

Websters Collegiate Dictionary

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TENTH EDITION

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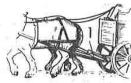
rapid moick puff or halation of

2: to emit

carry or convey by or as if by a whiff: BLOW b: to expel or puff out in whiff: EXHALE c: SMOKE 3 2: FAN 8 whiff-fet \'hwi-fot, 'wi-\ n [prob. alter. of whipper] (1839): a small, young, or unimportant person whif-fle \'hwi-fol, 'wi-\ vb whif-fled; whif-fling \-f(a-)lin\ [prob. freq. of whiff] vi (1568) 1 a of the wind: to blow unsteadily or in gusts b: VACILLATE 2: to emit or produce a light whistling or puffing sound \(\frac{v}{v}\)! to blow, disperse, emit, or expel with or as if with a whiff \(\frac{v}{v}\)! to blow, disperse, emit, or expel with or as if with a whiff \(\frac{v}{v}\)! to blow on that clears the way for a procession \(\frac{v}{v}\)! fielder \'hwi-fo-lor, 'wi-\ n [whiffle] (1607) 1: a person who frequently changes opinions or course 2: a person who uses shifts and evasions in argument

frequency changes opinions or cours and evasions in argument whif-fle-tree 'hwi-fol-(,)trē, 'wi-\ n [alter. of whippletree] (ca. 1806); the pivoted swinging bar to which the traces of a harness are fastened and which a vehicle or implement is which a vehicle or implement is

Whig \'hwig, 'wig\ n [short for Whig-



whig 'hwig, 'wig\ n [short for Whiggamore, member of a Scottish group that marched to Edinburgh in 1648 to oppose the court party] (ca. 1680) 1; a member of supporter of a major British political group of the late 17th through early 19th centuries seeking to limit the royal authority and increase parliamentary power—compare ToRY 2: an American favoring independence from Great Britain during the American Revolution 3: a member or supporter of an American political party formed about 1834 in opposition to the Jacksonian Democrats, associated chiefly with manufacturing, commercial, and financial interests, and succeeded about 1854 by the Republican party — Whig adj — Whig gism 'hwi-gi-zəm\n Whig-gery 'hwi-gə-zē, 'wi-\n (1714): the principles or practices of Whigs

Whig-gish \'hwi-gish, 'wi-\ adj (1684) 1: characteristic of Whigs or Whiggery 2: of, relating to, or characterized by a view which holds that history follows a path of inevitable progression and improvement

and which judges the past in light of the present whig-ma-lee-rie hwig-ma-lir-e, wig-h n [origin unknown] (1730) 1 chiefly Scot: whim 2 chiefly Scot: an odd or fanciful contrivance

igimerack (wide) (wide) (n [ME, fr. OE hwil; akin to OHG hwila time, Laules rest, quief] (bef. 12c) 1: a period of time esp. when short and marked by the occurrence of an action or a condition: TIME (stay here for a ~ 2: the time and effort used (as in the performance of an

marked by the occurrence of an action of a condition: IMBL Stay here for a ~> 2: the time and effort used (as in the performance of an action): TROUBLE (worth your ~)

while conj (12c) 1 a: during the time that (take a nap ~ I'm out) b: as long as (~ there's life there's hope) 2 a: when on the other hand: WHEREAS (easy for an expert, ~ it is dangerous for a novice) b: in spite of the fact that: ALTHOUGH (~ respected, he is not liked) 3: similarly and at the same time that (~ the book will be welcomed by scholars, it will make an immediate appeal to the general reader — Brit. Book News)

while new [15c] dial Brit: INTIL

Book News)
while prep (15c) dial Brit: UNTIL
while y w whiled; whil-ing (1635): to cause to pass esp. without boredom or in a pleasant manner — usu used with away (~ away the time)
whiles \hat\text{hivi(a)|z, \wi(a)|z\rangle conj [ME, fr. while + -s, adv. suffix — more
at \text{ WHENCE] (13c) archaic: WHILE
whiles adv (15c) chiefly Scot: SOMETIMES
whiles adv (15c) chiefly Scot: SOMETIMES
whilom \hat\text{hwile}, \wine \hat\text{hi} \text{-while}, \winetimes \text{ imes, fr. OE hwilum, dat.}
pl. of hwil time, \while] (13c) archaic: FORMERLY
whilom adj (1837): FORMER
whilst \hat\text{hwif(a)|st\rangle conj [ME whilest, alter. of whiles] (14c)
chiefly Brit: \text{-while}
whim \hat\text{-hwim, \wine\n [short for whim-wham] (1697)} 1: a capricious
or eccentric and often sudden idea or turn of the mind: FANCY 2: a
large capstan that is made with one or more radiating arms to which a
horse may be yoked and that is used in mines for raising ore or water
syn see CAPRICE

syn sec CAPRICE

whim-brel \hwim-brel, 'wim-\ n [origin unknown] (ca. 1531): a small curlew (Numenius phaeopus) chiefly of the northern regions of No. America and Eurasia; broadly: any small curlew \whim-per \hwim-por, 'wim-\ vi whim-pered; whim-per-ing \hypology-p(a-)rin\ [imit.] (1513) 1: to make a low whining plaintive or broken sound 2: to complain or protest with or as if with a whimper \hat{whimper n (ca. 1700) 1: a whimpering cry or sound 2: a petulant complaint or protest

'whimper n (ca. 1700) 1: a whimpering cry or sound 2: a petulant complaint or protest
whim-si-cal \'hwim-zi-kəl, 'wim-\ adj [whimsy] (1653) 1: full of, actuated by, or exhibiting whims 2 a: resulting from or characterized by whim or caprice; esp. iightly fanciful b: subject to erratic behavior or unpredictable change — whim-si-cal-i-ty \,hwim-za-'ka-la-tē, wim-\ n — whim-si-cal-i-by \'hwim-zi-k(a-lie, 'wim-\ adv — whim-si-cal-ness \-ka-l-nes \-n whim-si-cal-i-tg, 'wim-\ adv — whim-si-cal-ness \-ka-l-nes \-n whim-si-cal-ness \-ka-l-nes \-n \ whim-si-cal-ness \-n \ whim-s

in writing or art

whim—wham \'hwim-hwam, 'wim-,wam\ n [origin unknown] (1500)

1: a whimsical object or device esp. of ornament or dress 2: FANCY.

1: a whimsical object or device esp. of ornament or dress 2: PANCI, WHM 3 pl: JITTERS whin \(^1\) n [ME whynne, of Scand origin; akin to Norw kvein bent grass] (15c): GORSE whin-chat \(^1\)min-chat, \(^1\)min-\(^1\) n [whin] (1678): a small brown and buff European singing bird (Saxicola rubetra) of grassy meadows whine \(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)min\(^1\)

whine n (1633) 1 a: a prolonged high-pitched cry usu. expressive of distress or pain b: a sound resembling such a cry 2: a complaint uttered with or as if with a whine — whiny or whin-ey \'hwi-nē, 'wi-\

whing-ding \'win-din, 'hwin-\ n [by alter.] (ca. 1945): WINGDING whinge \'hwinj, 'winj\ vi whinged; whing-ing or whinge-ing [fr. (assumed) ME, fr. OE hwinsian; akin to OHG winson to moan] (12c)

Brit: to complain fretfully: whine

whin-ny \'hwi-ne, 'wi-\ vb whin-nied; whin-ny-ing [prob. imit.] vi
(1530): to neigh esp. in a low or gentle way ~ vt: to utter with or as

(1530): to neigh esp. in a low or gentle way ~ w: to utter with or as if with a whinny 2whinny n, pl whinnies (ca. 1823) 1: the neigh of a horse esp. when low or gentle 2: a sound resembling a neigh whin-stone ('hwin-stōne, 'win-\ n [whin, a hard rock] (1513): basaltic rock: TRAP, also: any of various other dark resistant rocks (as chert) whip \'hwip, 'wip\ w whipped; whip-ping [ME wippen, whippen; akin to MD wippen to move up and down, sway, OE wipian to wipe] wt (14c) 1: to take, pull, snatch, jerk, or otherwise move very quickly and forcefully ⟨whipped out his gun —Green Peyton⟩ 2 a (1): to strike with a slender lithe implement (as a lash or rod) esp. as a punishment (2): spaNk b: to drive or urge on by or as if by using a whip and forcefully (whipped out his gun — Green Peyton) 2 a (1): to strike with a slender lithe implement (as a lash or rod) esp. as a punishment (2): spank b: to drive or urge on by or as if by using a whip c: to strike as a lash does (rain whipped the pavement) 3 a: to bind or wrap (as a rope or fishing rod) with cord for protection and strength b: to wind or wrap around something 4: to belabor with stinging words: ABUSE 5: to seam or hem with shallow overcasting stitches 6: to overcome decisively: DEFEAT 7: to stir up: INCITE—usu. used with up (trying to ~ up a new emotion — Ellen Glasgow) 8: to produce in a hurry — usu. used with up (a sketch... an artist might ~ up — N. Y. Times) 9: to fish (water) with rod, line, and artificial lure 10: to beat (as eggs or cream) into a froth with a utensil (as a whisk or fork) 11: to gather together or hold together for united action in the manner of a party whip ~ vi 1: to proceed nimbly or quickly (whipping through the supper dishes — C. B. Davis) 2: to thrash about flexibly in the manner of a whiplash (a flag... whipping out from its staff — H. A. Calahah) — whip per n — whip into shape: to bring forcefully to a desired state or condition.

*whip n (14c) 1: an instrument consisting usu. of a handle and lash forming a flexible rod that is used for whipping 2: a stroke or cut with or as if with a whip 3 a: a dessert made by whipping a portion of the ingredients (prune ~) b: a kitchen utensil made of braided or coiled wire or perforated metal with a handle and used in whipping 4: one that handles a whip: as a: a driver of horses: COACHMAN b: WHIPPER-IN 1 5 a: a member of a legislative body appointed by a political party to enforce party discipline and to secure the attendance for not we members at important esseions. In other can: a notice of forther contents and the secure the attendance for not we members at important esseions.

is whipper. In 1.5 a; a memoer of a legislative body appointed by a political party to enforce party discipline and to secure the attendance of party members at important sessions | b often cap: a notice of forthcoming business sent weekly to each member of a political party in the British House of Commons 6: a whipping or thrashing motion 7: the quality of resembling a whip esp. in being flexible 8: a flexible

the quality of resembling a while sept in being flexible at a field vertical roof radio antenna — whip-like \hwip-līk, 'wip-\ adj whip-cord \hwip-kord, 'wip-\ n [fr. its use in making whips] (14c) 1: a thin tough cord made of braided or twisted hemp or catgut 2: a cloth that is made of hard-twisted yarns and has fine diagonal cords or

whip hand n (1680) 1: positive control: ADVANTAGE 2: the hand

whip in v (1742) 1: to collect or keep together (members of a political party) for legislative action 2: to keep (hounds in a pack) from

whip in v(1/42) 1: to collect or keep together (members of a political party) for legislative action 2: to keep (hounds in a pack) from scattering by use of a whip whip-lash \hwip-\land n (ca. 1580) 1: the lash of a whip 2: something resembling a blow from a whip (the ~ of fear —R. S. Banay) 3: whiplash injury n (ca. 1953): injury resulting from a sudden sharp whippash injury n (ca. 1953): injury resulting from a sudden sharp whipping movement of the neck and head (as of a person in a vehicle that is struck head-on or from the rear by another vehicle) whip-per-in \hwi-ppr-in, wi-\ n injury n whip-pers-in \-pprz-\ (1739) 1: a huntsman's assistant who whips in the hounds 2: whip 5a whip-per-snap-per \hwi-par-snap-pr, \wi-\ n [alter. of snippersnapper] (1700): a diminutive, insignificant, or presumptuous person whip-pet \hwi-pat, \wi-\ n [prob. fr. \whip] (1610): any of a breed of small swift slender dogs that are widely used for racing whipping n (1540) 1: the act of one that whips: as a: a severe beating or chastisement b: a stitching with small overcasting stitches 2: material used to whip or bind whipping boy n (1647) 1: a boy formerly educated with a prince and punished in his stead 2: SCAPEGOAT 2 whipping cream n (1921): a cream suitable for whipping that by law contains not less than 30 percent butterfat whipping post n (1600): a post to which offenders are tied to be legally whipped

name whip-py \hwi-pē, 'wi-\ adj whip-pi-er; -est (1867) 1: unusually resilient: SPRINGY \(\)a \sigma \text{fishing rod} \(2 \); \(\)of, relating to, or resembling a whip-round \hwip-raund, \hwip-\ n \)(1887) \(\)chieffy \(Brit : a \) collection of money made usu, for a benevolent purpose \(\)had a \(\) to hell the couple R

whippoorwill

purpose (had a ~ to help the couple pay for a Paris honeymoon — The People)

\a\ abut \a\ kitten, F table \ar\ further \a\ ash \a\ ace \a\ mop, mar \au\ out \ch\ chin \e\ bet \e\ easy \g\ go \i\ hit \i\ ice \j\ job \n\sing \o\ go \o\ law \oi\ boy \th\ thin \the \u\ loot \u\ foot

