Webster's II

New College Dictionary

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chiffonier • chin

cessories for women's clothing. -adj. 1. Of, relating to, or like chif-fon. 2. Having a light and fluify consistency. **chif-fo-nier** (shif')-nir') *n*. [Fr. < *chiffon*, rag. -see CHIFFON.] A narrow, high chest of drawers, often with an attached mirror. **rchif-fo-robe** (shif')-nir') *n*. [CHIFFO(NIER) + (WARD)-ROBE.] Regional. A tall piece of furniture typically having drawers on one side and space for hanging clothes on the other. **chig-ger** (chig' or) *n*. [Var. of CHIGOR.] 1. Any of various small six-legged larvae of mites of the family Trombididae, causing intensely irritating itching when lodged on the skin. 2. CHIGOR 1. **chi-goon** (shēn-yốn', shēn'yôn') *n*. [Fr. < OFr. *chaignon*, chain < Lat. *catena.*] A roll or knot of hair worn at the back of the head or nape of the neck. **chig-oe** (chig', o, chē'gõ) *n*. [Of Cariban orig.] 1. A small tropical flea, *Tunga penetrans*, of which the fertile female burrows under the skin, causing intense irritation and sores that may become severely infect-ed. 2. CHIGGER 1.

ed. 2. CHIGGER 1. Chi-hua-hua (chi-wä'wä, -wə) n. [After Chihuahua, Mexico.] A tiny dog orig, bred in Mexico, with pointed ears and a smooth coat. chil-blain (chil/blain) n. [CHIL(L) + BLAIN.] An inflammation fol-lowed by itchy irritation on the hands, feet, or ears, caused by expo-sure to mosis cold. -chil/blained' adj. child (child) n., pl. chil-dren (chil/dran) [ME < OE cild.] 1. A per-son between birth and puberty. 2. a. An unborn infant : FEIUS. b. A baby : infant. 3. A childish or immature person. 4. A son or daughter i OFFSPRING. 5. often children. Members of a tribe : DSECSENDANTS < children of Abraham> 6. Figurative offspring <a child of nature> - with child. Pregnant. -child/less adj. -child/less-ness n.

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 with child. Pregnant. — child'less adi. — child'less ness
 a word history: The plural of child is really a double plural, and neither plural soffix belongs to the original declension of the word. The earliest Old English form cild was a neuter noun that formed the plural by adding no suffix, like the Modern English words sheep and deer. Other neuter nouns, however, formed plurals by suffixing — rn, and in later Old English form cild.
 This form developed into childer. In Old English still another class of nouns formed the plural with the suffix – an, which survived in Middle English as — en. Oxen and brethren are modern plurals by suffixing — rn, and is suffix, and it was added to childer to make it conform to other nouns. Childeren was probably pronounced children, which became the modern spelling of the plural of child.
 child abuse n. Maltreatment of a child by a parent, guardian, or other adult that includes intentional acts resulting in physical imury, toleration of and complicity in conditions injurious to the child's head (child'béd') n. The state of a woman in childbirth. child-bed (child'béd') n. The state of a woman in childbirth.
 childe child'béd') n. The time or state of being a child.
 child-bear, isp. prescholers. — child'care' n.
 child-bear (child'hörd') n. The time or state of being a child.
 child-birth (child'börd') n. The time or state of being a child.
 child-birth (child'hörd') n. The time or state of being a child.
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child labor n. Full-time employment of children under a minimum legal age.
child-like (child/lik') adj. Like or befitting a child <a childlike, innocent smile> -child/like/ness n.
child neglect n. Failure on the part of a parent or parental substitute to supervise a child and provide requisite care and protection.
child-spece (child'proof) adj. Designed to resist tampering by children <a childlid and provide requisite care and protection.
child-spece (child'proof) adj. Designed to resist tampering by children <a childproof sapirin bottle>
child's play n. 1. An easy task. 2. A trivial matter.
chile's play n. 1. An easy task. 2. A trivial matter.
chile (chil') n. va. of CHILI.
chile con car-ne also chili con car-ne (chil'é kön kär'né) n. [5p. chile, chili + con, with + came, meat.] A highly spiced dish of red peppers, meat, and often beans.
Chile altopeter or chil-li (chil'é) n. pl. -ies also -es or -lies.
[Sp. chile < Nahuati chilli.] 1. a. The very pungent fruit of several varieties of a woody plant, Capsicum frutescens. b. A condiment made from the dried fruits of the chill. 2. Chile con care.
chil-i.ead (kl'é-ád', -d) n. [Lat. chilias, chiliad. < Gk. khilias < khilio, thousand.] 1. A group containing 1,000 elements. 2. One thousand years.

sand years. chili-i-asm (kĭl'ē-ăz'əm).n. [NLat. chiliasmus < LLat. chiliastes, a chiliast < chilias, chiliad.] The belief that Christ will reign on earth for 1,000 years. --chil'i-i-ast' (-äst', -əst) n. --chil'i-as'tic adj. chili-i-bur-ger (chil'ē-bùr'gər) n. A hamburger còvered with chili-chili-i-con car-ne (chil'ē kön kär'nē) n. var. of CHLE CON CAR-NF.

chil·i·dog (chǐl/ē·dôg', dŏg') n. A hot dog covered with chili.

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chi-mer·i·cal (kī-mēr' I·kal, -mīr'-, kī-) also chi-mer-ic (mēr'ſk, -mīr') adj. 1. Like a chimera : IMAGINARY. 2. Given to un realistic fantasies : FANCIFUL. - chi-mer'i cal·ly adv.
chim-ney (chīm'nē) n. pl. -neys. [ME chimene < OFr. cheminee < Lat. caminata, fireplace < Lat. caminus, furnace < Ck. kaminos in fire of furnace : FLUE. b. The usu. vertical structure containing friends and fire or furnace is relue. b. The usu. vertical structure containing. Brit. A smokestack, as of a locomotive. 3. A glass tube for enclosing lamps' flame. 4. Something, as a narrow cleft in a cliff, resembing chimney.

chim.ney.piece (chim/në-pës/) n. 1. The mantel of a fireplace. 2.

chim-ney-piece (chim/nē-pēs/) n. 1. The mantel of a fireplace.
chimney pot n. A pipe put on top of a chimney to improve the chimney sweep n. One who cleans soot from chimneys.
chimney swift n. A small, dark, swallowlike New Word bird Chatura pelagica, that frequently nests in chimneys.
chimney neutropic and the chimneys.
chimney anarcee (chim/păn-zê/, -pan, chim-păn/zê) n. [Of Banorigal Antarate (chim/păn-zê/, -pan, chim-păn/zê) n. [Of Banorigal Antarate, Pan troglodytes of tropical Africa, having surgarious habits and a high degree of intelligence.
chim (chin) n. [ME < OE cin.] The central forward portion of the low of jaw. – V. chinned, chin-ning, chims. – vt. 1. To pull (measure jaw. – V. chinned, chin-ning, chims. – vt. 1. To pull (measure jaw. – V. chinned).

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