said request to a next hop of said request if said requested information is not in said cache; receiving said requested information;

parsing said requested information;

- storing said requested information in said cache; and 15 forwarding said requested information to a next hop of said requested information.
- The method of claim 1 wherein said information is internet 3. protocol address information.
 - 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said network router is applicable to one or more DNS clients based on geographical placement.
- 25 5. The method of claim 2 wherein said receiving step comprises transmitting said requested information from a name server.

- 6. A system comprising
- a processor;
- a memory coupled to said processor;

code executed by said processor configured to transparently process

5 DNS traffic;

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said code comprising:

a method transmitting a request for information to a network router;

a method parsing said transmitted request;

a method searching cache for said requested information; and

a method returning said requested information if said requested information is in said cache.

- 7. The system of claim 6 wherein said code further comprises:
- a method forwarding said request to a next hop of said request if said requested information is not in said cache;
 - a method receiving said requested information;
 - a method parsing said requested information;
 - a method storing said requested information in said cache; and
- a method forwarding said requested information to a next hop of said requested information.
 - 8. The system of claim 6 wherein said information is internet protocol address information.

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9. The system of claim 6 wherein said network router is applicable to one or more DNS clients based on geographical placement.

10. The system of claim 7 wherein said code for a method receiving said requested information comprises a method transmitting said requested information from a name server.

11. A computer program product comprising

a computer usable medium having computer readable program code embodied therein configured to transparently process DNS traffic, said computer program product comprising:

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to transmit a request for information to a network router;

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to parse said transmitted request;

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to search cache for said requested information; and

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to return said requested information if said requested information is in said cache.

- 12. The computer program product of claim 11 further comprising:
 computer readable code configured to cause a computer to forward said
 request to a next hop of said request if said requested information is not in
 said cache;
- 5 computer readable code configured to cause a computer to receive said requested information;

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to parse said requested information;

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to store said

10 requested information in said cache; and

computer readable code configured to cause a computer to forward said requested information to a next hop of said requested information.

- 13. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said15 information is internet protocol address information.
 - 14. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said network router is applicable to one or more DNS clients based on geographical placement.

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15. The computer program product of claim 12 wherein said computer readable code configured to cause a computer to receive comprises computer readable code configured to cause a computer to transmit said requested information from a name server.

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16. The method of claim 1 wherein said cache is maintained by said network router.

- 17. The method of claim 1 wherein said cache is maintained by a configured host.
- 18. The system of claim 6 wherein said cache is maintained by said 5 network router.
 - 19. The system of claim 6 wherein said cache is maintained by a configured host.
- 10 20. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said cache is maintained by said network router.
 - 21. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said cache is maintained by a configured host.

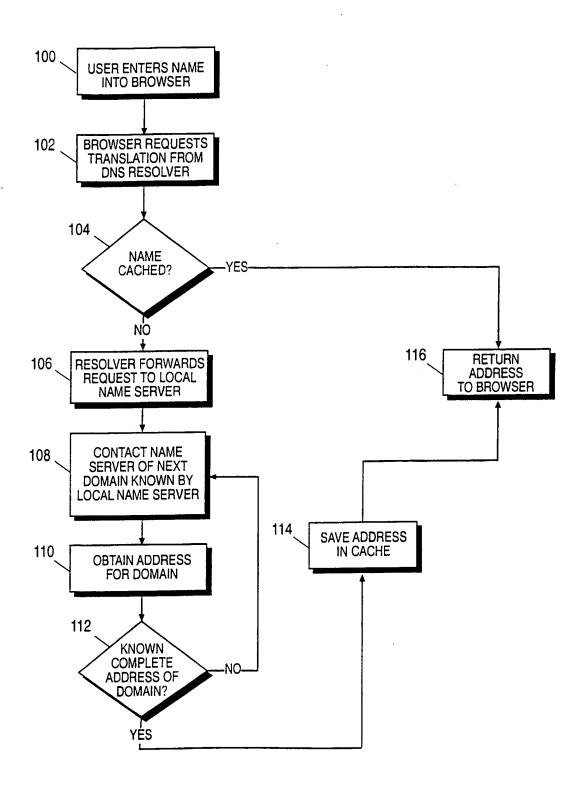
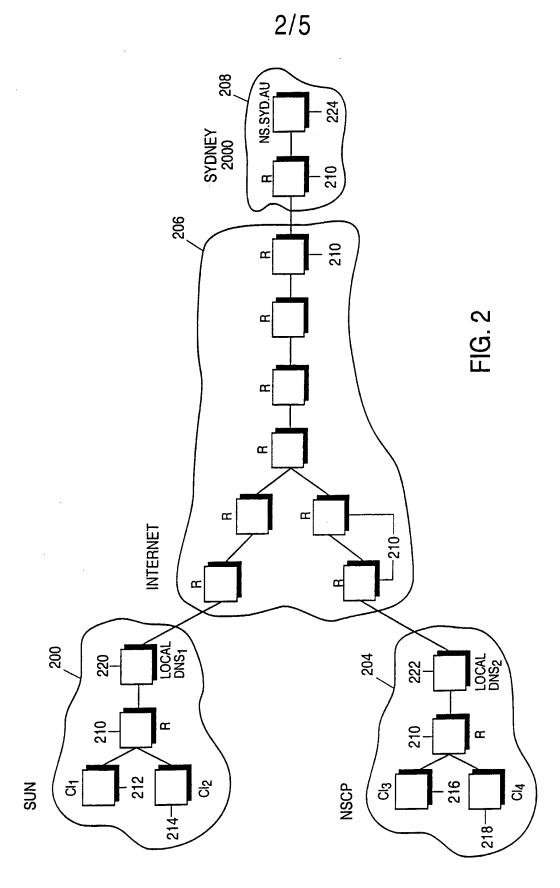


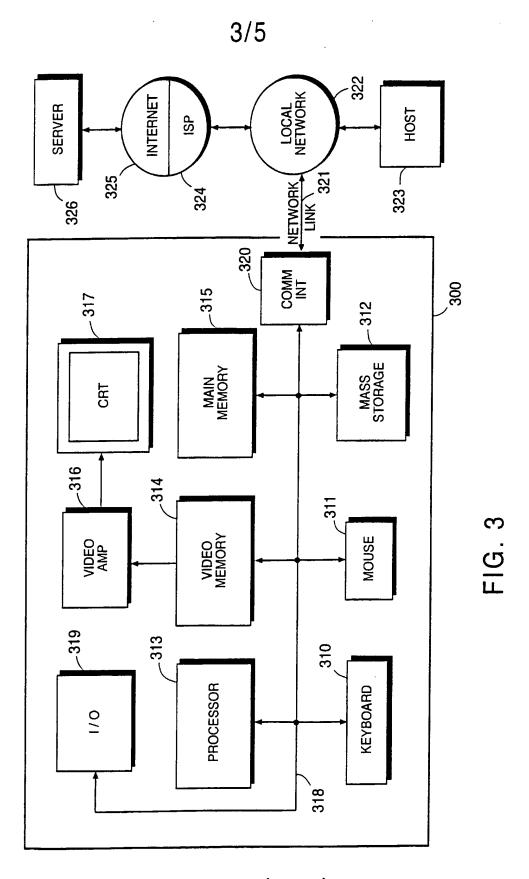
FIG. 1
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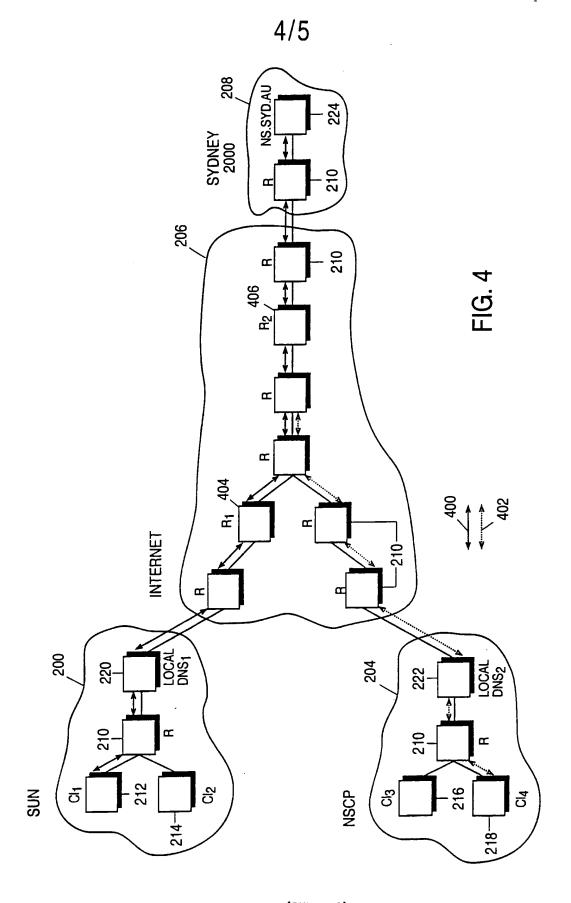
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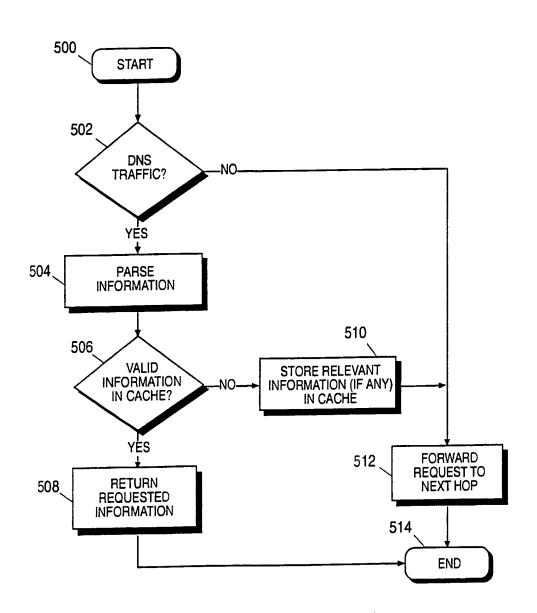


FIG. 5

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PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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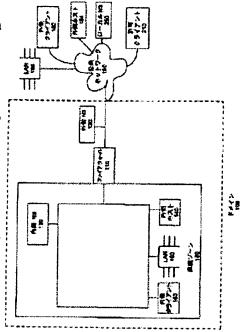
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(54) METHOD AND DEVICE FOR CLIENT/HOST COMMUNICATION USING **COMPUTER NETWORK**

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To protect plural hosts on a private network wherein intermediate devices are placed behind an allowed client in a topology state by dynamically constituting the allowed client with the use of the address of a protection host and the keys and addresses of the intermediate devices (ciphering firewall, ciphering route, source gateway).

SOLUTION: A registered name server of a domain 100 is so constituted as to return a new resource address type (SX record) in response to a request for information needed for a secure communication with a protection host 140 placed in the domain 100. A resolver placed on (or related to) an allowed client 210 dynamically updates information used by the client to perform secure communication by using data in the SX record.



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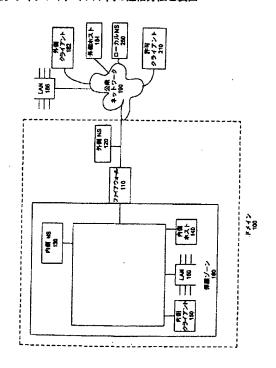
| (51) Int.Cl. ⁴ | 識別記号 | | ΡI | | | | | |
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| 12/66 | | | | | | 102D | | |
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| | | | | - K • | • 901 | | | |
| | | | (72)発明 | 月者 アシャ | アシャー アジズ パキスタン イスラマパード エフー10 | | | |
| | | | | パキス | | | | |
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(54)【発明の名称】 コンピュータ・ネットワークを利用したクライアント/ホスト間の通信方法と装置

(57)【要約】

【課題】 保護ホストのアドレスおよび中間デバイス (暗号化ファイアウォール、暗号化ルータ、セキュア・ゲートウェイ) のキーとアドレスを使用して許可クライアントを動的に構成し、中間デバイスがその背後にトポロジ状に置かれている私用ネットワーク上の複数のホストを保護すること。

【解決手段】 ドメインの登録ネーム・サーバはそのドメインに置かれた保護ホストとのセキュア・コミュニケーションのために必要な情報の要求に応答して、新規のリソース・アドレス・タイプ(SXレコード)を戻すように構成されている。許可クライアントに置かれている(さもなければ、それと関連づけられている)リゾルバはSXレコード内のデータを使用して、セキュア・コミュニケーションを処理するためにクライアントによって使用された情報を動的に更新する。



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 第1マシンによって使用される情報を動 的に更新して前記第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するための方法であって、

- (a) 前記第2マシンを収容しているドメインに関する 照会を受信し、
- (b) 前記照会に応答するために必要な情報を要求する ために前記ドメインの第1ネーム・サーバに連絡し、
- (c)前記第1ネーム・サーバから第1応答を受信し、
- (d) 前記第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェ 10 ンジャのIDを、前記第1応答の中のリソース・レコー ドから抜き出し、
- (e) 該第1マシンによって使用される第1データ構造を前記IDを使用して更新して該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するためのステップを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項2】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記照会を生成するアプリケーション・プログラムによって実行されることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項3】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第 20 1データ構造を更新する前記ステップは前記マシンのア ドレスを記録することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項4】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第1データ構造を更新する前記ステップは前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記 IDを記録することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項5】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第1データ構造を更新する前記ステップは前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの暗号データ項目を記録することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項6】 請求項5に記載の方法において、前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記暗号データ項目は暗号キーであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項7】 請求項5に記載の方法において、前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記暗号データ項目はセキュアDNS KEYリソース・レコードから取得されることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項8】 請求項5に記載の方法において、前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記暗号データ項目は暗号アルゴリズムであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項9】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第1データ構造を更新する前記ステップは前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャに関係するオリジナル・データベース名を記録することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項10】 請求項9に記載の方法において、前記 オリジナル・データベース名は前記第1応答の中の前記 リソース・レコードに対応するシグネーチャ・リソース ・レコードからラベル・カウントを使用して導き出され ることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項11】 請求項9に記載の方法において、前記 50 ナル・データベース名を導き出し、

オリジナル・データベース名は前記第 I 応答の中の前記 リソース・レコードからの所有者名であることを特徴と する方法。

【請求項12】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 第2マシンは前記照会のサブジェクトであることを特徴 とする方法。

【請求項13】 請求項12に記載の方法において、前 記照会を受信する前記ステップは前記第2マシンのアド レスの要求を受信することを含むことを特徴とする方 法

【請求項14】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第2マシンは前記ドメインに関係する第2ネーム・サーバであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項15】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記1Dは該セキュア・ エクスチェンジャの名前であることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項 16】 請求項 15に記載の方法において、前記セキュア・エクスチャンジャの前記名前は DNS名であることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項17】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記1Dは該セキュア・ エクスチェンジャのアドレスであることを特徴とする方 法。

【請求項18】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 セキュア・エクスチェンジャは前記第2マシンを保護す るファイアウォールであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項 19】 請求項 1 に記載の方法において、前記 セキュア・エクスチェンジャは前記第 2 セキュア・マシ ンであることを特徴とする方法。

30 【請求項20】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 第1データ構造はアクセス・コントロール・リストであ ることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項21】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第1データ構造はトンネル・マップであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項22】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記第1データ構造を更新する前記ステップは該第1データ構造内に少なくとも1つのデータ・セットを作成することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

40 【請求項23】 請求項22に記載の方法において、

- (a) 前記第1応答を受信する前記ステップは前記第2マシンのアドレスを該第1応答から抜き出すことを含み、そこでは該第2マシンは前記照会のサブジェクトとなっており、
- (b) 前記データ・セットを作成する前記ステップは、
- (i) 前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記 I Dを使用して、該セキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータを 導き出し、
- (ii) 該セキュア・エクスチェンジャに関係するオリジナル・データベース名を導き出し、

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(iii) a) 前記第2マシンの前記アドレス、b) 該セ キュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータ、および c) 前記オリジナル・データベース名を該データ・セッ トとしてストアすることを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項24】 請求項23に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータを導き 出す前記ステップは前記第1応答から該パラメータを抜 き出すことを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項25】 請求項23に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータを導き 10 出す前記ステップは該パラメータに関して追加の照会を 行うことを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項26】 請求項23に記載の方法において、前 記パラメータを導き出す前記ステップは該パラメータを 前記IDと等しいものと定義することを含むことを特徴 とする方法。

【請求項27】 請求項23に記載の方法において、前 記パラメータは前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの暗号 データ項目であることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項28】 請求項22に記載の方法において、

- (a) 前記第1応答を受信する前記ステップは前記ドメ インに関係する第2ネーム・サーバのアドレスを導き出 すことを含み、前記第2ネーム・サーバは該第1応答の 中に指定されており、
- (b) 前記データ・セットを作成する前記ステップは、
- (i) 前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記 I Dを使 用して、該セキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータを 導き出し、
- (ii) 該セキュア・エクスチェンジャに関係するオリジ ナル・データベース名を導き出し、
- (iii) a) 前記第2マシンの前記アドレス、b) 該セ キュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータ、および c) 前記オリジナル・データベース名を第1データ・セ ットとしてストアすることを含むことを特徴とする方 法。

【請求項29】 請求項28に記載の方法において、前 記第2ネーム・サーバの前記アドレスを導き出す前記ス テップは前記第1応答から該アドレスを抜き出すことを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項30】 請求項28に記載の方法において、前 40 記第2ネーム・サーバの前記アドレスを導き出す前記ス テップは該アドレスに関して追加の照会を行うことを含 むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項31】 請求項28に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータを導き 出す前記ステップは該パラメータを前記第1応答から抜 き出すことを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項32】 請求項28に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータを導き

行うことを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項33】 請求項28に記載の方法において、前 記第2マシンは前記ドメインに関係する前記第2ネーム ・サーバであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項34】 請求項28に記載の方法において、さ らに、

- (a) 前記第1データ・セットを使用して、前記照会に 対する第2応答を取得し、
- (b) 前記第2マシンのアドレスを前記第2応答から抜 き出し、
- (c) 該第2マシンの名前に最良に合致する既存のオリ ジナル・データベース名を収めている既存のデータ・セ ットを前記第1データ構造から判断し、
- (d) 前記既存のデータ・セットを使用して、(i) 該 第2マシンの前記アドレス、(ii)前記セキュア・エク スチェンジャの既存のパラメータ、および (iii) 前記 既存のオリジナル・データベース名を第2データ・セッ トにストアするステップを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項35】 請求項34に記載の方法において、前 記照会に対する前記第2応答を取得する前記ステップ は、

- (a)ネーム・サーバの応答性に関する情報を収めてい る第2データ構造を更新して、前記第2ネーム・サーバ を次に照会するネーム・サーバとして含めておき、
- (b) 前記第2データ構造を使用して、該照会をリダイ レクトし、
- (c) 該照会に対する第2応答を受信するステップを含 むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項36】 請求項35に記載の方法において、前 記第2データ構造はSLISTであることを特徴とする 30 方法。

【請求項37】 請求項34に記載の方法において、前 記既存のデータ・セットを使用する前記ステップは該既 存のデータ・セットからのデータ項目を指し示すことを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項38】 請求項34に記載の方法において、前 記既存のデータ・セットを使用する前記ステップは該既 存のデータ・セットからデータ項目をコピーすることを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項39】 請求項22に記載の方法において、前 記データ・セットはa)前記第2マシンのアドレスおよ びb) 前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項40】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 ドメインの前記第1ネーム・サーバに連絡する前記ステ ップは前記照会を該第1ネーム・サーバに転送すること を含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項41】 請求項1に記載の方法において、前記 ドメインの前記第1ネーム・サーバに連絡する前記ステ 出す前記ステップは該パラメータに関して追加の照会を 50 ップは前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記 I Dを要

求することを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項42】 第1マシンによって使用される情報を 動的に更新して、前記第1マシンによる第2マシンへの セキュア・アクセスを容易化するための方法であって、

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- (a) 前記第2マシンのアドレスを取得し、
- (b) 該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化す るために該第1マシンによって使用されるデータ構造を 使用して、該第2マシンの名前に最良に合致する既存の オリジナル・データベース名を収めている既存のデータ ・セットを前記データ構造から判断し、
- (c) 前記既存のデータ・セットを使用して、(i) 該 第2マシンの前記アドレス、(ii) セキュア・エクスチ ェンジャの既存のパラメータ、および(iii) 前記既存 のオリジナル・データベース名を第2データ・セットに ストアするステップを含んでいることを特徴とする方 法。

【請求項43】 請求項42に記載の方法において、前 記既存のデータ・セットを使用する前記ステップは該既 存のデータ・セットからのデータ項目を指し示すことを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項44】 請求項42に記載の方法において、前 記既存のデータ・セットを使用する前記ステップは該既 存のデータ・セットからデータ項目をコピーすることを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項45】 請求項42に記載の方法において、前 記第2マシンの前記アドレスを取得する前記ステップ

- (a) 前記アドレスの照会を受信し、
- (b) 前記照会を該第2マシンのドメインのネーム・サ ーバに転送し、
- (c) 前記ネーム・サーバから応答を受信し、
- (d) 前記応答から該アドレスを抜き出すステップを含 むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項46】 第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキ ュア・アクセスを容易化するための方法であって、

- (a) 前記第2マシンを収容しているドメインに関係す る前記第1マシンからの照会を第1ネーム・サーバで受 信し、
- (b) 該第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェン ジャのIDを取得し、
- (c) 前記 I Dを含んでいる応答を生成し、
- (d) 該第1マシンのために前記応答を送信し、該応答 は該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するた めに該第1マシンによって使用可能であることを特徴と する方法。

【請求項47】 請求項46に記載の方法において、前 記照会は前記第2マシンのアドレスの要求を含んでいる ことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項48】 請求項46に記載の方法において、前 記応答は前記第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスのため 50 めておくステップを含むことを特徴とする方法。

に使用される情報を前記第1マシンが動的に更新するこ とを可能にすることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項49】 請求項48に記載の方法において、前 記IDを取得する前記ステップは前記第2マシンに該当 するデータベースから該IDを取得することを含むこと を特徴とする方法。

【請求項50】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記応答を生成する前記ステップは、

- (a) 前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータを 10 取得し、
 - (b) 前記パラメータを該応答に含めておくステップを 含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項51】 請求項50に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータは該セ キュア・エクスチェンジャのアドレスを含むことを特徴 とする方法。

【請求項52】 請求項50に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記パラメータは該セ キュア・エクスチェンジャの暗号データ項目を含むこと 20 を特徴とする方法。

【請求項53】 請求項52に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記暗号データ項目は 暗号キーであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項54】 請求項52に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの暗号データ項目は暗号 アルゴリズムであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項55】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャは第3マシンであること を特徴とする方法。

【請求項56】 請求項55に記載の方法において、前 30 記第3マシンは前記第2マシンを保護するファイアウォ ールであることを特徴とする方法。

【請求項57】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャは前記第2マシンである ことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項58】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記IDは該セキュア ・エクスチェンジャの名前であることを特徴とする方

40 【請求項59】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記セキュア・エクスチェンジャの前記IDは該セキュア ・エクスチェンジャのアドレスであることを特徴とする 方法。

【請求項60】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記照会に対する返答は前記データベースに存在せず、前 記応答を生成する前記ステップは、

- (a) 前記第2マシンを収容している前記ドメインに関 係する第2ネーム・サーバのIDを取得し、
- (b) 前記第2ネーム・サーバの前記IDを該応答に含

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【請求項61】 請求項60に記載の方法において、前記応答を生成する前記ステップは前記第2ネーム・サーバのアドレスを前記応答に入れて提供することをさらに含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項62】 請求項49に記載の方法において、前 記照会に対す返答は前記データベースに存在し、前記応 答を生成する前記ステップは

- (a) 該照会に対する前記返答を取得し、
- (b) 該照会に対する該返答を該応答に含めておくステップを含むことを特徴とする方法。

【請求項63】 第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するためのシステムであって、

- (a) 前記第2マシンを収容しているドメインに関する 照会を受信するように構成された制御ロジックと、
- (b) 前記ドメインの第1ネーム・サーバに連絡して、 前記照会に応答するために必要な情報を要求するように 構成された制御ロジックと、
- (c) 前記第1ネーム・サーバから第1応答を受信するように構成された制御ロジックと、
- (d) 該第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェン 20 ジャのIDを、前記第1応答の中のリソース・レコード から抜き出すように構成された制御ロジックと、
- (e) 該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するために前記第1マシンによって使用される第1データ構造を前記IDを使用して更新するように構成された制御ロジックであって、前記第1データ構造は該第2マシンに対応するデータ・セットを含んでいるものとを備えていることを特徴とするシステム。

【請求項64】 請求項63に記載のシステムにおいて、前記照会を生成するように、および前記生成された30 照会を該照会を受信する前記ロジックに与えるように構成されたソフトウェア・アプリケーション・プログラム内に具現化されていることを特徴とするシステム。

【請求項65】 第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するためのデータ構造を含んでいるコンピュータ可読媒体であって、前記データ構造は、

- (a) 前記第2マシンのアドレス、
- (b) 該第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータ、および
- (c) 前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャに関係するオリジナル・データベース名をもつトンネル・マップを含んでいることを特徴とするコンピュータ可読媒体。

【請求項66】 請求項65に記載のコンピュータ可読データ構造において、前記オリジナル・データベース名は前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャを示すリソース・レコードに対応するシグネーチャ・リソース・レコードからラベル・カウントを使用して導き出されることを特徴とするコンピュータ可読データ構造。

【請求項67】 請求項65に記載のコンピュータ可読 50 号。

データ構造において、前記オリジナル・データベース名は前記セキュア・エクスチェンジャを示すリソース・レコードからの所有者名であることを特徴とするコンピュータ可読データ構造。

【請求項68】 請求項65に記載のコンピュータ可読 データ構造において、前記第1マシンに関連づけられた リゾルバ・プログラムによって生成されることを特徴と するコンピュータ可読データ構造。

【請求項69】 第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するためのソフトウェア・プログラムを具現化しているコンピュータ可読媒体であって、前記ソフトウェア・プログラムは、

- (a)前記第2マシンを収容しているドメインに関する 照会を受信するように構成されたプログラム・コード と、
- (b) 前記ドメインの第1ネーム・サーバに連絡して、 前記照会に応答するために必要な情報を要求するように 構成されたプログラム・コードと、
- (c) 前記第1ネーム・サーバから第1応答を受信するように構成されたプログラム・コードと、
- (d) 該第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェンジャのIDを、前記第1応答の中のリソース・レコードから抜き出すように構成されたプログラム・コードと、
- (e) 該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するために前記第1マシンによって使用される第1データ構造を前記IDを使用して更新するように構成されたプログラム・コードであって、前記第1データ構造は該第2マシンに対応するデータ・セットを含んでいるものとを備えていることを特徴とするコンピュータ可読媒体。 【請求項70】 搬送波に具現化されていて、第1マシンによる第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するためのコンピュータ・データ信号であって、該データ信号は、
- (a) 前記第2マシンを収容しているドメインに関する 照会を受信するように構成されたコード・セグメントと
- (b) 前記ドメインの第1ネーム・サーバに連絡して、 前記照会に応答するために必要な情報を要求するように 構成されたコード・セグメントと、
- (c) 前記第1ネーム・サーバから第1応答を受信する 0 ように構成されたコード・セグメントと、
 - (d) 該第2マシンに対応するセキュア・エクスチェンジャのIDを、前記第1応答の中のリソース・レコードから抜き出すように構成されたコード・セグメントと、
 - (e) 該第2マシンへのセキュア・アクセスを容易化するために前記第1マシンによって使用される第1データ構造を前記IDを使用して更新するように構成されたコード・セグメントであって、前記第1データ構造は該第2マシンに対応するデータ・セットを含んでいるものとを含んでいることを特徴とするコンピュータ・データ信号。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は一般的にはコンピュータ・ネットワークに関し、具体的には、コンピュータ・ネットワークを利用する許可(authorized)クライアントと保護ホスト間のセキュア・コミュニケーションに関する。

[0002]

【従来の技術】A ネットワーク・アドレス コンピュータは相互に接続されてネットワークを形成 し、これらのネットワークは他のネットワークに接続さ れてインターネットを形成している。「Internet(イン ターネット)」と呼ばれる世界的規模のインターネット の利用は、会議室(down the hall) にだけではなく、海 外に置かれたホスト・コンピュータと通信する必要のあ るクライアント・マシン上でプログラムを実行させる人 が増加するのに伴って急激に増加している。Internet上 の各ホストはwww.whitehouse.govといった固有の名前、 および128.102.252.1.といった対応する ネットワーク・アドレスをもっている。US Postal Serv 20 ice (米国郵便サービス)を通してレターを郵送する人 が受取人の住所を知っている必要があるのと同じよう に、ネットワークを通してホストと通信するクライアン トはホストのネットワーク・アドレスを知っている必要 がある。しかし、通常は、クライアントはホストの名前 だけを知っている。

【0003】Internetの世界では、ホストの名前とアドレスは世界の各国に置かれているコンピュータ上のデータベースにストアされている。これらのデータベースの1つをもち、ホスト・アドレスの照会(queries)に応答 30するコンピュータは、「ドメイン・ネーム・サーバ(Domain Name Server)」または単純に「ネーム・サーバ」を含めて、種々の名前で知らされている。非常に多数のホスト・コンピュータはInternetアドレスをもっているので、すべてのホストの名前とアドレス情報を1つのデータベースに保存しておくことは実用的でない。その代わりに、このような情報は世界各国のInternetドメイン・ネーム・サーバ間に分散されている。

【0004】ドメイン・ネーム・サーバおよびそれらに 関連づけられた名前とアドレス・データベースは、アド 40 レス照会に応答するために使用される1つのシステムに すぎない(「リゾルピングアドレス(resolving address es)」とも呼ばれる)。「ディレクトリ・サービス」、 「ディレクトリ・システム」、「DS」といった用語や その他の用語は、一般に、オンライン・データベースか ら情報を取り出してネットワーク経由で照会に応答する システムを指すために使用されている。例えば、X50 0ディレクトリ・システム標準に準拠して実現されてい る分散データベースには、ネットワーク・アドレス以外 にも、他の多数の種類の情報(例えば、人の名前とアド 50 レス、プリンタの名前とロケーション、電話番号とファックス番号)を含めることが可能になっている。X500の詳細は当業者には周知であるので、ここで詳細に説明することは省略する。参考文献としては、例えば、Uyless D. Black 著「OSI:A Model for Computer Communication Standards (OSI: コンピュータ通信標準モデル)」、<math>Prentice-Hall (1991), pp.388-89がある。

【0005】ある企業がInternetに接続するときは、そ の企業はそのドメイン名 (例えば、sun.com)を登録す る。これは第2レベル・ドメインと呼ばれている。企業 は第2レベル・ドメインのすべてのアドレス照会がInte rnetドメイン・ネーム・システムによって送られる先の 公開ネーム・サーバを少なくとも2つ指名し、登録しな ければならない。これらのサーバは、以下では、ドメイ ンの「登録」ネーム・サーバと呼ぶことにする。企業は そのドメインをもっと小さなセグメントに分割すること がよくあり、これらのセグメントは「ゾーン」と呼ばれ ている (例えば、eng.sun.com およびcorp.sun.com)。 当業者ならば理解されるように、「ゾーン」という用語 はドメインを任意に分割したものを指す場合があり、こ の中にはドメイン全体自体も含まれる。企業はそれぞれ のゾーンだけで「権限をもつ」ネーム・サーバを指名す ることができる。この場合、各ゾーンは独自のデータベ ース(「ゾーン・データベース」)をもち、そこには、 そのゾーンに置かれているマシンの名前、アドレス、お よびその他の情報が収容されている。説明の便宜上、 「ネーム・サーバ」という用語は、以下では、サーバの データベース(例えば、ドメイン・ネーム・サーバまた はディレクトリ・サーバ) 内の情報の照会に応答するサ ーバを意味するために使用され、「ゾーン・データベー ス」という用語は、それが第2レベル・ドメインを包含 するか、もっと小さなゾーンを包含するかに関係なく、 そのデータベースを意味するために使用されている。当

【0006】企業があるゾーン内のマシンのアドレスを公開して、見えるようにすることを選択していれば、そのゾーンを収めている第2レベル・ドメインの登録ネーム・サーバはそのゾーン内のマシンのアドレス照会を権限をもつゾーン・ネーム・サーバに送るように構成されている。しかし、企業がゾーンのネットワーク・トポロジを隠す必要があるときは、登録ネーム・サーバはゾーン・ネーム・サーバに関するどの情報ももたないように構成され、そのゾーン内のマシンだけが照会をゾーン・ネーム・サーバに送るように構成されている。このような可視制限ゾーン(visibility-limited zone)は「保護マシン(protected machines)」と呼ぶことができ、そこに置かれたマシンは「保護マシン(protected machines)」と呼ぶことができ

業者ならば理解されるように、「データベース」という

用語は編成された情報の集まり一切を意味することがで

る。従って、マシンのアドレスが公開されて、見えるよ うにされたかどうかは、ネットワーク上で稼働している プログラム相互間のやりとり(interaction) に影響する ことになる。

【0007】上述したように、クライアント上で実行さ れているアプリケーション・プログラムが別のロケーシ ョンに置かれたホストに連絡する必要があるときは、そ のアプリケーションはそのホストのアドレスを必要とす る。一般に、アプリケーション・プログラムは照会を 「リゾルバ(resolver)」プログラム(これもクライアン 10 ト上で実行されている) に送って、アドレスを要求する ことがある。リゾルバ・プログラムはローカル・ファイ ルをチェックし、ホスト・アドレスを要求するためのデ フォルト・ネーム・サーバが分かると、その照会をデフ オルト・ネーム・サーバに渡すことになる。説明の便宜 上、このデフォルト・ネーム・サーバは、以下ではクラ イアントの「ローカルNS」と呼ぶことにする。ローカ ルNSは要求されたアドレスをすでにもっている場合も あれば、そのアドレスをもつサーバ (例えば、第2レベ ル・ドメインの登録ネーム・サーバまたはゾーンの権限 20 をもつネーム・サーバ) に到達するまで、必要に応じて 他のネーム・サーバに連絡していく場合もある。ローカ ルNSが照会に対する応答を受信すると、ローカルNS はその応答をリゾルバに戻し、リゾルバは応答を処理 し、アドレスをクライアントに引き渡す。Internetドメ イン・ネーム・システムおよびリゾルバの上記説明とそ の他の詳細は当業者には周知であるので、ここでは詳し く説明することは省略する。参考文献としては、例え ば、Sidnie Feit 著「TCP/IP」、McGraw-Hill (1997)があり、第12章に詳しく説明されてい る。

【0008】B 許可クライアント

現在のテクノロジは、ネットワークを利用したコミュニ ケーションをいくつかの側面から見たとき、十分に解決 していない側面がいくつかある。企業のネットワーク・ ポリシを実現するためには、上述したように、ネットワ ーク管理者は、保護マシンのアドレスを他の保護マシン だけに見えるようにすることによってネットワーク・ト ポロジを隠すようにゾーンをセットアップすることがで きる。しかし、ネットワーク管理者は保護ゾーンの外に 40 いる許可クライアントが、保護ゾーンの内側にいるホス トと通信できるようにしたい場合もある。ネットワーク 管理者は許可クライアントが通信できる保護ホストのア ドレスを、そのクライアント上の1つまたは2つ以上の 静的構成ファイルにストアしておくこともできる。その 場合には、これらの構成ファイルは保護ホストのアドレ スが変更されるたびに、すべての許可クライアント側で 更新する必要がある。ネットワーク管理者は置換ファイ ルをすべての許可クライアントに送ることができるが、

を、許可クライアントへのアクセス権をもつ人に配布し て「手操作(マニュアル)」で入力させることもでき る。このような人は構成ファイルを直接に編集すること も、プログラム(例えば、コマンドライン・プログラム またはグラフィカル・ユーザ・インタフェース)を使用 して変更情報を入力することもできる。

【0009】クライアントの数と移動性が増加するに伴 い、これらの構成ファイルを最新に保つことは、不可能 ではないにしても、煩わしい作業である。ネットワーク 管理者は保護ホストのアドレスを使用して許可クライア ントを構成し、人間の介入なしですべての許可クライア ント上の構成ファイルを変更できるようにする方法を必 要としている。本発明の種々実施例が提供する解決方法 によれば、許可クライアントは中央ロケーションにスト アされ、維持されている情報を使用して各自のファイル を動的に更新することができる。その場合、ネットワー ク管理者はすべての許可クライアント上のファイルを更 新しなくても、容易にアクセス可能なロケーションに置 かれている情報を更新するだけですむことになる。

【0010】C セキュア・コミュニケーション 許可クライアントはコミュニケーションを確立するため に、保護ホストのアドレス以上のものを必要とすること がよくある。このようなことは、クライアントとホスト がコミュニケーションが「セキュア(安全保護)」であ るかを確かめたいときに起こっている。セキュア・コミ ュニケーションには、プライバシ、保全性、および認証 という問題が含まれている。ここでプライバシとは、あ るクライアントがネットワークを利用して機密情報を送 信するとき、意図するホストだけがそれを読み取り、理 30 解できることを意味する。保全性(integrity)とは、送 信中にだれもがメッセージを変更しなかったことを意味 する。認証(authentification)とは、そのメッセージが メッセージが要求するクライアントからのものであるこ とがホストに保証されることを意味する。標準的暗号手 法としては、DESやRSAなどのアルゴリズム、およ びディジタル・シグネーチャ、ディジタル証明、SKI Pなどの、他のテクノロジやプロトコルがある。必要に 応じて、これらの暗号手法(または同等のセキュリティ 手法)は種々側面から見たプライバシ、保全性、および 認証を保証するために使用されているのが普通である。 【0011】保護ホストのアドレスを許可クライアント に提供するのと同じように、セキュア・コミュニケーシ ョンはネットワークを利用したコミュニケーションの1 つの側面であり、この側面も現在のテクノロジでは十分 に解決されていない。ある種のネットワーク構成では、 ネットワーク・セキュリティ・システムであるファイア ウォール(firewall)が保護マシンへのアクセスを管理し ている。許可クライアントが保護マシンと機密に通信で きるようにするためには、ファイアウォールはそのクラ 別の方法として、ネットワーク管理者は変更された情報 50 イアントからのコミュニケーションがファイアウォール

を経由するように構成されていなければならない。さら に、保護ホストとセキュア・コミュニケーションを行う ためには、ホストのアドレスのほかに、許可クライアン トは追加の情報を必要とする。この追加情報としては、

(1) 保護ホストのために暗号化を行うファイアウォールのアドレスとキー、および(2) 使用される暗号アルゴリズム(および他の必要な暗号手法)がある。

【0012】許可クライアントがこの追加情報を取得すると、その追加情報はホスト・アドレスと一緒に、暗号化オペレーションを処理するクライアントのコンポーネ 10ント (例えば、アプリケーション・プログラム、オペレーティング・システム、またはハードウェアの暗号プロセッサ)によって使用されるデータ構造にストアされるのが一般である。例えば、SKIPテクノロジでは、このような「アウトバウンド・セキュア・メッセージ」はインバウンド・アクセス情報と一緒に、クライアントのアクセス・コントロール・リストにストアされている。しかし、当業者ならば理解されるように、アウトバウンド・メッセージ情報は適切なデータ構造であれば、どのデータ構造にもストアすることが可能である。 20

【0013】アウトバウンド・セキュア・メッセージ情報を収めているデータ構造はホストのアドレスまたは暗号情報が変更されるたびに、すべての許可クライアント側で更新する必要がある。この場合も、本発明の種々の実施例によれば、許可クライアントは中央ロケーションにストアされ、維持されている情報を使用して各自のデータ構造を動的に更新することができる。説明の便宜上、「許可クライアント」という用語は、ここでは、本発明を使用するように構成され、許可クライアントが通信する保護ホストのファイアウォールを経由してコミュ 30 ニケーションが許されているクライアントを意味するものとして用いられている。

[0014]

【発明の要約】本発明によれば、保護ホストのアドレス および中間デバイス(例えば、暗号化ファイアウォー ル、暗号化ルータ、セキュア・ゲートウェイ)のキーと アドレスを使用して許可クライアントを動的に構成し、 その中間デバイスがその中間デバイスの背後にトポロジ 状に置かれている私用(private) ネットワークトの複数 のホストを保護するようした方法および装置が提供され 40 ている。ドメインの登録ネーム・サーバはそのドメイン に置かれた保護ホストとのセキュア・コミュニケーショ ンに必要な情報の要求に応答して、新規のリソース・レ コード・タイプ(ここでは、SXレコードと名づけてい る)を戻すように構成されている。許可クライアントに 置かれた(さもなければ、それと関連づけられた)リゾ ルバ(resolver)はSXレコード内のデータを 使用して、セキュア・コミュニケーションを処理するた めにクライアントによって使用される情報を動的に更新 するように構成されている。

【0015】本発明のいくつかの実施例を使用すると、多数の利点が得られる。そのような利点としては、保護ホストのアドレスを使用してクライアントを動的に構成するシステム、保護ホストとのセキュア・コミュニケーションのためにクライアントを動的に構成するシステム、およびネットワーク管理者がセキュア・コミュニケーションのために必要なアドレスと暗号情報を中央で管理できるようにするシステムがあるが、本発明はこれらに限定されるものではない。本発明のいくつかの実施例の上記利点およびその他の利点は、下述する詳細な説明の中で明らかにする。

14

[0016]

【発明の実施形態】以下、本発明の1つまたはいくつかの実施例の理解を容易にするために、添付図面を参照して本発明について詳しく説明する。

【0017】ネットワークは種々構成が可能であり、そ の構成はローカル・エリア・ネットワーク(LAN)、 広域ネットワーク(WAN)、イントラネット、インタ ーネット、およびInternetといったように、多彩な名前 20 が付けられている。代表的なインターネット構成は私用 LANおよび公衆(public)Internetの一部を含む、任意 の数のネットワークで構成されている。任意の数のコン ピュータをこれらのネットワークに接続することができ る。これらのコンピュータは様々な機能に利用すること ができが、特定の機能を反映する用語で表されることが よくある。1つの例では、ある人は別のコンピュータと 通信する必要のあるパーソナル・コンピュータ (PC) 上でプログラムを実行している。この場合のPCはクラ イアントと呼ばれ、他方のコンピュータはサーバまたは ホストと呼ばれている。別の例では、2つのネットワー クを接続するコンピュータはゲートウェイと呼ばれてい る。これらの例におけるコンピュータはいずれも、単純 にマシンと呼ばれることもある。当業者ならば理解され るように、本発明はネットワークおよびそこに接続され たコンピュータのどちらの場合も、特定の構成を要求す るものではない。従って、以下では、ある特定の構成 (インターネットを利用したクライアントとホスト間の コミュニケーション)を参照して本発明を説明している が、以下の説明は任意のネットワーク・タイプ上で動作 する、どのコンピュータにも適用されることはもちろん である。

【0018】A 本発明が実施される環境

図1は、本発明の実施例を実施できる代表的なインターネット構成を示したものである。この構成には、ファイアウォール110によって公衆(public)ネットワーク190に接続されているドメイン100(例えば、sun.com)が含まれている。ドメイン100は保護ゾーン180(「ファイアウォールの内側」と呼ばれることもある)を含み、保護ゾーンは任意の数のマシンを任意の構
50 成で含むことができる。この例では、内側ホスト14

(9)

0、LAN160、内側クライアント150、および内 側NS130はすべて保護ゾーン180に置かれてい る。外側NS120はドメイン100の登録ネーム・サ ーバであり、内側NS130は保護ゾーン180の権限 をもつネーム・サーバである。

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【0019】ほとんど無制限の数のマシンとネットワー クが公衆ネットワーク190に接続されている。図1に 示すように、代表的な構成には、外側クライアント18 2、外側ホスト184、LAN186、ローカルNS2 50、および許可クライアント210が含まれている。 図2、図3および図4を参照して以下で明らかにするよ うに、代表的な許可クライアント210には、アプリケ ーション215、そのローカルNS250を示している 構成ファイル220、リゾルバ225、暗号プロセッサ 230、オペレーティング・システム235、およびト ンネル・マップ500が含まれている(詳細は後述す る)。代表例として、これらのコンポーネントは許可ク ライアント210側の1つまたは2つ以上のコンピュー タ可読媒体またはメモリに置かれている。

【0020】B 問題

上述したシステム・アーキテクチャが与えられていると き、許可クライアント210で実行されているアプリケ ーション210が保護ゾーン180内の保護ホスト14 0と機密に通信する必要が起こったとき、どのようなこ とが行われるか。アプリケーション215がそれを行う ためには、その前に、アウトバウンド・セキュア・メッ セージ情報が必要になる。この情報は許可クライアント 210にストアされており、情報としては、内側ホスト 140のアドレス、ファイアウォール110のアドレス とキー、および使用される暗号プロトコルがある。クラ 30 イアントの数と移動性が増加するに伴い、人間の介入に 頼ってアウトバウンド・セキュア・メッセージ情報を最 新に保つことは煩雑な作業であり、あるいは不可能であ る。本発明の種々実施例によれば、この問題は許可クラ イアントが中央ロケーションにストアされ、維持されて いる情報を使用して、各自のアウトバウンド・セキュア ・メッセージ情報を動的に更新できるようにすることに よって解決されている。以下のセクションでは、クライ アントとネーム・サーバ間のメッセージの構造と内容、 仲介の働きをするリゾルバ・プログラム、およびシステ 40 ムがどのように構成されているか、について詳しく説明 する。

【0021】C. ネーム・サーバ・メッセージおよびリ ソース・レコード

ネーム・サーバ・メッセージはヘッダと4つのセクショ ン(1) 照会(query)、(2) 返答(answer)、(3) 権 限(authority)、(4)追加(additional)から構成され ている。返答、権限、および追加セクションは、ネーム ・サーバが照会に応答して送信するリソース・レコード

し、各々はそのレコード・タイプのデータを収めている データ・フィールドを含んでいる。例えば、要求された ホストのアドレスは A レコードのデータ・フィールドに 入って戻され、権限をもつネーム・サーバの名前はNS レコードのデータ・フィールドに入って戻される。

【0022】セキュア・コミュニケーションの必要性を サポートするために、Internetドメイン・ネーム・シス テム(「セキュアDNS」)のあるバージョンはKEY とSIGリソース・レコード・タイプを含む、セキュリ ティ拡張機能(extensions)を使用している。KEYリソ ース・レコードは公開キーと関連情報を配布するために 使用できる。つまり、KEYレコードはキー、キー名、 またはアルゴリズムを収めることができる。SIG、つ まり、「シグネーチャ」リソース・レコードは他のリソ ース・レコードに入っているデータを認証するために使 用できる。SIGレコードのデータ・フィールドの1つ は「ラベル(labels)」フィールドである。このフィール ドは、オリジナルSIGレコード所有者名がゾーン・デ ータベースに置かれているときラベルがいくつあるかを 20 カウントしたものである(例えば、*.sun.comが2つの ラベルをもっているのは、ルートを表すヌル・ラベル (".")とワイルドカード("*")はカウントに含 まれないためである)。従って、このラベル・カウント はワイルドカード置換の結果としてリトリーブされたレ コードのオリジナル名を導き出すために使用される(詳 細は後述する)。このオリジナル名は、例えば、ディジ タル・シグネーチャを検証するために必要になる。

【0023】本発明の一実施例では、セキュアDNSに よって提供されるKEYとSIGリソース・レコードを 使用している。セキュアDNSの詳細は当業者には周知 であるので、ここでは、これ以上詳しく説明することは 省略する。参考文献としては、例えば、RFC 206 5 — 「Domain Name System-Security Extensions (ドメ イン・ネーム・システムーセキュリティ拡張機能」(1 997)がある。当業者ならば理解されるように、本発 明の一実施例では、セキュアDNS機能を利用している が(例えば、レコードのオリジナル名を導き出し、シグ ネーチャを検証するために)、すべての実施例がこの機 能を必要とするとは限らない(つまり、これらは十分な 能力をもつ他のシステムを使用して実現することが可能 である)。

【0024】D SXレコード

セキュリティ拡張機能で上に示したように、Internetド メイン・ネーム・システムはユーザが新規のリソース・ レコード・タイプを自由に作成できる点でオープンエン ド(open-ended)になっている。本発明の種々実施例によ れば、さらに、SXレコードと名づけた別の新規レコー ド・タイプが追加されている。SXレコードのデータ・ フィールドは、そのレコードの所有者に関連する「セキ を収めている。リソース・レコード・タイプは多数存在 50 ュア・エクスチェンジャ(secure exchanger)」のID

(例えば、名前またはアドレス)を収めている。セキュア・エクスチェンジャはセキュア・コミュニケーションを自身のために、または別のマシンのために処理するマシンである(例えば、暗号化または解読を実行する)。この機能を実行するために、セキュア・エクスチェンジャは暗号データ(例えば、キーまたはアルゴリズム)を使用する。セキュア・エクスチェンジャのIDと暗号データはセキュア・エクスチェンジャのパラメータと総称することができる。ファイアウォールはセキュア・エクスチェンジャ機能を頻繁に実行するので、「ファイアウオールIIO」という用語は、ここでは、セキュア・エクスチェンジャを意味するために用いられている。当業者ならば理解されるように、該当の暗号化機能を持つマシンならば、どのマシンでもセキュア・エクスチェンジャとして機能させることができる。

【0025】また、当業者ならば理解されるように、 「SX」は任意のレコード・タイプIDであり、SXレ コード・タイプが定義されていれば、クライアントは明 示的にそのタイプのレコードをネーム・サーバに要求す ることができる。別の方法として、ネーム・サーバは他 20 のレコードの照会に対する返答を含む応答に入れてSX レコードを戻すように構成することも可能である。例え ば、クライアントがホスト・アドレスについて照会する と、ネーム・サーバはホスト・アドレスを応答セクショ ンに、SXレコードを追加セクションに入れて応答を送 信することになる。本発明の他の実施例には、SXレコ ードを追加または権限セクションに入れて戻し、応答の 返答セクションは空のままにしておくようにネーム・サ 一バの振舞をカストマイズすることを含めることも可能 である。言い換えれば、応答は未要求のリソース・レコ 30 ードだけを含むことになる。上述した説明から明らかな ように、当業者ならば理解されるように、本発明はSX レコードが応答のどの特定セクションに入って送られる かには左右されない。SXレコード内のデータは、保護 ホストとのセキュア・コミュニケーションのためにクラ イアントによって使用された情報を更新するために、リ ゾルバと呼ばれるプログラムによって使用される。

【0026】E リゾルバの概要

リゾルバは、ネーム・サーバと、クライアント上で実行されているアプリケーション・プログラムとの間の仲介 40 役をするプログラムである。リゾルバは情報の照会をアプリケーション・プログラムから受信し、その照会を該当のネーム・サーバに送信し、もしあれば、応答を要求側アプリケーションに戻す。照会のタイプとしては、所与のホスト名のホスト・アドレス、所与のホスト・アドレス、所与のホスト・アドレス、所与のホスト・アドレス、所与のホスト・アドレス、所与のホスト・アドレスのホストを、およびネーム・サーバ・データベースにストアされている情報の全体的ルックアップがある。リゾルバは一般的に照会の処理を次の4ステップで行う。(1)照会に対する返答がローカルにあれば、その返答を戻し、返答がなければ(2)返答を要求する最良 50

のサーバを見つけ、(3)いずれかが応答するまでその サーバに照会を送信し、(4)返答を処理する。 【0027】ステップ(2)で照会するのに最良のサー バを見つけるために、リゾルバはサーバ名とゾーンのリ ストを、SLISTと名づけた構造に保存している。S LISTはデフォルト・サーバで初期化される。そのあ とで、リゾルバはサーバとやりとりするたびに、リゾル バはどのサーバが必要とする情報をもっているかのリゾ ルバの「最良の推量(best guess)」でSLISTを更新 する。この「最良の推量」は所与のマシンに関する照会 に対する各サーバの応答性がどの程度であるか (例え ば、応答時間またはサーバが応答した頻度)に基づいて 行われることがよくある。従って、過去の実績に基づく 応答性は将来の照会用にSLISTを最適化するために 使用されている。当業者ならば理解されるように、リゾ ルバはこの基準または他の基準に従ってSLISTを維

【0028】上述した説明は、リゾルバが実行する機能、およびその機能の実現方法を高度にカストマイズできることを示す一例である。リゾルバのこれらの説明および他の詳細は当業者には周知であるので、ここで詳しく説明することは省略する。参考文献としては、例えば、RFC1034-「Domain Names-Concepts and Facilities(ドメイン名一概念と機能)」(1987)およびRFC1035-「Domain Names-Implementation and Specification(ドメイン名一実現方法と仕様)」(1987)がある。

持するようにプログラムすることが可能である。

【0029】 F リゾルバの機能

本発明の種々実施例は、保護ホストとのセキュア・コミ ュニケーションのために使用される情報(つまり、アウ トバウンド・セキュア・メッセージ情報)を収めてい る、クライアント側のデータ構造を動的に更新するよう にリゾルバ機能をカストマイズすることによって実現さ れている。このようなデータ構造はデータ・セットから 構成され、そのフィールドは「トンネル情報」(例え ば、デスティネーションとセキュア・エクスチェンジャ ・アドレス)と関連暗号データ(例えば、セキュア・エ クスチェンジャのキーまたはアルゴリズム)を収めてい るのが代表的である。ここで、「トンネル・マップ」と 40 いう用語はそのようなデータ構造を意味するために用い られ、「トンネル・マップ・エントリ」という用語はデ ータ・セットの1つを意味するために用いられている。 【0030】本発明の一実施例によれば、トンネル・マ ップ・エントリはネーム・サーバ・メッセージからのS Xレコードに入っているセキュア・エクスチェンジャの カバレッジ有効範囲(scope of coverage) を示すフィー ルドも含んでいるが、このフィールドは現在この分野で は使用されていないものである。言い換えれば、この新 規フィールドはエントリ内のセキュア・エクスチェンジ マが暗号化メッセージを、どのマシンに「トンネルから

通過」させるかを示している。詳細は後述するが、この フィールドを使用すると、既存のものから新規のトンネ ル・マップ・エントリを作成できるので、エントリ作成 プロセスを効率化することができる。しかし、本発明の すべての実施例がこのフィールドを必要とするとは限ら ないので、これはトンネル・マップ・エントリから省く ことも可能である。このような実施例の1つは「その他 の実施例」のセクションに示されている。

【0031】図9はフィールド4 540を含むトンネ ル・マップ・エントリ500を示す概略図である。図9 10 る。 に示すように、行(row) 1はエントリのフィールドの内 容を概略記述し、行2と行3-4は本発明の2実施例の 場合のフィールド・データを具体的に記述している。ト ンネル・マップ・エントリ500がどのように作成さ れ、使用されるかの詳細は、「許可クライアントで実現 される発明」のセクションの後で説明することにする。 本発明の種々実施例では、トンネル・マップ情報はIP SECやSKIPなどの、標準トンネル・プロトコルと 関連づけて使用されている。当業者ならば理解されるよ うに、本発明はトンネル・マップ内の情報の内容または ロケーションに行った変更を容易に受け入れることがで

【0032】当業者には公知であるように、リソース・ レコードは存続時間(time-to-live(TTL))フィー ルドを含んでおり、これはレコードの情報がいつまで信 頼できるかを示している。SXレコード内のTTLフィ ールドはそのレコードから導き出されたトンネル・マッ プ・エントリの寿命を判断するために使用できる。しか し、マシンのリブート時にトンネル・マップを再初期化 するといった他の手法を用いて、トンエル・マップを最 30 新に保つことも可能である。本発明はどの特定手法にも 限定されないが、本発明によれば、これらの手法および この分野で公知の他の手法を用いてトンネル・マップの 正確性を保つことが可能である。

【0033】G リゾルバのロケーション リゾルバの機能をカストマイズできるだけではなく、そ の機能を1つまたは2つ以上のコンポーネントの中で実 現することも可能である。リゾルバ225という用語 は、ここでは、本発明によって提供される全機能を意味 するために用いられており、かかる機能を実現するため 40 ない限り他の構成を使用することも可能である。 に使用されるコンポーネントの数またはそのコンポーネ ントが置かれるロケーションは無関係である。図2、図 3および図4は許可クライアント210の構成例を示し ている。各構成において、許可クライアント210のア ドレスは例えば199.200.1.9に、そのローカ ルNS250のアドレスは例えば199. 200. 1. 2になっている。従って、リゾルバ225によって使用 される構成ファイル220は、ローカルNS250のア ドレスを収めている。アプリケーション215は許可ク ライアント210にインストールされている。暗号プロ 50

セッサ230が必要であれば、これも許可クライアント 210にインストールされる。

【0034】図2に示す構成では、リゾルバの全機能は 1 つのコンポーネントに実現されている。このケースで は、アプリケーション215はその照会をリゾルバ22 5に送付する。リゾルバ225は構成ファイル220か らのローカルNS250のアドレスを読み取り、照会を ローカルNS250に転送する。リゾルバ225は応答 を受信すると、ここで説明したようにその応答を処理す

【0035】図3は、クライアントのリゾルバを変更す ることが望ましくないか、または可能でないとき実現で きる構成を示したものである(例えば、クライアントで はMicrosoft Windows が実行されている)。このケース では、標準スタブ・リゾルバ226が許可クライアント 自体へのループバックと共に使用される。リゾルバ22 5は許可クライアント210にインストールされている ネーム・サーバ・ソフトウェアに組み込まれている。ル ープバックを実現するために、リゾルバ225は構成フ ァイル220を読み取り、ローカルNS250のアドレ スを許可クライアント210のアドレスで置き換える。 リゾルバ225はローカルNS250のアドレスを自身 で使用するために保存しておく。このケースでは、アプ リケーション215はその照会をスタブ・リゾルバ22 6へ送付し、リゾルバ226は変更された構成ファイル 220を読み取り、照会をリゾルバ225へ送る。リゾ ルバ225は照会を受信すると、オリジナル構成ファイ ル220に残しておいたアドレスを使用して、その照会 をオリジナル・ローカルNSであるローカルNS250 に転送する。なんらかの応答がリゾルバ225に戻され ると、リゾルバ225はここで説明したように応答を処 理する。

【0036】図4に示す第3の構成では、アプリケーシ ョン215はリゾルバ225と一体になるように変更さ れている。従って、照会を行うには、アプリケーション 215は構成ファイル220を読み取り、照会をローカ ルNS250に送付する。変更されたアプリケーション 215は応答を受信すると、それを処理する。当業者な らば理解されるように、本発明の精神と範囲から逸脱し

【0037】H システム・セットアップの概要 SXレコードとリゾルバは上述したとおりであるが、そ の説明を前提として、このセクションではシステムの一 実施例がどのようにセットアップされるかの概要を説明 する。以下の概要では、図1がレファレンスとして使用 され、「ネットワーク管理者」という用語はシステム・ セットアップ・タスクのいずれかを実行する一切の個人 を含むように広義に用いられている。これらの個人はネ ットワーク管理者とは別の名称をもっている場合がある (例えば、システム管理者、LAN管理者、データベー

ス管理者、またはゾーン管理者)。実際には、エンドユ ーザおよびプログラマがこれらのタスクの一部を実行す る場合もある。さらに、当業者ならば理解されるよう に、システム・セットアップ・タスクは一人の個人で実 行されるとは限らない。システムをセットアップするこ とは、システムの3つの部分、つまり、(1)外側NS 120である、ドメイン100の登録ネーム・サーバ、 (2) ファイアウォール 1 1 0、および (3) 許可クラ イアント210を構成することと見ることができる。 【0038】外側NS120を構成するためにネットワ 10 ーク管理者が実行するタスクとしては、SXリソース・ レコードを定義し、該当のレコードを外側NS120用 のネーム・サーバ・データベースに追加することがあ

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【0039】ファイアウォール110を構成することに は、許可クライアント120と保護ゾーン180内側の マシン間の暗号化コミュニケーションを処理するように ファイルウォールをセットアップすることが含まれる。 また、許可クライアント210からのコミュニケーショ ンを認識し、許可するようにファイアウォール1102 を構成することも含まれる。当業者に周知であって、こ れらの結果を達成できる手法ならば、どの手法でもファ イアウォール110を構成するために使用することがで きる。

る。この構成には、「登録ネーム・サーバで実現される

発明」のセクションで詳しく説明されているように、外

側NS120をカストマイズすることも含まれる。

【0040】本発明に従って動作するように許可クライ アント210を構成するためには、次の2つの基本カテ ゴリに属するコンポーネントが必要である。第1のカテ ゴリには、リゾルバ225を実現するコンポーネントが 30 含まれる。リゾルバ・コンポーネントの詳しい説明は 「リゾルバのロケーション」のセクションに記載されて いる。第2のカテゴリには、許可クライアント210の ために暗号オペレーションを実行するコンポーネント (以下では、暗号プロセッサ230と総称する) が含ま れている。暗号オペレーションには、当業者ならば理解 されるように、暗号化、解読、ハッシング(hashing)、 ディジタル証明、ディジタル・シグネーチャ、その他が ある。従って、暗号コンポーネントには、暗号化/解読 ソフトウェアまたは暗号化機能を持つPCMCIAを含 40 めることができるが、いかなる場合も、これらに限定さ れるものではない。

【0041】1 登録ネーム・サーバで実現される発明 上述した概要セクションを背景として使用して、このセ クションでは本発明の一実施例を実現する詳細について 説明する。以下の説明では、留意すべき点が3つある。 第一は、ネーム・サーバは任意のタイプのレコードを応 答の特定のセクションに入れるのが代表的であるが、本 発明によれば、そのような要件が必ずしも課されないこ

って送られるのが代表的であるが、本発明の実施例で は、追加セクションが使用される。第二は、ネーム・サ ーバがリソース・レコードを応答に追加するとき、該当 のSIGとKEYレコードも追加されることが暗黙にな っていることである(つまり、各レコード・タイプとレ コード所有者名の組み合わせごとに1つのSIGレコー ド、およびSIGレコードを生成するために使用される KEYレコード)。さらに、SIGとKEYレコードは 受信時に署名済みレコードを検証するために使用される ことが暗黙になっている。第三は、レコードを応答に追 加する実行ステップがオプションとして記述されている ときは、これらのレコードは追加の照会を行うことでク ライアント側で取得できることを意味することである。 これらの基本点を留意して、図5は、ドメイン100の 登録ネーム・サーバで実行されるときの本発明の一実施 例のフローチャートを示したものである。以下の説明に おいて、外側NS120は図1に示すようにドメイン1 00の登録ネーム・サーバである。

【0042】実行は、外側NS120がドメイン100 に置かれているホスト(「登録ホスト」)のアドレスの 照会を受信したときステップ305からスタートする。 ステップ310で、外側NS120は要求されたホスト 名に一致する所有者名をもつSXレコードがそのゾーン ・データベースにあるかどうかをチェックする。そのよ うなレコードがデータベースになければ、実行はステッ プ320にジャンプする。データベースにレコードがあ れば、ステップ315で、外側NS120は要求された ホストのセキュア・エクスチェンジャを示すSXレコー ドを応答に追加する。

【0043】ステップ320で、外側NS120は要求 されたホストのAレコードがそのゾーン・データベース にあるかどうかを確かめるためにチェックする。要求さ れたホストのAレコードがデータベースにあれば(つま り、要求されたホストのアドレスが公開され、見えるよ うになっている)、外側NS120はステップ335で ホストのAレコードを応答に追加し、ステップ340に 進む。データベースに A レコードがなければ(つまり、 要求されたホストが保護ゾーン180に置かれてい る)、ステップ325で、外側NS120は照会すべき 他のネーム・サーバがあれば、それを示しているNSレ コード (または複数のレコード) を応答に追加する。外 側NS120はステップ330で示すように、オプショ ンとしてこれらのネーム・サーバの A レコードを追加し てから、ステップ340から続けることができる。

【0044】 SXレコードがステップ315で応答に追 加されたときは、ステップ340で外側NS120はオ プションとしてSXレコードのデータ・フィールドに入 っているセキュア・エクスチェンジャのAレコードとK EYレコードを応答に追加することも可能である。最後 とである。例えば、NSレコードは権限セクションに入 50 に、ステップ345で外側NSI20は応答をリクエス

タに送付する。図10は、要求されたホストのアドレス が公開され、見えるようになっている場合の応答の例を 示す図である。図11は、要求されたホストが保護ゾー ンに置かれている場合の応答の例を示す図である。

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【0045】」 許可クライアントで実現される発明 図6、図7および図8は許可クライアント210で実行 されるときの発明の種々実施例のフローチャートを示す 図である。当業者ならば理解されるように、ここで説明 している機能はハードウェアで実現することも、ソフト ウェアで実現することもできる。前者の場合、このハー 10 ドウェアには、汎用プロセッサ、マイクロプロセッサ、 プログラム・ロジック・アレイ、アプリケーション専用 集積回路、およびここで説明している機能を実行するの に十分な処理能力をもつ他のデバイスを含めることが可 能である。後者の場合、このソフトウェアは任意の該当 ハードウェア・プラットフォーム上で実行させることが 可能であり、オブジェクト指向または手続き型プログラ ミング言語を含む、任意の該当プログラミング言語を使 用して実現することが可能である。

【0046】以下のセクションでは、本発明の2つの実 20 施例を詳しく検討しているが、そこでは許可クライアン ト210上で実行されているアプリケーション215は 内側ホスト140のアドレスの照会を行っている。最初 の実施例では、ドメイン100の1つのネーム・サーバ を使用し、ネットワーク・トポロジは隠されていない (つまり、内側ホスト140のアドレスは1サーバ実施 例では公開され、見えるようになっている)。言い換え れば、登録ネーム・サーバのデータベースは内側ホスト 140のAアドレスを含んでいる。第2の実施例では、 ており(つまり、内側ホスト140は保護ゾーン180 に置かれている)、登録ネーム・サーバのデータベース は内側ホスト140のAレコードをもっていない。その 代わりに、この A レコードは第2のサーバによって使用 されるゾーン・データベースに置かれている。これらの 実施例はフローチャートを通る異なった経路をたどって いくが、どちらもステップ405-425からスタート する。

【0047】ステップ405で、リゾルバ225はアプ リケーション2 15から照会を受信する。ステップ41 40 0で、リゾルバ225は内側ホスト140のドメインの ネーム・サーバまでレフェラルチェーン(referral chai n)をたどっていくことができるが、ローカル・サーバが 再帰的サービスをサポートしていれば、照会をローカル NS250に渡すことも可能である。いずれの場合も、 リゾルバ225にはその後で、ステップ415で照会に 対する応答が戻される。

【0048】ステップ420で、リゾルバ225は応答 にSXレコードがあるかどうかをチェックして確かめ る。これらの実施例のどちらの場合も、要求されたホス 50 サ230によって使用される。

ト名に一致する所有者名をもつSXレコードが登録ネー ム・サーバのデータベースに含まれていれば、リゾルバ が受信する最初の応答(つまり、登録ネーム・サーバか らの応答)にはSXレコードが入っている。これらの実 施例の以下の説明では、このようなSXレコードが存在 し、応答に含まれているものと想定している。当業者な らば理解されるように、セキュリティ上の目的から、S Xレコードは署名され、そのシグネーチャ(署名)は受 信時に受信側で検証されるのが一般である。図10は要 求されたホストのアドレスが公開されて、見えるように なっている場合の応答例を示す図であり、図11は要求 されたホストが保護ゾーンに置かれている場合の応答例 を示す図である。

【0049】実行はステップ425から続けられ、そこ でリゾルバ225は内側ホスト140のAレコードが応 答にあるかどうかをチェックして確かめる。2実施例が 異なる経路をたどっていくのはこのステップからであ る。応答に A レコードがなければ、実行はステップ 4 4 0にジャンプするが、その詳細は「2サーバ実施例」の セクションで下述する。Aレコードがあれば、実行はス テップ430から続けられるが、その詳細は以下の「1 サーバ実施例」のセクションで説明する。

[0050]

【実施例】1. 1サーバ実施例

要約して説明すると、この実施例では、1ネーム・サー バが使用され、ネットワーク・トポロジは隠されていな い。図1を参照して説明すると、内側NS130は必要 でなく、外側NS120のデータベースは内側ホスト1 40を含めて、ドメイン100に置かれているマシンの ゾーンはネットワーク・トポロジを隠すように定義され 30 レコードを含んでいる。従って、図6のステップ415 では、アプリケーション215からのアドレス照会に対 してリゾルバ225が受信する最初の応答には、内側ホ スト140のAレコードと、ファイアウォール110を 対応するセキュア・エクスチェンジャとして示している SXレコードが含まれている。図10はこの応答の例を 示す図である。

> 【0051】「登録ネーム・サーバで実現される発明」 のセクションで上述したように、応答はファイアウォー ル110のAレコードとKEYレコードを含んでいる場 合もある。これらの追加レコードが応答になければ、リ ゾルバ225は必要に応じて追加の照会を行う(図6に は図示せず)。また、上述したように、すべての該当S 【Gレコードが応答に含まれている(つまり、各レコー ド・タイプとレコード所有者名の組み合わせごとに1つ のSIGレコード)。リゾルバ225がこれらのレコー ドをすべて受信すると、実行がステップ430から続け れ、そこでリゾルバ225は図5に示すようなトンネル ・マップ・エントリ500を作成し、これは内側ホスト 140へのメッセージを暗号化するために暗号プロセッ

【0052】次に、図9の行2を参照して説明すると、 トンネル・マップ・エントリ500を作成するために、 リゾルバ225は内側ホスト140のAレコード内のデ ータをフィールド1 510内のデスティネーション・ アドレスとして使用する。リゾルバ225は、それぞれ SXレコードに示されているセキュア・エクスチェンジ ャ(つまり、ファイアウォール110)のAレコードと KEYレコード内のデータを使用してフィールド2 5 20とフィールド3 530を埋める。「リゾルバの機 40はSXレコードに示されているセキュア・エクスチ ェンジャのカバレッジ有効範囲を示すために使用され る。これは、ゾーン・データベースに置かれているとき のSXレコードのオリジナル名を導き出し、それをフィ ールド4 540にストアすることによって行われる。 従って、「オリジナル・データベース名」という用語は ここでは、フィールド4 540の内容を意味するもの として用いられ、以下では、リゾルバ225がどのよう にしてこの名前を導き出すかについて説明する。

【0053】リゾルバ225はSXレコードのSIGレ コードのラベル・フィールドに入っているカウントを使 用して、応答の中で送られたレコードの所有者名からラ ベルをいくつ残しておくべきかを判断する。例えば、S Xレコード(およびその関連 SIGレコード)の所有者 名がeng. sun.com.であり、ラベル・フィールド・カ ウントが2であれば、オリジナル・データベース名は *.sun.com. となる。カウントが3であれば、応答の中 で送られるオリジナル・データベース名とレコードの所 有者名はどちらもeng.sun.com.となる。ゾーン・データ ベースではワイルドカード名が使用されるのが代表的で 30 あるが、当業者ならば理解されるように、ワールドカー ド名は必須ではない。ゾーン・データベースにワイルド カードを使用していない本発明の実施例では、リゾルバ 225はこれに代わる方法として、応答の中で送られた SXまたはSIGレコードから名前を抜き出すといった ように、他の方法でオリジナル・データベース名を導き 出すこともできる。フィールド4 540にオリジナル ・データベース名が満たされると、トンネル・マップ・ エントリ500は完成する。「リゾルバの機能」のセク ションで説明したように、フィールド4 540はデー 40 タ構造の中の新規フィールドであり、そこにはアウトバ ウンド・セキュア・メッセージ情報が収められており、 本発明の一実施例では、この情報を使用してSXレコー ドに示されたセキュア・エクスチェンジャのカバレッジ 有効範囲を示している。

【0054】次に、図6を参照して説明すると、トンネ ル・マップ・エントリ500を作成した後、リゾルバ2 25はステップ435で内側ホスト140のアドレスを アプリケーション215に戻す。実行がここで終わる

セッサ230が内側ホスト140へのメッセージを暗号 化するために必要な一切の情報が入っているので、アプ リケーション215は内側ホスト140と機密に通信す ることが可能になる。1ネーム・サーバが使用され、ネ ットワーク・トポロジが隠されていない場合の実施例で は、以上によって実行が完了する。

【0055】2.2サーバ実施例

ネットワーク・トポロジが隠されている場合の実施例 は、2ネーム・サーバを使用して実現することができ 能」のセクションで説明したように、フィールド4 5 10 る。図 1 を参照して説明すると、外側NS120はドメ イン100の登録ネーム・サーバとなり、ドメイン・デ ータベースは内側ホスト140のAレコードを含まない ことになる。その代わりに、このレコードは保護ゾーン 180の権限をもつネーム・サーバである、内側NS1 30によって使用されるゾーン・データベースに置かれ ることになる。従って、この実施例では、内側ホスト1 40のアドレスに関するアプリケーション215からの 照会に対する最初の応答は外側NS120から送信され る。図11は、この応答の例を示す図である。外側NS 120のデータベースは内側ホスト140のAレコード を含んでいないので、リゾルバ225がステップ415 で受信した最初の応答にはAレコードが入っていない。 しかし、この実施例では、応答にはファイアウォール1 10をセキュア・エクスチェンジャとして示す S X レコ ードと、内側NS130をゾーンの権限をもつネーム・ サーバとして示す、少なくとも1つのNSレコードが入 っている。従って、リゾルバ225がステップ425で Aレコードがあるかどうか応答をチェックしても、Aレ コードは見つからないので実行はステップ440にジャ ンプする。

> 【0056】次に、図7を参照して説明すると、ステッ プ440でリゾルバ225はまだ照会されていないネー ム・サーバ、つまり、外側NS120以外のネーム・サ ーバを収めているNSレコードがあるかどうか応答をチ ェックする。従って、この実施例では、実行がステップ 4 4 0 まで初めて到達すると、リゾルバ2 2 5 は内側N S130を示すNSレコードとファイアウォール110 を示すSXレコードを応答から探す。なお、この時点で NSレコードがなければ、エラーが発生しているので、 実行は終了する。

【0057】「登録ネーム・サーバで実現される発明」 のセクションで上述したように、応答には内側NS13 0のAレコードのほかに、ファイアウォール110のA レコードとKEYレコードも含まれている場合がある。 これらの追加レコードが応答になければ、リゾルバ22 5は必要に応じて追加の照会(図8には示していない) を行う。また、上述したように、すべての該当S1Gレ コードはいずれかの応答に含まれている(つまり、各レ コード・タイプとレコード所有者名の組み合わせごとに と、トンネル・マップ・エントリ500には、暗号プロ 50 1つの \$1 Gレコード)。リゾルバ225がこれらのレ

コードすべてを受信すると、実行はステップ445から 続行され、そこでリゾルバ225は図9に示すようにト ンネル・マップ・エントリ500を作成する。

【0058】次に、図9の行3を参照して説明すると、トンネル・マップ・エントリ500を作成するために、リゾルバ225は内側NSI30のAレコードに入っているデータをフィールド1 510内のデスティネーション・アドレスとして使用する。リゾルバ225は、それぞれSXレコードに示されたセキュア・エクスチェンジャ(つまり、ファイアウォールI10)のAレコード 10とKEYレコードに入っているデータを使用してフィールド2 520とフィールド3 530を埋める。フィールド4 540を埋めるために、リゾルバ225はゾーン・データベースに置かれているときのSXレコードのオリジナル名を導き出す。リゾルバ225がどのようにしてこのオリジナル・データベース名を導き出すかの詳しい説明は「1サーバ実施例」のセクションに記載されている。

【0059】次に、図7を参照して説明すると、トンネ ル・マップ・エントリ500を作成した後、ステップ4 20 50でリゾルバ225は処理したばかりのNSレコード からのネーム・サーバ(つまり、内側NSI30)を 「最良の推量」としてSLIST構造に挿入する。SL ISTの詳細は「リゾルバの機能」のセクションに説明 されている。次に、図6を参照して説明すると、実行は ステップ410にジャンプし、そこでネーム・サーバま でのレフェラルチェインは内側NSI30(内側ホスト 140のゾーンのネーム・サーバ) に通じることにな る。そのあと、内側ホスト140のアドレスに関するア プリケーション215からの照会は最後のトンネル・マ 30 ップ・エントリ500のフィールド1 510、フィー ルド2 520、およびフィールド3 530を使用し て暗号プロセッサ230によって暗号化される。照会が 内側NS130に到達すると、サーバは標準応答(例え ば、Aレコードおよび対応するSIGレコード)をリク エスタに送信する。図12はこの応答の例を示す図であ る。

【0060】ステップ415で、リゾルバ225は応答を受信し、ステップ420で、リゾルバ225はSXレコードがあるかどうかをチェックする。SXレコードが 40なければ、実行はステップ455にジャンプし(図8参照)、そこでリゾルバ225は内側ホスト140のAレコードがあるかどうかをチェックする。そのようなAレコードがなければ、実行は終了する。そうでなければ、ステップ460で、リゾルバ225はSXレコードによって作成され、そのオリジナル・データベース名が内側ホスト140の名前に一致しているエントリがトンネル・マップにあるかどうかをチェックする。そのようなエントリがなければ、ステップ465でリゾルバ225はホストのアドレスをアプリケーションに原し、実行は終50

了する。一致するエントリがあれば、ステップ470で リゾルバ225は別のトンネル・マップ・エントリ50 0を追加する。

【0061】次に、図9の行4を参照して説明すると、リゾルバ225は内側ホスト140の Λ レコード内のデータをフィールド1 510内のデスティネーション・アドレスとして使用する。他のフィールドを完成するために、リゾルバ225は、フィールド4 540内のオリジナル・データベース名が内側ホスト140の名前に最も多くの一致ラベルをもっている、既存のトンネル・マップ・エントリ500を使用する。例えば、eng.sun.comが内側ホスト140の名前であれば、eng.sun.comは*sun.com、よりも多くの一致ラベルをもつことになる。リゾルバ225は既存エントリからのフィールドを使用して、様々な方法で新規エントリを暇存エントリから新規エントリにコピーすることも、あるいはリゾルバ225は単純にポインタを使用することもできる。

【0062】トンネル・マップ・エントリ500を作成した後、リゾルバ225はステップ475で内側ホスト140のアドレスをアプリケーション215に戻す。実行がここで終了していれば、アプリケーション215は、暗号プロセッサ230が内側ホスト140へのメッセージを暗号化するために必要とするすべての情報がトンネル・マップ・エントリに入っているので、内側ホスト140と機密に通信することが可能になる。2ネーム・サーバが使用され、ネットワーク・トポロジが隠されている場合の実施例では、以上により実行が完了する。【0063】K その他の実施例

本発明は上述してきた2つの実施例に限定されるものではない。例えば、本発明は複数のゾーンを含むドメインで実現することが可能である。そのような実施例では、登録ネーム・サーバは照会を、権限をもつ複数のゾーン・ネーム・サーバに送ることができる。

【0064】別の実施例では、本発明は私用ネットワーク内のセキュリティを保証するように実現することが可能である。当業者に公知であるように、ネーム・サーバ・ソフトウェアはスタンドアローン・ネットワークにインストールすることができる。そのような実施例では、該当のネーム・サーバは上述した登録ネーム・サーバと権限をもつネーム・サーバの機能を実行するように構成されることになる。

【0065】さらに別の実施例では、リゾルバはホストのAレコードを要求する前にSXレコードを要求することも可能である。そのような実施例では、SXレコードは登録ネーム・サーバによって自動的に送信されないことになる。

ントリがなければ、ステップ465でリゾルバ225は 【0066】さらに別の実施例では、許可クライアント ホストのアドレスをアプリケーションに戻し、実行は終 50 から保護ネーム・サーバへの照会はホストのアドレス以 外の情報に対するものにすることが可能である。この実施例では、登録ネーム・サーバからの応答は保護ネーム・サーバのゾーン・データベース内の情報に関するセキュア照会を送信するために使用できる。この実施例では、セキュア・エクスチェンジャのカバレッジ有効範囲を示すオリジナル・データベース名は、ネーム・サーバのトンネル・マップ・エントリだけが使用されるので必要でない。

【0067】リゾルバ機能がアプリケーションに組み込まれているときは他の実施例も可能である。例えば、ア 10 プリケーションが作成するトンネル・マップはプログラムが実行中のときだけ存在させることができる。別の方法として、トンネル・マップを存続させるが、プログラムだけがアクセス可能にすることもできる(例えば、オペレーティング・システム235にはそのことを知らせないようにする)。

【0068】さらに、開示した実施例の種々ステップは他の組み合わせで組み合わせることが可能である。登録ネーム・サーバからの応答が要求されたホストのアドレスを含み、トンネル・マップが既存エントリを含んでい20て、オリジナル・データベース名が要求されたホストの名前と一致している場合には、そのような実施例は実現可能である。この実施例では、新規のトンネル・マップ・エントリは既存エントリを使用して、要求されたホストのために作成されることになる。

【0069】 当業者ならば理解されるように、これまでに説明してきた本発明の精神と範囲から逸脱しない限り、本発明はさらに別の実施例で実現することも可能である。なお、かかる実施例は請求の範囲に記載されている本発明の範囲内に属することはもちろんである。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明の実施例を実行させることができる代表的なインターネット構成を示す図である。

【図2】本発明が実現されているクライアントの構成例を示す図である。

【図3】本発明が実現されているクライアントの構成例 を示す図である。

【図4】本発明が実現されているクライアントの構成例

を示す図である。

【図5】ドメインの登録ネーム・サーバで実行されると きの本発明の一実施例のフローチャートである。

【図6】 クライアントで実行されるときの本発明の一実 施例のフローチャートである。

【図7】 クライアントで実行されるときの本発明の一実施例のフローチャートである。

【図8】 クライアントで実行されるときの本発明の一実施例のフローチャートである。

【図9】本発明の一実施例によって使用されるトンネル・マップの例を示す図である。

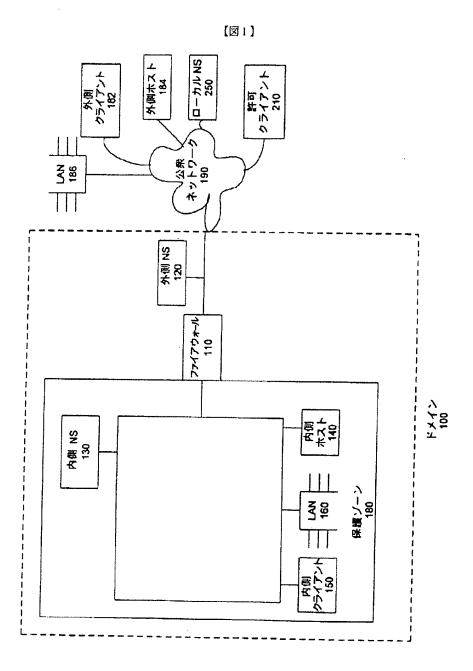
【図10】クライアントからのアドレス照会に対する応答の例を示す図である。

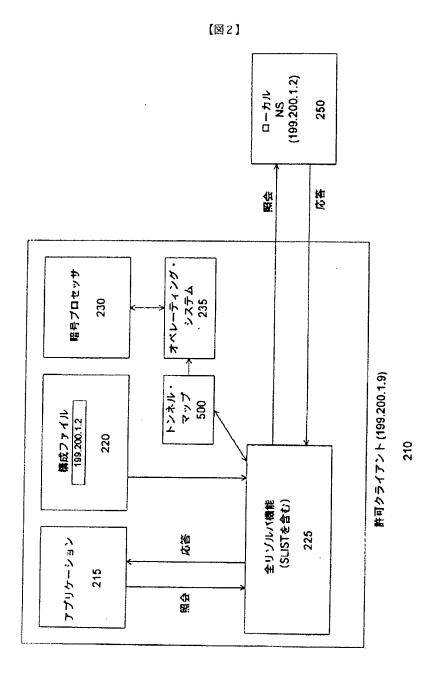
【図11】クライアントからのアドレス照会に対する応 答の例を示す図である。

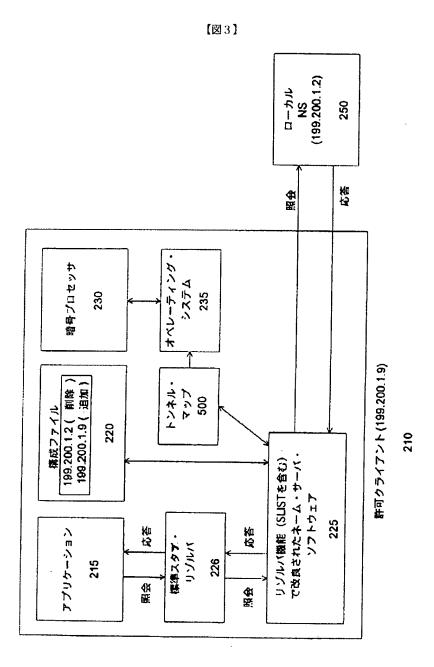
【図12】クライアントからのアドレス照会に対する応答の例を示す図である。

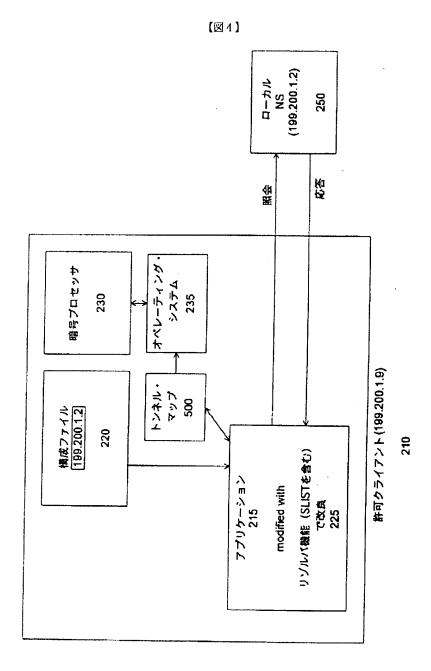
【符号の説明】

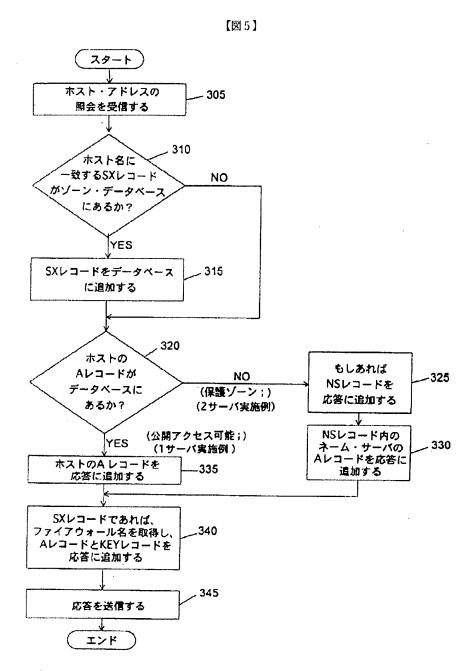
- 100 ドメイン
- 110 ファイアウォール
 - 120 外側NS
- 130 内側NS
- 140 保護ホスト
- 150 内側クライアント
- 160 LAN
- 180 保護ゾーン
- 182 外側クライアント
- 184 外側ホスト
- 186 LAN
- 190 公衆ネットワーク
 - 210 許可クライアント
 - 215 アプリケーション
 - 220 構成ファイル
 - 225 リゾルバ
 - 230 暗号プロセッサ
 - 250 ローカルNS
 - 500 トンネル・マップ・エントリ

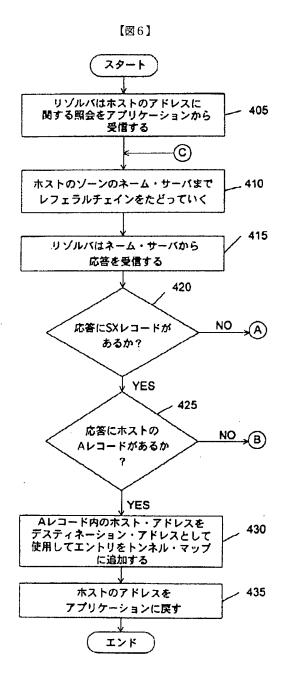


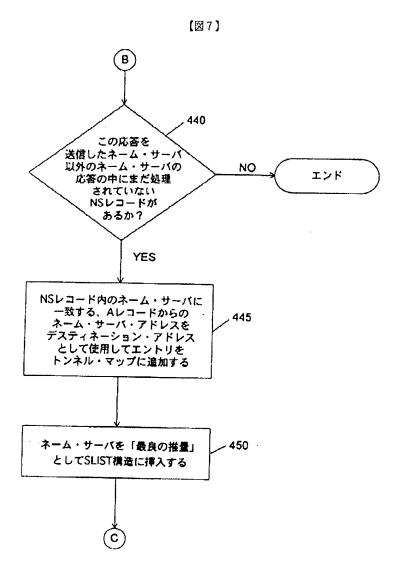


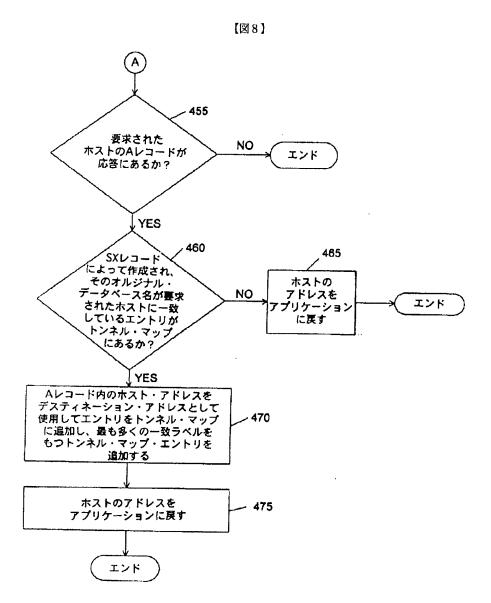












【図9】

| | フィールド1 510 | フィールド2 520 | .フィールド3 530 | 74-16K4 540 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 〒 1 (内容の記述) | デスティネーション・アスティス | ファイアウォールの アドレス | 公開キー または 公開キー名 | このエントリを存成した SXレコードの場を出 されたオリジナル・ データベース名 |
| 行 2 (1サーバ実施図) | Aレコード内にあって 要求されたホストの ホスト・アドレスを 使用する | SXレコード内の ファイアウォールの Aレコードを使用する | SXレコード内の ファイアウォールの KEYレコードを 使用する | SX レコードのSIG レコード内のレベル・ カウントを使用して ワイルドカード名を 年成する |
| 行 3 (2サーバ実施例の 第1エントリ) | Aレコード内にあって NSレコード内のネーム・ サーバに一致する キーム・サーバ・ アドレスを使用する | SXレコード内の ファイアウォールの Aレコードを使用する | フィールド4内の最も 多くの一致ウベルを もり既存エントリを 使用し、それをコピーし、 それを指し示す、など | SXレコードのSIG レコード枠のラスド・ カウントを使用して ワイルドカード名を 生成する |
| 行 4 (2サーバ実施図の 群2エントリ) | Aレコード内にあって 要求されたホストの ホスト・アドレス | フィールド4内の最も 多くの一致ラベルを もつ既存エントリを 使用し、それをコピーし、 それを指し示す、など | レィードド4日の最も多くの一致レスアをもり既存エントリを作むし既存エントリを使用し、それをロバーし、それをロバーし、それを指し下す、など | フィールド4内の最も 多くの一致ラベルを もつ既存エントリを それをコピーし、使用し、それをコピーし、使用し、それをコピーし、使用し、それをコピーし、 それを指し示す、などフィールド4内の最も 多くの一致ラベルを もつ既存エントリを もつ既存エントリを もつ既存エントリを もつ既存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もつ取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントリを もの取存エントの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取存エントの もの取 |

エントリ・マップ・エントリ

【図10】

| セクション | 所有者名 | レコード・タイプ | データ |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ヘツダ | | <ヘッダ> | |
| 照会 | | <魚魚> | |
| 返答 | <内側ホス140> <内側ホス140> | A SIG | <内側ホスト140のアドレス> <sigデータ></sigデータ> |
| 権限 | <内側ホス140> <内側ホス140> | SX SIG | <ファイアウォール110のID> <sigデータ;ラベル・カウント=2></sigデータ;ラベル・カウント=2> |
| 追加 | <ファイアウォール110 <ファイアウォール110 <ファイアウォール110 <ファイアウォール110 | > SIG > KEY | <ファイアウォール110のアドレス> <sigデータ> <ファイアウォール110のキー・データ> <sigデータ></sigデータ></sigデータ> |

【図11】

| セクション | 所有者名 | レコード・タイプ | データ |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ヘツダ | | <ヘッダ> | |
| 照会 | | <照会> | |
| 返答 | | <プランク> | |
| - 権服 | <ドメイン100> <ドメイン100> <内側ホスト140> <内側ホスト140> | NS SIG SX SIG | <内側NS 130の名前> <sigデータ> <ファイアウォール110のID> <sigデータ:ラベル・カウント=2></sigデータ:ラベル・カウント=2></sigデータ> |
| 追加 | <内側NS 130> <内側NS 130> <ファイアウォール110 <ファイアウォール110 <ファイアウォール110 | > SIG > KEY | <内側NS 130のアドレス> <sigデータ> <ファイアウォール110のアドレス> <sigデータ> <ファイアウォール110のキー・データ> <sigデータ></sigデータ></sigデータ></sigデータ> |

【図12】

| セクション | 所有者名 | レコード・タイプ | データ |
|-------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ヘツダ | | < <u>\</u> \"\\"\\" | |
| 照会 | | <顧会> | |
| 返答 | <内側ホスト140> <内側ホスト140> | A SIG | <内側ホスト140のアドレス> <sigデータ></sigデータ> |
| 権限 | | <ブランク> | |
| 追加 | | 〈ブランク〉 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

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識別記号

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HO4L 12/56

(71)出願人 591064003

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アパートメント 206

05-28-14

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| | FORM | | First Named Inventor | Victor Lar | son | | |
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| | SIGN | ATURE (| OF APPLICANT, ATT | ORNEY, O | OR AG | ENT | |
| Firm Name | McDermott, Will @ Eme | ery | | | | | |
| Signature | /Toby H. Kusmer/ | | | | | | |
| Printed name | Toby H. Kusmer | | | | | | |
| Date | May 27, 2014 | | | Reg. No. | 26,418 | 3 | |
| Lhosphu andifull | | | CATE OF TRANSMIS imile transmitted to the USF Idressed to: Commissioner | TO or depo | sited witl | | |

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| orethea Lawrence3 approved | d | | | | |

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| The McDerr | nott Building | |
| 500 North C | Capitol Street, N | N.W. |
| Washington | DC 20001 | |

| EXAMINER | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| LIM, KRISNA | | | | |
| ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER | | | | |
| 2453 | | | | |

DATE MAILED: 06/10/2014

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | Victor Larson | 077580-0177 | 1089 |

TITLE OF INVENTION: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

| APPLN. TYPE | ENTITY STATUS | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | UNDISCOUNTED | \$960 | \$0 | \$0 | \$960 | 09/10/2014 |

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the ENTITY STATUS shown above. If the ENTITY STATUS is shown as SMALL or MICRO, verify whether entitlement to that entity status still applies.

If the ENTITY STATUS is the same as shown above, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

If the ENTITY STATUS is changed from that shown above, on PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, complete section number 5 titled "Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)".

For purposes of this notice, small entity fees are 1/2 the amount of undiscounted fees, and micro entity fees are 1/2 the amount of small entity fees

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 (571)-273-2885 or <u>Fax</u>

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for

maintenance fee notifications. Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address) Certificate of Mailing or Transmission 23630 7590 06/10/2014 I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below. McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W. (Depositor's name Washington, DC 20001 (Signature (Date APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 13/615.557 09/13/2012 Victor Larson TITLE OF INVENTION: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES PUBLICATION FEE DUE APPLN. TYPE **ENTITY STATUS** ISSUE FEE DUE PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE DATE DUE nonprovisional UNDISCOUNTED \$960 \$960 09/10/2014 **EXAMINER** ART UNIT CLASS-SUBCLASS LIM, KRISNA 2453 713-162000 1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). 2. For printing on the patent front page, list (1) The names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys ☐ Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. or agents OR, alternatively, (2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required. 3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment. (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent): 🔲 Individual 📮 Corporation or other private group entity 🖵 Government 4a. The following fee(s) are submitted: 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above) ☐ Issue Fee A check is enclosed. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. ☐ Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credits any Advance Order - # of Copies overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above) NOTE: Absent a valid certification of Micro Entity Status (see forms PTO/SB/15A and 15B), issue fee payment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment. Applicant certifying micro entity status. See 37 CFR 1.29 Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27 <u>NOTE:</u> If the application was previously under micro entity status, checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to micro entity status. ☐ Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status. NOTE: Checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to small or micro entity status, as applicable. NOTE: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.31 and 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signature requirements and certifications. Authorized Signature _ Date

Registration No. __

Typed or printed name _



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450

P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | Victor Larson | 077580-0177 | 1089 |
| 23630 75 | 90 06/10/2014 | | EXAM | INER |
| McDermott Will | • | | LIM, K | RISNA |
| The McDermott Bu 500 North Capitol 3 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| Washington, DC 20 | | | 2453 | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 06/10/201 | 4 |

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(Applications filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Office has discontinued providing a Patent Term Adjustment (PTA) calculation with the Notice of Allowance.

Section 1(h)(2) of the AIA Technical Corrections Act amended 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(3)(B)(i) to eliminate the requirement that the Office provide a patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. See Revisions to Patent Term Adjustment, 78 Fed. Reg. 19416, 19417 (Apr. 1, 2013). Therefore, the Office is no longer providing an initial patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. The Office will continue to provide a patent term adjustment determination with the Issue Notification Letter that is mailed to applicant approximately three weeks prior to the issue date of the patent, and will include the patent term adjustment on the patent. Any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment determination (or reinstatement of patent term adjustment) should follow the process outlined in 37 CFR 1.705.

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

OMB Clearance and PRA Burden Statement for PTOL-85 Part B

The Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 requires Federal agencies to obtain Office of Management and Budget approval before requesting most types of information from the public. When OMB approves an agency request to collect information from the public, OMB (i) provides a valid OMB Control Number and expiration date for the agency to display on the instrument that will be used to collect the information and (ii) requires the agency to inform the public about the OMB Control Number's legal significance in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.5(b).

The information collected by PTOL-85 Part B is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

| | Application No. 13/615,557 | Applicant(s) LARSON ET | ΔΙ | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|--|
| Notice of Allowability | Examiner | Art Unit | AIA (First Inventor to File) Status | | |
| , | KRISNA LIM | 2453 | No No | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appear All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) of NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RICE of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 | OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this app or other appropriate communication GHTS. This application is subject to | lication. If not i will be mailed i | ncluded n due course. THIS | | |
| 1. This communication is responsive to the RCE filed 05/27/203 | | | | | |
| 2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a restr | | e interview on | ; the restriction | | |
| The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1,2,4-10,12 and 14-37</u>. As a resu Prosecution Highway program at a participating intellectual please see http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index | property office for the corresponding | g application. F | or more information, | | |
| 4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | |
| Certified copies: a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some *c) ☐ None of the: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * Certified copies not received: | been received in Application No | | pplication from the | | |
| Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMETHIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE. | | complying with t | the requirements | | |
| 5. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must | be submitted. | | | | |
| including changes required by the attached Examiner's Paper No./Mail Date | Amendment / Comment or in the Of | fice action of | | | |
| Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.8 each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the | | | not the back) of | | |
| DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BI attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FO | | | ne | | |
| Attachment(s) 1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2. Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date 3. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material 4. Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date | 5. ☐ Examiner's Amendn6. ☑ Examiner's Stateme7. ☐ Other | | for Allowance | | |
| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2453 | | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 08-13)

Notice of Allowability

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20140529

Application/Control Number: 13/615,557 Page 2

Art Unit: 2453

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

2. Pursuant to 37 C.F.R 1.109 and M.P.E.P 1302.14, the following is an Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance:

Kiuchi discloses that the C-HTTP name server stores the IP address and public key of a particular computer in a data structure that maps the name of the particular computer to the corresponding IP address and public key. Kiuchi discloses that the client-side proxy sends a request to the C-HTTP, where the request is asking the C-HTTP server for permission to establish a connection with a server-side proxy.

Wesinger describes a system in which a configuration file is stored on a series of firewalls. The configuration files store security information by domain name and use the domain name to determine if a particular request is to be allowed.

Moreover, Wesinger discloses the following sequence: (i) a request is received by the firewall/DNS server, (ii) the domain name in the request is looked up in the configuration file, (iii) if the connection is allowed, then the firewall/DNS server may invoke code that performs channel processing, which includes encryption.

Wesinger discloses that DNS propagation happens in a normal manner, but also teaches that the DNS propagation happens through the firewall servers, and the DNS propagation is subject to the allowance or denies connection rules.

In Examiner's opinion, both Kiuchi and Wesinger may not clearly disclose the feature of " (1) intercepting from the client device a request to look up an IP address corresponding to a domain name associated; (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and in response to determining, in

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Art Unit: 2453

step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel."

Examiner considers the applicants' claims 1-2, 4-10, 12, 14-37 to be allowable based on Examiner's understanding and Examiner's opinion should not be imputed to the concession of the prior arts and the exhaustion of the prior arts for determining the patentability of any or all claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisna Lim whose telephone number is 571-272-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Friday from 7:10 AM to 5:40 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Krista Zele, can be reached on 571-272-7288. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (In USA or Canada) or 571-272-100.

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Art Unit: 2453

ΚI

May 29, 2014

/Krisna Lim/

Primary Examiner Art Unit 2453

Search Notes

| Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| Examiner | Art Unit |
| KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

| CPC- SEARCHED | | |
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| Symbol | Date | Examiner |

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| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner |
| 709 | 222-227 | 07/25/2013 | kl |
| 709 | 222-227 | 05/29/2013 | kl |

| SEARCH NOTES | | |
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| Search Notes | Date | Examiner |
| Inventors | 07/25/2013 | kl |
| Inventors | 05/29/2014 | kl |

| INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | | |
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| US Class/ CPC Symbol | US Subclass / CPC Group | Date | Examiner |
| 709 | 222-227 | 05/29/2014 | kl |



KRISNA LIM

| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
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| H04L | 29 | / 12594 | I | 2013-01-01 |
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| NONE | | Total Claims Allowed: | | |
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| (Assistant Examiner) | (Date) | 3 | 4 | |
| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2453 | 05/29/2014 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure | |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 1 | 26, 27 | |



| Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
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| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2453 | 05/29/2014 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 1 | 26, 27 |

| Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
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| 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
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| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2453 | 05/29/2014 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 1 | 26, 27 |

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| Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
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| 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| Examiner | Art Unit |
| KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

| | ☐ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant ☐ CPA ☒ T.D. ☐ R.1.47 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| NONE | | | ns Allowed: |
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| (Assistant Examiner) | (Date) | 3 | 4 |
| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2453 | 05/29/2014 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure |
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Index of Claims 13615557 Examiner KRISNA LIM Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LARSON ET AL. Art Unit 2453

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| Final | Original | 07/25/2013 | 11/06/2013 | 02/19/2014 | 05/29/2014 | | | | |
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Petitioner Apple Inc. - Exhibit 1002, p. 581

Part of Paper No.: 20140529

| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
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| Index of Claims | 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
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| | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

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| ☐ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant ☐ CPA ☒ T.D. ☐ R. | | | | | | |] R.1.47 | 7 | | | | |
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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | Victor Larson | 077580-0177 | 1089 |
| 23630 McDermott Wil | 7590 07/09/201 ll & Emery | 4 | EXAM | IINER |
| The McDermot | t Building | | LIM, K | RISNA |
| Washington, D | tol Street, N.W. C 20001 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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| | | | 07/09/2014 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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| Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
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| 13/615,557 | LARSON ET AL. | | | | |
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| All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (Cherewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or | other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. THIS HTS. This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative |
| 1. ☑ This communication is responsive to the RCE filed 05/27/2012 ☐ A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under 37 CFR 1.130(b) was/w | |
| 2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a restrict requirement and election have been incorporated into this action. | tion requirement set forth during the interview on; the restriction on. |
| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | of the allowed claim(s), you may be eligible to benefit from the Patent property office for the corresponding application. For more information, stipp or send an inquiry to PPHfeedback@uspto.gov . |
| 4. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 3 Certified copies: | 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some *c) ☐ None of the: | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have b | oon received |
| Certified copies of the priority documents have be compared to the priority documents have been documentable to th | |
| | ments have been received in this national stage application from the |
| International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | Home have been received in the hatienal stage application from the |
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| Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMEI THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE. | this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements NT of this application. |
| 5. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be | e submitted. |
| including changes required by the attached Examiner's A Paper No./Mail Date | mendment / Comment or in the Office action of |
| Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84 each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the | (c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| 6. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIC attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR | |
| Attachment(s) | |
| 1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 5. Examiner's Amendment/Comment |
| 2. Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), | 6. ☐ Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance |
| Paper No./Mail Date 3. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit | 7. |
| of Biological Material | - |
| 4. Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date | |
| /KRISNA LIM/ | |
| Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2453 | |
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 08-13)

Notice of Allowability

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20140701

Application/Control Number: 13/615,557 Page 2

Art Unit: 2453

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

2 Pursuant to 37 C.F.R 1.109 and M.P.E.P 1302.14, the following is an Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance:

Kiuchi discloses that the C-HTTP name server stores the IP address and public key of a particular computer in a data structure that maps the name of the particular computer to the corresponding IP address and public key. Kiuchi discloses that the client-side proxy sends a request to the C-HTTP, where the request is asking the C-HTTP server for permission to establish a connection with a server-side proxy. Wesinger describes a system in which a configuration file is stored on a series of firewalls. The configuration files store security information by domain name and use the domain name to determine if a particular request is to be allowed.

Moreover, Wesinger discloses the following sequence: (i) a request is received by the firewall/DNS server, (ii) the domain name in the request is looked up in the configuration file, (iii) if the connection is allowed, then the firewall/DNS server may invoke code that performs channel processing, which includes encryption.

Wesinger discloses that DNS propagation happens in a normal manner, but also teaches that the DNS propagation happens through the firewall servers, and the DNS propagation is subject to the allowance or denies connection rules.

In Examiner's opinion, both Kiuchi and Wesinger may not clearly disclose the feature of"

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(1) intercepting from the client device a request to look up an IP address corresponding to a domain name associated; (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel."

Examiner considers the applicants' claims 1-2, 4-10, 12, 14-37 to be allowable based on Examiner's understanding and Examiner's opinion should not be imputed to the concession of the prior arts and the exhaustion of the prior arts for determining the patentability of any or all claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisna Lim whose telephone number is 571-272-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday to Friday from 7:10 AM to 5:40 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

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supervisor, Krista Zele, can be reached on 571-272-7288. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR)system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

KI July 01, 2014

/Krisna Lim/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 2453

800-786-9199 (In USA or Canada) or 571-272-100.

| Subst. for form 1449/PTO | | Complete if Known | | | | |
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| | THE SEPTIMENT OF THE PARTY OF T | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | | | |
| | TRADEMARK | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | | | |
| | CERTIF | CATION STATEMENT | | | | |

Please See 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s)

- [] That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement; or
- That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in § 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement.
- [] The Commissioner is authorized to charge any required fees to Deposit Account 50-1133.
- [X] Information Disclosure Statement is being filed with the Request for Continued Examination, which was electronically filed on May 27, 2014 and at that time, all fees due, were paid. However, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any further fees which may be due, to Deposit Account 50-1133.

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

/Toby H. Kusmer/
Toby H. Kusmer; Reg. No.:26,418
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Boston, MA 02109
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DM US 52498342-1.077580.0177

Date: May 27, 2014

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/Krisna Lim/

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| APPLICAN | | OSURE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 |
| | Affect as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | ************************************** | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| MAN | 2 7 2014 🕹 | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| HA | <u> </u> | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
| (în | TANDEM MAKERING | OTHER ART (Including Autho | r, Title, Date, Pertine | nt Pages, Etc.) |
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| | D1417 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamina Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit A: Cu | tion of Patent Number 7 | ,490,151 filed on July 25, 2011, |
| | D1418 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminal Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit E1: C | | |
| | D1419 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminat Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit E2: D | | |
| | D1420 | Request for Inter Partes Reexamina Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit E: to Your Father's Socks," Network Com | Michael Fratto's Declara | ation, Fratto, "Aventail VPN 2.5: Not |
| | D1421 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminal Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit F: to Free with Three Socks 5-Based Proy (June 15, 1998) | Michael Fratto's Declara | ition, Fratto, "Footloose and Fancy |
| | D1422 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminat Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit H: to Directory-enabled Extranet Solution; www.aventail.com." (August 9, 1998) | Michael Fratto's Declara Aventail Extranet Cente | ation, PR Newswire, "Aventail Ships |
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| | D1430 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminat Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit C1: C | laim Chart '181 Relative | to Beser, 9 pages |
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| | D1432 | Request for Inter Partes Reexaminat Requester Apple Inc. – Exhibit C4: C | laim Chart - '181 Relativ | ve to Provino, 9 pages |
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| | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | (8) |
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| D1437 | IPR2013-00348; Inter Partes Review Petitioner Apple Inc., – Exhibit 1005 | w of Patent Number 6,50 Declaration of Chris Ho | | |
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| D1439 | Petitioner Apple Inc., - Exhibit 1019 | | | |
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| | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | (8) |
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| D1460 | IPR2013-00349 Inter Partes Review Petitioner Apple Inc., – Exhibit 1006 | | | |
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| D1465 | IPR2013-00354; Inter Partes Review Petitioner Apple Inc., – Exhibit 1048: Reply Claim Construction Brief of De | VirnetX, Inc., Inc. vs. C | isco Systems, Inc., et al., VirnetX | • |
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| | DISCL | OSURE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| | ts as nec | cessary) | First Named Inventor | 13/615,557 09-13-2012 Victor Larson 2453 Krisna Lim 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3C 2,135 filed on June 23, 2013, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 3 | |
| | | Filing Date 09-13-2012 First Named Inventor Victor Larson Art Unit 2453 Examiner Name T7580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3C R22013-00375; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 6,502,135 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1014: Trial Transcript (Morning Session) of overmber 1, 2012, 146 pages R22013-00375; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 6,502,135 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1015: VirnetX Inc., vs. Apple; Memorandum Opinion of Order dated February 26, 2013, 47 pages R22013-00376; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 6,502,135 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1018: VirnetX Reply Claim Construction, 13 pages 110, 151, 163 pages R2013-00376; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,490,151 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC. — Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent Number 190,151, 68 pages R2013-00376; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,921,211 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent No. 7,921,211 R2013-00378; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,921,211 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1004: Declaration of Russell Housley Regarding S. Patent Number 7,418,504, 98 pages (2013) S. Patent Number 7,418,504, 98 pages (2013) S. Patent Number 7,418,504, 98 pages (2013) R2013-00378; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,921,211 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1009: VirnetX, Inc., vs. Mitel Networks Corp., et al., metX Opening Claim Construction Brief, 28 pages (2012) R2013-00378; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,921,211 filed on June 23, 2013, stitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., — Exhibit 1000: The American Heritage Dictionary of the glish Language, Third Edition, 4 pages (1996) R2013-00393; Inter Partes Review of Patent Number 7,418,504 filed on July 1, 2013, stitioner Apple Inc., — Petition for Inter Partes Review of US Patent No. 7,418,504 filed on July 1, | | | |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3C0 | ON8) |
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| | 01474 | Petitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., - | - Exhibit 1015: VirnetX Inc | | |
| | 01475 | IPR2013-00375; Inter Partes Revie Petitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., | ew of Patent Number 6,50 | | |
| | D1476 | IPR2013-00376; Inter Partes Revie Petitioner New Bay Capital, LLC. – | | | |
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| | 01480 | Petitioner New Bay Capital, LLC., - | - Exhibit 1010: The Ameri | | |
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| С | 01483 | IPR2013-00393; Inter Partes Revie | ew of Patent Number 7,41 | 8,504 filed on July 1, 2013, | |
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| | URE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 |
| | sary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| , | • | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
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| | | OSURE STATEMENT VS. | Filing Date | 09-13-2012 | |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | | |
| (, | | • | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3C | ONS) |
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| | D1520 | IPR2014-00175; Inter Partes Review Petitioner RPX Corporation; Petition | of Patent Number 7,92 | 1,211 filed on November 20, 2013, | |
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| Use as many sheets as necessary) | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8 |
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| | | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
| | | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) |
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| | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON8) | |
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| D1605 | VirnetX vs. Microsoft; Defendant's 230: Abadi vs. Claims of the '151 F | Preliminary Invalidity Con | itentions dated 11/14/2013; Exhibit | |
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| | | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
| | | Docket Number | 77580-177 (VRNK-0001CP3CON | 18) |
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| D1616 | VirnetX vs. Microsoft; Defendant's P 261: Provino vs. Claims of the '274 | reliminary Invalidity Con | tentions dated 11/14/2013; Exhibit | _ |
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| (Use as many sh | eets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| Use as many si | heets as ne | cessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson |
| | | | Art Unit | 2453 |
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| | | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| (Use as many sheets a: | s necessary) | First Named Inventor | Victor Larson | |
| | | Art Unit | 2453 | |
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| | | Art Unit | 2453 |
| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim |
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| | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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| | | | Examiner Name | Krisna Lim | |
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^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if Reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

¹ Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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| NONE | | Total Claims Allowed: | | |
|------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| (Assistant Examiner) | (Date) | 34 | | |
| /KRISNA LIM/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2453 | 07/01/2014 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure | |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 1 | 26, 27 | |

| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Index of Claims | 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

| ✓ | Rejected | - | Cancelled | N | Non-Elected | Α | Appeal |
|---|----------|---|------------|---|--------------|---|----------|
| = | Allowed | ÷ | Restricted | I | Interference | 0 | Objected |

| ☐ Claims | renumbered | in the same | order as pr | esented by | applicant | | СРА | ⊠ T | .D. 🗆 | R.1.47 |
|----------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------|-----|------------|-------|--------|
| CL | AIM | | | | | DATE | | | | |
| Final | Original | 07/25/2013 | 11/06/2013 | 02/19/2014 | 05/29/2014 | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| | 3 | ✓ | - | | - | | | | | |
| 3 | 4 | ✓ | ✓ | √ | = | | | | | |
| 4 | 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 5 | 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 6 | 7 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 7 | 8 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 8 | 9 | √ | ✓ | √ | = | | | | | |
| 9 | 10 | ✓ | ✓ | √ | = | | | | | |
| | 11 | √ | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 10 | 12 | ✓ | ✓ | √ | = | | | | | |
| | 13 | ✓ | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 11 | 14 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 12 | 15 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 13 | 16 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 14 | 17 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 15 | 18 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 21 | 19 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 22 | 20 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 23 | 21 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 24 | 22 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 25 | 23 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 26 | 24 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 27 | 25 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 28 | 26 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 29 | 27 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 30 | 28 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 31 | 29 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 32 | 30 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 33 | 31 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 34 | 32 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 16 | 33 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 17 | 34 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 18 | 35 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |
| 19 | 36 | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Part of Paper No.: 20140529

| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Index of Claims | 13615557 | LARSON ET AL. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |

| ✓ | Rejected | - | Cancelled | N | Non-Elected | Α | Appeal | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|------------|---|--------------|---|----------|--|--|--|
| = | Allowed | ÷ | Restricted | I | Interference | 0 | Objected | | | |
| | ☐ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant ☐ CPA ☐ T.D. ☐ R.1.47 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CLAIM DATE | | | | | | | | | |

07/25/2013 11/06/2013 02/19/2014 05/29/2014

Final

20

Original

37

Docket No.: 077580-0177

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. : Customer Number: 23630

Application No.: 13/615,557 : Confirmation No. 1089

:

Filed: September 13, 2012 : Group Art Unit: 2453

Group Titt Cint. 2133

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Examiner: Krisna Lim

Mail Stop Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.312 AND COMMENTS ON EXAMINER'S STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

Commissioner:

Further to a Notice of Allowance mailed on June 10, 2014 ("Notice of Allowance"), and without withdrawing the application from issue, please enter the following amendments under 37 C.F.R. § 1.312 and remarks.

Amendments to the Claims begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 8 of this paper.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows. This listing of the claims replaces all prior listings of the claims.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow secure data communications between the client device and the target device over the encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the method comprising:
- (1) intercepting from the client device a request to look up an Internet Protocol (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
- (2) determining whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted intercepted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address in step (2) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, providing provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the IP address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.
 - 3. (Canceled)

4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.

7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client device is a phone.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein providing the provisioning information required to initiate the encrypted communications channel is based on a determination that the target device is a device with which an encrypted communications channel can be established when the IP address request corresponds to a target device identified in an network address lookup.

11. (Canceled)

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.

13. (Canceled)

14. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the target device is a server.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A system for transparently creating an encrypted communications channel between a client device and a target device, each device being configured to allow secure data communications therebetween over an encrypted communications channel once the encrypted communications channel is created, the system including a memory storing instructions, and a server configuration arranged to:
- (1) intercept from the client device a request to look up an Internet <u>Protocol</u> (IP) address corresponding to a domain name associated with the target device;
- (2) determine whether the request to look up the IP address transmitted intercepted in step (1) corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device; and
- (3) in response to determining, in step (2), that the request to look up the IP address corresponds to a device that accepts an encrypted communications channel connection with the client device, provide provisioning information required to initiate the creation of the encrypted communications channel between the client device and the target device such that the encrypted communications channel supports secure data communications transmitted between the two

devices, the client device being a device at which a user accesses the encrypted communications channel.

- 20. (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 21, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the domain name is a secure domain name.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a broadband connection.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is an unmodulated transmission link.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel is a modulated transmission link.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports at least one of the following: FDM, TDM and CDMA.

28. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the client device is a phone.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a server.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein the target device is a phone.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request consists of the system receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 19, wherein intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein intercepting the request consists of receiving the request to determine whether the target device accepts an encrypted channel connection with the client device.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the intercepting the request occurs within another device that is separate from the client device.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the encrypted communications channel supports a plurality of services.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 35, wherein the plurality of services comprises a plurality of communication protocols, a plurality of application programs, multiple sessions, or a combination thereof.

37. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 36, wherein the plurality of other application programs comprises at least one of the following: e-mail, a word processing program, and telephony.

REMARKS

Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 12, and 14-37 remain pending in the application and stand allowed, with claims 1 and 19 being the independent claims. Independent claims 1 and 19 are amended to address formal matters relating to self-evident corrections, without changing the scope of the claims. The amendments should be entered under 37 C.F.R. § 1.312 without withdrawing the application from issue. M.P.E.P. § 714.16.

The Notice of Allowance is accompanied by a Notice of Allowability containing a statement of the Examiner's reasons for allowance, which characterizes the allowed claims and cited references (Kiuchi and Wesinger). (See Notice of Allowability at 2-3.) Applicants agree with the Examiner's conclusion that the claims are allowable, but do not necessarily agree with the Examiner's characterizations or all of the Examiner's reasoning. For instance, Applicant submits that each of the allowed claims is patentable based on the subject matter defined by the claim language and the combination of recitations within the claims, and not based solely on the recitations highlighted by the Examiner. Additionally, Applicants maintain that the claims are patentable over the cited references for reasons discussed in Applicants' prior responses, not only for the reasons mentioned by the Examiner.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully request entry of the above-discussed amendments to independent claims 1 and 19 under 37 C.F.R. § 1.312 without withdrawing the application from issue, as well as entry of Applicants' above comments on the Examiner's statement of reasons for allowance. If necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 501133, and please credit any excess fees to the deposit account.

The Examiner is encouraged to call the undersigned attorney should he wish to resolve any outstanding issues in connection with the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP

Date: September 8, 2014 /Toby H. Kusmer/

Toby H. Kusmer, PC McDermott Will & Emery LLP 28 State Street Boston, MA 02109 Reg. No. 26,418

DD Telephone: (617) 535-4065

Fax: (617) 535-3800 E-mail: tkusmer@mwe.com

| Electronic Acl | knowledgement Receipt |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EFS ID: | 20085502 |
| Application Number: | 13615557 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson |
| Customer Number: | 23630 |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Tricia Tedesco |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 |
| Receipt Date: | 09-SEP-2014 |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 |
| Time Stamp: | 14:12:43 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

Payment information:

File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | Occument Description File Name | | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Amendment after Notice of Allowance | Amendment.pdf | 147725 | no | 9 |
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Warnings:

Information:

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 or Fax (571)-273-2885

| appropriate. All further ndicated unless correct maintenance fee notifica | ted below or directed oth | ig the Patent, advance of the erwise in Block 1, by (| a) specifying a new corre | spondence address; | and/or | (b) indicating a separ | correspondence address as rate "FEE ADDRESS" for |
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| CURRENT CORRESPOND | DENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Bl | ock 1 for any change of address) | Fee | (s) Transmittal Thi | is certifi | cate cannot be used for | domestic mailings of the or any other accompanying at or formal drawing, must |
| McDermott W The McDermott 500 North Capit | t Building | /2014 | I he Sta add trar | Cer ereby certify that th tes Postal Service w ressed to the Mail asmitted to the USP | tificate is Fee(s vith suff Stop 1 TO (571 | of Mailing or Transn) Transmittal is being icient postage for first SSUE FEE address) 273-2885, on the da | nission deposited with the United t class mail in an envelope above, or being facsimile te indicated below. |
| Washington, DO | | | | | | | (Depositor's name) |
| | | | _ | | | | (Signature) |
| | | | L | | | | (Date) |
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | 2 | ATTOR | RNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | • | Victor Larson | | | 077580-0177 | 1089 |
| TITLE OF INVENTION | N: AGILE NETWORK PI | ROTOCOL FOR SECUE | RE COMMUNICATIONS | USING SECURE I | OOMAI | N NAMES | |
| APPLN. TYPE | ENTITY STATUS | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSU | E FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE |
| nonprovisional | UNDISCOUNTED | \$960 | \$0 | \$0 | | \$960 | 09/10/2014 |
| EXAM | MINER | ART UNIT | CLASS-SUBCLASS | | | | |
| LIM, K | KRISNA | 2453 | 713-162000 | _ | | | |
| Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required. | | | 2. For printing on the patent front page, list (1) The names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, (2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. | | | | |
| PLEASE NOTE: Un | nless an assignee is identi th in 37 CFR 3.11. Comp | fied below, no assignee | THE PATENT (print or ty data will appear on the p T a substitute for filing an (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY Zephyr Cove, NV | oatent. If an assign assignment. | | | cument has been filed for |
| Please check the approp | riate assignee category or | categories (will not be p | rinted on the patent): | Individual 🛚 Co | orporatio | on or other private gro | up entity 🗖 Government |
| | | | 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above) ☐ A check is enclosed. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. ☐ The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credits any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 50-1133 (enclose an extra copy of this form). | | | | |
| | atus (from status indicateding micro entity status. Se | | NOTE: Absent a valid co | ertification of Micro | Entity | Status (see forms PTO | /SB/15A and 15B), issue application abandonment. |
| ☐ Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27 | | | NOTE: If the application to be a notification of los | was previously un | der mici | o entity status, checki | ** |
| Applicant changing | ng to regular undiscounted | I fee status. | NOTE: Checking this be entity status, as applicable | x will be taken to b | | • | lement to small or micro |
| NOTE: This form must | be signed in accordance v | vith 37 CFR 1.31 and 1.3 | 3. See 37 CFR 1.4 for sign | ature requirements | and cert | rifications. | |
| Authorized Signature | e /Toby H. Kusmer/ | | | Date Septe | mber | 9, 2014 | |
| Typed or printed nan | Typed or printed name Toby H. Kusmer | | | Registration N | To26 | 6,418 | |

| | | | _ | • • | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Electronic Patent / | App | olication Fee | • Transm | ittal | | |
| Application Number: | 13 | 515557 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13 | -Sep-2012 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Vic | tor Larson | | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Tricia Tedesco | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | | |
| Utility Appl Issue Fee | | 1501 | 1 | 960 | 960 | |
| Extension-of-Time: | | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
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| Miscellaneous: | | | | |
| | Tot | al in USD | (\$) | 960 |
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| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 20091337 | | | |
| Application Number: | 13615557 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 1089 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING SECURE DOMAIN NAMES | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Victor Larson | | | |
| Customer Number: | 23630 | | | |
| Filer: | Toby H. Kusmer./Tricia Tedesco | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Toby H. Kusmer. | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 077580-0177 | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 09-SEP-2014 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 13-SEP-2012 | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 17:44:18 | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | yes |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Payment Type | Deposit Account |
| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$960 |
| RAM confirmation Number | 2223 |
| Deposit Account | 501133 |
| Authorized User | |

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) | IssueFeePayment.pdf | 87956 | no | 1 |
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| 2 | Fee Worksheet (SB06) | fee-info.pdf | 30508 | no | 2 |
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

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New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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09/12/2014

Docket No.: 077580-0177

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Victor LARSON, et al. : Customer Number: 23630

Application No.: 13/615,557 : Confirmation No. 1089

Filed: September 13, 2012 : Group Art Unit: 2453

For: AGILE NETWORK PROTOCOL FOR SECURE COMMUNICATIONS USING

SECURE DOMAIN NAMES

Examiner: Krisna Lim

:

Mail Stop Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.312 AND COMMENTS ON EXAMINER'S STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

Commissioner:

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Remarks begin on page 8 of this paper.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/615,557 | 09/13/2012 | Victor Larson | 077580-0177 | 1089 |
| 23630 McDermott Wil | 7590 09/25/201 Il & Emery | 4 | EXAM | IINER |
| The McDermot | t Building | | LIM, K | RISNA |
| 500 North Capi Washington, D | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2453 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 09/25/2014 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mweipdocket@mwe.com

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
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| Respo | onse to Rule 312 Communication | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | | KRISNA LIM | 2453 |
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| 1. 🔯 The | amendment filed on <i>09 September 2014</i> under 37 | CFR 1.312 has been conside | ered, and has been: |
| a) 🛛 | entered. | | , |
| b) 🛛 | entered as directed to matters of form not affecting | g the scope of the invention. | |
| c) 🗌 | disapproved because the amendment was filed at Any amendment filed after the date the issue f | | |
| | and the required fee to withdraw the applicatio | n from issue. | |
| d) 🔲 | disapproved. See explanation below. | | |
| e) 🔲 | entered in part. See explanation below. | | |
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McDermott Will & Emery The McDermott Building 500 North Capitol Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20001

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

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