	Page 1
1 2 3	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD
4	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC., CIENA CORPORATION, CORIANT OPERATIONS, INC., CORIANT (USA), INC., and FUJITSU
5	NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS, INC., Petitioners
6	V. CAPELLA PHOTONICS, INC.
7	Patent Owner
8	CASE NO. IPR2014-01166 (merged with IPR2015-00816) CASE NO. IPR2014-01276 (merged with IPR2015-00894)
9	
10	- and -
11	FUJITSU NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS, INC., Petitioner v.
12	CAPELLA PHOTONICS, INC. Patent Owner
13	Facenic Owner
10	CASE NO. IPR2015-00726
14	CASE NO. IPR2015-00727
15	
16	Wednesday, September 23, 2015 3:00 p.m.
17	
18	
1.0	TELECONFERENCE IN THE ABOVE MATTER
19	BEFORE: JAMES A. TARTAL
20	JOSIAH C. COCKS
	KALYAN K. DESHPANDE
21	Administrative Patent Judges
22	
23	
24	VERITEXT NATIONAL COURT REPORTING COMPANY MID-ATLANTIC REGION
<u></u> т т	1250 Eye Street, NW, Suite 1201
25	Washington, DC 20005

1 APPEARA	ANCES: Page	² 1	Pag JUDGE TARTAL: Good afternoon. This
2 COO	LEY, LLP	-	is Judge Tartal. With me are Judges Cocks and
3 BY:	WAYNE STACY, ESQUIRE		
	nterlocken Crescent, Suite 900 nfield, CO 80021-8023		Deshpande.
	66-4125 N@ccclau.com	4	This call is in regard to a series of
	y@cooley.com esenting the Petitioner Cisco Systems,	5	inter partes review cases: IPR2014-01166,
6 Inc. 7		6	IPR2015-00726, IPR2014-01276, and IPR2015-00727.
	HAM & WATKINS, LLP	7	Can counsel for Patent Owner please
	CHI CHEUNG, ESQUIRE DB STEINBERG, ESQUIRE	8	identify yourself?
9 355 S	outh Grand Avenue	9	MR. STERNE: Good afternoon, Judge
	ngeles, CA 90071-1560 91-8989		Tartal. This is Robert Sterne from Sterne Kessler
chi.ch	neung@lw.com	10	
	teinberg@lw.com esenting the Petitioner Ciena	11	on for the Patent Owner, and with me is my
12 Corpo	pration	12	colleague, Nick Nowak, who is on with me today.
13 BAN	NER WITCOFF, LTD.	13	JUDGE TARTAL: Thank you. And have
	J. PIETER VAN ES, ESQUIRE ICHAEL S. CUVIELLO, ESQUIRE	14	you provided a court reporter for today's call?
15 Ten S	bouth Wacker Drive, Suite 3000	15	MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor, we
	go, IL 60606-7407 63-5000	16	have. Her name is Susan. She's on the line now.
pvane	es@bannerwitcoff.com	17	
1	esenting the Petitioner Coriant titions, Inc., and Coriant (USA), Inc.		will have a transcript available to the Board and to
18		18	
BY:	BANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY, LLP NATHANIEL BROWAND, ESQUIRE	19	everyone else by Friday, if that would be
	HRISTOPHER CHALSEN, ESQUIRE berty Street	20	
21 New	York, NY 10005	21	JUDGE TARTAL: Yes, and that will be
	30-5380 vand@milbank.com	22	entered. Thank you. Thank you for providing the
cchal	sen@milbank.com	23	transcript.
	senting the Petitioner Fujitsu Network nunications, Inc.	24	Beginning with the 2014-01166
24 25		25	proceeding, who do we have on for Petitioner?
	Page	3	Pag
1 APPE	ARANCES: (Continued)	1	MR. STACY: This is Wayne Stacy for
2		2	Cisco.
	TERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX, P.L.L.	$\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	JUDGE TARTAL: And do we have anybody
3 E	BY: ROBERT GREENE STERNE, ESQUIRE	-	
1 1	NICHOLAS J. NOWAK, ESQUIRE		else on the call in regard to the 01166 case?
	100 New York Avenue, N.W. Vashington, D.C. 20005-3934	5	MR. BROWAND: Yes. This is Nathaniel
	02-371-2600	6	Browand on behalf of Fujitsu Network Communications
	sterne@skgf.com	7	and with me is Christopher Chalsen.
	nowak@skgf.com	8	JUDGE TARTAL: Thank you.
	Representing the Patent Owner	9	In regards to I'm sorry.
7		10	MR. van ES: Your Honor, this is
0			Pieter van Es on behalf of the Coriant entities, and
8			
9		12	with me also on the phone is Mike Cuviello from my
10 11		13	law firm as well.
11		14	MR. CHEUNG: And this is Chi Cheung
		15	of Latham & Watkins and with me is Bob Steinberg for
13		16	Ciena.
		17	JUDGE TARTAL: And for the Case
14			2015-00726, who do we have for Petitioner?
14 15		18	
14 15 16 17		18	
14 15 16 17 18		18 19	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's
14 15 16 17 18 19		18 19 20	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's Nathaniel Browand and Christopher Chalsen on behalf
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		18 19 20 21	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's Nathaniel Browand and Christopher Chalsen on behalf of Petitioner Fujitsu Network Communications.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		18 19 20	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's Nathaniel Browand and Christopher Chalsen on behalf
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		18 19 20 21	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's Nathaniel Browand and Christopher Chalsen on behalf of Petitioner Fujitsu Network Communications.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. BROWAND: Again, Your Honor, it's Nathaniel Browand and Christopher Chalsen on behalf of Petitioner Fujitsu Network Communications. JUDGE TARTAL: Okay. Thank you.

1	Page 6	1	Pag
	IPR2015-00727 for any of the parties?		diligent in seeking it.
2		2	Your Honors, I understand that we're
3	(No response.)		not here to argue the merits of the motion and only
4			to seek authorization to file, but if you would
5	JUDGE TARTAL: Okay. Then I believe		like, I can go into the facts around each of these
6	Patent Owner requested the call and so we will begin	6	three bodies of evidence, if you would like.
7	, e	7	JUDGE TARTAL: Thank you, counsel.
8	issue they have of concern.		First I would like to just clarify, are you no
9	MR. STERNE: Good afternoon, Your	9	longer including in your request any requests for
10	Honors, and may it please the Board, this is Robert	10	additional discovery?
11	Sterne again, and thank you very much, Your Honors,	11	MR. STERNE: That's correct. We are
12	for making yourselves available for this call.	12	seeking routine discovery.
13	Patent Owner Capella seeks	13	JUDGE TARTAL: And
14	authorization to file motions to compel routine	14	MR. STERNE: Your Honors, our
	discovery related to inconsistencies between known	15	position, as I can explain now and also in the
	facts and the real party in interest statements made		motion, is that we are of the view that this is
17			routine discovery. If the Board wants us to addres
18	respective petitions.		whether this would constitute additional discovery
19			we definitely believe we've complied with the Gar
	authorization to file, Capella will ask the Board to		factors and we can show that in our motion as well
	compel routine discovery I repeat, routine	21	JUDGE TARTAL: Well, I think it's for
	discovery from Petitioners proving or disproving		the party to determine whether they're requesting
	at least three things:		routine or additional discovery or both, and so I
23 24	•		will leave that to your discretion as to how you
	supplier of the alleged infringing devices that are		would address it.
25		23	
	Page 7		Pag
	at issue in the related District Court litigation,	1	But on the routine discovery, can you
	is obligated to indemnify Petitioners for		briefly address what the basis is for your request
	infringement; and, if so, whether such obligations		in light of what the requirements are for routine
	provide JDS Uniphase with an opportunity to fund		
			discovery, and in particular what it is that you
~	and/or control the petitions or the defense of the	5	contend supports the belief that there is
6	litigation.	5	
6 7	litigation. The second point is whether JDS	5 6	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed?
6 7 8	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art	5 6	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements
6 7 8 9	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art references specifically, Your Honors, the	5 6 7 8	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed?
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6 7 8 9 10 11	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art references specifically, Your Honors, the Bouevitch and Smith references, which are patents to Petitioners in an effort to control the grounds	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed? MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor, and it falls into three categories, and I'd like to briefly walk through that. Again, our position is that it's
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6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art references specifically, Your Honors, the Bouevitch and Smith references, which are patents to Petitioners in an effort to control the grounds of unpatentability set forth in the petitions. And, three, whether, as a result of agreeing in the District Court litigation to be bound by the estoppels applicable to Cisco's petitions, Ciena, Coriant, and Fujitsu helped to fund or control the Cisco petitions. Now, Your Honor, after meeting and conferring, Petitioners have denied Capella routine discovery into these issues and, rather, assert that such discovery.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed? MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor, and it falls into three categories, and I'd like to briefly walk through that. Again, our position is that it's routine discovery because Petitioners' real party in interest statements are inconsistent with the following facts. Let's look at indemnification first. JDS Uniphase sold each of the Petitioners the devices they are accused of infringing in the District Court litigation. Now, as a result, under California Commercial Code Provision 2312 Subsection 3, JDS Uniphase is obligated to indemnify Petitioners for patent infringement. And if not under the California Commercial Code, we contend, it
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art references specifically, Your Honors, the Bouevitch and Smith references, which are patents to Petitioners in an effort to control the grounds of unpatentability set forth in the petitions. And, three, whether, as a result of agreeing in the District Court litigation to be bound by the estoppels applicable to Cisco's petitions, Ciena, Coriant, and Fujitsu helped to fund or control the Cisco petitions. Now, Your Honor, after meeting and conferring, Petitioners have denied Capella routine discovery into these issues and, rather, assert that such discovery. But in its motion Capella intends to	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed? MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor, and it falls into three categories, and I'd like to briefly walk through that. Again, our position is that it's routine discovery because Petitioners' real party in interest statements are inconsistent with the following facts. Let's look at indemnification first. JDS Uniphase sold each of the Petitioners the devices they are accused of infringing in the District Court litigation. Now, as a result, under California Commercial Code Provision 2312 Subsection 3, JDS Uniphase is obligated to indemnify Petitioners for patent infringement. And if not under the California Commercial Code, we contend, it is highly likely that JDSU is obligated, instead, to
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	litigation. The second point is whether JDS Uniphase supplied at least two primary prior art references specifically, Your Honors, the Bouevitch and Smith references, which are patents to Petitioners in an effort to control the grounds of unpatentability set forth in the petitions. And, three, whether, as a result of agreeing in the District Court litigation to be bound by the estoppels applicable to Cisco's petitions, Ciena, Coriant, and Fujitsu helped to fund or control the Cisco petitions. Now, Your Honor, after meeting and conferring, Petitioners have denied Capella routine discovery into these issues and, rather, assert that such discovery.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	contend supports the belief that there is information in regards to inconsistent statements that has not been disclosed? MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor, and it falls into three categories, and I'd like to briefly walk through that. Again, our position is that it's routine discovery because Petitioners' real party in interest statements are inconsistent with the following facts. Let's look at indemnification first. JDS Uniphase sold each of the Petitioners the devices they are accused of infringing in the District Court litigation. Now, as a result, under California Commercial Code Provision 2312 Subsection 3, JDS Uniphase is obligated to indemnify Petitioners for patent infringement. And if not under the California Commercial Code, we contend, it

	Page 10		Page
	industry.		motion. We are not contending that based on what we
2	While we understand that an		know right now, this alone would be necessarily
	obligation to indemnify without more is not	3	sufficient.
	dispositive with respect to whether the indemnitor	4	And I'd like to talk about the third
	exercises or could exercise control under the IPR		body of evidence in a moment concerning the
	proceedings, the determination of whether a party is	6	estoppels in the District Court and the stay.
	a real party in interest is a fact-dependent	7	Our position, Your Honors, is that
8	inquiry, as the Board well knows, and under certain	8	put together, all of this evidence clearly points to
9	circumstances has recognized indemnifying third	9	sufficient basis for the motion to be authorized.
10	parties as real parties in interest.	10	JUDGE TARTAL: Counsel, can you
11	The second body of evidence, Your	11	address the timing of the request? I can tell from
12	Honor, is what we call sharing prior art and working	12	the filings, it looks like the Patent Owner response
13	in concert. In addition to the obligation to	13	in the 2014-01166 case was filed back in May of
14	indemnify, Capella also believes that JDSU and	14	2015, and subsequent to that we have had the
15	Petitioners have, in fact, worked in concert to find	15	Petitioners' reply to that response filed. I
16	prior art and to draft and file the petitions that	16	believe we also have a hearing scheduled for
17	are the subject of our call today.	17	November 5. Why is this request being raised at
18	At least Fujitsu and Cisco have	18	this point in time and why wasn't it raised earlier
19	admitted in the District Court litigation that JDSU	19	in the proceeding?
20	is in possession of relevant prior documents,	20	MR. STERNE: Your Honor, we have
21	witnesses, and materials related to alleged prior	21	tried everything we could to bring it up earlier and
22	art systems; and, indeed, it turns out that	22	despite our very best efforts and everything we've
23	Petitioners' primary prior art references, the Smith	23	done, we find ourselves in the position we are in
24	and the Bouevitch patents, are assigned to JDSU and,	24	today, and we wish that it was not so late in the
25	in fact the Douguitch notant was invented by fine		
20	in fact, the Bouevitch patent was invented by five	25	proceedings for many reasons. So let me address
23	Page 11	25	proceedings for many reasons. So let me address Page
	Page 11		Page
1 2	JDSU employees.	1 2	Page your question directly.
1 2 3	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art	1 2 3	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter
1 2 3 4	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its	1 2 3	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no
1 2 3 4 5	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its invalidity contentions in the District Court	1 2 3 4 5	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no response at all from Cisco.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its invalidity contentions in the District Court litigation and in its IPRs are virtually identical,	1 2 3 4 5 6	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no response at all from Cisco. We followed up on June 1 and we finally got a response from Cisco the next day,
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its invalidity contentions in the District Court litigation and in its IPRs are virtually identical, virtually identical to the primary combined	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no response at all from Cisco. We followed up on June 1 and we finally got a response from Cisco the next day,
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its invalidity contentions in the District Court litigation and in its IPRs are virtually identical, virtually identical to the primary combined references of alleged prior art and arguments that	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no response at all from Cisco. We followed up on June 1 and we finally got a response from Cisco the next day, indicating that they would not provide, they would
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Page 11 JDSU employees. Moreover, the primary prior art references and arguments raised by Cisco in its invalidity contentions in the District Court litigation and in its IPRs are virtually identical, virtually identical to the primary combined references of alleged prior art and arguments that JDSU raises in its own inter partes petitions. So we contend that due to the	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Page your question directly. We first approached Cisco by letter about this issue on April 28. We received no response at all from Cisco. We followed up on June 1 and we finally got a response from Cisco the next day, indicating that they would not provide, they would not provide the requested discovery. We approached Ciena, Coriant, and Fujitsu by letter first on June 18 and again after
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1			
1	Page 14 own making, and indeed the Board has previously	1	Page 1 that letter says: "Capella requests Cisco provide
	noted that 35 U.S.C. 312(a) is an ongoing		this information by May 4, 2015, or Capella will
	requirement that must be complied with during the		pursue all legal avenues available."
	pendency of the petition.	4	So that's what they told us on
5	So our position, Your Honor, under		April 28. They waited until September 18 to
-	the circumstances here, Capella has raised this		schedule this hearing. The interesting thing about
	issue with the Board as soon as it was practicable.		that is it coincided with the exact day that our
8	JUDGE TARTAL: You indicated you had		motions for observations were due. So they waited
	some comments with regards to the third category,		until everything was closed up before they actually
	estoppel. Can you address that at this point?		pursued any of this discovery.
11	MR. STERNE: Yes, Your Honor. This	11	So I have to quarrel with
	is another important category of evidence that the		Mr. Sterne's representations that they've been
	Board should consider for the authorization.		diligent and done everything possible. They could
14	Fujitsu and Ciena and Coriant agreed		have contacted me on May 4 and said let's get a
	to be bound by Cisco's estoppels to get the District		Board hearing and we could have done that on May
	Court to stay the litigation. And now,		May 6. Instead, they waited five months to take
	specifically, in order to meet the District Court's		care of this. So not even close to being diligent
	requirements for receiving a stay, Fujitsu, Ciena,		on that front.
	and Coriant filed a joint notice with the Court	19	Now, as we go back to the routine
	indicating that they agree to be bound by any and		discovery because I understand that counsel
	all estoppels applicable to Cisco for Cisco's IPRs.		dropped the request for additional discovery, but
21	So our position is because they are		under routine discovery Mr. Sterne laid out three
	bound by any such estoppels, Ciena, Coriant, and		separate issues and, first of all, I would like to
	Fujitsu have a significant active interest in		point out that all three of these issues are legally
	Cisco's IPR trials and as a result have likely taken		insufficient, even if they can prove them up. So it
23	•	23	
1	Page 15	1	Page 1
	an opportunity to control and direct these IPRs.		does look like a fishing expedition and it means
2	Your Honor, it's very difficult, as		that we don't need to go forward on this at all.
	the Board knows, for a Patent Owner to prove	3	Cisco filed its petition and that's
	something unless they can find a smoking gun, as		the time frame we're looking at. Who were the real
3	it's often called, and we have done our very best.		mention in interpret at that maint in time 2 A lat of
6	Walse look at this same some	5	1 1
6	We've looked at this case very	6	the material that Mr. Sterne points to is actually
7	carefully. We've tried everything. These are the	6 7	the material that Mr. Sterne points to is actually things that happened afterwards that other people
7 8	carefully. We've tried everything. These are the reasons we believe that the routine discovery is	6 7 8	the material that Mr. Sterne points to is actually things that happened afterwards that other people like the work that Cisco did and wanted to pile on.
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