|  | 2012 | 2013 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| IV |  |  |  |  |  |
| Herceptin® | \$481,929,627 | \$486,715,580 | \$483,299,055 | \$486,184,532 | \$494,688,423 |
| Kadcyla® |  | \$14,328,948 | \$63,999,957 | \$78,256,141 | \$82,852,340 |
| Perjeta ${ }^{(1)}$ | \$34,208,377 | \$43,543,924 | \$49,544,835 | \$52,681,394 | \$88,655,837 |
| Non-IV |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tykerb® | \$31,138,049 | \$29,985,339 | \$26,126,981 | \$24,222,882 | \$22,848,420 |
| Total | \$547,276,053 | \$574,573,791 | \$622,970,828 | \$641,344,949 | \$689,045,020 |
| IV |  |  |  |  |  |
| Herceptin® | 88.1\% | 84.7\% | 77.6\% | 75.8\% | 71.8\% |
| Kadcyla ${ }^{\circledR}$ |  | 2.5\% | 10.3\% | 12.2\% | 12.0\% |
| Perjeta ${ }^{\circledR}$ | 6.3\% | 7.6\% | 8.0\% | 8.2\% | 12.9\% |
| Non-IV |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tykerb® | 5.7\% | 5.2\% | 4.2\% | 3.8\% | 3.3\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

## Notes \& Sources:

Kadcyla® is indicated as a single agent for the treatment of people with HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer wh chemotherapy. See, e.g., Exhibit 2317. In contrast:
Xeloda® can be used to treat colon, rectal, and other cancers. See, e.g., Exhibit 2246.
Perjeta ${ }^{\circledR}$ received FDA approval for neoadjuvant breast cancer therapy. See, e.g., Exhibit 2211.
Tykerb ${ }^{\circledR}$ is used to treat breast cancer, but is prescribed with a second medicine (Xeloda® or Femara®). See, e.g
(These assertions and sources can be found in the report.)
Includes brand values.
Herceptin® includes brand HERCEPTIN 10/1998 GTC, identified in field 'Product.'
Kadcyla ${ }^{\circledR}$ includes brand KADCYLA $02 / 2013$ GTC, identified in field 'Product.'
Perjeta® includes brand PERJETA 06/2012 GTC, identified in field 'Product.'
Tykerb® includes brand TYKERB 03/2007 GSK, identified in field 'Product.'
Values reflect field 'Sales \$'.
Percentage calculated as percent of quarterly total.
Products identified from Exhibit 2103 and Exhibit 2224.
Data from IMS Health.

