

## DICTIONARY

## COMPUTER TERMS

SIXTH EDITION

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Webster's New World<sup>TM</sup>

Dictionary of Computer Terms, 6th Edition

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## 438 read-only memory (ROM)

functions unless given startup instructions. These instructions are stored in ROM. A growing trend is toward including substantial portions of the operating system on ROM chips instead of on disk. See EPROM and programmable read-only memory (PROM).

read/write The capability of a primary or secondary storage device to record data (write) and to play back data previously recorded or saved (read).

read/write file In MS-DOS, Microsoft Windows 95, and Operating System/2 (OS/2), a file whose read-only file attribute is set so the file can be deleted and modified. See locked file.

read/write head In a hard disk or floppy disk, the magnetic recording and playback device that travels back and forth across the surface of the disk, storing and retrieving data.

read/write memory See random-access memory (RAM),

Real Audio A streaming audio technology developed by Real Audio, Inc., which enables Internet users to begin hearing an audio file moments after they start downloading the file. Quality is that of an AM radio broadcast, which is sufficient for voice broadcasts.

real mode In *Intel* microprocessors, an operating mode in which memory locations are directly mapped by a limited set of registers, producing a total maximum memory size of 1M (and, in practice, 640K, due to the allocation of some of the memory for the use of peripheral devices). Processors prior to the 80286 could work only in the real mode; the 80286 and higher processors can be switched into the *protected mode*, which enables them to address much larger amounts of memory and to support the reliable execution of two or more programs simultaneously (see *multitasking*).

real time The immediate processing of *input*, such as a point-information of a measurement performed by an *analog* laboratory device. The computers used in your car are real-time systems.

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