Webster's Third New International Dictionary

OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE
UNABRIDGED

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resting position: REST (upon that cottage beath represent by limbs—William Wordsworth) b: to give rest to: refresh by limbs—William Wordsworth) b: to give rest to: refresh by rest (enter in the castle and there ~ you for the night—Shak.) rest (enter in the castle and there ~ you for the night—Shak.) 2: to cause to be calm or quiet: CoMPOSE (extraordinarily difficult to ~ a man whose leg troubled him, whose war troubled him, whose bank troubled him and whose wife troubled him—Francis Hackett)—yi 1 a: to lie at rest troubled him—Francis Hackett)—yi 1 a: to lie at rest (during the hot afternoon, the entire town ~s) b: to lie dead (during the hot afternoon, the entire town ~s) b: to lie dead (during the hot afternoon, the entire town ~s) b: to lie dead (during the hot afternoon, the entire town ~s) b: to lie dead (during the hot afternoon). (during the not alternoon, the entire flown ~ 0.10 he dead (reposing in state) 0: to remain still or concealed: lie quiet or hidden (under the soil . . . there ~ vastly greater quantities of raw materials —F.C.James) (the existence of similar sunken lands now reposing on the bottom of the Pacific -I.F. sunken lands now reposing on the bottom of the Pacific—J.F. McComas) 2: to take rest; cease from activity, exertion, or movement (she did not ~; she could not ... she sat thinking—Arnold Bennett) 3 archaic to rest in confidence: RELY (upon whose faith and honor I ~—Shak.) 4: to rest for support to the property of the confidence of the property of the confidence of the part of the confidence of the property of the propert (upon whose taith and nonor 1 ~ - Shak.) 4: to rest for support: LE — usu. used with on or upon (cutting generous portions with a huge knife from the loaf reposing on a round wooden base - Sidney Lovett) (medieval justice reposed so greatly on the system of fines - G.G.Coulton)

Tepose \"\ n - s [MF repos, fr. OF, fr. reposer, v.] 1 a: a

state of resting after exertion or strain; temporary mental or physical inactivity used to restore vigor; esp; rest in sleep (a little feast that would make other men heavy and desirous of ~—Willa Cather) (earned one's night's ~—H.A. Overstreet) by relief from excitement, danger, or difficulty is retful change. ~ —Willa Cather > (earned one's night's ~ —H.A. Overstreet)
b:relief from excitement, danger, or difficulty: restful change
RELAXATION (where at last be could find warmth and the
brief, treacherous ~ of dissipation —J.T.Soby) 2 a: a place
or state of rest; esp: eternal or heavenly rest (to pray for the
~ of a soul) b: freedom from something that disturbs or
excites: CALM, PEACE, TRANQUILITY (the unfailing ~ of the
bayou —Christian Science Monitor) (induce a sense of ~ and
contentment —S.P.B.Mais) c: a harmony in the disposition
of parts and colors that is restful to the eye (his painting was of parts and colors that is restful to the eye (his painting was or parts and colors that is restud to the eye (ins painting was criticized as lacking ~) 3 a: OUISCENCE (the volcano was in ~) b: cessation or absence of activity, movement, or animaion (his face in ~ is grave and thoughtful —R.C.Doty) (~
again freezes the burning features of his face —C.L.Sulzberger) 4 : composure of manner : quiet dignity : EASINESS, POISE

Syn see REST re-pose-ful \foi\ adj: full of repose: QUIET, RESTFUL \foi graveled alley vaulted with fine straight green oaks, which seemed marvellously cool and \sigma —Edmund Wilson\ syn see

re-pose-ful-ly \-fale, -li\ adv : in a reposeful manner : REST

re-pose-ful-ness \-falmas\ n -Es : the quality or state of being

reposing room n: a room (as in a funeral home) used for the

viewing of the deceased by mourners
re-pos.it (ra'plizat, ra'p-) vt L repositus, past part, of reponere
to replace, put back, ir. re- + ponere to put, place — more at
POSITION] I: to lay away: DEPOSIT, STORE (Duried sedimentary) rocks which have entrapped the water in which the rocks were originally $\sim ed$ —Westralian Farmers Co-op Gazette) 2: 10 put back in place: REPLACE (he $\sim ed$ the stomach in the ab-

l'repo-si-tion \(\tilde{repositio}\), rep-\(\tau\) n [LL reposition-, repositio, repositio, ir. L repositio (past part. of reponere) + ion-, io ion] i. the act of repositing or the state of being reposited \(2\) Scot domen -John Kobler) restoration to a position, possession, or office : REINSTATE-

MENT

2re-po-si-tion \[\frac{1}{1} reps_{zishon} \] \[wt [re-+ position] \] \[to \change the position of \(\lambda \) malposition of the lower jaw \[... \] may be assumed and the jaw temporarily \[\sim ed \] — H. G. Armstrong \[\lambda \] advise the receiver pilot to \[\sim \] his \[crait \] — \[Ethyl \] News \[\]

1re-position \[\frac{1}{1} \] \[\frac{1} \] \[\frac{1}{1} \] \[\frac{1} \] \[\frac{1} \] \[\frac{1 stored: DEPOSITORY (the child's desk . . as a ~ for his music papers and other oddments — Marcia Davenport): as a : a building or room for the exhibition of a collection (as of works building or room for the exhibition of a collection (as of works of art): MUSEUM (a single museum serves not only as local for cultural monuments but also as a community center—Lincoln Kirstein) b: a burial vault 6: a place where something is kept or shown for sale: a warehouse, store, or showroom (now had an office and a clerk and they had a ~ . . . for their finished work—Ben Riker) d: a side altar or niche in a Roman Catholic church where the consecrated Host is deposited from Maundy Thursday until Good Friday—called also altar of repose 2: one that contains or stores something nommaterial: STOREHOUSE (although well written and attracalso altar of repose 2: one that contains or stores something nonmaterial: STOREHOUSE (although well written and attractively printed, is little more than a ~ of linguistic superstitions—R.A.Hall b.1911) (theoretically the mob is the ~ of all political wisdom and virtue—H.L.Mencken) 3: a place or region richly supplied with some natural resource (the ~ of fabulous oil resources—A.E. Stevenson b.1900) 4: a person to whom something is confided or entrusted (he had been an entranced ~ of many secrets—John Buchan)

norance is morally ~ Nicholas Samsals, and to welcome excitement — Carl Van Doren) (when a work of art excites — passions — Samuel Alexander) rep-re-hen-si-bly \-blc,-bli\ adv : in a reprehensible manner or degree (those laws ... were in his judgment ~ lenient — T.B. Macaulay) rep-re-hen-sion \(\lambda_{res}\)*henchan\(\lambda_{res}\) file Teprehension, fr. L reprehension-, reprehensio, fr. L reprehension-, reprehension, fr. L reprehension-, reprehension, fr. L reprehension \(\lambda_{res}\) file act of reprehending: REPROOF (if they are corrupt, they merit ... blame and ~ Edmund Burke) (lifted no voice in ~ of his corrupt deals — S.H. Adams) 2 archaic: an instance of of his corrupt deals -S.H.Adams) 2 archaic: an instance of reprehending (his writings contained . . . severe ~5 —Thomas

rep-re-hen-sive \\ ss\hen(t)siv, -sev also -sov\ adj [fr. repre-hension, after such pairs as E apprehension: apprehensive] \ serving to reprehend: conveying reprehension or reproof \(\sigma\) aspects and unfortunate results of unwarranted charges \(New \)

aspects and unfortunate results of unwarranted charges — New Republic) — rep.re.hen.sive.ty \.siviē, -li\ adv rep.re.hen.so.ry \.n(t)s(a)re\ adj [fr. reprehension, after such pairs as E commendation: commendatory] archate: REPREHENSIVE (no reason for making any ~ complaint — Samuel Johnson).

rep.re-sent \repra\zent, -pre\z-, in rapid speech often \repra\zent, -pre\z-\vb-ED/-ING/-s [ME represen-chiefly in substand speech -par\z-\vb-ED/-ING/-s [ME representen, ir. MF representer, ir. L representare, ir. re+ presentare to present — more at PRESENT | v: 1: to bring clearly before the mind: cause to be known, felt, or apprehended: present esp. by description 2: to serve as a sign or symbol of 3: to esp. by description 2. to serve as a said of the portray by pictorial, plastic, or musical art: DELINEATE, DEPICT 4 archaic: to make manifest: DISPLAY, EXHIBIT, SHOW 5: to exhibit by delineation, depiction, or portrayal — used esp. of a work of art 6: to present by means of something standing in the place of : serve as the counterpart or image of : TYPITY
7: to exhibit dramatically: a: to produce on the stage b: to act the part or role of : personate in acting or on the stage 8 a: to supply the place, perform the duties, exercise the rights, or receive the share of: take the place of in some respect fill the place of for some purpose: substitute in some capacity for: act the part of, in the place of, or for (as another person) usu, by legal right b: to serve (as in a legislative person) usu, by legal right **b**: to serve (as in a legislative body) by delegated or deputed authority usu, resulting from election (the state was ~ed in Congress by two Republicans) **9**: to describe as having a specified character or quality **10**: to set forth or place before someone (as by statement, account, or discourse): exhibit (a fact) to another mind in language; give one's own impressions and judgment of; state in the property of with the design of affecting action or indeputing the property of with the design of affecting action or indeputing the property of with advocacy or with the design of affecting action or judgment: point out by way of protest or remonstrance 11: to serve as a specimen, example, or instance of 12a; to form an image or representation of in the mind b (1); to apprehend (an object by means of an idea (2); to recall in memory (an object of previous experience) 13: to correspond to in kind vi : to make representations against something : present

SYN REPRESENT, DEPICT, PORTRAY, DELINEATE, PICTURE, and LIMN can mean to present an image or lifelike imitation of, as in art. REPRESENT implies a placing before the mind as if real or as if living, as by a picture, description, or piece of sculpture (the statue represented the great man as even more heroic than he was in fact) (the stage setting represents a hotel lobby) (seemed to think that music could represent seems of the lobby setting represents and literary or historical events—New Republic) DEPICT suggests specifically a graphic representation (depicted hillscountry scenes in woodcuts and etchings—Amer. Outde Series. country scenes in woodcuts and etcnings—Amer. Guide Series: Ark.) (miniature tapestries that depict quaint eighteenths century scenes—Horace Sutton) (action can tell a story, display all the most vivid relations between men, and depict every kind of human emotion, without the aid of a word—O.W. Holmes 11935) PORTRAY suggests specifically a detailed representation as of a character by means of a portrait (a picture with the presentation of a portrait (a picture). ture vividly portraying the passion of Joan of Arc) (in literature are portrayed all human passions, desires, and aspirations
—C.W.Eliot DELINEATE, suggesting a line drawing, stresses a
care for accuracy of detail and fullness of outline (his brush care for accuracy of detail and fullness of dufine (his orush did its work with a steady and sure stroke that indicated command of his materials. He could delineate whatever he elected with technical skill —Richard Jefferies) (various clinical studies which fairly well delineated the usefulness of this drug —R.R. Tompsett & Walsh McDermott) (those who perform on the screen have to delineate character and to display the emotions — P. W. Tell) PICTURE suggests perhaps more pictorial quality or definiteness of representation on the walls were pictured buffalo and reindeer) (the writer is a master of vivid illustrations from nature and history, of rhythmical period or terse antithesis, of emotional appeal and concrete picturing of facts — Encyc. Americana's (picture things as they were in the golden thirteenth century — G.G.Coulton) LIMN is chiefly a

son represented; specii . the sor when both the rights and oblig devolve upon the heir (as in Roman substitution of an individual or class a person (as when a child or child estate that would have fallen to a dec action of representing or the fact (legislative body (~ of territory ...)

—G.A. Graham) (raise the issue of man & Nation) (the ancient world k of ~ -Woodrow Wilson) (2) ; th represented in some other grouping such universities and colleges t West European culture - Amer. Cou letter> (~ of classic issues in the col or process by which the mind forms (2) : recurrent as opposed to s whole body of persons represent vacancies happen in the ~ of any! Constitution) (chosen head of the (small ~s from the Baltic states re-presentation \(',')re + pronunc present + -ation] : a presentation a representation (~ art) (~ powers) to, or supporting representationali rep-re-sen-ta-tion-al-ism \.ss())--s 1 also rep-re-sen-ta-tion-ism sophical doctrine asserting that the of knowledge is an idea in the min or independent object which is the holding sometimes that the idea is: copy of the external object and s modification of the consciousness nature of the independent object a limitations of the mind 2: REFRE ~ in his work -J.J.Sweeney) (~

film -Delmore Schwartz) rep-re-sen-ta-tion-al-ist \-shon" practices or advocates represen STRACTIONIST 2

rep-re-sen-ta-tion-ist \-sh(9)nis philosophical representationism irep-re-sent-a-tive \(\text{'repra'zents}\)
speech often \(\text{+} - \text{pa'z-, chiefly in }\)
[ME, fr. MF or ML; MF represent fr. L repraesentatus (past part, of tivus ivel 1: serving to recharacterized by representation 2 : standing for or in the place of or others : constituting the age delegated authority 3: of, ba form of government in which to persons chosen from among then ment) (~ democracy) (development) 4: serving as a characteristic class: conveying an idea of c
(a ~ modern play) (a ~ rom
the character of a mental rep RESENTATION le b : of or rela resentationalism (the ~ theory representative \"\ n -s 1 a: or class (as of persons or thin corresponds to, replaces, or is ex thing else : SAMPLE, SPECIMEN -R.E.Coker) (the student bo -Amer. Guide Series: N.C.) (logical ~s are found -Amer. typical embodiment of some qua (the most authoritative ~ . . 0 ship −V.L. Parrington) (of the chief living ~ −A.L. Kroeber) and the knowledge of the midd : a representative body or assi of the kingdom -Nathaniel B: another or others in a special governing body (the people through the votes of its ~s—
to which no ~ of an Arab Bull. (summoned ~ 1 an Arau ment) (2): a member of the shi ment) (2): a member of the EU.S. Congress (3): a membe in a state legislature b (1):

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