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Graveman

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(54) METHOD AND DEVICE FOR GENERATING APPROXIMATE MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION CODES

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Related U.S. Application Data

- (62) Division of application No. 09/458,336, filed on Dec. 10, 1999, now Pat. No. 6,851,052.
- (60) Provisional application No. 60/111,771, filed on Dec. 10, 1998.
- (51) Int. Cl.

H04L 9/00 (2006.01) **H04N 7/167** (2006.01)

- (52) **U.S. Cl.** **713/168**; 713/155; 713/170; 380/229
- (56) References Cited

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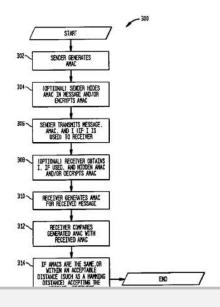
* cited by examiner

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(57) ABSTRACT

An approximate message authentication code (AMAC) which, like conventional message authentication codes, provides absolute authentication of the origin of the message, yet provides an approximate integrity check for the content of the message. The approximate integrity check will be computed probabilistically and will likely be the same for messages having only a small percentage of different bits. A distance measure on the AMACs, such as a Hamming distance measure, may be used to determine whether the number of bit differences between the messages is likely to be within an acceptable amount. The AMAC is a probabilistic checksum based on a shared key. The AMAC uses the message and a shared key as inputs. Optionally, an initial value may also be used as an input. In one version of the invention, the data in the message M are permuted and arranged (physically or logically) into a table having |A| bits in each column and T2 rows, where T is may be an odd integer. The permuted data are masked, for example, to generate an unbiased, independent, identically distributed set of bits (1s and 0s). Taking T rows at a time, the majority bit value for each column is determined and that majority value is used to generate a new row. This procedure is repeated on the T new rows of majority bits. The resulting Al bits is the AMAC.

23 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets





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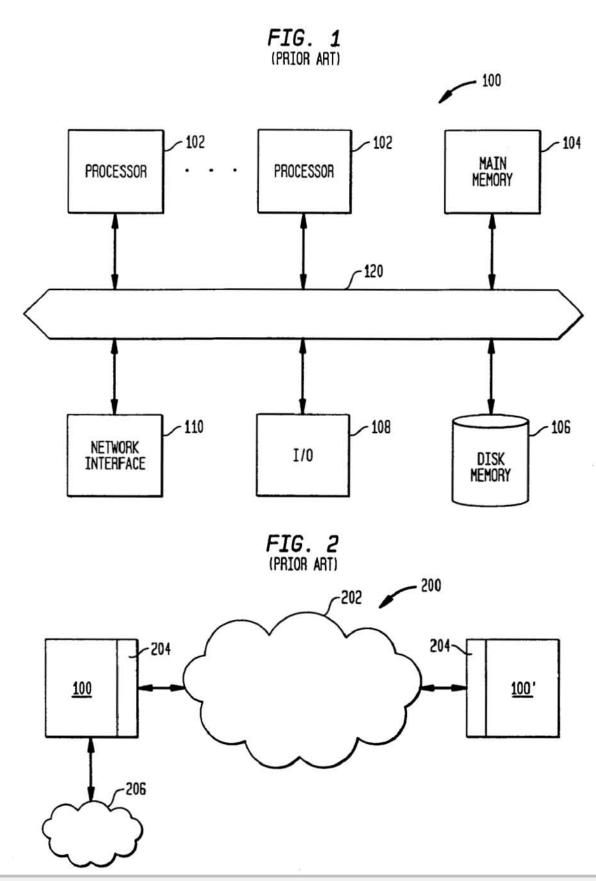




FIG. 3

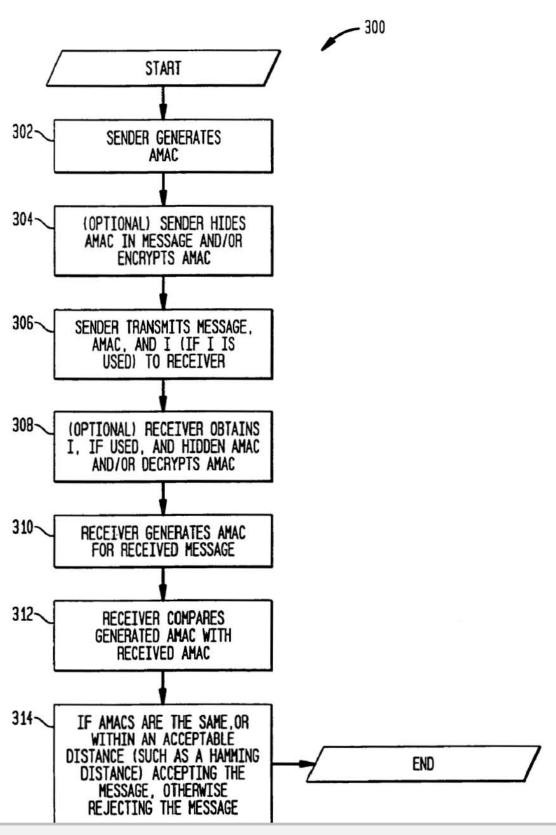




FIG. 4A

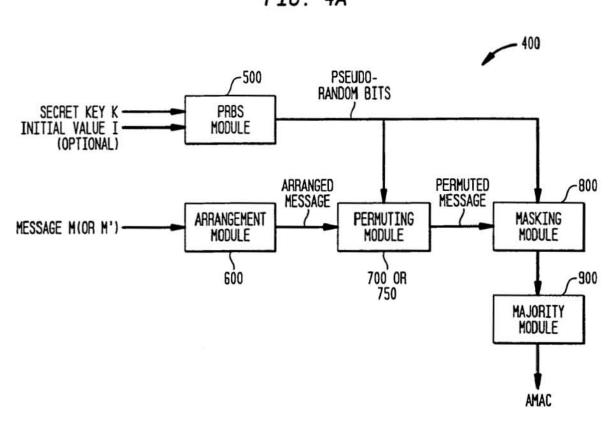


FIG. 4B - 450 START 402~ SENDER & RECEIVER (OPTIONAL) IF PERMUTED BY ROWS, AGREE ON SHARED CIRCULARLY SHIFT EACH ROW (OR SECRET) KEY K A RANDOM NUMBER OF PLACES. FOR EXAMPLE, A RANDOM NUMBER h; IS CHOSEN FOR EACH OF THE i 404~ (OPTIONAL) SENDER CHOOSES ROWS. EACH row; IS CIRCULARLY AN INITIAL VALUE I SHIFTED h, PLACES 406-SENDER & RECEIVER -416 GENERATE THE SAME PSEUDORANDOM BIT MASK OR STREAM ENCRYPT THE PERMUTED MESSAGE. STRING. FOR EXAMPLE. FOR EXAMPLE, USE BITS A PSEUDO-RANDOM FROM THE PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR IS BIT STRING TO BIT WISE SEEDED WITH K AND I XOR THE PERMUTED (IF I IS USED) MESSAGE 408--418 CHOOSE THE AMAC FOR EACH GROUP OF T ROWS, GENERATE A NEW ROW CONSISTING OF THE MAJORITY SIZE A OF EACH OF THE A COLUMNS. THIS YIELDS T 410-ARRANGE THE MESSAGE **NEW ROWS** M (OR M') INTO T²
ROWS OF |A| BITS. THE MESSAGE IS PADDED WITH OS IF -420 REPEAT STEP 418 FOR NEEDED. (T.S PREFERABLY ADD) THE T NEW ROWS. THE RESULTING |A| BITS ARE THE AMAC 412~ USE THE PSEUDO-RANDOM BIT STRING TO PERMUTE THE MESSAGE, SUCH AS ROW-BY-ROW OR BIT-END BY-BIT



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